Financial Statements for the Years Ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 and Independent Auditor's Report

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# **BOARD MEMBERS (2016-2017)**

Mark O. Stuemke, President

Raymond O. Dyer, Secretary-Treasurer

Frances H. Campbell

Calhoun D. Cunningham, III, MD

Angela T. Goodrich

Bruce D. Le

**Eric Saunders** 

# **BOARD ADMINISTRATOR**

Caitlin Schwab-Falzone

# LEGAL COUNSEL

North Carolina Department of Justice

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Board's financial report represents Management's analysis of the Board's financial performance during the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

## **Financial Analysis**

During 2017, the Board's net position decreased by \$3,837, or 1.2%, due primarily to annually recurring expenses in excess of revenues. During 2016, the Board's net position decreased by \$30,088, or 8.5%, due primarily to a decrease in revenues.

During 2017, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$11,999, or 8.3%, due primarily to an increase in renewal fees. During 2016, the operating revenues of the Board decreased by \$37,040, or 20.3%, due primarily to a decrease in application and examination fees revenue.

During 2017, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$116, or 4.3%, due primarily to the fact that there was no loss on disposition of capital assets in 2017 as there was in 2016. During 2016, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$384, or 16.4%, due primarily to an increase in interest earnings rates.

During 2017, the operating expenses of the Board decreased by \$14,136, or 7.9%, due primarily to a decrease in contractual management services expenses. During 2016, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$12,059, or 7.3%, due primarily to an incurrence of management service transition fees and legal related fees.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This financial report consists of two sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Board has no other supplementary information required by GASB 34. The Financial Statements also include notes to the financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statements of Net Position present the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations.

The Statements of Cash Flows present information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **Condensed Financial Information**

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

	as the	orrent Year of and for year ended ay 31, 2017	Current Year as of and for the year ended May 31, 2016			
Current assets	\$	227,180	\$	230,345		
Capital assets		587		893		
Other assets		200,057		200,052		
Total assets	\$	427,824	\$	431,290		
Current liabilities	\$	105,859	\$	105,488		
Total liabilities	\$	105,859	\$	105,488		
Investment in capital assets	\$	587	\$	893		
Unrestricted		321,378		324,909		
Total net position	\$	321,965	\$	325,802		
Operating revenues	\$	157,422	\$	145,423		
Operating expenses		(164,094)		(178,230)		
Operating income		(6,672)		(32,807)		
Non-operating revenues		2,835		2,719		
Change in net position	\$	(3,837)	\$	(30,088)		

## **Events Affecting Future Operations**

A committee appointed by the North Carolina Legislature, The Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee, has been performing a study concerning the deregulation, elimination and consolidation of occupational licensing boards in the State of North Carolina. The effect of any resulting legislation on the Board's operations in future years is not certain at this time.

## **Contacting the Board's Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact: North Carolina State Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board, 3801 Lake Boone Trail, Suite 190, Raleigh, NC 27607.

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina State Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board Raleigh, North Carolina

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina State Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board (the "Board"), an independent state agency which is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Board's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina State Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board as of May 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Shelton L. Hawley, C.P.A., P.A.

Sheeta Loleway, C.P.A., P. A.

Angier, North Carolina

August 29, 2017

# NORTH CAROLINA STATE HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS BOARD STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2017 AND 2016

	May 31, 2017			May 31, 2016
	1	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	222,130	\$	226,170
Prepaid management fee		5,050		4,175
Total current assets		227,180		230,345
Capital assets (Notes 1 and 3):				
Office equipment and software		587		893
Total capital assets - net of depreciation		587		893
Other assets:				
Investments (Note 2)		200,000		200,000
Accrued interest receivable (on investments)		57		52
Total other assets		200,057		200,052
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	427,824	\$	431,290
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	10,902	\$	12,356
Due to other state agencies		3,957		1,882
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		91,000		91,250
Total current liabilities		105,859		105,488
TOTAL LIABILITIES		105,859		105,488
NET POSITION (NOTE 5)				
Investment in capital assets		587		893
Unrestricted net position		321,378		324,909
TOTAL NET POSITION		321,965		325,802
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	427,824	\$	431,290

# NORTH CAROLINA STATE HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS BOARD STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2017 AND 2016

