NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY



JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

REPORT TO THE 2018 SESSION of the 2017 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

APRIL 12, 2018

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER

April 12, 2018

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TO THE MEMBERS OF THE 2018 REGULAR SESSION OF THE 2017 GENERAL ASSEMBLY

The JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE, respectfully submits the following report to the 2018 Regular Session of the 2017 General Assembly.

Sen. Ronald J. Rabin (Co-Chair)

Rep. John Faircloth (Co-Chair)

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COMMITTEE PROCEEDINGS

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The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met Seven times after the 2017 Regular Session. Informational materials and resources for each committee meeting are posted on the <u>Committee's Web site</u>, along with detailed minutes. Detailed minutes and information from each Committee meeting are also available in the Legislative Library. Provided below is a brief summary of the Committee's proceedings.

October 12, 2017

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, October 12, 2017, at 9:05 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building. Members present were: Rep. John Faircloth, Rep. Mike Clampitt, Rep. Brenden Jones, Rep. Garland Pierce, Rep. Larry Pittman, Rep. Jason Saine, Rep. Michael Speciale, Sen. John Alexander, Sen. Ron Rabin, and Sen. Norm Sanderson.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER

Senator Ron Rabin, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CHARGE

Ms. Susan Sitze, Committee Counsel Legislative Analysis Division

IV. PRESENTATIONS

Emergency Management and North Carolina's Electricity Grid

<u>DUKE ENERGY AND DOMINION</u> (20 minutes)

Mr. Tom Pruitt, Principal Eng., Transmission Sys. Planning & Operations Duke Energy

Mr. Carl Cahill, Director of Cybersecurity and Network Defense Duke Energy

NORTH CAROLINA COOPERATIVES

Mr. Lee Ragsdale, Senior Vice Pres., Grid Infrastructure and Compliance NC Electric Cooperatives

ELECTRICITIES

Mr. Gregg Welch, Manager, Programs & Services ElectriCities of NC

The Opioid Crisis: The State of the State

Dr. Susan Kansagra, MD, MBA, Section Chief Division of Public Health, Chronic Disease and Injury Section North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services

North Carolina's Emergency Preparedness Update

Mr. Michael Sprayberry, Director/Deputy Homeland Security Advisor Division of Emergency Management, Department of Public Safety

V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS (10 minutes)

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 11:51 a.m.

November 16, 2017

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, November 16, 2017, at 9:10 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544. Members present were: Representatives Faircloth, Boles, Martin, Pierce, Pittman, and Speciale. Also present were Senators Rabin, Alexander, Sanderson, and Van Duyn.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

Agenda

I. CALL TO ORDER

Representative John Faircloth, Presiding

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II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES - October 12, 2017, Meeting

IV. PRESENTATIONS

North Carolina Information Sharing and Analysis Center (ISAAC)

Mr. Dirk German, Special Agent in Charge North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation

Elliott Smith, Assistant Special Agent in Charge Theresa Tanner, Assistant Special Agent in Charge Nichole Poole Scott, Supervisory Analyst Jody Marks, Senior Analyst Nick Klem, DHS Intelligence Officer Melissa Roberts, NCSHP Analyst Jon Paul Guarino, Gang Net Administrator

Local Law Enforcement and Emergency Management

NORTH CAROLINA SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION

Sheriff Carson Smith, President Mr. Eddie Caldwell, Executive Vice President and General Counsel North Carolina Sheriffs' Association

NORTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE

Chief Brandon Zuidema, Garner Police Department 1st Vice President North Carolina Association of Chiefs of Police

Emergency Management Update in Higher Education

UNC GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Mr. Brent Herron Associate Vice President of Campus Safety & Emergency Operations

Chief Jack Moorman North Carolina State University Police Department

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CAMPBELL UNIVERSITY

Dr. Dennis Bazemore Vice President for Student Life

Captain Tim Lloyd Director of Campus Safety and Deputy Sheriff, Harnett County

V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS (10 minutes)

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 12:06 p.m.

December 14, 2017

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, December 14, 2017, at 9:08 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 643 of the Legislative Office Building. Members present were: Rep. John Faircloth, Rep. Jamie Boles, Rep. Mike Clampitt, Rep. Brenden Jones, Rep. Grier Martin, Rep. Garland Pierce, Rep. Larry Pittman, Rep. Michael Speciale, Sen. John Alexander, Sen. Danny Britt, Sen. Ron Rabin, Sen. Norm Sanderson, and Sen. Jeff Tarte.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER

Senator Ron Rabin, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – November 16, 2017, Meeting

IV. PRESENTATIONS

State Government Complex and North Carolina General Assembly Security

Chief Glen B. Allen State Capitol Police Division, North Carolina Department of Public Safety

Chief Martin Brock North Carolina General Assembly Police Department

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Sheriff John W. Ingram Brunswick County Sheriff's Department

V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 10:41 a.m.

January 25, 2018

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, January 25, 2018, at 9:13 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building. Members present were: Representatives Faircloth, Boles, Clampitt, Pierce, Pittman, Speciale, and Senators Alexander, Rabin, Sanderson, and Tarte.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

Agenda

I. CALL TO ORDER

Representative John Faircloth, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – December 14, 2017, Meeting

IV. PRESENTATIONS

School Risk Management Initiative, State Emergency Response Application (SERA)

Mr. John Dorman, NCEM Assistant Director for Risk Management Division of Emergency Management, Department of Public Safety

School Safety Update in the K-12 and Community College System

Dr. Ben Matthews, Chief School Operations Officer Department of Public Instruction

Ms. Elizabeth Grovenstein, Vice President & Chief Financial Officer North Carolina Community College System

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V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Proposed Draft Legislation - Required Training for Police Telecommunicators

Motion for recommendation – carried.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 10:36 A.M.

