Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2017 and Independent Auditor's Report

Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2017 and Independent Auditor's Report

BOARD MEMBERS (2017)

Philip J. Lanier, Chair

Jonathan Jeffries, Vice Chair

Jennifer Richards, Secretary-Treasurer

D. Steve Bright

Rafe Rountree

Paul "Mike" Williams

Dennis V. Berwyn, Public Member

William P. Harrell, Jr, Public Member

Keith Throckmorton, Public Member

BOARD ADMINISTRATOR

Barden Culbreth, Executive Director

LEGAL COUNSEL

North Carolina Department of Justice

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	1-2
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3-4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 Statement of Net Position	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8-11

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Board's financial report represents Management's analysis of the Board's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Analysis

During 2017, the Board's net position increased by \$25,887 or 31.2%, due primarily to a significant increase in revenues.

During 2017 the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$26,772, or 52.4%, due primarily to an increase in license fees related to the Board's three year renewal cycle as discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

During 2017, the non-operating revenues of the Board decreased by \$35, or 100%, due to the fact that all of the Board's deposits are now deposited in a non-interest bearing account.

During 2017, the operating expenses of the Board decreased by \$1,874, or 3.5%, due primarily to a decrease in public awareness and education expense.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of two sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Board has no other supplementary information required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The Financial Statements also include notes to the financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statement of Net Position presents the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Condensed Financial Information

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

	as the	of and for year ended e 30, 2017	as o	or Year of and for ear ended 30, 2016
Current assets	\$	111,646	\$	89,025
Total assets	\$	111,646	\$	89,025
Current liabilities	\$	2,699	\$	5,965
Total liabilities	\$	2,699	\$	5,965
Unrestricted	\$	108,947	\$	83,060
Total net position	\$	108,947	\$	83,060
Operating revenues	\$	77,892	\$	51,120
Operating expenses		(52,005)		(53,879)
Operating income	\$	25,887	\$	(2,759)
Non-operating revenues				35
Change in net position	\$	25,887	\$	(2,724)

Events Affecting Future Operations

A committee appointed by the North Carolina Legislature, The Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee, has been performing a study concerning the deregulation, elimination and consolidation of occupational licensing boards in the State of North Carolina. The effect of any resulting legislation on the Board's operations in future years is not certain at this time.

Contacting the Board's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact: North Carolina Locksmith Licensing Board, P.O. Box 10972, Raleigh, North Carolina 27605-0972.

Shelton L. Hawley, CPA, PA Certified Public Accountants

 Suite B1
 Telephone: (919) 639-4825

 800 N. Raleigh St.
 Facsimile: (919) 639-3102

P.O. 1545 Angier, North Carolina 27501-1545

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina Locksmith Licensing Board Raleigh, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina Locksmith Licensing Board (the "Board"), an independent state agency which is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Board's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audit. We conducted the audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina Locksmith Licensing Board as of June 30, 2017, and the results of its operations, changes in financial position, and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Shelton L. Hawley, C.P.A., P.A.

Angier, NC

August 29, 2017

NORTH CAROLINA LOCKSMITH LICENSING BOARD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	J	June 30, 2017 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	
ASSETS		_	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	111,646	
Total current assets		111,646	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	111,646	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	1,138	
Due to other state agencies		1,561	
Total current liabilities		2,699	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,699	
NET POSITION (NOTE 4)			
Unrestricted net position		108,947	
TOTAL NET POSITION		108,947	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	111,646	

See notes to financial statements.

NORTH CAROLINA LOCKSMITH LICENSING BOARD STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 2017	
	 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
License fees, exam fees, and SBI fees	\$ 73,932	
Other income	 3,960	
Total operating revenues	\$ 77,892	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Contracted management services - administrative fees (Note 5)	\$ 19,000	
Board per diem expense (including meals and transportation)	3,926	
Website expenses	480	
Legal and accounting fees	9,068	
Investigative expense	7,977	
SBI fees	4,332	
Telephone expense	1,019	
Mailing/postage expense	1,406	
Office supplies expense	2,360	
Insurance expense	1,772	
Data processing costs	171	
Miscellaneous expense	 494	
Total operating expenses	\$ 52,005	
Operating income	\$ 25,887	
Change in net position	\$ 25,887	
Net position - beginning of year	 83,060	
Net position - end of year	\$ 108,947	

See notes to financial statements.

NORTH CAROLINA LOCKSMITH LICENSING BOARD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	2017 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from fees and other revenues	\$	77,892
Cash payments for operating expenses		(55,271)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	22,621
Net increase in cash	_ \$	22,621
Cash - beginning of year		89,025
Cash - end of year	\$	111,646
Reconciliation of operating income		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	25,887
Adjustments to reconcile operating income		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	(3,266)
Total adjustments	\$	(3,266)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	22,621

See notes to financial statements.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Organization and Purpose

The North Carolina Locksmith Licensing Board (the "Board") is an independent State agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 74F of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of nine members who are appointed by the General Assembly and the Governor of the State of North Carolina. It is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by locksmiths.

The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to licensees.

Financial Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards.

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus measures all assets that are available to the entity, not only cash or soon to be assets. Both long-term assets and long-term liabilities are measured and depreciation is recorded as a cost of operations. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Fees received for the various licenses are deemed earned when the license period begins.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position classifies the Board's revenues as operating or non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license fees and includes activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing, capital, and non-capital financing activities; and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, checking accounts and time deposits (excluding certain certificates of deposit, if any) held by the Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits in Bank(s)

All of the Board's deposits which are uninsured (if any) are uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)] by the financial institution holding said deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2017, the Board's deposits in banks had a carrying amount of \$111,646 and a bank balance of \$111,646, which was covered by federal depository insurance.

Note 3 - Unearned Revenue

The Board's license fees are assessed and collected every three years, which begins with each respective licensee's license inception date, and ends on each respective licensee's subsequent third year anniversary date. Licenses are renewed for a period of three years. License renewal fees are recognized as revenue in the period received and are not deferred and recognized as revenue over the periods to which they relate. This revenue recognition method reasonably reflects income of the Board.

Note 4 - Net Position

Investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. The board had no capital assets at year end.

Restricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted or investment in capital assets*.

Note 5 - Contracted Management Services

The Board does not have any employees. The Board contracts with a management consultant service to provide services for the Board. The contract includes all services related to the process of licensure application and renewal and various other clerical duties. Payments to the management service totaled \$19,052 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Note 6 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in state-administered risk programs and self retention of certain risks. Additionally, the Board protects itself from exposure to loss through the purchase of commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and no insurance claims were filed during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Note 7 - Contingencies

The Board is involved in occasional disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the year under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position, or cash flows for the year herein ended.

Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 29, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

Note 9 - North Carolina Legislative Statutory Disclosure Requirement Concerning Audit Fees

This audit required 38 audit hours at a cost of \$4,295.