# JOINT LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE ON UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FEBRUARY 5, 2014





DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### Measuring the Economy

- Each month a multitude of information is released regarding the status of the economy
- Information is released by national and state governmental entities.
- Information includes Key Economic Indicators of EMPLOYMENT, UNEMPLOYMENT AND OTHER LABOR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS
- Various Geographies
  - National
  - STATE
  - SUB STATE

# NATIONAL LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

#### CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY (CPS)

- National Monthly Household Survey Conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
  - Based on Residence
  - 60,000 Households
  - 110,000 Individuals
- Provides a Range of Information (Statistical Estimates)
  - Working Aged Population (16 years or older)
  - Number of People in the Labor Force
  - Number of People who are Employed
  - Number of People who are Unemployed
  - Persons Not in the Labor Force
  - Other Labor Force Characteristics

# CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY (CPS)

#### Basic Concepts

#### Reference Week

Typically the Week Containing the 12<sup>th</sup> day of the month

#### WORKING AGED POPULATION

- Aged 16 and Over
- Civilian
- Non Institutionalized

#### EMPLOYED

People with jobs

#### UNEMPLOYED

- People who are jobless,
- · Looking for jobs, and
- Available for work

#### LABOR FORCE

- Employed
- Unemployed

# CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY (CPS)

#### EMPLOYED

- Individuals who worked for pay or profit, OR
- Self employed, OR
- Worked at least 15 unpaid hours in a family business, OR
- Those temporarily away from work due to reasons such as illness, vacation, training, or labor dispute, etc.

#### UNEMPLOYED

- Individuals who are without a job, AND
- Are available for work, AND
- Actively looked for work sometime during the four weeks ending in the reference week.

#### LABOR FORCE

- Employed
- Unemployed

# CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY (CPS)

#### Not in the Labor Force

- People who are neither employed or unemployed
- People who are not available and/or not actively looking for work
  - Retirees
  - Homemakers
  - Discouraged Workers

### SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT

- There are seasonal fluctuations that occur in both employment and unemployment and tend to reflect:
  - Seasonal weather patterns (construction, tourism, etc.)
  - Hiring patterns (holiday season, summer vacation, etc.) and
  - Occur year after year.
- These variations make it difficult to tell whether changes are due to normal seasonal patterns or to changing economic conditions.
- Statistical Techniques are utilized to deal with these limitations.
  - Use past history of a series to identify seasonal patterns and to calculate the size and direction of the fluctuations. These patterns are utilized to create a seasonal factor that is applied to the estimates. This helps to smooth out the seasonal fluctuations so that the data can be compared from month to month.

# UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

- National Unemployment Rate
  - Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
  - Produces and Publishes the Estimates
  - Released Typically on the 1<sup>st</sup> Friday of the Month
  - Statistical Estimates Derived from Information Obtained through the CPS
  - Compiled on a Monthly Basis
  - Seasonally Adjusted and Not Seasonally Adjusted

# OTHER LABOR FORCE MEASURES

LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATE

EMPLOYMENT TO POPULATION RATIO

### SUB NATIONAL LABOR FORCE STATISTICS

- CPS Sample is too small to yield reliable subnational monthly estimates
- LOCAL AREA UNEMPLOYMENT STATISTICS (LAUS)
   PROGRAM
  - Cooperative Statistical Program between the States and the Bureau of Labor Statistics
  - Utilizes CPS Concepts and Definitions
    - Labor Force
    - Employed
    - Unemployed

# LOCAL AREA UNEMPLOYMENT STATISTICS (LAUS)

- Statistical Estimation
  - BLS is responsible for the concepts, definitions, technical procedures, and validation of the LAUS methodology and estimates.
  - Utilized by all States
- Geographic Areas
  - Over 7,000 Areas
    - All States, Washington, DC and Puerto Rico
    - Metropolitan Statistical Areas (14 in NC)
    - Micropolitan (26 in NC)
    - Small Labor Market Areas (1 in NC)
    - Counties and County Equivalents (100 in NC)
    - Cities and Towns in New England
    - Cities and Towns with Populations over 25,000 (42 in NC)
    - City Parts

# LAUS METHODOLOGY

- Monthly estimates for state and sub-state areas
- Three different estimation methods
  - Statistical Time Series Models States and Select Metro areas
  - Handbook Estimation Method Labor Market Areas
  - Disaggregation Method Counties, Cities and Towns
- Different Input data based on estimation methods
  - CPS employment and unemployment estimates
  - Current Employment Statistics (CES) employment estimates
  - Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW) employment counts
  - Census Data
  - UI Claims data
  - Railroad Claims

### STATE MODEL ESTIMATES

- Statistical Model
  - Inputs
    - CPS estimate of Employed
    - CPS estimate of Unemployed
    - Current Employment Statistics (CES) estimate of Total Nonfarm Employment
    - Unemployment Insurance Claims
      - Regular UI Continued Claims without earnings.