February 15, 2018

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, February 15, 2018, at 9:05 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building. Members present were: Rep. Jamie Boles, Rep. Mike Clampitt, Rep. Garland Pierce, Rep. Larry Pittman, Rep. Michael Speciale, Sen. John Alexander, Sen. Ron Rabin, and Sen. Norm Sanderson.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

Agenda

I. CALL TO ORDER

Senator Ron Rabin, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – January 25, 2018, Meeting

IV. PRESENTATIONS

Fire Service Responsibilities Overview

Mr. Brian Taylor Senior Deputy Commissioner, Chief State Fire Marshal Office of the State Fire Marshal, North Carolina Department of Insurance

Situational Awareness

Mr. Todd Walker TigerSwan, LLC

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee

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Securing the Electric Grid

Dr. Peter Vincent Pry EMP Taskforce on National and Homeland Security

V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 11:41 a.m.

March 15, 2018

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, March 15, 2018, at 9:00 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building. Members present were: Representatives Faircloth, Clampitt, Martin, Pierce, Pittman, Speciale, and Senators Rabin, Alexander, Sanderson, Tarte, and Van Duyn.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER

Representative John Faircloth, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – February 15, 2018, Meeting

IV. PRESENTATIONS

United Way of North Carolina – 211 Program

Laura Zink Marx, President & Chief Executive Officer United Way of North Carolina

Connected Device Security

Uri Alter, Chief Executive Officer VDOO Connected Trust Ltd.

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Firearms Training

Steven Combs, Director Criminal Justice Standards Division, North Carolina Department of Justice

Michael J. Macario Regional Proving Grounds, LLC

V. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION – Potential Committee Recommendations

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 11:22 a.m.

April 12, 2018

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee met on Thursday, April 12, 2018, at 9:00 a.m. The meeting was held in Room 544 of the Legislative Office Building.

The meeting proceeded as follows:

AGENDA

I. CALL TO ORDER

Senator Ron Rabin, Presiding

II. INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

Representative John Faircloth Senator Ron Rabin

III. APPROVAL OF MINUTES – March 15, 2018, Meeting

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee Report to the 2018 Session of the 2017 General Assembly of North Carolina

Report was adopted by the Committee.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

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The Committee makes the following findings and recommends that the General Assembly do the following:

COMMITTEE FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

- 1. The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee finds that early diagnosis of mental illness and access to proper treatment is important and saves lives. Educational professionals can play a role by being alert to behaviors that may indicate potential problems and by notifying the appropriate authorities.
- 2. The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee finds that a balanced approach is needed to address the issues presented by excessive opioid use, and strategies considered by the General Assembly should include education, enforcement, and treatment.
- 3. Consider ways that schools can increase the number of persons present at each school to perform security-related functions.
- 4. Direct the Building Code Council and the Office of the State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance to evaluate and recommend what changes can be made to current statutes and building codes, as they relate to construction and renovation of school buildings, to increase consideration of student, faculty, and administrator safety from man-made threats. The Building Code Council and Office of the State Fire Marshall shall consult with the School Planning Section of the Department of Public Instruction and the State Board of Education during their evaluation and take that input into consideration in making their recommendations for changes.
- 5. Direct the Building Code Council and the Office of the State Fire Marshal of the Department of Insurance to evaluate and recommend what changes can be made to current statutes and the North Carolina Fire Prevention Code as it relates to routine and surprise code inspection frequency; available enforcement mechanisms and fines for code violations; availability of resources to conduct inspections; and efforts to educate owners and operators of buildings requiring fire inspections of their responsibilities to adhere to code requirements.

- 6. Appropriate funds to be earmarked for use by the Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Public Safety to fund a Request for Proposal (RFP) to improve situational awareness capabilities.
- 7. Consider the appropriation of additional funds to improve the North Carolina Information Sharing and Analysis Center (NC ISAAC).

The Committee makes the following legislative proposals to the General Assembly:

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS: (See Appendix C)

- 1. AN ACT TO REQUIRE TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION OF POLICE TELECOMMUNICATORS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
- 2. AN ACT TO REQUIRE CHARTER SCHOOLS, REGIONAL SCHOOLS, UNC LABORATORY SCHOOLS, AND NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS ACCEPTING STUDENTS RECEIVING OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP GRANTS AND TO ENCOURAGE OTHER NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS TO DEVELOP A SCHOOL RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN, HOLD SCHOOL SAFETY EXERCISES, AND PROVIDE SCHOOL SAFETY INFORMATION TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND THE DIVISION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
- 3. AN ACT TO ENCOURAGE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO OPERATE PROGRAMS THAT EDUCATE CITIZENS REGARDING LAW ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS, TO RECOGNIZE THE DANGER SIGNS OF POTENTIALLY VIOLENT ACTIVITIES, AND TO PROVIDE TRAINING TO CITIZENS WHO WANT TO PROVIDE VOLUNTEER SERVICES TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
- 4. AN ACT TO AMEND THE NORTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ACT TO CLARIFY THAT PREVENTION IS WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE ACT AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

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JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

2017-2018 Membership

Pursuant to G.S. 120-70.150, the Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee (Committee) consists of 12 members, six appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and six appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Pursuant to G.S. 120-70.152(e), in appointing members to the Committee, the President Pro Tem and the Speaker shall take into consideration the goal of having members appointed to the Committee who have knowledge and experience relating to areas that are most impacted by disasters and emergencies.

