GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2025

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H.B. 521 Mar 26, 2025 HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE BILL DRH40306-LR-147C

Short Title:	Healthy Families & Workplaces/Paid Sick Leave.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representative T. Brown.	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT PROVIDING FOR HEALTHY FAMILIES AND HEALTHY WORKPLACES BY
3	ENSURING THAT ALL WORKERS HAVE EARNED PAID SICK DAYS TO ADDRESS
4	THEIR OWN HEALTH NEEDS AND THE HEALTH NEEDS OF THEIR FAMILIES.
5	Whereas, nearly every worker in North Carolina is likely to need, during any given
6	year, time off to attend to his or her own illness or that of an immediate family member or for
7	routine medical care; and
8	Whereas, paid sick days have been shown to slow the spread of COVID-19, saving
9	lives and reducing the strain on North Carolina's medical system; and
10	Whereas, paid sick days are a first line of defense in any contagious disease outbreak;
11	and
12	Whereas, many high-contact industries where contagious illnesses are most likely to
13	spread are also those with the lowest paid sick days access rates in North Carolina, including the
14	child care, home- and facility-based senior care, and food and drink sectors; and
15	Whereas, North Carolinians working in low-wage industries are both least likely to
16	have access to paid sick days and least able to afford to take time off for illness without pay; and
17	Whereas, working North Carolinians who are Black and Latino are less likely to have
18	access to employer-provided paid sick days; and
19	Whereas, the lack of paid sick days contributes to workforce attrition and detachment
20	for women; and
21 22	Whereas, when parents are available to care for their children who become sick, the
22 23	children's recovery is faster, more serious illnesses are prevented, and the children's overall health
23 24	is improved; and Whereas, parents who cannot afford to miss work must send children with a
24 25	contagious illness to child care or school, contributing to the high rate of infections in child care
23 26	centers and schools; and
20 27	Whereas, over 62,967 North Carolinians reported physical abuse or sexual assault
28	between July 2017 and June 2018, and there were 1,036 domestic violence-related homicides in
29	North Carolina between 2004 and 2018; and
30	Whereas, victims of domestic violence and sexual assault need time off to care for
31	their health or to seek solutions, such as a restraining order or housing, to avoid or prevent abuse,
32	and are forced to lose days of paid employment; and
33	Whereas, 38% or over 1.6 million private-sector workers in North Carolina are not
34	, 1
	entitled to any earned paid sick days to care for their own health needs or the health needs of



General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2025 Whereas, low-income workers are significantly less likely to have earned paid sick 1 2 days, with 60% of those earning less than \$20,000 per year lacking access to earned paid sick 3 days; Now, therefore, 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 SECTION 1. Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article 6 to read: 7 "Article 3A. 8 "Healthy Families and Healthy Workplaces Act. 9 "§ 95-31.1. Short title and legislative purpose. This Article shall be known and may be cited as the "Healthy Families and Healthy 10 (a) Workplaces Act." 11 12 (b) The public policy of this State is declared as follows: The health and safety needs of employees and their families and the protection of employees from losing their jobs and pay 13 14 while they seek medical care for themselves, and their family members, are subjects of concern requiring legislation to promote the general welfare of the people of the State without 15 jeopardizing the competitive position of North Carolina business and industry. The General 16 Assembly declares that the general welfare of the State requires the enactment of this law under 17 the police power of the State. 18 19 "§ 95-31.2. Definitions. The following definitions apply in this Article: 20 21 Child. – A biological, adopted, or foster child, stepchild, legal ward, or child (1)of a parent standing in loco parentis. 22 23 Domestic violence. – As defined in G.S. 50B-1. (2) 24 (3) Employ. - As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(3). 25 Employee. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(4). (4) 26 (5) Employer. – As defined by G.S. 95-25.2(5). 27 Health care provider. – Any of the following: (6)28 A doctor of medicine or osteopathy licensed to practice medicine <u>a.</u> 29 under federal law, any state law, or the laws of another country 30 wherein the person practices. A physician assistant licensed in this State licensed to practice under 31 <u>b.</u> 32 federal law, any state law, or the laws of another country wherein the 33 person practices. 34 A family nurse practitioner or certified nurse midwife licensed to <u>c.</u> 35 practice under federal law, any state law, or the laws of another 36 country wherein the person practices. Immediate family member. – A child, grandchild, sibling, spouse, domestic 37 (7)partner, civil union partner, parent, or grandparent of an employee, or a 38 39 spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner of a parent or grandparent of 40 the employee, or a sibling of a spouse, domestic partner, or civil union partner of the employee, or any other individual related by blood to the employee or 41 42 whose close association with the employee is the equivalent of a family 43 relationship. Paid sick time or paid sick days. – Time that is (i) compensated at the same 44 (8) hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care benefits, as the 45 46 employee normally earns during hours worked and (ii) provided by an employer to an employee for the purposes described in G.S. 95-31.4(b). 47 Parent. – A biological, foster, step, or adoptive parent of an employee or an 48 (9) 49 employee's spouse, or other person who stood in loco parentis during the 50 childhood of an employee or employee's spouse. Sexual assault. - As defined in Chapter 14 of the General Statutes. 51 (10)

