1997

HOUSE COMMERCE

MINUTES

1997 SESSION

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

CO-CHAIRS

Representative David Miner, Senior Ranking Co-Chair Representative Cherie Berry Representative Walter Church Representative William Hiatt Representative Tim Tallent

RESEARCH DIVISION

Karen Cochrane-Brown, Staff Attorney Bill Gilkeson, Staff Attorney Walker Reagan, Staff Attorney Steve Rose, Staff Attorney

COMMITTEE CLERK

Stephanie Mansur

1997-98 SESSION CHAIRS



REP. DAVID MINER SENIOR CHAIR



REP. CHERIE BERRY



REP.WILLIAM HIATT

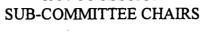


REP. WALTER CHURCH



REP. TIM TALLENT

1997-98 SESSION





REP. DON DAVIS CHAIR, BUSINESS AND LABOR



REP. BOBBY HALL CHAIR, FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS



REP. DANNY MCCOMAS CHAIR, PUBLIC UTLITIES



REP. EDGAR STARNES CHAIR, TRAVEL AND TOURISM













REP. NURHAM WARWICK



REP. MICHAEL WILKINS



REP. CONNIE WILSON



REP. GENE WILSON



REP. LARRY WOMBLE



REP. THOMAS WRIGHT

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE 1997-98 SESSION

MEMBER (Clerk)	TEL.	OFFICE	SEAT
REP. DAVID MINER, CHAIR Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk	3-5749	2219	16
REP. CHERIE K. BERRY, CO-CHAIR Betty Smith	3-5861	1006	41
REP. TIMOTHY N. TALLENT, CO-CHAIR Joyce Bulluck	3-5934	1104	73
REP. WILLIAM S. HIATT, CO-CHAIR Edna Pearce	3-5862	531	14
REP. WALTER CHURCH, SR., CO-CHAIR Joyce Fuller	3-5805	1311	33
REP. DONALD DAVIS Audrey Johnson	5-3003	419C	89
REP. BOBBY HALL Billie Stevens	3-5906	637	87
REP. DANNY McCOMAS Rita Quinn	3-5758	2123	63
REP. EDGAR STARNES Pattie Fleming	5-3012	418A	88
REP. MARTHA ALEXANDER Margy Blackmon	3-5605	1209	34
REP. CARY ALLRED Jean Allred	3-5773	2223	11
REP. REX BAKER Jo Hinton	3-5758	632	50
REP. DANIEL BLUE, JR. Lin Threatt	5-2528	1227	80

 DONALD BONNER Lucy Johnson	5-9664	617	109
JOANNE BOWIE Sharon Gaudette	3-5853	1206	26
FLOSSIE BOYD-McINTYRE Angel Artis	3-5905	507	84
JERRY BRASWELL Dianna Gilmore	3-5809	539	96
ROBERT BRAWLEY Bonnie Trivette	3-5931	513	3
LANIER CANSLER Barbara Cansler	5-3007	419A	53
JAMES CRAWFORD, JR. Linda Winstead	3-5824	1301	24
BILLY CREECH Betty Anne Lennon	3-5829	635	42
BILL CULPEPPER Dot Crocker	3-5802	604	36
ANDREW DEDMON Donna Abu Harb	3-5654	1211	114
W.W. (DUB) DICKSON Joyce Langdon	3-5662	530	25
JERRY DOCKHAM Nell Edwards	3-5822	1106	18
RUTH EASTERLING Judy Willis	3-5786	606	79
STAN FOX Sue Buehlmann	3-5757	1217	46
WAYNE GOODWIN Ann Smith	3-4838	502	111

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REP.	ROBERT GRADY	5-3024	402	37
	Peggy Murray			
REP.	THOMAS HARDAWAY Jan Brooks	3-5775	1323	56
REP.	SANDY HARDY Joel Raupe	5-3019	417A	100
REP.	DEWEY HILL Ginny McCann	3-5830	1309	21
REP.	GEORGE HOLMES Glenda Jacobs	3-5900	631	6
REP.	ROBERT HUNTER Ferebee Stainback	3-5987	1201	107
	JOHN HURLEY Dot Anderson	3-5859	1004	71
REP.	WILLIAM IVES Jayne Walton	3-5784	633	90
REP.	LARRY JUSTUS Carolyn Justus	3-5956	2204	2
	MARY McALLISTER Annecia Norwood	3-5706	603	70
	EUGENE McCOMBS Suzanne Erskine	3-5881	514	10
	PAUL McCRARY Barbara Berry	3-5780	610	55
	W. EDWIN McMAHAN Sharon Cram	3-5732	2213	28
	FRANK MITCHELL Susan Thomason	3-5959	638	9
	RICHARD MORGAN Dixie Epps	5-3028	404	17

REP. MIA MORRIS	3-5741	1315	99
Monty Floyd			
REP. CHARLES NEELY, JR. Betty Harrison	5-3001	420	29
REP. JOHN NICHOLS Bonnie Jones	5-9644	616	66
REP. EDD NYE Jo Bobbitt	3-5477	639	23
REP. JEAN PRESTON Alice Falcone	5-3026	403	38
REP. LISTON RAMSEY Dot Barber	3-5606	2217	48
REP. JOHN RAYFIELD Karen George	5-3009	418C	97
REP. DAVID REDWINE Katie Shull	3-4948	1204	117
REP. DENNIS REYNOLDS Tina Covington	3-5820	533	76
REP. GENE ROGERS Judy Veorse	5-3023	416A	35
REP. DREW SAUNDERS Ruth Fish	3-5530	1017	110
REP. WILMA SHERRILL Rosa Kelley	3-5601	2215	51
REP. RONALD SMITH Edna Collar	3-5827	1221	104
REP. GREGG THOMPSON Edna Sykes	3-5828	1002	15
REP. NURHAM WARWICK Carolyn Honeycutt	3-5886	1015	113

REP. CYNTHIA WATSON Ebern Watson	5-3015	417C	19
REP. MICHAEL WILKINS Lillie Pearce	3-5746	1220	32
REP. CONSTANCE WILSON Joanna Mills	3-7663	529	40
REP. GENE WILSON Rebecca Jones	3-7727	1109	52
REP. LARRY WOMBLE Phyllis Cameron	3-5751	540	105
REP. THOMAS WRIGHT Clarestene Stewart	3-5754	528	93

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ATTENDANCE

COMMERCE

(Name of Committee)

(Name of Committee)																
DATES	412/97	412	3/5	3/ 12	3/19	3/	4/2	4/23	4/25	5/14	5/ ₂₁	5/28	6/ 11	./s	7/2	74
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DAVID MINER (senior member)	/	<u> </u>	/	/	<u> </u>	✓ <u> </u>	1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	/	✓	/	✓	
REP. CHERIE BERRY	~	<u>/</u>	/	✓	<u> </u>	✓	✓	/							\checkmark	ı
REP. WALTER CHURCH	~	/		, ,	\checkmark	✓	/	/		Ex.	/	EX	/			
REP.WILLIAM HIATT	~	V	/	<u> </u>	\checkmark	/	/	✓		/	/	<u> </u>	✓	<u> </u>	ノ	/
REP. TIMOTHY TALLENT	X	<u> </u>					1							/		l
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REP. MARTHA ALEXANDER	/	~	/		/	/	/	/	•	Ex	Ex.		/	/	✓	/
REP. CARY ALLRED	✓	/	/			/	/					/				
REP. REX BAKER	~	$\sqrt{}$	/		/	/	/	✓				/	1	<u> </u>	/	
REP. DANIEL BLUE	X	X				/		1				/		<u>/</u>	/	
REP. DONALD BONNER	V	V .	/		/	/	/	✓		/		/	/	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	✓
REP. JOANNE BOWIE	~	J			\mathcal{J}	/	/	/		✓	/	~		<u> </u>		
REP. FLOSSIE BOYD-MCINTYRE	X	V			/	1	/	✓				/				
REP. JERRY BRASWELL	~	/	/		1	/				\checkmark	/	/				
REP. ROBERT BRAWLEY	✓					/	_	/		\checkmark	/	/	'	/	/	/
REP. LANIER CANSLER	V	X	/			/	/	1					/	<u> </u>		
REP. JAMES CRAWFORD	V	✓.	/		,	/										
REP. BILLY CREECH	X	X				Ex.		1			/					
REP. BILL CULPEPPER	X	\mathcal{J}					/	1				/	· 🗸		/	/
REP. DONALD DAVIS	/	\checkmark	/		/	/	/	1	✓	<u> </u>	<u></u>		/	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
REP. ANDREW DEDMON	V	√·	/	/	/	/	_	1		\angle		/	✓	<u> </u>		/
REP. DUB DICKSON	/	X	/			J	<u>/</u>	/		Ex.	/	/	/	<u> </u>	✓	✓
REP. JERRY DOCKHAM	V	/		/		/	\checkmark	/					(<u>/</u>		
REP. RUTH EASTERLING	✓	V		/	/	/	<u> </u>			✓	/	/	✓	<u> </u>		

ATTENDANCE

COMMERCE

(Name of Committee)

	,	Maili	e or '	Com	1111111	,0)										
DATES	2/12/47	2/19	3/5	3/2	3/	3/26	4/2	4/3	4725	5/ 14	5/ 21	5/ 28	6/	G/ 25	7/2	7/9
REP. STAN FOX	V	/	/		/	/	/	/	\	/	/			\		
REP. WAYNE GOODWIN	/	~	/	/		/	/			ex						
REP. ROBERT GRADY	W	V														
REP. BOBBY HALL	V	\checkmark	/	/	\mathcal{I}	/	/		/	/			/	/	/	/
REP. THOMAS HARDAWAY	~	×	1	/	\checkmark	/	/	/		/		/	/			
REP. SANDY HARDY	/	\checkmark				/	1			1		/		/	/	/
REP. DEWEY HILL	<u>/</u>	✓	/		/	/	/	V		✓	/		/	/		
REP. GEORGE HOLMES	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	1			✓				/	/
REP. BOB HUNTER	<u>//</u>	1		/	/	/	/			/	/	✓				
REP. JOHN HURLEY	(D)	X		/		/	_	✓		/		✓	/	/	/	/
REP. BILL IVES	V	\checkmark		/	/	/	/	V		/		/	/	/		1
REP. LARRY JUSTUS	V	<√		/		/	/	/	/	1			/	/		/
REP. MARY MCALLISTER	X	X														
REP. DANNY McCOMAS	~	V	/	1	/	/	/			/	/	/	1	/	/	/
REP. EUGENE McCOMBS	/	\mathcal{J}	\checkmark	/	/	/	1	V		/	Ex.	✓	/	/	√	
REP. PAUL McCRARY	<u> </u>	\mathcal{I}	J	/	\checkmark	/	<u>/</u>	1		✓	✓	✓	1		/	
REP. EDWIN McMAHAN	~	X		<u> </u>		EX	./	/	1	/	/	\	<u> </u>	✓		✓
REP. FRANK MITCHELL	X	\mathcal{J}	/	·/	$\sqrt{}$	1		V		/	/	/	1		/	
REP. RICHARD MORGAN	~	X.			/		\mathcal{J}		/							/
REP. MIA MORRIS	/	\int	J	\mathcal{I}	\mathcal{I}	/	/	1		/		/	/	✓	/	V
REP. CHARLES NEELY	X	X	\int	\mathcal{I}			1			/			1			/
REP. JOHN NICHOLS	V	/		/	\mathcal{I}	/	<u> </u>	/		✓	/		/	/	/	i/
REP. EDD NYE	V	ℐ		/	/	/	\mathcal{L}			/	/	/	/			
REP. JEAN PRESTON	V	X			/							/				/
REP. LISTON RAMSEY	V	\checkmark	√			/	/					✓	1		•	/
REP. JOHN RAYFIELD	X	/	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$	/	43			/	/		/	/	/	1

ATTENDANCE

COMMERCE

				Com	mitte	ee)										
DATES	2/2	2/9	3/5	3/12	3/19	3/26	4/2	4/	4/25	5/ 14	5/21	5/ 28	6/1	G/ 25	72	7/9
REP. DAVID REDWINE	/	/			/	1	/	1	\	\	\		\	J	•/	\checkmark
REP. DENNIS REYNOLDS	V	/		\mathcal{J}	/	/		/		\	\			/		
REP. GENE ROGERS	X	/		/			/	Ex		/	\)	\searrow			
REP. DREW SAUNDERS		/	/			/	/	レ		/	/	/	/	/		
REP. WILMA SHERRILL	V	/	/	/	/	/	1	1	✓		/	/		/		
REP. RONALD SMITH	✓	\int		/		/	/	/		/	✓	/	/	/	/	/
REP. EDGAR STARNES	V	1	/	/	/	1	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	
REP. GREGG THOMPSON	/	/	/	/	/	/	/				/		/			
REP. NURHAM WARWICK	/	/	/		/			\mathcal{J}	/	/		V	!	/		
REP. CYNTHIA WATSON	/	1		/	/	1	Í	/	✓		/	/		/	/	
REP. MICHAEL WILKINS	/	/	/	\checkmark			\mathcal{I}	/		/				/	✓	/
REP. CONNIE WILSON	X	+														•
REP. GENE WILSON	<u>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</u>	*			/		/	1		/			/	/		/
REP. THOMAS WRIGHT		*		/		/	/	1	/			/			<u> </u>	/
REP. LARRY WOMBLE	4	\checkmark	\checkmark	/		/	/	_/		/		✓	1	/	✓	/
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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUMMARY REPORT

1997-98 Regular Session HOUSE: COMMERCE Valid Through 26-AUG-1997 BILL INTRODUCER LATEST ACTION ON BILL SHORT TITLE IN DATE OUT DATE STUDY FUTURE OF ELECTRIC SERVICE 02-03-97 H 12= DICKSON H -REF TO COM ON COMM H 18= HOWARD JOB TRAINING STUDY H -ASSIGNED TO APP-CAP 02-03-97 02-12-97 H 95 IVES BUILDING CODE CHANGES *R -CH. SL 97-0026 02-27-97 03-17-97 H 119= SMITH REMOVE SUNSET/PORTS TAX CREDIT *H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE 03-20-97 05-28-97 H 257 MCCOMAS RR PORTS USE INCENTIVE STUDY *H -RE-REF COM ON RULES 02-17-97 07-14-97 H 282 STARNES EXEMPT CONTRACTORS' INVENTORY H -REF TO COM ON COMM 02-19-97 H 325 GAMBLE CONFORM BANK TAX TO FEDERAL H -ASSIGNED TO COMM-FIN 02-26-97 ADAMS RAISE MINIMUM WAGE H -REF TO COM ON COMM 02-26-97 H 343 H 368= OWENS *H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE AMEND BILL LEE ACT 03-03-97 03-19-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0285 H 400 TALLENT BANK ASSESSMENTS 03-05-97 04-02-97 H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE H 401= DICKSON RAISE HOUSING BOND LIMIT 03-05-97 03-26-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0120 H 414= BERRY UNEMPL. BENEFITS/SEVERANCE PAY 03-06-97 04-24-97 H 424= GOODWIN OSHA WITNESS STATEMENTS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-06-97 WORKERS COMP. TECH. ASSIST./FUNDS H -REF TO COM ON COMM H 447= CARPENTER J 03-10-97 H 450 REDWINE UNEMPLOYMENT INS. TAX CHANGE H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 H 451 REDWINE ESC BENEFITS CHANGES *H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE 03-10-97 04-28-97 H 453 REDWINE REDEFINE UNEMPL. BASE PERIOD H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 H 461 TALLENT INTERSTATE TRUST COMPANY ACT H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 H 467 GAMBLE TAX ON BANK FEE RECEIPTS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 H 471= TALLENT CLARIFY FOOD ESTAB. DEFINITIONS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 H 487= BARBEE PHYSICIAN SERVICES FEE H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-10-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0426 H 495 OWENS NATURAL GAS 03-11-97 05-12-97 H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE H 497 WILSON C EXTEND ESC ZERO TAX RATE 03-11-97 05-12-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0193 H 499 THOMPSON GIS RECORD EXCEPTION 03-11-97 04-23-97 H -ASSIGNED TO COMM-UTL H 547= CULP RENEWABLE RESOURCE ENERGY 03-19-97 H 598= ADAMS REQUIRE WORK BREAKS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 03-25-97 H 617 SHERRILL NO COMPETITION BY SCHOOL BUS *R -CH. SL 97-0315 03-26-97 04-28-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0395 H 651 HUNTER H INTERSTATE ECON. DEVELOP. ZONE 03-27-97 04-28-97 H 651 HUNTER H INTERSTATE ECON. DEVELOP. ZONE *R -CH. SL 97-0395 07-01-97 07-30-97 FORESTRY BLDG PRIVATIZATION PROJECT *S -RE-REF COM ON APPROPR H 672 HALL 03-31-97 04-28-97

NOTES- = AFTER BILL NUMBER SHOWS THAT BILL IS IDENTICAL, AS INTRODUCED, TO ANOTHER BILL.

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^{*} AFTER NUMBERS INDICATES THAT TEXT OF BILL WAS ALTERED BY ACTION ON THE BILL. BOLDED LINE INDICATES BILL INDEXED AS AFFECTING APPROPRIATIONS.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUMMARY REPORT

1997-98 Regular Session HOUSE: COMMERCE Valid Through 26-AUG-1997 INTRODUCER ${ t BILL}$ SHORT TITLE LATEST ACTION ON BILL IN DATE OUT DATE WASHINGTON/BELHAVEN ELECTRIC RATES 04-28-97 H 719 HARDY H -RE-REF COM ON COMM H 739= DICKSON MV DEALERS/MANUFACTURERS LIC. LAW *R -CH. SL 97-0319 07-01-97 07-07-97 H 795= BAKER ROLLER SKATING RINK LIABILITY H -RE-REF COM ON JUDICI 04-03-97 04-28-97 H 871 BERRY WAGE & HOUR AMENDMENTS R -CH. SL 97-0146 04-07-97 04-24-97 *H -PRES. TO GOV. 08-22 H 899 HOWARD RESIDENTIAL PROP. DISCLOSURE ACT 04-08-97 04-24-97 H 903= MOSLEY NO LOW-LEVEL FACILITY/FLOOD PLAIN H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-09-97 H 916= HARDAWAY PROHIBIT ATM SURCHARGE H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-10-97 H 940 REDWINE WORKER'S COMP/REALTOR STATUS S -REF TO COM ON COMMERCE 04-14-97 04-24-97 H 990 CHURCH EXEMPT CERTAIN NONPROFIT UTILITIES *H -RATIFIED 04-17-97 04-24-97 H 994 WILSON G COMPETITIVE PAY TELEPHONE R -CH. SL 97-0207 04-17-97 04-28-97 DAVIS D WORKERS COMP/PHYSICIAN SELECTION H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H1005= STATE TREASURER VENTURE CAPITAL H1027 OWENS *S -REF TO COM ON FINANCE 04-21-97 05-15-97 H1057= GRADY EXEMPT AUDIOVISUAL MASTERS *S -PLACED ON CAL FOR 08-26 04-21-97 05-20-97 WRIGHT CAMA/URBAN WATERFRONT REDEVELOP *R -CH. SL 97-0337 04-21-97 04-28-97 H1059 HARDY MERCHANTS' SALES TAX DISCOUNT H -REF TO COM ON COMM H1068 04-21-97 H1074 HALL REPRESENTATIONS TO CONSOLIDATE DEBTS S -REF TO COM ON COMMERCE 04-21-97 04-28-97 H1075 HALL APPRECIATION OF REVERSE MORTGAGES *S -RE-REF COM ON COMMERCE 04-21-97 04-28-97 H1080 HACKNEY NC WITHDRAWAL FROM S.E. COMPACT H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H1088 WARNER NO ADS TO CELLULAR PHONES H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H1091 BRASWELL CRIM. RECORD CHECK BY PRIVATE BUS. *S -REF TO COM ON JUDIC 04-21-97 04-28-97 H1108 MCMAHAN BREW ON PREMISES *H -PRES. TO GOV. 08-22 04-21-97 05-22-97 H1109 **MCMAHAN** WORTHLESS CHECKS/COMMERCIAL DEBTS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H1125 MINER STUDY MORTGAGE LENDERS *H -RE-REF COM ON RULES 04-21-97 07-09-97 *S -REF TO COM ON FINANCE H1126 MINER NO SALES TAX ON PAY PHONES 04-21-97 07-07-97 H1129 MINER REIMBURSEMENT FOR LOW-LEVEL FACILITY H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H1131 NESBITT COLLECTION AGENCY DEFINITION H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-21-97 H -REF TO COM ON COMM H1141 THOMPSON AMEND BUILDING/HOUSING CODES 04-21-97 H -REF TO COM ON COMM H1170 BUCHANAN EXEMPT SEVERANCE PAY 04-29-97 H1173= DEDMON CONSTRUCTION WORKER TRAINING CREDIT H -ASSIGNED TO COMM-B&L 04-29-97 H1189 DECKER FOOD TAX DOWN/ALCOHOL TAX UP H -REF TO COM ON COMM 05-01-97

NOTES- = AFTER BILL NUMBER SHOWS THAT BILL IS IDENTICAL, AS INTRODUCED, TO ANOTHER BILL.

