N.C. Department of Public Safety Emergency Management

"What have you done for the counties today?"



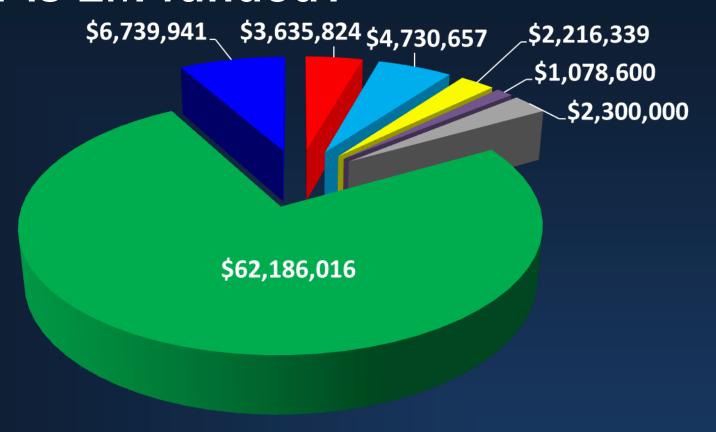


NCEM at a Glance

- Housed within NC Department of Public Safety
 - NCEM Director reports to DPS Commissioner of Operations
- Homeland Security is included under NCEM
 - NCEM Director is Deputy Homeland Security Advisor
- > 188 FTE / 17 part time
- \$82.9 M Annual Budget
 - State appropriations
 - Federal funds
 - Receipts



How is EM funded?



- APPROPRIATIONS
- FIXED NUCLEAR RECEIPTS
- **COAL ASH RESIDUAL FEE FUND RECEIPTS**
- STATE RESPONSE & DISASTER RELIEF FUND
- FLOOD PLAIN MAPPING RECEIPTS
- **HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FEE RECEIPTS**
- FEDERAL (NON-DISASTER & DISASTER)

SERT Director

Joint Information Center

Coal Ash Management Commission Business Operations Center

Fiscal

Logistics

Training
Exercises
Logistics support

Plans

Homeland Security Radiological Safety Natural Hazards Technical Hazards

Risk Management

Floodplain Mapping
IT
NFIP

Operations

Field Staff
24 Hour Center
Emergency
Services
Human Services
Civil Air Patrol

Recovery

Individual Assistance Public Assistance Hazard Mitigation



NCEM Priorities











NCEM is National Leader

- Nationally Accredited Emergency Management Program
- Recognized for Enhanced Hazard Mitigation Plan
- Internationally recognized Search & Rescue Program
- Nationally recognized Coastal Region Evacuation & Sheltering Guide
- Cutting edge plans & tools enhance public safety
 - ✓ School Safety
 - ✓ Licensed Care Facilities
 - ✓ Dam Emergency Action Plans
 - ✓ Child Care Centers

- ✓ Fuel Assurance
- ✓ Mental Health
- ✓ Flood Warning

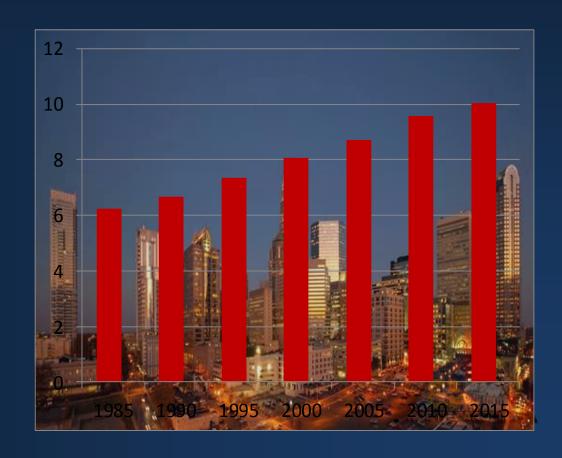


North Carolina Growth

9th most populous state

10+ million people (Decade ago: 8.7 million 11th)

