Three Metaphors for Flooding in North Carolina:

- 1. College Basketball
- 2. A General after a battle
- 3. Saving and investing for retirement

Martin Doyle Duke University Professor of River Science & Policy – Nicholas School of the Environment Director for Water Policy – Nicholas Institute for Environmental Policy Solutions

<u>martin.doyle@duke.edu</u> (919) 613-8026 Three Metaphors for Flooding in North Carolina:

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Just taking the major Hurricane-related disasters (Fran, Flood, Matthew, Florence)

- 4 disasters in 25 years = 1 disaster every 6 years (on average)
- Major disasters in NC: "6-year event" (6-yr recurrence interval)
- In any given year, there is a 1-in-6 chance of having a flood or hurricane-related disaster

This is the same as rolling any particular number on a die

#### Think like basketball:

Over past 80 years, there has been national college basketball tournament A North Carolina team has one 13 times Based on past experience, there is 1-in-6 chance of winning

We are tempted to think of natural disasters as rare and unpredictable. But based on past experience, we can say...

In 2019, the state of North Carolina is as likely to have a flooding or Hurricane-related disaster as we are to win a men's national college basketball championship.











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Quarter century ago – in 1993 – there was a devastating flood in the Midwest.

Described similarly to the floods in NC in 2018

- Flood of record
- Unprecedented
- 500-yr event

Federal government frustrated that after 60 years of staggering federal investment in flood control infrastructure in the Missouri River basin that such floods still happened.



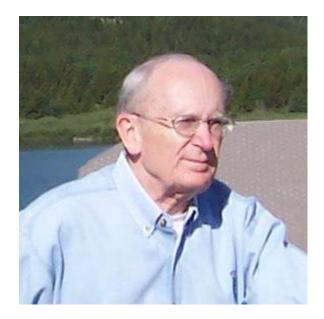


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After the flooding, the federal government charged a General with post-disaster assessment of what to do next

Gerald (Gerry) Galloway

- Brigadier General US Army Corps of Engineers
- Commandant of US Military Academy at West Point
- Division Engineer of Vicksburg District
- "Blue Blood Corps"
- PhD from UNC-Chapel Hill

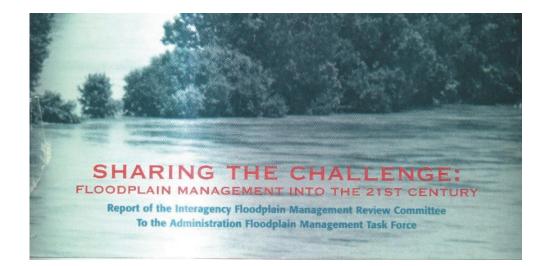


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"Galloway Report" has become assigned reading for anyone in floodplain management

Some of the major findings and recommendations that are relevant to North Carolina now

- Federal infrastructure (dams and levees) worked as designed, but there was still major flooding.
- Local infrastructure did not work well; insufficient and incomplete and unreliable
- Few incentives for state and local governments to be involved in floodplain management because federal government provided financial assurances.
- Natural restoration can reduce flood peaks for small floods, but not for major floods



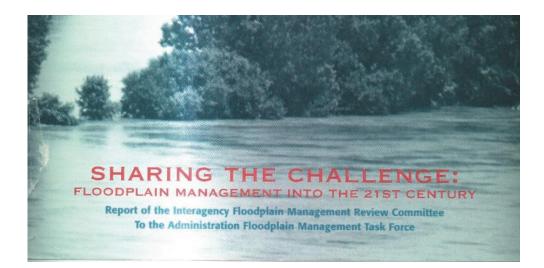
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# "Galloway Report" Recommendations

- Buyouts for floodprone homes and flood-damaged lands reduce flood losses.
- Provide for the purchase of mitigation insurance to cover the cost of elevating, demolishing, or relocating substantially damaged buildings.
- Tough love is needed: reduce the amount of post-disaster support to those who were eligible and able to buy flood insurance, but chose not to do so
- Provide some safety net for low income flood victims unable to afford flood insurance, but work to move them out of harm's way

## **Overall Lessons**

- Make room for rivers
- Decrease reliance on federal government



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Investing means building a portfolio; different tools have benefits and weaknesses. None are silver bullet, but may have a role in portfolio:

- Reservoirs
- Levees
- Natural restoration
- Mitigation

#### Caution about reservoirs:

- 20+ yr permitting, design, construction
- Very high cost, unclear efficacy for genuinely large floods (> 100-yr events)
- Unclear benefits for hurricane-derived storms (coming from east-to-west)
- Increased flooding exposure after infrastructure is build (levees as well)
  - People move toward rivers after reservoirs and levees are built

Caution about natural ecosystem/restoration approach:

Unclear benefits for storms/floods > 25-yr

Basically, we are talking about significant hydrometeorological events

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What works for retirement: SAVING

Similarly, what we know works immediately and assuredly for flooding: **mitigation** 

Consider portfolio of options, but what we need to get done:

- <u>Floodplain delineation</u>: know what the liability to state/local government is and what properties we need to focus on or protect
  - We have to do this regardless of approach we take
- <u>Mitigation</u>: Move people and properties out of floodprone properties
- <u>Insurance</u>: Increase flood insurance penetration

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<u>Planning</u> for Retirement <u>Planning</u> for River Basins

Eisenhower: "Plans are useless, but planning is indispensable."

Galloway Report recommended river basin commissions

- Planning-focused, non-regulatory
- Coordinate information and blunt assessment of vulnerabilities and trends
- Federal, state, local, public/private, rural/urban

Something similar for North Carolina's river basins, or a collective river basins commission

Note that river-based disasters are disturbingly varied and frequent:

- 2017-2018: Hurricanes and floods
- 2007-2008: Droughts of record
- 1997-1998: Toxic algal blooms/pfisteria

### Flooding in North Carolina:

- 1. College Basketball: we are as likely to have a devastating flood as we are to win a basketball championship
- 2. A General after a battle: draw lessons now from what went wrong, and start planning now for the next event
- 3. Saving and investing for retirement: we can build a portfolio of options, but only one is assured to work: mitigation and planning

Thoughts for next steps:

Consider river basin commissions (or singular commission) focused on disasters Clear, up-to-date floodplain delineations Mitigation can be implemented quickly/immediately

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