JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CHAIRS' AGENDA

November 29, 2005

10:00 A.M., ROOM 643 Legislative Office Building

Representative Yongue, presiding

Welcome and Introductions

Approval of Minutes (Need a motion to approve them — Behind Tab 3)

Budget/Authorizing Legislation/Studies (Need motion to approve Budget - Behind Tab 2)

Robin Johnson, Committee Counsel

Spotlight on 2005 Education Legislation

Dr. Shirley Iorio, Committee Analyst

Teacher Shortage (Behind Tab 4)

Dr. Kathy Sullivan, Director, Human Resource Management/Quality Professionals NC Department of Public Instruction

Teacher Working Conditions Survey

Eric Hirsch, Executive Director Center for Teaching Quality

Dr. Larry Price, Superintendent Wilson County Schools

Lunch Break

Teacher Recruitment/Retention Proposals (Behind Tab 5)

Report and Recommendations from the State Board of Education Teacher Retention Task Force

Dr. Jane Norwood, Vice Chairman, State Board of Education, and Chairman of Task Force Governor's Office

Ann McArthur, Teacher Advisor Dan Gerlach, Senior Policy Advisor for Fiscal Affairs

North Carolina Association of Educators

Eddie Davis, President

Professional Educators of North Carolina

Dr. Ellen Greaves, Executive Director

Tonight's joint dinner with SBE is a public meeting. You should RECESS to reconvene at 6:00 in Room 150, Education Building.

JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE AGENDA

November 30, 2005 9:00 A.M., ROOM 643 Legislative Office Building

Representative Yongue, presiding

Welcome

Proposal for Funding for Lateral Entry Teachers/Nurses

Dr. A. Hope Williams, President, N.C. Independent Colleges and Universities

Low-Wealth Funds (Behind Tab 6)

Lydia Prude, Section Chief, School Allotments, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

Alexis Schauss, Section Chief, Information Analysis and Reporting, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

- Dr. Shirley B. Prince, Superintendent, Scotland County Schools

Dr. Norman W. Shearin, Jr., Superintendent, Vance County Schools

DPI Contract Positions (DPI was asked to address certain questions.

These questions can be found behind Tab 7)

Philip Price, Associate Superintendent, Financial and Business Services, Department of Public Instruction

The chairs have decided to cancel the December 20-21 meeting. This should be announced. Next meeting will be January 10-11, 2006.

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JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

2005-2006 SESSION

November 29-30, 2005

TABS

- 1 Membership List
- <u>2</u> Budget/Authorizing Legislation/Studies
- <u>3</u> Minutes
- 4 Teacher Shortage
- <u>5</u> Teacher Recruitment/Retention
- 6 Low-Wealth Funds
- 7 DPI Contract Positions

June 2005

	Due date:	June 15, 2005 (biannually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
	Description:	Expenditures from the Board Reserve Fund to be	
1		used for feasibility studies, pilot projects, and start-	1
		up of new programs	
	Chapter:	G.S. 115D-5(j)	
	Contact(s):	Kennon Briggs	

July 2005

	Due date:	July 15, 2005 (Quarterly)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
2	Description:	Projects funded from community college general	
2	_	obligation bonds	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2000-3, sec. 1.2	
	Contact(s):	Kennon Briggs	

August 2005

	Due date:	August 1, 2005 (Quarterly)	RECEIVED
	From:	Community Colleges System Office	1
,	Description:	Use of Funds for the College Information System	
3		Project	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 8.1, S.L. 2004-124, sec. 8.1	
0	Contact(s):	Saundra Williams	

September 2005

		September 2005	
	Due Date:	September 1, 2005	RECEIVED
	From:	Fayetteville Technical Community College	
4	Description	Statewide Military Business Center and Homeland	
4	_	Security Business Incubator	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2004-124, sec. 8.17(c)	
	Contact(s)	Larry Norris	
	Due Date:	September 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
	Description	Expenditures for the New and Expanding Industry	
5	_	Program (Modified Reporting Requirement)	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2004-124, sec. 8.4, S.L. 1997-443, sec. 9.5,	
	_	G.S. 115D-5(I)	
	Contact(s)	Larry Keen	

September 2005 (continued)

	Due date:	September 15, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Education	
6	Description:	High School Workforce Development Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2004-124, sec. 7.22	
	Contact(s):	Janice Davis, Elsie Leak, Tony Habit	

October 2005

	Due date:	October 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Education	
7	Description:	Schools of Education performance reports	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2000-67, sec. 9.2(a)	
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan	
	Due date:	October 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Education Assistance Authority	
8	Description:	Aid to students attending private colleges	
ō	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 31.1(b), 2000-67, sec. 10.3, S.L.	
	_	1999-237, sec. 10; G.S. 116-19; S.L. 1998-212, s. 11	
	Contact(s):	Steve Brooks	
	Due date:	October 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
9	Description:	Progress of NC Graduates Entering Primary Care	
9	_	Centers	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1995-507, sec. 23A.5(d)	
	Contact(s):	Alan Mabe	
	Due Date:	October 3, 2005 (annually)	/377'11 1 1 · 1
	From:	State Board of Education	(Will be combined with Mentor Teacher
10	Description:	Impact of mentor program on retention of teachers	Funds Report)
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 28.18(b)	1 /
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan	
	Due date:	October 15, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Education & Governing Boards	
	Description:	Evaluation of student success in cooperative	
11		innovative education programs	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.33, S.L. 2003-277, Sec. 2 (codified	
		as G.S. 115C-238.55)	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak, Ken Whitehurst	
	Due date:	October 15, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Education	
12	Description:	ABCs Report	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1997-18, sec. 15(a), G.S. 115C-12(25)	
	Contact(s):	Janice Davis, Lou Fabrizio, Elsie Leak	

October 2005 (continued)

Due date: October 15, 2005 (annually)	IVED
1101111	he ABCs
Description: Teacher Competency Assurance (general knowledge Report	
test for certified staff in low-performing schools)	
Chapter: S.L. 1997-221, sec. 3(f)	
Contact(s): Janice Davis, Lou Fabrizio, Elsie Leak	
Due date: October 15, 2005 (Quarterly) RECE	IVED
From: State Board of Community Colleges	
Description: Projects funded from community college general	
obligation bonds	
Chapter: S.L. 2000-3, sec. 1.2	
Contact(s): Kennon Briggs	
Due date: October 31, 2005 (annually) RECE	IVED
From: State Board of Education	
Description: Expenditure of Supplemental Funds for Low-	
Wealth Counties	
Chapter: S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.60	
Contact(s): Philip Price	
Due date: October 31, 2005 (annually) RECE	IVED
From: State Board of Education	
Description: New Accountability for the Use of Funds in the	
At-Risk and Improving Student Acct. Allotments	
Chapter: S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.61	
Contact(s): Philip Price	

November 2005

	Due date:	November 1, 2005 (Quarterly)	RECEIVED
	From:	Community Colleges System Office	
17	Description:	Use of Funds for the College Information System	
1/		Project	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 8.1, S.L. 2004-124, sec. 8.1	
	Contact(s):	Saundra Williams	
	Due date:	November 15, 2005 (Annually)	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
18	Description:	Focused Growth Pilot Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2002-126, sec. 9.9	
	Contact(s):	Gretchen Bataille, Jeff Davies	

December 2005

	Due date:	December 1, 2005	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
19	Description:	Ferry Boat Operator Training Feasibility	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 8.7	
	Contact(s):	Kennon Briggs, Wade Quinn, Jerry Gaskill (DOT)	
	Due date:	December 1, 2005 (annually)	
	From:	NC Teaching Standards Commission	
20	Description:	Activities and recommendations for improving the	
20		teaching profession	
	Chapter:	G.S. 115C-295.2(c)	
	Contact(s)	Eleanor Goettee	
	Due date:	December 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	Department of Public Instruction	
	Description:	Results of county school system's receipts from sale	
21		of seized vehicles and costs for administering the	
		DWI motor vehicle forfeiture law	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1998-182, sec. 38	
	Contact(s)	Philip Price, Ben Matthews	
	Due date:	December 1, 2005 (annually)	RECEIVED
	From:	State Board of Education	
22	Description:	Evaluation of initiatives to assist high-priority schs.	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 29.6(d)	
	Contact(s):	Priscilla Maynor, Ken Gattis	
	Due date:	December 15, 2005	
	From:	State Board of Education	
23	Description:	Credit for High School Courses Taken Out-of-	
23		State	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-445	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak, Wandra Polk	
	Due date:	December 15, 2005 (Interim Report)	
	From:	Children's Services Work Group	
24	Description:	Comprehensive Treatment Services Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 10.25	,
	Contact(s):		
	Due date:	December 15, 2005	
	From:	State Board of Education	
	Description:	Funds used to provide assistance to low-performing	
25		LEAs and to assist schools to meet AYP for each	
		subgroup	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2003-284, Sec. 7.17	.8
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak	

October 2006 (continued)

	Due date:	October 15, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education	Part of the ABCs
00	Description:	Teacher Competency Assurance provisions (general	Report
		knowledge test for certified staff in low-performing	
88		schools and a plan to provide certified substitutes	
		when teachers are absent for remediation)	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1997-221, sec. 3(f)	
	Contact(s):	Janice Davis, Lou Fabrizio, Elsie Leak	
	Due date:	October 31, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education	
89	Description:	Expenditure of Supplemental Funds for Low-	
0.7		Wealth Counties	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.60	
	Contact(s):	Philip Price	
	Due date:	October 31, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education	
90	Description:	New Accountability for the Use of Funds in the	
70		At-Risk and Improving Student Acct. Allotments	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.61	
	Contact(s):	Philip Price	

November 2006

	Due date:	November 1, 2006 (Quarterly)	
	From:	Community Colleges System Office	
91	Description:	Use of Funds for the College Information System	
91		Project	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 8.1, S.L. 2004-124, sec. 8.1	
	Contact(s):	Saundra Williams	
	Due date:	November 15, 2006	
	From:	State Board of Education	
92	Description:	Small Specialty High Schools Pilot Program	
92	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.52	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak, Philip Price, Charlotte Hughes,	
		Wandra Polk, Ken Gattis	
	Due date:	November 15, 2006 (Annually)	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
93	Description:	Focused Growth Pilot Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2002-126, sec. 9.9	
	Contact(s):	Gretchen Bataille, Jeff Davies	

December 2006

	Due date:	December 1, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	NC Teaching Standards Commission	
94	Description:	Activities and recommendations for improving the	
7		teaching profession	
	Chapter:	G.S. 115C-295.2(c)	
	Contact(s)	Eleanor Goettee	
	Due date:	December 1, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	Department of Public Instruction	
	Description:	Results of county school system's receipts from sale	
95		of seized vehicles and costs for administering the	
		DWI motor vehicle forfeiture law	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1998-182, sec. 38	
	Contact(s)	Philip Price, Ben Matthews	
	Due date:	December 1, 2006 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education	
96	Description:	Evaluation of initiatives to assist high-priority schs.	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 29.6(d)	
	Contact(s):	Priscilla Maynor, Ken Gattis	
	Due date:	December 15, 2006	
	From:	State Board of Education	
97	Description:	State Board of Education Mentor Teacher Funds	
97	Description: Chapter:		
97	Description: Chapter: Contact(s):	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan	
97	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date:	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007)	
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97	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description:	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools	
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98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From:	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges	
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98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter:	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2	
98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s):	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2 Delores Parker	
98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s):	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2 Delores Parker December 31, 2006 (Final Report)	
98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s):	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2 Delores Parker December 31, 2006 (Final Report) UNC Board of Governors/SBCC	
98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description:	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2 Delores Parker December 31, 2006 (Final Report) UNC Board of Governors/SBCC Joint Study of Higher Education Strategy	
98	Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s): Due date: From: Description: Chapter: Contact(s):	Mentor Teacher Funds S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.21 Kathy Sullivan December 15, 2006 (annually through 2007) State Board of Education Recycling efforts of the public schools S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11 Philip Price, Ben Matthews December 20, 2006 (annually) State Board of Community Colleges Regional program offerings in community colleges S.L. 2002-126, sec. 8.2 Delores Parker December 31, 2006 (Final Report) UNC Board of Governors/SBCC	

January 2007

	Due date:	January 1, 2007 (biennially)	
	From:	Commission on School Technology	
101	Description:	Modifications to the State school technology plan	
	Chapter:	S.L. 1997-443, s. 8.26(b), codified as G.S. 115C-102.6B	
	Contact(s):	Bob Bellamy, Frances Bradburn	
	Due date:	January 15, 2007 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education	
102	Description:	Disadvantaged Student Supplemental Funding	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.8	
	Contact(s):	Philip Price	

April 2007

	Due date:	April 1, 2007 (annually) (Final Report 4/1/2011)
	From:	State Board of Education/State Board of
		Community Colleges
103	Description:	Community colleges may train lateral entry
	_	teachers
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-198
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan, Martin Lancaster, Delores Parker

September 2007

	Due date:	September 2007 (biennially)	
	From:	UNC BOG	
104	Description:	Continue Academic Common Market Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 9.24	
	Contact(s):	Michelle Howard-Vital	

October 2007

	Due date:	October 15, 2007 (annually)	
	From:	State Board of Education & Governing Boards	
	Description:	Evaluation of student success in cooperative	
105		innovative education programs	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.33, S.L. 2003-277, Sec. 2 (codified	
1		as G.S. 115C-238.55)	10
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak, Ken Whitehurst	

December 2007

	Due date:	December 15, 2007	
	From:	State Board of Education	
106	Description:	LEA Assistance Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.24	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak	
	Due date:	December 15, 2007 (final report)	
	From:	State Board of Education	
107	Description:	Recycling efforts of the public schools	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-512, sec. 11	
	Contact(s):	Philip Price, Ben Matthews	

June 2008

	Due date:	June 1, 2008 (annually)	· ·
	From:	State Education Assistance Authority	•
108	Description:	Scholarship Administration for the State Lottery	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-344, HB 1023	
	Contact(s):	Steve Brooks	

April 2008

	Due date:	April 1, 2008 (annually) (Final Report 4/1/2011)	
	From:	State Board of Education/State Board of	1
		Community Colleges	
109	Description:	Community colleges may train lateral entry	
		teachers	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-198	
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan, Martin Lancaster, Delores Parker	

April 2009

	Due date:	April 1, 2009(annually) (Final Report 4/1/2011)	
	From:	State Board of Education/State Board of	
		Community Colleges	
110	Description:	Community colleges may train lateral entry	
		teachers	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-198	
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan, Martin Lancaster, Delores Parker	

April 2010

	Due date:	April 1, 2010 (annually) (Final Report 4/1/2011)
	From:	State Board of Education/State Board of
		Community Colleges
111	Description:	Community colleges may train lateral entry
	_	teachers
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-198
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan, Martin Lancaster, Delores Parker

April 2011

	Due date:	April 1, 2011 (Final Report)	
	From:	State Board of Education/State Board of	
		Community Colleges	
112	Description:	Community colleges may train lateral entry	
		teachers	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-198	
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan, Martin Lancaster, Delores Parker	

Reports With No Statutory Due Date

	Reports With 140 Statutory Due Dute		
	Due date:	Prior to Adoption of Proposed Changes	
	From:	State Board of Education	
113	Description:	Minimize Time Devoted to Standardized Tests	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.37	
	Contact(s):	Lou Fabrizio	
	Due date:	Before implementation of proposed curriculum	
	From:	State Board of Education	
114	Description:	Teach Financial Literacy	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 7.59	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak	
	Due date:	Before implementing success centers or ALPs in	
1		New Hanover County	
	From:	State Board of Education	
115	Description:	Alternative Learning Programs/New Hanover	
		Board of Education	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-446	
	Contact(s):	Elsie Leak, Marvin Pittman	
	Due date:	Annually	
	From:	Child Nutrition Services Section/DPI	
116	Description:	Child Nutrition Standards	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-457	
	Contact(s):	Philip Price	
	Due date:	Annual Basis	
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
117	Description:	Customized Industry Training Program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2005-276, sec. 8.4	
	Contact(s):	Larry Keen	
	Due date:	No Date	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
118	Description:	Actual Enrollment Increases for Fall 2005	
	Chapter:	2005 Joint Conference Committee Report – 8/8/05	
	Contact(s):	Alan Mabe	
	Due date:	Annually on compliance	
	From:	State Board of Education	
119	Description:	School Calendar Changes (Rate of Pay, Pay Cycles)	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2004-180, HB 1464	F2s
	Contact(s):	9	

Reports With No Statutory Due Date (continued)

	Reports with No Statutory Due Date (Continued)		
	Due date:	Annually	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
120	Description:	UNC capital facilities maintenance, repairs &	
120	_	renovations; funding formula for R & R Account.	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2000-3, secs. 1.1 & 6	
	Contact(s):	Jeff Davies	
	Due date:	No Date	
	From:	State Auditor	
121	Description:	ExplorNet Audit	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 28.45	
	Contact(s):		
	Due date:	No Date	
	From:	State Education Assistance Authority	
	Description:	Number of full-time equivalent students enrolled at	
122		certain private institutions of higher education and	
		Legislative Tuition Grants collected by students	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2003-429, HB 150	
	Contact(s):	Steve Brooks	
	Due date:	No less than 30 days before effective date	
	From:	State Board of Community Colleges	
123	Description:	Changes in organizational structure of The	
123	14	Apprenticeship program	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 30.10(b)	
	Contact(s):	Larry Keen	
	Due date:	No Date	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
124	Description:	Feasibility of establishing a School of Dentistry at	
127		East Carolina University	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 31.10(d)	
	Contact(s):		
	Due date:	(As needed) 30 days before the regularly scheduled	
		meeting of the Board of Governors	
	From:	UNC Board of Governors	
125	Description:	(New or revised) Management flexibility policies,	
120		procedures, and rules for special responsibility	
		constituent institutions	
	Chapter:	S.L. 2001-424, sec. 31.11(a), G.S. 116-40.23	
	Contact(s):	Boards of Trustees	

Reports With No Statutory Due Date (continued)

	Due date:	Prior to awarding contract
	From:	State Board of Education
126	Description:	Study of the current certification programs
	Chapter:	S.L. 2002-126, sec. 7.18(d)
	Contact(s):	Kathy Sullivan

Education Oversight

SCHOOL EMPLOYEE SALARY STUDY

SECTION 7.47. The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall research and study the current salary structure for teachers. In the course of the study, the Committee shall:

Develop a method to determine North Carolina's ability to (1)remain competitive in recruiting and retaining highly qualified

Consider new salary schedule options in lieu of a simple (2)

modification of the current salary schedule.

Research and make recommendations on whether or not (3)compressing or expanding a teacher salary schedule would assist in retaining teachers at critical periods when many teachers tend to leave the profession.

Develop and recommend an adequate compensation structure for (4)

masters degree and other advanced training.

Consider the placement of appropriate extraordinary increases on (5)the teacher salary schedule for achievement of career status, teacher retention, and other purposes.

Consider how personal leave and other fringe benefits contribute (6)

to the compensation packages for employees.

STUDY IN-STATE TEACHER TUITION BENEFIT

SECTION 9.35. The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall study the current law regarding the in-State tuition rate available to certain teachers for courses relevant to teacher certification or professional development as a teacher. In its study, the Committee shall consider the difficulty some teachers have in establishing North Carolina as their domicile, the fact that school systems on the borders of the State often recruit nonresidents who commute from their homes to teach in the North Carolina public school system and so are unable to establish this State as their domicile and any other relevant issues. The Committee shall make an interim report regarding its findings and recommendations to the 2005 General Assembly by May 30, 2007, and shall make a final report of its findings and recommendations to the 2007 General Assembly.

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MINUTES JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 2003-2004 SESSION APRIL 27, 2004

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee met on Tuesday, April 27, 2004 in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building. Members in attendance included fellow Co-Chairs - Representative Robert Grady and Senator A.B. Swindell — as well as Senators Tom Apodaca, Charlie Dannelly, Katie Dorsett, Linda Garrou, John Garwood, Kay Hagan, Vernon Malone, Tony Moore, Martin Nesbitt, Jr., Robert Rucho, and Richard Stevens; Representatives Larry Bell, Verla Insko, Margaret Jeffus, Louis Pate, Jr., Jean Preston, John Sauls, Joe Tolson, and Alex Warner, Jr. Attached are the Agenda and Visitor Registration (see **attachments 1 and 2**).

Representative Doug Yongue, presiding Co-Chair called the meeting to order at 10:10 a.m. Chairman Yongue also recognized a UNC at Pembroke student from the 46th House District, Representative Yongue's district, Mr. David Griffin.

As the first order of business, Chairman Yongue asked for a motion to adopt the minutes of the previous meeting on March 25th. Representative Pate moved adoption of the minutes. The motion carried unanimously.

FUNDING FORMULA FOR MULTI-CAMPUS COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Chairman Yongue invited the first presenter Dr. Tony Zeiss to present an informative session on issues and needs surrounding the multi-campus community colleges. Dr. Zeiss is President of Central Piedmont Community College. Please refer to attachment 3 for Dr. Zeiss's complete presentation. Dr. Zeiss introduced Dr. Marvin Joyner, President, Central Carolina Community College in order to help answer questions from the committee as well as Ms. Kathy Drumm, Executive Vice-President, Central Piedmont Community College, and Mr. Fred Williams, North Carolina Community College System.

Representative Tolson made a motion to recommend funding for the multicampus community colleges and extension community college campuses. With a second from Representative Sauls the motion carried unanimously.

Chairman Yongue welcomed the next three presenters: Ms. Jane Albright, Public Affairs Officer, Industrial Extension Service at North Carolina State University (NCSU); Mr. Perry Kallam, Senior Manager, Konica Minolta in Whitsett, North Carolina; and Mr. Lynn Reese, Associate Director, Industrial Extension Service at North Carolina State University. Ms. Albright introduced the Industrial Extension Service, started by the Land Grant Mission of North Carolina State University. IES was founded by an act of the North Carolina General Assembly in 1955 and located within the College of Engineering at NCSU. The intent, according to Ms. Albright, is to save jobs, provide manufacturing

training, increase productivity in order to keep the manufacturing industry alive and competitive. Please refer to **attachment 4** for Ms. Albright's presentation in its entirety.