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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUMMARY REPORT

1997-98 Regular Session HOUSE: COMMERCE Valid Through 26-AUG-1997 ${ t BILL}$ INTRODUCER SHORT TITLE LATEST ACTION ON BILL IN DATE OUT DATE REQUIRE RENTAL PROPERTY HEAT 03-24-97 07-09-97 S 23 REEVES *H -CAL PURSUANT RULE 36(A) PAWNSHOP RECORDS ACCESS H -REF TO COM ON COMM S 96 KERR 04-03-97 S 142= RAND PORT USER ON PORTS BOARD *R -CH. SL 97-0235 03-03-97 05-29-97 S 208= FOXX LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS/SANITATION *R -CH. SL 97-0367 04-07-97 07-09-97 S 253 WINNER TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION *S -RATIFIED 05-15-97 07-09-97 S 263 ODOM WORKERS' COMP/NONRESIDENT ALIENS *R -CH. SL 97-0301 05-01-97 06-12-97 S 312 JORDAN REGULATE CHECK CASHING *R -CH. SL 97-0391 04-15-97 06-26-97 *R -CH. SL 97-0241 S 329 DALTON SAVINGS BANK NAME 03-24-97 06-05-97 S 330 DALTON SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES *R -CH. SL 97-0311 04-02-97 06-26-97 03-25-97 07-10-97 S 333 DALTON COMMODITIES ACT AMENDMENT *H -CAL PURSUANT RULE 36(A) H -REF TO COM ON COMM S 339 CONDER CREDIT FOR TIER ONE COUNTIES 05-14-97 S 382 WINNER REDEFINE UNEMPL. BASE PERIOD-2 *R -CH. SL 97-0404 04-28-97 07-10-97 S 418 SHAW L SMALL BUSINESS PROCUREMENT ACT *H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-07-97 04-15-97 07-10-97 S 425 MILLER B REFRIGERATION CONTRACTORS H -RE-REF COM ON FINANCE S 447 WEINSTEIN LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEV. DIST. *R -CH. SL 97-0182 04-08-97 05-15-97 S 447 WEINSTEIN LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEV. DIST. *R -CH. SL 97-0182 05-20-97 05-22-97 S 483= LUCAS PHYSICIAN SERVICES FEE *H -CAL PURSUANT RULE 36 (A) 07-02-97 08-18-97 S 486= LUCAS CLARIFY FOOD ESTAB. DEFINITION *H -REPTD TO COMM 04-30-97 S 531 ALBERTSON STATE PHONE SYSTEMS *R -CH. SL 97-0351 04-24-97 07-14-97 S 562 WARREN INCREASE FEES FOR RETURNED CHECKS *R -CH. SL 97-0334 04-22-97 07-09-97 S 564 REEVES AMEND FINANCIAL PRIVACY ACT *H -RE-REF COM ON RULES 07-10-97 08-07-97 S 565 REEVES VARIABLE RATE LOANS *H -CONF COM APPOINTED 05-01-97 07-09-97 S 699 HORTON MODIFY VEHICLE DEALER REQUIREMENTS *R -CH. SL 97-0429 04-30-97 07-09-97 S 730 BALLANCE INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND CHANGES *S -PRES. TO GOV. 08-22 06-18-97 07-10-97 S 791= BALLANCE OSHA WITNESS STATEMENTS *H -REF TO COM ON COMM 05-05-97 S 801 WELLONS N.C. PLANNED COMMUNITY ACT H -REF TO COM ON COMM 04-28-97 SOUTHEASTERN REGIONAL COMM'N STAFF R -CH. SL 97-0155 S 811 SOLES 04-30-97 05-22-97 S 814 ODOM IN-STAND ABC SALES *R -CH. SL 97-0167 04-28-97 05-22-97 S 819= SHAW L DOWNTOWN DATABASE *H -REF TO COM ON COMM 05-05-97 S 821= SHAW L HOUSING TRUST FUND/DOWNTOWNS H -REF TO COM ON COMM 05-01-97

NOTES - = AFTER BILL NUMBER SHOWS THAT BILL IS IDENTICAL, AS INTRODUCED, TO ANOTHER BILL.

Page:

^{*} AFTER NUMBERS INDICATES THAT TEXT OF BILL WAS ALTERED BY ACTION ON THE BILL. BOLDED LINE INDICATES BILL INDEXED AS AFFECTING APPROPRIATIONS.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY
COMMITTEE SUMMARY REPORT

1997-98	Regular Session	HOUSE: COMMERCE	Valid	Through 26-AUG-1997
BILL	INTRODUCER	SHORT TITLE	LATEST ACTION ON BILL	IN DATE OUT DATE
S 824=	SHAW L	BUILDING CODE COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP	H -REF TO COM ON COMM	05-01-97
S 837	BALLANCE	SPORTS CLUB ABC PERMITS	*H -RE-REF COM ON RULES	05-01-97 07-15-97
S 838	BALLANCE	TOURISM RESORT ABC PERMITS	*H -RE-REF COM ON RULES	05-01-97 07-16-97
S 844	HOYLE	STRENGTHEN OPEN GOVERNMENT	*R -CH. SL 97-0290	05-05-97 06-12-97
S 847	ODOM	NO SALES TAX/REUSEABLE CONTAINERS	*R -CH. SL 97-0397	05-26-97 06-26-97
S 848	DALTON	MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC AMENDMENTS	*R -CH. SL 97-0346	04-30-97 06-26-97
S 872	KERR	YOUTH WORKERS AT ABC PERMITTEES	*H -REF TO COM ON COMM	05-01-97
S 959	HARTSELL	MODULAR HOME CERTIFYING AGENT	H -REF TO COM ON COMM	05-01-97
S 974	FOXX	ESC LAW CHANGES	*R -CH. SL 97-0398	05-13-97 07-09-97
S 987	BALLANCE	INTERSTATE ECON. DEVELOP. PERMITS	*H -REF TO COM ON COMM	04-30-97
S 994	RAND	NO DIRECT ABC SHIPMENTS-CONSUMERS	*R -CH. SL 97-0348	05-01-97 06-26-97
S1054	PAGE	ALLOW BURMA DIVESTITURE	H -RE-REF COM ON COMM	05-07-97

NOTES- = AFTER BILL NUMBER SHOWS THAT BILL IS IDENTICAL, AS INTRODUCED, TO ANOTHER BILL.

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^{*} AFTER NUMBERS INDICATES THAT TEXT OF BILL WAS ALTERED BY ACTION ON THE BILL. BOLDED LINE INDICATES BILL INDEXED AS AFFECTING APPROPRIATIONS.

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

FEBRUARY 12,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, James Crawford, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Robert Grady, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Richard Morgan, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, February 12, 1997 in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order. Introductions of the co- chairs, the Sub-committee chairmen, and the committee staff members were made. Each committee member was asked to introduce themselves and tell which districts they represented. Introductions were made of the minority leaders.

After the introductions, House Bill 18 was discussed. Bill Sponsor, Rep. Howard, explained the bill entitled AN ACT TO CREATE A LEGISLATIVE COMMISION ON JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS TO REORGANIZE THE WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM IN NORTH CAROLINA. Questions were taken from committee members ans a motion was made by the committee to report the bill as favorable. After a voice vote was taken, the bill was given a favorable report.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:50.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

FEB. 12, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Jahr () Vane	SCSL
Mainere Kannone))S
Bunda Hummus	al Equity
Allen Lyma	neck Country
Rob Suh	MCJCDC /
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Jenesa 3 as	NCARF
Alan Miles	Barley & Dixon UP
Jere Sphuel	CPFL
Colyner Rauley	ncacc
John Kushi	Hunton & Williams
Loya Peters	Electria ties
Com Com	Jordan Price wall Gray Jones CLP
1 McNel Chestrus	As's office
NORRIS TOISON	Com merca
Ansic Harris	Connect
Brod Wed Muse	Washing Consulting
LITA GUIUN	LEP. MCCOMAS' DEFICE
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John Bowdish	Zch alley PA
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Kalmer Sigg	BWWS.
Judith March	360 Takelommuniculous
Gzry Walker	ALLTEL
LYNN HOLME	Bel

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Rep.	Miner	for the Committee on COMMERCE	
H.B. <u>1</u> H.J.R.	amittee Substi 8, S.B , S.J.R A HOUS	itute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT A JOINT RESOLUTION E RESOLUTION	
		GISLATIVE COMMISSION ON JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS TO REORG DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM IN NORTH CAROLINA.	GANIZE
Wit	h a favorable rep	port.	
		port and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on () Finance ()	•
Wit	h a favorable rep	port, as amended.	
	-	oort, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee ons () Finance ()	
ori	ginal bill (Comr	port as to committee substitute bill (#), () which changes the title, unfavorable as to mittee Substitute Bill #). (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill (#) e Committee on))
		port as to House committee substitute bill (#), () which changes the title, unfavorable ittee substitute bill.	
And	having received	d a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar.	
With	h an unfavorable	e report.	
With	n recommendation	on that the House concur.	
Witl	n recommendation	on that the House do not concur.	
With	h recommendatio	on that the House do not concur; request conferees.	
Witl	h recommendation	on that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.	
Wit	h an unfavorable	e report, with a Minority Report attached.	
With	hout prejudice.		
Witl	n an indefinite po	ostponement report.	
Witl	n an indefinite po	ostponement report, with a Minority Report attached.	
Witl	n recommendation	on that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)	

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 18*

Short Title: Job Training Study.

(Public)

1

Sponsors:

6

Representatives Howard; Shubert, Baker, Davis, Gardner, Capps.

Watson, Rayfield, and Morris.

Referred to: Commerce.

February 3, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO CREATE A LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION ON JOB TRAINING PROGRAMS TO REORGANIZE THE WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT 3 SYSTEM IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. (a) The General Assembly intends to reorganize its workforce 7 development system to improve the delivery of job training programs and services in North Carolina.

- Q (b) There is created a Legislative Study Commission on Job Training 10 Programs. The purpose of the Commission is to review State and federally funded 11 job training programs and services currently in existence to determine the feasibility 12 of eliminating or consolidating those which are duplicative, inefficient, or ineffective 13 in carrying out their purposes and activities.
- The Commission shall consist of six members appointed by the 14 15 Speaker of the House of Representatives, at least three of whom shall be members of 16 the House of Representatives, and six members appointed by the President Pro 17 Tempore of the Senate, at least three of whom shall be members of the Senate. The 18 Speaker shall designate one Representative as cochair and the President Pro Tempore 19 shall designate one Senator as cochair. Vacancies on the Commission shall be filled 20 by the same appointing officer who made the initial appointment. The Commission 21 shall expire upon delivering its final report to the 1997 General Assembly (1998 22 Regular Session).

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The Commission, while in the discharge of official duties, may exercise 2 all powers provided for under the provisions of G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 3 through G.S. 120-19.4. The Commission may meet at any time upon the joint call of The Commission may meet in the Legislative Building or the 4 the cochairs. 5 Legislative Office Building. The Commission may contract for professional, clerical, 6 or consultant services as provided by G.S. 120-32.02.

The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative 8 Administrative Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Commission in its 9 work. The House of Representatives' and the Senate's Supervisors of Clerks shall 10 assign clerical staff to the Commission, and the expenses relating to the clerical 11 employees shall be borne by the Commission. Members of the Commission shall 12 receive subsistence and travel expenses at the rates set forth in G.S. 120-3.1, 138-5, or 13 138-6, as appropriate.

- (d) The Commission shall have the following powers and duties:
- To review State and federal laws, rules, and regulations pertaining to job training programs to determine the purpose of each program, the population served, and each program's annual outcomes in terms of type of training received, work search efforts, and job placement:
- (2) To ascertain as far as possible the intention of the United States Congress with respect to continued funding of federally mandated job training programs and any changes in funding formulae;
- (3) To review the amount of State and federal dollars appropriated for each job training program conducted in this State and to review federal requirements for continuous federal funding of the programs;
- (4) To review the number of different State agencies that administer State and federal job training programs, the number of persons employed to implement each job training program, and the amount of State dollars needed annually to implement the program;
- (5) To determine whether federally funded job training programs in this State may lawfully be abolished or reduced in size by the General Assembly, and the impact of such reduction or elimination:
- (6) To conduct public hearings to receive citizen, State agency, and local government comment and experience with the job training programs;
- **(7)** To conduct other studies or activities to aid the Commission in carrying out its purpose and duties, including reviewing reorganization and consolidation efforts in other states; and
- To ensure program evaluation and accountability for all workforce (8) development programs and to create a comprehensive statewide focus on workforce development.





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- (e) The Commission shall report to the 1997 General Assembly (1998 2 Regular Session), the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, and 3 the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee not later than May 1, 1998. 4 The report shall identify each job training program operating in the State and 5 recommend whether each program should be expanded, continued without change, 6 abolished, consolidated with another program, or otherwise modified, including 7 implementation components.
- (f) All State departments and agencies and local governments and their 9 subdivisions shall furnish the Commission with any information in their possession or 10 available to them.
- (g) Notwithstanding G.S. 96-5(f), there is appropriated from the Worker 11 12 Training Trust Fund to the General Assembly the sum of fifty thousand dollars 13 (\$50,000) for the 1997-98 fiscal year to implement this section.
 - Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

House Bill 18 Page 3



George R. Hall, Legislative Services Offic (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliv Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

February 11, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Counse

RE:

House Bill 18 - Job Training Study.

House Bill 18 re-authorizes the Joint Legislative Study Commission on Job Training Programs which was established by the 1995 General Assembly. This bill was recommended by the Commission in its final report to the 1997 General Assembly. The 1995 Study Commission spent most of its time collecting data regarding the 49 different vocational and technical education/job training programs operated by 8 different state agencies. In its final report the Commission noted that although it had identified the job training programs existing as of January 1, 1995, it did not have sufficient reliable data to make a determination as to which programs should be expanded, continued without change, abolished, consolidated with another program or otherwise modified. The Commission recommended the enactment of this bill so that it could complete its work.

The Commission's charge is to review State and federally funded job training programs and services currently in existence to determine the feasibility of eliminating or consolidating those which are duplicative, inefficient, or ineffective in carrying out their purposes and activities. It is composed of 12 members, six appointed by the Speaker of the House and six appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. The Commission is directed to report to the General Assembly, the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee not later than May 1, 1998. The Commission would expire upon delivery of its report to the 1998 Session of the 1997 General Assembly.

The bill appropriates \$50,000 from the Worker Training Trust Fund to the General Assembly for the 1997-98 fiscal year to implement the study.

The act would become effective when it becomes law.

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE FEBRUARY 19,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Timothy Tallent, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, James Crawford, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Robert Grady, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Larry Womble.

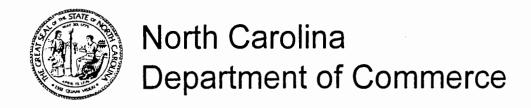
The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, February 19, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and recognized the Sub-Committee chairs. Each sub-committee chairman announced the time and location of their next scheduled committee meetings. Chairman Miner then introduced the Secretary of Commerce, The Honorable Norris Tolson. After Mr. Tolson's remarks on the Commerce Department, questions were taken from the committee members.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:50 am.

Dayle Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk



The Department of Commerce is the state's lead agency for economic and community development. The department promotes a wide variety of opportunities to improve the economy of the entire Tar Heel State, rural and urban areas alike. Promoting tourism, exporting, film production, downtown revitalization and industry recruitment are some of the areas for which the Commerce Department is responsible. The department's goal is to create new jobs and more diverse employment opportunities for all North Carolinians.

Business/Industry Development Division: This division leads North Carolina's business and industrial recruitment efforts. Based in Raleigh, its staff works closely with other public and private development organizations to attract new industries to the state. In addition, the division's retention and expansion program -- designed to encourage existing North Carolina companies to stay and grow here -- operates out of nine regional offices to ensure better service and equal access to companies throughout the state.

Division of Community Assistance: This division has a threefold mission. First, it administers the federally funded Small Cities Community Development Block Grant program, which assists low- and moderate-income North Carolinians through the creation of jobs, housing and improved infrastructure. CDBGs are awarded to local governments on a competitive basis. The division also administers the state's Main Street program, which helps communities revitalize their downtown areas. Finally, planners in the division's seven regional offices assist local governments with other planning needs, such as annexations and zoning regulations.

Division of Employment and Training: This division administers North Carolina's share of federal Job Training Partnership Act funds. Economically disadvantaged people, people laid off from work, and people with serious barriers to employment are trained for jobs, or retrained for a different kind of job, through JTPA programs. Also designated as the state's Dislocated Worker Unit, this division receives notice of all plant closings

and mass layoffs in the state to ensure timely assistance to affected workers.

Energy Division: This division is the state's official source for energy planning and management, energy information and energy technical assistance. The division's key responsibilities include promoting renewable energy and energy efficiency in every sector of the economy, preparing energy forecasts and updating and developing North Carolina's energy emergency plans.

Film Office: The Film Office promotes North Carolina as a site for motion picture, television and commercial production. The Film Office staff works closely with film producers and others to keep movie making in North Carolina practical, pleasant and profitable.

Finance Center: To help businesses that want to locate or expand operations in the Tar Heel State, the Commerce Finance Center administers a variety of economic development financing programs: the Industrial Building Renovation Fund, the Basic Building Fund and the Community Development Block Grant program for economic development projects. The agency also administers Industrial Revenue Bonds and the William S. Lee Quality Jobs and Business Expansion Act. This Act provides tax credits to companies that invest in jobs, equipment, research and development and worker training.

International Trade Division: Responsible for the state's foreign trade activities, this division's primary goal is to help small and mid-sized firms market their products overseas through its Export Outreach Program, Trade Events Program and the Shared Foreign Sales Corporation Program.

Sports Development Office: The Sports Development Office works with local groups, other state agencies and sports organizations to attract amateur and professional sporting events to North Carolina.

Division of Travel and Tourism: The Division of Travel and Tourism promotes North Carolina as a vacation destination to travelers worldwide in an effort to increase travel expenditures, create additional employment and strengthen the overall economy of the state.

