#### FY 2019-21

#### CONSENSUS REVENUE FORECAST

#### **AND**

#### STATE BUDGET OUTLOOK

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#### **Presentation Outline**

- >>> Consensus Revenue Forecast
  - Consensus Process
  - Current Fiscal Year Forecast
  - **2**019 Biennium Forecast
- >>> Budget Outlook
  - State General Fund Budget Overview & Outlook

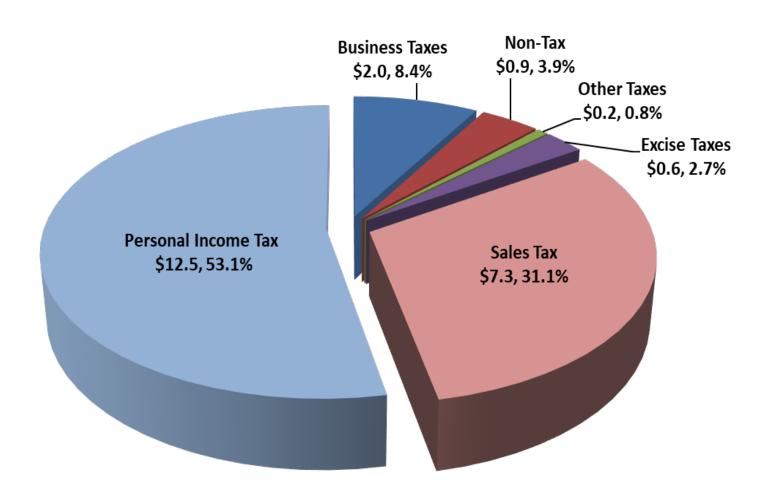
#### Consensus Revenue Process

- >>> Statutory Guidelines do not address the budget revenue forecast process.
- The Fiscal Research Division and the Office of State Budget and Management develop independent forecasts.
- Before the Governor's biennial budget is released, forecasters meet to develop a consensus forecast.

#### Consensus Revenue Process

- In early May, after April receipts have been recorded, the legislature and/or the Governor can request a revised consensus forecast.
- In even-numbered years the forecast is revised for the second year of the biennium. The revised forecast is usually issued in early May.

## FY 2017-18 General Fund, \$23.56 B





## 2019 Biennium Consensus Forecast



### Consensus Forecast

| Fiscal Year    | Revenue (\$ millions) | Y/Y Change<br>(\$ millions) | Percent<br>Change |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 2018-19 (est.) | \$24,080.8            | \$515.7                     | 2.2%              |
| 2019-20 (est.) | \$24,814.1            | \$733.2                     | 3.0%              |
| 2020-21 (est.) | \$25,801.4            | \$987.3                     | 4.0%              |

### Consensus Forecast: Current Year

- Collections projected to be \$150.8 million above \$23.9 billion revenue forecast (+0.6%)
- Personal Income taxes projected to be 0.4% below forecast (down \$53.3 M)
  - Federal Tax Cut and Jobs Act
  - Over payments in December of 2017 meant lower January 2019
     estimated payments these payments were \$148 million below
     what would have been expected.

### Consensus Forecast: Current Year

- Sales taxes ahead of target by 1.5% (up \$117.8 M)
  - U.S. Supreme Court's June 2018 ruling in <u>South Dakota v. Wayfair, Inc.</u>, granted states additional authority to require retailers to collect and remit sales tax.
- Business taxes Corporate Income, Franchise tax,
   and the Insurance Gross Premium tax combined are
   0.9% ahead of target (up \$16.5 M)