Following Ms. Albright, Mr. Perry Kallam, Senior Manager at Konica Minolta, spoke from experience about the services of the Industrial Extension Service and encouraged committee members to contribute more funding. Mr. Lynn Reese spoke of the Manufacturing Extension Program – part of the Industrial Extension Program. Mr. Reese requested funding – due to a cut in federal funding for 2005. Senator Nesbitt made motion to recommend that the 2004 General Assembly support and maintain at a cost of \$2 million dollars the Industrial Extension Service and Manufacturing Extension Program in North Carolina. After little discussion, the motion received a second and carried unanimously.

Chairman Yongue then introduced the proposed report of the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee. Please refer to **attachment 5** – a draft copy of proposed committee recommendations. The first motion was made by Representative Warner to amend the first recommendation which reads "The General Assembly should enact AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO MAKE PERMANENT THE PROVISION THAT PERMITS RETIRED TEACHERS TO RETURN TO THE CLASSROOM WITHOUT A LOSS OF RETIREMENT BENEFITS;" to include "media specialists and counselors". With a second from Senator Dannelly, the motion carried unanimously.

Chairman Yongue expressed that the intent of the recommendation is to correct and aid in the teacher shortage. Representative Warner made motion to include a sunset as June 30, 2010 on recommendation number one. With a second from Representative Sauls, the motion carried unanimously.

Chairman Yongue moved on to recommend a motion to approve recommendation number one as amended. Representative Jeffus made a motion. With a second from Representative Warner, the motion carried unanimously.

As the next order of business, there was a motion to approve recommendation number two. The motion carried unanimously.

Chairman Yongue asked for a motion to keep recommendations, numbered three and four on the agenda for future discussion. The motion was made by Representative Warner. The motion received a second and carried unanimously.

As the final piece of business, the committee voted to adopt the recommendations listed in the report (attachment 5), and to give staff the authority to make necessary conforming and technical changes in the revised report. A motion was made and carried unanimously.

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Chai	rman Yong	gue thanked	committee	members	for their	dedication	and
attendance.	Chairman	Yongue adj	ourned the	meeting at	t 11:47 a	.m.	

Rep. Douglas Y. Yongue, Co-Chair	Katie Stanley, Committee Clerk

MINUTES JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 2003-04 Session October 12, 2004

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee met on Tuesday, October 12, 2004 in Room 643 of the Legislative Office Building. Senator A. B. Swindell presided. Members also in attendance were Co-chairs Rep. Robert Grady and Rep. Doug Yongue; Senators Dannelly, Dorsett, Hartsell Malone, and Moore; Representatives Bell, Insko, Jeffus Pate, Sauls, Tolson, and Warner. A copy of the agenda and the visitor registration sheet is attached.

Chairman Swindell called the meeting to order at 10 a.m. and welcomed members, staff and guests.

Chairman Swindell recognized Robin Johnson, Committee Counsel to summarize legislation that was enacted during the recent session of the Legislature relating to public schools, community colleges and universities (Attachment 1). Ms. Johnson also reviewed the list of studies to be undertaken by the Education Oversight Committee for the upcoming year (See Attachment 2), and pointed out that the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Mental Health, Developmental Disabilities and Substance Abuse Services had been assigned to study Integration of Care for Children with Multiple System Service Needs. She advised that the co-chairs of Education Oversight would automatically serve as members on the Committee. Ms. Johnson noted that the Education Oversight Committee may create a higher education programming subcommittee to hear the UNC Board of Governors and the State Board of Community Colleges reports on their mission and program needs. Ms. Johnson also reviewed a timeline chart (Attachment 3) indicating when reports were due to the Education Oversight Committee. In closing, Ms. Johnson reminded members and guests that agendas for future meetings would be posted on the General Assembly website.

Chairman Swindell next recognized Dr. Bobby Kanoy, Associate Vice-President for Access and Outreach, The University of North Carolina, for an update on tuition grants awarded to graduates of the NC School of Science and Mathematics attending UNC constituent institutions (Attachments 4,6,7 and 8). Dr. Kanoy expressed appreciation to the Committee for the opportunity to make a preliminary presentation on the study being conducted of the School of Science and Math scholarships as a result of legislation enacted during the 2003 Session of the General Assembly. He reviewed scholarship requirements and provided enrollment data for 2004-2005 (Attachment 5). Dr. Kanoy advised that the next phase of the study would focus on gathering additional data from the School of Science and Math indicating attendance trends of graduates who have gone to the UNC system over the last five years, as well as information on graduates who have attended private colleges both in state and out of state. Dr. Kanoy reported that a site visit to the School of Science and Math had been planned for later in the month and that administrators of the School had been asked to develop a method for collecting data

on the median family income of the students attending, as required by the legislation. In his closing remarks, Dr. Kanoy reported that under the proposed timeline, site visits would be made and data would be collected between now and the end of the year. Data analysis would be completed in January and recommendations would be presented to the UNC Board of Governors at their February meeting. Following approval by the UNC Board of Governors, findings would be presented to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee. Dr. Kanoy responded to several questions and Senator Swindell thanked him at the conclusion of his presentation.

Chairman Swindell next recognized Dr. Larry Keen, Vice President for Economic and Workforce Development, North Carolina Community College System, to present the New and Expanding Industry Training (NEIT) Program Expenditures Report (Attachments 9 through 12). As required by the North Carolina General Statutes, G.S. 115D-5(i), the State Board of Community Colleges is required to report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on expenditures annually on September 1.

Dr. Keen reported that the NEIT Program was developed to help create new jobs in North Carolina and is one of the most important economic incentives provided statewide through the Community College System. Using a Power point presentation and providing members with a copy (Attachment 11), his report showed (1) the total amount of funds received by the company or the individual; (2) the amount of funds per trainee received by the company or individual; (3) the amount of funds received per trainee by the community college training the trainee; (4) the number of trainees trained by company and by community college; and (5) the number of years the companies or individual have been funded. Dr. Keen advised that the NEIT program also allowed the community college system to look closely at the process by which it perform its function - whether assisting companies in locating new businesses to North Carolina or in assisting existing companies by expanding net new jobs. Dr. Keen also illustrated trends based upon an evaluation process, which tracked the overall success of the program (Attachment 12). He reported that evaluation ratings showed the following: (1) the extent to which the NEIT Program met the company's expectations at very good or excellent at 98%; (2) the overall impact of the NEIT Program on company operation was rated very good or excellent at 92%; and (3) the overall effectiveness of the NEIT Program in preparing the company's employees for productivity was rated very good or excellent at 92%.

Dr. Keen responded to several questions from committee members. Sen. Hartsell asked to be provided with demographic information (age, gender, ethnic background) on the program. Rep. Grady noted that the report indicated that of the 58 community colleges, only 27 were participating in the NEIT Program. Dr. Keen responded that the training programs offered through the community college system were driven by the economic job growth in a particular area and because some areas of the state have not experienced job growth, it was reflected that some of the community colleges were not participating in the training program. Following discussion, Rep. Grady urged that community colleges should be equally involved in offering training programs in their curriculum. Responding to Rep. Pate, Dr. Keen next reviewed the procedure whereby the community

college gets involved with economic developers when a new or expanding project is in the planning stages. Rep. Insko asked Dr. Keen to provide information on starting average wage of personnel trained annually, grouped according to industry (e.g., pharmaceutical/medical). Dr. Keen will provide this information and incorporate it into next year's report. At the conclusion of his presentation, Senator Swindell thanked Dr. Keen for his report.

Senator Swindell next welcomed to the meeting group of international visitors who were expert in public policymaking and representing ten countries. The trip was arranged under the auspices of the International Visitors and World Affairs Council.

Senator Swindell announced that the Committee would break for lunch at 11:30 and would reconvene at 1 p.m.

Senator Swindell reconvened the meeting shortly after 1 p.m. and recognized Dr. Cyndi Balogh, Senior Associate, MGT o America, Inc., to present the findings and recommendations of the Comprehensive Articulation Agreement (CAA) between the NC Community College System (NCCCS) and The University of North Carolina (UNC). Dr. Balogh used a Power point presentation and provided Committee members with a written handout (Attachment 13) of the findings and recommendations. In summary, Dr. Balogh reported that the two primary roadblocks for students who transfer was lack of information or awareness of the transfer policy, and the need by the State to complete implementation of pre-major agreements in all programs. Dr. Balogh also reviewed the five recommendations that would have the greatest impact on the articulation process as (1) vision; (2) need for a Transfer Student Bill of Rights; (3) increase faculty involvement in the pre-major development; (4) immediate attention to appeals/grievance policy and procedure; and (5) guaranteed admission into a UNC institution for students who have received an AA/AS degree. Chairman Swindell thanked Dr. Balogh at the conclusion of her presentation and asked that questions from members be held until all program guests had completed presentations.

Chairman Swindell next recognized Martin Lancaster, President of the North Carolina Community College System. President Lancaster did not provide a handout of his presentation; therefore, a verbatim account of his recorded remarks follow:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman and member of the Committee. I like your new carpet. Looks nice.

I would want to begin by thanking you for scheduling this session in the afternoon so that it was possible for me to continue with our system-wide conference – the largest community college professional development effort in the country – almost 3,000 members of our faculty and staff were present in Greensboro since Sunday in a very good professional development activity, and we appreciate you letting us come this afternoon, instead of this morning.

The focus of this study as any study with regard to comprehensive articulation should be on students. And just as Rep. Insko has raised a concern, we share that concern that such a low response rate may have resulted in less than a full and complete survey of student and faculty and staff attitudes with regard to comprehensive articulation agreement. A 10% student return seems to be awfully low, and with 21 private colleges and universities now being signatories to the comprehensive articulation agreement and with almost half of our students transferring to private institutions, we believe that is another significant flaw in the study. And, if we wanted to look completely at articulation and how it is working, we need to look at that as well.

Another concern of ours was that only 8 of the 16 UNC institutions were surveyed and how you choose those 8 might significantly skew the survey. The data, even though it is limited, did raise several disturbing issues with us, including the very high rate of reported barriers to transfer, particularly in the survey of university personnel and we believe that that deserves a further look.

There are a number of recommendations with regard to the role of the Transfer Advisory Committee. If all of those recommendations were accepted, we believe that that Committee would have to become a full time body in order to carry out all of the responsibilities assigned to it by these recommendations. We, frankly, believe that the Committee, as it is currently structured, is an appropriate one. But, they do need staff and funding to take on any additional jobs. In fact, they need it to do the job they are doing now because all of them have full time jobs either at the university or the community college.

I will tell you, Mr. Chairman, that a task force appointed by Brad Wilson and James Woody to look at how universities and community colleges could more closely collaborate will actually recommendation to the GA...we will include a joint budget request that would provide for funding for staff and other expenses of the Transfer Advisory Committee as a significant improvement that would lead to greater transfer.

Now, some of the things that are included in these recommendations we support and I would like to mention several of those. One is administration code relief in order for us to make the process work more smoothly between us. The consultant has indicated to you one example where, after a 2 or 3-year negotiation with the university on how we would modify the associate of science degree to more closely track what is taking place in the hard sciences and engineering, the University was able to immediately implement the agreement -- we still have not been able to implement that agreement because of the community college being required to adhere to the administrative rules process. We have asked on numerous occasions for relief from that. The university is **not** subject to the administrative rules process. We have asked for a full exemption and would ask for that again; however, at a minimum, if we are going to work ore closely and more effectively with the universities, we, at least, need an exemption in situations like this, which would allow us to implement agreements between the two institutions in a timely fashion.

As I indicated, we do support the recommendation with regard to additional -- or, not additional staffing, 'cause there's no staffing now – but, staffing to the Transfer Advisory Committee and funding. The TAC is overburdened as it is. Very clearly, we cannot, we do not have the resources or the personnel to develop a website. That would require significant work in implementing, but also in maintaining.

A communication and marketing plan, while a wonderful idea, is impossible with current funding. The community college system receives zero dollars for marketing of any thing we do and we have no way of implementing a communication and marketing plan without resources.

Convening cross-discipline faculty committees also would create, in our opinion, far more problems than it would solve. Though, I do believe is need for continuing the process of ad hoc committees being appointed, as needed, to address particularly issues.

We strongly support the guaranteed admission to a constituent institution of the university and believe that that could be made to work. And, in fact, have a number of universities that are under capacity and with a clearinghouse at the university where a student who was denied admission to his or her first, second or third choice might then be assigned a university to which they would be admitted, and might even help with the goals that have been set for some of those universities that are under capacity meet their requirements.

Our greatest concern is one that was touched on by this study and that is the pre-major agreements. To be honest, the general transfer has gone pretty well. What has not gone well at all is transfer within the disciplines because the faculties of the different departments have not been as embracing of these agreements by discipline, as has been the overall administration and the overall implementation of the comprehensive articulation agreement. We have had some success in recent months in two of our key shortage areas of nursing and education, but there is still significant work that needs to be done in those areas. And, one particular area that is deserving of attention is the whole issue of lateral entry, which, again, despite a study authorized and appointed by Chairman Howard Lee, has resulted in a recommendation of the status quo.

We also believe that there needs to be significantly greater consistency in what a student can expect whether they are going to transfer in nursing or education to one institution or another. Students may prepare for transfer to one university, not get in, have all of their courses aligned for that university, and then have to apply to another and then it might be a completely different set of courses within the discipline. We believe greater consistency would be appropriate. We believe that the agreement in nursing at UNC-Greensboro is a good model. We also believe that Colorado has a nursing model that is deserving of additional credits.

One of the other concerns that is not raised, but we believe should be is the whole issue of university departments classifying courses that have been taken in compliance with the agreement as elective courses so that they do not count towards the degree. That is an

issue that we believe needs addressing because a course that has been taken towards the major, but is then required to be treated as an elective delays the completion of the degree.

We concur in the suggestion that credit, once accepted by an institution--whether it is the university or a community college -- should not be further questioned. Interestingly, we have lots of students who go to a university first, come back to us and complete the associate degree and then transfer to another university, not the one they started at. Often times, though we have accepted that course for completion of the associates degree, when it gets to university #2, they won't accept the credit that we accepted from university #1. We do not believe that that is appropriate and does/is a significant impediment to graduation in a timely fashion.

The report does focus some attention on the lack of commonality of courses. In their draft report they actually recommended a similar scheme to what we have, which is a common course library for the first two year of courses – the courses that are common between the university and community colleges. That is strongly resisted by the university, but is the most serious impediment, in my opinion, to seamless transfer. It would appear to me that if 58 institutions that also had presidents and faculty resistant to adopting a common course library could be overcome, we could overcome it in 16 institutions, and we believe that that would be a tremendous assist to the whole issue of transfer. The flexibility that was sought by our faculty when the common course library was developed was achieved by allowing up to 20% difference between English 111 at one campus and English 111 at another, and to allow one additional sentence in the course description that points out that difference. This has worked very well. We have had much greater consistency in both quality and content, and we believe that that would be very helpful in the whole transfer process.

I would call to your attention, though I will not read them for you, in the comment section of the report, comments made by students and faculty and staff with regard to impediments. They are excellent statements that I believe would be helpful to you if you would take the time to read them.

We do support convening, under your auspices, a higher education task force that would take a look at this whole issue of seamlessness between universities and community colleges. We believe that that could be very effective and could even address something that has never been addressed from the 1995 mandate. At that time, the university and community colleges were also mandated to articulate the applied science degrees. That has never been even undertaken, much less completed, and many students now are completing applied science degrees, and would like to get an applied baccalaureate degree. Business and industry is demanding applied science degrees. They would much rather have a graduate who has an applied knowledge as opposed to a theoretical knowledge. There are very few applied science degrees available and there is no articulation between the two, except on an ad hoc basis between institutions -- either community colleges and one or more universities. We believe that this is an area that is deserving of significantly greater study.

There are lots of recommendations with regard to what the Transfer Advisory Committee ought to undertake. As I have indicated with members of that Committee having jobs of their own to undertake all that has been suggested here would make that job full time and would require significant resources that are not now available. We think it would be wonderful to have a webpage that would be available, but we do not believe that is something the TAC should undertake and they certainly cannot do it with current resources. There is available information on the Office of the President's website, but not to the degree that is recommended here.

A bill of rights would be very helpful, and we believe would help smooth the way, so we do support that recommendation. But, again I am not sure that should be the responsibility of the TAC, but probably of some group convening specifically for that purpose.

Marketing and communications -- again, a great need, but something that we do not believe is in the purview of the TAC, but should be undertaken as a separate endeavor.

We believe that the TAC should develop a grievance process and hope that they will continue with that process and have something available for students who are not able to access transfer in the manner in which was anticipated by the General Assembly.

An ombudsman on each campus – again, this would be a question of resources. One of the things that will come out of this task force of the Board of Governors and the community college board will be to place on each community college campus a university representative whose sole purpose will be to assist in transfer advising and perhaps even in some cases teaching courses. That is something deserving of your attention when that request is made.

We think that it is completely and totally inappropriate for the TAC to undertake to work with DPI, homeschoolers and private secondary education. That is **not** the role of the TAC, which is a very definite role to play, but not a role to play with secondary education, public/private and home school and so we believe that that is inappropriate and we do not support that.

We do believe that it is appropriate for private colleges and universities to be represented. They are represented at the present time and we believe that this report would have been far better for all concerned if it had included information with regard to the transferability of our courses to private institutions that have signed the agreement because they are in exactly the same situation as the universities having signed the agreement.

I will be happy to respond to questions at the end, Mr. Chairman. (Conclusion of President Lancaster's recorded remarks).

Chairman Swindell next recognized Dr. Bobby Kanoy, Associate Vice President for Access and Outreach, the University of North Carolina. Dr. Kanoy expressed

appreciation to Chairman Swindell and the Committee for the opportunity to respond to the findings and recommendations of the Articulation Agreement Study prepared by MGT, Inc. Dr. Kanoy introduced two of his colleagues, Dr. Gretchen Batard spelling?), Senior Vice President for Academic Affairs and Dr. George Dixon. Dr. Kanoy pointed out that Dr. Dixon had been a member on the original Transfer Advisory Committee.

Dr. Kanoy first reviewed recommendations made by MGT, Inc. that the University supported. He also noted that several of the recommendations made were already in place. (Attachment 14) Dr. Kanoy presented four concerns from the study as follows: (1) Joint Ed Oversight should require alignment of courses for articulation; (2) A.A. and A.S. graduates should be guaranteed admission to UNC; (3) Joint Ed Oversight should expand role of Transfer Advisory Committee to include issues related to preparation of students; and, (4) Joint Ed Oversight should consider expanding membership of the Technical Advisory Committee. In his closing remarks, Dr. Kanoy commented that the findings and recommendations of the MGT study were based on a low rate of return of surveys from both students and faculty members. Also, some responses from A.A., A.S., and A.A.S. students were co-mingled, noting that an A.A.S. degree is an *applied degree*, not covered under the Comprehensive Articulation Agreement. Another limitation of the Study was the inability to conduct the transcript analyses to validate if perceptions were correct. Chairman Swindell thanked Dr. Kanoy at the conclusion of his report and called for questions from Committee members.

Representative Grady asked for clarification on the number of universities that responded to the survey mailed by MGT, Inc. Ms. Balogh responded that surveys were received from students representing only 8 of the 16 universities. When Rep. Grady asked how many universities returned surveys from faculty, Mr. Balogh responded that although there was a 30% response rate of surveys, she was uncertain if all universities were represented with a faculty response. She further commented that only 31 community colleges when contacted about the survey provided database information. Rep. Grady instructed Ms. Balogh to provide staff with the listing of institutions who responded to the survey, as well as a listing of those faculty members who did not.

Representative Yongue asked Ms. Balogh how many of the independant colleges and universities responded to the survey. Ms. Balogh responded that the private colleges and universities were surveyed. Ms. Balogh reported that at the initial site visit, she was told to exclude independent colleges and universities because of resources in both time and funding and the intent of the project was to focus on community colleges and the university system. She further stated that a problem existed in surveying the independent colleges and universities, because no centralized database exists.

Representative Tolson asked to whom the survey was mailed at the community college level. Ms. Balogh responded that the survey was mailed to a combination of people -- counselors who work with transfer students; directors of admission; presidents; faculty in leadership roles; e.g., deanships; also members of Transfer Advisory Committee. Rep. Tolson inquired if multiple surveys when to the same school. Ms. Balogh responded affirmatively that over 1,300 surveys were mailed out to throughout the 58 community

colleges and 16 universities. Rep. Tolson asked that when the list of community colleges and universities personnel who did not respond is compiled, members are provided with a copy.

Rep. Tolson further asked Dr. Kanoy with regard to the articulation process what the cost would be to develop a webpage. Dr. Kanoy responded the developmental costs would be between \$50,000 and \$75,000 to initially construct the software and then maintenance costs on an on-going basis. Rep. Tolson asked if a request for funds was forthcoming to accomplish this. Dr. Kanoy responded affirmatively that a request for funds would be within the University's expansion budget.

Chairman Swindell recognized Rep. Bell, who asked for clarification from President Lancaster regarding his statement seeking relief from Administrative Rules and Procedures Act. President Lancaster responded by explaining that presently the Community College System must fully comply with the Administrative Rules and Procedures Act, requiring that prior to implementing anything new, a lengthy process must be followed. Currently the UNC System is exempt from this process. Through recent legislation, the process has been shortened. President Lancaster reported that although the Community College System had made numerous requests for exemption, the requests had been denied.

Rep. Tolson strongly urged educators to develop a common list of courses that were transferable and made available to students on a website.

Chairman Swindell asked Tim McDowell of the NC Independent Colleges & Universities to comment on the importance of the Independent Colleges and Universities being included in the articulation study. Mr. McDowell reported that of the 36 independent institutions, 21 currently participate in the Comprehensive Articulation Agreement, but there were numerous other articulation agreements between various community colleges and independent colleges and universities. Mr. Dowell advised they were asked not to participate in the survey conducted by MGT, Inc. because they were told there was not problem with students transferring to the private colleges and universities. Mr. McDowell stated that in the future, they would appreciate the opportunity to participate in future surveys.

