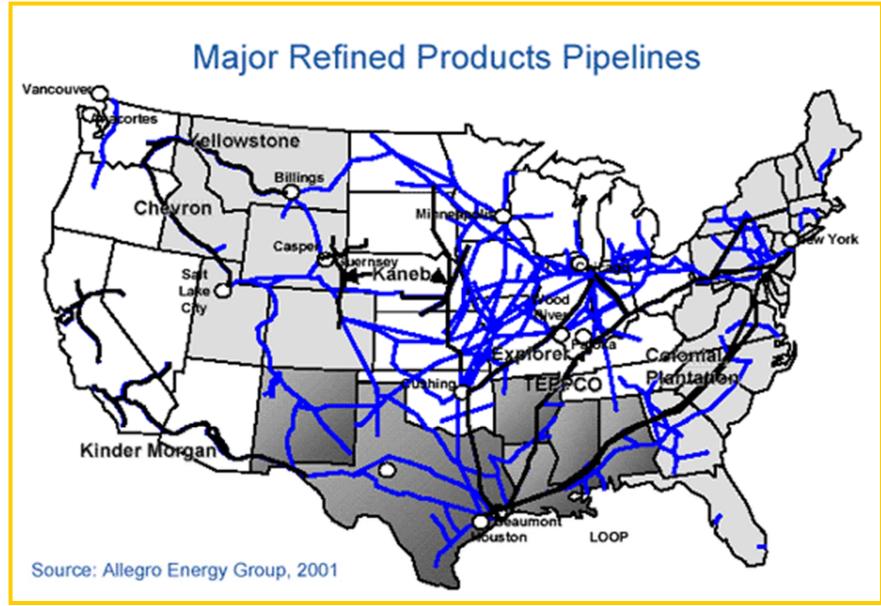


### **Colonial Pipeline Company**

Moving the Energy that Moves America

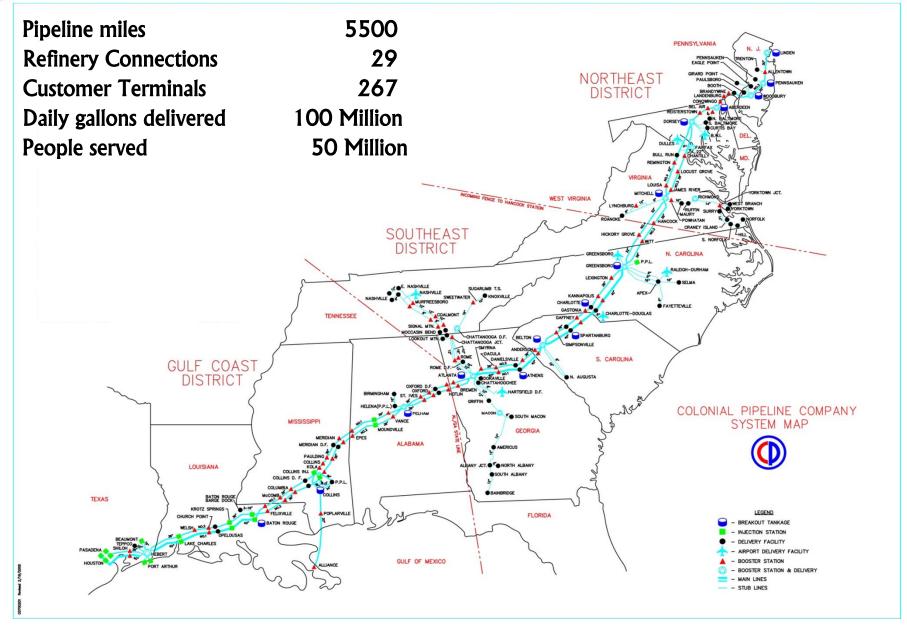
Sam Whitehead Public & Government Affairs Manager February 8, 2012







