

LME/MCO Approaches to Addressing the Opioid Crisis Presented by Brian Ingraham, CEO January 16, 2018



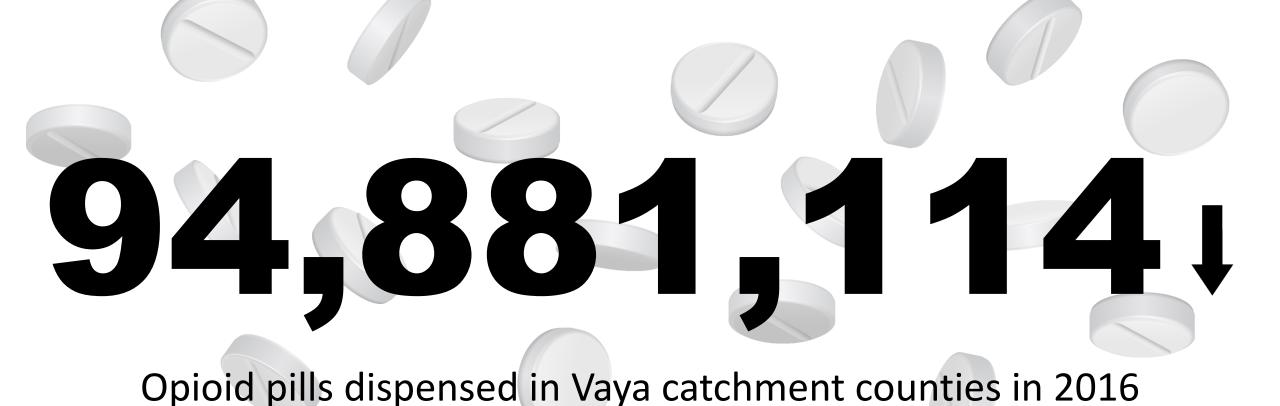
Human Services



Painkiller prescriptions per 100 North Carolinians

Source: CDC US Prescribing Rate Maps (2016)

675.345.375 Opioid pills dispensed in North Carolina in 2016





Number of drug poisoning deaths in North Carolina in 2016

1518 involving from opiates*

552 involving heroin only

*Includes all opioid pills, carfentanyl, fentanyl and heroin

SOURCES: NC DHHS Injury and Violence Prevention Branch and North Carolina Office of the Chief Medical Examiner Report – Fentanyl and Heroin-Related Deaths in North Carolina: 2016

What can be done?



What is Vaya doing to combat the crisis?

WNC SUBSTANCE USE ALLIANCE Steering Committee includes representatives from:

- Vaya Health
- Mission Health
- MAHEC
- Buncombe County Government
- Henderson County Government
- Duke Life Point

- High Country Community Health
- Project Lazarus
- RHA
- October Road
- Cherokee Indian Hospital Authority
- Local criminal justice system

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA SUBSTANCE USE ALLIANCE

- Formed to organize resources and leverage existing efforts and work across the 23 counties using a collective impact framework
- Work guided by both the 2016 report of the N.C. Governor's Task Force on Mental Health and Substance Use and the first-ever Surgeon General's Report on Alcohol, Drugs, and Health
- Tasked with formulating a comprehensive community substance use strategic plan (Phase One) and the monitoring and implementation of the plan (Phase Two)



Increase collaboration across agencies and stakeholders to coordinate efforts addressing the problems associated with substance use

Leverage resources to maximize efforts across the Vaya Health 23-county catchment area

Reduce unnecessary duplication of efforts to address substance use

Establish intervention priorities for the region that will result in positive outcomes and increase sustainability for all populations, regardless of payment source

WNC Substance Use Alliance

A collaboration to reduce the prevalence of alcohol and drug misuse, as well as the number of fatal overdoses, in Vaya's 23 counties. Members focus on four key areas:

Expanding
Medication
Assisted
Treatment

Enhancing substance use treatment for pregnant women

Strengthening the continuum of treatment and crisis services for adults

Strengthening the continuum of treatment & prevention services for children & adolescents

Nine Priorities of the Alliance

- Implement a local plan, in conjunction with County Leadership Forums, aligned with the State's Opioid Action Plan to address the opioid crisis
- Increase access to treatment services and supports (e.g. housing, employment services) through expansion of services and reduction of barriers to service areas
- Conduct community education and awareness campaigns regarding opioid use and other substance misuse and recovery in order to reduce stigma
- Increase effective engagement across all SUD populations
- Increase engagement and access to services in a timely manner for pregnant or child rearing individuals
- Increase number of providers/organizations providing integrated primary care and behavioral health models or whole person care for all populations and increase community awareness of locations to access integrated care
- Continue expansion and development of peer support and family peer support models for substance use and cooccurring disorders
- Maximize funding sources for service delivery
- Develop and utilize a data framework to capture county-specific level data points/ indicators with reporting enabled across systems and agencies, to plan, implement and assess collective impact initiatives

What are we doing to combat the epidemic?



