# Monitoring the Progress of North Carolina Graduates Entering Primary Care Careers

November 2003

Submitted by the University of North Carolina Board of Governors in response to General Statute 143-613 as amended by Chapter 507 of the 1995 Session Laws (House Bill 230) of the North Carolina General Assembly

## Monitoring the Progress of Graduates Entering Primary Care

During its 1993 session, the North Carolina General Assembly expressed its interest in expanding the pool of generalist physicians for the state. In Senate Bill 27 as amended by House Bill 729, the General Assembly mandated that each of the state's four schools of medicine develop a plan with the goal for an expanded percentage of medical school graduates choosing residency positions in primary care. Primary care was defined as family practice, internal medicine, pediatrics, and obstetrics-gynecology. It set the goal for the ECU and UNC Schools of Medicine at 60 percent of graduates. For the Wake Forest University and Duke University Schools of Medicine, it set the goal at 50 percent.

General Statute 143-613 as contained in House Bill 230 passed in the 1995 session of the North Carolina General Assembly requires the UNC Board of Governors to monitor the progress of the private and state-operated medical schools and state-operated health professional schools toward increasing the number and proportion of graduates entering primary care. This annual report was prepared in accordance with this statute. The charts contain data for 2003 and also comparative data from the report "Monitoring the Progress of North Carolina Graduates Entering Primary Care Careers" that the Board submitted to the North Carolina General Assembly in November 2002.

### The Data

Section I of this report provides information from the Wake Forest University School of Medicine, the Brody School of Medicine at East Carolina University, Duke University School of Medicine and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill School of Medicine. Each of the four schools of medicine has committed to developing a common database to track medical students. At the request of the four schools, the AHEC Program has assumed responsibility for developing and managing the common database in association with the Sheps Center for Health Services Research at UNC-CH. The development of a common database to track medical students has required a complex process of merging two national data sets, a state data set, and files in alumni and student affairs offices of the four medical schools. The national data sets include the graduate medical education tracking file of the Association of American Medical Colleges and the physician master file maintained by the American Medical Association. The state data set used is the North Carolina Medical Board's file for physicians licensed in North Carolina. The format for Section I on the medical students is consistent with and comparable to the baseline information provided in the May 1994 report "Expanding the Pool of Generalist Physicians for North Carolina." The term "primary care" includes family medicine, general pediatric medicine, general internal medicine, internal medicine/pediatrics, and obstetrics/gynecology.

There is no comparable national database that can be used to longitudinally monitor the specialty practice and location of physician assistants, nurse practitioners, and nurse midwives. For the present report, information on graduates and current enrollment has been provided by the state-operated schools that train nurse practitioners, nurse midwives, and physician assistants. UNC has nine mid-level provider programs: seven masters-level nurse practitioner programs at East Carolina University, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, The University of North Carolina at Charlotte, The University of North Carolina at Greensboro, The University of North Carolina at Wilmington, Western Carolina University, and Winston Salem State University; one nurse midwifery program at East Carolina University and one baccalaureate physician assistant program at East Carolina University. The information on these graduates and students is included in this report as "Section II: Nurse Practitioners, Nurse Midwives, and Physician Assistants."

#### Section I: Medical Students

Section I provides comparative data for medical students graduating in the classes of 1996 and 1997 in tables numbered I-1, I-2, and I-3. Table I-4 presents information about graduates of the classes of 2002 and 2003 whose initial choice for residency training was in a primary care area. The tables are organized as follows:

Table I-1 contains information on the initial choice of primary care for medical students graduating in 1996 and 1997.

Table I-2 contains information on *the retention in primary care* for medical students graduating in 1996 and 1997.

Table I-3 shows *the initial choice and retention in primary care* specialties for those state-supported North Carolina residents who graduated in the Wake Forest and Duke classes of 1996 and 1997.

Table I-4 presents information about *the initial choice of primary care* for 2002 and 2003 graduates of the four medical schools in North Carolina.

The data in Table I-1 show that 251 or 60 percent of the 421 1997 medical school graduates currently in training or practice chose an initial residency in primary care. The percentages were: Duke 48 percent, ECU 62 percent, UNC-CH 66 percent, and Wake Forest 59 percent. Overall, the initial choice of primary care specialties for all the graduates decreased from 1996 to 1997.

Table I-2 shows the percentage of those same 1996 and 1997 graduates who were in primary care patient practice as of 2001 and 2002, five years after graduation. In 2001, the percentages for the classes of 1996 were: Duke 24 percent, ECU 56 percent, UNC-CH 47 percent, and Wake Forest 54 percent. In 2002, the percentages for the classes of 1997 were: Duke 34 percent, ECU 53 percent, UNC-CH 55 percent, and Wake Forest 48 percent.

Table I-3 shows the percentage of state-supported graduates from Duke and Wake Forest who were in <u>primary care patient practice</u> as of 2001 and 2002. In 2002, the percentage of all the state-supported graduates of 1997 at Duke and Wake Forest who were in primary care patient practice was 33 percent.