<u>President Pro Tempore of the Senate</u> <u>Appointments</u>:

Speaker of the House of Representatives Appointments:

Sen. Ronald J. Rabin (Co-Chair)

Sen. John M. Alexander, Jr.
Sen. Danny Earl Britt, Jr.
Sen. Norman W. Sanderson
Sen. Jeff Tarte
Sen. Terry Van Duyn
Sen. Paul A. Lowe, Jr. (Advisory Member)
Sen. Jerry W. Tillman (Advisory Member)

Rep. John Faircloth (Co-Chair)

Rep. James L. Boles, Jr. (Vice-Chair) Rep. Brenden H. Jones Rep. Grier Martin Rep. Garland E. Pierce Rep. Michael Speciale Rep. Mike Clampitt (Advisory Member) Rep. Larry G. Pittman (Advisory Member) Rep. Jason Saine (Advisory Member)

COMMITTEE CHARGE/STATUTORY AUTHORITY

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Article 12Q.

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee.

§ 120-70.150. Creation and membership of Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee.

The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee is established. The Committee consists of 12 members as follows:

- (1) Six members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; and
- (2) Six members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Terms on the Committee are for two years and begin on the convening of the General Assembly in each odd-numbered year, except the terms of the initial members, which begin on appointment and end on the day of the convening of the 2013 General Assembly. Members may complete a term of service on the Committee even if they do not seek reelection or are not reelected to the General Assembly, but resignation or removal from service in the General Assembly constitutes resignation or removal from service on the Committee.

A member continues to serve until a successor is appointed. A vacancy shall be filled by the officer who made the original appointment.

§ 120-70.151. Purpose and powers of Committee.

(a) The Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee shall examine, on a continuing basis, issues related to emergency management in North Carolina in order to make ongoing recommendations to the General Assembly on ways to promote effective emergency preparedness, management, response, and recovery. The Committee may examine:

- (1) Whether the State building code sufficiently addresses issues related to commercial and residential construction in hurricane and flood prone areas.
- (2) The public health infrastructure in place to respond to natural and nonnatural disasters.
- (3) Hurricane preparedness, evacuation, and response.
- (4) Energy security issues.
- (5) Terrorism preparedness and response, including bioterrorism.
- (6) Flood and natural disaster preparation and response.
- (7) Any other topic the Committee believes is related to its purpose.

(b) The Committee may make interim reports to the General Assembly on matters for which it may report to a regular session of the General Assembly. A report to the

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee

General Assembly may contain any legislation needed to implement a recommendation of the Committee.

§ 120-70.152. Organization of Committee.

(a) The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate a cochair of the Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee. The Committee shall meet upon the joint call of the cochairs.

(b) A quorum of the Committee is seven members. Only recommendations, including proposed legislation, receiving at least six affirmative votes may be included in a Committee report to the General Assembly. While in the discharge of its official duties, the Committee has the powers of a joint committee under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4.

(c) The cochairs of the Committee may call upon other knowledgeable persons or experts to assist the Committee in its work.

(d) Members of the Committee shall receive subsistence and travel expenses as provided in G.S. 120-3.1, 138-5, or 138-6, as appropriate. The Committee may contract for consultants or hire employees in accordance with G.S. 120-32.02. The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Committee in its work. Upon the direction of the Legislative Services Commission, the Supervisors of Clerks of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall assign clerical staff to the Committee. The expenses for clerical employees shall be borne by the Committee.

(e) In appointing members to the Committee, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall take into consideration the goal of having members appointed to the Committee who have knowledge and experience relating to areas that are most impacted by disasters and emergencies.

Appendix C

LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS

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BILL DRAFT 2017-SAz-17 [v.6]

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 04/10/2018 01:37:07 PM

Short Title:	Required Training Police Telecommunicators.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

1 2

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION OF POLICE
 3 TELECOMMUNICATORS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE
 4 EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6

SECTION 1. G.S. 17E-7 reads as rewritten:

7 "§ 17E-7. Required standards.

8 (a) Justice officers, other than those set forth in subsection (c1) of this section, shall not 9 be required to meet any requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section as a condition of 10 continued employment, nor shall failure of a justice officer to fulfill such requirements make him ineligible for any promotional examination for which he is otherwise eligible if the officer held 11 12 an appointment prior to July 1, 1983, and is a sworn law-enforcement officer with power of 13 arrest. The legislature finds, and it is hereby declared to be the policy of this Chapter, that such 14 officers have satisfied such requirements by their experience. It is the intent of the Chapter that 15 all justice officers employed at the entry level after the Commission has adopted the required 16 standards shall meet the requirements of this Chapter. All justice officers who are exempted from 17 the required entry level standards by this subsection are subject to the requirements of subsections (b) and (c) of this section as well as the requirements of G.S. 17E-4(a) in order to retain 18 19 certification.

