

NC Community Colleges Campus Security

Presentation to the
Joint Legislative Emergency Management
Oversight Committee
January 18, 2018

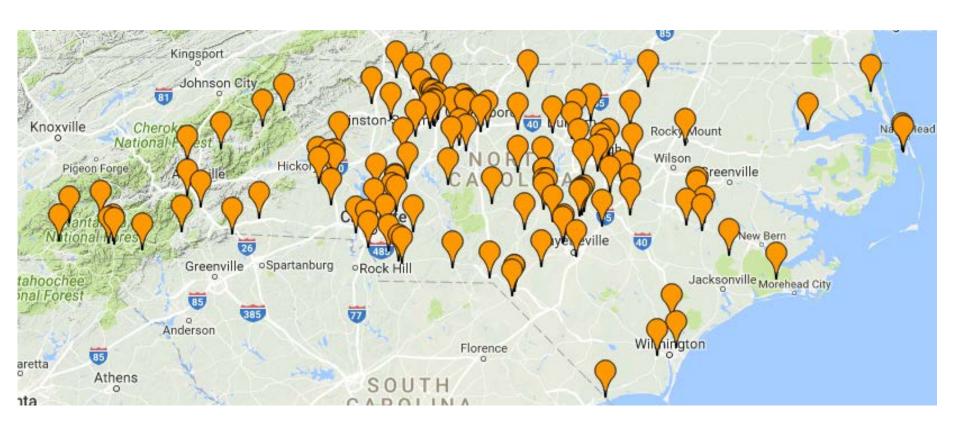


58 Main Campuses





124 Remote Locations





Community College Law Enforcement

- Per § 115D-21.1 the board of trustees of any community college may establish a campus law enforcement agency
- Has all the powers of law enforcement officers
- May enter into joint agreements with municipality or county



Community College Security Funding

- Per § 115D-32, counties have the primary responsibility to support campus security
- Fifty-seven colleges use county funds for campus security (2017 survey)
- 1E SBCCC 700.4 authorizes colleges to charge students a College Access, Parking, and Security (CAPS) Fee.
- Thirty-six colleges use the student fee for campus security (2017 survey)



State Funds

- Session Law 2009-451, Sec. 8.17(a) granted the State Board the authority to allow colleges limited flexibility to use State funds for campus security
- 2009 through 2015-16, the State Board authorized up to 2% of institutional support funds for campus security
- Based on campus security survey and college request, beginning in FY 2016-17, the State Board authorized colleges to use up to 3% of institutional support funds



State Funds Used for Campus Security

- Funds may be used to:
 - Hire security or campus police personnel
 - Contract for professional security services & other security-related services
 - Purchase surveillance cameras, call boxes, alert systems, and other equipment-related expenditures, excluding vehicles
- Forty-one colleges use state funds for campus security needs (2017 survey).

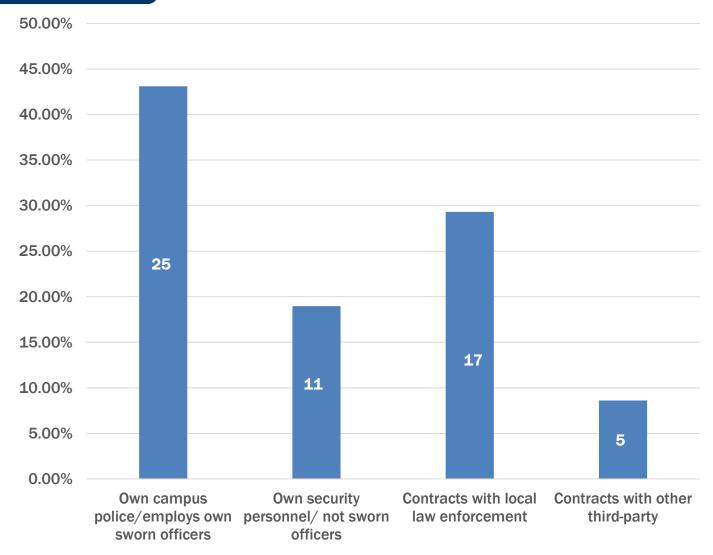


Campus Security Concerns

- 1. Active shooter/intruder/ disgruntled party
- 2. Open nature of campus, insufficient equipment, security, training, or evacuation paths
- 3. Domestic violence
- 4. Weather or fire
- 5. Terrorism/extremism
- 6. Theft
- 7. Cyber attack