Worth paris to mother air

North Carolina Department of Commerce 301 N. Wilmington St. Raleigh, North Carolina 27626 (919) 733-4962 Fax: (919) 733-8356

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

FERRUARY 19, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Bernard allan	Socy, & State
Centralitraces	Show
Alan Miles	Rie & Daron
Laura Hartsell	MC/C
David Simmons	Zeb Alley, PA
John Bowdish	Zeb Alley PA
Jahn Long	martin Mariella
John Hustin	Huntrat William
-Humy Johnson	Rep. Dm Davis = Clerk
Faullande	Lande Consulty
- Ann of olon	NCAFT
Bresh Ward Peule	
Leanne Wenner	EbHas
FRAN PRESTUJ	NCRMA
DON Mª CORQUODACE	- ACRMA
16 World	BCBSNZ
aprice Parlana	Elieta Chio
Leckie Street	PPA-12
Lucius PullEN	AHORNEY
Marshall Hurley	011000
11 1 00 Ll 1	North Carolina Power
Varia Vala	Nations Bank
<u> Peter Kebrev</u>	
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

March 5,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Jerry Braswell, Lanier Cansler, James Crawford, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Mia Morris Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, March 5, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and announced the agenda for next weeks Commerce meeting. He then asked Representative Danny McComas to introduce Mr. Erik Stromberg, who serves as executive director of the North Carolina State Ports Authority. Mr. Stromberg gave a multi-media presentation on the state ports. Additional speakers also addressed the committee concerning the state ports: Mr. Clyde Davis of PCS Phosphate, Mr. Scott Satterfield of Wilmington Industrial Development, Mr. Don Kirkman of Carteret County EDC, and Mr. James Lee of International Paper. Questions and comments were taken from the committee members.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:50 am.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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MARCH 5, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Clyde Dovis	PCS Phosphate Rakish, NC
SACK Tille, chr	POVIS Advisory Council Willington
Bill Geldster	Ohm. NCSPA
Laura Hartsell	MCIC
James E. hee	International Paper
Marin Munelufitio	Toysus + Sprill
Do Dempste	Poyn & Spiril
Hal Mills	NC CWA Political Couveil
WYMAN COOPER	CSX CORP.
Leo Villey	Commerce
angie Halris	//
Jan Brown	NC State Ports
TIM KENT	American Institute of Architects
John Cyrus	NC. State Grange
DONNIE REDMOND	DAR
Don Kirkman	Carteret County EDC
Jay Mullins	CATL
R. Siott Sattefield	U/MINGEN Industrial designet
EIM A. Church	leg LANCH MODAR, STATE
Lucius PullEN	AHORNEY
alie Barlana	Electricities
any tuyun	Hunton & Williams
John Kustin	I funtout Williams
John McAlister	Duke Poine

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

March 12,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, , Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Billy Creech, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon,
Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, March 12, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House bill 282, entitled AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM PROPERTY TAX THE INCREASE IN VALUE OF CERTAIN RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE BY A BUILDER, TO THE EXTENT THE INCREASE IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUBDIVISION OR IMPROVEMENT BY THE BUILDER. Rep. Edgar Starnes, the bill sponsor, introduced the bill. Questions were taken by members of the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Karen Cochrane-Brown, Staff Counsel, to answer questions. Chairman Miner referred the bill to a sub-subcommittee and appointed Rep. Alexander, to chair and Rep. Dockham and Rep. Hardy to hear it and report back to the Committee.

House bill 95, entitled AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A THREE-YEAR CYCLE FOR BUILDING CODE AMENDMENTS BEGINNING IN 1999 AND TO MAKE RELATED CHANGES CONCERNING THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE BUILDING CODE. Rep. Ives, bill sponsor, explained the bill. Questions were taken from the floor. Rep. Ives offered an Amendment. Rep. Bowie moves to adopt the Amendment. Amendment was adopted

and a copy is attached. A committee substitute was ordered and HB 95 was given a favorable report.

House bill 368, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE WILLIAM S. LEE QUALITY JOBS AND BUSINESS EXPANSION ACT. Rep. Owens, bill sponsor, explained the bill. Rep. Hiatt offered a technical Amendment. The amendment was adopted. Rep. Hiatt offered another Amendment, which was also adopted. Questions were taken from the committee. Rick Carlyle, from the Commerce Department, answered questions. Rep. Berry offers an Amendment. Questions were taken on the Amendment. Chairman Miner calls for adjournment and the bill will be taken up at the next meeting.

Committee was adjourned at 10:50.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H 1

HOUSE BILL 282

Short Title: Exempt Contractors' Inventory. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Starnes; Hardy and Morris.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Finance.

February 19, 1997

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM PROPERTY TAX THE INCREASE IN VALUE OF
3	CERTAIN RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE BY A
4	BUILDER, TO THE EXTENT THE INCREASE IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO
5	SUBDIVISION OR IMPROVEMENTS BY THE BUILDER.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. G.S. 105-273 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:
8	"(3a) 'Builder' means a taxpayer engaged in the business of buying real
9	property, making improvements to it, and then reselling it."
10	Section 2. Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended
11	by adding a new section to read:
12	"§ 105-277.12. Certain real property held for sale by builders classified for taxation at
	reduced valuation.
13	
	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is
14	
14 15	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is
14 15 16 17	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is designated a special class of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution. Any increase in value of this classified property attributable to subdivision of or other improvements made to the property by the
14 15 16 17	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is designated a special class of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution. Any increase in value of this classified property
14 15 16 17 18 19	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is designated a special class of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution. Any increase in value of this classified property attributable to subdivision of or other improvements made to the property by the builder is excluded from taxation under this Subchapter as long as the builder continues to hold the property for sale. The builder must apply for this exclusion as
14 15 16 17 18 19	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is designated a special class of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution. Any increase in value of this classified property attributable to subdivision of or other improvements made to the property by the builder is excluded from taxation under this Subchapter as long as the builder
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Real property held by a builder for sale as single family residential property is designated a special class of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina Constitution. Any increase in value of this classified property attributable to subdivision of or other improvements made to the property by the builder is excluded from taxation under this Subchapter as long as the builder continues to hold the property for sale. The builder must apply for this exclusion as

Section 3. G.S. 105-282.1(a)(3) reads as rewritten:

23

1	"(3) After an owner of property entitled to exemption under G.S. 105-
2	278.3, 105-278.4, 105-278.5, 105-278.6, 105-278.7, or 105-278.8 or
3	full or partial exclusion under G.S. 105-275(3), (7), (8), (12), (17)
4	through (19), (21) or (39), G.S. 105-277.1, G.S. 105-277.12, or G.S.
5	105-278 has applied for exemption or exclusion and the exemption
6	or exclusion has been approved, the owner is not required to file
7	an application in subsequent years except in the following
8	circumstances:
9	a. New or additional property is acquired or improvements are
10	added or removed, necessitating a change in the valuation of
11	the property; or
12	b. There is a change in the use of the property or the
13	qualifications or eligibility of the taxpayer necessitating a
14	review of the exemption or exclusion."
15	Section 4. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years
16	beginning on or after July 1, 1998.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raieigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivi Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

March 10, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

House Bill 282 - Exempt Contractors' Inventory.

House Bill 282 defines the term "builder" as a taxpayer engaged in the business of buying real property, making improvements to it and then reselling it. It further adds a new section to Article 12 of Chapter 105 to provide that increases in the value of real property attributable to subdivision or other improvements made by a builder are exempt from taxation as long as the builder holds the property for sale. The builder must apply for the exclusion as provided in G.S. 105-282.1. The tax assessor must specify what portion of the increase in value is attributable to subdivision or other improvement by the builder.

This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 1998.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) David Miner for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 95 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A THREE-YEAR CYCLE FOR BUILDING CODE AMENDMENTS BEGINNING IN 1999 AND TO MAKE RELATED CHANGES CONCERNING THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE BUILDING CODE. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 95

Short Title: Building Code Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Representatives (Ives;) Aldridge, Alexander, Allred, Bonner, Cansler, Capps, Davis, Easterling, Hall, McComas, Mitchell, Morris, Mosley,

Rayfield, Sexton, Sherrill, Shubert, Smith, and Yongue.

Referred to: State Government, if favorable, Commerce Subcommittee on Business and Labor.

February 11, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A THREE-YEAR CYCLE FOR BUILDING CODE AMENDMENTS BEGINNING IN 1999 AND TO MAKE RELATED CHANGES CONCERNING THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE STATE BUILDING CODE.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 143-138(a) reads as rewritten:

Preparation and Adoption. -- The Building Code Council is hereby 8 9 empowered to prepare and adopt, in accordance with the provisions of this Article, a 10 North Carolina State Building Code. Prior to the adoption of this Code, or any part 11 thereof, the Council shall hold at least one public hearing. A notice of such public 12 hearing shall be given once a week for two successive calendar weeks in a newspaper 13 published in Raleigh, said notice to be published the first time not less than 15 days 14 prior to the date fixed for said hearing. The Council may hold such other public 15 hearings and give such other notice as it may deem necessary.

16 The Council shall request the Office of State Budget and Management to prepare 17 a fiscal note for a proposed Code change that has a substantial economic impact, as 18 defined in G.S. 150B-21.4(b1). The Council shall not take final action on a proposed 19 Code change that has a substantial economic impact until at least 60 days after the 20 fiscal note has been prepared. The change can become effective only in accordance 21 with G.S. 143-138(d)."



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Section 2. G.S. 143-138(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Standards to Be Followed in Adopting the Code. -- All regulations contained 2 3 in the North Carolina State Building Code shall have a reasonable and substantial 4 connection with the public health, safety, morals, or general welfare, and their 5 provisions shall be construed liberally reasonably to those ends. Requirements of the 6 Code shall conform to good engineering practice, as evidenced generally by the 7 practice. The Council may use as guidance, but is not required to adopt, the 8 requirements of the National Building Code of the American Insurance Association, 9 formerly the National Board of Fire Underwriters, the Southern Standard Building 10 Code of the Southern Building Code Congress, the Uniform Building Code of the 11 Pacific Coast Building Officials Conference, the Basic Building Code of the Building 12 Officials Conference of America, Inc., the National Electric Code, the Life Safety 13 Code and Fire Prevention Code of the National Fire Protection Association, the 14 American Standard Safety Code for Elevators, Dumbwaiters, and Escalators, the 15 Boiler Code of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Standards of the 16 American Insurance Association for the Installation of Gas Piping and Gas 17 Appliances in Buildings, and standards promulgated by the United States of America 18 Standards Institute, formerly the American Standards Association, Underwriters' 19 Laboratories, Inc., and similar national agencies engaged in research concerning 20 strength of materials, safe design, and other factors bearing upon health and safety." 21

Section 3. G.S. 143-138(d) reads as rewritten:

"(d) Amendments of the Code. -- The Building Code Council may from time to 23 time revise and amend the North Carolina State Building Code, either on its own 24 motion or upon application from any citizen, State agency, or political subdivision of 25 the State. In adopting any amendment, the Council shall comply with the same 26 procedural requirements and the same standards set forth above for adoption of the 27 Code. Code revisions and amendments adopted by the Building Code Council on or 28 after September 1, 1997, but prior to July 1, 1998, shall become effective January 1, 29 1999. Code revisions and amendments adopted by the Building Code Council on or 30 after July 1, 1998, shall become effective January 1, 2002, or each third anniversary 31 thereafter. A revision or amendment may be made effective on an earlier date if 32 determined by the Building Code Council to be necessary to address an imminent 33 threat to the public's health, safety, or welfare.

Handbooks providing explanatory material on Code provisions shall be provided 35 no later than January 1, 2000, and shall be updated with each trienniel revision of the 36 Code or, in the discretion of the Council, more frequently. The Department may 37 charge a reasonable fee for the handbooks."

Section 4. G.S. 143-137 reads as rewritten:

39 "§ 143-137. Organization of Council; rules; meetings; staff; fiscal affairs.

(a) First Meeting; Organization; Rules. -- Within 30 days after its appointment, the 41 Building Code Council shall meet on call of the Commissioner of Insurance. The 42 Council shall elect from its appointive members a chairman and such other officers as 43 it may choose, for such terms as it may designate in its rules. The Council shall 44 adopt such rules not inconsistent herewith as it may deem necessary for the proper

Page 2 House Bill 95



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- 1 discharge of its duties. The chairman may appoint members to such committees as 2 the work of the Council may require. In addition, the chairman shall establish and appoint ad hoc code revision committees to consider and prepare revisions and 4 amendments to the Code volumes. Each ad hoc committee shall consist of members 5 of the Council, licensed contractors, and design professionals most affected by the 6 Code volume for which the ad hoc committee is responsible, and members of the public. The subcommittees shall meet upon the call of their respective chairs and shall report their recommendations to the Council.
- (b) Meetings. -- The Council shall meet regularly, at least once every six months, 10 at places and dates to be determined by the Council. Special meetings may be called 11 by the chairman on his own initiative and must be called by him at the request of two 12 or more members of the Council. All members shall be notified by the chairman in 13 writing of the time and place of regular and special meetings at least seven days in 14 advance of such meeting. Seven members shall constitute a quorum. All meetings 15 shall be open to the public.
- Staff. -- Personnel of the Division of Engineering of the Department of 17 Insurance shall serve as a staff for the Council. Such staff shall have the duties of
 - Keeping an accurate and complete record of all meetings, hearings, correspondence, laboratory studies, and technical work performed by or for the Council, and making these records available for public inspection at all reasonable times;
 - Handling correspondence for the Council. (2)
- (d) Fiscal Affairs of the Council. -- All funds for the operations of the Council 24 and its staff shall be appropriated to the Department of Insurance for the use of the 25 Council. All such funds shall be held in a separate or special account on the books 26 of the Department of Insurance, with a separate financial designation or code number 27 to be assigned by the Department of Administration or its agent. Expenditures for 28 staff salaries and operating expenses shall be made in the same manner as the 29 expenditure of any other Department of Insurance funds. The Department of 30 Insurance may hire such additional personnel as may be necessary to handle the work of the Building Code Council, within the limits of funds appropriated for the Council 32 and with the approval of the Council."

Section 5. G.S. 143-138(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) Effect upon Local Codes. -- The North Carolina State Building Code shall apply throughout the State, from the time of its adoption. However, any political 36 subdivision of the State may adopt a building code or building rules and regulations 37 governing construction or a fire prevention code within its jurisdiction. The territorial 38 jurisdiction of any municipality or county for this purpose, unless otherwise specified 39 by the General Assembly, shall be as follows: Municipal jurisdiction shall include all 40 areas within the corporate limits of the municipality and extraterritorial jurisdiction 41 areas established as provided in G.S. 160A-360 or a local act; county jurisdiction shall 42 include all other areas of the county. No such code or regulations, other than those 43 permitted by G.S. 160A-436, shall be effective until they have been officially 44 approved by the Building Code Council as providing adequate minimum standards to



House Bill 95 Page 3

1 preserve and protect health and safety, in accordance with the provisions of 2 subsection (c) above. While it remains effective, such approval shall be taken as 3 conclusive evidence that a local code or local regulations supersede the State 4 Building Code in its particular political subdivision. Whenever the Building Code 5 Council adopts an amendment to the State Building Code, it shall consider any 6 previously approved local regulations dealing with the same general matters, and it 7 shall-have authority to withdraw its approval of any such local code or regulations 8 unless the local governing body makes such appropriate amendments to that local 9 eode or regulations as it may direct. In the absence of approval by the Building Code 10 Council, or in the event that approval is withdrawn, local codes and regulations shall 11 have no force and effect. Provided any local regulations approved by the local 12 governing body which are found by the Council to be more stringent than the 13 adopted statewide fire prevention code and which are found to regulate only 14 activities and conditions in buildings, structures, and premises that pose dangers of 15 fire, explosion or related hazards, and are not matters in conflict with the State 16 Building Code, shall be approved. Local governments may enforce the fire 17 prevention code of the State Building Code using civil remedies authorized under 18 G.S. 143-139, 153A-123, and 160A-175. If the Commissioner of Insurance or other 19 State official with responsibility for enforcement of the Code institutes a civil action 20 pursuant to G.S. 143-139, a local government may not institute a civil action under 21 G.S. 143-139, 153A-123, or 160A-175 based upon the same violation. Appeals from 22 the assessment or imposition of such civil remedies shall be as provided in G.S. 23 160A-434."

Section 6. Article 9 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended 25 by adding the following new section:

26 "§ 143-138.1. Introduction and instruction of the North Carolina Building Code.

Prior to the effective date of Code changes each three years pursuant to G.S. 143-28 138, the State Building Code Council and Department of Insurance shall provide for 29 instructional classes for the various trades affected by the Code. The Department of 30 Insurance shall develop the curriculum for each class but shall consult the affected 31 licensing boards and trade organizations. The curriculum shall include explanations 32 of the rationale and need for each Code amendment or revision. Classes may also be 33 conducted by, on behalf of, or in cooperation with licensing boards, trade 34 associations, and professional societies. The Department of Insurance may charge 35 fees sufficient to recover the costs it incurs under this section. The Council shall 36 ensure that courses are accessible to persons throughout the State."

Section 7. G.S. 143-141(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Interpretations of the Code. -- The Building Code Council shall have the 39 duty, in hearing appeals, to give interpretations of such provisions of the Building 40 Code as shall be pertinent to the matter at issue. Where the Council finds that an 41 enforcement agency was in error in its interpretation of the Code, it shall remand the 42 case to the agency with instructions to take such action as it directs. Interpretations 43 by the Council and local enforcement officials shall be based on a reasonable 44 construction of the Code provisions."



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37 38 Section 8. This act is effective when it becomes law.

House Bill 95 Page 5



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Agency

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Geny F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 100, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 March 11, - 1997 Donald W. Fufford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel and Giles Perry, State

Government Committee Counsel

RE:

HOUSE BILL 95 - BUILDING CODE CHANGES - Representative Ives.

House Bill 95 establishes three-year cycles for Building Code changes, beginning in 1999, and makes several other related changes to the statutes governing the State Building Code.

Section 1 is a conforming change that make it clear that Code changes with a fiscal impact are subject to the same three-year cycle provided for in Section 3 of the bill.

Section 2 changes the standard for (judicial) interpretation of the Building Code from "construed liberally" to "construed reasonably". This section also clarifies that the Building Code Council may use the various national construction standards listed in the statutes for guidance, but it is not required to adopt them as the standard in the Code.

Section 3 provides that changes to the Building Code adopted by the Building Code Council on or after September 1, 1997, but before July 1, 1998, will become effective January 1, 1999. Thereafter changes will be made on a three-year cycle, unless determined by the Council to be needed earlier to address an imminent threat to public safety. Section 3 also requires an explanatory handbook on the Building Code to be provided no later than January 1, 2000, and updated at least every three years.

Section 4 directs the Chair of the Building Code Council to establish ad hoc revision committees that include persons in the building industry and the general public to consider and prepare revisions to the Code.

Section 5 eliminates local authority to adopt building codes, rules and regulations (local fire codes could continue to be adopted). Existing law permits the adoption of local building codes more stringent than the State Code when approved by the State Building Code Council. Currently no approved local building codes are being used anywhere in the state.



MEMORANDUM Page 2 March 11, 1997

Section 6 requires the Department of Insurance to provide instruction in new Code changes prior to the effective date of any changes. A fee may be charged by the Department to cover the cost of a course.

Section 7 makes conforming changes consistent with the changes made in Section 2 of the bill to specify that the Building Code Council and local enforcement officers shall base interpretations of the Code on "reasonable construction" of its provisions.

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The bill will be effective when it becomes law.



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT House Bill 95

AMENDMENT NO.	<i>f</i> :	`.÷		
(to be filled Principal Cle				
_	age		of	

H95-ARU-001

Date March 12 , 1997

Comm. Sub. []
Amends Title []

Representative

2	by rewriting the lines to read:
3	"after July 1, 1998, but prior to July 1, 2001, shall become
	effective January 1, 2002. All future revisions and amendments
5	shall be adopted prior to July 1 every three years after July 1,
6	2001 to become effective the first day of January of the following
	year.";
8	
	and, on page 4. line 27,
10	by deleting the words "each three years";
11	
	and, on page 5, line 1,
13	by rewriting the line to read:
14	"Section 8. Sections 3 and 6 of this act become effective
15	September 1/1997. The remainder of this act is effective when it
16	becomes/law."./
	SIGNED ()
	Amendment Sponsor
	araum.
	SIGNED
	Committee Chair if House Committee Amendment
	ADODMED MADIED MADIED
	ADOPTED FAILED TABLED

1 moves to amend the bill on page 2, lines 30 and 31,

Milly .

