FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NINE-MONTH PERIOD OCTOBER 1, 2018 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2019



# NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF PHARMACY Table of Contents

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**Management's Discussion and Analysis** 

Nine-Month Period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

#### Introduction

The following discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and activities of the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy (the "Board"), for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019. The Board changed its year-end from September 30 to June 30 effective October 1, 2018. The following financial statements and footnotes comprise our complete set of financial information. The Management's Discussion and Analysis identifies significant transactions that have financial impact and highlights favorable and unfavorable trends. Comparative data for the current nine-month period and the previous two fiscal years are presented in the analysis.

# **Using the Financial Statements**

The Board's financial report includes three financial statements: Statement of Net Position; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the principles of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The Statement of Net Position includes all Board current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. Current assets are those that are expected to be converted to cash within one year, and current liabilities are expected to be settled within one year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information on how the Board's net position changed as a result of the years' operations.

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash from operating activities, capital and related financing activities, and investing activities, and are presented using the direct method.

### **Statement of Net Position**

The following Statements of Net Position presents a fiscal snapshot of the Board's financial position as of June 30, 2019, September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2017. The statements provide information on current and noncurrent assets and liabilities. The data provides information on assets available to continue operations; amounts due to vendors and lending institutions; and the net position available for expenditure by the Board.

The following table summarizes the Board's assets, liabilities and net position at:

		September 30,	September 30,
	<b>June 30, 2019</b>	2018	2017
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 3,495,994	\$ 2,499,272	\$ 4,594,330
Non-current assets	5,762,024	5,384,868	3,764,303
Net capital assets	1,775,440	1,803,978	1,839,259
Total assets	11,033,458	9,688,118	10,197,892
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	46,793	82,871	74,532
Non-current liabilities	189,641	151,077	158,258
Total liabilities	236,434	233,948	232,790
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets - net			
of related depreciation	1,775,440	1,803,978	1,839,259
Unrestricted	9,021,584	7,650,192	8,125,843
Total net position	\$ 10,797,024	\$ 9,454,170	\$ 9,965,102

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Nine-Month Period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position represents the Board's results of operations. The following presents condensed financial information for Board operations for the following periods:

	Nine-Month Period Ended, June 30, 2019	Year Ended, September 30, 2018	Year Ended, September 30, 2017	
Operating revenues	\$ 4,288,337	\$ 4,538,005	\$ 4,340,239	
Operating expenses	3,153,932	5,052,735	3,860,678	
Operating income (loss)	1,134,405	(514,730)	479,561	
Non-operating revenues	208,449	3,798	26,236	
Changes in net position	1,342,854	(510,932)	505,797	
Net position - beginning of year	9,454,170	9,965,102	9,459,305	
Net position - end of year	\$ 10,797,024	\$ 9,454,170	\$ 9,965,102	

Operating revenues consisted primarily of pharmacists and pharmacy renewals. Operating revenues for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019 were \$4,288,337 compared to \$4,538,005 for the twelve-month period ended September 30, 2018. Operating expenses are related to the operation of the Board and include personnel costs, investigative costs, professional fees, bank service charges and depreciation. Also included in operating expenses in the prior year was a \$1.1 million grant awarded to NC Professionals Health Program (NCPHP) to provide scholarships to pharmacists or other pharmacy personnel participating in the NCPHP programs. The Board recorded depreciation expense of \$110,741 and \$132,349, for the nine-month period and year ended June 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018, respectively. Non-operating revenues consisted primarily of net investment income and unrealized and realized gains (losses) on investments.

### **Events Affecting Future Operations**

The Board entered into a five year agreement with Thoughtspan Technologies Inc. (Note 10), whereby Thoughtspan agrees to design, implement and support a new North Carolina Board of Pharmacy web-based licensing information and online renewal system software.

#### **Contacting the Board's Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our state, pharmacists, and creditors with a general overview of the Board's finances and demonstrate accountability of all funds received. Additional financial information may be obtained by contacting the Board at 919-246-1050.

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors North Carolina Board of Pharmacy Raleigh, North Carolina

# **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy (the "Board"), an enterprise fund of the State of North Carolina, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2019, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the nine-month period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Board's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy as of June 30, 2019, and its changes in financial position and cash flows for the nine-month period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1, these financial statements are presented only for the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy and do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of the State of North Carolina as of June 30, 2019, nor the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the nine-month period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages 1 – 2, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Bernard Robinson & Company, J.S.P.

