NC Department of Correction: Transition and Reentry

Joint Select Committee on Ex-Offender Reintegration into Society March 18, 2010

Philosophy Statement

- It is the philosophy of the NC DOC to break the cycle of crime by holding offenders accountable for their actions, providing evidence-based offender management, and engaging the community.
- Our motto is "Breaking the Cycle of Crime"

Department of Correction An Overview

Offender Demographics

- □ The Department of Correction supervises:
 - adult offenders 16 and over
 - juveniles between the ages of 13 and 15 who have been tried and convicted as adults.

Basic Facts

- NC DOC is one of the largest agencies in state government
- ☐ Four major divisions:
 - Division of Prisons
 - Division of Community Corrections
 - Division of Alcoholism and Chemical Dependency Programs
 - Correction Enterprises
- ☐ Annual operating budget exceeds one billion dollars

Division of Prisons

- Custody and supervision of more than 40,000 inmates in 72 prison facilities across the state
 - Per 2009 budget, closed six prisons since 07/01/09
 - McCain CH will close by April 1, 2010
- Housing, meals, medical and mental health services, general academic education, vocational training and other rehabilitative programs for inmate population
- Administration of the death penalty
 - 158 inmates currently on death row

Division of Community Corrections

- Supervision of more than 113,000 convicted offenders serving probation, parole or post-release supervision in the community
- Oversight of the Community Service Work Program
 - Approximately 23,000 offenders
- Oversight of Criminal Justice Partnership Program
 - 84 programs operating in 94 counties

Division of Alcoholism and Chemical Dependency Programs (DACDP)

- Provides comprehensive substance abuse interventions, programs and services to male and female offenders who have alcohol and/or drug problems
- Approximately 63 percent of new admissions need residential substance abuse treatment
- □ 1,485 available treatment slots; serves nearly 10,000 inmates annually
- Residential treatment for male probationers at DART-Cherry
 - Program for female probationers expected to admit offenders in April 2010

Correction Enterprises

- □ Uses inmate labor to produce a wide range of products and services for government agencies and nonprofit entities that receive public funding
 - State employees also can purchase from CE
- Provides meaningful work experiences, employment skills and rehabilitative opportunities for inmates
- ☐ Receives no state appropriation. Instead, like a private business, Correction Enterprises is totally supported through the goods and services it produces and sells.

Current Offender Population

- ☐ Prison Population 40,360
 - Male 37,508
 - Female 2,855
- □ Probation Population 110,610
- □ Parolees 3,025
- □ Total under correctional supervision in NC = 153,995

^{**}Population as of March 17, 2010

Cost of Prison Incarceration: FY 2008-2009

- Average Daily Cost by Custody Level
 - Minimum Custody -\$59.17
 - Medium Custody \$76.69
 - Close Custody \$85.68
- □ Average Yearly Cost = \$27,000

Cost of Community Corrections Supervision: FY 2008-2009

□ Average Daily Cost

Community/Intermediate Punishment	\$2.49
Intensive Punishment	\$14.29
Electronic Monitoring	\$8.93
Community Service Work Program	\$0.95
Drug Screening Program (per specimen)	\$3.43
CJPP (Sentenced Offenders)	\$14.96
Sex Offenders (GPS)	\$14.28

