Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditor's Report

Financial Statements for the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditor's Report

BOARD MEMBERS (2019-2020)

Joan Sutton, LRT/CTRS, Chairman

Rhonda Walton, LRT, Vice Chair-Treasurer

Judith Kinney, PhD, LRT/CTRS, Secretary

Wendy Chavez, MS, RN

Russell H. Greenfield, MD

Doretha Maxwell, LRTA

Carl Sipe Owens, LRT/CTRS

Tina Pilkington

EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Becky Garrett, LRT/CTRS, Executive Director

LEGAL COUNSEL

North Carolina Department of Justice

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	1-4
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	5-6
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019	
Statements of Net Position	7
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	8-9
Statements of Cash Flows	10-11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-16

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

This section of the Board's financial report represents Management's analysis of the Board's financial performance during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

During 2020, the Board's net position decreased by \$3,450, or 5.12%, due primarily to an increase in expenses. During 2019, the Board's net position increased by \$1,018, or 1.53%, due primarily to an increase in revenues.

During 2020, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$3,580, or 4.46%, due to an increase in revenue from fees. During 2019, the operating revenues of the Board increased by \$2,400, or 3.08%, due to an increase in revenue from fees.

During 2020, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$19, or 12.75%, due to the fact that the board had more average cash on hand during the current year. During 2019, the non-operating revenues of the Board increased by \$4, or 2.76%, due to the fact that the board had more average cash on hand during the current year.

During 2020, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$8,067, or 10.16%, due primarily to an increase in website expenses. During 2019, the operating expenses of the Board increased by \$4,310, or 5.74%, due primarily to an increase in travel expenses and storage rental fees.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of two sections: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. The Board has no other supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The Financial Statements also include notes to the financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the financial statements.

The financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statements of Net Position present the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations.

The Statements of Cash Flows present information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Condensed Financial Information

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

	Cu	rrent Year	Current Year			
	as	of and for	as of and for			
	the	year ended	the	year ended		
	Jun	e 30, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2019		
Current assets	\$	75,026	\$	70,041		
Capital assets		2,211		3,058		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	77,237	\$	73,099		
Current liabilities	\$	13,246	\$	5,658		
Total liabilities	\$	13,246	\$	5,658		
Investment in capital assets	\$	2,211	\$	3,058		
Unrestricted		61,780		64,383		
Total net position	\$	63,991	\$	67,441		
Operating revenues	\$	83,880	\$	80,300		
Operating expenses		(87,498)		(79,431)		
Operating income		(3,618)		869		
Non-operating revenues		168		149		
Change in net position	\$	(3,450)	\$	1,018		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Financial Analysis

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$63,991 for the year ended June 30, 2020. The largest component of net position was cash and cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents represented 115.41% of total net position. Current assets consist of cash, accrued interest receivable, and prepaid expenses. Noncurrent assets consist of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets are not a significant component of assets and are denoted below in the comparative summary of the Statements of Net Position. Current liabilities consist of accounts payable and payroll related liabilities. The Board has no long term liabilities. Net position consists of net assets invested in capital assets and unrestricted net assets. Net investment in capital assets is a component of net position and consists of capital assets net of depreciation The following is a summary of the Statements of Net Position.

	Current Year		Curi	rent Year	Α	mount			
		as of		as of		of	Percentage		
	June	30, 2020	June 30, 2019		Change		Change		
Current assets	\$	75,026	\$	70,041	\$	4,985	7.12%		
Capital assets		2,211		3,058		(847)	-27.70%		
Total assets	\$	77,237	\$	73,099	\$	4,138	5.66%		
Current liabilities	\$	13,246	\$	5,658	\$	7,588	134.11%		
Total liabilities	\$	13,246	\$	5,658	\$	7,588	134.11%		
Invested in capital assets	\$	2,211	\$	3,058	\$	(847)	-27.70%		
Unrestricted		61,780		64,383		(2,603)	-4.04%		
Total net position	\$	63,991	\$	67,441	\$	(3,450)	-5.12%		

The following is a summary of the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. Further discussion of this is included in the preceding section entitled "Financial Highlights."

			Amount								
	The y	ear ended	The	year ended		of	Percentage				
	June	e 30, 2020 June 30, 2019			Change	Change					
Operating revenues	\$	83,880	\$	80,300	\$	3,580	4.46%				
Operating expenses		(87,498)		(79,431)		(8,067)	10.16%				
Non-operating revenues		168		149		19	12.75%				
Change in net position	\$	(3,450)	\$	1,018	\$	(4,468)	-438.90%				
Ending net position	\$	63,991	\$	67,441	\$	(3,450)	-5.12%				

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a breakdown of operating revenues by source. Further discussion of this is included in the preceding section entitled "Financial Highlights."