20 The Commission shall provide, by regulation, that no person may be appointed as a (b) 21 justice officer at entry level, except on a temporary or probationary basis, unless such person has 22 satisfactorily completed an initial preparatory program of training at a school certified by the 23 Commission or has been exempted from that requirement by the Commission pursuant to this 24 Chapter. Upon separation of a justice officer from a sheriff's department within the temporary or 25 probationary period of appointment, the probationary certification shall be terminated by the 26 Commission. Upon the reappointment to the same department or appointment to another 27 department of an officer who has separated from a department within the probationary period, 28 the officer shall be charged with the amount of time served during his initial appointment and 29 allowed the remainder of the probationary period to complete the basic training requirement. 30 Upon the reappointment to the same department or appointment to another department of an 31 officer who has separated from a department within the probationary period and who has

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee

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remained out of service for more than one year from the date of separation, the officer shall be
allowed another probationary period to complete such training as the Commission shall require
by rule for an officer returning to service.

(c) In addition to the requirements of subsection (b) of this section, the Commission, by rules and regulations, may fix other qualifications for the employment and retention of justice officers including minimum age, education, physical and mental standards, citizenship, good moral character, experience, and such other matters as relate to the competence and reliability of persons to assume and discharge the responsibilities of the office, and the Commission shall prescribe the means for presenting evidence of fulfillment of these requirements.

Where minimum educational standards are not met, yet the individual shows potential and a willingness to achieve the standards by extra study, they may be waived by the Commission for the reasonable amount of time it will take to achieve the standards required. Upon petition from a sheriff, the Commission may grant a waiver of any provisions of this section (17E-7) for any justice officer serving that sheriff.

15 Any justice officer appointed as a telecommunicator at the entry level after March 1, (c1) 16 1998, shall meet all requirements of this Chapter. Any person employed in the capacity of a 17 telecommunicator as defined by the Commission on or before March 1, 1998, shall not be 18 required to meet any entry-level requirements as a condition of continued employment but shall 19 be reported to the Commission for certification. All justice officers who are exempted from the 20 required entry-level standards by this subsection are subject to the requirements of subsections 21 (b) and (c) of this section as well as the requirements of G.S. 17E-4(a) in order to retain 22 certification.

23 (c2) Effective July 1, 2020, any person employed as a telecommunicator by a municipal
 24 police agency shall meet all the requirements of this Chapter.

(d) The Commission may issue a certificate evidencing satisfaction of the requirements
 of subsections (b), (c), and (c1) of this section to any applicant who presents such evidence as
 may be required by its rules and regulations of satisfactory completion of a program or course of
 instruction in another jurisdiction."

29

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

30

Legislative Proposal No. 2

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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BILL DRAFT 2017-MMz-122B [v.1]

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 04/10/2018 01:32:42 PM

Short Title:	Expand Use/School Risk Management Plans.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE CHARTER SCHOOLS, REGIONAL SCHOOLS, UNC
3	LABORATORY SCHOOLS, AND NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS ACCEPTING STUDENTS
4	RECEIVING OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP GRANTS AND TO ENCOURAGE
5	OTHER NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS TO DEVELOP A SCHOOL RISK MANAGEMENT
6	PLAN, HOLD SCHOOL SAFETY EXERCISES, AND PROVIDE SCHOOL SAFETY
7	INFORMATION TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND THE DIVISION OF
8	EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE
9	EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
11	SECTION 1. G.S. 115C-218.75 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 115C-218.75. General operating requirements.
13	
14	(b) School Risk Management Plan. – Each charter school, in coordination with local law
15	enforcement and emergency management agencies, is encouraged to shall adopt a School Risk
16	Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and
17	maintaining these plans, charter schools may shall utilize the School Risk and Response
18	Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not
19	considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not
20	be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.
21	(b1) Schematic Diagrams, Emergency Access for Local Law Enforcement, and School
22	Crisis Kits Charter schools are encouraged toshall provide the following to local law
23	enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities
24	to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing diagrams, including digital
25	schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency
26	access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. Charter schools
27	shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when
28	substantial modifications such as new facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made
29	to school buildings. Charter schools shall also be responsible for providing local law enforcement

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agencies with updated access to school buildings when changes are made to the locks of the main entrances or to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes. Schematic diagrams are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Charter schools are encouraged to implement the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.

6

. . .

7 School Safety Exercises. - At least once a year, a charter school is encouraged (d) 8 required to hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency 9 management agencies that are part of the charter school's SRMP.tabletop exercise and drill based 10 on the procedures documented in its SRMP. The drill shall include a practice school lockdown due to an intruder on school grounds. Each charter school is encouraged to hold a tabletop 11 12 exercise and drill for multiple hazards included in its SRMP and is strongly encouraged to include 13 local law enforcement agencies and emergency management agencies in its tabletop exercises 14 and drills. The purpose of the tabletop exercises and drills shall be to permit participants to (i) 15 discuss simulated emergency situations in a low-stress environment, (ii) clarify their roles and 16 responsibilities and the overall logistics of dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in 17 which the SRMP needs to be modified. For the purposes of this subsection, a tabletop exercise is 18 an exercise involving key personnel conducting simulated scenarios related to emergency 19 planning. For the purposes of this subsection, a drill is a school-wide practice exercise in which 20 simulated scenarios related to emergency planning are conducted. The Department of Public 21 Safety, Division of Emergency Management, and the Center for Safer Schools shall provide guidance and recommendations to charter schools on the types of multiple hazards to plan and 22 23 respond to, including intruders on school grounds. 24 School Safety Information Provided to Division of Emergency Management. - A (e)

25 charter school is encouraged toshall provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including 26 digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division 27 for the SRMP. A charter school shall also provide updated schematic diagrams and emergency 28 response information to the Division when such updates are made. The Division shall ensure that 29 the diagrams and emergency response information are securely stored and distributed as provided in the SRMP to first responders, emergency personnel, and school personnel. The schematic 30 diagrams and emergency response information are not considered public records as the term 31 32 "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and 33 examination under G.S. 132-6.

