The Role of Nurse Practitioners in Transforming Healthcare Access and Outcomes in North Carolina

Joint Legislative Committee on Access to Healthcare and Medicaid Expansion March 29, 2022

Vincent Guilamo-Ramos, PhD, MPH, LCSW, RN, ANP-BC, PMHNP-BC, FAAN

Dean and Bessie Baker Professor, Duke University School of Nursing

Vice Chancellor for Nursing Affairs, Duke University

Director, Center for Latino Adolescent and Family Health



Addressing NC's Healthcare Access and Outcomes

Reliance on Antiquated Models of Nurse Practitioner Practice in NC

I.e.:

Ongoing restrictions of NP practice to the full extent of education, license, and competency, thereby limiting healthcare access and outcomes

No substantive change in regulation since the 1970s

Reliance on an Evidence-Based Model for Nurse Practitioner Practice in NC

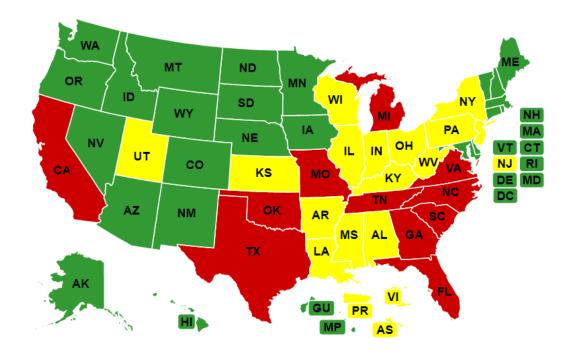
Le.:

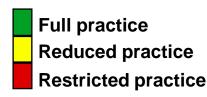
VS.

Granting full practice
authority to nurse
practitioners in NC to
improve healthcare access
and outcomes

The Antiquated Model: State-Level NP Practice Restrictions

State-level regulatory restrictions preventing NP practice to the full extent of education, license, and competency



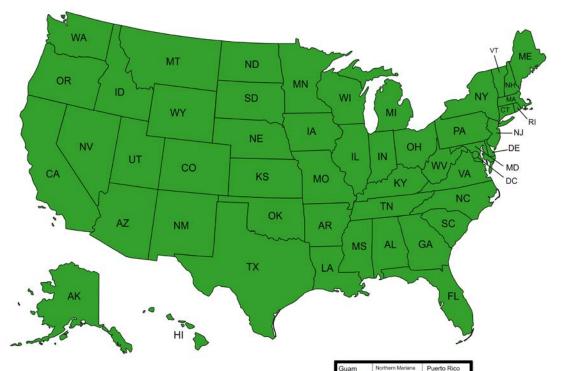


Full NP Practice Authority is Not a New Idea:

- □ 24 states, DC, and 2 territories have already passed full NP practice authority
- □ The first states authorized full NP practice authority in 1994, nearly 3 decades ago
- □ Once passed, full NP practice authority has never been repealed

NP Practice to the Full Extent of Education, License & Competency

No regulatory restrictions preventing NP practice to the full extent of education, license, and competency



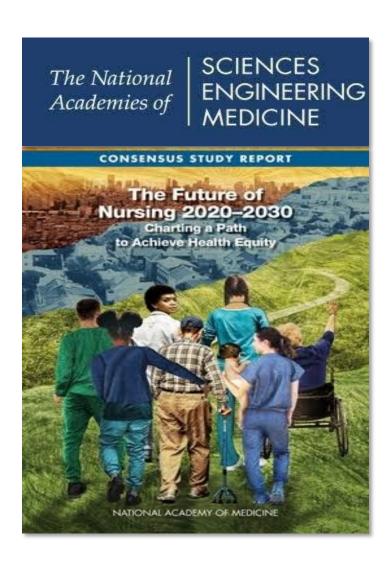
Full NP Practice Authority:

- ☐ Improves care access
- ☐ Improves care outcomes
- ☐ Improves workforce supply

Full practice



Full NP Practice Authority Improves Access to Healthcare



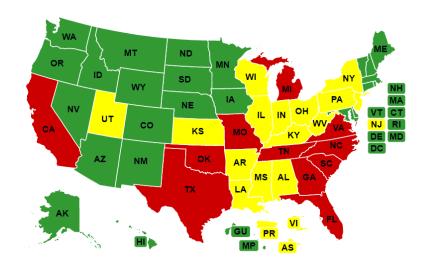
If full NP practice authority was adopted nationally, the number of Americans living in a county with primary care shortages would decrease by:

70% overall

65% in rural areas

Better Care Outcomes in Full Practice States

States with full NP practice have **better health outcomes** as compared to states with **reduced** or **restricted** NP practice



