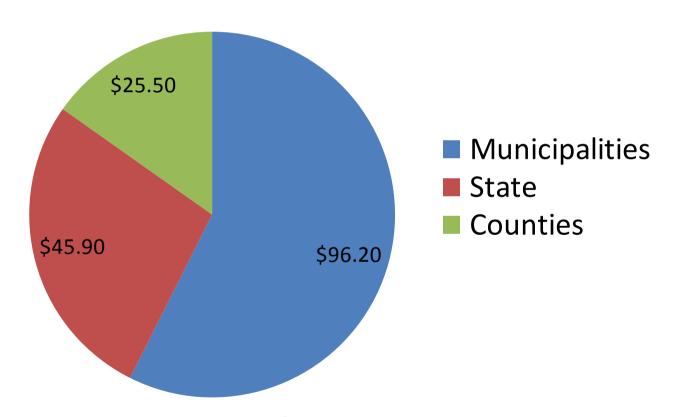
Palmists, Peddlers & Pressing Clubs: Privilege License Taxes in North Carolina

Christopher B. McLaughlin November 19, 2008



www.sog.unc.edu

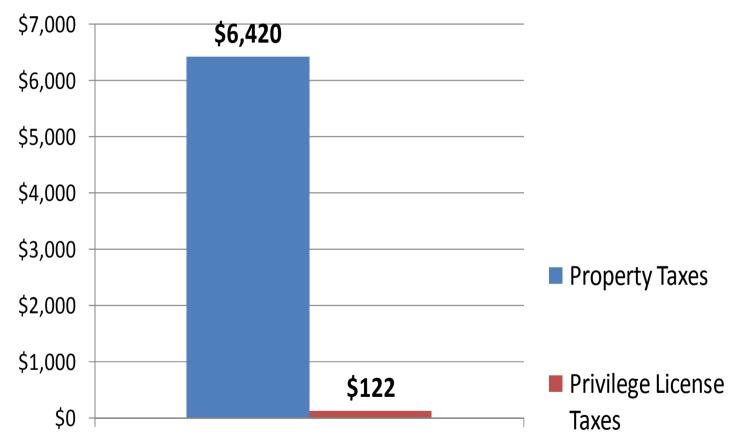
PLT Collections 2005-06



Total: \$167,600,000



PLT v. Property Taxes



2005-06 Municipal and County Collections (\$1,000,000's)



Municipal PLTs 2005-06

- \$96,200,000 statewide
- 380 municipalities collected PLTs
 - -40% < \$10,000
 - -80% < \$100,000
 - only 14 > \$1,000,000
- Three cities accounted for 40% of total
 - Charlotte (\$15 M)
 - Raleigh (\$14 M)
 - Winston-Salem (\$9 M)



County PLTs 2005-06

- \$25,500,000 statewide
- All 100 counties collected PLTs
 - -47 < \$100,000
 - -6 > \$1,000,000
- More evenly distributed than municipal PLTs
 - top 3 counties accounted for 18% of total
 - Harnett (\$1,8 M)
 - Wake (\$1.7 M)
 - Buncombe (\$1.3 M)



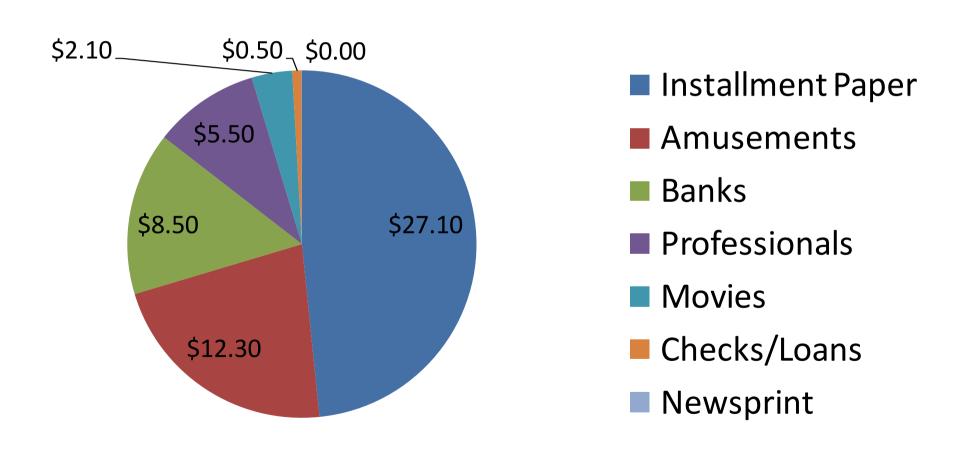
Current State PLTs

(All but 7 state PLTs were repealed as of July 1997)

