

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2025

S

D

SENATE BILL 730
Second Edition Engrossed 5/7/25
House Committee Substitute Favorable 5/21/26
PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE S730-PCS35464-RI-40

Short Title: Ratepayer Protection Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 26, 2025

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO ESTABLISH REQUIREMENTS FOR SITING AND OPERATION OF DATA
3 CENTERS AND TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO STATE ENERGY AND
4 UTILITIES POLICY.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6
7 **PART I. REQUIREMENTS FOR DATA CENTERS**

8
9 **REQUIREMENTS FOR LOCAL DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL PROCESS**

10 **SECTION 1.(a)** Article 9 of Chapter 160D of the General Statutes is amended by
11 adding a new section to read:

12 **"§ 160D-974. Site assessment required for data centers; other requirements.**

13 (a) Prior to any approval of a rezoning application, special exception, conditional or
14 special use permit, or building permit for the siting of a new data center, a local government shall
15 require that an applicant:

- 16 (1) Perform and submit a site assessment to examine the sound profile of the data
17 center on residential units and schools located within 500 feet of the data
18 center property boundary. A locality may also require that a site assessment
19 examine the effect of the proposed facility on the community with regard to
20 (i) ground and surface water resources, (ii) air quality, (iii) thermal plumes,
21 (iv) agricultural resources, (v) parks, (vi) registered historic sites, and (vii)
22 forestland on the data center site or immediately contiguous land.
23 (2) Submit an attestation that the data center will employ a closed-loop water or
24 a liquid cooling system that will result in minimization of water consumption
25 for cooling systems to the maximum extent possible, in compliance with
26 G.S. 143-355.5A.

27 (b) The site assessment submitted to a local government pursuant to subdivision (1) of
28 subsection (a) of this section shall be used by the local government to assess consistency with
29 the policies of the local government's comprehensive plan, if any, and compliance with the local
30 government's adopted noise ordinances, zoning ordinance provisions, and other applicable laws
31 and regulations, if any.

32 (c) This section shall not apply to a site with an existing legislative, quasi-judicial, or
33 administrative approval where an applicant is seeking an expansion or modification of an already



* S 7 3 0 - P C S 3 5 4 6 4 - R I - 4 0 *

1 existing or approved facility and such expansion does not exceed an additional monthly electrical
2 demand of 100 megawatts or more.

3 (d) For purposes of this section, the term "data center" means a facility, campus of
4 facilities, or array of interconnected facilities used by an entity or other business enterprise for
5 the primary purpose of storing, retrieving, managing, and processing digital data, which has a
6 peak monthly electricity demand of 100 megawatts or greater.

7 (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit, limit, or otherwise supersede
8 existing local zoning authority."

9 **SECTION 1.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
10 applications for rezoning, special exceptions, conditional or special use permits, or building
11 permits submitted on or after that date.

12 **CLOSED-LOOP WATER OR LIQUID COOLING SYSTEMS FOR DATA CENTERS**

13 **SECTION 2.(a)** Article 38 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by
14 adding a new section to read:

15 **"§ 143-355.5A. Closed-loop water system required for data centers.**

16 (a) A data center shall employ a closed-loop water or liquid cooling system that will
17 result in minimization of water consumption for cooling systems to the maximum extent possible.

18 (b) A data center may not employ evaporative or open-loop cooling systems.

19 (c) In accordance with G.S. 160D-974, the owner of a proposed data center must submit
20 a certification that the facility will employ a closed-loop or liquid cooling system resulting in a
21 minimization of water consumption for cooling systems to the maximum extent possible, at the
22 time it applies for approval of a rezoning application, special exception, or special use permit for
23 the siting of the data center. In addition, the data center shall annually file a certification to include
24 third-party verification that the closed-loop cooling system remains operational, with
25 documentation of any water losses, chemical treatment processes, and fluid replacement
26 volumes.

27 (d) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

28 (1) Closed-loop water or liquid cooling system. – A sealed cooling process in
29 which the same water or coolant circulates continuously with de minimis
30 withdrawal from or discharge into municipal systems, groundwater sources,
31 or surface waters.

32 (2) Data center. – A facility, campus of facilities, or array of interconnected
33 facilities used by an entity or other business enterprise for the primary purpose
34 of storing, retrieving, managing, and processing digital data, which has a peak
35 monthly electricity demand of 100 megawatts or greater."
36

37 **SECTION 2.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to data
38 centers for which no local development approvals or State permits, certifications, or
39 authorizations have been issued for siting of the data center on or before that date.