34"

SECTION 2. G.S. 115C-238.66 reads as rewritten:

36 "§ 115C-238.66. Board of directors; powers and duties. 37 The board of directors shall have the following powers and duties:

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- (7a) School Risk Management Plan. Each regional school, in coordination with local law enforcement agencies, is encouraged to shall adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a regional school may shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public
- record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.
 (7b) Schematic diagramsdiagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. Regional schools are encouraged to shall provide all
- and school crisis kits. Regional schools are encouraged to shall provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams

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1		and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement
2		agencies, in addition to implementing diagrams, including digital schematic
3		diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or
4		emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school
5		buildings. Regional schools shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams
6		to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new
7		facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings.
8		Regional schools shall also be responsible for providing local law
9		enforcement agencies with updated access to school buildings when changes
10		are made to the locks of the main entrances or to key storage devices such as
11		KNOX® boxes. Schematic diagrams are not considered a public record as the
12		term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to
13		inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Regional schools are
14		encouraged to implement the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.
15	(7c)	School safety exercises. – At least once a year, a regional school is encouraged
16		required to hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law
17		enforcement and emergency management agencies that are part of the regional
10		asheally CDMD tableton eventies and drill based on the meandures

- school's SRMP.tabletop exercise and drill based on the procedures 18 documented in its SRMP. The drill shall include a practice school lockdown 19 20 due to an intruder on school grounds. Each regional school is encouraged to 21 hold a tabletop exercise and drill for multiple hazards included in its SRMP, and schools are strongly encouraged to include local law enforcement 22 23 agencies and emergency management agencies in their tabletop exercises and 24 drills. The purpose of the tabletop exercises and drills shall be to permit 25 participants to (i) discuss simulated emergency situations in a low-stress 26 environment, (ii) clarify their roles and responsibilities and the overall 27 logistics of dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in which the 28 SRMP needs to be modified. For the purposes of this subdivision, a tabletop 29 exercise is an exercise involving key personnel conducting simulated 30 scenarios related to emergency planning. For the purposes of this subdivision, a drill is a school-wide practice exercise in which simulated scenarios related 31 32 to emergency planning are conducted. The Department of Public Safety, 33 Division of Emergency Management, and the Center for Safer Schools shall 34 provide guidance and recommendations to regional schools on the types of 35 multiple hazards to plan and respond to, including intruders on school 36 grounds.
 - (7d) Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management. – A regional school is encouraged toshall provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the SRMP. A regional school shall also provide updated schematic diagrams and emergency response information to the Division when such updates are made. The Division shall ensure that the diagrams and emergency response information are securely stored and distributed as provided in the SRMP to first responders, emergency personnel, and school personnel. The schematic diagrams and emergency response information are not considered public records as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.

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(10)

SECTION 3. G.S. 116-239.8(b) reads as rewritten:

2 The chancellor shall be the administrative head of a laboratory school approved by "(b) 3 the Subcommittee and shall provide general direction for the establishment and operation of a 4 laboratory school. The chancellor, with advice and input from the advisory board established in 5 subdivision (1) of this subsection, shall adopt policies, operating procedures, and the courses of 6 study to govern the operation of the laboratory school. The chancellor may designate the duties required by this Article to other personnel as necessary. The chancellor shall also have the 7 8 following powers and duties:

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Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a laboratory school may shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.

School Risk Management Plan. - Each laboratory school, in coordination with

local law enforcement agencies, is encouraged to shall adopt a School Risk

18 Schematic diagrams diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, (11)19 and school crisis kits. - Laboratory schools are encouraged toshall provide all 20 of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement 21 22 agencies, in addition to implementing diagrams, including digital schematic 23 diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or 24 emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. Laboratory schools shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams 25 26 to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new 27 facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings. 28 Laboratory schools shall also be responsible for providing local law 29 enforcement agencies with updated access to school buildings when changes are made to the locks of the main entrances or to key storage devices such as 30 KNOX® boxes. Schematic diagrams are not considered a public record as the 31 32 term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to 33 inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Regional schools are 34 encouraged to implement the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.

35 School safety exercises. - At least once a year, a laboratory school is (12)encouraged required to hold a full schoolwide lockdown exercise with local 36 37 law enforcement and emergency management agencies that are part of the 38 laboratory school's SRMP.school-wide tabletop exercise and drill based on the procedures documented in its SRMP. The drill shall include a practice 39 school lockdown due to an intruder on school grounds. Each laboratory school 40 is encouraged to hold a tabletop exercise and drill for multiple hazards 41 included in its SRMP, and schools are strongly encouraged to include local 42 law enforcement agencies and emergency management agencies in their 43 tabletop exercises and drills. The purpose of the tabletop exercises and drills 44 45 shall be to permit participants to (i) discuss simulated emergency situations in a low-stress environment, (ii) clarify their roles and responsibilities and the 46 overall logistics of dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in which 47 48 the SRMP needs to be modified. For the purposes of this subdivision, a 49 tabletop exercise is an exercise involving key personnel conducting simulated