### The Colonial System





### Colonial Pipeline Overview

- Largest refined-products pipeline in the U.S.
  - Founded 1962; operational since 1963
  - Delivers 16% of overall U.S. refined-product demand
  - Transports gasoline, diesel fuel, jet fuel, home heating oil, U.S.
    military fuels and similar products
  - Connects Gulf Coast refineries to Southeast, Mid-Atlantic and Northeast regions of U.S.
  - Direct connects to seven major airports; transfer service to three in NYC via Buckeye Pipeline
  - Deliver to five U.S. military installations, from where up to 10 additional bases (North Carolina to Maine) are served
  - Making safety our No. 1 priority helps Colonial achieve reliable operations that are efficient, responsible and ultimately add stability and low-delivery costs to a sometimes volatile marketplace



#### **Our Owners**

<u>Ownership</u>

Koch Industries 28.09%

Keats Pipeline Inv. 23.44%

Caisse 16.55%

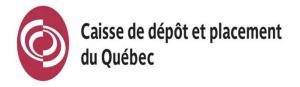
Shell Oil Pipeline 16.12%

Industry Funds Mgt 15.80%

100.00%













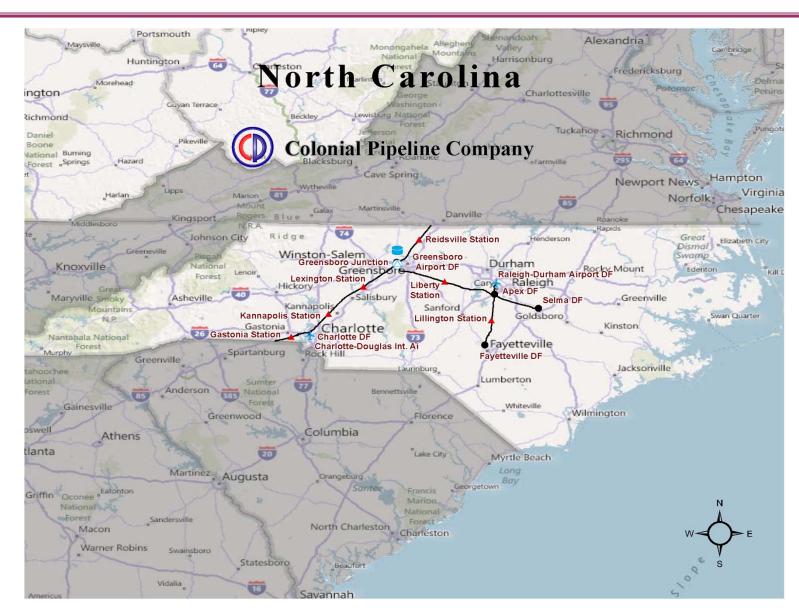
## South-Atlantic States Depend on Colonial for Liquid Fuel Supply

- Colonial delivers over 70% of the liquid fuel supply to GA, SC, NC, TN, and VA
- Northeast has alternate sources from northeast refineries and access to barge transport
- South-Atlantic states have limited alternate supply:
  - From coastal port terminals
  - No east to west supply routes
  - No direct supply route from northern refineries to the south
  - Limited service by Plantation Pipe Line