40 **PROHIBIT CERTAIN FOREIGN OWNERSHIP OF DATA CENTERS AND LAND** 41 **UPON WHICH DATA CENTERS ARE SITED**

42 **SECTION 3.(a)** Chapter 64 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
43 Article to read:

44 "Article 5.

45 "Prohibit Adversarial Foreign Government Ownership of Data Centers and Land on which Data
46 Centers are Located.

47 **"§ 64-64. Definitions.**

48 As used in this Article, the following definitions apply:

49 (1) Adversarial nation. – One of the following:

50 a. China.
51

- 1 b. Iran.
2 c. North Korea.
3 d. Russia.
4 (2) Data center. – A facility, campus of facilities, or array of interconnected
5 facilities used by an entity or other business enterprise for the primary purpose
6 of storing, retrieving, managing, and processing digital data, which has a peak
7 monthly electricity demand of 100 megawatts or greater.
8 (3) De minimis direct interest. – Any ownership of land or a data center resulting
9 from ownership of registered equities in a publicly traded company owning
10 the land or data center and if the ownership interest in the company is either
11 of the following:
12 a. Less than five percent (5%) of any class of registered equities.
13 Ownership of registered equities is determined by processes
14 established under federal law.
15 b. Less than five percent (5%) interest in an entity controlled by a
16 company that is both registered with the United States Securities and
17 Exchange Commission as an investment adviser under the Investment
18 Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, and is not a foreign entity.
19 (4) Foreign government. – Any government other than the federal government or
20 the government of a state or a political subdivision of a state.
21 (5) Interest. – Any estate, remainder, or reversion, or any portion of the estate,
22 remainder, or reversion, or an option pursuant to which one party has a right
23 to cause the transfer of legal or equitable title to land described in
24 G.S. 64-65(a), including, without limitation, a lease of land described in
25 G.S. 64-65(a) (i) for a term of one year or longer or (ii) renewable by option
26 for terms which, if the options were all exercised, would total one year or
27 longer.
28 (6) Party. – Any individual, corporation, company, association, firm, partnership,
29 society, joint-stock company, trust, estate, or any other legal entity.
30 (7) Prohibited foreign party. – Any of the following:
31 a. A citizen or resident of an adversarial nation.
32 b. A foreign government formed within an adversarial nation.
33 c. A party other than an individual or government that is created or
34 organized under the laws of a foreign government within an
35 adversarial nation.
36 d. A party other than an individual or a government that meets all of the
37 following criteria:
38 1. Is created or organized under the laws of any state.
39 2. A significant interest or substantial control is directly or
40 indirectly held or is capable of being exercised by one or more
41 of the following:
42 I. An individual referred to in sub-subdivision a. of this
43 subdivision.
44 II. A foreign government referred to in sub-subdivision b.
45 of this subdivision.
46 III. A party referred to in sub-subdivision c. of this
47 subdivision.
48 IV. A combination of the individuals, parties, or
49 governments referred to in this sub-sub-subdivision.
50 e. An agent, trustee, or other fiduciary of a person or entity enumerated
51 in this subdivision.

- 1 f. This definition does not apply to an entity that meets either of the
2 following criteria:
3 1. The entity has received a determination from the Committee of
4 Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS) that there are
5 no unresolved national security concerns with respect to the
6 entity in connection to a matter submitted to CFIUS and which
7 CFIUS concluded all action pursuant to section 721 of the
8 Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.
9 2. The entity has a national security agreement with CFIUS and
10 maintains the validity of such national security agreement.

11 (8) Residence. – A person's principal dwelling place where that person intends to
12 remain permanently for an indefinite period of time.

13 (9) Resident alien. – A person who is not a citizen of the United States and is a
14 resident of one of the following:

15 a. A state of the United States.

16 b. A territory of the United States.

17 c. A trusteeship of the United States.

18 d. A protectorate of the United States.

19 (10) Significant interest or substantial control. – Any interest, other than a de
20 minimis direct interest, held by one or more of the following:

21 a. An individual referred to in sub-subdivision (7)a. of this section.

22 b. A single government referred to in sub-subdivision (7)b. of this
23 section.

24 c. A party referred to in sub-subdivision (7)c. of this section.

25 d. A party referred to in sub-subdivision (7)d. of this section.

26 **"§ 64-65. Prohibited foreign party ownership of data centers and land on which a data**
27 **center is located prohibited.**

28 (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no adversarial nation shall
29 either:

30 (1) Purchase, acquire, lease, or hold any interest in land on which a data center is
31 located.

32 (2) Have any significant interest in or substantial control of a data center.