Growing & aging population compounds challenges of disaster response & recovery



North Carolina by the Numbers

- > 100 Counties
- > 4 Nuclear Facilities that can effect NC
- Tribes: Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians
- 6 Metro areas
 - Charlotte
 - Raleigh Durham
 - Greensboro Winston-Salem High Point
 - Rocky Mount- Wilson
 - Asheville
 - Wilmington
- > **110** Colleges & Universities
 - 16 state universities
 - > 58 community colleges
 - 36 private universities



Concept of Operations

All disasters start & end locally and are managed on a daily basis at the closest possible geographical, organizational and jurisdictional level

Commitment: To provide a **four-tiered response** to any major disaster which is:

locally centered, regionally augmented, state backed

& federally assisted,

where all Counties have some capability to respond to significant events.



Disaster Strikes

If approved, state gets federal assistance

If disaster exceeds local capability, County Emergency Management responds

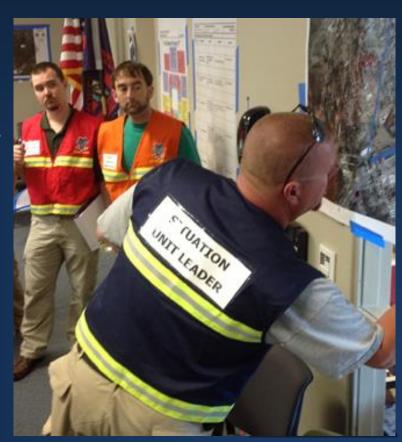
If disaster exceeds state and local capabilities,
Governor requests federal assistance



If disaster exceeds county capability, State Emergency Management activates resources

Local Role

- Local governments (counties or municipalities) respond to daily emergencies
- Use own resources OR
- Use mutual aid (via agreements w/other jurisdictions)
- ➤ If beyond local capability, EM director can request state assistance
- Request made through NCEM



State Role

- NCEM backs local governments
- Provides state resources such as SAR teams, RRT, staffing help, etc.
- Use mutual aid (via EMAC or agreements with other states)
- Provides training & funding support



Federal Role

- ➤ If beyond state capability, governor can request federal assistance
- Request made through FEMA
- FEMA *may* pre-position with NCEM for large storms
- FEMA provides resources and funds for disaster response & recovery
- FEMA leads recovery efforts on federally-declared disasters



Our role is consequence management

- ✓ Search and Rescue
- ✓ Provide Mass Care
- ✓ Protect Life and Property
- ✓ Provide Incident Management
- ✓ Supplement Local Resources
- ✓ Help Communities Recover



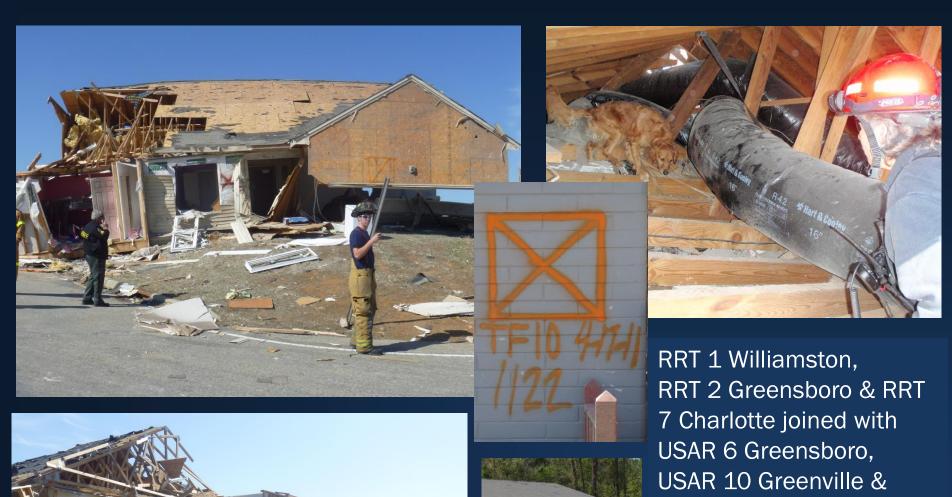














USAR 11 Wilmington to search for and rescue victims from the tornado outbreak in 2011.