# STATE ESTIMATES

- LEAD Staff enter information into BLS system
  - CES Total Nonfarm Employment
  - Total Number of Regular UI Continued Claims without Earnings
- BLS
  - Utilizes state inputs along with the CPS information
  - Calculates estimates using a statistical model
  - Provides Estimates to State Staff
  - Smooth Seasonally Adjusted and Not Seasonally Adjusted Estimates
    - In addition to seasonal adjustments, additional adjustments (Smoothing) are utilized to help adjust for volatility in monthly estimates
    - Employment
    - Unemployment
  - Estimates are used to produce
    - Labor Force
    - Unemployment Rate
  - Additional Information from CPS

# LABOR MARKET AREA ESTIMATION

- BLS HANDBOOK METHOD
  - LEAD STAFF UTILIZE BLS SYSTEMS TO COMPLETE THE PROCESSING
  - Metropolitan (14 in NC) and Micropolitan (26 in NC) Areas
  - Multi-county area (1 in NC)
  - Remaining Counties (27 in NC)
- Building Block Approach
  - Aggregations of components using data to derive
    - Employment
    - Unemployment
  - Inputs
    - Information from CPS
    - Employment Information from CES and QCEW
    - Census self employed, unpaid family workers
    - Unemployment Insurance Continued Claims without earnings
      - Regular UI, Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE) and Railroad
    - Unemployment Insurance Exhaustions
  - Estimates are adjusted to Statewide Model Estimates
- Not Seasonally Adjusted Estimates
  - Metropolitan, Micropolitan, Multicounty
- Smooth Seasonally Adjusted Estimates
  - Metropolitan Areas

## ESTIMATES BELOW LABOR MARKET AREA

- BLS DISAGGREGATION METHOD
- LEAD Staff Utilize BLS Systems to Complete the Processing
- Inputs
  - Employment and Unemployment Estimates from LMA Estimates
  - Census Employment and Population Information
  - Unemployment Claims
- Utilized to Produce estimates for the individual components that comprise the multi-county metro areas and Cities and Towns
  - Counties
  - Cities
  - Towns
- BLS Staff Reviews Processing and Approves Estimates Prior to Release

# LAUS MONTHLY REVISIONS

- Monthly Revisions
  - Each month State and Sub-state LAUS estimates undergo a revision – release a preliminary estimate of the current month and a revised estimate of the previous month
  - This allows for updating of any information from CES and any update in UI Claims information

### ANNUAL PROCESSING

- Each year All State and Sub-state estimates undergo a major revision
  - Update inputs from CES, QCEW, Claims, and Census
  - Review by State and BLS analysts
  - Re-estimate Previous 5 year estimates (2009-2013)
  - Largest Revision for the last 2 years (2012-2013)
  - Annual Processing is carried out utilizing BLS systems and all estimates are approved by BLS prior to Publication
  - Re-release Estimates

### **PUBLICATION**

#### BLS Monthly Release

- National Employment Situation
  - National Estimates
  - Labor Force, Employment, Unemployment, Unemployment Rate and other Related Labor Force Statistics
  - Industry Employment information from CES (Jobs Numbers)
  - Typically 1<sup>st</sup> Friday of the Following Month 8:30 AM
  - Data is also released into BLS Website Database LABSTAT
- Regional and State Employment and Unemployment
  - Labor Force, Employment, Unemployment, Unemployment Rate and Other Related Labor Force Statistics
  - Industry Employment information from CES (Jobs Numbers)
  - Typically 14 days after National Release 10:00 AM
    - Due to Annual Processing January and February Releases both completed in March
  - Data is also released into BLS Website Database LABSTAT

### **PUBLICATION**

- BLS Monthly Release
  - Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment
    - Labor Force, Employment, Unemployment, Unemployment Rate and Other Related Labor Force Statistics
      - Metropolitan, Micropolitan, Counties, Cities and Towns
    - Typically 10-12 days after Regional and State Release 10:00 AM
    - Data is also released into BLS Website Database LABSTAT

#### **PUBLICATION**

- State Release Schedule
- As part of the Cooperative Agreement
  - States Post Release Schedule on their Website and Make the Schedule available to the Public
    - State Release Typically 14 days after National Release 10:00 AM
      - Due to Annual Processing January and February Releases both completed in March
      - Data is also posted on Commerce Website
    - County Release Typically 10-12 days after State Release 10:00 AM
      - Data is also posted on Commerce Website



#### LEAD PUBLICATIONS

- Monthly
- State Press Release
  - North Carolina Labor Market Conditions
    - Includes Labor Force Statistics
    - Industry Employment Information
    - Claims Information
    - UI Trust Fund Information
  - NC Today
    - Compendium of Economic Information
  - Monthly Economic Newsletter
  - Workforce Monthly Activity Report
    - UI Claims and Benefit Payment Information
    - Labor Force Statistics, Total Nonfarm Employment

# LEAD PUBLICATIONS

- Monthly
- County Press Release
  - North Carolina County Labor Market Conditions
    - Includes MSA and County Labor Force Statistics
    - MSA Industry Employment Information
    - County Claims Information
    - County UI Benefit Payment Information
- Data is Loaded to Commerce Website