Raleigh, North Carolina October 8, 2019

# **Statement of Net Position**

June 30, 2019

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Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,455,717
Investments, current portion	1,864,940
Accrued interest	33,657
Prepaid expenses	141,680
Total current assets	3,495,994
Non-current assets:	
Investments, less current portion	5,513,861
Note receivable - officer life insurance	248,163
Total non-current assets	5,762,024
Capital assets, net of depreciation	1,775,440
Total assets	11,033,458
LIABILITIES:	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	46,793
Total current liabilities	46,793
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Accrued vacation	189,641
Total noncurrent liabilities	189,641
Total liabilities	236,434
NET POSITION:	
Net investment in capital assets	1,775,440
Unrestricted	9,021,584
Total net position	\$ 10,797,024

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nine-Month Period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	
Pharmacist renewals	\$ 2,229,660
Pharmacist reciprocity	169,800
Pharmacist exam fees	56,500
Pharmacist/manager changes	21,770
Pharmacist reinstatements	19,440
Pharmacy renewals	675,000
Pharmacy permits	177,500
Pharmacy reinstatements	800
Technician renewals	455,250
Technician registrations	85,620
Technician reinstatements	36,480
Device and DME permits and renewals	216,700
Dispensing physician renewals and permits	61,875
Dispensing PA/NP renewals and permits	25,050
Pharmacy/pharmacists, lists and labels	35,715
Miscellaneous	21,177
Total operating revenues	4,288,337
Operating expenses:	
Salaries	1,543,096
Payroll taxes	110,212
Retirement contributions	92,071
Employee benefits	218,036
Educational expense	597
Board meeting and election expenses	15,383
Meetings per diem	12,850
Professional meetings	19,543
Inspection expense	41,933
Building dues and maintenance	88,279
Office utilities	5,730
Janitorial service	9,000
Telephone	21,055
Auto expense	21,676
Supplies	5,576
Books, dues, and subscriptions	8,615
Postage	4,468
Printing	6,025

# $Statement\ of\ Revenues, Expenses\ and\ Changes\ in\ Net\ Position\ (Continued)$

Nine-Month Period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

Operating expenses (Continued):		
Equipment lease	\$	4,277
Maintenance		92,902
Special meetings and projects		11,220
Insurance		33,571
Executive director's expense		7,390
Office staff travel		3,761
Miscellaneous		177
Consulting fees		47,333
Bank service charges		122,959
Depreciation		110,741
Legal fees		258,913
Pharmacist recovery programs		187,500
Sponsorship and advertising		37,468
Audit fee		11,575
Total operating expenses		3,153,932
Operating income		1,134,405
Non-operating revenues (expense):		
Net investment income		72,941
Unrealized and realized gain on investments		141,596
Loss on sale of fixed assets		(6,088)
Total non-operating revenues		208,449
Changes in net position		1,342,854
Net position - beginning of year		9,454,170
Net position - end of year	\$ 1	0,797,024

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

# Nine-Month Period October 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from fees	\$ 4,267,538
Other cash received	21,177
Cash payments to employees for service	(1,504,532)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,313,061)
Cash payments for other operating expenses	(269,070)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,202,052
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	(90,884)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,593
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(88,291)
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of investments	(3,426,703)
Proceeds from sales of investments	3,356,265
Net investment income	72,941
Net cash provided by investing activities	2,503
Net increase in cash	1,116,264
Cash - beginning of year	339,453
Cash - end of year	\$ 1,455,717
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Operating income	\$ 1,134,405
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	110,741
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	378
Prepaid expenses	(45,958)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(36,078)
Accrued vacation	38,564
Total adjustments	67,647
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,202,052

#### NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# **Description of Organization**

The North Carolina Board of Pharmacy (the "Board") is an independent State agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 90 of the North Carolina General Statues (NCGS). The Board is composed of six members who are appointed by the Governor, five after their election by North Carolina pharmacists, and one directly as the Board's public member. The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for the practice of pharmacy within the State of North Carolina. The Board's operations are funded primarily through license renewal and permit registration fees. The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to examinees and licensees.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The Board elected to change its fiscal year end from September 30 to June 30, effective October 1, 2018. Therefore, the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is presented for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019.