Cost of Division of Alcoholism and Chemical Dependency Programs: FY 2008-2009

- □ Average Daily Cost
 - In-prison programs

\$15.73

- ☐ 35 days, 90 days and 6-12 months
- DART-Cherry

\$52.23

- ☐ 28 days and 90 days
- Private Beds

\$80.83

☐ 6-12 months

Division of Prisons Transition and Reentry

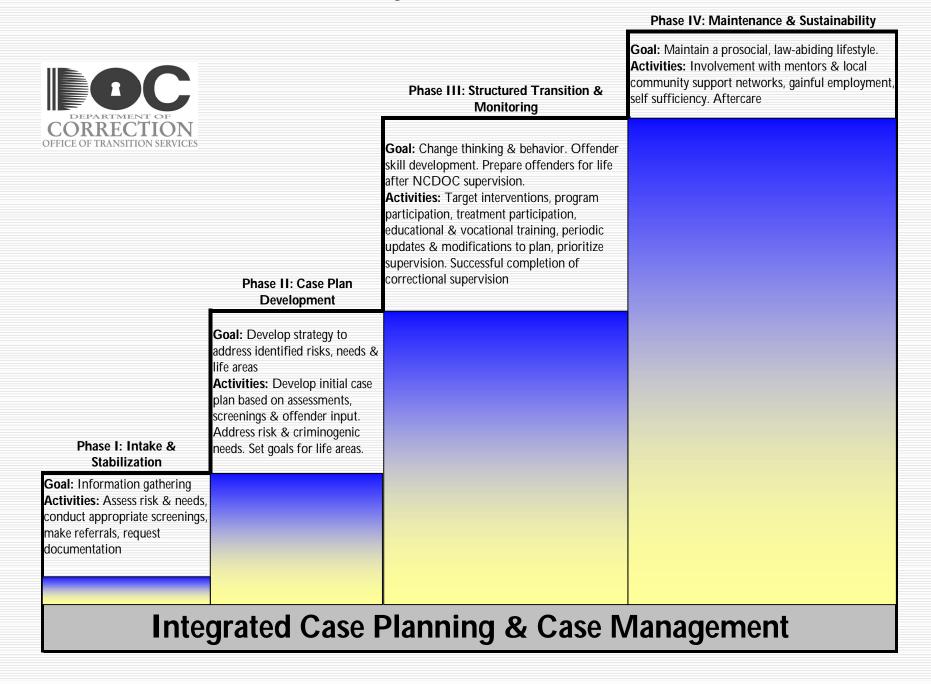
Education and Training

- Mandatory education programs
 - DOC hires DPI-certified instructors for inmates under 22
 - Mandatory program for inmates who assess below sixth grade in reading or math
 - Approximately 34 percent of inmates qualify
- Partnership with NC Community Colleges System
 - NCCCS provides basic skills, vocational training, and life skills development
 - □ Approximately 10% of inmate population is involved in education programs

Inmate Work Opportunities

- Incentive Wage Jobs
 - Approximately 17,000 work inside prisons to meet operational needs such as food service, janitorial or maintenance
 - Inmates earn a maximum of \$1 per day
- ☐ Work Release
 - Limited to inmates in Minimum Custody Level 3
 - Only 1,318 work release slots statewide

NC DOC Transition and Reentry Model



Division of Prisons Phase I: Intake & Stabilization

- Diagnostic Process
 - ■Document Educational Achievement
 - Wide Range Achievement Test (WRAT)
 - BETA IQ Test
 - ■Document Employment History
 - ☐ Identify Medical and Mental Health Needs
 - Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory (MMPI)

Division of Prisons Phase II: Case Plan Development

- ☐ Assignment to a facility
 - Develop initial assessment and plan
 - Behavior
 - Education
 - Work History
 - Vocational Skills
 - ☐ Social Skills

Division of Prisons Phase III: Structured Transition & Monitoring

- Implementation of Case plan
 - Assignment to programs / interventions
 - Behavioral Modification
 - Educational
 - Vocational Training
 - Substance Abuse Treatment

Division of Prisons Phase III: Structured Transition & Monitoring (cont.)

- □ Review and update the plan
 - Monitor progress on the plan
 - Reassess needs
- Personal identification
 - Social Security Card
 - Photo ID Card

Division of Prisons Phase IV: Maintenance & Sustainability

- Release Preparation
- Finalize employment and residence planning
 - Generate post release referrals
 - Mental Health
 - Vocational Rehabilitation
 - Employment Services
 - Chronic Diseases
 - Resource Linkage
 - Provide Medication
- Transition Document Envelope

Other Reentry Initiatives Building Life Skills

- □ Family Reunification
 - One Day with God
- □ Faith-based Programs
 - Transition Aftercare Network (TAN)
- Mentoring
 - Community Volunteers, Home Leave

Division of Community Corrections Transition and Reentry

Division of Community Corrections Phase I: Intake & Stabilization

Timeframe: Day of sentencing to first report

- Conduct a face to face contact with offender and collect basic information
- ☐ Assign the offender to a probation officer
- Implement any immediate sanctions that are court ordered
- Complete search of sex offender registry
- □ Complete risk needs assessment Offender Trait Inventory (OTI) generally predicts risk of re-arrest
- Offender completes self report
- Officer completes impression area

Division of Community Corrections Phase II: Case Plan Development

Timeframe: First 60 days of supervision

- Introduce the offender to supervision
- Implement other conditions of supervision
- Verify information in the field
- Begin the case planning process