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1	(11)	Small business. – An employer who employs 10 or few	ver employees during				
2	<u></u>	20 or more calendar workweeks in the current or preced					
3	(12)	Stalking. – As defined in Chapter 14 of the General Sta					
4	"§ 95-31.3. Exe	•					
5		provisions of this Article do not apply to any bona fi	de volunteers in any				
6		ere an employer-employee relationship does not exist.	<u> </u>				
7	-	provisions of this Article do not apply to any person exer	npted from the Wage				
8	and Hour Act un	nder G.S. 95-25.14(a)(2) through (8), 95-25.14(b), 95-25	5.14(b1), 95-25.14(c),				
9		except that domestic workers are exempted only if they					
10		place of residence of their employer.					
11		rual of paid sick time.					
12	· · · ·	pt as provided by G.S. 95-31.3, any employee who works					
13		rom work for the reasons set forth in G.S. 95-31.5(a) sh	all be entitled to paid				
14	sick time.						
15		sick time as provided in this section shall begin to accrue a					
16		Paid sick time shall accrue at the rate of one hour of pa	•				
17		k time may be used as accrued or be loaned by the emplo					
18	· · ·	advance of accrual. Unless the employer and employer					
19		eriods of paid sick time that are less than a normal work	-				
20		burly basis or the smallest increment that the employer's p	bayroll system uses to				
21		nces or use of leave.	1				
22		mployees of small businesses, there shall be a limit of 32	• • • •				
23 24		endar year. For employees of other employers, there shall sick time in a calendar year. Accrued paid sick time for en					
24 25		r but is limited to the aforementioned limits.	inployees carries over				
23 26		there is separation from employment and the employee	is rehired within 90				
20 27		on by the same employer, previously accrued paid sick ti					
28	· ·	istated. The employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid					
20 29		me at the recommencement of employment.	i stok time und deerde				
30		of paid sick time.					
31		sick time shall be provided to an employee by an emp	ployer for any of the				
32	following reason		· · · · · ·				
33	(1)	To care for the employee's immediate family member w	ho is suffering from a				
34		physical or mental illness, injury, or medical condition					
35		professional medical diagnosis or care, preventive med	ical care, or a routine				
36		medical appointment.					
37	<u>(2)</u>	To care for the employee's own physical or mental illne	ess, injury, or medical				
38		condition that requires care, professional medical diagno	sis or care, preventive				
39		medical care, or a routine medical appointment.					
40	<u>(3)</u>	Absence necessary due to circumstances resulting from					
41		family member of the employee, being a victim of sta	-				
42		sexual violence, if the leave is to allow the employ					
43		employee or the family member (i) medical attention no					
44		physical or psychological injury or disability caused by	-				
45		or sexual violence, (ii) services from a designated dom					
46 47		or other victim services organization, (iii) psychologica					
47 48		(iv) relocation, or (v) legal services, including obtaining	-				
48 49		preparing for, or participating in, any civil or criminal leg	gai proceeding related				
49 50	(b) An e	to the stalking or domestic or sexual violence. mployer may require certification of the qualifying i	llness injury health				
50 51		ence when a paid sick time period covers more than three c					
51		ence when a paid sick time period covers more than time c	onsecutive workuays.				