33 (b) Except as provided in this section, a prohibited foreign party shall not acquire by
34 grant, purchase, devise, descent, or otherwise any interest, other than a de minimis direct interest,
35 in land described in subsection (a) of this section or a data center in this State. A party may not
36 knowingly hold land, or a significant interest in or substantial control of a data center, as an agent,
37 trustee, or other fiduciary for a prohibited foreign party in violation of this section. A prohibited
38 foreign party that acquires land, or holds a significant interest in or substantial control of a data
39 center, in violation of this section remains in violation as long as the prohibited foreign party
40 holds an interest in the land, or the significant interest in or substantial control of a data center.
41 A prohibited foreign party who is a resident alien of the United States shall have the right to
42 acquire and hold land described in subsection (a) of this section, or a significant interest in or
43 substantial control of a data center, in the State upon the same terms as a citizen of the United
44 States during the continuance of the party's residence in this State.

45 (c) A prohibited foreign party that has acquired any interest in land described in
46 subsection (a) of this section, or a significant interest in or substantial control of a data center, in
47 this State prior to the effective date of this section may continue to own or hold that interest but
48 may not acquire by grant, purchase, devise, descent, or otherwise any additional interest in land
49 described in subsection (a) of this section, or a significant interest in or substantial control of a
50 data center, in this State and must register with the Secretary of State and the Attorney General.
51 The Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall maintain one joint database of those foreign

1 parties that have registered, and the database shall be accessible and searchable by the public on
2 each agency's website. The Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall establish a
3 registration form for the purposes of this subsection, and the form shall include at least the
4 following information:

- 5 (1) The name of the owner of the land or the owner of the interest in the land, or
6 the owner of the data center, as applicable.
- 7 (2) The address of the land, the parcel identification number, and the property's
8 legal description, or the address of the data center, as applicable.
- 9 (3) The number of acres of the land on which the data center is located.
- 10 (4) The mailing address of the owner of the land or the data center, as applicable.
- 11 (5) Country of citizenship and residency status or country of incorporation of the
12 owner of the land or the owner of the interest in the land, or the owner of the
13 data center, as applicable.

14 (d) A prohibited foreign party that fails to timely file a registration with the Secretary of
15 State and the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (c) of this section is subject to a civil
16 penalty of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day that the registration is late,
17 the clear proceeds of which shall be remitted to the Civil Fines and Forfeitures Fund, in
18 accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2. The unpaid balance of any penalties assessed under this
19 subsection shall constitute a lien against the land if a lien, denoted as a Notice of Foreign
20 Ownership Violation Lien, has been recorded by the Attorney General in the office of the register
21 of deeds in the county where the property is located, and the lien shall have priority from the date
22 and time of recordation and shall be enforced by the Attorney General.

23 (e) A prohibited foreign party that acquires land described in subsection (a) of this
24 section, or a significant interest in or substantial control of a data center, on or after the effective
25 date of this section, by devise or descent, through the enforcement of security interests, or through
26 the collection of debts, other than a de minimis direct interest, shall sell, transfer, or otherwise
27 divest itself of the land within three years after acquiring the land, or the significant interest in or
28 substantial control of the data center.

29 (f) At the time of purchase, a buyer of any interest in land described in subsection (a) of
30 this section shall provide an affidavit signed under penalty of perjury attesting that the buyer is
31 (i) not a prohibited foreign party and (ii) in compliance with the requirements of this section. The
32 affidavit is not required to be notarized and shall be attached as an exhibit to the deed or other
33 document that conveys an ownership interest in the land. The failure to obtain or maintain the
34 affidavit shall not affect the title or insurability of the title for the land, and shall not result in civil
35 or criminal liability to any person or entity, unless the person or entity is in violation of subsection
36 (k) of this section herein, or subject any nonparty to the purchase to civil or criminal liability,
37 unless a nonparty to the purchase has actual knowledge that the transaction will result in a
38 violation of this section. The Real Estate Commission shall establish the form for the affidavit
39 required under this subsection.

40 (g) Upon receipt of information that leads the Attorney General to believe that a
41 prohibited foreign party has not divested itself of the land described in subsection (a) of this
42 section, or a significant interest in or substantial control of a data center, as required under
43 subsection (e) of this section, the Attorney General shall enforce a violation of this section by
44 commencing a receivership proceeding in the county where the property or data center is situated
45 under Article 38A of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes seeking the appointment of a general
46 receiver pursuant to G.S. 1-507.24(e1). Any interest in real property acquired or held in violation
47 of this section shall be subject to divestiture pursuant to G.S. 64-66.

48 (h) A violation of this section by an adversarial nation may, at the discretion of the
49 noteholder, be deemed a default under a loan, mortgage, or deed of trust and shall provide the
50 lender the automatic right to trigger default on the loan, mortgage, or deed of trust.