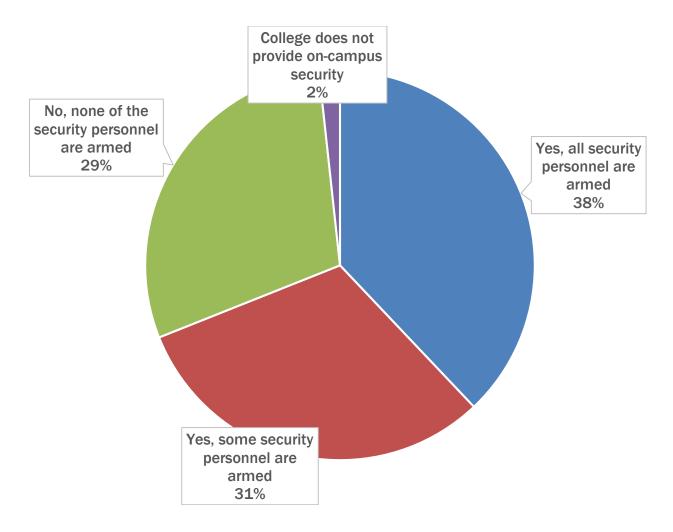


Primary Security



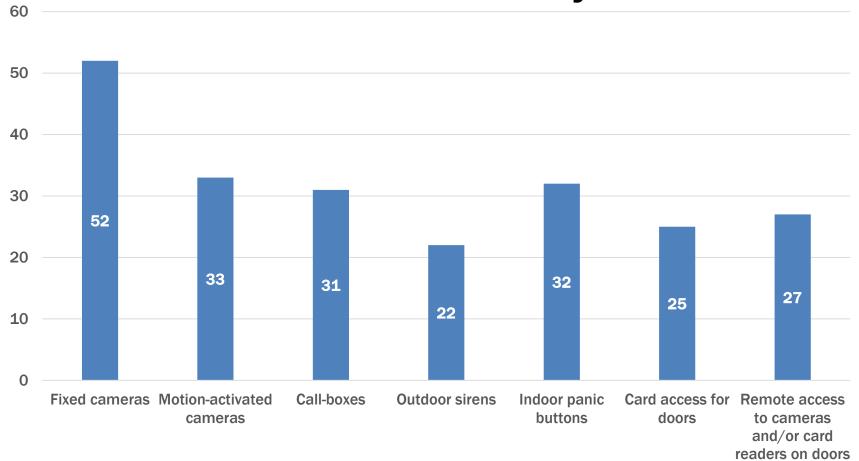


Armed Security Personnel



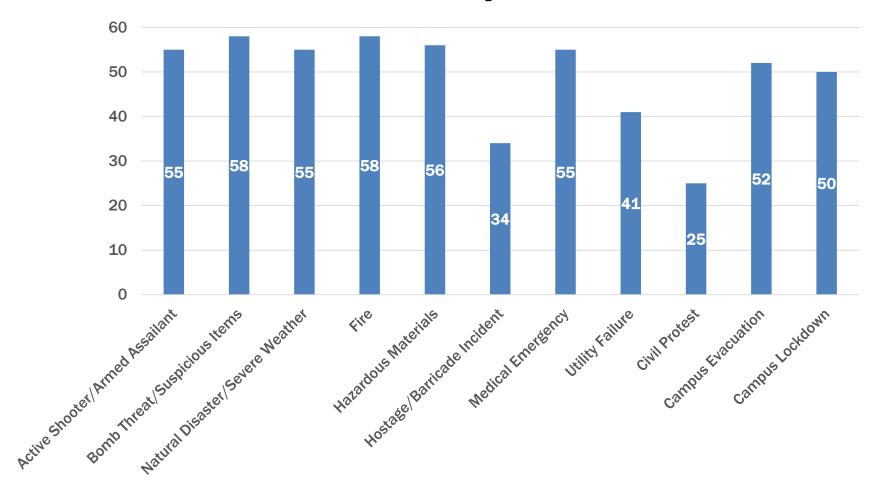


Security Equipment Currently In Use





Security/Emergency Response Plans



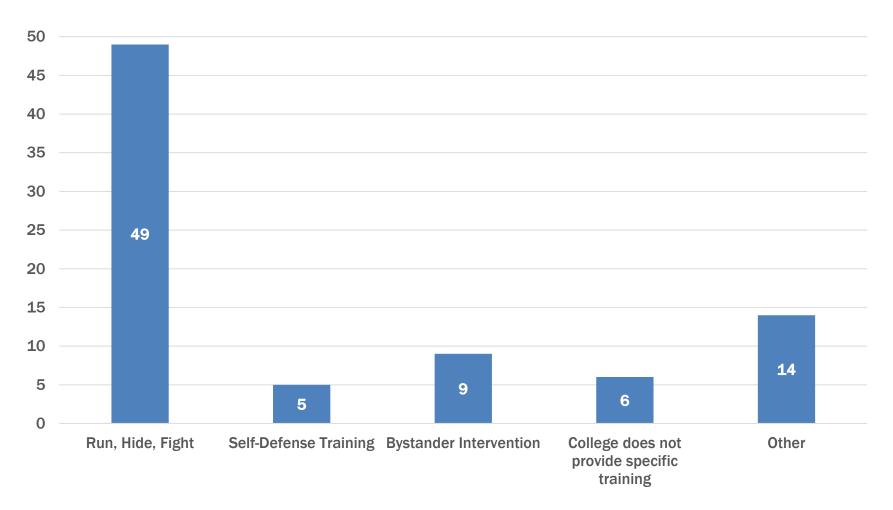


Security Information - Students and Staff

- Most colleges provide security/emergency response information to faculty and staff at new employee orientation (46 colleges) and at faculty and staff meetings (53 colleges)
- Students receive information at new student orientation (38 colleges)
- Colleges also provide information via the web (22 colleges) and at requested group training (46 colleges)



Training Provided





Security Drills

- Majority of colleges perform security drills at least annually