General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2025 Any reasonable documentation signed by a health care provider involved in following or treating 1 2 the illness, injury, or health condition and indicating the need for the number of sick days taken shall be deemed acceptable certification. Acceptable certification of domestic violence, sexual 3 4 assault, or stalking may include (i) law enforcement, court, or federal agency records or files, (ii) 5 documentation from a domestic violence or sexual assault program, or (iii) documentation from 6 a religious, medical, or other professional from whom assistance was sought in dealing with the 7 alleged domestic violence, sexual offense, or stalking. 8 The employer shall not require certification from a health care provider (1) 9 employed by the employer. The employer shall not delay the commencement 10 of time taken for purposes of subsection (a) of this section or pay for this 11 period on the basis that the employer has not yet received the certification. 12 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require an employee to provide as certification any information from a health care provider that would be in 13 14 violation of section 1177 of the Social Security Act or the regulations promulgated pursuant to section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and 15 Accountability Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d-2. 16 17 An employer may not require disclosure of details relating to domestic (2)18 violence, sexual assault, or stalking or the details of an employee's medical 19 condition as a condition of providing paid sick time under this Article. If an 20 employer possesses health information or information pertaining to domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking about an employee or employee's 21 22 immediate family member, such information shall be treated as confidential 23 and not disclosed except to the affected employee or with the permission of 24 the affected employee. 25 When the use of paid sick time is foreseeable, the employee shall make a good-faith (c) 26 effort to provide notice of the need for such time to the employer in advance of the use of the 27 sick time and shall make a reasonable effort to schedule the use of paid sick time in a manner 28 that does not unduly disrupt the operations of the employer. 29 An employer may not require, as a condition of providing paid sick time under this (d) 30 act, that the employee search for or find a replacement worker to cover the hours during which 31 the employee is on paid sick time. 32 An employer's absence control policy shall not count paid sick time taken under this (e) 33 Article as an absence that may lead to or result in a retaliatory personnel action or any other 34 adverse action. 35 Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring financial or other (f)36 reimbursement to an employee from an employer upon the employee's termination, resignation, 37 retirement, or other separation from employment for accrued paid sick days that have not been 38 used. 39 Nothing in this section shall be construed to discourage employers from adopting or (g) 40 retaining paid sick time policies more generous than policies that comply with the requirements 41 of this section, and nothing in this section shall be construed to diminish the obligation of an 42 employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, or any employment 43 benefit program or plan that provides greater paid sick time leave rights to employees than the 44 rights established under this section. 45 This act provides minimum requirements pertaining to paid sick time and shall not be (h) 46 construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, 47 requirement, policy, agreement, or standard that provides for greater accrual or use by employees 48 of sick time, whether paid or unpaid, or that extends other protections to employees. 49 Employers who have a paid time-off leave policy shall not be required to modify that (i) 50 policy, if that policy offers an employee the option, at the employee's discretion, to take paid sick