#### Consensus Forecast: Current Year

#### Assumptions on the rest of the fiscal year:

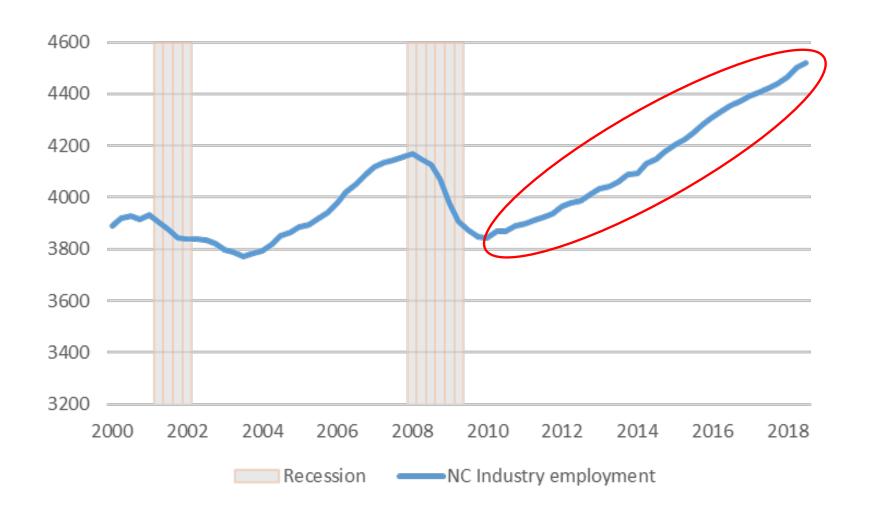
- No shift, up or down, in economic growth for second-half of fiscal year.
- Important: April expectations for refunds and final payments are met.
- Income shifts from federal income tax changes added some uncertainty.

### Consensus Forecast

|             | Authorized       |                    | Revenue           |                   |
|-------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|             | General Fund     | Actual Collections | Surplus/Shortfall | Percent Revenue   |
| Fiscal Year | Revenue (\$000s) | (\$000s)           | (\$000s)          | Surplus/Shortfall |
| 2003-04     | 14,594,243       | 15,073,342         | 479,099           | 3.3%              |
| 2004-05     | 15,545,159       | 16,215,372         | 670,213           | 4.3%              |
| 2005-06     | 16,716,295       | 17,774,349         | 1,058,054         | 6.3%              |
| 2006-07     | 18,016,574       | 19,360,944         | 1,344,370         | 7.5%              |
| 2007-08     | 19,755,992       | 19,824,856         | 68,864            | 0.3%              |
| 2008-09     | 20,849,735       | 17,626,702         | (3,223,033)       | -15.5%            |
| 2009-10     | 18,927,580       | 18,636,781         | (290,799)         | -1.5%             |
| 2010-11     | 18,977,800       | 19,183,147         | 205,347           | 1.1%              |
| 2011-12     | 19,142,029       | 19,534,015         | 391,986           | 2.0%              |
| 2012-13     | 20,003,985       | 20,541,576         | 537,591           | 2.7%              |
| 2013-14     | 20,603,500       | 20,153,218         | (450,282)         | -2.2%             |
| 2014-15     | 20,962,800       | 21,446,826         | 484,026           | 2.3%              |
| 2015-16     | 21,720,700       | 22,149,255         | 428,555           | 2.0%              |
| 2016-17     | 22,119,950       | 22,614,083         | 494,133           | 2.2%              |
| 2017-18     | 23,125,000       | 23,565,191         | 440,191           | 1.9%              |



## NC Industry Employment (thousands)





## 2019-2021 Economic Outlook

- **>>** Economy expected to maintain its steady pace of growth.
- Continued employment gains are projected to grow above 1.2% during biennium.
  - **120,000** to 140,000 more jobs added
- >> Employment gains put upward pressure on individual wages.
  - Inflation-adjusted average hourly wages increased 1.7% in 2018
- Steady employment growth, rising wages assumed to continue moderating somewhat in FY 2020-21.
- July 2019 will mark the longest economic expansion in recorded history – dating back to the 1850s.



#### Forecast: 2019 Biennium

- During the upcoming biennium, key collections from Sales and Personal Income taxes to reflect the stronger economic conditions
- Personal Income employment gains putting upward pressure on wages
  - Wage growth projected at 5.1% and 5.3%, respective fiscal years
  - 1.9% and 4.0% growth in collections
  - Collection growth reflects tax reductions enacted in 2017 and effective in tax year 2019

#### Forecast: 2019 Biennium

- Sales tax growth projected to grow by 5.3% and 4.6%, respectively
  - Part of the FY2019-20 growth increase attributable to *Wayfair*, which is projected to add as much as \$130-\$140 million
- Corporate Income tax is often volatile and while a smaller part of the overall tax structure with the lower rate, still contributes to forecast error
  - Starting with the 2019 tax year, the rate falls from 3.0% to 2.5%
  - Decline 1.6% in FY 2019-20, rebound to 6.3% growth in FY 2020-21
- » Franchise tax and Insurance Gross Premium tax are far less volatile
  - Combined growth during the biennium of 2.7% and 3.0%



## Forecast Summary

- » Revenue Forecast reflects a projection for solid economic conditions.
- Despite stronger footing for the economy, modest growth is forecast into 2021.
- Steady economic growth forecast and still developing tax impacts result in 3.0% and 4.0% growth.
  - Baseline growth, which removes tax law changes, of 5.1% and 4.3%