Table I-4 focuses on the initial choice of primary care for the 2002 and 2003 graduates of North Carolina medical schools who entered residency training. In 2002, 206 out of 399 graduates or 52 percent entered primary care residency training. In 2003, 169 out of 357 graduates or 47 percent entered primary care residency training. The decline in the percentage of graduates choosing primary care careers mirrors a national trend. The number and percentage of the class of 2003 who choose primary care residencies were: Duke 32 graduates or 39 percent; ECU 44 graduates or 73 percent, UNC-CH 58 graduates or 46 percent and Wake Forest 35 graduates or 39 percent.

## Section II: Nurse Practitioners, Nurse Midwives, and Physician Assistants

Section II presents information provided by state-operated health professional schools that train physician assistants, nurse practitioners, and nurse midwives concerning choice of and retention in primary care.

Table II-1 presents the retention of nurse practitioner students in primary care.

Table II-2 presents *the initial practice choice* of the 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 graduates of nurse practitioner programs.

Tables II-3, II-4, and II-5 present *enrollment* trends in state-operated nurse practitioner and nurse midwifery programs.

Table II-6 presents the 1999, 2001, 2002, and 2002 enrollment for the ECU Physician Assistant Program.

Table II-7 shows *the initial practice choice* of the 2001-2002 and 2002-2002 ECU nurse midwifery graduates.

Table II-8 shows the initial practice choice of the 2001-2002 and 2002-2002 ECU physician assistant students.

Table II-1 presents the <u>retention in primary care</u> for nurse practitioner graduates completing training in 1995-1996 and 1996-1997. The number of graduates during this time period is still quite small compared to recent enrollment.

Table II-2 shows the number of graduates in state-operated masters' level and post masters' level programs in 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 and the <u>initial practice choice</u> of these graduates. These programs are located at UNC-Chapel Hill, UNC-Greensboro, UNC-Charlotte, East Carolina University, Western Carolina University, and UNC-Wilmington. During the period 2002 through 2003 the number of graduates from these programs declined slightly. In 2001-2002, 62 percent of the graduates chose primary care practice while in 2002-2003, 81 percent chose primary care practice.

Table II-3 and II-4 show on-campus and off-campus enrollment in state-operated nurse practitioner programs over the last six years which include new programs at Western Carolina University and Winston Salem State University. The collective enrollment in these programs declined in 2002 but increased to its highest level 2003.

Table II-5 and II-6 show the enrollment pattern in state operated nurse midwifery and physician assistant programs located at East Carolina University.

Table II-7 shows the initial practice choice of the 2001-2002 and 2002-2002 graduates of the ECU nurse midwifery program which is still quite small.

Table II-8 shows the initial practice choice of the graduates of the ECU physician assistant program. For the 2002 graduates, 12 of 21 graduates (57 percent) went into primary care practice. Practice information for the 2003 graduates is incomplete because they have not completed the Physician Assistant National Certifying Exam. The initial practice choice of these graduates will be included in next years report.

Table I-1

North Carolina Medical Students-<u>Initial Choice</u> of Primary Care\* for 1996 and 1997 Graduates in Training or Practice in 2001 and 2002

760			-				8			
1996 & 19	or Practice with an	Initial Residency	Care	1997	48%	62%	999	29%	NA	%09
Percent of 1996 & 1997	or Pract	Initial F	S	1996	46%	72%	65%	71%	100%	64%
Number of 1996 & 1997 Graduates in Training or	Practice with an	Initial Residency	Care	1997	44	45	103	59	0	251
Number of 1997 Gra	Practice	Initial Residency Choice of Primary	C.	1996	49	49	102	89	1	269
Number of	1996 and 1997	Graduates in Training or	Practice as of	2002	92	73	156	100	0	421
Į mig	1996 ar	Gradu	Practic	2001	66	89	156	96	1	420
JO AQ	d 1997	s <u>not</u> in Practice	J(	2002	4	0	1	4	0	6
Number of	1996 and 1997	Graduates not in Training or Practice	as of	2001	3	0	1	0	0	4
		umber	luates	1997	96	73	157	104	0	430
lit		Total Number	of Graduates	1996	102	89	157	96	1	424
		885	School	N.	Duke	ECU	UNC-CH	Wake Forest	Meharry	TOTAL

\*Primary Care = Family Medicine, General Pediatric Medicine, General Internal Medicine, Internal Medicine/Pediatrics, and Obstetrics/Gynecology.