1 (i) The responsibility for determining whether an individual or other entity is subject to
2 this Article, pursuant to either civil or criminal law, rests solely with the State of North Carolina
3 and no other individual or entity.

4 (j) Title to land described in subsection (a) of this section is not invalid or subject to
5 divestiture due to a violation of this section by any former owner or any other person holding or
6 owning a former interest in the land described in subsection (a) of this section.

7 (k) A party who knowingly sells an interest in land described in subsection (a) of this
8 section in violation of this section or who has actual knowledge that the transaction will result in
9 a violation of this section but aids and abets a party in knowingly selling an interest in land
10 described in subsection (a) of this section shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. It is an
11 affirmative defense to prosecution under this subsection that a prohibited foreign party is a
12 resident alien of this State.

13 (l) An individual or other entity who is not a prohibited foreign party shall bear no civil
14 or criminal liability for failing to determine or make inquiry of whether an individual or other
15 entity is a prohibited foreign party.

16 (m) This Article does not create or authorize a private right of action to enforce the
17 provisions of this Article.

18 **"§ 64-66. Divestiture procedure.**

19 (a) Upon receipt of information that leads the Attorney General to believe that a violation
20 of G.S. 64-65 may have occurred, the Attorney General shall investigate the alleged violation
21 and may issue subpoenas requiring any of the following:

- 22 (1) Appearances of witnesses.
- 23 (2) Production of relevant records.
- 24 (3) Giving of relevant testimony.

25 (b) The Attorney General shall enforce a violation of G.S. 64-65 by commencing a
26 receivership proceeding under Article 38A of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes seeking the
27 appointment of a general receiver pursuant to G.S. 1-507.24(e1). The following apply to a
28 receivership proceeding initiated pursuant to this section:

- 29 (1) Proceeds of the sale shall be paid as follows:
 - 30 a. The costs of the receivership and sale.
 - 31 b. To secured parties, in their order of priority, except for liens which
32 under the terms of the sale are to remain on the property.
 - 33 c. No proceeds shall be distributed from the receivership sale to the
34 prohibited foreign party. Any excess proceeds are forfeited and shall
35 be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with
36 G.S. 115C-457.2.
- 37 (2) At the receivership sale, any secured party shall be able to place a bid in an
38 amount that is not more than the amount owed plus any costs incurred to the
39 secured party as of the date of the sale, as established in the court order for the
40 sale of the property.
- 41 (3) Upon commencement of an action under this section, the Attorney General
42 shall file a notice of lis pendens as soon as practicable with the register of
43 deeds of the county or counties in which the real property is situated. Upon
44 the entry of an order for the sale of the property under this section, the
45 Attorney General shall record a copy of the order as soon as practicable in the
46 office of the register of deeds of the county or counties where the real property
47 is situated.
- 48 (4) The receiver shall honor and give priority to any default that has been
49 triggered on a loan, mortgage, or deed of trust prior to the commencement of
50 a receivership under this section."

1 SECTION 3.(b) Article 2 of Chapter 161 of the General Statutes is amended by
2 adding a new section to read:

3 **"§ 161-14.04. Citizenship and residential status of parties to a deed or conveyance.**

4 When recording a deed or other document that conveys an ownership interest in land
5 described by G.S. 64-65(a), the register of deeds shall attach the affidavit as an exhibit to the
6 deed or other document that conveys an ownership interest in land as required by G.S. 64-65(f)
7 according to the requirements of G.S. 161-22."

8 SECTION 3.(c) G.S. 1-507.24 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

9 "(e1) Receiver for Sale of Real Property Owned by Prohibited Foreign Party. – A general
10 receiver may be appointed for the purpose of conducting a sale of real property in accordance
11 with G.S. 64-66 upon a finding by the court that an interest in the real property is held by a
12 prohibited foreign party in violation of G.S. 64-65(a)."

13 SECTION 3.(d) This section becomes effective December 1, 2026. Subsection (a)
14 of this section applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

15
16 **REQUIREMENTS FOR UTILITY SERVICE CONTRACTS WITH DATA CENTERS**

17 SECTION 4.(a) Article 7 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
18 a new section to read:

19 **"§ 62-142.1. Contracts with data centers.**

20 (a) Each data center located in North Carolina is required to enter into an electric service
21 contract with the electric public utility providing service to the data center. Each contract between
22 an electric public utility and a data center for the provision of electric service shall include terms
23 and conditions designed to (i) protect residential, other retail, and wholesale electricity customers
24 from costs incurred or reasonably anticipated to be incurred by the electric public utility to
25 provide electric service to the data center and (ii) prevent, to the maximum extent reasonably
26 feasible, other retail customers from subsidizing the cost of the data center's electric service. Such
27 contracts shall include all of the following:

- 28 (1) Minimum billing requirements designed to recover incremental costs
29 associated with serving or preparing to serve a data center.
- 30 (2) A contract term that is sufficient to recover all of the electric public utility's
31 incremental costs and which may exceed the length of the applicable service
32 tariff.
- 33 (3) Performance and credit provisions designed to protect retail customers in the
34 event of contract default.
- 35 (4) Termination provisions designed to protect retail customers in the event of
36 termination of the contract for electric service.