NC Threats & Hazards

- ✓ Hurricanes
- ✓ Winter Storms
- ✓ Tornadoes
- ✓ Floods
- ✓ Hazardous Material Spills
- ✓ Forest Fires
- ✓ Earthquake
- ✓ Transportation Accidents
- ✓ Water System Failures
- ✓ Missing Persons

- ✓ Drought
- ✓ Pandemic Flu
- ✓ Chemical /Biological Attack
- ✓ Nuclear Attack
- ✓ School Attack
- ✓ Infrastructure/System Failures
- ✓ Nuclear Power Issue
- ✓ Airplane Crash
- ✓ Animal Disease
- ✓ Food Contamination



Actions During Emergencies

- ✓ Evaluate required resources
- ✓ Activate State EOC including all SERT partners
- ✓ Dispatch requested state resources; coordinate & manage resources
- ✓ Governor declares a State of Emergency
- ✓ Notify FEMA re: EOC activities/level
- Establish County Receiving and Distribution Points
- ✓ Identify additional needed resources
- ✓ Use WebEOC, our critical incident management system
- ✓ Coordinate resources with other states
- Demobilize response & transition to recovery



Activation Levels

Level 5 – Normal Operations

Level 4 – Local Event; some support

Level 3 – Partial Activation

Level 2 – Full Activation

Level 1 – Full Activation

+ Federal Support





Typical Mission Requests

- ✓ Auxiliary power
- ✓ Public / Functional needs shelter
- ✓ Food, water & ice
- ✓ Security & traffic control
- ✓ Search & rescue
- ✓ Debris clearance
- ✓ EMS & fire fighting









Disaster Declaration Thresholds in SE US

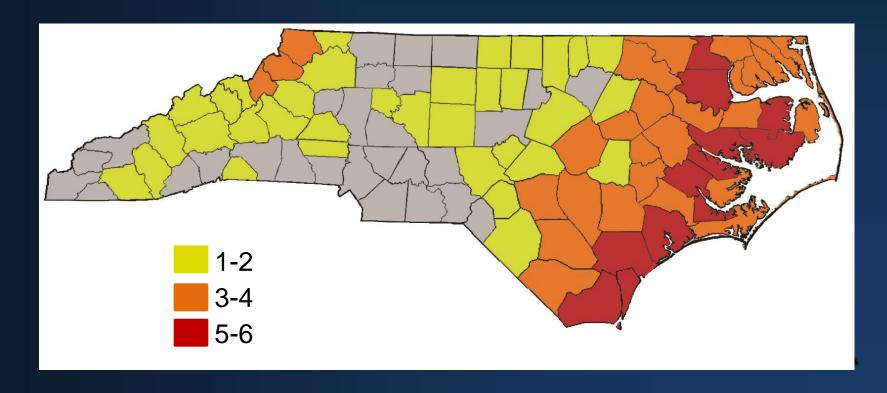
State	Threshold
North Carolina	\$13,445,031
South Carolina	\$6,521,763
Georgia	\$13,659,591
Florida	\$26,509,847
Tennessee	\$8,948,008
Mississippi	\$4,183,889
Alabama	\$6,739,428
Kentucky	\$6,118,507

Total uninsured losses must meet/exceed threshold to ask for federal financial assistance to offset cost to communities for emergency protective measures, facility repair and debris removal.