Division of Community Corrections Phase III: Structured Transition & Monitoring

- Timeframe: Remainder of supervision period
- Contact minimums based on assessed supervision level
- Conduct face to face (OMC) and home contacts with offender per case plan
- Respond to offender behavior with appropriate restrictions/incentives
 - CJPP Programs
 - Sex Offender Treatment
 - Abuser Treatment Program
 - Electronic House Arrest
 - DART-Cherry or Black Mountain TFW
 - Drug Treatment Court

Division of Community Corrections Phase IV: Maintenance & Sustainability

Timeframe: 120 days prior to end of supervision

- Case Review
- □ Community resource referrals

DCC Programs

Criminal Justice Partnership Program (CJPP)

- Community-based sentencing alternatives
 - 84 programs operating in 94 counties
- Eligible populations include:
 - intermediate punishment offenders
 - community punishment violators who are at risk for revocation
 - offenders on parole or post-release supervision
- □ Programs include Day Reporting Centers (DRC), satellite substance abuse programs (SSA) and offender resource centers (RC)

Division of Community Corrections Useful Supervision Tools

- □ School Partnership Program
 - Targets offenders under 21 who are enrolled in public school or local community college
 - Goal is to ensure compliance by offender and help student obtain GED/adult basic education
- □ Criminal Justice Partnership Program
 - Community-based programs to support education, substance abuse issues, life skills
 - Available in 94 counties
- Cognitive Behavioral Intervention
 - Helps offender make better cognitive decisions by teaching him to think differently

Day Reporting Centers (DRC)

- Offenders report to a DRC on a regular basis
 - substance abuse treatment
 - vocational training
 - GED
 - cognitive behavioral interventions
- Local government or non-profit agency employees operate the centers
 - DCC officers supervise the offenders and maintain a presence in the facilities

Satellite Substance Abuse Programs

- Provide substance abuse treatment services through a contract agreement with a licensed provider
 - 41 total programs statewide
- Services include assessments, individual treatment plans, and treatment programs of intensive outpatient or regular outpatient depending on the assessed need.
 - Includes aftercare services
- DCC probation officers provide assistance to treatment staff with drug screening, attendance, and responses to noncompliant behavior

Resource Centers

- □ Function as a one-stop location for a variety of services
 - 24 total programs statewide
- Services may be delivered off-site through a referral process
- □ DCC probation officers provide assistance

Division of Community Corrections Other Reentry Initiatives

- Meineke
- Carolina Trucking School
- Electrical Wiring
- Job Links/Employment Security Commission

Department of Correction Other Reentry Initiatives

Inmate Construction Program

- Employs inmates in construction trades to help build DOC capital projects
 - Inmates work in all aspects of the construction process, including carpentry, masonry, electrical, HVAC, plumbing, pipefitting, concrete finish, drywall and painting
 - Use of inmate labor typically saves DOC approximately 20 percent on capital projects
- Inmates gain on-the-job training and work experience
 - Approximately 400 inmates currently participate
 - Participation numbers fluctuate depending on need
- □ Inmates can participate in DOL apprenticeship programs
 - Community colleges provide education
 - DOC provides on-the-job training

Correction Enterprises: Vocational Skill Development

- ☐ Provides meaningful work experiences, employment skills and rehabilitative opportunities for inmates
- Receives no state appropriation and, like a private business, is totally supported through goods and services it produces and sells
- ☐ 30 separate revenue producing operations across the state with 380 staff and 2,200 inmate workers
- Provides opportunities for offenders to participate in DOL apprenticeships

Federal Grants Employment-focused Reentry Initiatives

- Prisoner Reentry Initiative (PRI)- Justice & Labor; operational in Mecklenburg, Nash/Edgecombe and New Hanover
- □ Certified Communication Project GCC (ARRA); in partnership with NCCCS; Wake CC, Fountain CCW and New Hanover CC
- Offender Employment and Training Initiative (ARRA) in partnership with Commerce, ESC/JobLink and local Workforce Development boards; operational in Wake, Durham, Guilford, Forsyth, Buncombe, Cumberland, Rowan, Pitt, Gaston and Alamance
- □ Correction Enterprises Job Developer GCC (ARRA); cultivating employment opportunities for CE inmate workers

Questions?



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