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

C	M	Æ	R	F

March 12, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Stewart Dickinson	Commerce Finance
Augie Harris	Commerce Dept.
Juliani	,,
COPIONER SAWYER	NCDOI
Lee Hauser	Depto of INSURANCE
JAN BOYD	Can Eled. Contas Assn.
Henry Jones	Attorney - WCAPHCC CECA
Pahicia Heasants	Spechalor
Buly Danil	DOR
Dancy Gomerans	1 1 2011
Spenso of Herzen 8	State Court Office
Thin Kent	AIA North Carolina
Jan Chuier	house CONSULTING
Mon 2000 alon	Attorney
Willing Jerrer	Viston
Deorge Farris	Contract of the
John Rish	Huntond Williams
PAUL STOCK	NC BANGER ASSN.
Mara lé Haskins	Charlotte Chamber
Kay Anderson	ATLT
ton Mixm	NC ASSOC OF RENLIDES
RF Johneld	NCJCDC
Gordon allen	NC Ba
Marker Chestrut	ASSING. FO NC Banky Comm.
Jama Hartseld	MCIC,
Ripan Wilms	NCHISH
AL ADAMS	CONSULTING ENGINEERS COUNCIL/NC
alie Farland	Electrifitis

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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

March 19,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Billy Creech, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Thomas Hardaway, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Frank Mitchell, Richard Morgan, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Jean Preston, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, March 19, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House bill 368, AN ACT TO AMEND THE WILLIAM S. LEE QUALITY JOBS AND BUSINESS EXPANSION ACT. The bill was before the committee at the last meeting when time ran out. The discussion continues as Representative Berry offers an amendment. This is the third amendment offered on the bill. Representative Sherrill moves for adoption of the amendment. A vote was taken and the amendment was adopted. Questions were taken from the committee. Mr. Rick Carlisle of the Commerce Department addressed the concerns and questions of the committee members as did staff counsel Karen Cochrane-Brown. The amended bill was rolled into a committee substitute. Representative Church moved for a favorable report on the committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill and that the bill be re-referred to Finance Committee. A vote was taken and the bill was given a favorable report and re-referred to Finance.

· The meeting was adjourned at 10:50 am.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

AGENDA

COMMERCE COMMITTEE

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1997

10:00 AM

ROOM 643 LOB

OPENING REMARKS

REP. DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

BILLS TO BE CONSIDERED

HB-368 AMEND BILL LEE ACT HB-48 DOWNTOWN DATABASE

ADJOURNMENT

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) DAVID MINER for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 368 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE WILLAM S. LEE QUALITY JOBS AND BUSINESS EXPANSION ACT. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to a committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the committee on Finance. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

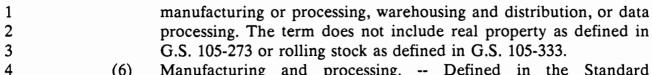
SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 368* Proposed Committee Substitute H368-PCS6114

	Short Title: Amend Bill Lee Act/AB. (Public)				
	Sponsors:				
	Referred to:				
	March 3, 1997				
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
	AN ACT TO AMEND THE WILLIAM S. LEE QUALITY JOBS AND BUSINESS				
3	EXPANSION ACT.				
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
5	Section 1. Article 3A of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes reads as				
6	rewritten:				
7	"ARTICLE 3A.				
8	"Tax Incentives for New and Expanding Businesses.				
9					
0	The following definitions apply in this Article:				
1	(1) Cost. — Defined in section 179 of the Code.				
2	(2) Data processing Defined in the Standard Industrial				
3	Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the				
4	Census. (2) Enterprise tier. The electification estimated to an error appropriate to				
5	(3) Enterprise tier The classification assigned to an area pursuant to G.S. 105-129.3.				
7	(4) Full-time job A position that requires at least 1,600 hours of				
8	work per year and is intended to be held by one employee during				
9	the entire year. A full-time employee is an employee who holds a				
20	full-time job.				
21	(5) Machinery and equipment Engines, machinery, tools, and				
22	implements that are capitalized by the taxpayer for tax purposes				
2	under the Code and are used or designed to be used in				



- (6) Manufacturing and processing. -- Defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.
- (7)Purchase. -- Defined in section 179 of the Code.
- Warehousing and distribution. -- Defined in the Standard Industrial (8) Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.

"§ 105-129.3. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Enterprise tier designation.

- (a) Tiers Defined. -- An enterprise tier one area is a county whose enterprise 13 factor is one of the 10 highest in the State. An enterprise tier two area is a county 14 whose enterprise factor is one of the next 15 highest in the State. An enterprise tier 15 three area is a county whose enterprise factor is one of the next 25 highest in the 16 State. An enterprise tier four area is a county whose enterprise factor is one of the 17 next 25 highest in the State. An enterprise tier five area is any area that is not in a 18 lower-numbered enterprise tier.
- (b) Annual Designation. -- Each year, on or before December 31, the Secretary of 20 Commerce shall assign to each county in the State an enterprise factor that is the sum 21 of the following:
 - (1) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by average rate of unemployment from lowest to highest, for the preceding three years.
 - (2) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by average per capita income from highest to lowest. lowest, for the preceding three years.
 - (3) The county's rank in a ranking of counties by percentage growth in population from highest to lowest.

The Secretary of Commerce shall then rank all the counties within the State 31 according to their enterprise factor from highest to lowest, identify all the areas of the 32 State by enterprise tier, and provide this information to the Secretary of Revenue. An 33 enterprise tier designation is effective only for the calendar year following the 34 designation.

In measuring rates of unemployment and per capita income, the Secretary shall use 36 the latest available data published by a State or federal agency generally recognized 37 as having expertise concerning the data. In measuring population growth, the 38 Secretary shall use the most recent estimates of population certified by the State 39 Planning Officer.

- (c) Exception for Enterprise Tier One Areas. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of 41 this section, an enterprise tier one area may not be redesignated as a 42 <u>higher-numbered enterprise tier area until it has been an enterprise tier one area for</u> 43 at least two consecutive years.
- 44 "\\$ 105-129.4. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Eligibility; forfeiture.

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- 1 (a) Type of Business. -- A taxpayer is eligible for a credit allowed by this Article if 2 the taxpayer engages in manufacturing or processing, warehousing or distributing, or 3 data processing, and the jobs with respect to which a credit is claimed are created in 4 that business, the machinery and equipment with respect to which a credit is claimed 5 are used in that business, and the research and development for which a credit is 6 claimed are carried out as part of that business.
- (b) Wage Standard. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for creating jobs or the 8 credit for worker training if the jobs for which the credit is claimed are located in an 9 enterprise tier one area or meet the wage standard at the time the taxpayer applies 10 for the credit. A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for investing in machinery and 11 equipment or the credit for research and development if the jobs at the location with 12 respect to which the credit is claimed are located in an enterprise tier one area or 13 meet the wage standard at the time the taxpayer applies for the credit. Jobs meet the 14 wage standard if they pay an average weekly wage that is at least ten percent (10%) 15 above the average weekly wage paid in the county in which the jobs will be located. 16 In calculating the average weekly wage of jobs, positions that pay a wage or salary at 17 a rate that exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) a year shall be excluded. 18 For the purpose of this subsection, the average wage in a county is the average wage 19 for all insured industries in the county as computed by the Employment Security 20 Commission for the most recent period for which data are available, applicable 21 average weekly wage for the county in which the jobs will be located, as computed by 22 the Secretary of Commerce from data compiled by the Employment Security 23 Commission for the most recent period for which data are available. The applicable 24 average weekly wage is the lowest of the following: (i) the average wage for all 25 insured private employers in the county, (ii) the average wage for all insured private 26 employers in the State, and (iii) the average wage for all insured private employers in 27 the county multiplied by the county income/wage adjustment factor. 28 income/wage adjustment factor is the county income/wage ratio divided by the State 29 income/wage ratio. The county income/wage ratio is the average per capita income 30 in the county divided by the annualized average wage for all insured private employers in the county. The State income/wage ratio is the average per capita 32 income in the State divided by the annualized average wage for all insured private 33 employers in the State.
- (c) Worker Training. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the tax credit for worker training 35 only for training workers who occupy jobs for which the taxpayer is eligible to claim 36 an installment of the credit for creating jobs or which are full-time positions at a 37 location with respect to which the taxpayer is eligible to claim an installment of the 38 credit for investing in machinery and equipment for the taxable year.

The credit for worker training is allowed only with respect to employees in 40 positions not classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 41 213(a)(1) and for expenditures for training that would be eligible for expenditure or 42 reimbursement under the Department of Community Colleges' New and Expanding 43 Industry Program, as determined by guidelines adopted by the State Board of 44 Community Colleges. To establish eligibility, the taxpayer must obtain as part of the

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1 application process under G.S. 105-129.6 the certification of the Department of 2 Community Colleges that the taxpayer's planned worker training would satisfy the 3 requirements of this paragraph. A taxpayer shall apply to the Department of 4 Community Colleges for this certification. The application must be on a form 5 provided by the Department of Community Colleges, must provide a detailed plan of 6 the worker training to be provided, and must contain any information required by the 7 Department of Community Colleges to determine whether the requirements of this 8 paragraph will be satisfied. If the Department of Community Colleges determines that 9 the planned worker training meets the requirements of this paragraph, the 10 Department of Community Colleges shall issue a certificate describing the location 11 with respect to which the credit is claimed and stating that the planned worker 12 training meets the requirements of this paragraph. The State Board of Community 13 Colleges may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes 14 that are needed to carry out its responsibilities under this paragraph.

- (d) Forfeiture. -- A taxpayer forfeits a credit allowed under this Article if the 16 taxpayer was not eligible for the credit at the time the taxpayer applied for the credit. 17 A taxpayer that forfeits a credit under this Article is liable for all past taxes avoided 18 as a result of the credit plus interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i), 19 computed from the date the taxes would have been due if the credit had not been 20 allowed. The past taxes and interest are due 30 days after the date the credit is 21 forfeited; a taxpayer that fails to pay the past taxes and interest by the due date is 22 subject to the penalties provided in G.S. 105-236. If a taxpayer forfeits the credit for 23 creating jobs or the credit for investing in machinery and equipment, the taxpayer 24 also forfeits any credit for worker training claimed for the jobs for which the credit 25 for creating jobs was claimed or the jobs at the location with respect to which the 26 credit for investing in machinery and equipment was claimed.
- Change in Ownership of Business. -- The sale, merger, acquisition, or 28 bankruptcy of a business, or any other transaction by which an existing business 29 reformulates itself as another business, does not create new eligibility in a succeeding 30 business with respect to credits for which the predecessor was not eligible under this 31 Article. A successor business may, however, take any installment of or carried-over 32 portion of a credit that its predecessor could have taken if it had a tax liability.
- 33 "§ 105-129.5. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Tax election; cap.
- (a) Tax Election. -- The credits provided in this Article are allowed against the 35 franchise tax levied in Article 3 of this Chapter and the income taxes levied in 36 Article 4 of this Chapter. The taxpayer shall elect the tax against which a credit will 37 be claimed when filing the application for the credit. filing the return on which the 38 first installment of the credit is claimed. This election is binding. Any carryforwards 39 of the credit must be claimed against the same tax elected in the application. tax.
- 40 (b) Cap. -- The credits allowed under this Article may not exceed fifty percent 41 (50%) of the tax against which they are claimed for the taxable year, reduced by the 42 sum of all other credits allowed against that tax, except tax payments made by or on 43 behalf of the taxpayer. This limitation applies to the cumulative amount of credit, 44 including carryforwards, claimed by the taxpayer under this Article against each tax

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1 for the taxable year. Any unused portion of the credit may be carried forward for the succeeding five years.

"§ 105-129.6. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Application; reports.

- (a) Application. -- To claim the credits allowed by this Article, the taxpayer must 4 5 provide with the tax return the certification of the Secretary of Commerce that the 6 taxpayer meets all of the eligibility requirements of G.S. 105-129.4 with respect to 7 each credit. A taxpayer shall apply to the Secretary of Commerce for certification of 8 eligibility. The application must be on a form provided by the Secretary of 9 Commerce, must specify the credit and the tax against which it will be claimed, 10 Commerce and must contain any information necessary for the Secretary of 11 Commerce to determine whether the taxpayer meets the eligibility requirements. If 12 the Secretary determines that the taxpayer meets all of the eligibility requirements of 13 G.S. 105-129.4 with respect to a credit, the Secretary shall issue a certificate 14 describing the location with respect to which the credit is claimed, specifying the tax 15 against which the credit will be claimed, outlining the eligibility requirements for the 16 credit, and stating that the taxpayer meets the eligibility requirements. If the Secretary 17 determines that the taxpayer does not meet all of the eligibility requirements of G.S. 18 105-129.4 with respect to a credit, the Secretary must advise the taxpayer in writing of 19 the eligibility requirements the taxpayer fails to meet. The Secretary of Commerce may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes that are 21 needed to carry out the Secretary of Commerce's responsibilities under this section.
 - (b) Reports. -- The Department of Commerce shall report to the Department of Revenue and to the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly by May 1 of each year the following information for the 12-month period ending the preceding April 1:
 - The number of applications for each credit allowed in this Article. (1)
 - The number and enterprise tier area of new jobs with respect to (2) which credits were applied for.
 - The cost of machinery and equipment with respect to which credits (3) were applied for.

"§ 105-129.7. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Substantiation.

To claim a credit allowed by this Article, the taxpayer must provide any 33 information required by the Secretary of Revenue. Every taxpayer claiming a credit 34 under this Article shall maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary 35 of Revenue any records the Secretary considers necessary to determine and verify the 36 amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled. The burden of proving 37 eligibility for the credit and the amount of the credit shall rest upon the taxpayer, and 38 no credit shall be allowed to a taxpayer that fails to maintain adequate records or to make them available for inspection.

"§ 105-129.8. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for creating jobs.

(a) Credit. -- A taxpayer that meets the eligibility requirements set out in G.S. 42 105-129.4, has five or more employees for at least 40 weeks during the taxable year, and hires an additional full-time employee during that year to fill a position located 44 in this State is allowed a credit for creating a new full-time job. The amount of the

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1 credit for each new full-time job created is set out in the table below and is based on 2 the enterprise tier of the area in which the position is located:

3	Area Enterprise Tier	Amount of Credit
4	Tier One	\$12,500
5	Tier Two	4,000
6	Tier Three	3,000
7	Tier Four	1,000
8	Tier Five	500

A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the employee's 10 duties are performed in the area. The credit may not be taken in the taxable year in 11 which the additional employee is hired. Instead, the credit shall be taken in equal 12 installments over the four years following the taxable year in which the additional 13 employee was hired and shall be conditioned on the continued employment by the 14 taxpayer of the number of full-time employees the taxpayer had upon hiring the 15 employee that caused the taxpayer to qualify for the credit.

If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the number 17 of the taxpayer's full-time employees falls below the number of full-time employees 18 the taxpayer had in the year in which the taxpayer qualified for the credit, the credit 19 expires and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the credit. The 20 taxpayer may, however, take the portion of an installment that accrued in a previous 21 year and was carried forward to the extent permitted under G.S. 105-129.5.

Jobs transferred from one area in the State to another area in the State shall not be 23 considered new jobs for purposes of this section. If, in one of the four years in which 24 the installment of a credit accrues, the position filled by the employee is moved to an 25 area in a higher- or lower-numbered enterprise tier, the remaining installments of the 26 credit shall be calculated as if the position had been created initially in the area to which it was moved.

- (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 111, s. 1.
- (b1), (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3.
- (d) Planned Expansion. -- A taxpayer that signs a letter of commitment with the 31 Department of Commerce to create at least twenty new full-time jobs in a specific 32 area within two years of the date the letter is signed qualifies for the credit in the 33 amount allowed by this section based on the area's enterprise tier for that year even 34 though the employees are not hired that year. The credit shall be available in the 35 taxable year after at least twenty employees have been hired if the hirings are within 36 the two-year commitment period. The conditions outlined in subsection (a) apply to a 37 credit taken under this subsection except that if the area is redesignated to a higher-38 numbered enterprise tier after the year the letter of commitment was signed, the 39 credit is allowed based on the area's enterprise tier for the year the letter was signed. 40 If the taxpayer does not hire the employees within the two-year period, the taxpayer 41 does not qualify for the credit. However, if the taxpayer qualifies for a credit under 42 subsection (a) in the year any new employees are hired, the taxpayer may take the 43 credit under that subsection.

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- (e), (f) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3 for 1 2 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996.
- 3 "§ 105-129.9. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for investing in machinery and equipment.
- 5 Credit. -- A If a taxpayer that has purchased or leased machinery and 6 equipment and places it in service in this State during the taxable year, the 7 taxpayer is allowed a credit equal to seven percent (7%) of the excess of the eligible 8 investment amount over the applicable threshold. The credit may not be taken for the 9 taxable year in which the equipment is placed in service but shall be taken in equal 10 installments over the seven years following the taxable year in which the equipment is 11 placed in service.
- (b) Eligible Investment Amount. -- The eligible investment amount is the lesser of 13 (i) the cost of the machinery and equipment and (ii) the amount by which the cost of 14 all of the taxpayer's machinery and equipment that is in service in this State on the 15 last day of the taxable year exceeds the cost of all of the taxpayer's machinery and 16 equipment that was in service in this State on the last day of the base year. The base 17 year is that year, of the three immediately preceding taxable years, in which the 18 taxpayer had the most machinery and equipment in service in this State.
- 19 (c) Threshold. -- The applicable threshold is the appropriate amount set out in the 20 following table based on the enterprise tier of the area where the machinery and 21 equipment are placed in service during the taxable year. If the taxpayer places 22 machinery and equipment in service in more than one area during the taxable year, 23 the threshold applies separately to the machinery and equipment placed in service in 24 each area.

25	Area Enterprise Tier	Threshold
26	Tier One	\$ -0-
27	Tier Two	100,000
28	Tier Three	200,000
29	Tier Four	500,000
30	Tier Five	1,000,000

(d) Expiration. -- If, in one of the seven years in which the installment of a credit 32 accrues, the machinery and equipment with respect to which the credit was claimed 33 are sold disposed of, taken out of service, or moved out of State, the credit expires 34 and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the credit. The taxpayer 35 may, however, take the portion of an installment that accrued in a previous year and 36 was carried forward to the extent permitted under G.S. 105-129.5.

If, in one of the seven years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the 38 machinery and equipment with respect to which the credit was claimed are moved to 39 an area in a higher-numbered enterprise tier, the remaining installments of the credit 40 are allowed only to the extent they would have been allowed if the machinery and equipment had been placed in service initially in the area to which they were moved.

42 "§ 105-129.10. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for research and 43 development.

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A taxpayer that claims for the taxable year a federal income tax credit under 2 section 41 of the Code for increasing research activities is allowed a credit equal to 3 five percent (5%) of the State's apportioned share of the taxpayer's expenditures for 4 increasing research activities. The State's apportioned share of a taxpayer's 5 expenditures for increasing research activities is the excess of the taxpayer's qualified 6 research expenses for the taxable year over the base amount, as determined under 7 section 41 of the Code, multiplied by a percentage equal to the ratio of the taxpayer's 8 qualified research expenses in this State for the taxable year to the taxpayer's total 9 qualified research expenses for the taxable year. As used in this section, the terms 10 'qualified research expenses' and 'base amount' have the meaning provided in 11 section 41 of the Code.

12 "§ 105-129.11. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for worker training.

- (a) Credit. -- A taxpayer that provides worker training for five or more of its 14 eligible employees during the taxable year is allowed a credit equal to fifty percent 15 (50%) of its eligible expenditures for the training. For positions located in an 16 enterprise tier one area, the credit may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per 17 employee trained during the taxable year. For other positions, the credit may not 18 exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per employee trained during the taxable year. 19 A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the employee's 20 duties are performed in the area.
- (b) Eligibility. -- The eligibility of a taxpayer's expenditures and employees is 22 determined as provided in G.S. 105-129.4."

Section 2. Article 3B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes reads as 24 rewritten:

"ARTICLE 3B.

"Business Tax Credit.