	The y	ear ended	The y	ear ended	of		Percentage	
	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019		30, 2019	Change		Change		
Revenue from fees	\$	83,880	\$	80,300	\$	3,580	4.46%	
Total	\$	83,880	\$	80,300	\$	3,580	4.46%	

The following is a breakdown of non-operating revenues by source. Further discussion of this is included in the preceding section entitled "Financial Highlights."

					Am	ount	
	The ye	ar ended	The ye	ar ended	(of	Percentage
	June 3	30, 2020	June 3	30, 2019	Cha	ange	Change
Interest income	\$	168	\$	149	\$	19	12.75%
Total	\$	168	\$	149	\$	19	12.75%

Events Affecting Future Operations

The Board is not aware of any significant events that may affect future operations of the Board which are reportable pursuant to GASB reporting requirements. The Board anticipates that revenues and expenses of the Board in the upcoming year will be comparable to preceding years.

Contacting the Board's Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact: North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure, PO Box 2655, Durham, NC 27715.

Shelton L. Hawley, CPA, PA Certified Public Accountants

 Suite B1
 Telephone: (919) 639-4825

 800 N. Raleigh St.
 Facsimile: (919) 639-3102

 P.O. Box 1545
 Facsimile: (919) 639-3102

Angier, North Carolina 27501-1545

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure Durham, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure (the "Board"), an independent state board which is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Board's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on the audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONCLUDED)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historic context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Shelta Loseway, C.P.A., P.A.

Shelton L. Hawley, C.P.A., P.A.

Angier, North Carolina

September 24, 2020

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF RECREATIONAL THERAPY LICENSURE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	Jı	ine 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
		roprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1 and 2)	\$	73,852	\$ 70,028
Accrued interest receivable		12	13
Prepaid expense (Note 1)		1,162	
Total current assets		75,026	70,041
Capital assets (Notes 1 and 3):			
Furniture and office equipment		2,211	 3,058
Total capital assets - net of depreciation		2,211	3,058
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	77,237	\$ 73,099
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable (Note 4)	\$	8,093	\$ 654
Accrued payroll		3,602	3,119
Withheld and accrued payroll taxes		1,551	 1,885
Total current liabilities		13,246	5,658
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,246	 5,658
NET POSITION (NOTE 1)			
Investment in capital assets		2,211	3,058
Unrestricted net position		61,780	 64,383
TOTAL NET POSITION		63,991	67,441
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	77,237	\$ 73,099

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF RECREATIONAL THERAPY LICENSURE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020		2019	
	roprietary- Enterprise Fund	Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Fees, licenses and fines:				
Revenue from fees	\$ 83,880	\$	80,300	
Total operating revenues	\$ 83,880	\$	80,300	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personal services (and board members expenses):				
Salary- management	\$ 42,840	\$	40,117	
Payroll taxes	3,277		3,069	
Board members expenses			830	
Supplies and materials:				
Office supplies	979		1,452	
Services:				
Professional fees- legal, audit and accounting	7,795		7,295	
Website expense (design build and hosting)	10,032		1,194	
Travel and related expense (staff) (including conferences)	1,632		4,840	
Postage	719		854	
Telephone	1,479		1,013	
Credit card fees	5,098		4,753	
Depreciation	847		846	
Insurance	11,958		11,958	
Other expenses:				
Rental of storage space	830		881	
Dues and subscriptions			317	
Miscellaneous other expenses	 12		12	
Total operating expenses	\$ 87,498	\$	79,431	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (3,618)	\$	869	

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF RECREATIONAL THERAPY LICENSURE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020	 2019
	roprietary- Enterprise Fund	 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Interest income	\$ 168	\$ 149
Total non-operating revenues	\$ 168	\$ 149
Change in net position	\$ (3,450)	\$ 1,018
Net position - beginning of year	 67,441	 66,423
Net position - end of year	\$ 63,991	\$ 67,441

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF RECREATIONAL THERAPY LICENSURE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020 Proprietary- Enterprise	Proprietary- Enterprise		
	 Fund		Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:	0.2.000		00.00	
Cash received from fees and other sources	\$ 83,880	\$	80,300	
Cash payments to employees for services	(45,968)		(42,720)	
Cash payments for operating expenses	 (34,257)		(36,457)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3,655	\$	1,123	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Earnings on savings and investments	\$ 169	\$	148	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$ 169	\$	148	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets	\$	\$	(1,154)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and financing activities	\$ 0	\$	(1,154)	
Net increase(decrease) in cash	\$ 3,824	\$	117	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	70,028		69,911	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 73,852	\$	70,028	

NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF RECREATIONAL THERAPY LICENSURE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020 roprietary- Enterprise Fund	2019 Proprietary- Enterprise Fund		
Reconciliation of operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ (3,618)	\$	869	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$ 847	\$	846	
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Prepaid expense	(1,162)		244	
Accounts payable	7,439		(1302)	
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	 149		466	
Total adjustments	\$ 7,273	\$	254	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,655	\$	1,123	

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Organization and Purpose

The North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure (the "Board") is an independent state board. During 2005, the Board had its name changed, pursuant to North Carolina General Statute, from the North Carolina Therapeutic Recreation Certification Board to the North Carolina Board of Recreational Therapy Licensure. The Board is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 90C of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of eight members who are appointed by the Governor and the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina. It is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by recreational therapists and assistants.