Chairman Swindell next recognized Rep. Grady, who commented on the responsibility to ensure that a student who transfers from a community college is assured that time spent and courses selected will transfer. Rep. Grady further stated there was a need for a student advocate, who would assist with transfer problems. Also, problems needed to be tracked and community colleges would be expected to provide a quality program that would be accepted at a four-year institution. Rep. Grady urged this be done as soon as possible.

Rep. Insko suggested that the articulation issues between community colleges and universities be monitored on an ongoing basis and that a followup report be presented following the next session during the interim.

Chairman Swindell recommended that committee members direct any comments or recommendations they have based on today's presentations to committee staff and staff develop a list of possible recommendations to consider at the next meeting to be held in November.

There being no further business to come before the committee, Chairman Swindell announced the committee would reconvene in the morning at 9 a.m. He adjourned the meeting at 3:40 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,	
Senator A. B. Swindell	Mo Hudson, Committee Clerk

MINUTES JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE 2003-04 Session October 13, 2004

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee met on Wednesday, October 13, 2004 in Room 643 of the Legislative Office Building. Senator A. B. Swindell presided. Members also in attendance were Co-chairs Rep. Robert Grady and Rep. Doug Yongue; Senators Dannelly, Dorsett, Garwood, Hartsell, Malone, and Stevens; Representatives Bell, Jeffus, Pate, Preston, Sauls, Tolson, and Warner. A copy of the agenda and the visitor registration sheet are attached (Attachments 1-3).

Chairman Swindell called the meeting to order shortly after 9 a.m. and welcomed members of the committee, staff and guests.

Chairman Swindell recognized Dr. Richard L. Thompson, Vice President for University-School Programs, The University of North Carolina to present the UNC Center for School Leadership Development Report on Professional Development, as required by G.S. 115C-12(26) and G.S. 116-11(12a). Dr. Thompson also reviewed the activities of the Center and outlined the eight programs under his purview. He presented a handout (Attachment 4) and gave a brief overview of the various professional development programs provided by the Center. Chairman Swindell thanked Dr. Thompson at the conclusion of his presentation.

Chairman Swindell recognized Mr. Lou Fabrizio, Director of Accountability Services, North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. Mr. Fabrizio stated that Dr. Elsie Leak of DPI would also be addressing the assistance programs. His power point presentation included an update on the implementation of ABCs and the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Program (Attachment 5 & 5a). He reported on comparisons between the ABCs Program and Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria and in summary highlighted the challenges that schools in North Carolina face in meeting AYP. Mr. Fabrizio also provided a handout (Attachment 6) excerpted from *Education Week*, listing AYP figures for North Carolina from a national survey. Following his presentation, Mr. Fabrizio responded to questions. Chairman Swindell thanked Mr. Fabrizio for his report.

Chairman Swindell recognized Dr. Elsie Leak, Associate Superintendent, Curriculum and School Reform Services, N. C. Department of Public Instruction, who reported on the assistance programs the State provides to LEAs and schools that are low-performing or fail to meet Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) targets (Attachment 7). Dr. Leak gave a brief history of conditions prior to 1996, when the General Assembly passed the School-Based Management and Accountability Act (Attachment 7a, 7b). She also reported that performance levels had improved in Weldon City Schools under a pilot program developed for low-performing schools, known as LEAAP (LEA Assistance Program). Dr. Leak noted that similar assistance programs in Bertie, Edgecombe, Hertford, Northampton and Hoke counties had been well received, resulting in positive

feedback from the LEAs receiving assistance. Dr. Leak directed members to the document provided entitled, "Models for Improving Student Achievement" (Attachment 8, 8a, 8b), which was developed by the Department to track and analyze the performance of each subgroup to determine if Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) was being met. She reported that the subgroups whose performance must be analyzed were as follows: School as a Whole; White; Black; Hispanic; Native American; Asian; Multiracial; Economically Disadvantaged Students; Limited English Proficient Students, and Students with Disabilities. Dr. Leak advised that the information contained in the report was a result of interviews with administration, teachers and students from 25 schools selected by DPI staff and local education agencies, as well as the University of North Carolina General Administration, the Center for School Leadership Development and the SERVE Regional Education Lab at UNC-Greensboro. She reported that the report had been shared in a video conference represented by seven regions throughout North Carolina and would be shared at future conferences. Dr. Leak encouraged members to review the report and advised that a similar report was under consideration for the high school level.

Dr. Leak also noted that the supplemental funding for disadvantaged students which became available this current school year, had enabled the Department to assist 11 school systems in developing action plans and that several other school systems were developing action plans for approval in the near future. She advised that all action plans needed approval from the State Board prior to release of any supplemental funding. In closing, Dr. Leak applauded the assistance teams for their work with local education agencies throughout the state. Sen. Swindell thanked Dr. Leak for her presentation.

Chairman Swindell recognized Co-Chairman Yongue who asked Dr. Leak to briefly describe how assistance teams were chosen. Dr. Leak explained that the assistance teams were staffed with teachers from schools throughout the state that respond with an application to the Department. She explained the screening, testing and the interview process and advised that before a final selection, each applicant is observed teaching onsite in their schools. Once selection is made, a prospective team member goes through a four-week training and development program delivered by an outside provider, as well as additional training from DPI personnel.

Senator Malone was recognized and asked for clarification on what constituted a Title I school. Dr. Leak responded that Title I schools were identified based on the free and reduced lunch rate in the school. She further commented that if a school had at least a 40% poverty level, it could be designated as a school-wide Title I school -- meaning that federal money to that particular school could be designated to serve *all* the children in that particular school. However, a "targeted" Title I program is when a school chooses to only serve those students that meet the poverty criteria. Following brief discussion about Title I schools, Chairman Swindell thanked Dr. Leak for her presentation.

Chairman Swindell recognized Representative Julia Howard of the 79th House District. Rep. Howard thanked Chairman Swindell for the opportunity and courtesy extended to Dr. Robert Landry, principal of South Davie Middle School and Ms. Sheila Tribble, a teacher at South Davie Middle School. Dr. Landry provided members with an issue

paper entitled, "Accountability and Local Decision-Making, South Davie Middle School" (Attachment 9). Dr. Landry gave an overview of the diversity of the students who attended South Davie Middle School and informed the committee that the school willingly took the Educationally Mentally Handicapped students, as well as a significant percentage of Hispanics/Limited English Proficiency and Exceptional Educational students from another district. He expressed concern because in 2003-04, South Davie Middle School met their AYP goals for No Child Left Behind, but received no recognition under the ABCs. Dr. Landry further explained some of the local efforts that the school had made in an effort to improve student achievement and talked about the numerous challenges that still faced the school. Responding to several questions, Mr. Landry turned the presentation over to Ms. Sheila Tribble, a teacher at South Davie Middle School. Ms. Tribble specifically called the committee's attention to Page 2 of the issue paper, which listed test results for the school's computer program for 2003-04. By example, she showed that although 100% of the students received passing scores, because the state requires exempting Limited English Proficiency students (LEPS), the exempted scores were factored as failures causing the overall percentage scores to be lowered. Ms. Tribble further pointed out that although 89.6% of the school's total population was performing at or above grade level, they still failed to meet ABCs. At the conclusion of her presentation, Ms. Tribble expressed thanks for the opportunity to present their concerns to the committee.

Chairman Swindell thanked Dr. Landry and Ms. Tribble for their presentations and suggested to Representative Howard that this information be shared with the State Board of Education. Chairman Swindell offered Lou Fabrizio, Director of Accountability Services with the Department of Public Instruction, the opportunity to comment. The committee urged staff at DPI to work with the administrators at South Davie Middle School and other schools that may have similar concerns about test scores factored with exempted students.

There being no further business to come before the committee, Chairman Swindell adjourned the meeting.

Respectfully submitted,	
A. B. Swindell, Co-Chair	Mo Hudson, Committee Clerk

MINUTES JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE NOVEMBER 9, 2005

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee met on November 9, 2005 at 10:00 a.m. in Room 1027/1128 of the Legislative Building. Chairman Robert Grady presided over the meeting. The following House members were present: Representative Grady and fellow Co-Chair, Representative Yongue as well as Representatives Insko, Jeffus, Pate, Sauls, Tolson, and Warner. The following Senators attended: Senators Dannelly, Dorsett, Garwood, Hartsell, Malone, Moore, and Stevens. Please refer to attachments 1 and 2 for agenda and visitor registration. Chairman Grady convened the meeting at 10:00 a.m. and welcomed the committee, visitors, and Sergeant-at-Arms staff. There are no tapes for November 9 and 10, 2005 meetings.

North Carolina School of the Arts Audit

Chairman Grady introduced the first presenter of the day, Dr. Dale Place, CPA, CPE in the North Carolina Office of the State Auditor. Dr. Place explained the findings of an audit of the North Carolina School of the Arts. Please refer to *attachment 3* for a Power Point presentation explaining these findings. Following this presentation, fellow Co-Chair, Representative Yongue, followed by Senator Stevens each asked questions for clarification purposes and both were addressed by Dr. Place.

Chairman Grady invited Mr. Wade Hobgood, Chancellor, NC School of the Arts to offer a response to the findings of the audit. Please see *attachments 4 and 5* for this response in its entirety. Chairman Grady, following Mr. Hobgood's explanation, asked if state tax dollars were misused. Mr. Hobgood admitted that tax dollars were in fact misused, but would be reimbursed. Representative Tolson inquired about the frequency of audits on the NC School of the Arts, in which Dr. Place answered that they experience audits on an annual basis. Various other questions were raised and answered by Dr. Place and Beverly Moore, legal council for the NC School of the Arts. At the direction of Chairman Grady and Senator Dannelly, Dr. Place informed committee members of three resignations. Prior to the findings, he explained, the Director of Human Resources and Chancellor for Business and Finance resigned during the summer months. Following audit findings, a personnel analyst resigned.

Chairman Grady invited Mr. Jeff Davies - Vice President, Finance, and Chief Finance Officer, UNC System - to provide the University system response to the audit findings. Mr. Davies expressed to members of the committee that the University System has in turn directed the NC School of the Arts to report on budget flexibility. Mr. Davies explained that he has worked closely with Mr. Hobgood in the past six months, both taking measures to ensure accountability and future fiscal responsibility. Mr. Davies assured members of the committee that he and Mr. Hobgood, along with newly appointed George Burnett, would review overtime pay, as well as the foundation's internal controls. In addition, Mr. Davies assured members that the University system would monitor and emphasize to the NC School of the Arts, regulations set by the Board of Governors.

Chairman Grady opened the floor to questions that were raised and answered.

Community College Information System Project Report

Chairman Grady introduced Dr. Saundra Williams, Vice President for Administration, North Carolina Community College System (NCCCS) to report to the committee on July through September of 2004 as required by Section 8.1(b) of Session Law 2004-124. In addition, the State Board of Community Colleges was directed by Section 9.9 of Session Law 1999-237 to implement a comprehensive management information system for all 58 community colleges in North Carolina. Dr. Williams called on Mr. Kennon Briggs, Vice President, Business and Finance, NCCCS, to assist in reporting to the committee on the project contract costs of the College Information System (CIS). Please refer to attachments 6 and 7 for this report in its entirety. Following this presentation Chairman Grady opened the floor to members' questions – all of which were addressed by Dr. Williams and Mr. Briggs.

Enrollment Projections - NC Public Schools

Adam Levinson, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division, reported to the committee on projected enrollment for North Carolina's public schools. Please refer to attachment 8 entitled "Enrollment Growth Projections for 2005-2006" and attachment 9, pages 1-7 for Mr. Levinson's presentation in its entirety.

Enrollment Projections - UNC System

Richard Bostic, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division reported on projected enrollment for the University system. Please refer to attachment 9, pages 1, 8-11 for Mr. Bostic's report in its entirety.

Enrollment Projections - NC Community Colleges

Kristine Leggett, Fiscal Analyst, Fiscal Research Division reported to the committee on projected enrollment for the North Carolina Community Colleges. Please refer to attachment 9, pages 1, 13-19 for this presentation in its entirety, including hand written changes Ms. Leggett made during presentation. Ms. Leggett addressed a few questions from members and promised Chairman Grady a chart detailing the percentage increase or decrease per institution with actual number of student shown for the Fall 2004 semester.

MGT Recommendations

Following a five-minute break, Drupti Chauhan, Staff Attorney, NC General Assembly Research Staff, presented the Recommendations from the Articulation Agreement Study for the committee to discuss. Please refer to *attachment 10*.

Leandro Status Report

Chairman Grady invited Robin Johnson, Committee Counsel, to report on the status of litigation with one ultimate question: What is constitutionally mandated? Please refer to *attachments 11 and 12*.

Dr. Janice Davis, Deputy Superintendent, Department of Public Instruction then brought forth the state's proposed plan for compliance with *Leandro*. See *attachment 12*.

After some discussion from the committee, Chairman Grady recessed at 12:55 p.m., to reconvene at 9:00 a.m. on November 10, 2005.

MINUTES JOINT LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE NOVEMBER 10, 2005

The Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee met on November 10, 2005 at 9:00 a.m. in Room 1027/1128 of the Legislative Building. Chairman Robert Grady presided over the meeting. The following House members were present: Representative Grady and fellow Co-Chair, Representative Yongue as well as Representatives Insko, Jeffus, Pate, Preston, Sauls, and Warner. The following Senators attended: Co-Chair, Senator A.B. Swindell, Senators Dannelly, Dorsett, Garwood, Malone, Moore, and Stevens. Please refer to *attachments 1 and 2* for agenda and visitor registration. Chairman Grady convened the meeting at 9:00 am and welcomed members and Sergeant-at-Arms.

IHE PERFORMANCE REPORTS 2003-2004 & LATERAL ENTRY PROGRAM REVIEW REPORT

Chairman Grady invited Dr. Kathy Sullivan, Director of Human Resource Management / Quality Professionals, Department of Public Instruction to present the first agenda item of a list of alternatives to traditional teacher preparation. Dr. Sullivan first summarized the Institutions for Higher Education (IHE) Performance Reports for 2003-2004. See attachment 3. Dr. Sullivan then presented the Lateral Entry Program review Report as required by Session Law 2003-284, Section 7.20(f). See attachment 4 for this presentation in its entirety. After some discussion, Chairman Grady invited the next presenter.

NC TEACH & LEARN NC

Dr. Dorothy Mebane, Director of North Carolina Teachers of Excellence for All Children (NCTEACH) presented committee members with the history of NC TEACH. Dr. Mebane explained how NCTEACH has worked to improve on North Carolina's teacher shortage, providing members with data to support their progress and a thorough explanation of the recruitment, program delivery, advising, support and mentoring. See attachment 5 for all related handouts.

Following this brief presentation, Mr. Jim Barber, Executive Director, Learners' and Educators' Assistance and Resource Network (LEARN NC) provided a brief presentation on the what LEARN NC does to improve teacher effectiveness. Please refer to attachments 6 and 7 for handouts detailing the presentation in its entirety. Mr. Barber addressed members' questions following the presentation.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA, CENTER FOR SCHOOL LEADERSHIP AND DEVELOPMENT

Ms. Jean Murphy, Executive Director, North Carolina Model Teacher Education Consortium (NC MTEC) reported to the committee on the efforts made to address the teacher shortage and the programs efficiency. Please refer to *attachment 8*.

NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY COLLEGES ALTERNATIVES

Chairman Grady called the next presenter – Dr. Delores Parker, Vice President for Academic and Student Services, North Carolina Community College System. Dr. Parker outlined the various programs currently in place as well as future plans to target the teacher shortage in North Carolina. There were no questions from committee members. Please refer to *attachment 9*.

NORTH CAROLINA INDEPENDENT COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES ALTERNATIVES

Dr. Hope Williams, President, North Carolina Independent Colleges and Universities, informed members teacher education programs at thirty-three out of thirty six colleges independent colleges and universities. Dr. Williams expressed the following challenges: funding, lateral entry, and licensure reciprocity. Dr. Williams further explained that lateral entry challenges the traditional teacher education and certification programs so that many teacher prospects are aware that they do not have to enter the university for certification. Many teacher hopefuls could instead jump head first into the teaching profession, while working towards certification on-the-job.

Dr. Williams also tackled the issue of teacher licensure reciprocity. Dr. Williams expressed the need for reciprocity – respecting the teacher licensure and certification of an out-of-state teacher relocating to North Carolina's public schools. There were no handouts.

EXAMPLES OF ALTERNATIVE TEACHER PREPARATION PROGRAMS

The following presenters outlined various alternative teacher preparation programs that are currently working at their university:

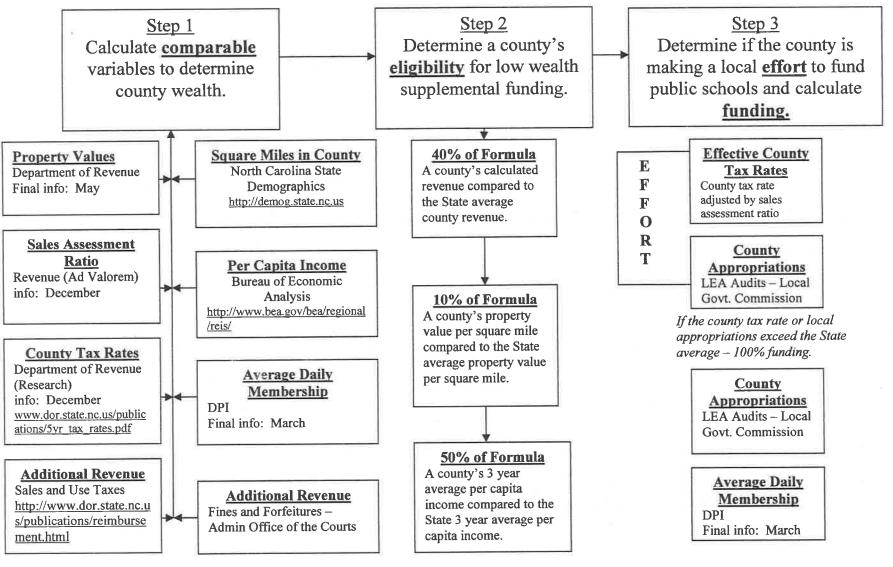
- Dr. Cathy Barlow, Dean, Watson School of Education, University of North Carolina at Wilmington (*attachment 10*)
- Dr. A. Michael Dougherty, Dean, College of Education and Allied Professions, Western Carolina University (attachment 11)
- Mr. David Feagins, Coordinator, Alternative Licensure and Clinical Experiences, Greensboro College (attachment 12)
- Dr. Marilyn Sheerer, Dean, College of Education, East Carolina University (attachment 13)
- Dr. Cecelia Steppe-Jones, Dean, College of Education, North Carolina Central University (attachment 14)

Please refer to attachments for information on the alternative programs presented. With no further business, Chairman Grady adjourned the meeting at 12:10 p.m.

Representative Robert Grady, Co-Chair

Katie Stanley, Committee Clerk

Low Wealth Supplemental Funding



Three calculations: (1) How much revenue should a county be able to generate; (2) The county's property tax base per square mile; (3) Three year average per capita income for the county.

If a county is below the State average of the above combined variables, then the county is eligible for funding. Funding is to make-up the difference between what a county could generate per child and the State average local appropriation per child.

Low Wealth Supplemental Funding FY 2005-06 Initial Allotments Revised for Governor's Salary Increase

LEA No.	LEA Name	Allotment
010	Alamance Co.	433,712
020	Alexander Co.	779,229
030	Alleghany Co.	113,223
040		4 400 404
	Anson Co.	1,499,424
050	Ashe Co.	
060	Avery Co.	-
070	Beaufort Co.	1,160,280
080	Bertie Co.	1,205,287
090	Bladen Co.	1,739,675
100	Brunswick Co.	-
110	Buncombe Co.	
111	Asheville City	
120	Burke Co.	2,370,491
130	Cabarrus Co.	2,370,491
	Kannapolis City	102,551
140	Caldwell Co.	1,972,529
150	Camden Co.	465,542
160	Carteret Co.	196
170	Caswell Co.	694,516
180	Catawba Co.	20.1,010
181	Hickory City	72
	Newton-Conover City	1(#2
	Chatham Co.	
200	Cherokee Co.	285,372
210	Chowan Co.	454,071
	Clay Co.	
230	Cleveland Co.	3,228,069
240	Columbus Co.	2,222,257
241	Whiteville City	887,293
	New Bern Craven	1,249,813
	Cumberland Co.	6,924,389
	Currituck Co.	0,324,303
	Dare Co.	
	Davidson Co.	1,498,807
	Lexington City	232,481
	Thomasville City	192,383
	Davie Co.	128,788
	Duplin Co.	2,877,267
320	Durham Public	•
330	Edgecombe Co.	1,990,523
340	Forsyth Co.	
	Franklin Co.	1,552,393
	Gaston Co.	1,002,000
	Gates Co.	750 005
		756,095
	Graham Co.	47,208
	Granville Co.	2,432,661
	Greene Co.	1,135,105
	Guilford Co.	3.00
420	Halifax Co.	1,697,698
421	Roanoke Rapids City	990,241
	Weldon City	349,925
	Harnett Co.	4,991,357
	Haywood Co.	7,001,001
	Henderson Co.	4 (00.00)
	Hertford Co.	1,135,206
	Hoke Co.	3,225,832
	Hyde Co.	- 4
	redell Statesville	
491	Mooresville City	

LEA No.	LEA Name	Allotment
500	Jackson Co.	
510	Johnston Co.	4,879,276
520	Jones Co.	335,957
530	Lee Co.	828,919
540	Lenoir Co.	2,368,960
550	Lincoln Co.	967,511
560	Macon Co.	7.
570	Madison Co.	213,839
580	Martin Co.	1,230,639
590	McDowell Co.	1,311,779
600	Mecklenburg Co.	-
610	Mitchell Co.	209,091
620	Montgomery Co.	946,199
630	Moore Co.	1.5
640	Nash-Rocky Mount	3,800,516
650	New Hanover Co.	(*)
660	Northampton Co.	859,904
670	Onslow Co.	4,825,532
680	Orange Co.	*
681	Chapel Hill-Carrboro City	
690	Pamlico Co.	199,314
700	Pasquotank Co.	1,491,899
710	Pender Co.	1,177,520
720	Perquimans Co.	261,548
730	Person Co.	562,489
740	Pitt Co.	3,003,194
750	Polk Co.	3,003,134
760	Randolph Co.	2,508,290
761	Asheboro City	623,612
770	Richmond Co.	2,828,517
780	Robeson Co.	11,432,613
790	Rockingham Co.	
800	Rowan Co.	3,031,959
810	Rutherford Co.	1,838,571
820	Sampson Co.	1,762,596
821	Clinton City	2,981,041 1,008,091
830	Scotland Co.	
840	Stanly Co.	2,267,962
850	Stokes Co.	1,914,678
860	Surry Co.	1,632,389
861	Elkin City	1,557,567
		218,281
862 870	Mount Airy City Swain Co.	322,224
		130,617
880	Transylvania Co.	702.77
890	Tyrrell Co.	150,485
900	Union Co.	601,300
910	Vance Co.	2,289,495
920	Wake Co.	
930	Warren Co.	897,881
940	Washington Co.	729,210
950	Watauga Co.	<u> </u>
960	Wayne Co.	4,735,128
970	Wilkes Co.	1,158,776
980	Wilson Co.	1,805,043
990	Yadkin Co.	1,000,203
995	Yancey Co.	162,377
	Charter Schools	1,273,476
	Initial Allotment Total	133,244,938
	Fully Funded Total	175,138,329
		5.00 M / S / M



Public Schools of North Carolina

North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

Small County Supplemental Funding

Eligibility and Purpose

County LEAs with less than 3,239 ADM are entitled to funding. Also entitled are county LEAs with ADM between 3,239 and 4,080 whose adjusted property tax base per student is below the state average adjusted property tax base per student. This funding is to provide additional funds to special small school systems.