#### Colonial in North Carolina





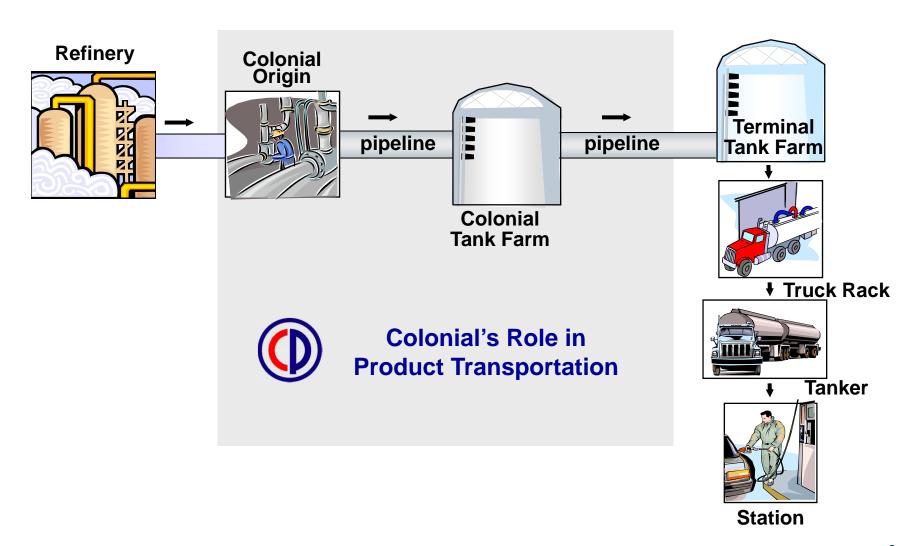
#### North Carolina Statistics

- More than 700 miles of pipe
- 92 tanks with almost 8 million barrels total capacity
- 2011 Deliveries into North Carolina locations:
  - Gasoline 76.6 million barrels
  - Distillates 40.7 million barrels

(one barrel = 42 gallons)

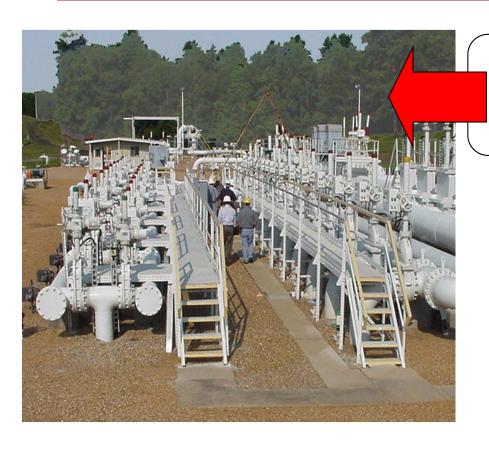


#### **Product Transportation System**





#### **Basic Pipeline Operation**



- Product Injected at Origin
- Moved by Pumps
- Transferred through Tank
  Farms
- Delivered to Terminals
- **◆** Direct Connections to:
  - Commercial Airports
  - Defense Installations
  - Truck Racks



#### **Basic Pipeline Operation**



- Product Injected at Origin
- Moved by Pumps
- Transferred through Tank Farms
- Delivered to Terminals
- Direct Connections to:
  - Commercial Airports
  - Defense Installations
  - Truck Racks



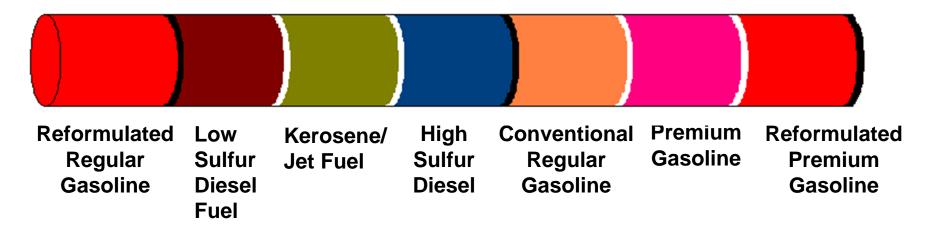
#### **Basic Pipeline Operation**



- Product Injected at Origin
- Moved by Pumps
- Transferred through Tank Farms
- Delivered to Terminals
- Direct Connections to:
  - Commercial Airports
  - Defense Installations
  - Truck Racks



### **Product Sequencing**



- Petroleum products are loaded in the pipe as batches, with no separators
- Principles of hydraulics keep the batches from blending with each other, except at the interfaces
- Interfaces are separated out at their destination and reprocessed

Increasing the number of distinct product types complicates the product distribution systems.