Amusements	3%
Motion Picture Shows	1%
Professionals	\$50
Installment Paper Dealers	.277% of face value of obligations/quarter
Loan agencies, check cashers, pawnbrokers	\$250 per location
Banks	\$30 for each \$1 million in assets
Newsprint publishers	\$15 on each ton that fails to meet the applicable content percentage



State PLT Collections \$56 M in 2007-08



Local PLT's Since 1997

- Municipalities (§160A-211):
 - GENERAL authority to levy PLT's on <u>all</u> businesses
 EXCEPT as limited by <u>30</u> repealed Schedule B provisions
- Counties(§153A-152):
 - SPECIFIC authority to levy PLT'S on <u>certain</u> businesses
 ONLY as permitted by 11 repealed Schedule B provisions



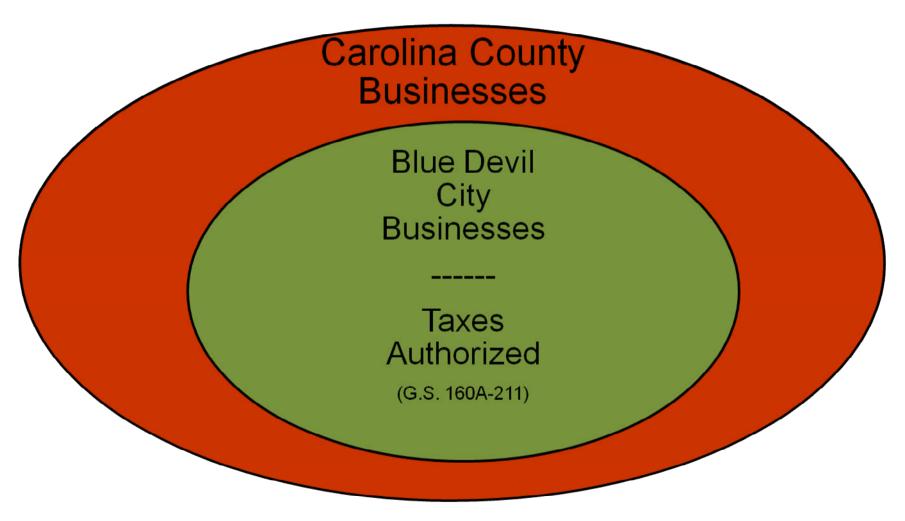
Carolina County Businesses

General Rule:

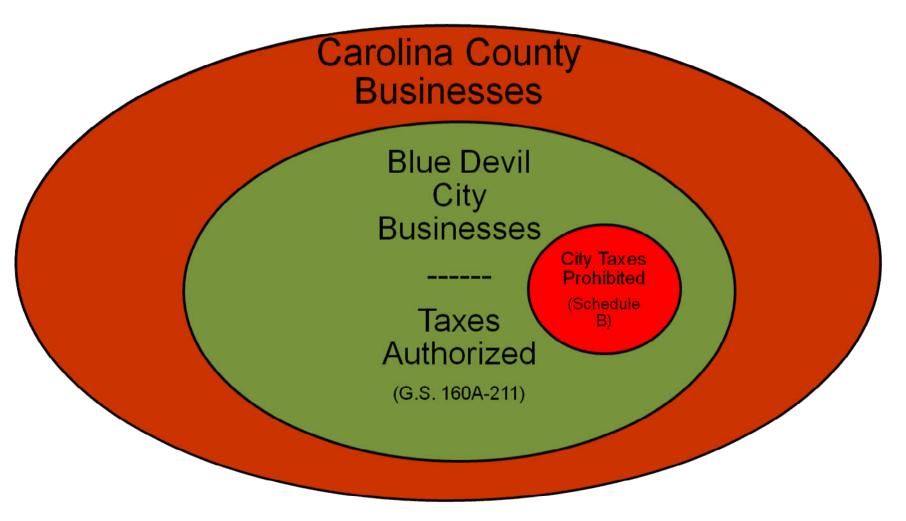
No Privilege
Taxes Without
Specific
Authorization