The sum of:

- 1. The dollar equivalent of rounding up all fractions of position/month allotments to the next whole position (Example: 1.1 = 2).
- 2. The dollar equivalent of five and one-half additional regular classroom teachers for LEAs in which the ADM per square mile is greater than four. For LEAs in which the ADM per square mile is equal to or less than four, the dollar equivalent of seven additional regular classroom teachers is allotted.

Allotment Formula

- 3. The dollar equivalent of additional program enhancement teachers adequate to offer the standard course of study.
- 4. The dollar equivalent of one teacher assistant per 400 ADM less the initial duty-free period allocation (\$2 per ADM).
- 5. The dollar difference between the allotment for Classroom Materials/ Instructional Supplies/Equipment and \$740,047.
- 6. The dollar equivalent of Vocational Education months of employment and program support generated based on sixth grade ADM.

Small County Supplemental Funding FY 2005-06 Initial Allotments Revised for Governor's Salary Increase

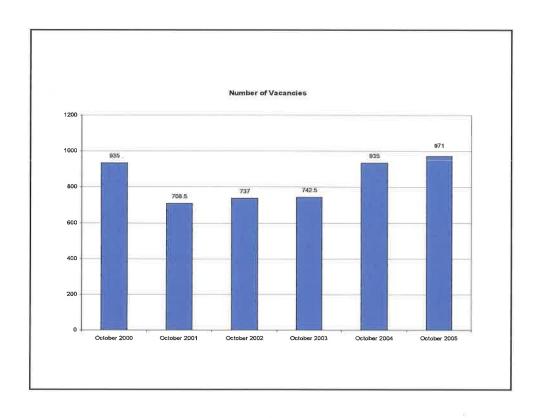
LEA No.	LEA Name	Allotment
010	Alamance Co.	
020	Alexander Co.	
030	Alleghany Co.	1,443,401
040	Anson Co.	7-
050	Ashe Co.	1,329,940
060	Avery Co.	1,343,676
070	Beaufort Co.	-
080	Bertie Co.	1,370,856
090	Bladen Co.	
100	Brunswick Co.	
110	Buncombe Co.	
111	Asheville City	
120	Burke Co.	
130	Cabarrus Co.	
132	Kannapolis City	
140	Caldwell Co.	
150	Camden Co.	1,411,725
160	Carteret Co.	1,411,120
170	Caswell Co.	1,357,260
180	Catawba Co.	1,001,200
181	Hickory City	
182	Newton-Conover City	
190	Chatham Co.	
200	Cherokee Co.	1,362,417
210	Chowan Co.	1,368,460
220	Clay Co.	
230	Cleveland Co.	1,433,871
240	Columbus Co.	-
241	Whiteville City	H()
250	New Bern Craven	=
260	Cumberland Co.	
270	Cumberiand Co.	4 004 000
280	Dare Co.	1,384,329
290	Davidson Co.	
291)#\\
292	Lexington City	
300	Thomasville City Davie Co.	
310		
310	Duplin Co.	-
	Durham Public	-
330	Edgecombe Co.	
340	Forsyth Co.	
350	Franklin Co.	-
360	Gaston Co.	-
370	Gates Co.	1,342,037
380	Graham Co.	1,371,524
390	Granville Co.	
400	Greene Co.	1,390,886
410	Guilford Co.	
420	Halifax Co.	
421	Roanoke Rapids City	
422	Weldon City	
430	Harnett Co.	Ē
440	Haywood Co.	
450	Henderson Co.	i t
460	Hertford Co.	1,321,483
470	Hoke Co.	-
480	Hyde Co.	1,446,893
490	iredeil Statesville	.,,
491	Mooresville City	

LEA No.	LEA Name	Allotment
500	Jackson Co.	-
510	Johnston Co.	(#0
520	Jones Co.	1,519,576
530	Lee Co.	
540	Lenoir Co.	
550	Lincoln Co.	
560	Macon Co.	-
570	Madison Co.	1,356,188
580	Martin Co.	
590	McDowell Co.	
600	Mecklenburg Co.	
610	Mitchell Co.	1,261,704
620	Montgomery Co.	
630 640	Moore Co.	
650	Nash-Rocky Mount New Hanover Co.	
		4 050 000
660 670	Northampton Co. Onslow Co.	1,350,299
680	Orange Co.	
681	Chapel Hill-Carrboro City	*
690	Pamlico Co.	4 247 040
700	Pasquotank Co.	1,347,940
710	Pender Co.	
710	Perquimans Co.	4 042 002
730	Person Co.	1,343,283
740	Pitt Co.	
750	Polk Co.	4 222 460
760	Randolph Co.	1,322,469
761	Asheboro City	
770	Richmond Co.	
780	Robeson Co.	
790	Rockingham Co.	
800	Rowan Co.	
810	Rutherford Co.	
820	Sampson Co.	
821	Clinton City	
830	Scotland Co.	
840	Stanly Co.	
850	Stokes Co.	
860	Surry Co.	
861	Elkin City	·
862	Mount Airy City	
870	Swain Co.	1,435,505
880	Transylvania Co.	., .50,000
890	Tyrrell Co.	1,597,881
900	Union Co.	
910	Vance Co.	
920	Wake Co.	*
930	Warren Co.	1,365,943
940	Washington Co.	1,251,331
950	Watauga Co.	
960	Wayne Co.	-
970	Wilkes Co.	-
980	Wilson Co.	
990	Yadkin Co.	-
995	Yancey Co.	1,352,361
	Charter Schools	676,935
	Total	37,860,173

NC's Need for Teachers

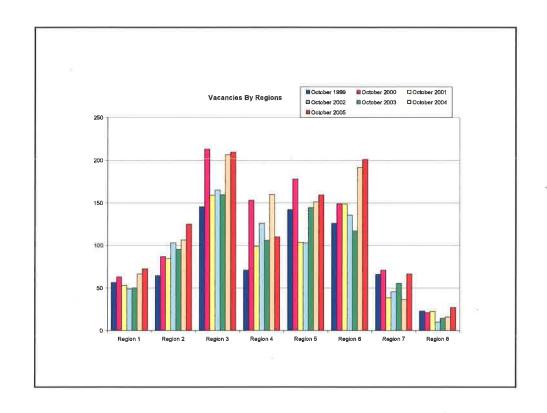
Vacancies
Types of Licenses
Highly Qualified
Areas of Difficulty

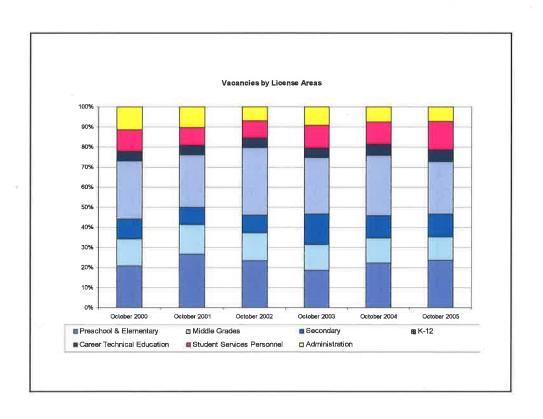
Vacancies

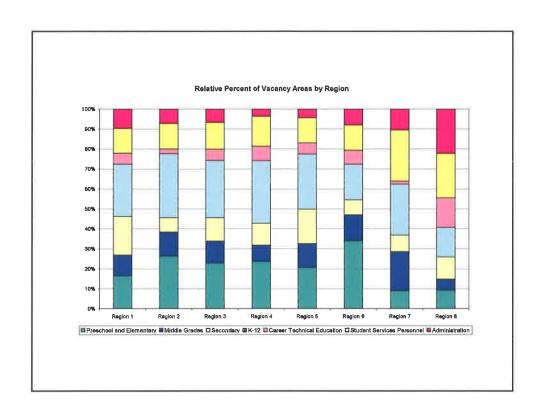


October 2005 vs 2004

- LEAs reported a 4% (n = 36) increase in the number of vacancies in October 2005 as compared to October 2004.
- Forty (40) LEAs reported fewer vacancies in 2005 than in 2004; 19 reported the same number; 56 reported more vacancies in 2005 than 2004.
- In looking at the license areas in which vacancies were reported, there were more vacancies at the preschool/elementary level and in the instructional/student support service areas. The increase in this latter category was caused by a 90% increase in the number of vacant speech-language pathology positions (from 30 vacancies in this area in 2004 to 57 vacancies in this area in 2005).
- It is worth noting that while there were 36 more vacancies in October 2005 than in October 2004, LEAs were provided an additional 1,058 teaching positions in the initial 2005-06 allotments than they were provided in the 2004-05 allotments.

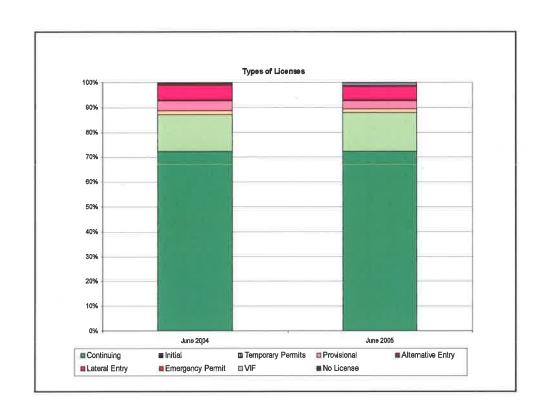


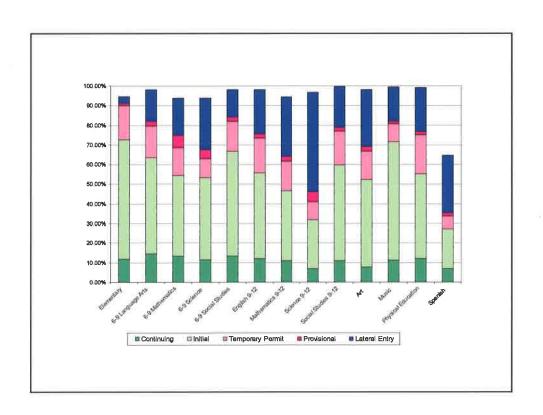




Types of Licenses

Pages 9-22





Highly Qualified

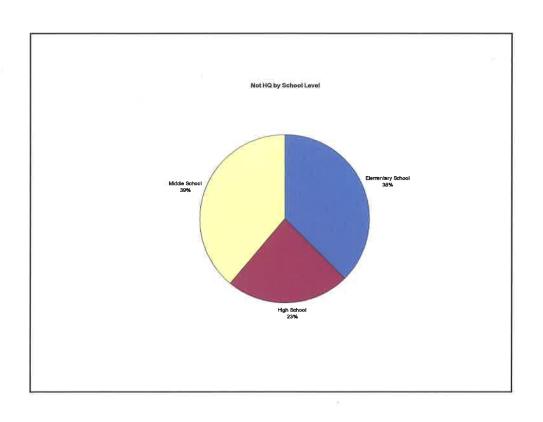
Pages 3 - 8

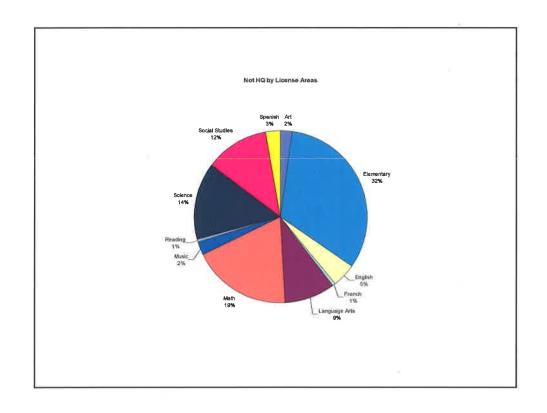
Top 15 HQ Percentages

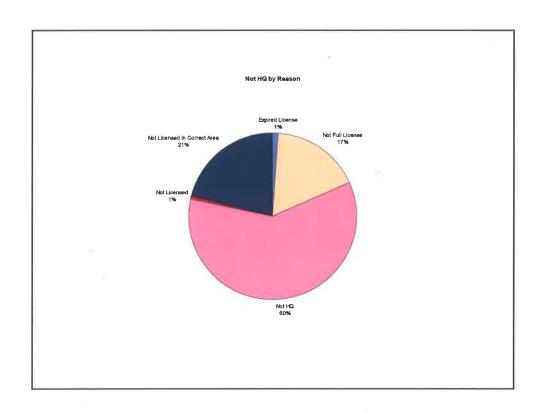
LEAName	HQPercent
CAMDEN COUNTY	100%
POLK COUNTY	97.51%
YANCEY COUNTY	97.29%
MCDOWELL COUNTY	97.25%
EDENTON/CHOWAN	97.01%
ELKIN CITY	96.72%
CHEROKEE COUNTY	96.63%
COLUMBUS COUNTY	96.53%
ORANGE COUNTY	96.17%
PERQUIMANS COUNTY	96.02%
GRANVILLE COUNTY	95.56%
SAMPSON COUNTY	95.47%
TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY	95.33%
WHITEVILLE CITY	95.26%
WATAUGA COUNTY	94.11%

Lowest 15 HQ Percentages

LENOIR COUNTY	83.30%
MONTGOMERY COUNTY	82.97%
STANLY COUNTY	82.50%
ANSON COUNTY	82.42%
PASQUOTANK COUNTY	82.01%
RICHMOND COUNTY	79.55%
ROBESON COUNTY	77.89%
BERTIÉ COUNTY	76.73%
CASWELL COUNTY	76.12%
VANCE COUNTY	75.42%
NORTHAMPTON COUNTY	74.79%
SCOTLAND COUNTY	73.77%
JONES COUNTY	72.41%
HYDE COUNTY	72.25%
WELDON CITY	69.62%







Most Difficult Areas

Pages 1 & 2

Conclusions

- The shortage varies across the state.
 Shortages vary across and within regions.
- Secondary Math, Secondary Science, Middle Grades Math, Middle Grades Science, and Exceptional Children are the most critical shortage areas.

Teacher Vacancy Report

Fall 2005

Prepared by

Department of Public Instruction
Division of Human Resource Management
Fall 2005

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Teacher Vacancy Report Fall 2005

Annually since October 1999, LEAs have been asked to report on the number of vacant positions they have on October 20th (or the last working day prior to this date). The data submitted by the LEAs in October 2005 are reported in the following pages. The data have been summarized across years and across regions.

Pages 2 - 4 reflect the number of vacancies by LEA.

Pages 5 - 13 depict vacancies by regions. (Please note: The scales used on these graphs are not the same from region to region.)

Page 14 provides summary data on vacancies by license area.

Pages 15 – 20 depict vacancies by license area.

Across the state, 971 vacancies were reported. This represents a 4% (n = 36) increase from the number reported in October 2004. Forty (40) LEAs reported fewer vacancies in 2005 than in 2004; 19 reported the same number; 56 reported more vacancies in 2005 than 2004. In looking at the license areas in which vacancies were reported, there were more vacancies at the preschool/elementary level and in the instructional/student support service areas. The increase in this latter category was caused by a 90% increase in the number of vacant speech-language pathology positions (from 30 vacancies in this area in 2004 to 57 vacancies in this area in 2005).

It is worth noting that while there were 36 more vacancies in October 2005 than in October 2004, LEAs were provided an additional 1,058 teaching positions in the initial 2005-06 allotments than they were provided in the 2004-05 allotments.

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Vacancies by LEA

System	October 1999	October 2000	October 2001	October 2002	October 2003	October 2004	October 2005
Alamance-Burlington	30	29	8	17	17.3	7	14
Alexander	NR	0	0	0	3	2	3
Alleghany	0	0	0	0	2	1	2
Anson	5	3	3	5	3	1	6
Ashe	3	1	0	0	1	0	0
Avery	1	5	2	0	1	1	1
Beaufort	4	8	3.5	3	1	0	6
Bertie	8	8	12	11	9	5	14
Bladen	NR	2	0	3	1.5	6	10
Brunswick	4.5	5	2	4	2	7	4
Buncombe	NR	1	0.5	2	3.5	2	2.5
Asheville City	9	3	0	1	0	0	4
Burke	11	9	2	8	7	7	9
Cabarrus	21	12	3	3	7	4	12
Kannapolis City	17.5	3	6	5	4	1	8
Caldwell	12	2	0	1.5	3	1	1
Camden	1.5	0	2	0	2	0	2
Carteret	2	2	0	0	5	0	4
Caswell	1	3	1	4	4	3	0
Catawba	NR	9	9	2	10	1	1
Hickory City	2	2	0	1	1	0	0
Newton-Conover	6	3	2	1	2	1	0
Chatham	5	5	9	4	3	10	6
Cherokee	NR	5	0	0	0	0	0
Chowan	1	1	1	1	0	2	4
Clay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cleveland	4	3	4	2	0	6	4
Kings Mtn. Dist.	1	0	0	0	1	Merged	Merged
Shelby City	1	2	1	0	0	Merged	Merged
Columbus	1	1	0	2	1	1	9
Whiteville City	3	2	1	0	0	0	0
	2	1	6	12	10	5	18
Cumberland	NR	50	44	29	28.5	51	30
Curritual	1	1	2	1	0	3	5
Currituck	NR	2	2	2	2	2	1
Dare		7	4	2	3	12.5	12
Davidson City	10	3	3	1	1	1	2
Lexington City		1	2	0	1	0	2
Thomasville City	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
Davie	3	7	9	8	7	18	0
Duplin Duplin	4			21	31	26	62
Durham Public	36.4	29	22		8	29	21
Edgecombe	2	17	9	10	-		
Forsyth	7	27	13.5	12	18.1	22.7	29.4
Franklin	12	11	14	9	10	13	11
Gaston	4	2	8	2	9	9	15

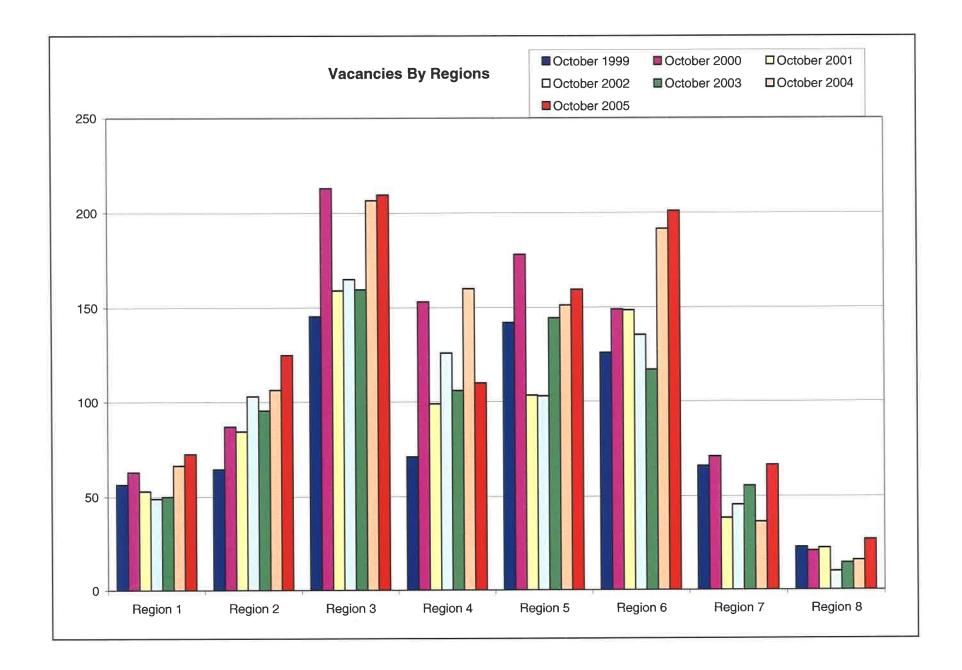
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System	October 1999	October 2000	October 2001	October 2002	October 2003	October 2004	October 2005
Gates	NR	0	1	0	1	0 =	1
Graham	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Granville	6	6	9	5	10.5	7	9
Greene	3	2	2	1	3	0	1
Guilford	51.1	66	34.5	33.5	63.6	52	47
Halifax	7	6	13.5	8	7	4	8
Roanoke Rapids City	3	1	1	3	2	4	3
Weldon City	4	1	8	1	2	1	3
Harnett	15	13	17	23	19	24	17
Haywood	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
Henderson	3	0	4	1	0	1	0
Hertford	19	17	8	18	13	13	7
Hoke	12	20	4	22	21	14	9
Hyde	2	0	0	2	3	0	2
Iredell	7	2	3	7	3	2	13
Mooresville City	4	0	1	0	1.5	1.5	1
Jackson	0	1	3	0	4	4	1.5
Johnston	12.5	6	10	10	15	17	17.5
Jones	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
Lee	4	7	6	7	3	5	6
Lenoir	5	16	6	27	14	12	22
Lincoln	2	2	6	1	4	2	2
Macon	1	1	5	1	0	0	0
Madison	4	2	2	3	0	0	2
Martin	4	11	6	2	5	8	5
McDowell	2	1	2	0	0	3	7
CharMecklenburg	54.5	104	97.5	111.5	81	156.5	131
Mitchell	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montgomery	4	4	2	9	3	4	2
Moore	0	6	1	0	6	6	6
Nash	29	24	16	6	10	9	14
New Hanover	12	9	12	8.5	11.5	10	13
Northampton	NR	11	7	16	9	12	7
Onslow	7	4	0.5	5	14	18	30
Orange	3	3	6	0	4	3	6
Chapel Hill-Carrboro	5.5	7	5	3	9	10	10.5
Pamlico	3	1	0	0	1	2	2
Pasquotank	3	3	4	3.5	4	9	9
Pender	7	10	4	5.5	8	8	10
Perquimans	0	0	0	0	0	3	1
Person	5	2	8	2	5	4	0
Pitt	6	7	7.5	4.5	9	17.5	11.5
Polk	0	2	1	0	1	1	0
Randolph	1.5	4	4	6	3	5.5	10.5
Asheboro City	5	4	i	1	4	3.5	1
Richmond	3	5	3	0	1	0	8