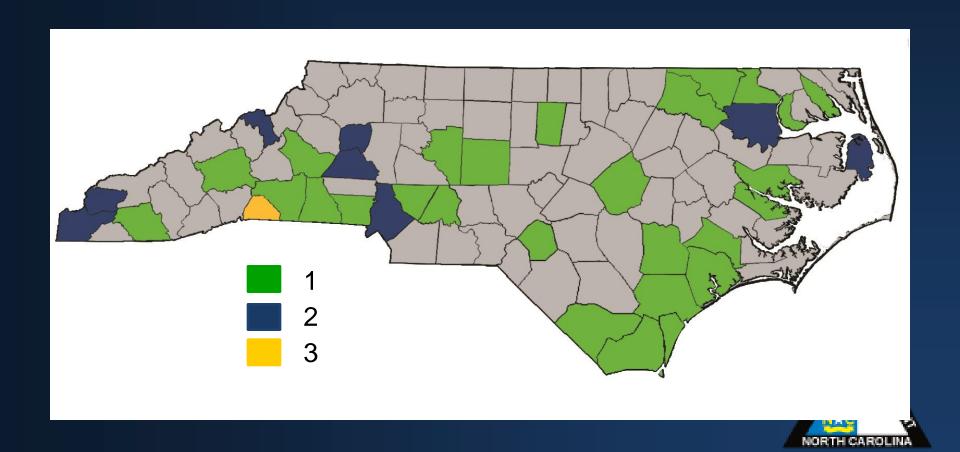
Federal Disasters 2005-2015

- 9 Disaster Declarations
- 4 Emergency Declarations
- 4 Fire Management Assistance Grants



State Declared Disasters 2005-2015

27 State Declared Disasters



Who pays for response? Who tracks costs?

County uses own resources first then asks state for help



State helps find and package resources that counties don't have



State delivers resource packages to the county



County tracks
all expenses
associated with
County-run missions

We all share responsibility for tracking these costs.



State tracks all expenses associated with State-run missions

In declared disasters,
state and county must apply for
reimbursement through the
State Public Assistance Section.
All recoverable costs must
be documented



Regional Coordination Centers

- Liaise with counties
- Submit resource requests
- Provide staff support for counties







Joint Information Center

- Conduct media interviews
- Send safety messages to media
- Coordinates messaging among SERT partners
- Write/send news release
- Post to social media
- Host News Conferences

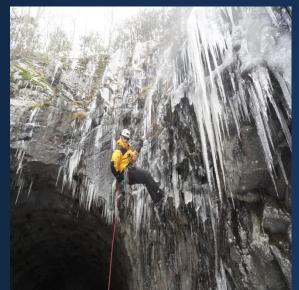




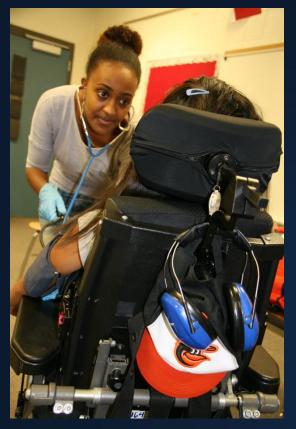
Emergency Services

- Fire & Rescue
- Disaster Medical
- Law Enforcement
- Search & Rescue
- Hazardous Materials



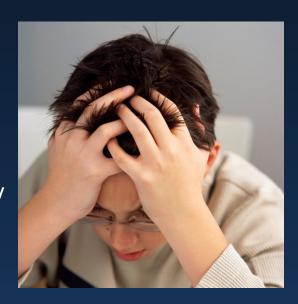






Human Services

- Shelters
- Mass Feeding
- Mental Health
- Public Health
- Public Water Supply
- Food Banks
- Animal Care









Infrastructure

- > Transportation
- Debris Removal
- Public Works
- Engineering
- Energy









Logistics Operations

- Personnel & supplies
- Donations management
- National Guard resources
- Div. of Adult Corrections

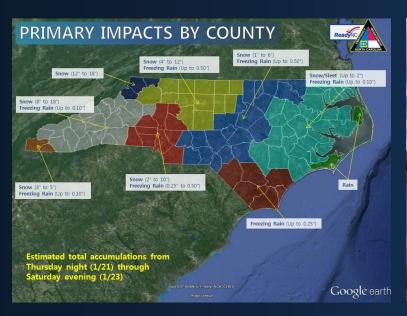


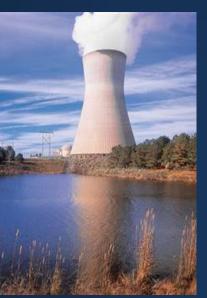


- Purchasing
- Services & equipment
- State-wide mutual aid
- EM Assistance Compact