# State General Fund Budget

Overview and Outlook

## **Budget Presentation Overview**

>> 2017 and 2018 Legislative Session Budget Highlights

>> FY 2018-19 State Budget Overview

- >> 2019 Session Budget Outlook
  - FY 2019-21 Base Budget
  - Major Budget Pressures
  - Other Budget Items

## 2017 Session: Budget & Fiscal Highlights

#### >> Tax Changes

- **FY** 2017-18: (\$7M)
- **FY** 2018-19: (\$579M)

#### **>> Compensation (FY 2017-18: \$336M)**

- \$1,000 salary increase for most State employees
- 3.3% avg. salary increase for teachers & instructional support personnel
- \$35M to increase school-based administrator pay
- \$18M to complete final of 3 phase correctional officer pay plan

## 2018 Session: Budget Highlights

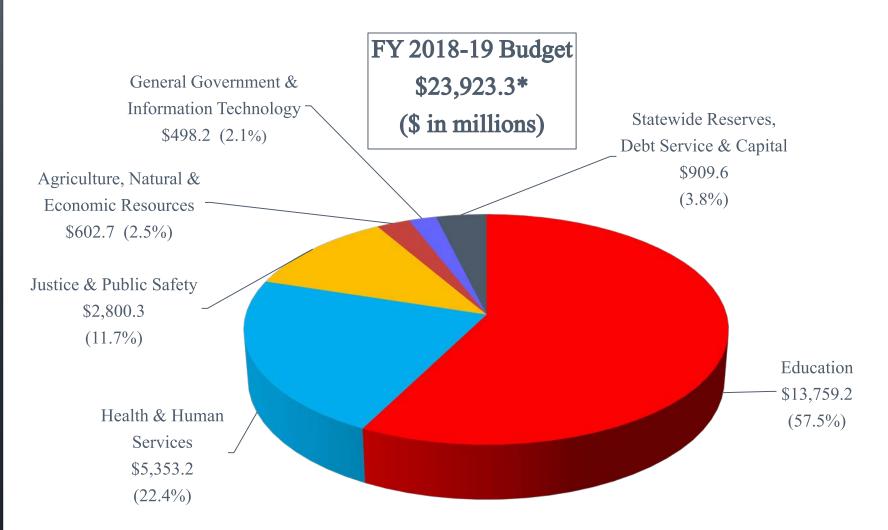
- >> Compensation (\$517M)
  - Greater of: 1) 2% salary increase -or- 2) Increase to \$31,200 annual salary for State agency employees
  - 6.5% avg. salary increase for teachers & instructional support personnel
  - Additional salary increases for correctional personnel and highway patrol
- Safety Initiatives
  - \$15M for Prison Safety enhancements and additional security measures
  - \$28M for increased School Safety personnel and programming
- >>> Statewide Reserves
  - \$135M to fully fund the Medicaid Transformation Fund
  - \$161M to bring Savings Reserve balance to \$2 billion
  - \$155M for capital projects & \$65M for repairs & renovation of State facilities



## 2017-2018 Budget Policy Highlights

- >>> Savings Reserve
  - Enacted S.L. 2017-5, mandatory minimum reservation of 15% of net tax revenue growth
- >>> State Capital and Infrastructure Fund
- >> Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Act (Raise the Age)
- >>> Statutory Appropriations
  - Program Enhancement (\$61M in FY 2018-19)
  - NC Pre-K (\$9.3M in FY 2018-19)
  - Opportunity Scholarships (+\$10M annually, through FY 2027-28)

## Where Does the Money Go?



<sup>\*</sup>Reflects appropriations from general purpose revenue only; amount does not include appropriations made from agency receipts.



## Where Does the Money Go?

#### FY 2018-19 Key Budget Drivers

(Net GF Appropriations: \$ in Millions)

| Public Schools         | 9,546.1  | 39.9%  |
|------------------------|----------|--------|
| Higher Education       | 4,213.1  | 17.6%  |
| Medicaid/Health Choice | 3,812.7  | 15.9%  |
| Mental Health          | 708.6    | 3.0%   |
| Prisons                | 1,370.7  | 5.7%   |
| Debt Service           | 717.5    | 3.0%   |
| Judicial               | 676.8    | 2.8%   |
| All other              | 2,877.8  | 12.0%  |
| Total                  | 23,923.3 | 100.0% |



## Disaster Relief and Recovery Funding

#### **>>** Hurricane Matthew

- Disaster Recovery Act of 2016: \$200M
- 2017 Appropriations Act: \$100M
- 2018 Appropriations Act: \$60M

#### >>> Hurricane Florence

- Established Hurricane Florence Disaster Recovery Fund.
- \$849M in State funds committed (\$756M from Savings Reserve).
- \$94M available in Fund for future appropriations.