Sources:

Wake Forest Office of Student Affairs UNC-CH Office of Student Affairs Duke Office of Medical Education American Medical Association

ECU Office of Medical Education Association of American Medical Colleges N C Medical Board Meharry Medical College

Cecil G. Sheps Center for Health Services Research

Table I-2
North Carolina Medical Students-Retention in Primary Care
1996 and 1997 Graduates

¥	e : :						Ŧ,			
					5				Percent of 1996	f 1996
6			Number of 1996 and	° 1996 and	Percent of 19	Percent of 1996 and 1997	Number of 1996 and	996 and	and 1997	766
98	Num	Number of	1997 Graduates in	duates in	Graduates in	Graduates in Training or	1997 Graduates in	lates in	Graduates in	tes in
	1996 а	1996 and 1997	Training or Practice with	ractice with	Practice wi	Practice with an Initial	Training or Practice	Practice	Training or	lg or
	Graduates	Graduates in Training	an Initial Residency	Residency	Residency	Residency Choice of	in Primary Care	/ Care	Practice in Primary	Primary
	or Pract	or Practice as of	Choice of Pr	Choice of Primary Care	Primar	Primary Care	Patient Practice as of	ice as of	Care Patient	tient
School	2001	2002	1996	1997	1996	1997	2001	2002	Practice as of	as of
Duke	66	92	49	44	49%	48%	34	31	34%	34%
ECU	89	73	49	45	72%	62%	38	39	26%	53%
UNC-CH	156	156	102	103	65%	2699	73	98	47%	55%
Wake Forest	96	100	89	59	71%	29%	52	48	54%	48%
Meharry	1	0	1	0	100%	NA	1	0	100%	NA
TOTAL	420	421	569	251	62%	%09	198	204	47%	48%
					7					

\*Primary Care = Family Medicine, General Pediatric Medicine, General Internal Medicine, Internal Medicine/Pediatrics, and Obstetrics/Gynecology.

Sources:

Wake Forest Office of Student Affairs UNC-CH Office of Student Affairs Duke Office of Medical Education American Medical Association

ECU Office of Medical Education Association of American Medical Colleges NC Medical Board Meharry Medical College

Compiled by:

NC AHEC Program

Cecil G. Sheps Center for Health Services Research

Table I-3

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The Wake Forest and Duke Schools of Medicine - Choice and Retention in Primary Care Specialties\* 1996 and 1997 Graduates and Training or Practice in 2001 and 2002 State-supported North Carolinians Attending

	pt	<u> </u>	gai					
Percent of 1996, 1997	state- supported Graduates in Training	or Practice in Primary	Care Patient Practice	as of	2002	29%	35%	33%
Percent o	state- s Graduate	or Practic	Care Pati	G	2001	30%	51%	43%
Number of 1996 and 1997 state- supported	Graduates in Training or	Practice in Primary	Care Patient	Practice as of	2002	7	19	26
Number of 1997 supp	Gradu Train	Practice i	Care	Practic	2001	· ×	25	33
of 1996 / state- rted tes in	ng or with an	sidency	Primary	ده	1997	38%	45%	43%
Percent of 1996 and 1997 state- supported Graduates in	Training or Practice with an	Initial Residency	Choice of Primary	Care	9661	48%	71%	%69
1996 and tate-rrted	ng or with an	sidency	Primary	ie e	1997	6	25	34
Number of 1996 and 1997 state- supported Graduates in	Training or Practice with an	Initial Residency	Choice of Primary	Care	1996	13	35	48
Number of 996 and 1997	State apported	Graduates in	Training or	e as of	2002	24	55	79
Number of 1996 and 199	State Supported	Gradu	Traini	Practice as of	2001	27	49	92
34		School				Duke	Wake Forest	TOTAL

\*Primary Care = Family Medicine, General Pediatric Medicine, General Internal Medicine, Internal Medicine/Pediatrics, and Obstetrics/Gynecology.

Sources:

Wake Forest Office of Student Affairs Duke Office of Medical Education American Medical Association

UNC-CH General Administration Association of American Medical Colleges NC Medical Board

Compiled by:
NC AHEC Program
Cecil G. Sheps Center for Health Services Research

Table I-4
North Carolina Medical Students-Initial Choice of Primary Care
for 2002 and 2003 Graduates

School	Total # of	Total # of Graduates	Number of G not Entering	Number of Graduates not Entering Residency	Number of 2002 at 2003 Graduates	Number of 2002 and 2003 Graduates	Number o 2003 Ga	Number of 2002 and 2003 Graduates	% of 200% Graduate	% of 2002 and 2003 Graduates Entering
	÷I	•	Trai	Training	Entering Trai	Entering Residency Training	Entering Training W	Entering Residency Training Who Chose a Primary Care Residency	Residency T Chose a Pr	Residency Training Who Chose a Primary Care Residency
11	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
	88	85	0	3	88	82	40	32	45%	39%
	71	09	0	0	71	09	4	44	62%	73%
	151	125	9	0	145	125	9/	58	52%	46%
,	96	93	2	3	94	06	46	35	46%	39%
	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	%0	N/A
	407	363	<b>∞</b>	9	399	357	206	169	52.0%	47%

\*Primary Care = Family Medicine, General Pediatric Medicine, General Internal Medicine, Internal Medicine/Pediatrics, and Obstetrics/Gynecology.

Sources:

Wake Forest Office of Student Affairs UNC-CH Office of Student Affairs Duke Office of Medical Education American Medical Association

ECU Office of Medical Education Association of American Medical Colleges NC Medical Board Meharry Medical College

Compiled by:

NC AHEC Program

Cecil G. Sheps Center for Health Services Research