		2017		2016
	1	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Renewal fees	\$	94,450	\$	81,700
Application fees (including initial licensure fees)		23,950		24,750
Continuing education fee		14,045		11,272
Examination fees		23,100		25,500
Certificate fees		575		700
Late fees		375		200
Miscellaneous operating income		927		1,301
Total operating revenues	\$	157,422	\$	145,423
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Contractual management services (Note 6)	\$	50,100	\$	69,668
Board members expenses		7,558		8,789
Contractual investigation services				75
Contractual consultant services (including rulemaking)		7,000		8,290
Exam expenses		58,142		56,329
Depreciation expense		306		306
Telephone		775		674
Office and computer supplies (including copying)		2,184		1,858
Printing and copying		1,157		282
Postage		681		944
Insurance and bonding		192		192
Legal and audit fees		31,177		24,749
Website management expenses		1,389		4,218
Bank charges (including credit card discount fees)		3,296		74
Miscellaneous		137		1,782
Total operating expenses	\$	164,094	\$	178,230
Operating income (loss)	\$	(6,672)	\$	(32,807)

# NORTH CAROLINA STATE HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS BOARD STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2017 AND 2016

		2017	 2016
		Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):			
Interest income		2,835	3,069
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets			 (350)
Total non-operating revenues	\$	2,835	\$ 2,719
Change in net position	\$	(3,837)	\$ (30,088)
Net position - beginning of year	_	325,802	 355,890
Net position - end of year	\$	321,965	\$ 325,802

# NORTH CAROLINA STATE HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2017 AND 2016

	 2017	2016		
	roprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from fees	\$ 156,245	\$ 156,412		
Cash received from other operating revenues	927	1,301		
Cash payments for operating expenses	 (164,042)	 (168,359)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,870)	\$ (10,646)		
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Transfer from certificate(s) of deposit to operating account	\$ 1,798	\$ 1,785		
Transfer from operating account to certificate(s) of deposit	(1,798)	(1,785)		
Interest earned	 2,830	3,053		
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 2,830	\$ 3,053		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ (4,040)	\$ (7,593)		
Cash - beginning of year	 226,170	 233,763		
Cash - end of year	\$ 222,130	\$ 226,170		

# NORTH CAROLINA STATE HEARING AID DEALERS AND FITTERS BOARD STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2017 AND 2016

	2017 roprietary- Enterprise Fund	2016 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
Reconciliation of operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (6,672)	\$	(32,807)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Depreciation	\$ 306	\$	306	
Other receivables			540	
Prepaid expense	(875)		(4,175)	
Accounts payable	621		13,740	
Unearned revenue	(250)		11,750	
Total adjustments	\$ (198)	\$	22,161	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (6,870)	\$	(10,646)	
Supplemental disclosure (s) of noncash investing, capital and financing activities:				
Capital asset write-offs	\$ 	\$	(350)	

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

# **Description of Organization and Purpose**

The North Carolina State Hearing Aid Dealers and Fitters Board (the "Board") is an independent State agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 93D of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of seven members who are appointed by the Governor of the State of North Carolina. It is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by hearing aid dealers and fitters.

The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to examinees and licensees.

# **Financial Reporting Entity**

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

## **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards.

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **Basis of Accounting**

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus measures all assets that are available to the entity, not only cash or soon to be assets. Both long-term assets and long-term liabilities are measured and depreciation is recorded as a cost of operations. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Fees received for the various licenses are deemed earned when the license period begins.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position classifies the Board's revenues as operating or non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license fees and includes activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing, capital, and non-capital financing activities; and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

These classifications include undeposited receipts, petty cash, checking accounts and time deposits (excluding certain certificates of deposit, if any) held by the Board.

#### **Investments**

The Board is authorized to invest idle funds in accordance with North Carolina General Statutes. This classification consists of certain certificates of deposits held by the Board for investment. Investments generally are reported at fair market value. Certificates of deposit are reported at cost (which is the same as fair value) if purchased in the primary certificate of deposit market, and at fair value if purchased in the secondary certificate of deposit market (as determined by quoted market prices). The net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments for certificates of deposit is recognized as a component of investment interest income. The Board only held non-negotiable certificates of deposits.

