Paid Employment

- Youth who participated in PSE were 26% more likely to leave Vocational Rehabilitation with paid employment
- Earned a 73% higher weekly income
- Individuals need greater access to PSE supported by Vocational Rehabilitation

Data Set: RSA 911

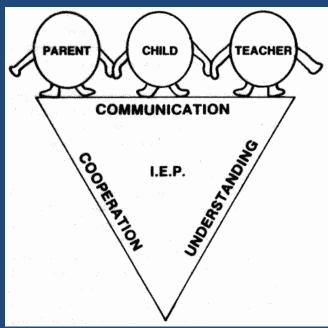
Migliore, A., Butterworth, J., & Hart, D. 2009. Postsecondary Education and Employment Outcomes for Youth with Intellectual Disabilities. Fast Facts Series, No. 1. Boston, MA: Institute for Community Inclusion



Predictors of Employment

The only post-high school transition goal in IEP's that was a predictor of employment for students with ID was having the goal of attending a two or four year college.

11% of students with ID had this goal



PSE and Employment Outcomes: National Vocational Rehabilitation Data

- Youth with ID who participated in PSE were 26% more likely to leave VR services with a paid job and earn a 73% higher weekly income.
- VR can play an important role in helping individuals with ID access PSE options by including it in their Individualized Plan for Employment (IPE).

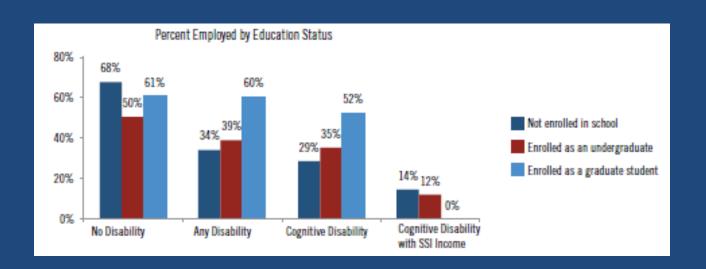
Table: VR Outcomes for Youths with Intellectual Disabilities

Data Set: RSA 911

	Total	Paid employment		Earnings
	#	#	%	\$
Youths with ID who did not receive postsecondary education (PSE) services	34,931	11,261	32%	195
Youths with ID who received PSE services	1,223	589	48%	316
Youths with ID who, after PSE services, attained a higher level of education	537	312	58%	338

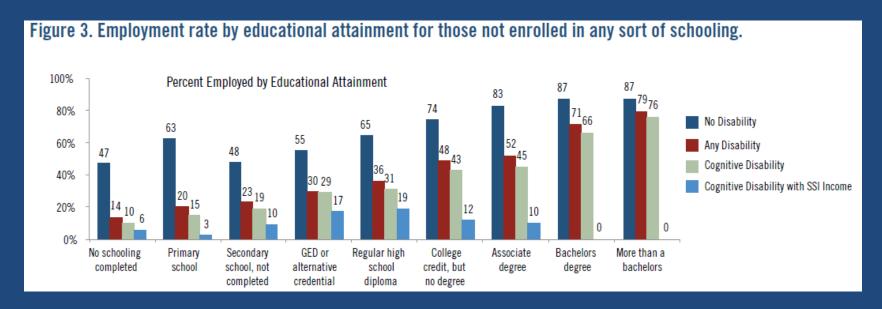
PSE and Employment Outcomes: American Community Survey Data

 Enrollment in PSE had a positive association with employment → students with ID enrolled in PSE were more likely to be employed.



PSE and Employment Outcomes: American Community Survey Data

- Statistically significant correlation between employment and enrollment in PSE for all groups.
- Increased education leads to higher rates of employment



PSE and Employment Outcomes: PSE Research Center Project

 Students with ID who have participated in dual enrollment programs in PSE settings had higher rate of paid employment.