 - -52% perform drills 2 to 3 times annually
 - -28% perform drills 4 or more times annually



Security Drills

Type of Security Drill	Number of Colleges
Active Shooter	41
Bomb Threat/Suspicious Items	14
Natural Disaster/Severe Weather	31
Fire	45
Hazardous Materials	14
Hostage/Barricade Incident	15
Medical Emergency	21

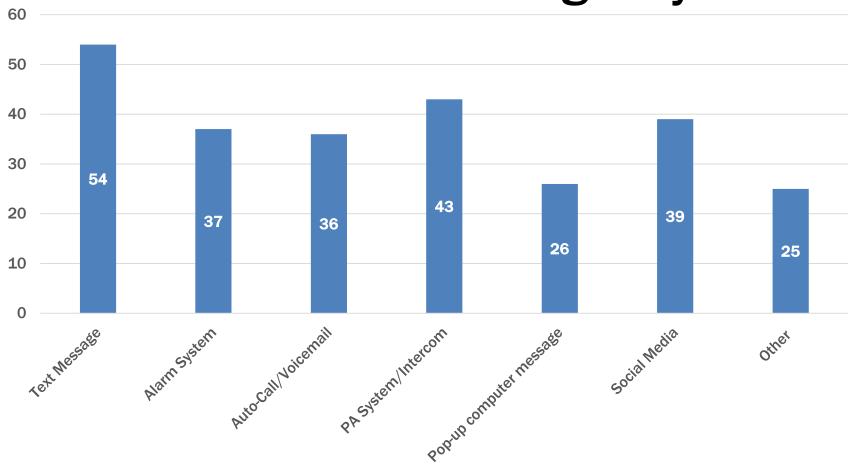


Security Drills – External Resources Used

External Resources	Number of Colleges
Local Law Enforcement	47
EMT	27
Fire and Rescue	39
Local Emergency Management	35
Other	7



Communicating An Emergency





Challenges

Strengths

- Strong working relationships with local emergency responders
- Greater awareness and focus on campus security issues

Challenges

- Need for additional equipment
- Staffing levels



QUESTIONS