37 (b) Each contract between an electric public utility and a data center for the provision of
38 electric service shall be filed with the Commission as soon as practicable but in no event later
39 than 30 days from the date of contract execution by both parties. Either the utility or the data
40 center, or both, may designate all or any portion of a contract as confidential information as
41 defined in G.S. 132-1.2, or sensitive public security information as defined in G.S. 132-1.7.
42 Information shall be considered confidential only to the extent provided by law. Any dispute
43 about whether information has been properly designated as confidential shall be determined by
44 the Commission upon motion and response of interested parties. Subject to the requirements of
45 G.S. 62-34(c), the Public Staff shall have the right to examine confidential information, as well
46 as sensitive public security information, in exercising any power or performing any duty
47 authorized by this Chapter.

48 (c) As part of the report required on the long-range needs for the expansion of facilities
49 for the generation of electricity pursuant to G.S. 62-110.1(c), the electric public utility shall
50 include detail on contracted demand versus actual demand for each data center for the previous
51 three years.

1 (d) As used in this section, the term "data center" means a facility, campus of facilities,
2 or array of interconnected facilities used by an entity or other business enterprise for the primary
3 purpose of storing, retrieving, managing, and processing digital data, which has a peak monthly
4 electricity demand of 100 megawatts or greater.

5 (e) The Commission may adopt rules to implement the requirements of this section.
6 Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the Commission to adopt such
7 additional rules as are in the public interest to protect retail customers from costs incurred by
8 electric public utilities to provide electric service to data centers."

9 **SECTION 4.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
10 agreements between an electric utility and a data center entered into on or after that date.

11 12 **NO CONDEMNATION FOR DATA CENTERS**

13 **SECTION 5.** Article 1 of Chapter 40A of the General Statutes is amended by adding
14 a new section to read:

15 **"§ 40A-14. No condemnation to facilitate siting of data center.**

16 Notwithstanding any authority granted under this Chapter, no condemnor shall exercise the
17 power of eminent domain for the purpose of acquiring land for a data center to be sited upon."
18

19 **NO LOCAL GOVERNMENT INCENTIVES FOR DATA CENTERS**

20 **SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 158-7.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

21 "**(i)** Notwithstanding subsection (a), (b), or (d) of this section, local governments are
22 prohibited from providing any economic development incentives for siting of a data center within
23 their jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, the term "data center" means a facility, campus of
24 facilities, or array of interconnected facilities used by an entity or other business enterprise for
25 the primary purpose of storing, retrieving, managing, and processing digital data, which has a
26 peak monthly electricity demand of 100 megawatts or greater."

27 **SECTION 6.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to data
28 centers for which no local development approvals or State permits, certifications, or
29 authorizations have been issued for siting of the data center on or before that date. This section
30 shall not be construed to impair agreements for incentives executed on or before that date.
31

32 **PART II. ENERGY POLICY PROVISIONS**

33 34 **COST CAP FOR CEPS SET-ASIDES**

35 **SECTION 7.(a)** G.S. 62-133.8 reads as rewritten:

36 **"§ 62-133.8. Clean Energy and Energy Efficiency Portfolio Standard (CEPS).**

37 ...

38 (d) **Compliance With CEPS Requirement Through Use of Solar Energy Resources.** – For
39 calendar year 2018 and for each calendar year thereafter, at least two-tenths of one percent (0.2%)
40 of the total electric power in kilowatt hours sold to retail electric customers in the State, or an
41 equivalent amount of energy, shall be supplied by a combination of new solar electric facilities
42 and new metered solar thermal energy facilities that use one or more of the following
43 applications: solar hot water, solar absorption cooling, solar dehumidification, solar thermally
44 driven refrigeration, and solar industrial process heat. The terms of any contract entered into
45 between an electric power supplier and a new solar electric facility or new metered solar thermal
46 energy facility shall be of sufficient length to stimulate development of solar energy; provided,
47 the Commission shall develop a procedure to determine if an electric power supplier is in
48 compliance with the provisions of this subsection if a new solar electric facility or a new metered
49 solar thermal energy facility fails to meet the terms of its contract with the electric power supplier.
50 As used in this subsection, "new" means a facility that was first placed into service on or after
51 January 1, 2007. The electric power suppliers shall comply with the requirements of this