_
Full practice
Reduced practice
Restricted practice

Outcomes of Nurse Practitioner Full Practice on Medicaid-Medicare Beneficiaries			
	States with Full Practice	States without Full Practice	
Rate of avoidable hospitalizations [†]	100*	146	
Percent of hospital dischargees who are readmitted within 30 days	11*	12	
Percent of nursing home patients who are hospitalized per year	18*	26	
State ranking for overall health outcomes [‡] (from 1 – 50)	17*	30	

Notes: Results shown as means; analyses compared state rank orders; † rate per 1,000 person years; ‡ from UHF America's Health Ranking; * statistically significant at <.05

Comparable Patient Outcomes in Nurse-Delivered Primary Care



Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews

A systematic review and meta-analysis of 18 randomized controlled trials

Laurant M, van der Biezen M, Wijers N, Watananirun K, Kontopantelis E, van Vught AJAH

The meta-analysis suggests that nurse-delivered primary care, compared to physician delivered care "generates similar or better health outcomes for a broad range of patient conditions"

State NP Practice Restrictions Not Associated With Improved Care Outcomes



A systematic review of 33 studies also showed **no evidence** for better NP care outcomes in states with **more practice restrictions**

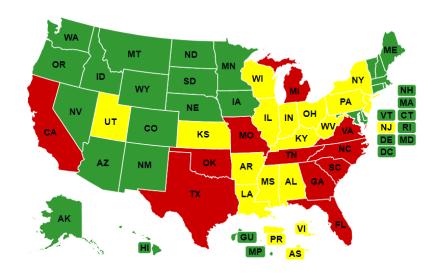
NP practice restrictions

#
better NP care outcomes

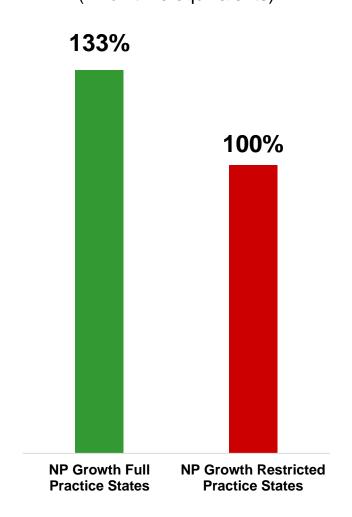
Better Workforce Supply in Full Practice States

HealthAffairs

NP workforce growth is faster in states with full practice laws compared to states with restricted practice



NP workforce growth 2010–2017 (in full-time equivalents)



Source: Auerbach DI, Buerhaus PI, Staiger DO. Health Affairs. 2020;39(2):273-279.