Plans & Homeland Security

- Disaster Planning
- Homeland Security
- Radiological Protection
- Collect Information
- Develop Situation Reports& Incident Action Plans
- Meteorology









Recovery Section

- Individual Assistance
- Public Assistance
- Hazard Mitigation



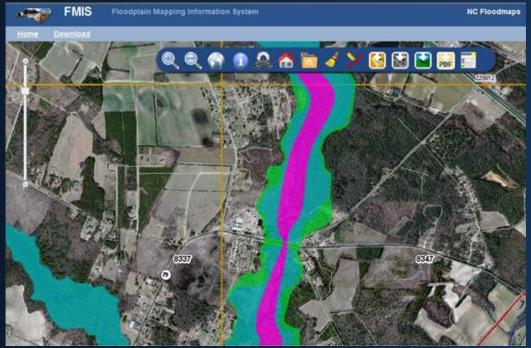




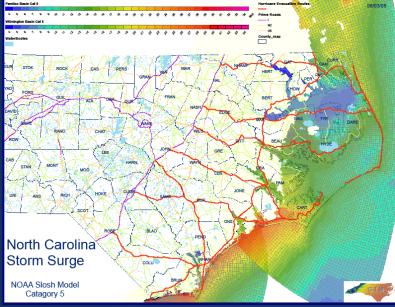
Risk Management

- GIS Data Input
- Floodplain Mapping
- Flood Warning
- Geodetic Survey
- Web EOC











SERT State Agencies

- ➤ NCDPS (Lead Agency) NCEM, Corrections, SHP, NCNG, ALE
- Administration Purchase & Contract, Facility Mgmt.
- ► Insurance Fire Marshal's Office, Building Inspections
- Labor OSHA
- Agriculture Food Safety, Animal Protection, Forestry, Crop Damage & Insurance
- Transportation Debris Clearance, Road / Bridge Repair, Snow & Ice Removal, Hwy. Mgmt.
- Public Instruction School Safety, School Buses
- > Commerce Economic Development, Retail Merchant's Association
- ➤ **Health & Human Services** Public Health, Office of Emergency Medical Services, Mental Health, Social Services (Shelters), Radiation Protection
- Environment & Natural Resources Air and Water Quality, Public Water Supply, Dam Safety, Landslides
- Cultural Resources Historic Sites, Museums
- NCSU Coop. Extension Agriculture Advice, Support to Disaster Impacted Communities



- ✓ American Red Cross
- ✓ Salvation Army
- ✓ Amateur Radio
- ✓ Telephone Pioneers
- √ Food Banks
- ✓ Hearts with Hands
- ✓ State Bar
- ✓ United Way

- ✓ Lutheran Disaster Response
- ✓ Mennonite Disaster Services
- ✓ Catholic Social Ministries
- ✓ N.C. Baptist Men
- ✓ Adventist Disaster Response
- ✓ Volunteer Administrators
- ✓and many others



All Disasters are NOT Equal

Type 1

- Smaller, localized
- State responds without federal assistance
- Usual cost share: state 75%, local 25%
- Examples:East NC tornadoes 2014West NC flooding 2013

Type 2

- Larger damage area (several counties)
- > Federal assistance needed
- Usual cost share:
 FEMA 75 %, state 25%
- Examples:April 2011 tornadoes,Hurricane Irene in 2011

Type 3

- Widespread, catastrophic damage
- Federal assistance needed
- Usual cost share range: FEMA 75-90% state 10-25%
- Example: Hurricane Floyd in 1999







Emergency Management Needs

Salary Upgrade

19% turnover rate for Core EM Positions

23% lower pay than market rate

IT Exemption

Need IT Staff on site for response readiness

USAR Funding

7 teams will match \$ for \$ Use Disaster Reserve Fund up to \$2M



NCEM Operational Readiness

Readiness Status is

GREEN





Are You Ready?