1 subsection according to the following ~~schedule~~:schedule, if the incremental costs to comply with
 2 this subsection do not exceed two hundred percent (200%) of the cost to supply, or contract for
 3 supply, an equivalent percentage of total electric power in kilowatt hours sold to retail electric
 4 customers in the State using any other clean energy resource:

| 5 Calendar Year | Requirement for Solar Energy Resources |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 6 2010 | 0.02% |
| 7 2012 | 0.07% |
| 8 2015 | 0.14% |
| 9 2018 | 0.20% |

10 (e) Compliance With CEPS Requirement Through Use of Swine Waste Resources. – For
 11 calendar year 2018 and for each calendar year thereafter, at least two-tenths of one percent (0.2%)
 12 of the total electric power in kilowatt hours sold to retail electric customers in the State shall be
 13 supplied, or contracted for supply in each year, by swine waste. The electric power suppliers, in
 14 the aggregate, shall comply with the requirements of this subsection according to the following
 15 ~~schedule~~:schedule, if the incremental costs to comply with this subsection do not exceed two
 16 hundred percent (200%) of the cost to supply, or contract for supply, an equivalent percentage of
 17 total electric power in kilowatt hours sold to retail electric customers in the State using any other
 18 clean energy resource:

| 19 Calendar Year | Requirement for Swine Waste Resources |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 20 2012 | 0.07% |
| 21 2015 | 0.14% |
| 22 2018 | 0.20% |

23 (f) Compliance With CEPS Requirement Through Use of Poultry Waste Resources. –
 24 For calendar year 2014 and for each calendar year thereafter, at least 900,000 megawatt hours of
 25 the total electric power sold to retail electric customers in the State or an equivalent amount of
 26 energy shall be supplied, or contracted for supply in each year, by poultry waste combined with
 27 wood shavings, straw, rice hulls, or other bedding material. The electric power suppliers, in the
 28 aggregate, shall comply with the requirements of this subsection according to the following
 29 ~~schedule~~:schedule, if the incremental costs to comply with this subsection do not exceed two
 30 hundred percent (200%) of the cost to supply, or contract for supply, an equivalent amount of
 31 megawatt hours sold to retail electric customers in the State using any other clean energy
 32 resource:

| 33 Calendar Year | Requirement for Poultry Waste Resources |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 34 2012 | 170,000 megawatt hours |
| 35 2013 | 700,000 megawatt hours |
| 36 2014 | 900,000 megawatt hours |

37 ...
 38 (m) An electric power supplier shall satisfy the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of
 39 this section, as applicable, in compliance with current law and practice with respect to the least
 40 cost planning for generation, pursuant to G.S. 62-2(a)(3a), in a manner that maintains or improves
 41 upon the adequacy and reliability of the existing grid. Through application of least cost principles
 42 to the requirements of this section, it is the goal of the General Assembly that the cap on per
 43 account annual charges set forth in subdivision (4) of subsection (h) of this section shall be
 44 reduced by fifty percent (50%) for all customer classes by 2035."

45 **SECTION 7.(b)** Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair any contract
 46 executed on or before July 1, 2026, for purposes of complying with the requirements of
 47 G.S. 62-133.8 as it existed prior to amendments enacted by subsection (a) of this section. All
 48 reasonable and prudent incremental costs incurred by an electric power supplier to comply with
 49 any former requirement of G.S. 62-133.8 may be recovered as provided in G.S. 62-133.8(h). For
 50 the purposes of cost recovery under this section, reasonable and prudent incremental costs shall
 51 include all of the following:

- 1 (1) Costs under purchase contracts for clean energy resources entered into prior
2 to July 1, 2026, for the purpose of complying with the clean energy portfolio
3 standard requirements.
- 4 (2) The costs of clean energy facilities built or acquired by an electric power
5 supplier for which a certificate of public convenience and necessity has been
6 issued by the Commission prior to July 1, 2026.