## Colonial Supports National Renewable Fuels Initiative

- Due to operational and compatibility concerns (steel, seals and pumps), Colonial does not transport ethanol or ethanol blends (ethanol is added to gasoline after it leaves Colonial's system)
- ♦ Early in 2011, we demonstrated our commitment to provide biofuels solutions by incorporating renewable diesel into our fungible distillate stream. (Leading the pipeline industry in this regard).
- ♦ We currently allow renewable diesel in our pipeline neat or blended (Jan 1, 2011) – as it meets ASTM D975 (Diesel Fuel) specifications
- ◆ Renewable diesel (at 5% blends) has been available on Colonial since mid-year 2011, sustaining product throughput that may otherwise be blended at terminal/truck stop in the form of biodiesel
- ◆ As a fungible system, it's likely that all markets served by Colonial have received renewable diesel blends since mid-2011.



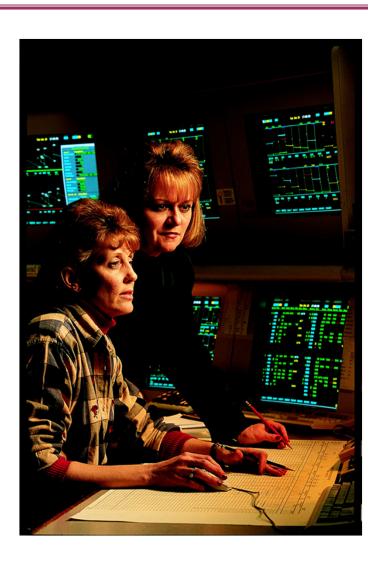
#### Capacity Expansions 2011-2012

- Expansions are based on customer needs, market forces, ongoing analysis of trends and conditions
- 2011 Projects Completed
  - 218,000 barrel tank in Linden, N.J.
  - 100,000 barrel-per-day Northeast expansion (Greensboro-Linden)
  - 25,000 stub-line expansion (serving eastern Virginia)
- 2012 Projects Under Way
  - 75,000 BPD distillate mainline (20,000 BPD completed in 2011)
  - 100,000 BPD gasoline mainline (Houston-Greensboro)
- Capacity enhancements give customers and the market greater access to reliable and low-cost pipeline deliveries, but they also add complexity and costs to operating the Colonial system.



## Protecting the Pipeline: Leak Detection

- Control Center SCADA, Procedures and Training
  - The Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system monitors flow rates, pressure and other operating variables
  - The SCADA system is a primary method of leak detection
  - Trained controllers rely on system of normal and abnormal operating procedures
- Public Observation of Right of Way
  - Visual observation by employees or the public is most common method of detecting smaller leaks
  - Pipeline markers provide toll-free phone number to Control Center
  - Partnership with local responders
  - Aerial patrols can detect leaks





# Protecting the Pipeline: Monitoring

- Pipeline Surveillance
  - Ground patrol
  - Aerial Patrol
  - Video Surveillance
- Buried pipeline locating system
  - One-Call Center







### Protecting the Pipeline: Ground Patrol



- Inspectors responsible for providing patrol of 3,500 miles of Right of Way
- Inspectors manage any encroachment on Right of Way
- Equipped with:
  - Global Positioning System (GPS) to locate pipeline
  - Pipeline locators to verify location



## Protecting the Pipeline: Aerial Patrol

- Single-engine planes fly 300-500 feet over the Right of Way
- Right Of Way patrolled at least once a week, weather permitting
- Threatening activity is documented, with emergency conditions radioed immediately to inspectors on ground





# Protecting the Pipeline: One Call Monitoring



- States require excavators to request permission prior to digging
- That information is shared with companies that could be impacted
- Colonial receives an average of 1,000 encroachment requests each day.
- Colonial's One-Call computer system and software automatically maps the location of the dig site
- 40% of the requests resolved by Colonial's One-Call Center
- Remaining 60% are assigned to Right-of-Way Inspectors
  - Of those alerts, about threequarters (450) are resolved by inspectors' phone calls
  - The remainder (150) require onsite visits



# Protecting the Pipeline: Tool Technology