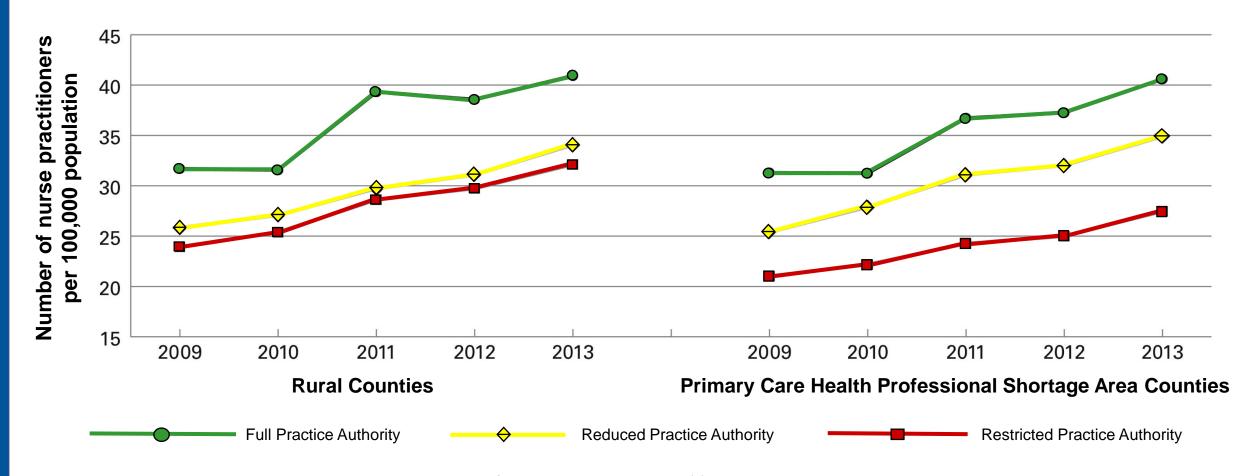
Full practice

Reduced practice

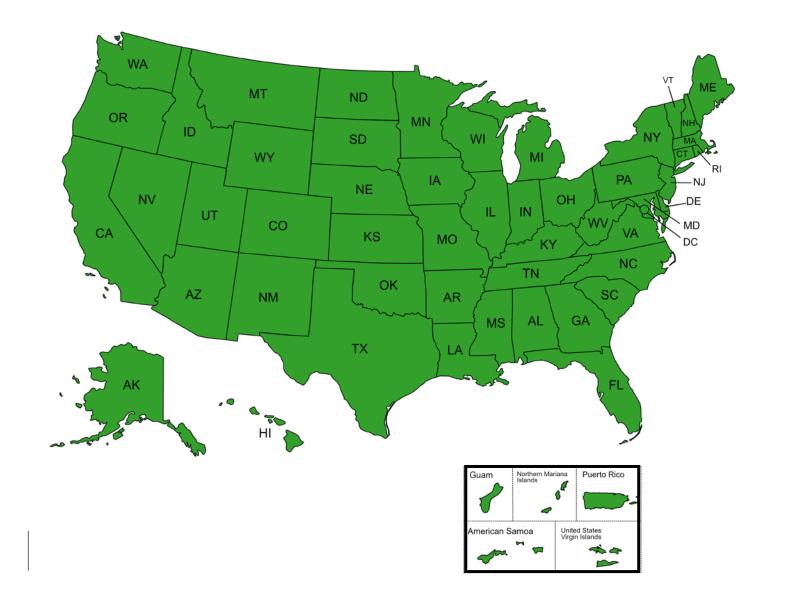
Restricted practice

Improved NP Supply in Rural and Health Professional Shortage Areas

Full NP practice authority is associated with higher supply of nurse practitioners in rural and primary care health professional shortage counties



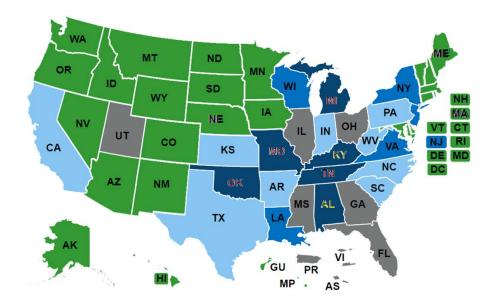
What Would Healthcare Look Like Without State NP Practice Restrictions?





Temporary Waivers of NP Practice Restrictions: Takeaways from COVID-19

U.S. states issued temporary waivers of NP practice restrictions during the COVID-19 pandemic



Executive orders expired
Temporary suspension of all practice agreement requirements
Temporary waiver of select practice agreement requirements
Currently no action on this issue
Full practice authority states

Waivers of NP practice restrictions enabled, e.g.:

- More time responsive NP practice and care provision
- Streamlined process for NP orders in the absence of physician signature requirements
- Increased capacity of the healthcare workforce to respond to COVID-19

The Role of Nurses Post-Pandemic









89%

of Americans want the same level of care from nurses post-pandemic

Nurses:

#1

Most trusted profession for 20 years in a row

Nurses matter for rebuilding trust in healthcare and public health that has deteriorated during the pandemic

What Do NP Practice Restrictions Mean for North Carolina?

NP practice restrictions contribute to *inadequate care access* and primary care workforce shortages, particularly in rural areas NP practice restrictions represent a *barrier to improving health* outcomes and reducing health-related economic costs NP practice restrictions requirements represent an unsafe and fragile care model (e.g., possibility of immediate NP loss of ability to care for patients) NP practice restrictions weaken health workforce responsiveness to emergencies (e.g., regulatory waivers are needed to fully leverage NPs) Physician supervision agreements impose unnecessary and excessive costs; "passive income" for physicians

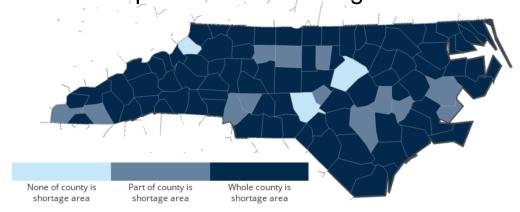
A Recommendation for Evidence-Based Healthcare Policy in North Carolina

Recommendation:

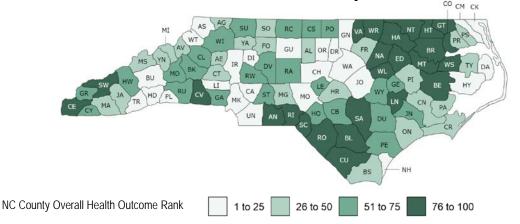
Grant NP practice authority to the full extent of education, license, and competency



97% of NC counties are classified as primary care health professional shortage areas



NC ranked 31st among U.S. states in overall health outcomes, with variability across counties



A Recommendation for Evidence-Based Healthcare Policy in North Carolina



GROUPS <u>SUPPORTING</u> THE SAVE ACT ALONGSIDE NURSE ORGANIZATIONS





