# **Reporting Entity**

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and may be reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. The Board classifies its revenue and expenses as operating and non-operating in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license renewal fees and permits. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing types of activities and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

## NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Basis of Accounting (Continued)**

The Board adopted GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, issued in March 2018 by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The GASB had no effect on the amounts previously reported or disclosed in these financial statements.

# **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

This classification includes cash on deposit and money market accounts with financial institutions. For purposes of reporting the statement of cash flows, the Board considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less as cash equivalents.

#### **Investments**

Investments consist of money market funds, certificates of deposit, and government securities invested through brokerage accounts and are reported at fair value. Investments maturing within the next fiscal year are shown as current. Board investment policies are in line with the State Treasurer under N.C.G.S. §147-69.1 regarding investment options.

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are recorded at cost. The Board capitalizes assets that have a cost of \$2,000 or greater at the date of acquisition and an expected useful life in excess of one year. Depreciation is computed over estimated useful asset lives ranging from three to thirty-nine years using the straight-line method.

# Vacation and Sick Leave

Board employees may accumulate up to 320 hours of earned vacation which is fully vested when earned. On December 31, accrued vacation in excess of the limit is transferred and added to sick leave balances.

The Board's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Unused sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment; therefore, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

# **Net Position**

The Board's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This classification represents the Board's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

*Unrestricted* - This classification represents assets with no external restriction as to use or purpose. Unrestricted net position is used for the general operations of the Board and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. The Board has reserved \$500,000 of the unrestricted net position to cover potential litigation costs, \$560,159 to cover IT infrastructure, \$17,760 to cover funds for a substance abuse program, and \$1,075,000 to cover insurance deductibles.

## NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates, resulting in adjustments in future periods.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Investments reported at fair value at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Money market funds	\$ 36,351
Traded certificates of deposit	2,327,994
Government securities	5,014,456
	\$7,378,801

Interest income and related investment fees totaled \$100,049 and \$27,108, respectively, for the ninemonth period ended June 30, 2019.

*Interest rate risk*: Interest rate risk is the risk that the Board may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. The Board minimizes this risk by investing only in certificates of deposit and government securities.

The anticipated maturities of the Board's fixed income investments as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

0 - 2 years	\$4,171,566
2 - 5 years	3,170,884
	\$7,342,450

The weighted average maturities of the certificates of deposit are 1.99 years at June 30, 2019.

The weighted average maturities of the government securities are 2.00 years at June 30, 2019.

*Credit Risk:* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2019, the Board's money market funds and the traded certificates of deposit were unrated and the government securities are fully backed by the United States government.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Board will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the Board had cash deposits and money market accounts that exceeded the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) limits of \$250,000 by \$1,244,765. In addition, government securities with a fair value of \$5,014,456 at June 30, 2019 are not insured by the FDIC. The Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) is a nonprofit membership corporation funded by its member securities broker-dealers. The SIPC insures against the loss or theft of securities as well as the failure or insolvency of the brokerage firm. At June 30, 2019, the Board owned investments that exceeded the SIPC limit of \$500,000 by \$6,378,801, which included multiple traded certificates of deposit investments totaling \$2,327,994 held in a brokerage account that were individually insured up to \$250,000 under FDIC at June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value, as defined under U.S. GAAP, is an exit price representing the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs about which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The asset's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Board's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The Board's investments at June 30, 2019 are all classified within the Level 2 fair value hierarchy.

#### NOTE 4 - OFFICER LIFE INSURANCE

The Board owns a life insurance policy jointly with the Executive Director. The amount recorded as note receivable - officer life insurance, represents the Board's equity in the policy, which totaled \$248,163 at June 30, 2019.