# Comparing NC to Other States

- >> FY 2017-18 Budget Management
  - 7 states made mid-year reductions to spending
- >> FY 2018-19 Budget Growth
  - Less than 0% growth (6 states)
  - 0%-2% growth (6 states)
  - 2%-4% growth (18 states, including North Carolina)
  - Greater than 4% (20 states)



# North Carolina's Budget Outlook 2019 Legislative Session

## FY 2019-21 Budget Outlook

Components: Building the Budget

- 1. Consensus Revenue
- 2. Statutory Reservations
  - State Capital and Infrastructure Fund
  - Savings Reserve
- 3. Preliminary Base Budget
- 4. Unreserved Fund Balance

## State Capital & Infrastructure Fund (SCIF)

- >> Effective July 1, 2019
- >>> Fund Sources
  - 4% of Projected Net Tax revenue
  - 25% of unreserved fund balance

- >>> Uses of SCIF Funds
  - 1. Debt service
  - New State/UNC Capital projects and Repairs & Renovations of State facilities

#### SCIF Revenue

4% Net Tax: \$952M

25% Fund Bal: \$249M

Total, SCIF Rev.: \$1,201M

SCIF Req. Expenditures

Debt Service: \$717M

SCIF Available Funds
\$484M

## FY 2019-21 Base Budget

|  | (\$ in Millions) |            |
|--|------------------|------------|
|  | FY 2019-20       | FY 2020-21 |
| Consensus Revenue Forecast               | 24,814.1         | 25,801.4   |
| Statutory Reservations <sup>1</sup>      | (1,056.2)        | (1,140.1)  |
| Initial Recurring Availability           | 23,757.9         | 24,661.3   |
|  |                  |            |
| Preliminary Base Budget <sup>2</sup>     | (23,185.9)       | (23,267.0) |
| Recurring Balance Remaining <sup>3</sup> | 572.0            | 1,394.2    |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Reservations include \$103.6M (FY 19-20) & \$148.0M (FY 20-21) to the Savings Reserve and \$952.5M (FY 19-20) & \$992.0M (FY 20-21) to the SCIF.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Makes no assumptions about changes in availability or spending.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Does not include \$717.5M in debt service that will be supported from SCIF proceeds beginning 7/1/2019.

# Beginning Estimated Unreserved Fund Balance

|                                     | (\$ in Millions) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|
|                                     | FY 2019-20       |
| FY 2018-19 Unappropriated Balance   | 645.6            |
| FY 2018-19 Overcollections          | 150.8            |
| FY 2018-19 Reversions (est.)        | <u>200.0</u>     |
| Subtotal                            | 996.4            |
|                                     |                  |
| State Capital & Infrastructure Fund | (249.1)          |
|                                     |                  |
| Estimated Nonrecurring Fund Balance | \$747.3          |

## Major Budget Pressures

- >> Public School Enrollment
- >> Higher Education Enrollment
- >>> State Health Plan and Retirement
- >> Medicaid/Health Choice
- >> Other Funding Commitments

## Major Budget Pressures

|                                     | (\$ in Millions)        |            |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
|                                     | (Preliminary Estimates) |            |
|                                     | FY 2019-20              | FY 2020-21 |
| K-12 Enrollment/Avg. Teacher Salary | 22                      | 78         |
| Higher Education Enrollment         | 0                       | 49         |
| Retirement System                   | 112                     | 270        |
| State Health Plan                   | 93                      | 188        |
| Medicaid/Health Choice Rebase       | 64                      | 294        |
| Juvenile Justice Reinvestment Act   | 27                      | 47         |
| Information Technology Projects     | <u>64</u>               | <u>46</u>  |
| Total, Major Pressures              | \$382                   | \$972      |

## Other Budget Pressures

- >>> State employee salary increases excluding public school teachers (1% = \$87.2M)
- >>> State-paid public school teacher and instructional support salary increases (1% = \$61.8M)
- >>> Economic Development activities

### Questions?

#### Fiscal Research Division

919-733-4910

Legislative Office Building

Suites 203 and 619