"§ 105-129.15. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Business property. -- Tangible personal property that is used by the taxpayer in connection with a business or for the production of income and is either capitalized by the taxpayer for tax purposes under the Code. Code or depreciable property the taxpayer elected to expense under section 179 of the Code. The term does not include, however, a luxury passenger automobile taxable under section 4001 of the Code or a watercraft used principally for entertainment and pleasure outings for which no admission is charged.
- (2) Cost. - Defined in section 179 of the Code.
- Purchase. Defined in section 179 of the Code. (3)

"§ 105-129.16. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for investing in business 40 41 property.

(a) Credit. -- A If a taxpayer that has purchased or leased business property and 43 places it in service in this State during the taxable year, the taxpayer is allowed a 44 credit equal to four and one-half percent (4.5%) of the cost of the property. The

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1 maximum credit allowed a taxpayer for property placed in service during a taxable 2 year is four thousand five hundred dollars (\$4,500). The entire credit may not be 3 taken for the taxable year in which the property is placed in service but must be 4 taken in five equal installments beginning with the taxable year in which the property 5 is placed in service.

- (b) Expiration. -- If, in one of the five years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the business property with respect to which the credit was claimed is sold 8 disposed of, taken out of service, or moved out of State, the credit expires and the 9 taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the credit. The taxpayer may, 10 however, take the portion of an installment that accrued in a previous year and was 11 carried forward to the extent permitted under G.S. 105-129.17.
- 12 (c) No Double Credit. -- A taxpayer that claims the credit allowed under Article 13 3A of this Chapter with respect to business property may not take the credit allowed 14 in this section with respect to the same property.

15 "§ 105-129.17. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Tax election; cap.

- Tax Election. -- The credit allowed in this Article is allowed against the 17 franchise tax levied in Article 3 of this Chapter or the income taxes levied in Article 18 4 of this Chapter. The taxpayer must elect the tax against which the credit will be 19 claimed when filing the return on which the first installment of the credit is claimed. 20 This election is binding. Any carryforwards of the credit must be claimed against the 21 same tax.
- (b) Cap. -- The credit allowed in this Article may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the tax against which it is claimed for the taxable year, reduced by the sum of all other credits allowed against that tax, except tax payments made by or on behalf of 25 the taxpayer. This limitation applies to the cumulative amount of credit, including 26 carryforwards, claimed by the taxpayer under this Article against each tax for the 27 taxable year. Any unused portion of the credit may be carried forward for the succeeding five years.

29 "§ 105-129.18. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Substantiation.

To claim the credit allowed by this Article, the taxpayer must provide any 31 information required by the Secretary of Revenue. Every taxpayer claiming a credit 32 under this Article must maintain and make available for inspection by the Secretary 33 of Revenue any records the Secretary considers necessary to determine and verify the 34 amount of the credit to which the taxpayer is entitled. The burden of proving 35 eligibility for the credit and the amount of the credit rests upon the taxpayer, and no 36 credit may be allowed to a taxpayer that fails to maintain adequate records or to 37 make them available for inspection.

38 "§ 105-129.19. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Reports.

The Department of Revenue shall report to the Legislative Research Commission 40 and to the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly by May 1 of each year the following information for the 12-month period ending the preceding April 1:

> (1) The number of taxpayers that claimed the credit allowed in this Article.

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- The cost of business property with respect to which credits were 1 (2) 2 claimed. 3
 - The total cost to the General Fund of the credits claimed." (3)
- 4 Section 3. G.S. 105-129.3(c), as enacted by this act, is effective when this 5 act becomes law and, notwithstanding G.S. 105-129.3(b), applies retroactively to 6 designations for the 1997 and later calendar years; the other amendments to G.S. 105-7 129.3 made by this act are effective when this act becomes law and apply to 8 designations for the 1998 and later calendar years. The amendments to G.S. 105-9 129.5 and G.S. 105-129.6 made by this act are effective for taxable years beginning on 10 or after January 1, 1996. The remainder of this act is effective for taxable years 11 beginning on or after January 1, 1997.



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March 19, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

Proposed Committee Substitute for House Bill 368

(Amend Bill Lee Act)

House Bill 368 amends several provisions of the William S. Lee Quality Jobs and Business Expansion Act, which provides tax incentives for new and expanding businesses. The Proposed Committee Substitute incorporates several changes to the original bill recommended by the Committee. This summary describes the entire bill as amended.

Under current law, each county is designated into one of the five enterprise tiers annually, using an enterprise factor. The bill amends the formula for calculating the enterprise factor Presently, the factor is computed annually by adding the county's ranking in unemployment,(from lowest to highest), per capita income (from highest to lowest), and percentage population growth (from highest to lowest). This bill changes the unemployment and per capita components from a one-year standing to a standing based on a three-year rolling average. In addition, this bill provides that a county which has been designated a tier one area may not be redesignated as a higher numbered tier for at least two years.

The bill also modifies the wage standard requirement of the present law, which mandates that in order to qualify for the credit, the new or expanding business must pay 110% of the average weekly wage in the county, excluding any positions which pay a wage exceeding \$100,000 per year. Under the bill, the wage standard requirement is modified in several respects; 1) jobs created in tier 1 areas are exempted from the wage standard altogether, 2) the requirement that employer's exclude positions that pay salaries in excess of \$100,000 when computing the average weekly wage is deleted, and 3) the calculation of the wage standard is modified by allowing counties to use a standard that is 10% above the lower of three calculations. The proposed committee substitute revises the three calculations as follows: 1) the average county private insured wage, 2) the average state private insured wage, or 3) the average county private insured wage multiplied by the county income/wage adjustment factor. This provision defines

the county income/wage adjustment factor as the county income/wage ratio divided by the state income/wage ratio. The income/wage ratio is the average per capita income divided by the annualized average private insured wage, in the county and state, respectively.

The proposed committee substitute also amends the definition of business property eligible for the Business Tax Credit to include depreciable property which the taxpayer elects to expense under section 179 of the Code. Under current law, the credit applies only to property the taxpayer purchases and capitalizes for tax purposes. This provision extends the credit to include leased business property.

This bill further amends the provision requiring the taxpayer to elect which tax the credit will be applied against in the application for the credit to the Secretary of Commerce. Under this bill the election would be made when the taxpayer files the return on which the first installment of the credit is claimed.

The provision in section 1 of the bill which prohibits the redesignation of tier one areas for at least two years is effective when this act becomes law and applies retroactively to designations for 1997 and later. The provisions in section 1 which modify the enterprise factor calculation is effective when it becomes law and applies to designations for 1998 and later. The amendments relating to the tax election are effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996, and the remainder of this act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1997.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

н. в. No 368	DATE _	3-12	-97
S. B. No	Д	Amendment No	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
Rep.) HIATT Sen.)			
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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT House Bill 368

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	Comm. Sub. [] Amends Title []	3-12,1997
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	moves to amend the bill on page 3, line by rewriting the lines to read: "the county multiplied by the county in the county income/wage adjustment factor ratio divided by the State income/wage income/wage ratio is average per capital by the annualized average wage for all the county. The State income/wage ration income in the State divided by the annual insured private employers in the State. SIGNED William Affaith Amendment Sponsor SIGNED Committee Chair if Senate Committee Amendment Sponsor FAILED FAILED	ncome/wage adjustment factor. or is the county income/wage ratio. The county a income in the county divided insured private employers in o is the average per capita halized average wage for all

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

H. B. No. 368, as amended	DATE
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Rep.) Berry	
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moves to amend the bill on page	, line3,
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Code. " and s	eubstituting
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the taxpager	elected to expense 79 of the Code."
under section 1	79 of the Code. "
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	SIGNED Cherie Berry
V	u
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1997 DISTRESSED COUNTY RANKING	COUNTY	JOBS TAX CREDIT (PER JOB)	INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT	MINIMUM INVESTMENT	WORKER TRAINING TAX CREDIT (PER JOB)
1	SWAIN	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
2	RICHMOND	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
3	GRAHAM	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
4	NORTHAMPTON	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
5	WARREN	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
5	HALIFAX	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
7	EDGECOMBE	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
8	ALLEGHANY	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
9	HERTFORD	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
9	ANSON	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
ii 11	HYDE	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
. 12	BERTIE	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
13	TYRELL	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
14	MITCHELL	\$12,500	7%	\$0	Up to \$1,000
14	WASHINGTON	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
16	ROBESON	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
17	MONTGOMERY	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
18	ASHE	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
19	BEAUFORT	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
20	VANCE	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
21	SCOTLAND	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
22	MARTIN	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
23	ONSLOW	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
24	BLADEN	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
25	YANCEY	\$4,000	7%	\$100,000	Up to \$500
26	COLUMBUS	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
27	MCDOWELL	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
28	CHEROKEE	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
29	PERQUIMANS	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
30	RUTHERFORD	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
31	CLAY	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
32	MADISON	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
33	PAMLICO	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
33	STANLY	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
35	WILSON	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
35	CASWELL	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
37	AVERY	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
37	JACKSON	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
39	CHOWAN	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
40	LENOIR	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
40	WAYNE	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
42	CLEVELAND	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
43	HOKE	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
44	PASQUOTANK	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
45	BRUNSWICK	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
46	WILKES	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
47	GASTON	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
48	ROCKINGHAM	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
49	CAMDEN	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500
50	HAYWOOD	\$3,000	7%	\$200,000	Up to \$500

1997 DISTRES COUN' RANKII	SED COU	JOBS UNTY CRE (PER)	DIT	INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT	MINIMUM INVESTMENT	WORKER TRAINING TAX CREDIT (PER JOB)
51	PERSON	\$	1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
52	JONES	\$	000,1	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
53	GATES	\$	1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
53	CRAVEN	\$	1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
55	GRANVIL	LE \$	1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
56	CALDWE	:LL \$	1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
56	SURRY		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
58	PENDER		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
58	CUMBER		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
60	DUPLIN		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
60	SAMPSO		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
62	HARNET		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
63	BURKE		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
64	GREENE		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
65	CARTER		,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
66	FRANKLI		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
67	WATAUG		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
68	NASH		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
69	MACON		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
70	LINCOLN		,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
71	TRANSY		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
72	DARE		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
72	ROWAN		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
74	PITT		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
75	ALEXANI		1,000	7%	\$500,000	Up to \$500
76	CATAWE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
76	DAVIE		\$500 \$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
78	YADKIN		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
79	ALAMAN		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
80	DAVIDSO		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
81	STOKES		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
81	LEE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
83	CURRITU		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
84	RANDOL		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
85	FORSYT		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
86	BUNCOM		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
86	DURHAM		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
88	NEW HA		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
89	GUILFOF		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
90	IREDELL		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
91	MOORE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
92	CABARR		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
92	HENDER		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
94	UNION		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
95	JOHNST		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
95	POLK		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
97	CHATHA		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
98	MECKLE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
99	ORANGE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500
100	WAKE		\$500	7%	\$1,000,000	Up to \$500

Note: Shaded counties are "grandfathered" and continue to receive Tier One benefits. Counties with improved rankings (from 1996-1997) that are not grandfathered receive the benefits of their new tier assignment.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMINCE 3-19-97 10:00 a.m.

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
1. Joshan Sawal	Ne Coality against Dourse Vid
2. Du ling loe	HSI
3. Kurly Kainer	alamance for Ond Con
4. Talue Beele	<u>nace</u>
5. <u>Eileen Hennessy</u>	Grampo Chah of Commore
6. Mali Haskin	Charlotte Charber of Commerce
7. Alice Garland	Elutu cites
8. Dus Harrow	Predment Notural Gas
9. Joe Perrachia	PIZOMONT NATURAL CAS G. INC
10. Paule	Laule Consulting
11. Kahilt	Beaser
22. Church Boolson	NC Financial Sus HESDC
23. Stewart Dickinson	Commerce Finance
24. Angie Harri	Commerce
25. Every Dalesio	Associated Press
26. Willie Riddick	DOR
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

March 26, 1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Daniel Blue, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, James Crawford, Billy Creech, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Cynthia Watson, Connie Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, March 26, 1997 in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House Bill 401, AN ACT TO RAISE THE CAP ON THE AMOUNT OF BONDS THAT MAY BE ISSUED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY. The bill was introduced by the bill sponsor, Rep. Dickson. This bill removes the cumulative limit on the amount of revenue bonds that the N.C. Housing Finance Agency may issue and allows the agency to make repurchase agreements with a broader range of entities. This bill was requested by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency. Questions were taken from the members. Robert Kucab, Executive Director of the Housing Finance Agency, also answered questions regarding the bill. Rep. Womble moved for a favorable report on the bill. A vote was taken and House Bill 401 was given a favorable report and re-referred to the Finance Committee.

House Bill 48, AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO MAINTAIN A DATABASE OF DOWNTOWN PROPERTIES AVAILABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL RECRUITMENT. The bill was introduced by the bill sponsor Rep. Davis. Rep. Davis explained the bill which was recommended by the Downtown Revitalization Study Committee. House Bill 48 had been reported favorably out of the Business an Labor Sub-Committee. Rep. Redwine offered an amendment and moved for adoption of the amendment. Questions were taken from the committee. Rep. Redwine offered a substitute amendment and moved for adoption of the amendment. A vote was taken and the amendment was adopted. Mr. Leo Tilly from the Commerce Department answered

questions from the Committee. Rep. Goodwin offered an amendment and moved for adoption of the amendment. A vote was taken and the amendment failed by a vote of 21-20. Rep. Davis offered an amendment and after questions from the committee, Rep. Davis withdrew his amendment. Rep. Ives moved that the bill be given a favorable report. A vote was taken and the bill was reported favorably by a vote of 22-13.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:50 am.

Representative David M. Miner, Chairman

Stephanie M. Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.
Committee Substitute for H.B. 401 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO RAISE THE CAP ON THE AMOUNT OF BONDS THAT MAY BE ISSUED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY.
☐ With a favorable report.
 With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☑
With a favorable report, as amended.
With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐
☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar.
☐ With an unfavorable report.
With recommendation that the House concur.
With recommendation that the House do not concur.
With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
☐ Without prejudice.
☐ With an indefinite postponement report.
With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 401*

Short Title: Raise HFA Bond Limit/AB.

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Representatives Dickson; and Dedmon.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Finance.

March 5, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO RAISE THE CAP ON THE AMOUNT OF BONDS THAT MAY BE 3 ISSUED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 122A-8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 122A-8. Bonds and notes.

The Agency is hereby authorized to provide for the issuance, at one time or from 8 time to time, of not exceeding one billion five hundred million dollars 9 (\$1,500,000,000) bonds of the Agency to carry out and effectuate its corporate 10 purposes; provided, however, that not more than fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) 11 bonds shall be issued prior to June 30, 1971. of bonds and notes of the Agency to 12 carry out and effectuate its corporate purposes. The Agency also is hereby authorized 13 to provide for the issuance, at one time or from time to time of (i) bond anticipation 14 notes in anticipation of the issuance of such bonds and (ii) construction loan notes to 15 finance the making or purchase of mortgage loans to sponsors of residential housing 16 for the construction, rehabilitation or improvement of residential housing; provided, 17 however, that the housing. The total amount of bonds, bond anticipation notes notes. 18 and construction loan notes outstanding at any one time shall not exceed one billion 19 five hundred million dollars (\$1,500,000,000) excluding therefrom any bond 20 anticipation notes for the payment of which bonds shall have been issued. principal of and the interest on such bonds or notes shall be payable solely from the 22 funds herein provided for such payment. Any such notes may be made payable from 23 the proceeds of bonds or renewal notes or, in the event bond or renewal note 24 proceeds are not available, such notes may be paid from any available revenues or

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1 assets of the Agency. The bonds or notes of each issue shall be dated and may be 2 made redeemable before maturity at the option of the Agency at such price or prices 3 and under such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Agency. Any such 4 bonds or notes shall bear interest at such rate or rates as may be determined by the 5 Local Government Commission of North Carolina with the approval of the Agency. 6 Notes shall mature at such time or times not exceeding 10 years from their date or 7 dates and bonds shall mature at such time or times not exceeding 43 years from their 8 date or dates, as may be determined by the Agency. The Agency shall determine the 9 form and manner of execution of the bonds or notes, including any interest coupons 10 to be attached thereto, and shall fix the denomination or denominations and the 11 place or places of payment of principal and interest, which may be any bank or trust 12 company within or without the State. In case any officer whose signature or a 13 facsimile of whose signature shall appear on any bonds or notes or coupons attached 14 thereto shall cease to be such officer before the delivery thereof, such signature or 15 such facsimile shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if 16 he had remained in office until such delivery. The Agency may also provide for the 17 authentication of the bonds or notes by a trustee or fiscal agent. The bonds or notes 18 may be issued in coupon or in registered form, or both, as the Agency may 19 determine, and provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bonds or 20 notes as to principal alone and also as to both principal and interest, and for the 21 reconversion into coupon bonds or notes of any bonds or notes registered as to both 22 principal and interest, and for the interchange of registered and coupon bonds or 23 notes. Upon the filing with the Local Government Commission of North Carolina of 24 a resolution of the Agency requesting that its bonds and notes be sold, such bonds or 25 notes may be sold in such manner, either at public or private sale, and for such price 26 as said the Commission shall determine to be for the best interest of the Agency and 27 best effectuate the purposes of this Chapter provided that such sale shall be Chapter, 28 as long as the sale is approved by the Agency. 29

The proceeds of any bonds or notes shall be used solely for the purposes for which 30 issued and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions, if any, as 31 the Agency may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds or notes or in the trust agreement hereinafter mentioned securing the same.

Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the Agency may, under like 34 restrictions, issue interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or without coupons, 35 exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds shall have been executed and are 36 available for delivery. The Agency may also provide for the replacement of any 37 bonds or notes which shall become mutilated or shall be destroyed or lost.

Bonds or notes may be issued under the provisions of this Chapter without 39 obtaining, except as otherwise expressly provided in this Chapter, the consent of any 40 department, division, commission, board, body, bureau or agency of the State, and 41 without any other proceedings or the happening of any conditions or things other 42 than those proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by this 43 Chapter and the provisions of the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds 44 or notes or the trust agreement securing the same."

Page 2 House Bill 401

Section 2. G.S. 122A-11 reads as rewritten:

"§ 122A-11. Trust funds.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, all moneys received 4 pursuant to the authority of this Chapter shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held 5 and applied solely as provided in this Chapter. The resolution authorizing any 6 obligations or the trust agreement securing the same may provide that any of such 7 moneys may be temporarily invested pending the disbursement thereof and shall 8 provide that any officer with whom, or any bank or trust company with which, such 9 moneys shall be deposited shall act as trustee of such moneys and shall hold and 10 apply the same for the purposes hereof, subject to such regulations as this Chapter 11 and such resolution or trust agreement may provide.