#### **NOTE 5 - ACCRUED VACATION**

Changes to accrued vacation are as follows for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019:

Beginning accrued vacation	\$ 151,077
Vacation earned	154,651
Vacation used	(116,087)
Ending accrued vacation	\$ 189,641

#### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the Board for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Cost 9/30/2018	A	Additions Disposa		ns Disposals	
Capital Assets:			<u></u>		<u> </u>	6/30/2019
Building	\$1,900,559	\$	-	\$	-	\$1,900,559
Building improvements	96,062		-		(1,160)	94,902
Furniture and fixtures	252,239		3,539	(	20,427)	235,351
Equipment	335,751		59,215	(1	17,970)	276,996
Vehicles	197,789		22,930		-	220,719
Software	350,000		5,200		-	355,200
Total at historical cost	3,132,400		90,884	(1)	39,557)	3,083,727
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Building	743,488		36,615		-	780,103
Building improvements	24,434		4,284		(528)	28,190
Furniture and fixtures	241,432		2,536	(	20,427)	223,541
Equipment	232,474		33,272	(1	09,921)	155,825
Vehicles	61,317		16,476		-	77,793
Software	25,277		17,558		-	42,835
Total accumulated depreciation	1,328,422		110,741	(1)	30,876)	1,308,287
Total capital assets, net	\$1,803,978	\$	(19,857)	\$	(8,681)	\$1,775,440

# **NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASES**

The Board leases a copying machine under an agreement that calls for annual lease payments of \$2,661, ending in July 2022. The Board also leases a postage machine under an agreement that calls for annual lease payments of \$1,348 ending in May 2020.

Future annual lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:		
2020	\$	3,559
2021		2,661
2022		1,996
	\$	8,216

The Board also leases other equipment on an as needed basis. Total equipment lease expense for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019 was \$4,277.

#### NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The Board contributes to the North Carolina Licensing Boards Retirement Savings Plan ("Plan"), a 401(k) defined contribution plan. The Plan has been established to provide retirement benefits for employees of State boards or agencies who have not elected by resolution to cause their employees to be eligible to become members of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and for employees hired after July 1, 1983, by an electing board or agency. The Plan is administered by an administrative committee comprised of the Executive Directors of the participating boards and agencies, with authority to amend the Plan.

Participating employees must contribute at least six percent of their gross compensation and the Board matches those contributions 100%. The employees' contributions are immediately 100% vested, and employees vest in the Board's matching contributions 20% per Plan year until they are fully vested. For vesting purposes, an employee must complete 1,000 hours of service each Plan year.

Each participant's account is credited with their individual contributions, the Board's matching contributions, and Plan earnings, and forfeitures of terminated participants' non-vested accounts. Allocations are based on participant earnings and account balances, as defined. Each participant is entitled to the benefit which can be provided from the participant's account.

Participants may retire with fully vested benefits at age 65, or at age 55 after completing five years of service. Upon termination of service, participants receive the vested value of their account in a lump-sum distribution.

Contributions to the Plan for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$215,906, which consisted of \$92,071 from the Board and \$123,835 from employees.

During the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019, the Board had no retirement forfeiture balances to offset retirement matching contributions.

### **NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board protects itself from exposures to loss through the purchase of commercial liability insurance. Tort claims against Board members are self-insured under the authority of the State Tort Claims Act. In addition, the State provides an additional coverage to the Board under the State's public officers' and employees' liability insurance contract.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS**

On April 25, 2016, the Board entered into a five-year agreement with Thoughtspan Technologies, Inc., whereby Thoughtspan agrees to design, implement and support a new North Carolina Board of Pharmacy web-based licensing information and online renewal system software. The total contract price of \$699,903 includes one time fees totaling \$366,000 for a perpetual license fee, configuration, implementation, conversion and training, and annual fees totaling \$333,903 for five years of support and maintenance after implementation. The annual fees are subject to an annual increase of 2%. The Board paid a total of \$553,499 related to the contract through June 30, 2019, of which \$350,000 has been capitalized and is included in capital assets in the accompanying statement of net position at June 30, 2019.

The Board entered into an agreement with North Carolina Professionals Health Program (NCPHP), a non-profit corporation, to offer recovery programs for pharmacists in North Carolina, effective January 15, 2016. This agreement replaced services previously obtained from the North Carolina Pharmacist Recovery Network. The agreement was renewed during the year ended September 30, 2017 and ran January 15, 2017 through September 30, 2018, after which it automatically renews for successive one-year terms unless either party provides written notice of termination at least six months prior to expiration. The contract includes a \$250,000 annual fee payable in quarterly installments. Payments to NCPHP for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$187,500.

### **NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Management of the Board evaluated subsequent events through October 8, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

The audit was conducted in approximately 90 hours at a cost of \$13,000.