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1			scenarios related to emergency planning. For the purposes of this subdivision,
2			a drill is a school-wide practice exercise in which simulated scenarios related
3			to emergency planning are conducted. The Department of Public Safety,
4			Division of Emergency Management, and the Center for Safer Schools shall
5			provide guidance and recommendations to regional schools on the types of
6			multiple hazards to plan and respond to, including intruders on school
7			grounds.
8		(13)	Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of
9			Emergency Management. – A laboratory school is encouraged toshall provide
10			the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams
11			and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the
12			SRMP. <u>A laboratory school shall also provide updated schematic diagrams</u>
13			and emergency response information to the Division when such updates are
14			made. The Division shall ensure that the diagrams and emergency response
15			information are securely stored and distributed as provided in the SRMP to
16			first responders, emergency personnel, and school personnel. The schematic
17			diagrams and emergency response information are not considered public
18 19			records as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.
20		"	be subject to hispection and examination under 0.5. 152-0.
20			ION 4. G.S. 115C-562.5(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
21			Obligations of nonpublic schools accepting eligible students receiving
		04.0.	
23		schola	rshin grants
23 24			rship grants. Sublic school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall
24	(a)	A non	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall
		A non	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall
24 25	(a)	A nong th the fo	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall ollowing:
24 25 26	(a)	A nong th the fo	Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies
24 25 26 27	(a)	A nong th the fo	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall ollowing:
24 25 26 27 28	(a)	A nong th the fo	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall pollowing: <u>Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies</u> <u>with all of the following:</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29	(a)	A nong th the fo	 public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall following: <u>Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following:</u> <u>a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(a)	A nong th the fo	 Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: <u>Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	(a)	A nong th the fo	public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall ollowing: Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	(a)	A nong th the fo	 Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: <u>Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: <u>Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1</u>
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: <u>a.</u> School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	(a)	A nong th the fo	 public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall oblowing: Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1. and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new facilities or
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	(a)	A nong th the fo	 public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall ollowing: Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings. The
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	(a)	A nong th the fo	 provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings. The nonpublic school shall also be responsible for providing local law
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	(a)	A nong th the fo	 public school that accepts eligible students receiving scholarship grants shall ollowing: Provide to the Authority documentation that the nonpublic school complies with all of the following: a. School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, a nonpublic school shall utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. b. Schematic diagrams, emergency access for local law enforcement, and school crisis kits. – Provide all of the following to local law enforcement agencies: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) either keys to the main entrance of all school buildings or emergency access to key storage devices such as KNOX® boxes for all school buildings. The nonpublic school shall provide updates of the schematic diagrams to local law enforcement agencies when substantial modifications such as new facilities or modifications to doors and windows are made to school buildings. The

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1		devices such as KNOX® boxes. Schematic diagrams are not
2		considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under
3		G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination
4		under G.S. 132-6. Nonpublic schools are encouraged to implement the
5		
6		provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.
	<u>C.</u>	<u>School safety exercises. – At least once a year, a nonpublic school is</u>
7		required to hold a full school-wide tabletop exercise and drill based on
8		the procedures documented in its SRMP. The drill shall include a
9		practice school lockdown due to an intruder on school grounds. Each
10		nonpublic school is encouraged to hold a tabletop exercise and drill
11		for multiple hazards included in its SRMP and is strongly encouraged
12		to include local law enforcement agencies and emergency
13		management agencies in its tabletop exercises and drills. The purpose
14		of the tabletop exercises and drills shall be to permit participants to (i)
15		discuss simulated emergency situations in a low-stress environment,
16		(ii) clarify their roles and responsibilities and the overall logistics of
17		dealing with an emergency, and (iii) identify areas in which the SRMP
18		needs to be modified. For the purposes of this sub-subdivision, a
19		tabletop exercise is an exercise involving key personnel conducting
20		simulated scenarios related to emergency planning. For the purposes
21		of this sub-subdivision, a drill is a school-wide practice exercise in
22		which simulated scenarios related to emergency planning are
23		conducted. The Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency
24		Management, and the Center for Safer Schools shall provide guidance
25		and recommendations to nonpublic schools on the types of multiple
26		hazards to plan and respond to, including intruders on school grounds.
27	<u>d.</u>	Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety,
28		Division of Emergency Management A nonpublic school shall
29		provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital
30		schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information
31		requested by the Division for the SRMP. A nonpublic school shall also
32		provide updated schematic diagrams and emergency response
33		information to the Division when such updates are made. The Division
34		shall ensure that the diagrams and emergency response information are
35		securely stored and distributed as provided in the SRMP to first
36		responders, emergency personnel, and school personnel. The
37		schematic diagrams and emergency response information are not
38		considered public records as the term "public record" is defined under
39		G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination
40		<u>under G.S. 132-6.</u> "
41		• G.S. 115C-551 reads as rewritten:
42		y participation in the State programs.
43	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	vate church school or school of religious charter may, on a voluntary
44		State operated or sponsored program which would otherwise be available
45		g but not limited to the high school competency testing and statewide
46	testing programs.	
47		nurch schools and all schools of religious charter are encouraged to do
48	the following:	