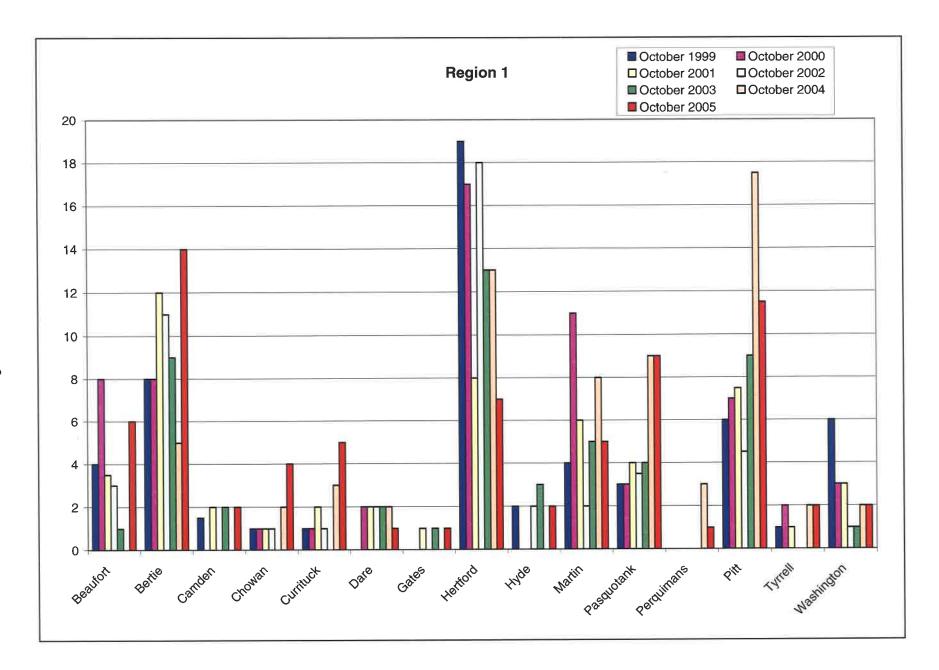
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System	October 1999	October 2000	October 2001	October 2002	October 2003	October 2004	October 2005
Robeson	25	37	20	31	21	47	11
Rockingham	0	9	0.5	4.5	3.5	17	12
Rowan	2	18	6	14	6	10	15.5
Rutherford	0	2	2	0	11	0	0
Sampson	4	2	2	8	3	5	4
Clinton City	4	2	1	3	1	0	1
Scotland	4	6	1	0	_1	2	2
Stanly-Albemarle	1	10	3	0	1	1	4
Stokes	16	8	4	13	5	0	7
Surry	4	4	3	1	3	0	5
Elkin City	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
Mt. Airy City	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Swain	0	2	0	0	11	2	0
Transylvania	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
Tyrrell	1	2	11	0	0	2	2
Union	15	8	17	6	7	11	19
Vance	10	5	11	17	12	16	10
Wake	7.5	68	19.5	37	30	42.5	21
Warren	4	18	7	11	4	16	7
Washington	6	3	3	1	1	2	2
Watauga	5	3	2	3	3	4	11
Wayne	6	25	40	20	16	20.5	16
Wilkes	2	6	3.5	6	8	3	9
Wilson	12	10	12	11	9	10	16
Yadkin	4	4	4	1	0	1	3
Yancey	0	0	2	0	1	0	7
Total	694.5	935	708.5	737	742.5	934.7	970.9

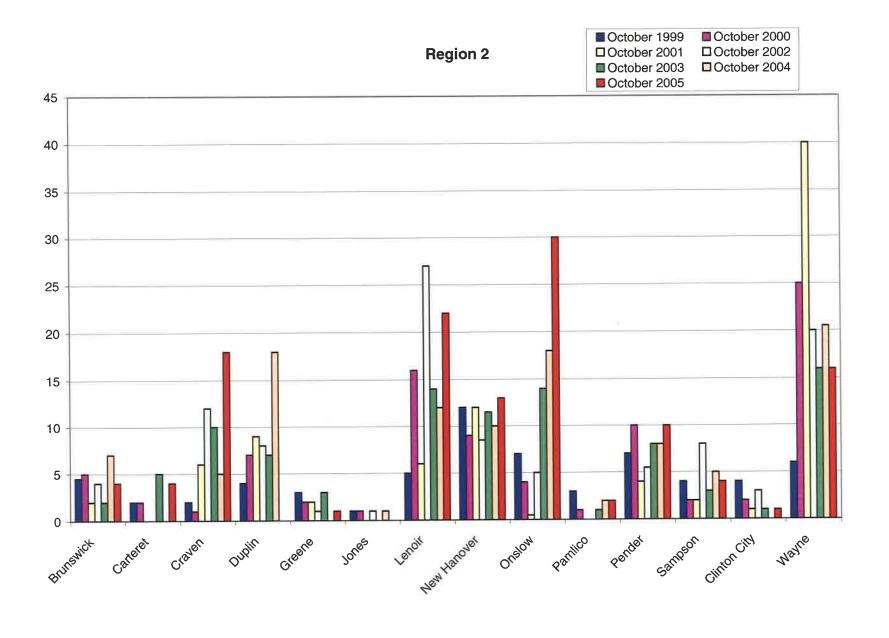
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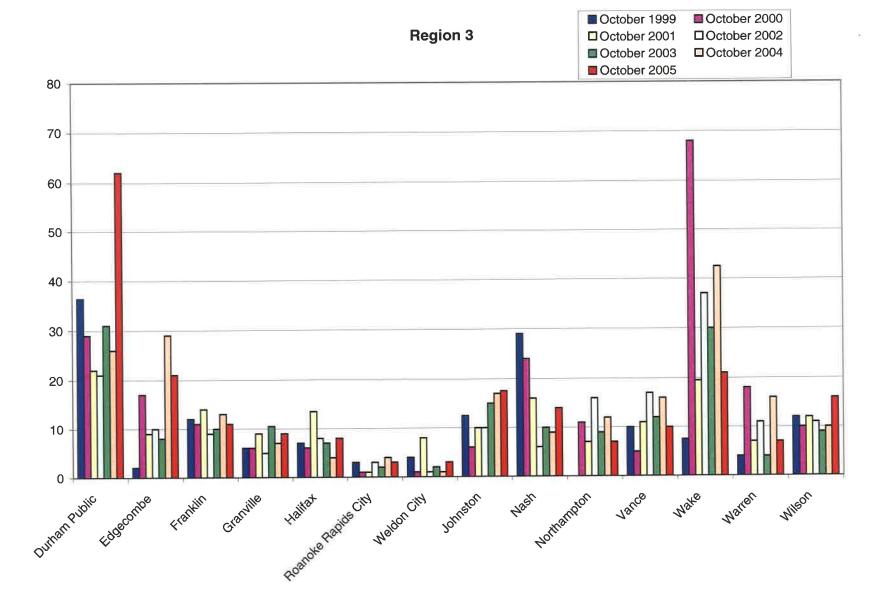


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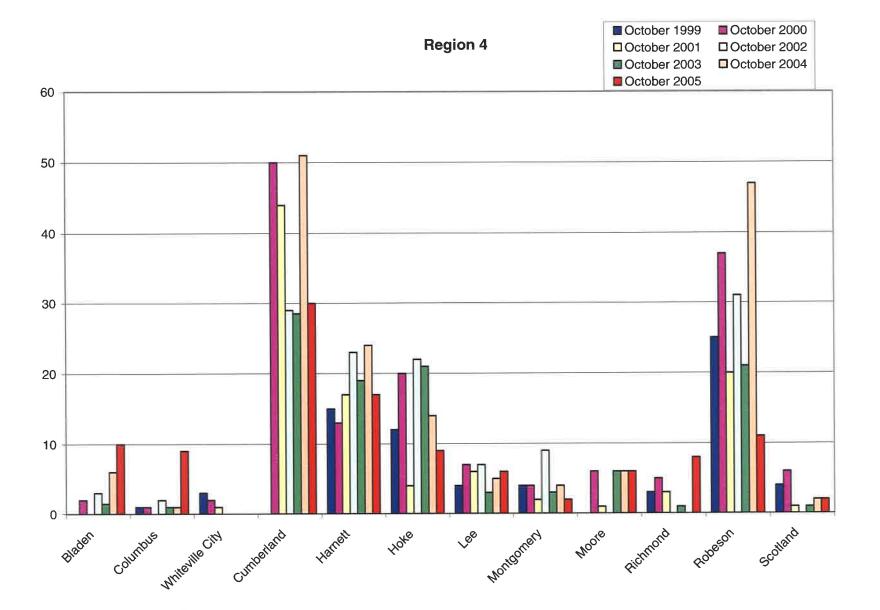


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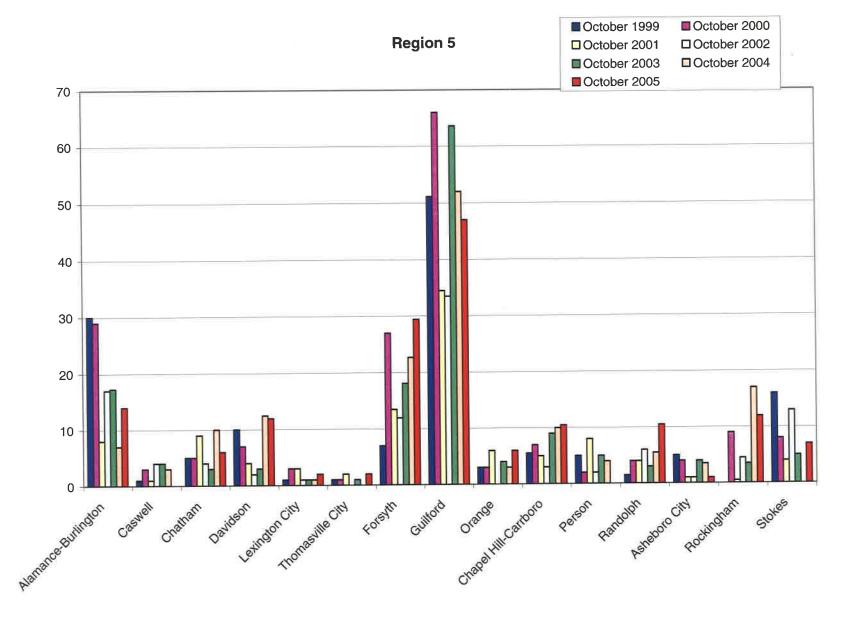




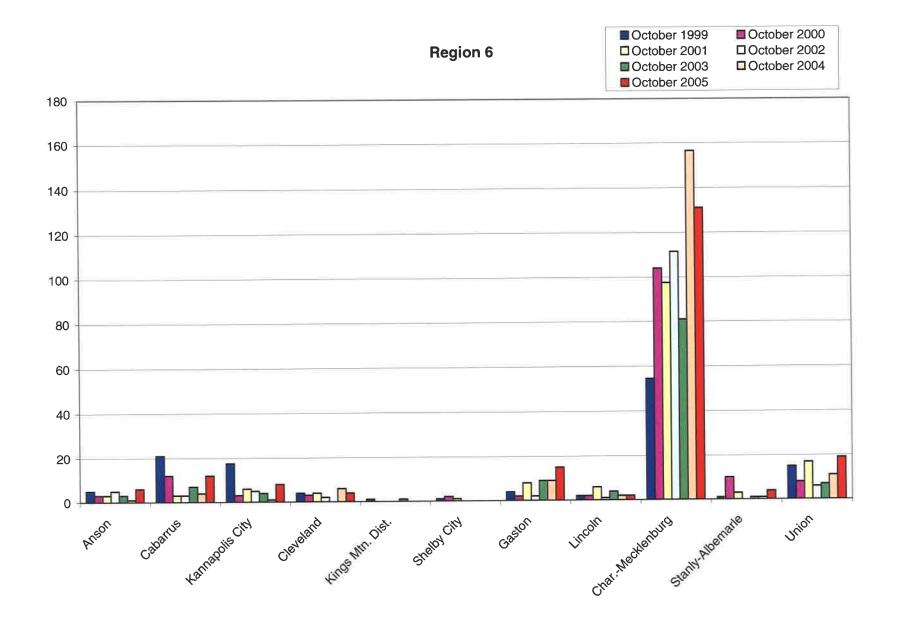




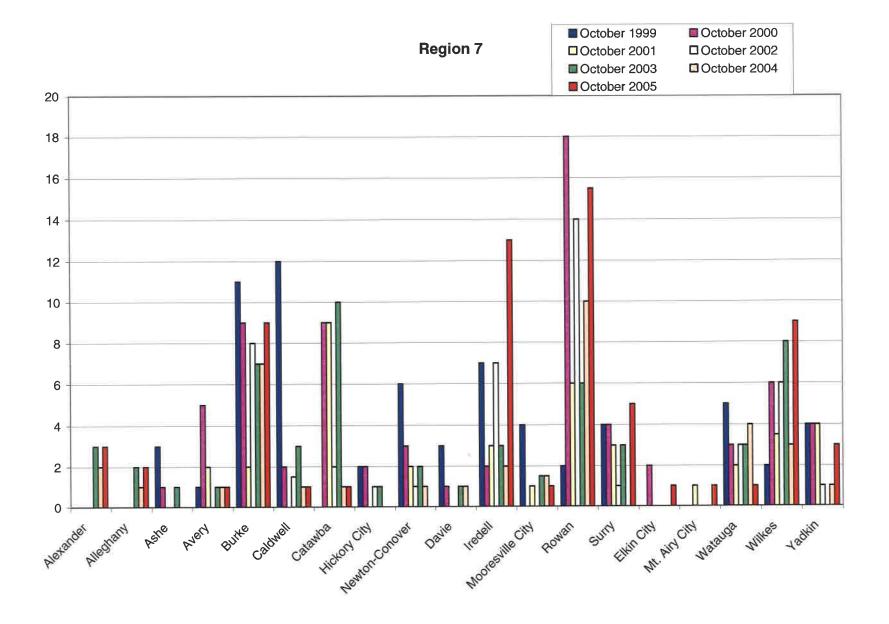
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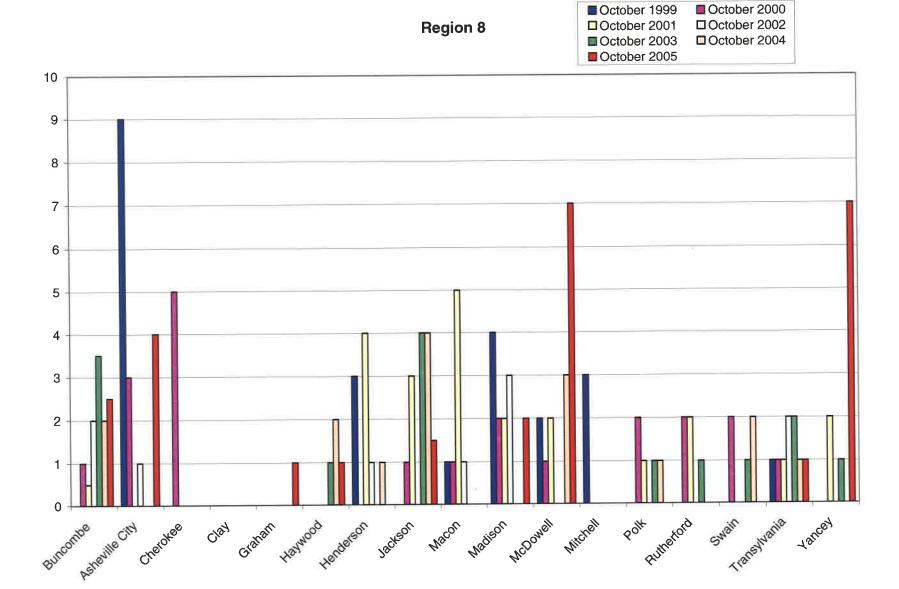


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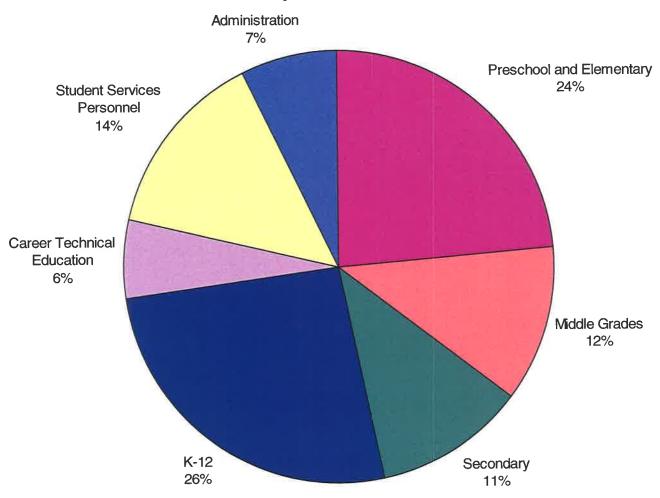


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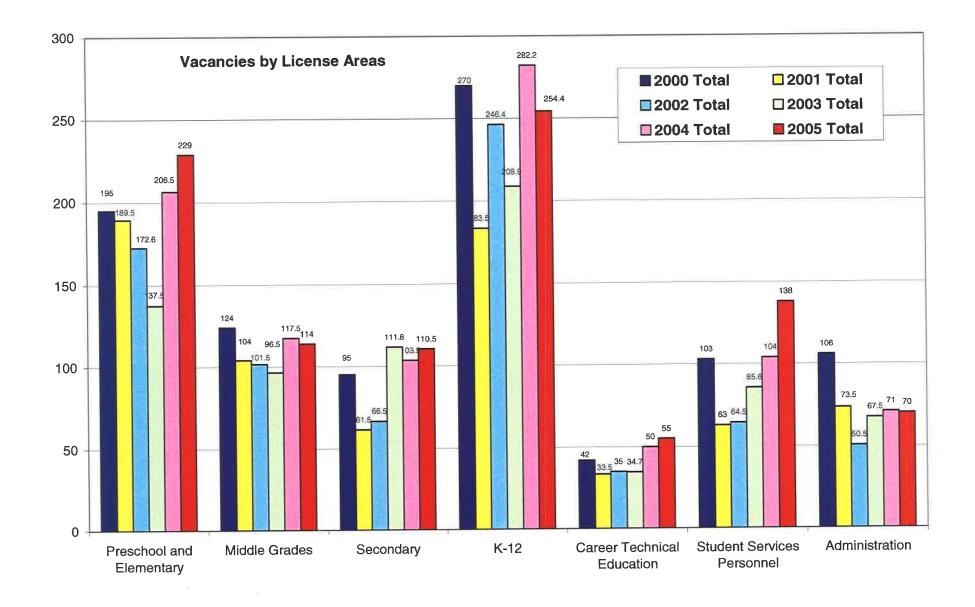
Vacancies Reported by Licensure Area

