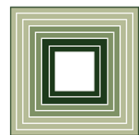


Compressed Natural Gas and School Buses

Senate Energy Policy Issues Committee

March 21, 2012



FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION
A Staff Agency of the North Carolina General Assembly

Agenda

- Price Differences
 - Buses
 - Fuel
 - Maintenance
- Fueling Issues
 - Types of fueling stations
 - Costs of fueling stations
- Emissions Differences
- Criteria to Consider for Implementation

Price Differences between Traditional Diesel and CNG Buses



Price Differences – Buses

- Type C versus Type D buses:

Type C



Type D



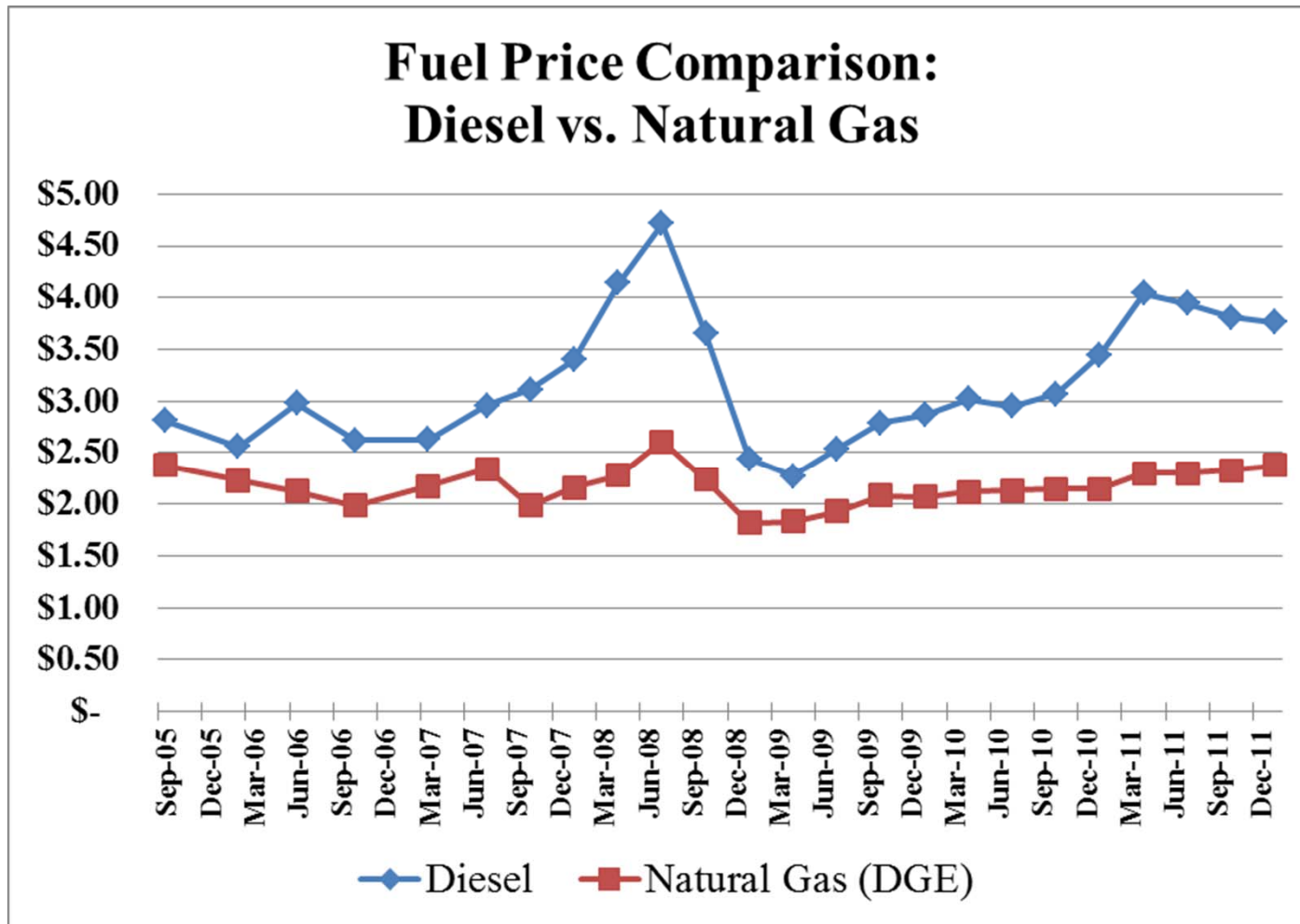
Price Differences – Buses

- Currently, CNG buses cost \$50k to \$55k more than a traditional diesel bus (\approx 65% differential)
- Two components to price difference:
 - Type C versus Type D: \$20k
 - Diesel Type D versus CNG Type D: \$30k to \$35k
 - Total difference: \$50k to \$55k

Price Differences – Buses

- Emergence of Type C CNG might reduce cost differential slightly
 - Blue Bird: currently is not planning on offering a Type C CNG school bus
 - Thomas Built: do not know when they might have a Type C CNG school bus
 - International: over a year away, estimated price differential \$40k to \$55k

Price Differences – Fuel



Source: US Dept. of Energy "Clean Cities Alternative Fuel Price Report," January 2012.

Price Differences – Maintenance

- 1996 Charlotte pilot program
 - 8 buses
 - Maintenance costs nearly double that of diesel buses
 - Parts specific to the CNG engine are more expensive to replace
 - Mechanics must be trained on both CNG and diesel engine types
- Anecdotal evidence from districts with CNG buses indicates lower maintenance differential

Fueling Issues



Types of CNG Fueling Stations

- Two types of CNG fueling stations

Fast-Fill



Slow-Fill



CNG Fueling Station Costs

- Installation prices vary based on size of fleet
 - Approximately \$1 million to \$2.5 million
 - Per-vehicle costs potentially decrease if shared with transit or refuse vehicles
- Station maintenance
 - Approximately 5% to 8% of upfront costs

CNG Fueling Station Costs

- Potential for public-private partnerships
 - Certain vendors might support station costs with a commitment to purchase fuel
- NCSU Solar Center Clean Fuel Advanced Technology Project
 - Potential to cover 80% of a project's costs
 - Overall availability \$1.5 - \$2.0 million

Emissions Differences



Emissions Differences

- CNG and diesel buses have similar emissions
 - Cohen (2005) indicates
 - Diesel engines slightly better with regards to particulate matter and carbon dioxide
 - Diesel engines slightly worse with regards to oxides of nitrogen and sulfur dioxide
- Need to also consider emissions from extraction
 - More data needed at this time

Criteria to Consider for Implementation



Criteria to Consider

- If the GA is interested in purchasing CNG school buses, it could consider LEAs with:
 - Ability to use existing CNG fueling stations
 - Public-private partnerships for CNG fueling
 - Ability to share fueling station with transit or refuse vehicles
 - Centralized bus parking
 - Greatest replacement bus needs
 - Location in non-attainment county