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		<u>(1)</u>	School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement
2			agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents
3			of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school
4			may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS)
5			established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a
6			public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall
7			not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.
8		<u>(2)</u>	Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits Provide schematic diagrams and
9			keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement
10			agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.
11		<u>(3)</u>	School safety exercises At least once a year, hold a full school-wide
12			lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management
13			agencies that are part of the regional school's SRMP.
14		<u>(4)</u>	Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of
15			Emergency Management Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams,
16			including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response
17			information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams
18			and emergency response information are not considered public records as the
19			term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to
20			inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6."
21		SECI	TION 6. G.S. 115C-559 reads as rewritten:
22	"§ 115C-5		oluntary participation in the State programs.
23	<u>(a)</u>		uch qualified nonpublic school may, on a voluntary basis, participate in any
24	-		r sponsored program which would otherwise be available to such school,
25	including	but not	limited to the high school competency testing and statewide testing programs.
26	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following:
27	<u>(b)</u>		alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement
27 28	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	<u>alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement</u> <u>agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents</u>
27 28 29	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	<u>alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement</u> <u>agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents</u> <u>of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school</u>
27 28 29 30	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	 alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS)</u>
27 28 29 30 31	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	 <u>alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following:</u> <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a</u>
27 28 29 30 31 32	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u>	 alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall
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27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u> (1) (2) (<u>3</u>)	 <u>School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6.</u> <u>Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52.</u> <u>School safety exercises. – At least once a year, hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law enforcement agencies that are part of the regional school's SRMP.</u> <u>Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response</u>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u> (1) (2) (<u>3</u>)	adified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52. School safety exercises. – At least once a year, hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management agencies that are part of the regional school's SRMP. Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	<u>(b)</u>	<u>All qu</u> (1) (2) (<u>3</u>)	 alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52. School safety exercises. – At least once a year, hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management agencies that are part of the regional school's SRMP. Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams and emergency response information are not considered public records as the
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27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	<u>(b)</u>	All qu (1) (2) (3) (4) SECT	 alified nonpublic schools are encouraged to do the following: School Risk Management Plan. – In coordination with local law enforcement agencies, adopt a School Risk Management Plan (SRMP) relating to incidents of school violence. In constructing and maintaining these plans, the school may utilize the School Risk and Response Management System (SRRMS) established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.49A. These plans are not considered a public record as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to inspection and examination under G.S. 132-6. Schematic diagrams and school crisis kits. – Provide schematic diagrams and keys to the main entrance of school facilities to local law enforcement agencies, in addition to implementing the provisions in G.S. 115C-105.52. School safety exercises. – At least once a year, hold a full school-wide lockdown exercise with local law enforcement and emergency management agencies that are part of the regional school's SRMP. Safety information provided to the Department of Public Safety, Division of Emergency Management. – Provide the following: (i) schematic diagrams, including digital schematic diagrams, and (ii) emergency response information requested by the Division for the SRMP. The schematic diagrams and emergency response information are not considered public records as the term "public record" is defined under G.S. 132-1 and shall not be subject to

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee Page 29 of 34

1 Risk Management Planning tool managed by the Division. The Division shall also leverage the 2 local school administrative unit schematic diagrams of school facilities facilities provided by 3 local school administrative units, charter schools, regional schools, laboratory schools, and 4 nonpublic schools. Where technically feasible, the SRRMS shall integrate any anonymous tip 5 lines established pursuant to G.S. 115C-105.51 and any 911-initiated panic alarm systems 6 authorized as part of a SRMP pursuant to G.S. 115C-47(40). The Division and the Center for 7 Safer Schools shall collaborate with the Department of Public Instruction and the North Carolina 8 911 Board in the design, implementation, and maintenance of the SRRMS." 9 SECTION 8. G.S. 115C-105.53(b) reads as rewritten: 10 "(b) The Department of Public Instruction, in consultation with the Department of Public 11 Safety, shall develop standards and guidelines for the preparation and content of schematic 12 diagrams and necessary updates. Local school administrative units, charter schools, 13 regional schools, laboratory schools, and nonpublic schools may use these standards and 14 guidelines to assist in the preparation of their schematic diagrams." 15 **SECTION 9.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2019, and applies beginning with 16 the 2019-2020 school year.

17

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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BILL DRAFT 2017-MMz-123B [v.1]

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 04/10/2018 01:34:38 PM

Short Title: Local Law Enforcement/Citizens Academies.

(Public)

D

Sponsors:

Referred to:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	PROGRAM OPERATIO ACTIVITIE PROVIDE AS RECOM OVERSIGH	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED ENCOURAGE LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO OPERATE IS THAT EDUCATE CITIZENS REGARDING LAW ENFORCEMENT NS, TO RECOGNIZE THE DANGER SIGNS OF POTENTIALLY VIOLENT S, AND TO PROVIDE TRAINING TO CITIZENS WHO WANT TO VOLUNTEER SERVICES TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT T COMMITTEE.
9 10		sembly of North Carolina enacts: TION 1. Article 13 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended by
11	adding a new se	
12	" <u>§ 160A-</u> 289.3.	Citizens academy and volunteer programs.
13	(a) Find	ings. – The General Assembly finds the following:
14	<u>(1)</u>	Acts of terrorism and other forms of violence directed against innocent
15		civilians of all ages are on the increase.
16	<u>(2)</u>	Where there are "see something, say something" programs in effect in local
17		communities, the information gained is beneficial to the development of
18		intelligence information that can, to some extent, preempt and ameliorate the
19		effects of these acts of violence.
20	<u>(3)</u>	Programs conducted by local law enforcement entities that educate volunteer
21		citizens to recognize the danger signs involved in illegal or potentially violent
22		activities increase the effectiveness of "see something, say something"
23		programs.
24	<u>(4)</u>	Such programs are in place and working at the local level in North Carolina.
25		These programs demonstrate the effectiveness of getting more eyes surveilling
26		a situation and help increase the likelihood of reported danger signs.
27		<u>l Programs. – The chief of police of a local police department or of a county</u>
28		ant may establish a citizens academy (the program) that educates community
29		operations of the department and prepares participants to provide appropriate
30	volunteer servi	ces. The program may provide orientation and training with department