LICENSURE AREA	October 2000	October 2001	October 2002	October 2003	October 2004	October 2005
Preschool & Elementary	195	189.5	172.6	137.5	206.5	229
B-K	18	15	32	12	18	25
K-6	177	174.5	140.6	125.5	188.5	204
Middle Grades	124	104	101.5	96.5	117.5	114
Language Arts 6-9	36	27.5	24	28.5	33.5	27
Social Studies 6-9	10	13.5	10	9	20.5	11.5
Math 6-9	39	29.5	36	32.5	32.5	36.5
Science 6-9	31	19.5	19	20.5	21.5	23.5
Other 6-9	8	14	12.5	6	9.5	15.5
Secondary	95	61.5	66.5	111.8	103.5	110.5
English 9-12	15	14	13.5	15	18.5	16
Social Studies 9-12	8	5	7	7.5	7	10
Math 9-12	29	25	25	44.5	45	48
Science 9-12	18	9.5	9	21	17.5	25
Other 9-12	25	8	12	23.8	15.5	11.5
K-12	270	183.5	246.4	208.9	282.2	254.4
Exceptional Children K-12	156	108	169	126.2	163	171
Art K-12	12	18	10.5	11	18	3.5
Music K-12	27	13	18.9	18.5	19	14
Physical Education K-12	28	17.5	21.5	16.1	21	18
Health K-12	2	0	3.5	0.5	2	0
Foreign Language K-12	20	12	11.5	19.6	33.7	18.4
English as a Second Language	25	15	11.5	17	25.5	29.5
Career Technical Education	42	33.5	35	34.7	50	55
Agriculture	1	0	0	3	1	2
Family & Consumer Sciences	9	7.5	5	8.5	14	15.5
Marketing	1	1	4	0	2	2
Business	6	9	7.5	6	6	5
Technology	12	12	4	8	6	10.5
Trade & Industrial Education	4	1	11	3	6	5
Other (Career Technical Ed.)	9	3	13.5	6.2	15	15
Student Services Personnel	103	63	64.5	85.6	104	138
Media	9	19	16	14	22	27
School Counselor	37	13.5	24	33.5	29	29
Psychologist	17	14.5	12.5	11.6	13	17.5
Social Worker	11	2	3	8.5	5.5	4.5
Audiologist	3	1	0	0	2.5	0
Speech-Language Pathologist	19	13	9	18	30	57
Other	7	0	0	0	2	3
Administration	106	73.5	50.5	67.5	71	70
Assistant Principal	27	18	14	13	21	19
Principal	12	11	4	11	3	8
Central Office Other	67	44.5	32.5	43.5	47	43
Total	935	708.50	737	742.5	934.7	970.9

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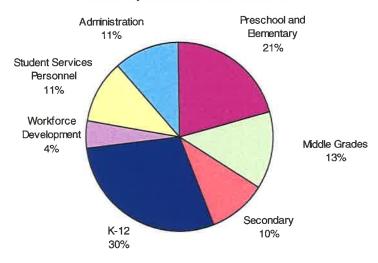


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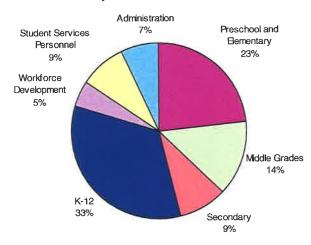


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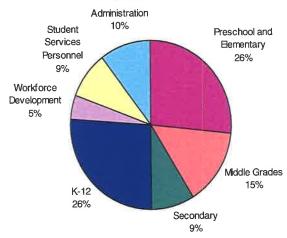
Vacancies by Licensure Areas October 2000



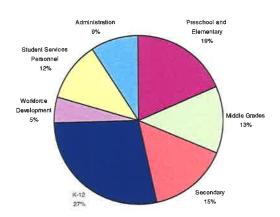
Vacancies by Licensure Areas October 2002



Vacancies by Licensure Areas October 2001

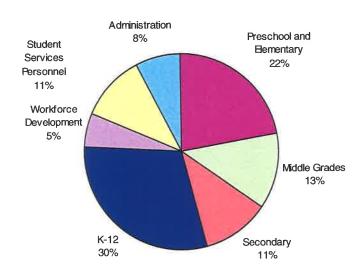


Vacancies by Licensure Areas October 2003

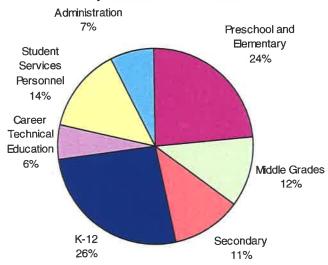


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Vacancies by Licensure Areas October 2004



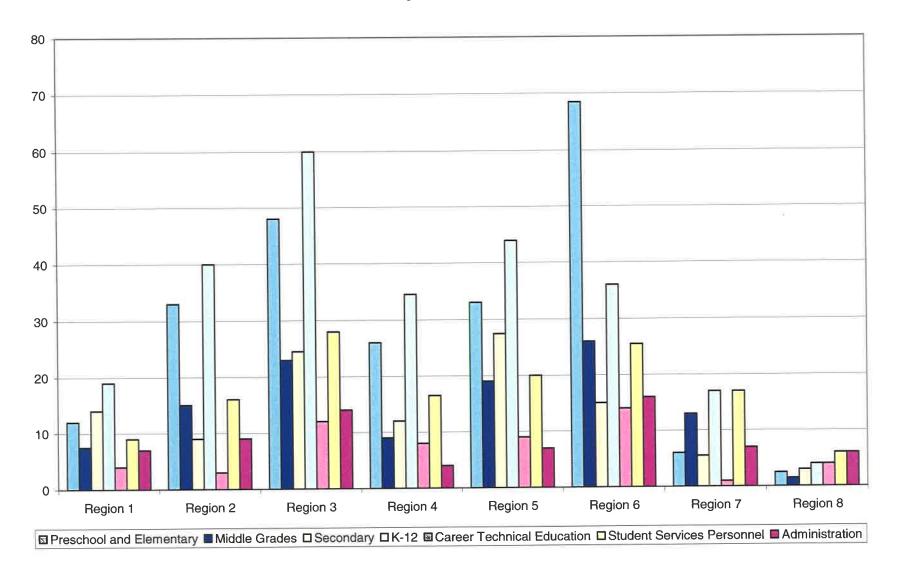
Vacancies by Licensure Area October 2005



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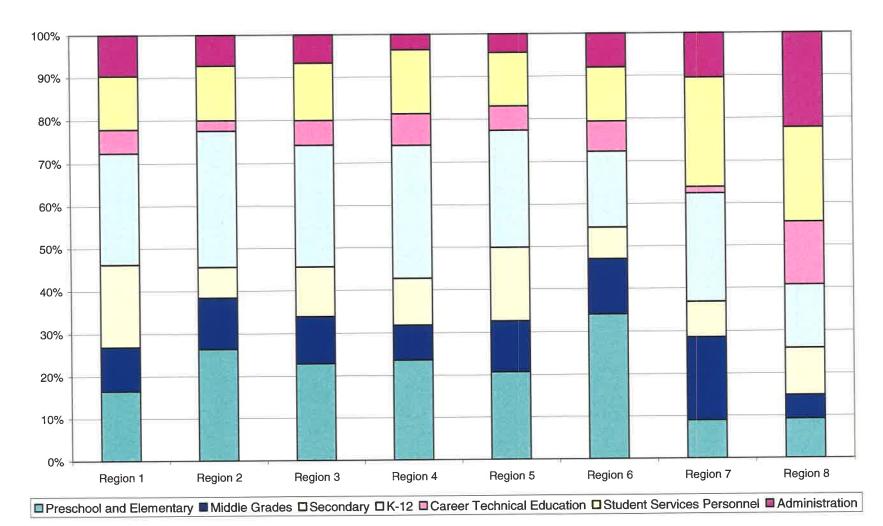
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Vacancy Areas by Region



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Relative Percent of Vacancy Areas by Region



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Teachers with 0-2 Years of Teaching Experience

Elementary and Exceptional Children's Teachers who complete a NC teacher education program	+	Praxis II	=	Standard Professional 1 License	+	3 years of teaching + LEA recommendation + Any PD requirements prescribed by LEA	=	Standard Professional 2 License
Middle School, High School, and K-12 Special Subject Area Teachers who complete a NC teacher education program	=	Standard P	rofes	sional 1 License	+	3 years of teaching + LEA recommendation + Any PD requirements prescribed by LEA + NC testing requirements	=	Standard Professional 2 License
Elementary, Exceptional Children's, Middle School, High School, and K-12 Special Subject Area Teachers who complete an approved teacher education program in another state	=	Standard P	rofes	sional 1 License	+	3 years of teaching + LEA recommendation + Any PD requirements prescribed by LEA + NC testing requirements or Completion of NC HOUSSE or Successful evaluations in most recent year of employment in North Carolina, which verifies the ability to positively impact student learning (SBE must approve by 4/6/06) AND verification of the LEA intent to offer re-employment to the teacher for the following year	=	Standard Professional 2 License

Most Difficult Areas of Licensure for which to find Licensed Teachers (from the 2004-05 Teacher Turnover Report)

2002-03		2003-04		2004-2005	
Number of LEAs Responding to Qu	uestion = 110	Number of LEAs Responding to Qu	estion = 115	Number of LEAs Responding to Qu	estion = 112
License Area	# Identifying	License Area	# Identifying	License Area	# Identifying
9-12 Mathematics	99	9-12 Mathematics	89	9-12 Mathematics	89
9-12 Science	-70	Sp. Ed.: General Curriculum	83	Sp. Ed.: General Curriculum	83
6-9 Mathematics	69	9-12 Science	71	9-12 Science	71
6-9 Science	59	6-9 Mathematics	64	6-9 Mathematics	64
Behavioral/Emotional Disabilities	26	6-9 Science	51	6-9 Science	51
Cross Categorical	24	Sp. Ed.: Adapted Curriculum	43	Sp Ed.: Adapted Curriculum	43
Exceptional Children	24	Cross Categorical	42	Cross Categorical	42
6-9 Language Arts	23	Behavior/Emotionally Disabled	39	Behavioral/Emotional Disabilities	39
Learning Disabilities	19	Learning Disabilities	34	Learning Disabilities	34
Second Languages	19	Second Languages	34	Second Languages	34
ESL	14	Severely/Profoundly Disabled	26	Severely/Profoundly Disabled	26
Mental Disabilities	14	Mental Disabilities	25	Mental Disabilities	25
Elementary Education	11	Speech Language Pathologist	15	Speech Language Pathologist	15
9-12 English	11	ESL	15	ESL	15
Severe/Profound Disabilities	9	6-9 Language Arts	14	6-9 Language Arts	14
Counselor	8	Family/Consumer Sciences 6-12	10	Family/Consumer Sciences 6-12	10
Media Coordinator	8	Media Coordinator	10	Media Coordinator	10
6-9 Social Studies	, 8	Elementary Education	9.	Elementary Education	9

2002-03		2003-04		2004-2005		
Number of LEAs Responding to Qu	uestion = 110	Number of LEAs Responding to Que	estion = 115	Number of LEAs Responding to Question =		
License Area	# Identifying	License Area	# Identifying	License Area	# Identifying	
Birth-Kindergarten	6	9-12 English	9	9-12 English	9	
Workforce Development	5	Birth-Kindergarten	8	Birth-Kindergarten	8	
Technology Education	5	Business Education	8	Business Education	8	
		Counselor	6	Counselor	6	
		Hearing Impaired	6	Hearing Impaired	6	

Notes: ¹ Above numbers include only those areas identified by 5 or more LEAs. ² Spanish was the Second Language most often identified.

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Descending Order

LEA	LEAName	Class	HQClass	HQPercent	# FTE Teachers No
150	CAMDEN COUNTY	72	72	100%	C
750	POLK COUNTY	134	130.66	97.51%	3.34
995	YANCEY COUNTY	135	131.34	97.29%	3.66
	MCDOWELL COUNTY	334	324.83	97.25%	9.17
	EDENTON/CHOWAN	117	113.5	97.01%	3.5
	ELKIN CITY	61	59	96.72%	2
	CHEROKEE COUNTY	198	191.33	96.63%	6.67
	COLUMBUS COUNTY	365	352.32	96.53%	12.68
	ORANGE COUNTY	330	317.36	96.17%	12.64
	PERQUIMANS COUNTY	87	83.54	96.02%	3.46
	GRANVILLE COUNTY	374	357.4	95.56%	16.6
	SAMPSON COUNTY	402	383.8	95.47%	18.2
	TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY	195	185.9	95.33%	9.1
	WHITEVILLE CITY	114	108.6	95.26%	5.4
	WATAUGA COUNTY	262	246.57	94.11%	15.43
	PAMLICO COUNTY	94	88.25	93.88%	5.75
	GREENE COUNTY	137	128.34	93.68%	8.66
	BUNCOMBE COUNTY	1140	1067.47	93.64%	72.53
	CATAWBA COUNTY	779	729.11	93.60%	49.89
	IREDELL-STATESVILLE	921	861.2	93.51%	59.8
	GUILFORD COUNTY	3061	2851.82	93.17%	209.18
	JOHNSTON COUNTY	1205	1122.24	93.13%	82.76
	NEW HANOVER COUNTY	1045	972.47	93.06%	72.53
	LEE COUNTY	384	356.54	92.85%	27.46
	CABARRUS COUNTY	1093	1013.87	92.76%	79.13
	HENDERSON COUNTY	583	539.93	92.61%	43.07
	CHAPEL HILL-CARRBORO	565	523.15	92.59%	41.85
	MOORESVILLE CITY	202	186.97	92.56%	15.03
	MACON COUNTY	210	193.15	91.98%	16.85
				91.97%	78.55
	ROWAN-SALISBURY	978	899.45 259	91.84%	76.50
	DAVIE COUNTY	247	226.3	91.62%	20.7
	DARE COUNTY CHATHAM COUNTY		354.15	91.51%	32.85
		387	308.15		28.85
	PENDER COUNTY			91.44%	
	SURRY COUNTY	428	391.23	91.41%	36.77
	BURKE COUNTY	718	655.96	91.36%	62.04
	ONSLOW COUNTY	1016	927.65	91.30%	88.35
	TYRRELL COUNTY	44	40.17	91.30%	3.83
	ALEXANDER COUNTY	261	238.26	91.29%	22.74
	HICKORY CITY	216	197	91.20%	19
	WILSON COUNTY	579	527.25	91.06%	51.75
	GATES COUNTY	106	96.48	91.02%	9.52
	KANNAPOLIS CITY	236	214.5	90.89%	21.5
	ASHEVILLE CITY	222	201.05	90.56%	20.95
	ROCKINGHAM COUNTY	682	616.61	90.41%	65.39
	LINCOLN COUNTY	591	532.59	90.12%	58.41
	MITCHELL COUNTY	143	128.77	90.05%	14.23
	GRAHAM COUNTY	66	59.4	90%	6.6
	DUPLIN COUNTY	397	357.06	89.94%	39.94
	ROANOKE RAPIDS CITY	143	128.6	89.93%	14.4
440	HAYWOOD COUNTY	385	345.91	89.85%	39.09

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Descending Order

970 WILKES COUNTY	517	464.17	89.78%	52.83
940 WASHINGTON COUNTY	116	103.8	89.48%	12.2
330 EDGECOMBE COUNTY	336	300.44	89.42%	35.56
761 ASHEBORO CITY	218	194.5	89.22%	23.5
821 CLINTON CITY	139	124	89.21%	15
250 CRAVEN COUNTY	689	612.8	88.94%	76.2
320 DURHAM COUNTY	1459	1292.66	88.60%	166.34
600 MECKLENBURG COUNTY	5378	4764.56	88.59%	613.44
230 CLEVELAND COUNTY	905	801.69	88.58%	103.31
10 ALAMANCE-BURLINGTON	1030	911.31	88.48%	118.69
160 CARTERET COUNTY	448	396.26	88.45%	51.74
862 MOUNT AIRY CITY	98	86.67	88.44%	11.33
960 WAYNE COUNTY	905	799.85	88.38%	105.15
810 RUTHERFORD COUNTY	452	398.32	88.12%	53.68
630 MOORE COUNTY	573	504.44	88.03%	68.56
50 ASHE COUNTY	165	145.1	87.94%	19.9
430 HARNETT COUNTY	761	668.99	87.91%	92.01
60 AVERY COUNTY	135	118.5	87.78%	16.5
850 STOKES COUNTY	365	320.19	87.72%	44.81
140 CALDWELL COUNTY	647	566.01	87.48%	80.99
182 NEWTON-CONOVER	118	103.23	87.48%	14.77
730 PERSON COUNTY	273	238.58	87.39%	34.42
270 CURRITUCK COUNTY	192	167.66	87.32%	24.34
100 BRUNSWICK COUNTY	504	439.33	87.17%	64.67
290 DAVIDSON COUNTY	882	768.75	87.16%	113.25
90 BLADEN COUNTY	286	248.79	86.99%	37.21
640 NASH-ROCKY MOUNT	858	746.21	86.97%	111.79
740 PITT COUNTY	1070	929.93	86.91%	140.07
292 THOMASVILLE CITY	129	112	86.82%	140.07
	66	57.05	86.44%	8.95
220 CLAY COUNTY	292	251.95	86.28%	
990 YADKIN COUNTY				40.05
870 SWAIN COUNTY	106	91.14	85.98%	14.86
260 CUMBERLAND COUNTY	2582	2218.66	85.93%	363.34
291 LEXINGTON CITY	154	132.33	85.93%	21.67
420 HALIFAX COUNTY	254	218.07	85.85%	35.93
930 WARREN COUNTY	146	125.2	85.75%	20.8
350 FRANKLIN COUNTY	422	360.75	85.49%	61.25
760 RANDOLPH COUNTY	840	717.72	85.44%	122.28
900 UNION COUNTY	1337	1141.45	85.37%	195.55
460 HERTFORD COUNTY	164	139.37	84.98%	24.63
70 BEAUFORT COUNTY	371	315.2	84.96%	55.8
360 GASTON COUNTY	1450	1229	84.76%	221
580 MARTIN COUNTY	248	209.95	84.66%	38.05
340 FORSYTH COUNTY	2547	2152.61	84.52%	394.39
920 WAKE COUNTY	5256	4438.87	84.45%	817.13
30 ALLEGHANY COUNTY	81	68.4	84.44%	12.6
570 MADISON COUNTY	134	113.1	84.40%	20.9
500 JACKSON COUNTY	190	160.09	84.26%	29.91
470 HOKE COUNTY	303	252.58	83.36%	50.42
540 LENOIR COUNTY	477	397.36	83.30%	79.64
620 MONTGOMERY COUNTY	218	180.88	82.97%	37.12
840 STANLY COUNTY	478	394.34	82.50%	83.66
40 ANSON COUNTY	233	192.05	82.42%	40.95

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Descending Order

700	PASQUOTANK COUNTY	306	250.95	82.01%	55.05
	RICHMOND COUNTY	407	323.76	79.55%	83.24
780	ROBESON COUNTY	1093	851.37	77.89%	241.63
80	BERTIE COUNTY	180	138.11	76.73%	41.89
	CASWELL COUNTY	164	124.83	76.12%	39.17
910	VANCE COUNTY	410	309.21	75.42%	100.79
660	NORTHAMPTON COUNTY	160	119.67	74.79%	40.33
	SCOTLAND COUNTY	378	278.84	73.77%	99.16
520	JONES COUNTY	87	63	72.41%	24
480	HYDE COUNTY	59	42.63	72.25%	16.37
422	WELDON CITY	53	36.9	69.62%	16.1

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Alphabetical Order by LEA

	(4)	habetical Order			#FTE
LEA	LEAName	Class	HQClass	HQPercent	Teachers Not
10	ALAMANCE-BURLINGTON	1030	911.31	88.48%	118.69
20	ALEXANDER COUNTY	261	238.26	91.29%	22.74
30	ALLEGHANY COUNTY	81	68.4	84.44%	12.6
40	ANSON COUNTY	233	192.05	82.42%	40.95
50	ASHE COUNTY	165	145.1	87.94%	19.9
60	AVERY COUNTY	135	118.5	87.78%	16.5
70	BEAUFORT COUNTY	371	315.2	84.96%	55.8
80	BERTIE COUNTY	180	138.11	76.73%	41.89
90	BLADEN COUNTY	286	248.79	86.99%	37.21
100	BRUNSWICK COUNTY	504	439.33	87.17%	64.67
	BUNCOMBE COUNTY	1140	1067.47	93.64%	72.53
	ASHEVILLE CITY	222	201.05	90.56%	20.95
	BURKE COUNTY	718	655.96	91.36%	62.04
	CABARRUS COUNTY	1093	1013.87	92.76%	79.13
	KANNAPOLIS CITY	236	214.5	90.89%	21.5
	CALDWELL COUNTY	647	566.01	87.48%	80.99
	CAMDEN COUNTY	72	72	100%	0
	CARTERET COUNTY	448	396.26	88.45%	51.74
	CASWELL COUNTY	164	124.83	76.12%	39.17
-	CATAWBA COUNTY	779	729.11	93.60%	49.89
	HICKORY CITY	216	197	91.20%	19
	NEWTON-CONOVER	118	103.23	87.48%	14.77
	CHATHAM COUNTY	387	354.15	91.51%	32.85
	CHEROKEE COUNTY	198	191.33	96.63%	6.67
	EDENTON/CHOWAN	117	113.5	97.01%	3.5
	CLAY COUNTY	66	57.05	86.44%	8.95
	CLEVELAND COUNTY	905	801.69	88.58%	103.31
	COLUMBUS COUNTY	365	352.32	96.53%	12.68
	WHITEVILLE CITY	114	108.6	95.26%	5.4
	CRAVEN COUNTY	689	612.8	88.94%	76.2
	CUMBERLAND COUNTY	2582	2218.66	85.93%	363.34
	CURRITUCK COUNTY	192	167.66	87.32%	24.34
	DARE COUNTY	247	226.3	91.62%	20.7
	DAVIDSON COUNTY	882	768.75	87.16%	113.25
		154	132.33	85.93%	21.67
	LEXINGTON CITY THOMASVILLE CITY	129	112	86.82%	17
	DAVIE COUNTY	282	259	91.84%	23
	DUPLIN COUNTY	397	357.06	89.94%	39.94
			1292.66		
	DURHAM COUNTY	1459		88.60%	166.34
	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	336	300.44 2152.61	89.42%	35.56
	FORSYTH COUNTY	2547		84.52%	394.39
	FRANKLIN COUNTY	422	360.75	85.49%	61.25
	GASTON COUNTY	1450	1229	84.76%	221
	GATES COUNTY	106	96.48	91.02%	9.52
	GRAHAM COUNTY	66	59.4	90%	6.6
	GRANVILLE COUNTY	374	357.4	95.56%	16.6
	GREENE COUNTY	137	128.34	93.68%	8.66
	GUILFORD COUNTY	3061	2851.82	93.17%	209.18
	HALIFAX COUNTY	254	218.07	85.85%	35.93
	ROANOKE RAPIDS CITY	143	128.6	89.93%	14.4
	WELDON CITY	53	36.9	69.62%	16.1
430	HARNETT COUNTY	761	668.99	87.91%	92.01