8 **RFP FOR STUDY OF UTILITY POLICIES TO INCREASE AFFORDABILITY OF** 9 **ELECTRIC RATES**

10 **SECTION 8.** Recognizing the rising costs of utility service, the General Assembly
11 finds that an examination of various utility policies should be conducted to ensure these policies
12 are not exacerbating affordability issues for citizens of the State, including the 2050 goal for a
13 reduction in carbon dioxide (CO₂) emitted in the State from electric generating facilities that
14 results in carbon neutrality, pursuant to G.S. 62-110.9. In addition to examining these existing
15 utility policies, the General Assembly finds that expert analysis should be performed to determine
16 the most effective approach to ensuring that costs of utility service to large load customers is not
17 borne by other residential, commercial, and industrial customers in North Carolina, including
18 appropriate terms for a large load tariff. The Legislative Services Officer shall issue a request for
19 proposals for a study to be conducted by an entity with nationally recognized expertise in research
20 and analysis of utility policy and rates to (i) ascertain the current impacts, and projected impacts
21 over the next 25 years, to residential, commercial, and industrial customer bills from the 2050
22 carbon neutrality goal, and whether any changes to this policy or other policies are advisable to
23 enhance customer affordability and (ii) provide recommendations for effective policies to prevent
24 rate impacts from large load customers on other customer classes, including requirements that
25 large load customers generate a portion of their own power, as well as curtailment policies for
26 large load customers. The study shall adhere to the following time line:

- 27 (1) The request for proposals (RFP) shall be issued on or before August 1, 2026.
- 28 (2) A contract to award the RFP shall be executed on or before November 1, 2026.
- 29 (3) The study shall be completed and submitted to the Joint Legislative
30 Commission on Energy Policy on or before May 1, 2027, in order to inform
31 the development of utility policy during the 2027 Regular Session.

32 The Utilities Commission and the Public Staff shall assist the (i) Legislative Services
33 Officer, as needed, in development of the RFP and the selection of a contractor and (ii) selected
34 contractor, in every permissible manner within the constraints of their respective authority, in the
35 conduct of the study.

37 **EXPRESS PERMIT REVIEW FOR ENERGY PROJECTS**

38 **SECTION 9.(a)** G.S. 143B-279.13 reads as rewritten:

39 **"§ 143B-279.13. Express permit and certification reviews.**

40 (a) The Department of Environmental Quality shall develop an express review program
41 to provide express permit and certification reviews in all of its regional offices. Participation in
42 the express review program is voluntary, and the program shall be supported by the fees
43 determined pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. The Department of Environmental Quality
44 shall determine the project applications to review under the express review program from those
45 who request to participate in the program. The express review program may be applied to any
46 one or all of the permits, approvals, or certifications in the following programs: the erosion and
47 sedimentation control program, the coastal management program, and the water quality
48 programs, including water quality certifications and stormwater management. The express
49 review program shall focus on the following permits or certifications:

- 50 (1) Stormwater permits under Part 1 of Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General
51 Statutes.

- 1 (2) Stream origination certifications under Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the
2 General Statutes.
- 3 (3) Water quality certification under Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the General
4 Statutes.
- 5 (4) Erosion and sedimentation control permits under Article 4 of Chapter 113A
6 of the General Statutes.
- 7 (5) Permits under the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA), Part 4 of Article
8 7 of Chapter 113A of the General Statutes.

9 (a1) The Department of Environmental Quality shall have the authority to create express
10 permitting options for programs in addition to those listed in subsection (a) of this section where
11 it deems there to be a need or where it determines an express permitting option would create
12 greater efficiencies for the permitting process.

13 (a2) The Department of Environmental Quality shall create an express review program for
14 all permits, authorizations, and certifications required from the Department for projects involving
15 the generation, distribution, or transmission of energy or fuel, including natural gas, diesel,
16 petroleum, or electricity. Participation in the express review program is voluntary.

17 (b) The Department of Environmental Quality shall set the fees for express application
18 review under the express review program at a level sufficient to cover all program expenses.
19 Notwithstanding G.S. 143-215.3D, the maximum permit application fee to be charged under
20 subsection (a) of this section for the express review of a project application requiring all of the
21 permits under subdivisions (1) through (5) of subsection (a) of this section shall not exceed five
22 thousand eight hundred eight dollars (\$5,808). Notwithstanding G.S. 143-215.3D, the maximum
23 permit application fee to be charged for the express review of a project application requiring all
24 of the permits under subdivisions (1) through (4) of subsection (a) of this section shall not exceed
25 four thousand seven hundred fifty-two dollars (\$4,752). Notwithstanding G.S. 143-215.3D, the
26 maximum permit application fee charged for the express review of a project application for any
27 other combination of permits under subdivisions (1) through (5) of subsection (a) of this section
28 shall not exceed four thousand two hundred twenty-four dollars (\$4,224). As set forth in
29 subsection (a1) of this section, express review of a project application involving additional
30 permits or certifications issued by the Department of Environmental Quality other than those
31 under subdivisions (1) through (5) of subsection (a) of this section may be allowed by the
32 Department, and, notwithstanding G.S. 143-215.3D or any other statute or rule that sets a permit
33 fee, the maximum permit application fee charged for the express review of a project application
34 that includes a permit, approval, or certification designated for express review under subsection
35 (a1) of this section shall not exceed four thousand two hundred twenty-four dollars (\$4,224), plus
36 one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the fee that would otherwise apply by statute or rule for that
37 particular permit, approval, or certification. Additional fees, not to exceed fifty percent (50%)
38 of the original permit application fee under this section, may be charged for subsequent reviews due
39 to the insufficiency of the permit applications. The Department of Environmental Quality may
40 establish the procedure by which the amount of the fees under this subsection is determined, and
41 the fees and procedures are not rules under G.S. 150B-2(8a) for the express review program
42 under this section."