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1 2	time that is at least equivalent to the amounts and for the same purposes and under the same conditions as provided under this section.
3	"§ 95-31.6. Notification, posting, and records.
4	Employers shall give notice (i) that employees are entitled to paid sick time, (ii) of the amount
5	of paid sick time and the terms of its use guaranteed under this section, (iii) that retaliation against
6	employees who request or use paid sick time is prohibited, and (iv) that each employee has the
7	right to file a complaint with the Commissioner of Labor or in the General Court of Justice if
8	paid sick time as required by this Article is denied by the employer or the employee is retaliated
9	against for requesting or taking paid sick time. Employers may comply with this section by
10	supplying each of their employees with a notice in English and in Spanish that contains the
11	information required by this section or by displaying a poster in a conspicuous and accessible
12	place in each establishment where the employees are employed that contains in English and in
13	Spanish all information required by this section.
14	"§ 95-31.7. Enforcement.
15	(a) The Commissioner shall enforce and administer the provisions of this Article, and the
16	Commissioner or his or her authorized representative is empowered to hold hearings and to
17	institute civil proceedings hereunder.
18	(b) The Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized representative shall have power
19	to administer oaths and examine witnesses, issue subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses
20	and the production of papers, books, accounts, records, payrolls, and documents, and take
21	depositions and affidavits in any proceeding hereunder.
22	(c) Any employer who violates the provisions of this Article shall be liable to the
23	employee or employees affected in the amount of their unpaid sick time as the case may be, plus
24	interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1 from the date each amount first came due.
25	(d) In addition to the amounts awarded pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the court
26	shall award liquidated damages in an amount equal to the amount found to be due as provided in
27	subsection (c) of this section, provided that if the employer shows to the satisfaction of the court
28 29	that the act or omission constituting the violation was in good faith and that the employer had reasonable grounds for believing that the act or omission was not a violation of this Article, the
29 30	court may, in its discretion, award no liquidated damages or may award any amount of liquidated
31	damages not exceeding the amount found due as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
32	(e) Action to recover such liability may be maintained in the General Court of Justice by
33	any one or more employees.
34	(f) The court, in any action brought under this Article, may, in addition to any judgment
35	awarded to the plaintiff, order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys' fees to be
36	paid by the defendant. The court may order costs and fees of the action and reasonable attorneys'
37	fees to be paid by the plaintiff if the court determines that the action was frivolous.
38	(g) The Commissioner may determine and supervise the payment of the amounts due
39	under this section, including interest at the legal rate set forth in G.S. 24-1 from the date each
40	amount first came due, and the agreement to accept such amounts by the employee shall
41	constitute a waiver of the employee's right to bring an action under subsection (e) of this section.
42	(h) Actions under this Article must be brought within two years pursuant to G.S. 1-53.
43	(i) The rights and remedies created by this Article are supplementary to all existing
44	common-law and statutory rights and remedies.
45	" <u>§ 95-31.8. Rules.</u>
46	The Commissioner of Labor shall adopt rules to implement this Article.
47	" <u>§ 95-31.9. Severability.</u>
48	The provisions of this Article shall be severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or
49 50	provision is declared to be invalid or is preempted by federal law or regulation, the validity of the remainder of this Article shall not be affected thereby."
50 51	SECTION 2. G.S. 95-241(a) reads as rewritten:
51	DECTION 4. $0.5.75$ $2 \pm 1(a)$ reads as rewritten.

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"(a) I	No pe	erson shall discriminate or take any retaliatory action again	nst an employee
because the	empl	oyee in good faith does or threatens to do any of the following	5:
((1)	File a claim or complaint, initiate any inquiry, investiga	tion, inspection,
		proceeding or other action, or testify or provide information	on to any person
		with respect to any of the following:	
		a. Chapter 97 of the General Statutes.	
		b. <u>Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16 of the</u>	is Chapter.
		c. Article 2A of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes.	
		d. G.S. 95-28.1.	
		e. Article 16 of Chapter 127A of the General Statutes.	
		f. G.S. 95-28.1A.	
		g. Article 52 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.	
		h. Article 5F of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.	
((2)	Cause any of the activities listed in subdivision (1) of this	subsection to be
		initiated on an employee's behalf.	
((3)	Exercise any right on behalf of the employee or any other er	
		by Article 2A Article 2A, Article 3A, or Article 16 of this Cl	
		2A of Chapter 74 of the General Statutes, or by Article 52 of	of Chapter 143 of
		the General Statutes.	
((4)	Comply with the provisions of Article 27 of Chapter 7B	s of the General
		Statutes.	
((5)	Exercise rights under Chapter 50B. Actions brought under	
		shall be in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 50B-5.5."	
		TON 3. This act becomes effective January 1, 2026, and	
		nent on or after that date. With respect to employees cov	•
	-	ning agreement in effect on January 1, 2026, this act shall no	
		date in the collective bargaining agreement; however, this act	
		nent's renewal, extension, amendment, or modification in a	any respect after
January 1, 2	2026.		