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Alphabetical Order by LEA

LEA	LEAName	Class	HQClass	HQPercent	# FTE Teachers No
	HAYWOOD COUNTY	385	345.91	89.85%	39.09
	HENDERSON COUNTY	583	539.93	92.61%	43.07
	HERTFORD COUNTY	164	139.37	84.98%	24.63
	HOKE COUNTY	303	252.58	83.36%	50.42
480	HYDE COUNTY	59	42.63	72.25%	16.37
	IREDELL-STATESVILLE	921	861.2	93.51%	59.8
491	MOORESVILLE CITY	202	186.97	92.56%	15.03
	JACKSON COUNTY	190	160.09	84.26%	29.91
510	JOHNSTON COUNTY	1205	1122.24	93.13%	82.76
520	JONES COUNTY	87	63	72.41%	24
530	LEE COUNTY	384	356.54	92.85%	27.46
540	LENOIR COUNTY	477	397.36	83.30%	79.64
	LINCOLN COUNTY	591	532.59	90.12%	58.41
560	MACON COUNTY	210	193.15	91.98%	16.85
	MADISON COUNTY	134	113.1	84.40%	20.9
580	MARTIN COUNTY	248	209.95	84.66%	38.05
	MCDOWELL COUNTY	334	324.83	97.25%	9.17
600	MECKLENBURG COUNTY	5378	4764.56	88.59%	613.44
	MITCHELL COUNTY	143	128.77	90.05%	14.23
620	MONTGOMERY COUNTY	218	180.88	82.97%	37.12
	MOORE COUNTY	573	504.44	88.03%	68.56
	NASH-ROCKY MOUNT	858	746.21	86.97%	111.79
	NEW HANOVER COUNTY	1045	972.47	93.06%	72.53
	NORTHAMPTON COUNTY	160	119.67	74.79%	40.33
	ONSLOW COUNTY	1016	927.65	91.30%	88.35
	ORANGE COUNTY	330	317.36	96.17%	12.64
	CHAPEL HILL-CARRBORO	565	523.15	92.59%	41.85
690	PAMLICO COUNTY	94	88.25	93.88%	5.75
700	PASQUOTANK COUNTY	306	250.95	82.01%	55.05
710	PENDER COUNTY	337	308.15	91.44%	28.85
720	PERQUIMANS COUNTY	87	83.54	96.02%	3.46
730	PERSON COUNTY	273	238.58	87.39%	34.42
740	PITT COUNTY	1070	929.93	86.91%	140.07
750	POLK COUNTY	134	130.66	97.51%	3.34
760	RANDOLPH COUNTY	840	717.72	85.44%	122.28
761	ASHEBORO CITY	218	194.5	89.22%	23.5
770	RICHMOND COUNTY	407	323.76	79.55%	83,24
780	ROBESON COUNTY	1093	851.37	77.89%	241.63
790	ROCKINGHAM COUNTY	682	616.61	90.41%	65.39
800	ROWAN-SALISBURY	978	899.45	91.97%	78.55
810	RUTHERFORD COUNTY	452	398.32	88.12%	53.68
820	SAMPSON COUNTY	402	383.8	95.47%	18.2
821	CLINTON CITY	139	124	89.21%	15
830	SCOTLAND COUNTY	378	278.84	73.77%	99.16
840	STANLY COUNTY	478	394.34	82.50%	83.66
850	STOKES COUNTY	365	320.19	87.72%	44.81
860	SURRY COUNTY	428	391.23	91.41%	36.77
861	ELKIN CITY	61	59	96.72%	2
862	MOUNT AIRY CITY	98	86.67	88.44%	11.33
870	SWAIN COUNTY	106	91.14	85.98%	14.86
880	TRANSYLVANIA COUNTY	195	185.9	95.33%	9.1
890	TYRRELL COUNTY	44	40.17	91.30%	3.83

Percent of Teachers who are Highly Qualified (2004-05 School Year) Alphabetical Order by LEA

					# FTE
LE	A LEAName	Class	HQClass	HQPercent	Teachers Not
90	0 UNION COUNTY	1337	1141.45	85.37%	195.55
91	0 VANCE COUNTY	410	309.21	75.42%	100.79
92	0 WAKE COUNTY	5256	4438.87	84.45%	817.13
93	0 WARREN COUNTY	146	125.2	85.75%	20.8
94	0 WASHINGTON COUNTY	116	103.8	89.48%	12.2
95	0 WATAUGA COUNTY	262	246.57	94.11%	15.43
96	0 WAYNE COUNTY	905	799.85	88.38%	105.15
97	0 WILKES COUNTY	517	464.17	89.78%	52.83
98	0 WILSON COUNTY	579	527.25	91.06%	51.75
99	0 YADKIN COUNTY	292	251.95	86.28%	40.05
99	5 YANCEY COUNTY	135	131.34	97.29%	3.66

March 2004

.36%

326

5,918

6.5%

June 2004

.23%

5.9%

5,705

5,381

207

June 2005

.15%

72.5%

.50%

5.5%

138

67,486

468

5,141

6.1%

14,402 15.5%

March 2005

.30%

275

ne		evaluating the performance of the teacher. This evaluation must include the performance of the teacher's students. Teachers licensed by this policy can receive a clear license after one year of successful teaching and re-employment by the LEA.	320	.50%	20,	.23 70	273	.5070
	Continuing license	Issued to individuals who have satisfactorily completed the Initial Licensure Program and individuals completing teacher preparation programs in other states who begin teaching in North Carolina with four or more years teaching experience. This is a renewable, five-year license.	64,531	71%	65,551	72.3%	66,363	71.3%
) (2)	Emergency permit	Issued to individuals who hold at least a bachelor's degree but do not have the equivalent of a college major in the area they are assigned to teach or do not have the required grade point average to qualify for a license based on any other licensure policy. Emergency permits are valid for one year and are not renewable.	583	.64%	539	.59%	477	.51%
	Initial license	Issued to teachers with three or fewer years of teaching experience. This license is valid for three years of practice. The beginning teacher must complete the Initial Licensure Program to be granted a continuing	12,140	13.4%	13,419	14.8%	12,854	13.8%

Issued to individuals with valid out-of-state teaching licenses, college or

university teaching experience, or three years of relevant experience.

To employ individuals on alternative entry licenses, the LEA must

determine there is or anticipate there will be a shortage of licensed

teacher in a particular license area and have in place a plan for

Issued to individuals who hold at least a bachelor's degree from a

regionally accredited institution with the equivalent of a college major

in the area they are assigned to teach. Individuals employed on lateral entry licenses affiliate with colleges and universities with approved teacher education programs to complete prescribed course work. The

first lateral entry license is issued for two years. It may be re-issued for an additional year. Individuals employed on lateral entry licenses must complete at least 6 semester hours of course work each year and satisfy

Praxis II testing requirements before the end of the second year.

Alternative entry

license.

Licenses (SB

Lateral Entry

license

1124)

-		March 2004		June 2004		March	2005	June	2005
Provisional license	Issued to individuals who are licensed in one or more areas, but assigned to teach in an area in which they are not licensed. For example, an individual with a license in elementary education may be assigned to teach exceptional children. This individual would be issued a provisional license in the appropriate exceptional children's area (e.g., learning disabilities, mentally handicapped, etc.). Individuals employed with provisional licenses affiliate with colleges and universities with approved teacher education programs to complete prescribed course work. Individuals employed on provisional licenses must complete at least 6 semester hours of course work each year. The license can be renewed annually for up to two more years (three years total). The Praxis II subject test(s) for the area must be completed upon completion of required course work.	4,145	4.6%	3,570	3.9%	4,007	4.3%	3,238	3.5%
Temporary permit	Issued to individuals have not yet satisfied Praxis testing requirements, but otherwise meet all requirements for a "clear" license. Temporary permits are valid for two years, provided that the individual at least takes the required Praxis exams during the first year of employment.	2,204	2.4%	1,536	1.7%	2,024	2.2%	1,297	1.4%
No License	No licensure data was found for the individual social security number	516	.57%	147	.16%	629	.68%	155	.17%

Percent Perc		7 3 5 7 10	License Types										
Alamance-Burlington Schools 83.6 1,527 98 66.01% 17.88% 0.46% 5.24% 6.44% 0.00% 1.44% 2.89% 0.00% Alaexander County Schools 87.5 383 27 71.10% 19.55% 0.57% 0.57% 3.88% 0.00% 0.65% 0.00% 0.28% Alaeyander County Schools 89.3 131 20 74.08% 11.85% 0.76% 6.67% 4.89% 0.00% 0.76% 0.00% Anson County Schools 84.4 299 14 71.91% 13.89% 0.38% 0.29% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Anson County Schools 90.9 245 40 82.89% 12.65% 0.41% 0.327% 0.82% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Alaey County Schools 90.1 190 11 84.74% 11.05% 0.53% 3.16% 0.53% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Alaey County Schools 90.1 190 11 84.74% 11.05% 0.53% 3.16% 0.53% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Barufor County Schools 78.1 233 6 64.38% 11.59% 2.15% 0.68% 11.59% 0.25% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Barlia County Schools 78.1 233 6 64.38% 11.59% 2.15% 0.68% 0.00% 0.68% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Barlia County Schools 92.3 743 57 73.08% 16.55% 1.21% 5.11% 3.77% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.13% Buncombe County Schools 87.1 1.646 200 80.19% 14.03% 0.49% 2.67% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.13% Buncombe County Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.87% 1.58% 5.51% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Burke County Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.87% 1.58% 5.51% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.0	LEA Name	Retained from 03-04		NBPTS	Continuing	Initial	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Provisional		SB 1124		VIF	
Allegeander County Schools		83.6	1.527	98	66.01%	17.68%	0.46%	5.24%	6.48%	0.00%		2.69%	
Alleghany County Schools 88.3 131 20 74.09% 11.45% 0.76% 6.87% 4.58% 0.00% 0.76% 0.00% 0.76% 0.00% 0.76% 0.00% </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>27</td> <td>71.10%</td> <td>19.55%</td> <td>0.57%</td> <td>3.97%</td> <td>3.68%</td> <td>0.00%</td> <td></td> <td>0.00%</td> <td></td>				27	71.10%	19.55%	0.57%	3.97%	3.68%	0.00%		0.00%	
Asher County Schools 84.4 299 14 71.91% 13.88% 3.44% 2.34% 6.68% 0.00% 0.33% 2.01% 0.00% Asher County Schools 90.9 245 40 82.68% 12.65% 0.41% 3.27% 0.82% 0.00% 0.			131	20	74.05%	11.45%	0.76%	6.87%	4.58%	0.00%		-	
Ashe County Schools 90.0 245 40 82.88% 12.65% 0.41% 3.27% 0.82% 0.00% 0.			- Contractor - Con	14	71.91%	13.38%	3.34%			0.00%			
Avery County Schools 90.1 190 11 84.74% 11.05% 0.53% 3.16% 0.53% 0.00% 0			245	40	82.86%	12.65%	0.41%	3.27%	0.82%	0.00%		0.00%	
Bearlior County Schools 87.5 527 39 80.27% 12.33% 0.38% 2.09% 4.17% 0.19% 0.00% 0.57% 0.00%					84.74%	11.05%	0.53%	3.16%	0.53%	0.00%			and the same of the same of the same of
Berlie County Schools 78.1 233 6 64.88% 11.89% 2.15% 6.87% 11.89% 0.43% 2.15% 0.86% 0.00% Bladen County Schools 84.8 386 20 75.39% 11.40% 0.52% 4.66% 0.26% 0.75% 2.33% 0.00% Bunswick County Schools 82.3 743 57 73.08% 16.55% 1.21% 5.11% 3.77% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.13% Bunswick County Schools 87.1 1,646 200 80.19% 14.03% 0.49% 2.67% 2.07% 0.00% 0.30% 0.12% 0.00% Buncombe County Schools 81.0 320 48 74.05% 11.88% 1.56% 5.31% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.09% 0.31% Burke County Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.97% 0.77% 4.69% 5.84% 0.29% 1.15% 0.10% 0.00% Cabarus County Schools 87.3 3.43 3.4 65.89% 26.53% 1.17% 3.21% 2.33% 0.00% 0.13% 1.04% 0.00% Cathy Schools 88.0 88.2 1.1537 132 73.78% 12.25% 1.04% 3.58% 5.43% 0.00% 0.35% 0.00% 0.12% Cathy County Schools 88.9 111 39 82.88% 13.11% 0.90% 1.80% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Carrierd County Schools 88.3 646 8 85.45% 10.88% 0.62% 1.86% 1.19% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Catawaba County Schools 86.4 231 75 80.85% 7.36% 1.30% 4.76% 3.46% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Catawaba County Schools 85.3 313 122 73.16% 15.34% 1.92% 3.19% 5.11% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Newton Conover City Schools 81.9 516 13 69.96% 17.25% 1.30% 4.76% 3.46% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Charlama County Schools 86.9 4.79 3.8 8.2.8% 1.15% 0.36% 3.99% 1.10% 0.00				39	80.27%	12.33%	0.38%	2.09%	4.17%	0.19%		0.57%	
Biden County Schools 84.8 386 20 75.39% 11.40% 0.52% 4.66% 4.66% 0.26% 0.79% 2.93% 0.00%					64.38%	11.59%	2.15%	6.87%	11.59%	0.43%	2.15%	0.86%	
Brunswick County Schools 82.3 743 57 73.08% 16.55% 1.21% 5.11% 3.77% 0.00% 0.00% 0.13% 0.13% 0.13% 0.13% 0.00mbe County Schools 87.1 1,646 200 80.19% 14.03% 0.49% 2.67% 2.07% 0.00% 0.00% 0.03% 0.12% 0.09% 0.48heville City Schools 81.0 320 48 74.06% 11.88% 1.56% 5.31% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.31% 0.48heville City Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.97% 0.77% 4.69% 5.84% 0.29% 1.15% 0.10% 0.00% 0.							0.52%	4.66%	4.66%	0.26%	0.78%	2.33%	
Buncombe County Schools 87.1 1,646 200 86.19% 14.03% 0.49% 2.67% 2.07% 0.00% 0.36% 0.12% 0.06% Asheville City Schools 81.0 320 48 74.06% 11.88% 1.56% 5.31% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.00% 0.31% Asheville City Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.97% 0.77% 4.69% 5.84% 0.29% 1.15% 0.10% 0.00% 0.				57	73.08%	16.55%	1.21%	5.11%	3.77%	0.00%			
Ashaville City Schools 81.0 320 48 74.06% 11.88% 1.56% 5.31% 6.56% 0.31% 0.00% 0.00% 0.31% 8urke County Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 13.97% 0.77% 4.69% 5.84% 0.29% 11.55% 0.00% 0.							0.49%	2.67%	2.07%	0.00%	0.36%	0.12%	
Burke County Schools 87.3 1,045 101 73.21% 19.97% 0.77% 4.69% 5.84% 0.29% 1.15% 0.10% 0.00% Cabarrus County Schools 86.2 1,537 132 73.78% 17.37% 0.85% 3.06% 3.77% 0.00% 0.13% 1.04% 0.00% Catorius County Schools 87.3 343 34 65.89% 25.53% 1.17% 9.85% 3.06% 3.77% 0.00% 0.87% 0.00% 0.00% Cativell County Schools 88.0 865 34 77.23% 12.25% 1.04% 3.85% 5.43% 0.00% 0					74.06%	11.88%	1.56%	5.31%	6.56%	0.31%	0.00%	0.00%	0.31%
Cabarrus County Schools 86.2 1,537 132 73.78% 17.37% 0.85% 3.06% 3.77% 0.00% 0.13% 1.04% 0.00% Kannapolis City Schools 87.3 343 34 65.89% 25.53% 1.17% 3.21% 2.33% 0.00% 0.35% 0.00% 0.12% Caldwell County Schools 88.0 885 34 77.23% 12.25% 1.04% 3.58% 5.43% 0.00% 0.35% 0.00% 0.12% Camden County Schools 86.3 646 8 85.45% 10.68% 0.62% 1.86% 1.99% 0.00% 0							0.77%	4.69%	5.84%	0.29%	1.15%	0.10%	
Kannapolis City Schools 87.3 343 34 65.89% 26.53% 1.17% 3.21% 2.33% 0.00% 0.87% 0.00% 0.00% Caldwell County Schools 88.0 865 34 77.23% 12.25% 1.04% 3.58% 5.43% 0.00% 0.35% 0.00% 0.12% Camden County Schools 88.9 111 93 82.88% 13.51% 0.90% 1.80% 0.00% 0.									3.77%	0.00%	0.13%	1.04%	0.00%
Caldwell County Schools 88.0 865 34 77.23% 12.25% 1.04% 3.58% 5.43% 0.00% 0.35% 0.00% 0.12% Camden County Schools 88.9 111 93 82.88% 13.51% 0.90% 1.80% 0.00%							1.17%	3.21%	2.33%	0.00%	0.87%	0.00%	0.00%
Camden County Schools 88.9 111 93 82.88% 13.51% 0.90% 1.80% 0.00% 0.90% 0.00%									5.43%	0.00%	0.35%	0.00%	0.12%
Carteret County Public Schools 86.4 231 75 80.95% 7.36% 1.30% 4.76% 3.46% 0.00									0.00%	0.90%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Caswell Country Schools 86.4 231 75 80.95% 7.36% 1.30% 4.76% 3.46% 0.00% 0.00% 2.16% 0.00% Caswell Country Schools 90.3 1,072 18 80.88% 11.57% 0.47% 2.05% 2.89% 0.00% 0.19% 1.96% 0.00% Hickory City Schools 85.3 313 122 73.16% 15.34% 1.92% 3.19% 5.11% 0.00% 0.64% 0.64% 0.00% 0										0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Catawba County Schools 90.3 1,072 18 80.88% 11.57% 0.47% 2.05% 2.89% 0.00% 0.19% 1.96% 0.00% Hickory City Schools 85.3 313 122 73.16% 15.34% 1.92% 3.19% 5.11% 0.00% 0.64% 0.64% 0.00% Newton Conover City Schools 80.1 227 26 70.93% 21.15% 1.32% 4.85% 1.32% 0.00% 0.00% 0.44% 0.00% Chatham County Schools 81.9 516 13 69.96% 17.25% 1.36% 4.07% 5.81% 0.58% 0.00% 0.00% 0.07% 0.00% Cherokee County Schools 82.1 178 38 82.58% 11.80% 1.69% 2.81% 1.12% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Edenton/Chowan Schools 82.1 178 38 82.58% 11.80% 1.69% 2.81% 1.12% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Clay County Schools 89.9 99 34 86.87% 9.09% 1.01% 1.01% 2.02% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Cleveland County Schools 86.6 1,224 9 74.10% 16.18% 0.65% 3.51% 4.33% 0.00% 0.49% 0.49% 0.25% Whiteville City Schools 84.7 188 29 86.17% 6.38% 0.53% 4.79% 1.60% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Craven County Schools 86.1 1,004 10 78.78% 12.25% 0.70% 2.89% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Currituck County Schools 87.1 391 34 79.28% 17.38% 2.08% 3.74% 7.82% 0.03% 1.07% 1.72% 0.08% Currituck County Schools 87.1 391 34 79.28% 9.72% 2.30% 5.88% 1.28% 0.51% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Dare County Schools 81.5 235 86 64.68% 17.45% 2.55% 4.68% 7.23% 0.00% 0.49% 0.16% 0.08% 0.08% Davidson County Schools 86.0 409 14 77.75% 13.45% 1.49% 4.02% 6.11% 0.32% 0.32% 1.29% 0.00% 0.49% 0.00% 0										0.00%	0.00%	2.16%	0.00%
Newton Conover City Schools 85.3 313 122 73.16% 15.34% 1.92% 3.19% 5.11% 0.00% 0.64% 0.64% 0.00%											0.19%	1.96%	0.00%
Newton Conover City Schools 80.1 227 26 70.93% 21.15% 1.32% 4.85% 1.32% 0.00% 0.00% 0.44% 0.00% Chatham County Schools 81.9 516 13 69.96% 17.25% 1.36% 4.07% 5.81% 0.58% 0.00% 0.97% 0.00%													0.00%
Chatham County Schools 81.9 516 13 69.96% 17.25% 1.36% 4.07% 5.81% 0.58% 0.00%													
Cherokee County Schools 90.9 282 35 79.79% 14.89% 0.35% 3.90% 1.06% 0.00													
Edenton/Chowan Schools 82.1 178 38 82.58% 11.80% 1.69% 2.81% 1.12% 0.00%				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH									
Clay County Schools 89.9 99 34 86.87% 9.09% 1.01% 1.01% 2.02% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Cleveland County Schools 86.6 1,224 9 74.10% 16.18% 0.65% 3.51% 4.33% 0.00% 0.49% 0.49% 0.25% 0.00%													
Cleveland County Schools 86.6 1,224 9 74.10% 16.18% 0.65% 3.51% 4.33% 0.00% 0.49% 0.49% 0.25% Columbus County Schools 86.9 479 136 81.84% 9.81% 0.42% 2.71% 4.18% 0.21% 0.00% 0.84% 0.00% Whiteville City Schools 84.7 188 29 86.17% 6.38% 0.53% 4.79% 1.60% 0.00% 0.53% 0.00%													
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Craven County Schools 86.1 1,004 10 78.78% 12.25% 0.70% 2.89% 5.38% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Cumberland County Schools 81.1 3,659 108 66.08% 17.38% 2.08% 3.74% 7.82% 0.03% 1.07% 1.72% 0.08% Currituck County Schools 83.0 262 141 72.52% 14.50% 5.34% 1.91% 5.73% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Dare County Schools 87.1 391 34 79.28% 9.72% 2.30% 5.88% 1.28% 0.51% 0.00% 0.00% 0.51% Davidson County Schools 86.0 1,227 29 77.42% 13.61% 0.57% 3.50% 4.07% 0.49% 0.16% 0.08% 0.08% Lexington City Schools 81.5 235 86 64.68% 17.45% 2.55% 4.68% 7.23% 0.00% 2.55% 0.85% 0.00% Thomasville City Schools 86.0 409													
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Davidson County Schools 86.0 1,227 29 77.42% 13.61% 0.57% 3.50% 4.07% 0.49% 0.16% 0.08% 0.08% Lexington City Schools 81.5 235 86 64.68% 17.45% 2.55% 4.68% 7.23% 0.00% 2.55% 0.85% 0.00% Thomasville City Schools 77.3 192 13 60.94% 19.27% 3.65% 2.60% 7.81% 0.00% 3.13% 1.56% 1.04% Davie County Schools 86.0 409 14 77.75% 13.45% 1.47% 2.93% 3.42% 0.00% 0.49% 0.00% 0.49% Duplin County Schools 82.3 622 43 72.03% 14.63% 1.29% 4.02% 6.11% 0.32% 0.32% 1.29% 0.00%													
Lexington City Schools 81.5 235 86 64.68% 17.45% 2.55% 4.68% 7.23% 0.00% 2.55% 0.85% 0.00% Thomasville City Schools 77.3 192 13 60.94% 19.27% 3.65% 2.60% 7.81% 0.00% 3.13% 1.56% 1.04% Davie County Schools 86.0 409 14 77.75% 13.45% 1.47% 2.93% 3.42% 0.00% 0.49% 0.00% 0.49% Duplin County Schools 82.3 622 43 72.03% 14.63% 1.29% 4.02% 6.11% 0.32% 0.32% 1.29% 0.00%													
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Davie County Schools 86.0 409 14 77.75% 13.45% 1.47% 2.93% 3.42% 0.00% 0.49% 0.00% 0.49% Duplin County Schools 82.3 622 43 72.03% 14.63% 1.29% 4.02% 6.11% 0.32% 0.32% 1.29% 0.00%													
Duplin County Schools 82.3 622 43 72.03% 14.63% 1.29% 4.02% 6.11% 0.32% 0.32% 1.29% 0.00%													
	Durham Public Schools	80.3	2,286	34			1.36%		7.35%		0.13%	0.04%	0.04%