Any moneys received pursuant to the authority of this Chapter and any other moneys available to the Agency for investment may be invested: 13

- As provided in G.S. 159-30, except that for purposes of G.S. 159-30(b) the Agency may deposit moneys at interest in banks or trust companies outside as well as in this State, provided any such as long as any moneys at deposit outside this State are collateralized to the same extent and manner as if at deposit in this
- (2) In evidences of ownership of, or fractional undivided interests in, future interest and principal payments on either direct obligations of the United States government or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are guaranteed by the United States government, which obligations are held by a bank or trust company organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America or any state in the capacity of custodian;
- In obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through (3) securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage Association;
- In a trust certificate or similar instrument evidencing an equity (4) investment in a trust or other similar arrangement which is formed for the purpose of issuing obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through or participation certificates guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association; and
- (5) In repurchase agreements with respect to either direct obligations of the United States government or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are guaranteed by the United States government if all of the following conditions are met: entered into with a broker or dealer, as defined by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which is a dealer recognized as a primary dealer by a Federal Reserve Bank, or any commercial bank, trust company or

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1		nati	onal banking association, the deposits of which are insured by
2		the-	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any successor
3		ther	reof if
4		<u>a.</u>	The repurchase agreement is entered into with an institution
5			whose ability to pay its unsecured long-term obligations
6			(including, if the institution is an insurance company, its
7			claims paying ability) is rated in one of the two highest
8			ratings categories by a nationally recognized securities rating
9			agency. If the term of the repurchase agreement is for a
10			period of one year or less, however, the repurchase
11			agreement may be entered into with an institution that does
12			not have such a long-term rating if its ability to pay its
13			unsecured short-term obligations is rated in one of the two
14			highest ratings categories by a nationally recognized
15			securities rating agency. If the institution with which the
16			agreement is to be entered does not meet the ratings
17			requirement of this subparagraph, the repurchase agreement
18			may nevertheless be entered into with the institution if the
19			obligations of the institution under the repurchase
20			agreement are fully guaranteed by another institution that
21			does meet the ratings requirement of this subparagraph.
22		<u>b.</u>	The repurchase agreement provides that it shall be
23		<u> </u>	terminated, without penalty, if the institution with which the
24			repurchase agreement is entered or by whom the
25			institution's obligations are guaranteed fails to maintain (i)
26			in the event that the repurchase agreement was entered into
27			in reliance upon the rating of the institution's long-term
28			obligations, a rating of its long-term obligations in one of the
29			three highest ratings categories by at least one nationally
30			recognized securities rating agency, or (ii) in the event that
31			the repurchase agreement was entered into in reliance upon
32			the rating of the institution's short-term obligations, a rating
33			of its short-term obligations in one of the two highest ratings
34			categories by at least one nationally recognized securities
35			rating agency. The repurchase agreement does not have to
36			be terminated, however, if a new guarantor meeting the
37			rating requirement set forth in subparagraph a. as the
38			requirement necessary for the Agency to enter the
39			repurchase agreement agrees to fully guarantee the
40			obligations of the institution under the repurchase
41			agreement.
42	a.	<u>c.</u>	such The obligations that are subject to such the repurchase
43	u.	<u>v.</u>	agreement are delivered (in physical or in book entry form)
44			to the Agency, or any financial institution serving either as
77			to the Agency, or any intancial institution serving either as

Page 4

1		trustee for obligations issued by the Agency or as fiscal
2		agent for the Agency or the State Treasurer or are
3		supported by a safekeeping receipt issued by a depository
4		satisfactory to the Agency, provided that such Agency. The
5		repurchase agreement must provide that the value of the
6		underlying obligations shall be maintained at a current
7		market value, calculated at least daily, of not less than one
8		hundred percent (100%) of the repurchase price; price. The
9		financial institution serving either as trustee or as fiscal
10		agent for the Agency holding the obligations subject to the
11		repurchase agreement hereunder or the depository issuing
12		the safekeeping receipt shall not be the provider of the
13		repurchase agreement.
14	b. <u>d.</u>	a A valid and perfected first security interest in the
15		obligations which are the subject of such the repurchase
16		agreement has been granted to the Agency or its assignee or
17		book entry procedures, conforming, to the extent
18		practicable, with federal regulations and satisfactory to the
19		agency have been established for the benefit of the Agency
20		or its assignee; assignee.
21	e. <u>e.</u>	such The securities are free and clear of any adverse third
22		party claims; and third-party claims.
23	d. <u>f.</u>	such The repurchase agreement is in a form satisfactory to
24		the Agency."
25	Section 3.	This act is effective when it becomes law.

House Bill 401 Page 5



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

e W. Robinson, Director Inistrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 919) 733-7500

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March 26, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel and Sabra Faires, Counsel to the

Senate Finance Committee

RE: House Bill 401 - Raise Housing Finance Agency Bond Limit -

Representative Dickson

House Bill 401 removes the cumulative limit on the amount of revenue bonds that the N.C. Housing Finance Agency may issue and allows the agency to make repurchase agreements with a broader range of entities. This bill was requested by the North Carolina Housing Finance Agency.

Two limits currently apply to the amount of bonds the Agency can issue. One limit is a cumulative, life-of the Agency, limit. Under this limit, the Agency cannot issue more than \$1.5 billion in bonds throughout the period of the Agency's existence. The other limit is a limit on how many bonds can be outstanding at any time. This limit is also \$1.5 billion. To determine if this limit has been reached, the amount of bonds that have been repaid are subtracted from the amount of bonds that have been issued. The bill deletes the first, cumulative limit but retains the second limit on the amount that can be outstanding at any one time. The Agency has thus far issued \$1.35 billion in bonds and has \$865 million outstanding.

Current law allows the Agency to invest its funds in repurchase agreements. A repurchase agreement is an agreement for the Agency to buy securities, such as U.S. obligations, from a person for a period of time and then, at the end of that period, to resell the securities to the person that sold them. This provides a way for the Agency to invest its funds in securities for a specified period of time while waiting to use the funds at a later date.



Under current law, the Agency can make a repurchase agreement only with brokers that have a certain status and banks whose deposits are federally insured. The solvency of the party to the repurchase agreement is important because, at the end of

MEMORANDUM March 25, 1997 Page 2

the agreed-upon period, that party must have adequate resources to fulfill the obligation to repurchase the securities. The bill allows the agency to make a repurchase agreement with any of the following:

- 1. An entity that has a AAA or AA rating.
- An entity that does not have the required rating, if the entity's performance of the agreement to repurchase the securities is guaranteed by an entity that as a AAA or AA rating.

The bill requires a repurchase agreement to be canceled if the credit rating of the party to the agreement falls below a certain level. For long-term obligations, the entity must not fall below an A rating. For short-term obligations, the entity must not fall below an AA rating. The cancellation is not required, however, if an entity with the required rating guarantees the performance.

The bill adds a safeguard concerning repurchase agreements. It prohibits a person who has possession of the securities that are the subject of the agreement from being the same person that made the agreement.

The purpose of the Housing Finance Agency is to provide financing for residential housing for moderate and low-income individuals. It is governed by a 13-member board appointed by the General Assembly, the Governor, and these appointees.

The changes are effective when the bill becomes law.

If reported favorable, the bill will be serially referred to House Finance.



March 25, 1997

A self-supporting public agency

Representative Dub Dickson 530 Legislative Office Building Raleigh, NC 27601-2808

A. Robert Kucab Executive Director Dear Representative Dickson:

PO Box 28066 Raleigh, NC

House Bill 401 removes the agency's "life time" limit of \$1.5 billion for bonds issued and updates language on investment agreements to increase the number of bidders.

27611-8066

A few facts for the committee meeting:

our limit for total bonds issued was set at \$200 million in 1974

our bond limit has been raised 3 times to the current \$1.5 billion

we have issued new bonds of \$1.35 billion and we will reach \$1.5 billion during 1997 (note: this does exclude refunding bonds)

our statute will still have a limit of \$1.5 billion for active bonds outstanding

we have \$865 million of bonds outstanding and all bonds have a AA credit rating

we have helped 42,200 first-time buyers and produced 7,924 rental units

we have supported 19,700 jobs and generated \$216.5 million of new tax revenue

after each bond sale we need to "park" proceeds in investment agreements before we buy mortgages

the current investment agreement language limits bidders to one or two firms

the change in investment agreement language will increase the number of eligible bidders and enable us to earn \$50,000 more on a typical bond issue.

all investment agreements are fully collateralized with a third party

The Treasurer's Office agrees with the changes. If you have questions, please call me at 571-4800.

Thanks for handling the bill.

Executive Director

Suite 200 Raleigh, NC 27607-2926

3801 Lake Boone Trail

919-781-6115 x. 919-781-5623

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 48

Short Title: Downtown Database. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Davis, Brawley, Fox, Hill; Allred, Moore, Mosley, Rogers, and Tolson.

Referred to: Commerce Subcommittee on Business and Labor.

February 5, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO MAINTAIN A DATABASE OF DOWNTOWN PROPERTIES AVAILABLE FOR 3 INDUSTRIAL RECRUITMENT. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 143B-431 is amended by adding a new subsection (c1) to 6 7 read: "(c1) The Department of Commerce shall maintain a computerized database of 8 9 downtown properties available for industrial recruitment and shall make information 10 contained in the database available to the public including industry, municipalities, 11 and counties." 12 Section 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

March 19, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Counse

RE:

House Bill 48 - Downtown Database

House Bill 48 was recommended by the Downtown Revitalization Study Committee. The bill adds a provision to G.S. 143B-431 to require the Department of Commerce to maintain a computerized database of properties in downtown areas which are available for industrial recruitment. The information is to be available to the public, particularly to industry and local governments.

The Study Committee found that a database in the Department of Commerce of downtown properties available for industrial use would provide valuable assistance to industries interested in locating in downtown areas and to local governments in recruiting such businesses. Currently, there is no central location where such information can be obtained on a Statewide basis. The Committee concluded that since downtown areas already possess the water, sewer, electric, telecommunications and road infrastructures necessary for business and industry, the State's past investments in these infrastructures areas are well served by the recruitment of business to downtowns.

The bill was considered by the Subcommittee on Business and Labor. The subcommittee adopted an amendment adding regional economic development partnerships to the entities having access to the database, and recommended a favorable report for the bill as amended.

This act would become effective July 1, 1997.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No.	04
9	H. B. No	DATE March 26, 1997
	S. B. No	Amendment No.
	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	Rep. Redure	•
	Sen.)	
	,	
	1 moves to amend the bill on page	, line <u>5 /0 4 / /</u>
2	2 () WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE	4
3	3 by rewriting the line	510 read:
4	4	
5	5 "contained in the a	s to read: Valabase available to the
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. 15	15	
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		SIGNED
	ADOPTEDFAILED	TABLED



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT House Bill 48

	AMENDMENT NO(to be filled in by Principal Clerk) H48-ARO-002 Page 1 of
	Date March 36 ,1997 Comm. Sub. [] Amends Title []
	Representative Goodwin
	moves to amend the bill on page 1, line 11, by adding the following sentence to the end of the line:
4 5 6 7 8	'The database shall include the location of such downtown property, a description of the size, buildings present, available utilities and infrastructure, plus any other data provided by the community, such as cultural and educational data.'"
	SIGNED War on Boodun' Amendment Sporsor
	SIGNEDCommittee Chair if Senate Committee Amendment
	ADOPTED FAILED TABLED

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE	MARCH 26, 1997
Name of Committee	Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
Bill KAIKhof	DOWNTOWN DURLAW INC HB# 48	3
RAY GIBBS	DOWNTOWN DURLAW INC HB# 48 DOWNTOWN SMITHFIELD DEV. CORV.	
Leo Villes	Commerce	
angie Hahris	11	
BOBKUCAB	NC HOUSING FINANCE	
Travic Porter	Porter + Steel	
Sandra Long	Portu + Stul	
Oak MILL	SCENIC MC	
4,1444		

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

April 2, 1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Timothy Tallent, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Richard Morgan, Mia Morris, Mia Morris Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Liston Ramsey, David Redwine, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, April 2, 1997 in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House bill 400, entitled AN ACT TO REWRITE THE AUTHORITY OF THE STATE BANKING COMMISSION TO ASSESS BANKS AND CONSUMER FINANCE LICENSEES FOR THE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF BANKS. Rep. Tim Tallent, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Hal Lingerfelt, Banking Commissioner, and Chuck Barber of NC Consumer Finance were recognized and addressed the committee. Questions were taken from several committee members. Rep. McCombs moved to give the bill a favorable report. The bill was voted on and given a favorable report.

House bill 447, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO EMPLOYERS WITH HIGH WORKERS' COMPENSATION RATE MODIFIERS. Rep. Carpenter, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. This bill would require the Dept. of Labor to offer technical assistance on how to reduce injuries and illnesses in the workplace to employers who have workers compensation rate modifiers of 1.5 or greater. Questions were taken from the committee. Before a vote could be taken, it was time for adjournment.

House bill 495, was assigned to the Commerce sub-committee on Public Utilities.

The committee was adjourned at 10:50 am.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REWRITE THE AUTHORITY OF H.B. 400 THE STATE BANKING COMMISSION TO ASSESS BANKS AND CONSUMER FINANCE LICENSEES FOR THE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF BANKS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY

 Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the bill is placed on the Calendar of
 The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is (ordered engrossed and) rereferred to the Committee on
 The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is placed on the Consent Calendar of The original bill/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
 The bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
 On motion of (Rep
 Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the (House)committee substitute bill (No)/resolution is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill) (House Committee Substitute Bill No)/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
 On motion of Rep, (the rules are suspended) (Rule is suspended) and the bill/resolution is placed on today's calendar. (for immediate consideration.)
 On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
 On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
 Rep offers Amendment No which (is adopted.) (fails of adoption.) (by EV) () This amendment changes the title.
 The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its second reading (by following vote, RC) (, by EV,) and (remains on the Calendar,) (and there being no objection is read a third time).
 The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its third reading (by the following vote,
 On motion of Rep, the House concurs in the (material) Senate (by the following vote, RC) (, by EV,) and the hill is ordered enrolled

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 400

Short Title: Bank Assessments/AB.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representatives Tallent and Ramsey.	
Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Finance.	
March 5, 1997	
A BILL TO BE ENTIT	CLED
AN ACT TO REWRITE THE AUTHORITY	
COMMISSION TO ASSESS BANKS AND CO	NSUMER FINANCE LICENSEES
FOR THE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATI	ON OF THE OFFICE OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF BANKS.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
Section 1. G.S. 53-122 reads as rewritte	en:
"§ 53-122. Fees for examinations and other services	
(a) For the purpose of paying the salaries	
operating and maintaining the office of the Con	
examiners, assistant State bank examiners, elerks, s	
of the Commissioner of Banks, banks and consum	
under the authority of Chapter 53 of the General S	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and assessments shall be paid into the office of the	ne Commissioner of Banks: Banks
within 10 days after the assessment:	and limited sources facility of any
	each limited service facility of any the State of North Carolina is
	nination by the Commissioner of
	usiness or is in process of voluntary
	ys after the assessment has been
•	Commissioner of Banks according
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	by its report of condition made to
to its total resources as shown t	by its report of condition inducto

the Commissioner of Banks at the close of business December 31,

1978, and on the thirty-first day of December, or the date most

nearly approximating same of each year thereafter on which a report of condition is made to the Commissioner of Banks not in excess of the following fees for its annual examination: eighty-five dollars (\$85.00) for the first one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of assets or less, twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction in excess thereof, and three dollars and fifty cents (\$3.50) for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction thereof of trust assets, which said-trust assets shall not include real estate carried as such; provided, however, with respect to loan agencies or brokers subject to the provisions of Article 15 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, the fee shall be one hundred seventy dollars (\$170.00) for the first one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of assets or less, and twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction in excess thereof.

- $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ All examinations made other than those provided for in subdivision (1) hereof shall be deemed special examinations and for such special examination the bank shall pay into the office of the Commissioner of Banks the following fees for each special examination: eighty-five dollars (\$85.00) for the first one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of assets or less, twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each one hundred-thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction in excess thereof, and three dollars and fifty cents (\$3.50) for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction thereof of trust assets, which said trust assets shall not include real-estate carried as such; provided, however, with respect to loan agencies or brokers subject to the provisions of Article 15 of Chapter 53 of the General Statutes, the fee shall be one hundred seventy dollars (\$170.00) for the first one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of assets or less, and twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) or fraction in excess thereof. The fees paid for special examination shall be based on the assets of the bank examined as of the date of such examination.
- Banks. -- Each bank shall pay a cumulative assessment based on its total assets, as shown on its report of condition made to the Commissioner of Banks as of December 31 each year or the date most nearly approximating the same, not to exceed the amount determined by applying the following schedule: (i) on the first fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) of assets, or fraction thereof, six thousand dollars (\$6,000); (ii) on assets over fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000), but not more than two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000), twelve dollars (\$12.00) per one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or fraction thereof; (iii) on assets over two hundred fifty million dollars (\$250,000,000), but not more than five

1		hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), nine dollars (\$9.00) per
2		one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or fraction thereof; (iv)
3		on assets over five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), but not
4		more than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), seven dollars
5		(\$7.00) per one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or fraction
6		thereof; (v) on assets over one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000), but
7		not more than ten billion dollars (\$10,000,000,000), five dollars
8		(\$5.00) per one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), or fraction
9		thereof; and (vi) on assets over ten billion dollars
10		(\$10,000,000,000), three dollars (\$3.00) per one hundred thousand
11		dollars (\$100,000), or fraction thereof. Additionally, each bank
12		shall pay an assessment on trust assets held by it in the amount of
13		one dollar (\$1.00) per one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of
14		the assets, or fraction thereof; except that banks are not required to
15		pay assessments on real estate held as trust assets.
16	<u>(2)</u>	Consumer Finance Licensees Each consumer finance licensee
17		shall pay an assessment not to exceed eighteen dollars (\$18.00) per
18		one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) of assets, or fraction
19		thereof, plus a fee of three hundred dollars (\$300.00) per office;
20		provided, however, a consumer finance licensee shall pay a
21		minimum annual assessment of not less than five hundred dollars
22		(\$500.00). The assessment shall be determined on a consumer
23		finance licensee's total assets as shown on its report of condition
24		made to the Commissioner of Banks as of December 31 each year,
25		or the date most nearly approximating the same.
26	(3)	Special Assessment If the Commissioner of Banks determines
27		that the financial condition or manner of operation of a bank or
28		consumer finance licensee warrants further examination or an
29		increased level of supervision, or in the event of a merger or
30		conversion of a savings institution organized under State or federal
31		law into a bank, or conversion of a federally chartered bank into a
32	•	State bank, the institutions may be subject to assessment not to
33		exceed the amount determined in accordance with the schedule set
34		forth in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section for banks
35		or subdivision (2) for consumer finance licensees.

(3) (b) The Commissioner of Banks State Banking Commission may by rule set 37 the amount to be collected for processing any application or petition proceeding 38 required by law to be filed with the Commissioner and for obtaining copies of any publication or public record of the Banking Commission.

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(4) (c) In all civil and criminal cases tried in any of the courts of this State 41 wherein any of the employees of the Commissioner of Banks are used as witnesses, a 42 fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) per day day, to be determined by the presiding judge, and 43 actual expenses incurred shall be allowed such witnesses and the same shall be paid 44 to the Commissioner of Banks by the clerk of the court of the county in which the

House Bill 400 Page 3 1 case is tried and thereafter charged in bill of costs as are other costs incurred in the 2 trial; and in all civil actions tried in any of the courts of this State, wherein any of the 3 employees of the Commissioner of Banks are required as witnesses, the party 4 requiring such employee as witness shall deposit with the Commissioner of Banks 5 when the subpoena is served a sufficient sum to cover the witness fee of ten dollars 6 (\$10.00) per day and expenses, and such sums as may thus be advanced shall 7 thereafter be charged in the bill of costs as other costs are charged. All sums paid 8 under this subdivision shall be paid to the Commissioner of Banks as are fees for 9 examination and used in like manner. matter.

- (5) (d) The total compensation and necessary traveling expenses of the employees 11 office of the Commissioner of Banks shall not in any one year exceed the total fees 12 collected under the provisions of this section, provided such the expenses and 13 empensation may exceed the total fees collected in any year when surplus funds are 14 available.
- 15 (6) (e) In the first half of each calendar year, the State Banking Commission shall 16 review the estimated cost of maintaining the office of the Commissioner of Banks for 17 the next fiscal year. If the estimated fees and assessments provided for under 18 subdivisions (1) and (2) this section shall exceed the estimated cost of maintaining the 19 office of the Commissioner of Banks for the next fiscal year, then the State Banking 20 Commission may reduce by uniform percentage the fees provided for in subdivisions 21 (1) and (2) of this section but not in a percentage greater than fifty percent (50%) nor 22 to an amount which will reduce the amount of the fees to be collected below the 23 estimated cost of maintaining the office of the Commissioner of Banks for the next 24 fiscal year, this section. If the estimated fees and assessments provided for under 25 subdivisions (1) and (2) this section shall be less than the estimated cost of 26 maintaining the office of the Commissioner of Banks for the next fiscal year, then the 27 State Banking Commission may increase by uniform percentage the fees provided for 28 in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this section to an amount which will increase the 29 amount of the fees and assessments to be collected to an amount at least equal to the 30 estimated cost of maintaining the office of the Commissioner of Banks for the next 31 fiscal year. Such fees shall be reduced whenever a surplus exists which exceeds the 32 estimated cost of operating the office of the Commissioner of Banks for one year; 33 even if such reduction shall result in the collection of a smaller sum than the 34 estimated cost of maintaining the office of the Commissioner of Banks for that year. 35 In no event shall any surplus at the end of any fiscal year resulting from the 36 collection of fees and assessments pursuant to this section revert to the general fund.
 - (f) The Commissioner of Banks may collect the assessments provided for in subsection (a) of this section annually or in periodic installments as approved by the State Banking Commission."