G.S. 153A-152

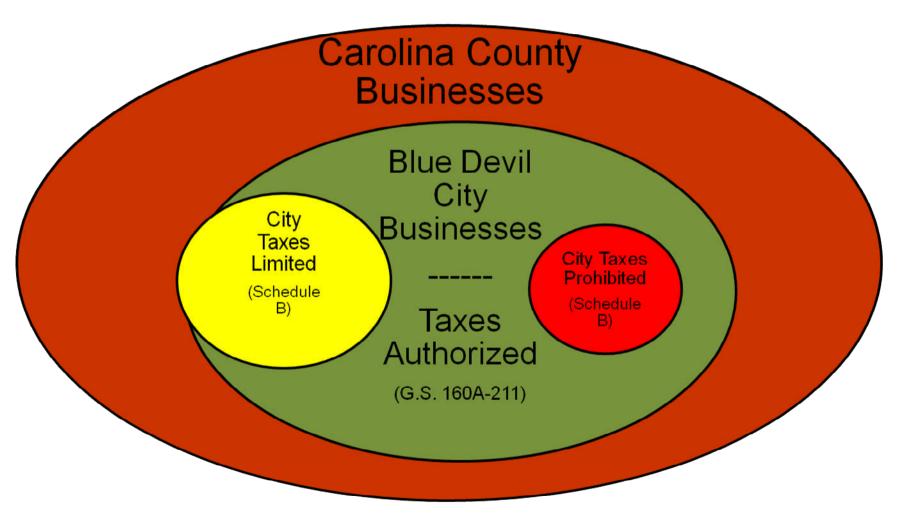




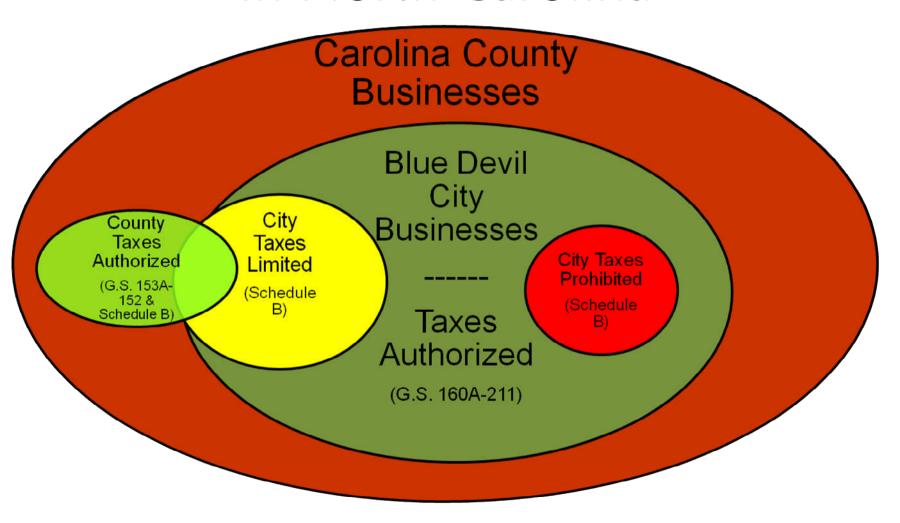














Oddities from Schedule B

- Seasonal Christmas tree sales: \$100 max
- Seasonal Christmas tree sales by grower: unlimited
- Vending Machines (< 5): \$5 max
- Vending Machines (>=5): NO city PLT
- Vending Machines (>=5 at one location): Unlimited
- Vending Machines (milk): Unlimited
- Vending Machines (juice, >=5): Unlimited
- Selling Computers: NO city PLT
- Repairing Computers: Unlimited
- Selling/Repairing Record Players: NO city PLT
- Selling/Repairing DVD/CD Players: Unlimited



How to Tax Target?

- Gross Receipts on all sales . . . except
 - Bicycles (\$25 max)
 - DVDs (\$25)
 - Computers, calculators (No tax)
 - Ice Cream (\$2.50 max)
 - Motor Oil/Auto Accessories (\$12.50 max)
- Plus....
 - Chain Store (\$50)
 - Restaurant (\$42.50)
 - Barber Shop/Beauty Salon (\$2.50 per stylist)
 - Check Cashing (\$100)
 - Vending Machines (????)





Sample City PLT Provisions For Retailers

- Gross Receipts
 - Durham: \$50 up to \$15,000, then 50¢ per \$,1000; no max
 - Charlotte: 60¢ per \$1,000; \$10,000 max tax
- Flat Fee
 - Dunn: \$30 per retailer
- Example: SuperTarget store with \$100M receipts
 - Durham: \$600,000
 - Charlotte: \$10,000
 - Dunn: \$30

Double Taxation?

- No statutory obligation to apportion gross receipts
- Landscaper based in Cary has clients in Cary, Raleigh, Durham, and Chapel Hill
 - Cary PLT on total revenues
 - Raleigh, Durham, and Chapel Hill PLT's on revenues generated in each city---these revenues are taxed twice

PLT Concerns

- Archaic Language (Bagatelle tables??)
- Repealed statutes
- Arbitrary distinctions between businesses
- Inconsistent application across NC
- Double taxation



PLT Solutions?

#5: Establish single business tax system.

#4: Reinstate PLTs at State level. Prohibit counties and cities from levying. Establish method for revenue-sharing.

#3: Authorize counties to levy at consistent rate for all businesses. Repeal city authority. Establish method for revenue-sharing and address apportionment issue.

#2:Keep at city level, but establish consistent rate for all businesses and address apportionment issue.

#1: Repeal all county and city PLTs.