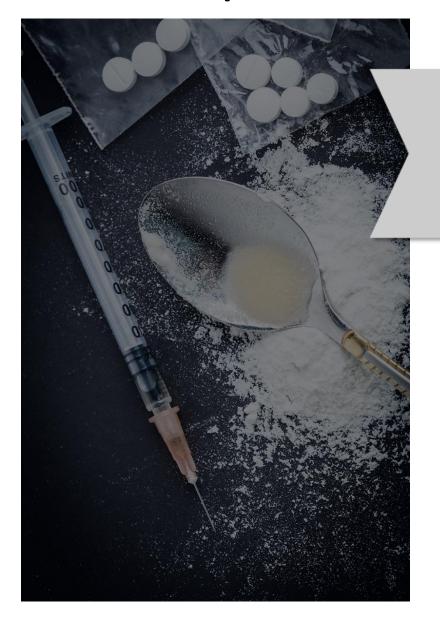
Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) Expansion

MAT: Evidence-based best practice involving the use of medications paired with counseling and therapy

Specialized MAT programs

Outreach engagement and prevention

MAT Expansion



Using DHHS Cures grant funding, MAT and other substance use services have been made available to an additional 400 uninsured individuals by increasing access throughout our region



Vaya was allocated \$898,867 and has spent approximately \$800,000 to date



52% of this funding went to MAT services

Specialized MAT Programs



DHHS has funded a pilot project with Vaya to expand the use of Vivitrol in FQHC sites

The Waynesville Police Department is participating in Law Enforcement Assisted Diversion (LEAD), a collaborative project with Vaya and the NC Harm Reduction Coalition



Program will include funding for MAT for approximately 60 LEAD clients

Outreach and Engagement



MindKare Kiosks in all 23 Vaya counties offer individuals opportunities to take substance use screenings and contact Vaya for connection to treatment

NC Harm Reduction/WNC Aids Project
Overdose Prevention and Outreach using
Peers, targets individuals who experienced an
opioid reversal and engages individuals at
needle exchange sites across the catchment
area

Vaya and WNCAP to implement HIV and Hep C testing in targeted areas

Prevention Efforts



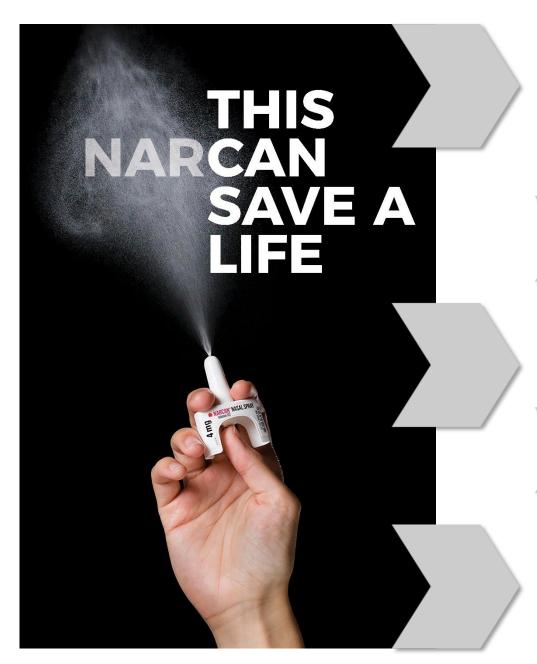
Vaya is currently supporting three primary prevention providers and their mentor communities to implement the Cures program in Ashe, Avery, Haywood, Mitchell and Transylvania counties



Focus on decreasing the non-medical use of prescription drugs, including opioids

Over 1,000 lock boxes have been distributed throughout our 23 counties to safely secure prescription medications

Prescription medication take-back efforts have removed over four tons of pills from communities

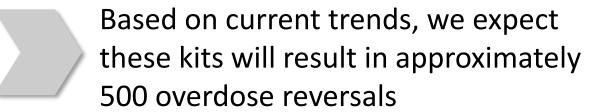


Using community reinvestment funds in 2016, Vaya was the first in the country to purchase a large quantity of NARCAN nasal spray for distribution



127 confirmed overdose reversals

With the assistance of DHHS, Vaya received an additional 5,400 NARCAN kits



Vaya used the NARCAN kit making as events to spearhead an awareness campaign