Section 2. G.S. 53-184(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Each licensee shall file annually with the Commissioner of Banks on or 42 before the thirty-first day of March for the 12 months' period ending the preceding December 31, reports on forms prescribed by the Commissioner. Such reports 44 Reports shall disclose in detail and under appropriate headings the resources, assets

Page 4

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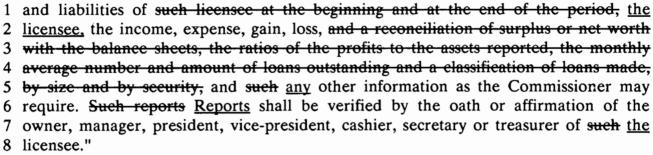
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House Bill 400

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Section 3. G.S. 53-184(d) is repealed.

Section 4. This act becomes effective January 1, 1998, and applies to assessments due for years beginning with 1998.

House Bill 400 Page 5



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

March 26, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM: Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel 408-

RE: House Bill 400 - Bank Assessments/AB

House Bill 400 amends G.S. 53-122 to rewrite the provisions relating to fees and assessments which banks and consumer finance licensees are charged for the maintenance and operation of the office of the Commissioner of Banks.

Under current law, banks are assessed \$85 for the first \$100,000 of assets and \$12 per \$100,000 for assets in excess of \$100,000. The assessment must be paid within ten days of the assessment which is based on the annual report of total assets which the bank makes to the Commissioner. Trust assets are currently assessed at the rate of \$3.50 for each \$100,000, and consumer finance licensees are assessed at \$170 for the first \$100,000 of assets and \$12 per \$100,000 for assets in excess of \$100,000.

This bill proposes the following schedule for banks: \$6,000 on the first \$50,000,000 of assets; \$12 per \$100,000 on assets between \$50,000,000 and \$250,000,000;\$9 per \$100,000 on assets between \$250,000,000 and \$500,000,000; \$7 per \$100,000 on assets between \$500,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000; \$5 per \$100,000 on assets between \$1,000,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000; and \$3 per \$100,000 on assets in excess of \$10,000,000,000. In addition, banks must pay an assessment of \$1 per \$100,000 on trust assets. Consumer finance licensees will be assessed at the rate of \$18 per \$100,000 of assets plus \$300 per office, with a minimum annual assessment of \$500.

The Commissioner of Banks is also authorized to make special assessments when it is determined that further examinations or increased supervision is necessary. A special assessment may not exceed the amount determined by the initial assessment.

The bill also changes the fee of \$10 per day which is charged in civil and criminal cases when employees of the Commissioner of Banks are used as witnesses. This bill allows the presiding

judge to determine the per day fee which will be charged at the end of the trial along with other costs.

The Commissioner retains the authority to increase or decrease assessments when warranted to meet the office's operating expenses. However, this bill deletes the provision that the Commissioner may not reduce the fees and assessments by more than fifty percent for any one year.

Section 2 of the bill revises the provision relating to the reports which must be filed by consumer finance licensees to update the language.

Section 3 deletes an outdated provision which requires consumer finance affiliates to file composite financial reports. The all now file consolidated reports.

The act is made effective January 1, 1998 and applies to assessments due for years beginning with 1998.

REVISION OF BANK AND CONSUMER FINANCE ASSESSMENTS HOUSE BILL 400

In response to a state audit of the Office of the Commissioner of Banks, the North Carolina Banking Commission conducted a study of (1) the cost of examining the various industries under the supervision of the Banking Commission; (2) the method of calculating the annual assessment of state-chartered banks and consumer finance licensees; (3) fee structures of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and our sister states; (4) changes in the banking industry since the last revision of the assessment schedule in 1979; and (5) clarification of existing language within the current statute.

Findings of the study included:

- the current assessment schedule is not fair and causes a disproportionate burden on large banks, while the assessment on some banks did not cover the direct cost of their examinations;
- bank assessments are currently supplementing the cost of regulating non-bank operations in the agency; and
- our current assessment schedule places North Carolina at a competitive disadvantage in maintaining a state-chartered system in an interstate banking environment.

House Bill 400 addresses the concerns of the Banking Commission. The proposed bill more evenly distributes the cost of operating the Office of the Commissioner of Banks among the state-chartered banks and non-bank operations supervised by the agency. Flexibility is maintained in the proposed bill to allow the Banking Commissioner to adjust the assessments within a stated range to ensure adequate funding for the agency. The total assessments under the proposed bill will be less than the current statute. Most state-chartered banks will see a decrease in their assessments, and the consumer finance licensees will see an increase in their assessments.

The proposed bill has been discussed at several meetings of the State Banking Commission and with the trade associations of the banking and consumer finance industries. We know of no opposition to the bill.

BANK ASSESSMENT CALCULATIONS

CURRENT ST	ATUTE	PROPOSED BILL	
First \$100,000 of Assets	\$85	First \$50 Million of Assets \$6,000	
Assets Over \$100,000	\$12 per \$100,000	\$50 Million-\$250 Million \$12 Per \$100,000	,
		\$250 Million-\$500 Million \$9 Per \$100,000	,
		\$500 Million- \$1 Billion \$7 Per \$100,000)
		\$1 Billion-\$10 Billion	
	-	Assets Over \$10 Billion \$3 Per \$100,000	0
Estimated Annual Assessn	nent \$6,045,000	Estimated Annual Assessment \$3,071,000	

CONSUMER FINANCE ASSESSMENT CALCULATION

CURRENT STATUTE	PROPOSED BILL
First \$100,000 of Assets \$170	\$18 Per \$100,000 of Assets
Assets over \$100,000 \$12 per \$100,000	Plus \$300 per Office
	Minimum Annual Assessment \$500
Estimated Annual Assessment \$ 304,000	Estimated Annual Assessment \$494,000

STATE-CHARTERED COMMERCIAL BANK HISTORICAL PROFILE 1979 - 1996

No. of Banks	Total Assets
57	7,201,055,000
56	7,641,345,000
52	8,675,501,000
50	9,461,674,000
50	10,213,510,000
46	11,606,443,000
46	10,361,363,000
49	12,403,815,000
53	13,590,301,000
56	15,204,120,000
62	16,845,388,000
63	21,858,311,000
66	23,759,310,000
64	25,539,715,000
57	30,617,010,000
54	33,513,073,000
50	44,915,467,000
46	49,146,314,000
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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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APRIL 2, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
JOE PENNACH.A	Piermont Natural Gas - Charlette
Stunst Dixor	N.C. NATURAL BAS CORD, - FAYEBEVILLE
Matelia Stroke in	Charleyse Chambren
Date Badgett	Greater Mount Airy Chamber
Deborak Lamm	Dept of Commerce / Energy
Ed Bruse	R W Borne
Koes estinal	SCEF BONEY N-27807
Gisele Rankin	Public Staff - NCUC
Sam Kirky	Neue
Drawy Calbuth	NC DOC
June Smith	NC OCOB
This M. Freacher	Synt Commission of Ranks
McNeil Chatmast	AG'S OFFICE
Hal Lingartost	Comm. Bks.
Rob Sch. hild	NEJODE
PAGE STOCK	NE BANKERS ASSOCIATION
LOOPER	CSX CORP
Jan Joshen	Inform Inc. / C/A
Charly & Dobain	No Finail Sis 15500
Jordon Allen	NCBA
Jum Elres	MECIPAS CONSULTIN
Becky Brown	Kabor
Bill Me Aulay	PSNC
Doug Haven	NCPMA
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Charle Heffen	Lakon Dept
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

April 23,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Rex Baker, Daniel Blue, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Billy Creech, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, April 23, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House Bill 990, entitled AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN NONPROFIT AND CONSUMER-OWNED WATER OR SEWER UTILITIES FROM REGULATION BY THE UTILITIES COMMISSION. Rep. Church, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Rep. Church offered an amendment. The amendment was adopted. The amended bill was made into a committee substitute. Rep. Creech moved for a favorable report as to the committee substitute and unfavorable to the original bill. The motion passed. The bill was voted upon and given a favorable report for the committee substitute.

House Bill 899, entitled AN ACT TO MODIFY THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURES UPON THE SALE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES. Rep. Howard, the bill sponsor, explained the bill and moved for adoption of a committee substitute. The motion was adopted and the committee substitute was before the committee. Questions were offered by the committee. Tim Minton, from the North Carolina Realtors Association, addressed the committee and their questions. Steve Reinhard of Johnson, Mercer, and Hearn Attorneys at Law addressed the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Walker Reagan, Staff Counsel, to answer questions. Rep. Nye moved for a favorable report as to the committee substitute and unfavorable to the original bill. The

motion passed. The bill was voted upon and given a favorable report for the committee substitute.

House Bill 940, entitled AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT A REAL ESTATE BROKER AND REAL ESTATE SALESPERSON ARE NOT EMPLOYEES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT. Rep. Redwine, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Questions were offered by the committee. Tim Minton, from the North Carolina Realtors Association, addressed the committee and their questions. Rep. Blue moved for a favorable report and be re-referred to the House Insurance Committee. The bill was re-referred to the House Insurance Committee.

House Bill 414, entitled AN ACT RELATING TO SEVERANCE PAY FOR THE PURPOSES OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS. Rep. Redwine, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Rep. Redwine offered an amendment. The amendment was adopted. The amended bill was made into a committee substitute. Rep. Redwine moved for a favorable report as to the committee substitute and unfavorable to the original bill. The bill was voted upon and given a favorable report to the committee substitute.

House Bill 871, entitled AN ACT AMENDING THE WAGE AND HOUR ACT TO RAISE THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE, TO PERMIT EMPLOYERS SUBJECT TO THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE TO TAKE THE SAME TIP CREDIT AS FEDERALLY COVERED EMPLOYERS, AND TO EXEMPT COMPUTER PROFESSIONALS FROM MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME PROVISIONS. Rep. Berry, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Rep. Womble moved for a favorable report. The bill was voted upon and given a favorable report.

Chairman Miner assigned House Bill 1125, entitled AN ACT TO REVISE THE CLASSIFICATION OF LENDERS WHO MAY CONTRACT FOR THE PAYMENT OF CHARGES IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, to the House Commerce Subcommittee on Financial Institutions.

The committed was adjourned at 10:55 a.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN NONPROFIT AND CONSUMER-OWNED WATER OR SEWER UTILITIES FROM REGULATION BY THE UTILITIES COMMISSION. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. ☐ With an unfavorable report. ☐ With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1997 SESSION

S.L. 1997-437 HOUSE BILL 990

AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN NONPROFIT AND CONSUMER-OWNED WATER OR SEWER UTILITIES AND CERTAIN SMALL WATER OR SEWER UTILITIES FROM REGULATION BY THE UTILITIES COMMISSION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 62-3(23) reads as rewritten:

"(23) a. 'Public utility' means a person, whether organized under the laws of this State or under the laws of any other state or country, now or hereafter owning or operating in this State

equipment or facilities for:

1. Producing, generating, transmitting, delivering or furnishing electricity, piped gas, steam or any other like agency for the production of light, heat or power to or for the public for compensation; provided, however, that the term 'public utility' shall not include persons who construct or operate an electric generating facility, the primary purpose of which facility is for such person's own use and not for the primary purpose of producing electricity, heat, or steam for sale to or for the public for compensation;

- 2. Diverting, developing, pumping, impounding, distributing or furnishing water to or for the public for compensation, or operating a public sewerage system for compensation; provided, however, that the term 'public utility' shall not include any person or company whose sole operation consists of selling water to less than 10 15 residential customers, except that any person or company which constructs a water system in a subdivision with plans for 10 15 or more lots and which holds itself out by contracts or other means at the time of said construction to serve an area containing more than 10 15 residential building lots shall be a public utility at the time of such planning or holding out to serve such 10 15 or more building lots, without regard to the number of actual customers connected;
- 3. Transporting persons or household goods by street, suburban or interurban bus or railways for the public for compensation;

- 4. Transporting persons or household goods by railways or motor vehicles, or any other form of transportation for the public for compensation, except motor carriers exempted in G.S. 62-260, and except carriers by air;
- 5. Transporting or conveying gas, crude oil or other fluid substance by pipeline for the public for compensation;
- 6. Conveying or transmitting messages or communications by telephone or telegraph, or any other means of transmission, where such service is offered to the public for compensation.
- b. The term 'public utility' shall for rate-making purposes include any person producing, generating or furnishing any of the foregoing services to another person for distribution to or for the public for compensation.
- c. The term 'public utility' shall include all persons affiliated through stock ownership with a public utility doing business in this State as parent corporation or subsidiary corporation as defined in G.S. 55-2 to such an extent that the Commission shall find that such affiliation has an effect on the rates or service of such public utility.
- The term 'public utility,' except as otherwise expressly d. provided in this Chapter, shall not include a municipality, an authority organized under the North Carolina Water and Sewer Authorities Act, electric or telephone membership eorporation or nonprofit water membership consumer-owned corporations financed by the Farmers Home Administration, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or any similar or successor federal financing agency, provided, that (i) any such financing administration, department or agency exercise substantial control over and regulation of any such corporation's rates and terms and conditions of service, and (ii) the members or consumer-owners of any such corporation, pursuant to the corporation's articles of incorporation and bylaws, shall elect the governing board of the corporation; corporation; or any person not otherwise a public utility who furnishes such service or commodity only to himself, his employees or tenants when such service or commodity is not resold to or used by others; provided, however, that any person other than a nonprofit organization serving only its members, who distributes or provides utility service to his employees or tenants by individual meters or by other coin-operated devices with a charge for metered or coin-operated utility service shall be a public utility within the definition and meaning of this Chapter with respect to the regulation of rates and provisions of service rendered through such meter or coinoperated device imposing such separate metered utility charge. If any person conducting a public utility shall also conduct any enterprise not a public utility, such enterprise is not subject to the provisions of this Chapter. A water or sewer system owned by a homeowners' association that

provides water or sewer service only to members or leaseholds of members is not subject to the provisions of this

Chapter.

The term 'public utility' shall include the University of e. North Carolina insofar as said University supplies telephone service, electricity or water to the public for compensation from the University Enterprises defined in G.S. 116-41.1(9).

f. The term 'public utility' shall include the Town of Pineville insofar as said town supplies telephone services to the public for compensation. The territory to be served by the Town of Pineville in furnishing telephone services, subject to the Public Utilities Act, shall include the town limits as they exist on May 8, 1973, and shall also include the area proposed to be annexed under the town's ordinance

adopted May 3, 1971, until January 1, 1975.

The term 'public utility' shall not include a hotel, motel, g. time share or condominium complex operated primarily to serve transient occupants, which imposes charges to long-distance, wide occupants for local, or telecommunication services when such calls are completed through the use of facilities provided by a public utility, and provided further that the local services received are rated in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 62-110(d) and the applicable charges for telephone calls are prominently displayed in each area where occupant rooms are located.

The term 'public utility' shall not include the resale of h. electricity by (i) a campground operated primarily to serve transient occupants, or (ii) a marina; provided that (i) the campground or marina charges no more than the actual cost of the electricity supplied to it, (ii) the amount of electricity used by each campsite or marina slip occupant is measured by an individual metering device, (iii) the applicable rates are prominently displayed at or near each campsite or marina slip, and (iv) the campground or marina only resells electricity to campsite or marina slip occupants.

The term 'public utility' shall not include the State, the Office of the State Controller, or the Microelectronics Center of North Carolina in the provision or sharing of switched broadband telecommunications services with non-State entities or organizations of the kind or type set forth in

G.S. 143B-426.39.

j. The term 'public utility' shall not include any person, not otherwise a public utility, conveying or transmitting or communications by mobile messages communications communications service. Mobile radio service includes one-way or two-way radio service provided to mobile or fixed stations or receivers using mobile radio service frequencies."

Section 2. Article 6 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by

adding a new section to read:

i.

"§ 62-110.5. Commission may exempt certain nonprofit and consumer-owned water or sewer utilities.

House Bill 990 Page 3 The Commission may exempt any water or sewer utilities owned by nonprofit membership or consumer-owned corporations from regulation under this Chapter, subject to those conditions the Commission deems appropriate, if:

The members or consumer-owners of the corporation elect the governing board of the corporation pursuant to the corporation's

articles of incorporation and bylaws; and

(2) The Commission finds that the organization and the quality of service of the utility are adequate to protect the public interest to the extent that additional regulation is not required by the public convenience and necessity."

Section 3. G.S. 62-300(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to

read:

"(15) One hundred dollars (\$100.00) for each application for exemption filed by nonprofit and consumer-owned water or sewer utilities pursuant to G.S. 62-110.5."

Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 19th day of August, 1997.

- s/ Marc Basnight
 President Pro Tempore of the Senate
- s/ Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives
- s/ James B. Hunt, Jr. Governor

Approved 10:19 a.m. this 28th day of August, 1997

1 Amend

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

Н

1

HOUSE BILL 990

Short Title: Exempt Certain Nonprofit Utilities.

2.

(Public)

Sponsors:

21

22

23

24

Representatives Church and Buchanan.

Referred to: Commerce.

April 17, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN NONPROFIT AND CONSUMER-OWNED WATER OR SEWER UTILITIES FROM REGULATION BY THE UTILITIES 3 COMMISSION. 4 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 62-3(23) reads as rewritten: 6 7 "(23) a. 'Public utility' means a person, whether organized under the laws of this State or under the laws of any other state or 8 country, now or hereafter owning or operating in this State 9 equipment or facilities for: 10 Producing, generating, transmitting, delivering or 11 furnishing electricity, piped gas, steam or any other 12 like agency for the production of light, heat or power 13 to or for the public for compensation; provided, 14 however, that the term 'public utility' shall not 15 include persons who construct or operate an electric 16 generating facility, the primary purpose of which 17 facility is for such person's own use and not for the 18 primary purpose of producing electricity, heat, or 19 steam for sale to or for the public for compensation; 20

Diverting,

developing.

pumping,

distributing or furnishing water to or for the public

for compensation, or operating a public sewerage

system for compensation; provided, however, that the

impounding,

term 'public utility' shall not include any person or company whose sole operation consists of selling water to less than 10 residential customers, except that any person or company which constructs a water system in a subdivision with plans for 10 or more lots and which holds itself out by contracts or other means at the time of said construction to serve an area containing more than 10 residential building lots shall be a public utility at the time of such planning or holding out to serve such 10 or more building lots, without regard to the number of actual customers connected;

- 3. Transporting persons or household goods by street, suburban or interurban bus or railways for the public for compensation;
- 4. Transporting persons or household goods by railways or motor vehicles, or any other form of transportation for the public for compensation, except motor carriers exempted in G.S. 62-260, and except carriers by air;
- 5. Transporting or conveying gas, crude oil or other fluid substance by pipeline for the public for compensation;
- 6. Conveying or transmitting messages or communications by telephone or telegraph, or any other means of transmission, where such service is offered to the public for compensation.
- b. The term 'public utility' shall for rate-making purposes include any person producing, generating or furnishing any of the foregoing services to another person for distribution to or for the public for compensation.
- c. The term 'public utility' shall include all persons affiliated through stock ownership with a public utility doing business in this State as parent corporation or subsidiary corporation as defined in G.S. 55-2 to such an extent that the Commission shall find that such affiliation has an effect on the rates or service of such public utility.
- d. The term 'public utility,' except as otherwise expressly provided in this Chapter, shall not include a municipality, an authority organized under the North Carolina Water and Sewer Authorities Act, electric or telephone membership eorporation or nonprofit water membership or eonsumer-owned corporations financed by the Farmers Home Administration, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, or any similar or

44

successor federal financing agency, provided, that (i) any such financing administration, department or agency exercise substantial control over and regulation of any such corporation's rates and terms and conditions of service, and (ii) the members or consumer-owners of any such eorporation, pursuant to the corporation's articles of incorporation and bylaws, shall elect the governing board of the corporation; corporation; or any person not otherwise a public utility who furnishes such service or commodity only to himself, his employees or tenants when such service or commodity is not resold to or used by others; provided, however, that any person other than a nonprofit organization serving only its members, who distributes or provides utility service to his employees or tenants by individual meters or by other coin-operated devices with a charge for metered or coin-operated utility service shall be a public utility within the definition and meaning of this Chapter with respect to the regulation of rates and provisions of service rendered through such meter or coinoperated device imposing such separate metered utility charge. If any person conducting a public utility shall also conduct any enterprise not a public utility, such enterprise is not subject to the provisions of this Chapter. A water or sewer system owned by a homeowners' association that provides water or sewer service only to members or leaseholds of members is not subject to the provisions of this Chapter.