## **Prepaid Expenses**

This classification includes expenses which were prepaid at year end for management services and for exam related expenses.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. The Board capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$500 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method of deprecation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally estimated as follows: office furniture, equipment and specialized software, 5 years.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

All of the Board's deposits which are uninsured are uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)] by the financial institution holding said deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At May 31, 2017, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$422,130 and a bank balance of \$422,229. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$172,229 was uninsured and uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)]. Certificates of deposit in the amount of \$200,000 are considered time deposits for this disclosure and are classified as investments on the Statements of Net Position. At May 31, 2016, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$426,170 and a bank balance of \$426,055. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and \$176,055 was uninsured and uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)]. Certificates of deposit in the amount of \$200,000 are considered time deposits for this disclosure and are classified as investments on the Statements of Net Position.

# Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investments**

The Board is subject to the following risks:

Interest rate risk - Interest rate risk is the risk the Board may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rate variances, the Board limits its investments, if any, to certificates of deposits with maturities of no more than 30 months and to money market mutual funds.

Credit risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments of the Board are subject to the statutory requirements of North Carolina General Statutes, however the Board's present policy for managing credit risk is to limit its investments to certificates of deposits and money market mutual funds.

The following table presents fair value of investments by type and investment subject to interest rate risk and credit risk at May 31, 2017, for the Board's investments.

		-	Properties of Debt Securities				
Investment Type	Fair Value	e	Weighted Average Maturities	Ratings			
Securities:							
Certificates of Deposit	\$	200,000	8.0 Months	N/A			

# **Reconciliation of Deposits and Investments**

A reconciliation of deposits and investments for the Board to the basic financial statements at May 31, 2017 and 2016, is as follows:

	N	Лау 31, 2017	N	Tay 31, 2016
Carrying Amount of Bank Deposits	\$	222,130	\$	226,170
Certificates of Deposits		200,000		200,000
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	422,130	\$	426,170
Current:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	222,130	\$	226,170
Noncurrent:				
Investments		200,000		200,000
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	422,130	\$	426,170

# Note 3- Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets as of and for the years ended May 31, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	,	Cost		,.	Б	. ,	_	Cost		mulated		Net
Office equipment/seftween		1,530	S Acqu	isitions	<u></u>	isposals	- S	1,530	\$	eciation 943	\$ Ar	nount 587
Office equipment/software	3	1,330	Þ		Þ	-	- 3	1,330	<u> </u>	943	<b>3</b>	367
	\$	1,530	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,530	\$	943	\$	587
		Cost						Cost	Accur	mulated		Net
		5-31-15	Acqu	isitions	D	isposals	5	-31-16	Depr	eciation	Ar	nount
Office equipment/software	\$	5,735	\$	-	\$	4,205	\$	1,530	\$	637	\$	893
	\$	5,735	\$	0	\$	4,205	\$	1,530	\$	637	\$	893

When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in earnings for the period. Depreciation expense was \$306 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017 and \$306 for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016.

## Note 4 - Unearned Revenue

The Board's fees are assessed and collected on an annual basis for the period April 1 through March 31, which does not correspond with the Board's accounting period. License renewal fees received in the latter part of the fiscal year are unearned and recognized as revenue over the one year period to which they relate.

# Note 5 - Net Position

Investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any loan proceeds (if any) that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted net position - expendable - This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted or investment in capital assets*.

## Note 6 - Contractual Management and Exam Services

The Board does not have any employees. The Board contracted with management consultant services to provide services for the Board. The contracts included all services related to the process of licensure application and renewal, exam services, and various other duties. The Board also reimbursed the management services for printing, postage, copying and miscellaneous office expenses. The Board changed primary management consultant services during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016. Payments to the management services (including related entities) totaled \$104,446 (\$54,446 to the current management consultant service and \$50,000 to the exam/rulemaking management service) during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2017. Payments to the management services (including related entities) totaled \$128,007 (\$43,402 to the current management consultant service and \$84,605 to the former management consultant service for management, exam and other services) during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2016.

## Note 7 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in certain state-administered risk programs and self retention of certain risks. Additionally, the Board has limited protection from exposure to loss through the purchase of certain commercial insurance coverage.

#### Note 8 - Contingencies

The Board is involved in occasional disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the years under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position, or cash flows for the years herein ended.

# Note 9 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 29, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

# Note 10 - North Carolina Legislative Statutory Disclosure Requirement Concerning Audit Fees

This audit required 58 audit hours at a cost of \$5,495.