43 **SECTION 9.(b)** G.S. 143B-279.20 reads as rewritten:

44 **"§ 143B-279.20. Report on Department activity to process applications for permits**
45 **required for natural gas pipelines and gas-fired electric generation facilities.**

46 The Department of Environmental Quality shall report on any applications received for
47 ~~permits~~ permits, authorizations, or certifications required for siting or operation of natural gas
48 pipelines and gas-fired electric generation facilities within the State, and activities of the
49 Department to process such applications, including tracking of processing times. The report shall
50 also include information on all activities under the express review program required pursuant to
51 G.S. 143B-279.13(a2). The processing time tracked shall include (i) the total processing time

1 from when an initial permit application is received to issuance or denial of the permit and (ii) the
2 processing time from when a complete permit application is received to issuance or denial of the
3 permit. The Department shall report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Energy
4 Policy pursuant to this section."

5 **SECTION 9.(c)** Within 30 days of the date this section becomes law, the Department
6 shall notify applicants for all entities with pending applications for permits, authorizations, and
7 certifications required from the Department for projects involving the generation, distribution, or
8 transmission of energy or fuel, including natural gas, diesel, petroleum, or electricity, of the
9 express review program enacted by subsection (b) of this section, and shall inform the applicants
10 of the ability to process pending applications through the program upon payment of the applicable
11 fee pursuant to G.S. 143B-279.13(b).

12 **SECTION 9.(d)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to
13 applications for permits, authorizations, and certifications pending on or submitted after that date.
14

15 **REQUIRE DEVELOPMENT OF NUCLEAR RESOURCES PRIOR TO RETIREMENT** 16 **OF BASELOAD FACILITIES OR FACILITIES WITH DISPATCHABLE ELECTRIC** 17 **GENERATION ABOVE 100MW TO ENSURE ADEQUACY OF GRID**

18 **SECTION 10.** G.S. 62-110.9(4) reads as rewritten:

19 "(4) Retain discretion to determine optimal timing and generation and
20 resource-mix to achieve the least cost path to compliance with the authorized
21 carbon reduction goal, including discretion in achieving the authorized carbon
22 reduction goal by the date specified in order to allow for implementation of
23 solutions that would have a more significant and material impact on carbon
24 reduction; provided, however, the Commission shall not exceed the date
25 specified to achieve the authorized carbon reduction goal by more than two
26 years, except in the event the Commission authorizes construction of a nuclear
27 facility or wind energy facility that would require additional time for
28 completion due to technical, legal, logistical, or other factors beyond the
29 control of the electric public utility, or in the event necessary to maintain the
30 adequacy and reliability of the existing grid. In making such determinations,
31 the Utilities Commission shall receive and consider stakeholder input. The
32 Commission shall not authorize retirement of baseload facilities or facilities
33 with dispatchable electric generation above 100MW until such time as a
34 certificate of public convenience and necessity has been issued to an electric
35 public utility for construction of one nuclear facility with a generating capacity
36 of at least 1,000MW to ensure the adequacy of baseload and dispatchable
37 generation from a clean energy resource."
38

39 **PART III. MISCELLANEOUS**

40 **COOLING-OFF PERIOD FOR UTILITIES COMMISSIONERS AND STAFF**

41 **SECTION 11.(a)** Article 15 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by
42 adding a new section to read:

43 **"§ 62-327A. Post-employment restrictions on members and employees of Commission.**

44 (a) Cooling-Off Period. – It shall be unlawful for any former commissioner or employee
45 of the Commission to make, with the intent to influence on behalf of an employer or client, any
46 communication to or appearance before the Commission within a period of six months following
47 the termination of his or her service or employment with the Commission.

48 (b) Penalty. – A violation of this section is a Class 3 misdemeanor."
49

50 **SECTION 11.(b)** This section becomes effective December 1, 2026, and applies to
51 offenses committed on or after that date.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7

SEVERABILITY/EFFECTIVE DATE

SECTION 12. If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, it does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 13. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law.