The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to licensees.

Financial Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). These financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting principles and reporting standards.

All activities of the Board are accounted for within a single proprietary (enterprise) fund. Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Board are prepared using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resource measurement focus measures all assets that are available to the entity, not only cash or soon to be assets. Both long-term assets and long-term liabilities are measured and depreciation is recorded as a cost of operations. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability has been incurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Fees received for the various licenses are deemed earned when the license period begins.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position classifies the Board's revenues as operating or non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license fees and includes activities that have characteristics of exchange transactions. Operating expenses are all expense transactions incurred other than those related to capital and noncapital financing or investing activities as defined by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing, capital, and non-capital financing activities; and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, checking accounts and time deposits (excluding certain certificates of deposit, if any) held by the Board. Certain certificates of deposits, if any, are considered investments for the Statements of Net Position presentation.

Prepaid Expenses

This classification includes expenses which were prepaid at year end for storage space.

Capital Assets

Property and equipment are stated at cost and are being depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis. The Board capitalizes assets that have a value or cost of \$100 or greater at the date of acquisition and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally estimated as follows: office furniture and equipment, 5 to 7 years.

Note 1 - Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any loan proceeds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no restricted net position at year end.

Unrestricted net position - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of *restricted or investment in capital assets*.

Revenue Recognition

Prior to July 1, 2013, the Board's licensing term was on a biennial basis, which began with each respective licensee's inception date, and ended on each respective licensee's subsequent second year anniversary date (the former method). Further, in alternating years, licensing maintenance fees (in the same amount as the license renewal fee) were and continue to be collected. Pursuant to a change in the Board's administrative code, effective on July 1, 2013, the Board's licensing term is now on a biennial basis which coincides with the licensee's month of birth (the current method). For all periods through June 30, 2013, license renewal fees were reported as revenue in the period received and were not allocated to other years. During the latter part of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, additional fees (for renewals and for maintenance fees) were collected in advance from licensees in the amounts of a pro-rated fees beginning with the licensees' renewal date under the "former method" until the month of licensees' birth month (the current method). This unearned revenue calculation for the year ended June 30, 2014 was a one year-one time only calculation, which was employed in order to allocate those advance collected pro-rata fees to the year ended June 30, 2015. Except for this one time allocation for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, license renewal fees are recognized as revenue in the period received and are not deferred and recognized as revenue over the periods to which they relate. This revenue recognition method reasonably reflects income of the Board.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Deposits

Deposits

All of the Board's deposits which are uninsured are uncollateralized [unless collateralized pursuant to NC Administrative Code (20 NCAC 7)] by the financial institution holding said deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have formal written policies regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$73,852 (including undeposited receipts) and a bank balance of \$72,954, which was covered by federal depository insurance with the National Credit Union Administration. At June 30, 2019, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$70,028 (including undeposited receipts) and a bank balance of \$61,399, which was covered by federal depository insurance with the National Credit Union Administration.

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	(Cost					Cost Accumulated				Net	
	06-	-30-19	Acc	uisitions	Disp	osals	06-30-20 Depreciation		Α	mount		
Furniture/Equipment	\$	4,596	\$	-	\$		\$	4,596	\$	2,385	\$	2,211
	\$	4,596	\$	0	\$	0	\$	4,596	\$	2,385	\$	2,211
		Cost						Cost	Acc	umulated		Net
	06	-30-18	Acc	uisitions	Disp	osals	0	6-30-19	Dep	reciation	A	mount
Furniture/Equipment	\$	3,442	\$	1,154	\$	-	\$	4,596	\$	1,538	\$	3,058
	\$	3,442	\$	1,154	\$	0	\$	4,596	\$	1,538	\$	3,058
Furniture/Equipment		-30-18 3,442	\$	1,154	\$		\$	6-30-19 4,596	Dep \$	1,538	\$	3,058

When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in earnings for the period. Depreciation expense was \$847 for the year ended June 30, 2020 and \$846 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 4 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable consists of amounts due to vendors in the ordinary operations of the Board. Accounts payable due in the ordinary operations of the Board which are due to other state agencies (if any) are reported separately.

Due to Vendors	June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019	
	\$	8,093	\$	654
Total Accounts Payable	\$	8,093	\$	654

Note 5 - Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in certain state-administered risk programs and self retention of certain risks. Additionally, the Board protects itself from exposure to loss through the purchase of commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year, and no insurance claims were filed during the last three fiscal years.

Note 6 - Contingencies

The Board is involved in occasional disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the years under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position, or cash flows for the years herein ended.

Note 7 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 24, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

This audit required approximately 52 audit hours at a cost of \$5,295.