	12.5		177				Lice	ense Types		1		
LEA Name	Percent Retained from 03-04 to 04-05	2004-05 Tchrs	NBPTS	Continuing	Initial	Temporary Permit	Provisional	Lateral Entry	SB 1124	Emergency Permit	VIF	No License
Edgecombe County Schools	76.3	508	133	69.09%	17.32%	3.35%	2.76%	6.50%	0.00%	0.98%	0.00%	0.00%
Forsyth County Schools	88.8	3,723	36	77.46%	11.79%	0.54%	3.14%	4.65%	0.27%	0.86%	0.75%	0.54%
Franklin County Schools	77.2	532	200	61.47%	17.11%	1.88%	4.51%	14.29%	0.75%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Gaston County Schools	85.4	2,010	9	73.78%	12.94%	2.04%	4.18%	5.67%	0.15%	0.10%	1.09%	0.05%
Gates County Schools	83.2	151	122	85.43%	5.30%	0.66%	4.64%	3.31%	0.00%	0.66%	0.00%	0.00%
Graham County Schools	88.2	91	9	81.32%	15.38%	1.10%	1.10%	0.00%	0.00%	1.10%	0.00%	0.00%
Granville County Schools	83.1	554	12	70.94%	17.33%	0.90%	2.53%	7.58%	0.36%	0.36%	0.00%	0.00%
Greene County Schools	81.8	225	23	70.67%	23.56%	1.78%	0.89%	3.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Guilford County Schools	83.3	4,657	17	69.70%	15.91%	1.67%	3.78%	6.36%	0.13%	0.32%	2.04%	0.09%
Halifax County Schools	74.8	352	326	66.48%	6.82%	0.57%	2.56%	20.45%	0.00%	3.13%	0.00%	0.00%
Roanoke Rapids City Schools	85.9	195	.11	86.15%	9.23%	0.00%	1.03%	2.05%	0.00%	1.54%	0.00%	0.00%
Weldon City Schools	69.0	84	26	53.57%	3.57%	2.38%	5.95%	22.62%	11.90%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Harnett County Schools	79.8	1,146	2	66.23%	16.58%	1.40%	3.58%	8.64%	0.00%	0.26%	3.32%	0.00%
Haywood County Schools	89.2	568	42	76.58%	16.02%	1.23%	3.17%	2.64%	0.00%	0.35%	0.00%	0.00%
Henderson County Schools	87.7	840	62	78.33%	14.52%	0.60%	3.93%	2.26%	0.00%	0.12%	0.00%	0.24%
Hertford County Schools	75.4	246	104	67.48%	12.60%	2.85%	2.03%	12.20%	2.44%	0.41%	0.00%	0.00%
Hoke County Schools	76.5	432	7	60.65%	15.74%	3.70%	4.63%	9.49%	0.00%	0.46%	4.86%	0.46%
Hyde County Schools	75.0	73	7	61.64%	17.81%	2.74%	12.33%	5.48%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Iredell-Statesville Schools	87.8	1,293	3	70.61%	17.32%	0.70%	4.87%	5.10%	0.00%	0.85%	0.39%	0.15%
Mooresville City Schools	88.4	287	102	84.32%	6.97%	0.75%	4.53%	3.14%	0.70%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	87.0	266	38	74.06%	19.17%	0.75%	3.38%	1.50%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.13%
Jackson County Schools	82.9	1,891	24	71.39%	16.29%	1.43%	2.91%	5.61%	0.00%	0.26%	2.12%	0.00%
Johnston County Schools	81.7	1,091	119	67.52%	15.38%	0.85%	2.56%	11.97%	0.00%	1.71%	0.00%	0.00%
Jones County Schools		589	13	76.91%	11.21%	2.21%	2.04%	5.43%	0.00%	1.02%	0.85%	0.34%
Lee County Schools Lenoir County Public Schools	87.0 84.2	693	37	72.01%	12.12%	0.72%	4.33%	8.37%	0.00%	1.15%	1.30%	0.00%
Lincoln County Schools	86.1	764	41	74.74%	14.79%	0.12%	4.19%	4.58%	0.00%	1.44%	0.00%	0.13%
Macon County Schools	91.3	301	64	81.40%	10.96%	1.99%	2.33%	2.99%	0.00%	0.33%	0.00%	0.10%
Madison County Schools	84.6	194	24	64.43%	16.49%	4.64%	5.67%	6.70%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.06%
Martin County Schools	83.4	330	3	76.67%	13.64%	0.91%		5.76%	0.00%	0.61%	0.30%	0.00%
	85.6	448	12	72.54%	17.63%	0.91%		5.80%	0.00%	0.81%	0.00%	0.00%
McDowell County Schools												
Charlotte-Mecklenburg Schools	82.6	8,013	34	64.73%	20.23%	1.88%		7.91%	0.24%	0.27%	1.24%	0.35%
Mitchell County Schools	89.6	162	715	83.33%	9.88%	0.00%		1.23%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Montgomery County Schools	83.2	322	10		13.35%			8.07%			2.48%	0.93%
Moore County Schools	85.9	805	24		10.93%			3.23%	0.12%	0.25%	0.00%	0.12%
Nash-Rocky Mount Schools	83.4	1,230	60		12.20%			7.07%	0.81%	0.16%	1.71%	0.24%
New Hanover County Schools	85.6	1,479	62		19.00%	0.88%		2.03%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Northampton County Schools	74.1	224	164	63.39%		3.57%		16.52%	0.89%	3.13%	0.45%	0.00%
Onslow County Schools	84.9	1,417	6		19.41%			5.79%			0.00%	0.00%
Orange County Schools	83.6	500	129	81.40%	14.60%	1.20%	1.00%	1.40%	0.20%	0.00%	0.20%	0.00%

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LEA Name	Percent Retained from 03-04 to 04-05	2004-05 Tchrs	NBPTS	Continuing	Initial	Temporary Permit	Provisional	Lateral Entry	SB 1124	Emergency Permit	VIF	No License
Chapel Hill-Carrboro Schools	83.9	867	69	74.16%	18.34%	2.31%	2.19%	1.15%	0.00%	0.12%	1.50%	0.23%
Pamlico County Schools	84.9	141	150	82.98%	8.51%	0.71%	3.55%	2.84%	0.71%	0.00%	0.71%	0.00%
Pasquotank County Schools	81.2	430	14	71.16%	11.40%	5.12%	3.95%	6.05%	1.86%	0.23%	0.23%	0.00%
Pender County Schools	82.5	490	34	72.04%	21.43%	0.82%	2.24%	3.27%	0.20%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Perquimans County Schools	87.2	129	57	82.17%	7.75%	0.78%	3.88%	2.33%	1.55%	1.55%	0.00%	0.00%
Person County Schools	84.2	405	28	70.37%	18.02%	1.73%	3.70%	5,93%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.00%
Pitt County Schools	84.9	1,589	37	72.62%	15.92%	1.70%	4.34%	4.53%	0.13%	0.19%	0.50%	0.06%
Polk County Schools	90.1	198	181	80.81%	15.15%	0.51%	0.51%	3.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Randolph County Schools	86.1	1,208	24	70.20%	13.25%	1.82%	4.06%	7.28%	0.00%	2.15%	1.08%	0.17%
Asheboro City Schools	84.5	314	100	75.48%	14.97%	1.59%	1.59%	5.41%	0.00%	0.00%	0.96%	0.00%
Richmond County Schools	89.4	561	31	74.33%	9.63%	0.36%	3.57%	10.87%	0.00%	0.71%	0.36%	0.18%
Robeson County Schools	84.2	1,511	26	71.01%	14.49%	2.12%	1.46%	8.27%	0.07%	0.00%	2.45%	0.13%
Rockingham County Schools	88.0	989	64	80.18%	9.00%	1.72%	3.13%	5.16%	0.00%	0.00%	0.71%	0.10%
Rowan-Salisbury Schools	86.3	1,412	125	75.71%	11.47%	1.42%	4.18%	4.53%	0.07%	1.06%	1.13%	0.42%
Rutherford County Schools	91.0	661	118	80.64%	11.50%	0.61%	3.63%	3.33%	0.00%	0.15%	0.00%	0.15%
Sampson County Schools	84.1	548	38	73.91%	15.69%	0.18%		6.93%	0.00%	0.36%	0.36%	0.00%
Clinton City Schools	86.2	201	21	79.60%	8.96%	0.00%		6.97%	0.00%	1.49%	0.50%	0.00%
Scotland County Schools	84.0	539	11	69.20%	10.95%	0.93%		9.28%	0.00%	3.71%	0.19%	0.56%
Stanly County Schools	87.2	678	42	75.52%	12.09%	0.88%	5.16%	5.75%	0.00%	0.44%	0.00%	0.15%
Stokes County Schools	84.1	504	91	75.20%	14.29%	0.00%	3.17%	5.36%	0.00%	0.20%	1.19%	0.60%
Surry County Schools	91.1	604	28	74.01%	16.39%	0.00%	6.13%	3.15%	0.00%	0.33%	0.00%	0.00%
Elkin City Schools	88.4	90	51	88.89%	8.89%	0.00%	1.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.11%
Mount Airy City Schools	84.6	139	7	72.66%	14.39%	0.72%	6.47%	2.88%	0.00%	1.44%	0.72%	0.72%
Swain County Schools	84.8	154	6	72.08%	19.48%	0.65%	4.55%	3.25%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Transylvania County Schools	90.0	274	15	82.85%	11.31%	0.00%		1.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.36%
Tyrrell County Schools	79.7	59	24	81.36%	10.17%	0.00%	3.39%	5.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Union County Public Schools	84.4	1,909	3		19.96%	1.73%		5.13%	0.16%	1.05%	1.47%	0.73%
Vance County Schools	75.8	584	156		10.96%	2.23%		20.21%	0.34%	3.94%	1.03%	0.51%
Wake County Schools	86.7	7,864	25		18.01%	2.43%		3.01%	0.04%	0.23%	0.37%	0.05%
Warren County Schools	75.9	207	818	58.45%	8.70%	0.97%		23.19%	2.42%	1.45%	2.42%	0.48%
Washington County Schools	86.3	175	7		13.14%	0.57%		5.14%	0.00%	0.00%	1.14%	0.00%
Watauga County Schools	87.8	378	5	81.75%	12.70%	0.79%	3.97%	0.79%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Wayne County Public Schools	86.5	1,320	39	75.76%		0.53%		5.23%			1.06%	0.00%
Wilkes County Schools	83.8	676	115	76.33%		0.30%		2.37%			0.00%	0.00%
Wilson County Schools	84.4	818	45	75.06%		1.47%		5.26%			0.24%	0.00%
Yadkin County Schools	89.2	381	51	76.90%		0.79%		6.04%		1.84%	0.26%	0.26%
Yancey County Schools	88.4	178	25	81.46%	10.11%	0.00%	3.37%	4.49%	0.00%	0.00%	0.56%	0.00%
		93,140	7,542	72.48%	15.47%	1.39%	3.48%	5.52%	0.15%	0.50%	0.86%	0.16%

Years of Experience

LEA Name	0-3 Y	ears	4-10 Y	ears	10+ Years		
Alamance-Burlington Schools	457	29.93%	417	27.31%	653	42.76%	
Alexander County Schools	94	26.63%	96	27.20%	163	46.18%	
Alleghany County Schools	20	15.27%	30	22.90%	81	61.83%	
Anson County Schools	64	21.40%	64	21.40%	171	57.19%	
Ashe County Schools	33	13.47%	60	24.49%	152	62.04%	
Avery County Schools	24	12.63%	43	22.63%	123	64.74%	
Beaufort County Schools	88	16.70%	129	24.48%	310	58.82%	
Bertie County Schools	48	20.60%	52	22.32%	133	57.08%	
Bladen County Schools	79	20.47%	87	22.54%	220	56.99%	
Brunswick County Schools	144	19.38%	207	27.86%	392	52.76%	
Buncombe County Schools	280	17.01%	428	26.00%	938	56.99%	
Asheville City Schools	59	18.44%	100	31.25%	161	50.31%	
Burke County Schools	237	22.68%	311	29.76%	497	47.56%	
Cabarrus County Schools	378	24.59%	470	30.58%	689	44.83%	
Kannapolis City Schools	128	37.32%	106	30.90%	120	34.99%	
Caldwell County Schools	171	19.77%	239	27.63%	455	52.60%	
Camden County Schools	17	15.32%	36	32.43%	58	52.25%	
Carteret County Public Schools	83	12.85%	165	25.54%	398	61.61%	
Caswell County Schools	- 22	9.52%	47	20.35%	162	70.13%	
Catawba County Schools	189	17.63%	288	26.87%	595	55.50%	
Hickory City Schools	68	21.73%	89	28.43%	156	49.84%	
Newton Conover City Schools	56	24.67%	61	26.87%	110	48.46%	
Chatham County Schools	126	24.42%	130	25.19%	260	50.39%	
Cherokee County Schools	57	20.21%	67	23.76%	158	56.03%	
Edenton/Chowan Schools	30	16.85%	46	25.84%	102	57.30%	
Clay County Schools	9	9.09%	23	23.23%	67	67.68%	
Cleveland County Schools	256	20.92%	336	27.45%	632	51.63%	
Columbus County Schools	76	15.87%	96	20.04%	307	64.09%	
Whiteville City Schools	20	10.64%	39	20.74%	129	68.62%	
Craven County Schools	174	17.33%	260	25.90%	570	56.77%	
Cumberland County Schools	1,142	31.21%	937	25.61%	1,580	43.189	
Currituck County Schools	63	24.05%	80	30.53%	119	45.42%	
Dare County Schools	54	13.81%	112	28.64%	225	57.54%	
Davidson County Schools	239	19.48%	327	26.65%	661	53.87%	
Lexington City Schools	71	30.21%	64	27.23%	100	42.55%	
Thomasville City Schools	58	30.21%	57	29.69%	77	40.10%	
Davie County Schools	88	21.52%	106	25.92%	215	52,57%	
Duplin County Schools	144	23.15%	157	25.24%	321	51.61%	
Durham Public Schools	568	24.85%	670	29.31%	1,048	45.849	

	Years of Experience										
LEA Name	0-3 Y	ears	4-10 Y	'ears	10+ Years						
Edgecombe County Schools	137	26.97%	112	22.05%	259	50.98%					
Forsyth County Schools	709	19.04%	1,022	27.45%	1,992	53.51%					
Franklin County Schools	163	30.64%	137	25.75%	232	43.61%					
Gaston County Schools	426	21.19%	495	24.63%	1,089	54.18%					
Gates County Schools	23	15.23%	39	25.83%	89	58.94%					
Graham County Schools	12	13.19%	21	23.08%	58	63.74%					
Granville County Schools	134	24.19%	148	26.71%	272	49.10%					
	65	28.89%	51	22.67%	109	48.44%					
Greene County Schools	1,227	26.35%	1,229	26.39%	2,201	47.26%					
Guilford County Schools	99	28.13%	68	19.32%	185	52.56%					
Halifax County Schools		10.26%	55	28.21%	120	61.54%					
Roanoke Rapids City Schools	20	19.05%	31	36.90%	37	44.05%					
Weldon City Schools	16		312	27.23%	486	42.41%					
Harnett County Schools	348	30.37%			310	54.58%					
Haywood County Schools	116	20.42%	142	25.00%		57.50%					
Henderson County Schools	140	16.67%	217	25.83%	483						
Hertford County Schools	55	22.36%	63	25.61%	128	52.03%					
Hoke County Schools	146	33.80%	117	27.08%	169	39.129					
Hyde County Schools	18	24.66%	13	17.81%	42	57.53%					
Iredell-Statesville Schools	323	24.98%	342	26.45%	628	48.57%					
Mooresville City Schools	36	12.54%	88	30.66%	163	56.79%					
Jackson County Schools	52	19.55%	66	24.81%	148	55.64%					
Johnston County Schools	494	26.12%	553	29.24%	844	44.63%					
Jones County Schools	29	24.79%	23	19.66%	65	55.56%					
Lee County Schools	118	20.03%	144	24.45%	327	55.52%					
Lenoir County Public Schools	144	20.78%	182	26.26%	367	52.96%					
Lincoln County Schools	168	21.99%	235	30.76%	361	47.25%					
Macon County Schools	42	13.95%	. 82	27.24%	177	58.80%					
Madison County Schools	51	26.29%	54	27.84%	89	45.88%					
Martin County Schools	71	21.52%	68	20.61%	191	57.88%					
McDowell County Schools	113	25.22%	118	26.34%	217	48.449					
Charlotte-Mecklenburg Schools	2,464	30.75%	2,468	30.80%	3,081	38.45%					
Mitchell County Schools	28	17.28%	41	25.31%	93	57.419					
Montgomery County Schools	81	25.16%	86	26.71%	155	48.149					
Moore County Schools	134	16.65%	230	28.57%	441	54.789					
Nash-Rocky Mount Schools	219	17.80%	318	25.85%	693	56.349					
New Hanover County Schools	337	22.79%	402	27.18%	740	50.039					
Northampton County Schools	59	26.34%	48	21.43%	117	52.239					
Onslow County Schools	372	26.25%	410	28.93%	635	44.819					
Orange County Schools	101	20.20%	139	27.80%	260	52.00%					

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LEA Name	0-3 Y	ears	4-10 Y	ears	10+ Years		
Chapel Hill-Carrboro Schools	198	22.84%	251	28.95%	418	48.21%	
Pamlico County Schools	13	9.22%	43	30.50%	85	60.28%	
Pasquotank County Schools	93	21.63%	124	28.84%	213	49.53%	
Pender County Schools	132	26.94%	152	31.02%	206	42.04%	
Perquimans County Schools	18	13.95%	46	35.66%	65	50.39%	
Person County Schools	105	25.93%	105	25.93%	195	48.159	
Pitt County Schools	365	22.97%	400	25.17%	824	51.86%	
Polk County Schools	43	21.72%	49	24.75%	106	53.549	
Randolph County Schools	306	25.33%	310	25.66%	592	49.019	
Asheboro City Schools	77	24.52%	79	25.16%	158	50.329	
Richmond County Schools	113	20.14%	125	22.28%	323	57.58%	
Robeson County Schools	399	26.41%	326	21.58%	786	52.029	
Rockingham County Schools	168	16.99%	240	24.27%	581	58.75%	
Rowan-Salisbury Schools	308	21.81%	373	26.42%	731	51.779	
Rutherford County Schools	98	14.83%	158	23.90%	405	61.279	
Sampson County Schools	135	24.64%	150	27.37%	263	47.999	
Clinton City Schools	39	19.40%	49	24.38%	113	56.229	
Scotland County Schools	131	24.30%	164	30.43%	244	45.279	
Stanly County Schools	141	20.80%	198	29.20%	339	50.009	
Stokes County Schools	105	20.83%	143	28.37%	256	50.799	
Surry County Schools	130	21.52%	156	25.83%	318	52.65%	
Elkin City Schools	10	11.11%	22	24.44%	58	64.449	
Mount Airy City Schools	31	22.30%	40	28.78%	68	48.929	
Swain County Schools	35	22.73%	35	22.73%	84	54.55%	
Transylvania County Schools	38	13.87%	84	30.66%	152	55.479	
Tyrrell County Schools	6	10.17%	16	27.12%	37	62.719	
Union County Public Schools	544	28.50%	540	28.29%	825	43.229	
Vance County Schools	202	34.59%	125	21.40%	257	44.019	
Wake County Schools	1,888	24.01%	2,362	30.04%	3,614	45.969	
Warren County Schools	62	29.95%	45	21.74%	100	48.319	
Washington County Schools	39	22.29%	38	21.71%	98	56.009	
Watauga County Schools	58	15.34%	90	23.81%	230	60.859	
Wayne County Public Schools	262	19.85%	386	29.24%	672	50.919	
Wilkes County Schools	141	20.86%	174	25.74%	361	53.409	
Wilson County Schools	161	19.68%	207	25.31%	450	55.019	
Yadkin County Schools	80	21.00%	116	30.45%	185	48.569	
Yancey County Schools	27	15.17%	43	24.16%	108	60.679	
	21,905	23.52%	25,365	27.23%	45,881	49.269	

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