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1 representatives from a variety of backgrounds and disciplines. The program should follow a 2 pre-established curriculum that includes instruction on the recognition and reporting of 3 suspicious activity indicative of criminal behavior and emphasizes recognition of activities and 4 threats that might lead to acts of terrorism or other violence against innocent civilians. When 5 selecting individuals to participate in the program, the department shall conduct background 6 checks on potential participants and shall exclude individuals based on prior criminal convictions 7 or pending criminal charges or investigations. Any individual who is also a veteran must have 8 received an honorable discharge to be eligible to participate in the program. 9 Volunteer Services. – The department may use graduates of the program to provide (c)10 appropriate volunteer services that support the operations of the department and increase safety and security within the community. These services may include volunteers participating in 11 12 community patrols or other observational activities. No individual may be armed while providing 13 volunteer services unless the individual has successfully completed a basic law enforcement 14 training course as approved by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission and is authorized in writing to do so by the chief of police of the police 15 16 department sponsoring the program." 17 **SECTION 2.** Article 3 of Chapter 162 of the General Statutes is amended by adding 18 a new section to read: 19 "§ 162-27. Citizens academy and volunteer programs. 20 Findings. – The General Assembly finds the following: (a) Acts of terrorism and other forms of violence directed against innocent 21 (1) 22 civilians of all ages are on the increase. 23 Where there are "see something, say something" programs in effect in local (2)24 communities, the information gained is beneficial to the development of 25 intelligence information that can, to some extent, preempt and ameliorate the 26 effects of these acts of violence. 27 (3) Programs conducted by local law enforcement entities that educate volunteer 28 citizens to recognize the danger signs involved in illegal or potentially violent 29 activities increase the effectiveness of "see something, say something" 30 programs. 31 Such programs are in place and working at the local level in North Carolina. (4) 32 These programs demonstrate the effectiveness of getting more eyes surveilling 33 a situation and help increase the likelihood of reported danger signs. 34 Local Programs. – The sheriff may establish a citizens academy (the program) that (b) 35 educates community members on the operations of the department and prepares participants to 36 provide appropriate volunteer services. The program may provide orientation and training with 37 department representatives from a variety of backgrounds and disciplines. The program should 38 follow a pre-established curriculum that includes instruction on the recognition and reporting of 39 suspicious activity indicative of criminal behavior and emphasizes recognition of activities and 40 threats that might lead to acts of terrorism or other violence against innocent civilians. When 41 selecting individuals to participate in the program, the sheriff shall conduct background checks 42 on potential participants and shall exclude individuals based on prior criminal convictions or pending criminal charges or investigations. Any individual who is also a veteran must have 43 44 received an honorable discharge to be eligible to participate in the program. 45 Volunteer Services. – The sheriff may use graduates of the program to provide (c) 46 appropriate volunteer services that support the operations of the department and increase safety and security within the community. These services may include volunteers participating in 47 48 community patrols or other observational activities. No individual may be armed while providing 49 volunteer services unless the individual has successfully completed a basic law enforcement

Joint Legislative Emergency Management Oversight Committee

- training course as approved by the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards 1
- Commission and is authorized in writing to do so by the sheriff of the department sponsoring the 2 3 4
- program."
 - **SECTION 3.** This act is effective when it becomes law.
- 5

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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BILL DRAFT 2017-BGz-3 [v.4]

(THIS IS A DRAFT AND IS NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION) 04/10/2018 01:39:17 PM

	Sponsors:		
-	Referred to:		
-			
		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
	AN ACT TO AI	MEND THE NORTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY MANAGEME	NT ACT TO
		THAT PREVENTION IS WITHIN THE SCOPE OF THE	
	RECOMME	NDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE EMERGENCY MAN	AGEMENT
	OVERSIGH	T COMMITTEE.	
,	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:	
	SEC	TION 1. G.S. 166A-19.1 reads as rewritten:	
	''§ 166A-19.1.]	Purposes.	
	The purpose	s of this Article are to set forth the authority and responsibility of the	ne Governor,
		nd local governments in prevention of, preparation for, response to,	
		man-made emergencies or hostile military or paramilitary action a	and to do the
	following:		
	(1)	Reduce vulnerability of people and property of this State to dar	nage, injury,
		and loss of life and property.	
	(2)	Prepare for prompt and efficient rescue, care, and treatment of t	hreatened or
		affected persons.	
	(3)	Provide for the rapid and orderly rehabilitation of persons and r	estoration of
	(4)	property.	
	(4)	Provide for cooperation and coordination of activities relating to	
		mitigation, <u>prevention</u> , preparedness, response, and recovery and	
		and officials of this State and with similar agencies and offic	
		states, with local and federal governments, with interstate organ with other private and quasi-official organizations."	izations, and
	SEC	TION 2. G.S. 166A-19.10 reads as rewritten:	
		Powers of the Governor.	
	-	Emergency Management Program. – The State Emergency	Management
		es all aspects of the prevention of, preparations for, response to, red	-
	-	gainst war or peacetime emergencies.	covery nom,
	"	0 r r B	
		TION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.	

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