- e. The term 'public utility' shall include the University of North Carolina insofar as said University supplies telephone service, electricity or water to the public for compensation from the University Enterprises defined in G.S. 116-41.1(9).
- f. The term 'public utility' shall include the Town of Pineville insofar as said town supplies telephone services to the public for compensation. The territory to be served by the Town of Pineville in furnishing telephone services, subject to the Public Utilities Act, shall include the town limits as they exist on May 8, 1973, and shall also include the area proposed to be annexed under the town's ordinance adopted May 3, 1971, until January 1, 1975.
- g. The term 'public utility' shall not include a hotel, motel, time share or condominium complex operated primarily to serve transient occupants, which imposes charges to occupants for local, long-distance, or wide area telecommunication services when such calls are completed

House Bill 990 Page 3

1		through the use of facilities provided by a public utility, and
2		provided further that the local services received are rated in
3		accordance with the provisions of G.S. 62-110(d) and the
4		applicable charges for telephone calls are prominently
5		displayed in each area where occupant rooms are located.
6	h.	The term 'public utility' shall not include the resale of
7		electricity by (i) a campground operated primarily to serve
8		transient occupants, or (ii) a marina; provided that (i) the
9		campground or marina charges no more than the actual cost
ĺÓ		of the electricity supplied to it, (ii) the amount of electricity
ĺĺ		used by each campsite or marina slip occupant is measured
2		by an individual metering device, (iii) the applicable rates
3		are prominently displayed at or near each campsite or
4		marina slip, and (iv) the campground or marina only resells
5		electricity to campsite or marina slip occupants.
6	i.	The term 'public utility' shall not include the State, the
7	1.	Office of the State Controller, or the Microelectronics
8		Center of North Carolina in the provision or sharing of
9		switched broadband telecommunications services with non-
20		
		State entities or organizations of the kind or type set forth in G.S. 143B-426.39.
21	:	
22	j.	The term 'public utility' shall not include any person, not
23		otherwise a public utility, conveying or transmitting
22 23 24 25		messages or communications by mobile radio
		communications service. Mobile radio communications
26		service includes one-way or two-way radio service provided
27		to mobile or fixed stations or receivers using mobile radio
28	Section 2	service frequencies."
29		Article 6 of Chapter 62 of the General Statutes is amended by
	adding a new section to	
32		n may exempt certain nonprofit and consumer-owned water
33	or sewer utilities.	ov exempt water or sower utilities award by manufit
34		ay exempt water or sewer utilities owned by nonprofit
35		er-owned corporations from regulation under this Chapter,
36		ns the Commission deems appropriate, if:
37		members or consumer-owners of the corporation elect the
38		ning board of the corporation pursuant to the corporation's
99 39		es of incorporation and bylaws; and
10		Commission finds that the organization and the quality of
		e of the utility are adequate to protect the public interest to
41 42		stent that additional regulation is not required by the public
		nience and necessity."
13	Section 3.	This act is effective when it becomes law.

Page 4

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No.		
	H. B. No990		DATE _ April 23, 1997
	S. B. No		Amendment No
	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE		(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	Rep.)		
	Sen.)		
1	moves to amend the bill on page	2	, line 3, 5, 8 and 10
	() WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE	eash time it	annoser and inconting in liqu
3	thereof the number 15	tach that it	appears and inserting in lieu
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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Etaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834

Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 23, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: House Committee on Commerce

FROM: Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE: House Bill 990; Exempt nonprofit and consumer-owned water or sewer

utilities

House Bill 990 amends Chapter 62 of the General Statutes to provide a regulatory exemption for nonprofit and consumer-owned water or sewer utilities.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 62-3(23) by deleting the current exemption for nonprofit membership or consumer-owned corporations that supply water. One of the qualifications for eligibility for the exemption is that a federal financing agency has to exercise substantial control over and regulation of the corporation's rates and terms and conditions of service. In fact, no federal financing agency does, or ever has, exercised such control.

Section 2 of the bill adds a new G.S. 62-110.5 to Article 6 of Chapter 62 providing that the Utilities Commission may exempt nonprofit and consumer-owned water or sewer utilities from regulation, subject to conditions the Commission deems appropriate, provided that:

- (1) The members or consumer-owners of the corporation elect the governing board, and
- (2) The Commission finds that the organization and quality of service of the utility are adequate to protect the public interest.

The act is effective when it becomes law.

It should be pointed out that under G.S. 62-3(23)a.2., entities selling water to less than ten residential customers are not considered public utilities.

H990-SMRL-001

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 899 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MODIFY THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURES UPON THE SALE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on . ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \square which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice.

With an indefinite postponement report.

With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.

☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1997 SESSION

SESSION LAW 1997-472 HOUSE BILL 899

AN ACT TO MODIFY THE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCLOSURES UPON THE SALE OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 47E-4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 47E-4. Required disclosures.

(a) With regard to transfers described in G.S. 47E-1, the owner of the real property shall furnish to a purchaser a residential property disclosure statement. The disclosure statement shall contain the language and be in the form set forth in subsection (b) of this section. The statement shall:

 Disclose those items which are required to be disclosed relative to the <u>characteristics and</u> condition of the property and of which the

owner has actual knowledge; or

(2) State that the owner makes no representations as to the characteristics and condition of the real property or any improvements to the real property except as otherwise provided in the real estate contract.

(b) A residential property disclosure statement shall read as follows:
"RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Notice to Seller and Purchaser

The North Carolina Residential Property Disclosure Act requires the owner of residential real property consisting of 1-4 units, whenever the property is to be sold, exchanged, optioned, or purchased pursuant to a lease with option to purchase, to furnish to the purchaser a RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT disclosing certain conditions of the property. Certain transfers of residential property are excluded from this requirement by G.S. 47E-2, including transfers of residential property made pursuant to a lease with an option to purchase where the lessee occupies or intends to occupy the dwelling.

Property Address/Description:

The undersigned owner(s) of the real property described above disclose the following present conditions of the real property of which the owner(s) has actual knowledge with regard to:

1. Any abnormality or malfunctioning of the water supply or sanitary sewage disposal system:

[]Yes []None Known []No Representations
If Yes, please describe

2. Any damage to or abnormality of the roof, chimneys, floors, foundation, basement, or load-bearing walls, or any leak in the roof or basement:

ПV	3 C	UNana	-Vnoum	[INo Poprocontations
If Y	es, pl	case d e	eseribe	[]No Representations
3. Any	- abno	ormalit	y or malfune	etioning of the plumbing, electrical, heating, or cooling
system	s:			
	es al	[]None	: Known escribe	[]No Representations
4 Proc	cs, pr	nfoctati	ion of wood	destroying insects or organisms or past infestation the
damag	e for	which	has not been	-renaired
			Known	[]No Representations
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5. The	real	prope	erty's violation	on of zoning laws, restrictive covenants or building
codes;	any (eneroa	chment of th	ne real property from or to adjacent real property; or
notice	from-	any go	vernmental a	agency affecting this real property:
	:S	[]Nonc	Known	[]No Representations
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6. Pres	ence-	-ot-le	ad-based pai	nt, asbestos, radon gas, methane gas, underground
Storage	tank	, nazai	dous materia	al or toxic material (whether buried or covered):
H V	9 ml	Hivone	Known	[]No Representations
Thomas	es, pro	cuse ac	escribe	now wish to obtain professional advice about or
incoor	ione	of the	rool proper	may wish to obtain professional advice about, or ety. The owner has a duty to disclose any material
inapeu	10113	in this	statement o	or any material change in the real property which is
discove	ered b	etwee:	n the date of	this statement and the closing of the transaction. The
owner((s) acl	cnowle	dec havine c	examined this statement before signing below:
ownor((3) 401	X110 W 10	ago naving o	Administration statement before signing below.
Owner		Date	Owner	r Date
The p	urcha	ser(s)	acknowledge	The state of a copy of this disclosure statement and nave examined it before signing below:
The p	urcha	ser(s)	acknowledge	receipt of a copy of this disclosure statement and
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(whether buried or covered), and other environmental contamination.

The disclosure statement shall provide the owner with the option to indicate whether the owner has actual knowledge of the specified characteristics or conditions, or the owner is making no representations as to any characteristic or condition.

(c) The rights of the parties to a real estate contract as to conditions of the property of which the owner had no actual knowledge are not affected by this Article unless the residential disclosure statement states that the owner makes no representations as to those conditions. If the statement states that an owner makes no representations as to the conditions of the property, then the owner has no duty to disclose those conditions, whether or not the owner should have known of them."

Section 2. G.S. 47E-5 reads as rewritten:

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"§ 47E-5. Time for disclosure; cancellation of contract.

(a) The owner of real property subject to this Chapter shall deliver to the purchaser the written disclosures disclosure statement required by this Chapter no later than the time such the purchaser makes an offer to purchase, exchange, or option the property, or exercises the option to purchase the property pursuant to a lease with an option to purchase. The residential property disclosure statement may be included in the real estate contract, in an addendum, or in a separate document.

(b) If the disclosure statement required by this Chapter is <u>not</u> delivered to <u>such</u> the purchaser <u>after</u> <u>prior</u> to <u>or</u> at the <u>time</u> the purchaser makes an offer, the purchaser may <u>terminate</u> <u>cancel</u> any resulting real estate contract or withdraw the offer no later than three days after the purchaser receives the disclosure statement. <u>contract</u>. The <u>purchaser's</u> right to cancel shall expire if not exercised prior to the following, whichever occurs first:

(1) The end of the third calendar day following the purchaser's receipt of the disclosure statement;

(2) The end of the third calendar day following the date the contract was made;

(3) Settlement or occupancy by the purchaser in the case of a sale or exchange; or

(4) Settlement in the case of a purchase pursuant to a lease with option to purchase.

Any right of the purchaser to cancel the contract provided by this subsection is waived conclusively if not exercised in the manner required by this subsection.

In order to terminate cancel a real estate contract when permitted by this section, the purchaser shall, within the time required above, give written notice to the owner or the owner's agent either by hand delivery or by depositing into the United States mail, postage prepaid, and properly addressed to the owner or the owner's agent. If the purchaser terminates cancels a real estate contract or withdraws an offer in compliance with this subsection, the termination or withdrawal of offer cancellation shall be without penalty to the purchaser, and the purchaser shall be entitled to a refund of any deposit shall be promptly returned to the purchaser. Any rights of the purchaser to terminate the contract provided by this subsection are waived conclusively if not exercised prior to the earlier of settlement or occupancy by the purchaser in the case of a sale or exchange, or prior to settlement in the case of a purchase pursuant to a lease with option to purchase. the purchaser may have paid. Any rights of the purchaser to cancel or terminate the contract for reasons other than those set forth in this subsection are not affected by this subsection."

Section 3. G.S. 47E-6 reads as rewritten:

"§ 47E-6. Owner liability for disclosure of information provided by others.

If the owner chooses to provide a disclosure of property condition pursuant to G.S. 47E-4, the The owner may discharge the duty to disclose imposed by this Chapter by

House Bill 899 Page 3

providing a written report attached to the residential property disclosure statement by a public agency or by an engineer, land surveyor, geologist, pest control operator, contractor, home inspector or other expert, dealing with matters within the scope of the public agency's functions or the expert's license or expertise. The owner shall not be liable for any error, inaccuracy, or omission of any information delivered pursuant to this section if the error, inaccuracy, or omission was made in reasonable reliance upon the information provided by the public agency or expert and the owner was not grossly negligent in obtaining the information or transmitting it."

Section 4. G.S. 47E-8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 47E-8. Agent's duty.

A real estate broker or salesman acting as the an agent of the owner of in a residential real property estate transaction has the duty to inform the owner each of the clients of the real estate broker or salesman of the owner's client's rights and obligations under this Chapter. Provided the owner's real estate broker or salesman has performed this duty, the broker or salesman shall not be responsible for the owner's willful refusal to provide a prospective purchaser with a residential property disclosure statement. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to conflict with, or alter, the broker or salesman's duties under Chapter 93A of the General Statutes."

Section 5. G.S. 47E-1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 47E-1. Applicability.

This Chapter applies to the following transfers of residential real property consisting of not less than one nor more than four dwelling units, whether or not the transaction is with the assistance of a licensed real estate broker or salesman:

(1) Sale or exchange,

(2) Installment land sales contract,

(3) Option, or

(4) Lease with option to purchase, except as provided in G.S. 47E-1-2(10). G.S. 47E-2(10)."

Section 6. Section 1 of this act becomes effective October 1, 1998, and applies to contracts entered into on or after that date. Sections 2, 3, and 4 of this act become effective December 1, 1997, and apply to contracts entered into on or after that date. Section 5 of this act is effective when this act becomes law. Effective when this act becomes law, the North Carolina Real Estate Commission is authorized to develop the standard disclosure statement under the amendments made by this act to G.S. 47E-4(b) to become effective October 1, 1998.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 21st day of August, 1997.

- s/ Marc Basnight
 President Pro Tempore of the Senate
- s/ Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives
- s/ James B. Hunt, Jr. Governor

Approved 11:53 a.m. this 2nd day of September, 1997

Page 4 House Bill 899



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 23, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: HOUSE BILL 899 - RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY DISCLOSURE ACT -

Representative Howard.

House Bill 899 amends the Residential Property Disclosure Act by adding additional conditions that must be disclosed by the seller to the buyer of residential property. The bill also clarifies when the buyer's right to cancel a contract terminates when the disclosure is not furnished to the buyer at or prior to the time of the contract.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 47E-4 by deleting the disclosure form in the statute and requiring the Real Estate Commission to develop a standard disclosure statement. This section also amends the matters that are to be included in a standard disclosure statement by adding disclosure of characteristics and conditions of: structural components and modifications to structural components, other mechanical systems, other land-use restrictions, and environmental contamination.

Section 2 amends the time for the buyer to cancel the contract in situations where the disclosure was not furnished to the buyer prior to or at the time of contract. Current law gives the buyer three days from the date the disclosure is given to cancel the contract. This bill provides that the right to cancel terminates either at the end of the third day following receipt of the disclosure, the end of the third day following the date the contract is made, upon settlement or occupancy in the case of sale or exchange, or settlement in the case of a purchase pursuant to a lease with option to purchase. The right to cancel is waived if not exercised within the applicable time limits, in writing, and either hand delivered or mailed to the seller or the seller's agent.

Section 3 makes a stylistic change.

MEMORANDUM April 23, 1997 Page 2

Section 4 amends the duty of the agent to inform the owner of the property of the duty to disclose by requiring the agent to inform the agent's clients of their rights under this law, regardless whether they are the seller or the buyer.

The bill would become effective December 1, 1997.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT A REAL ESTATE H.B. 940 BROKER AND REAL ESTATE SALES PERSON ARE NOT EMPLOYEES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Insurance. ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title,), (and recommendation unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill # that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 940

The Themanie

Short Title: Worker's Compensation/Realtor Status.

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Representatives Redwine; Boyd-McIntyre, Clary, Decker, Dedmon, Hill, Howard, McComas, McMahan, Sherrill, Smith, Thompson, and

Wainwright.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Insurance.

April 14, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT A REAL ESTATE BROKER AND REAL ESTATE 3 SALESPERSON ARE NOT EMPLOYEES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE 4 WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 97-2(2) reads as rewritten:

Employee. -- The term 'employee' means every person engaged in "(2) an employment under any appointment or contract of hire or apprenticeship, express or implied, oral or written, including aliens, and also minors, whether lawfully or unlawfully employed, but excluding persons whose employment is both casual and not in the course of the trade, business, profession or occupation of his employer, and as relating to those so employed by the State, the term 'employee' shall include all officers and employees of the State, including such as are elected by the people, or by the General Assembly, or appointed by the Governor to serve on a per diem, part-time or fee basis, either with or without the confirmation of the Senate; as relating to municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State, the term 'employee' shall include all officers and employees thereof, including such as are elected by the people. The term 'employee' shall include members of the North Carolina national guard, except when called into the

service of the United States, and members of the North Carolina State guard, and members of these organizations shall be entitled to compensation for injuries arising out of and in the course of the performance of their duties at drill, in camp, or on special duty under orders of the Governor. 'The term 'employee' shall include deputy sheriffs and all persons acting in the capacity of deputy sheriffs, whether appointed by the sheriff or by the governing body of the county and whether serving on a fee basis or on a salary basis, or whether deputy sheriffs serving upon a full-time basis or a part-time basis, and including deputy sheriffs appointed to serve in an emergency, but as to those so appointed, only during the continuation of the emergency. The sheriff shall furnish to the board of county commissioners a complete list of all deputy sheriffs named or appointed by him immediately after their appointment, and notify the board of commissioners of any changes made therein promptly after such changes are made. Any reference to an employee who has been injured shall, when the employee is dead, include also his legal representative, dependents, and other persons to whom compensation may be payable: Provided, further, that any employee as herein defined of a municipality, county, or of the State of North Carolina while engaged in the discharge of his official duty outside the jurisdictional or territorial limits of the municipality, county, or the State of North Carolina and while acting pursuant to authorization or instruction from any superior officer, shall have the same rights under this Article as if such duty or activity were performed within the territorial boundary limits of his employer.

Every executive officer elected or appointed and empowered in accordance with the charter and bylaws of a corporation shall be considered as an employee of such corporation under this Article.

Any such executive officer of a corporation may, notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, be exempt from the coverage of the corporation's insurance contract by such corporation specifically excluding such executive officer in such contract of insurance and the exclusion to remove such executive officer from the coverage shall continue for the period such contract of insurance is in effect, and during such period such executive officers thus exempted from the coverage of the insurance contract shall not be employees of such corporation under this Article.

All county agricultural extension service employees who do not receive official federal appointments as employees of the United States Department of Agriculture and who are field faculty

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members with professional rank as designated in the memorandum of understanding between the North Carolina Agricultural Extension Service, North Carolina State University, A & T State University and the boards of county commissioners shall be deemed to be employees of the State of North Carolina. All other county agricultural extension service employees paid from State or county funds shall be deemed to be employees of the county board of commissioners in the county in which the employee is employed for purposes of workers' compensation.

The term employee shall also include members of the Civil Air Patrol currently certified pursuant to G.S. 143B-491(a) when performing duties in the course and scope of a State approved mission pursuant to Article 11 of Chapter 143B.

Employee shall not include any person performing voluntary service as a ski patrolman who receives no compensation for such services other than meals or lodging or the use of ski tow or ski lift facilities or any combination thereof.

Employee shall not include any person who satisfies both of the following conditions:

- a. The person is a real estate broker or real estate salesman within the meaning of G.S. 93A-2.
- b. The person is an independent contractor within the meaning of section 3508 of the Internal Revenue Code, as defined in G.S. 105-228.90.

Any sole proprietor or partner of a business or any member of a limited liability company may elect to be included as an employee under the workers' compensation coverage of such business if he is actively engaged in the operation of the business and if the insurer is notified of his election to be so included. Any such sole proprietor or partner or member of a limited liability company shall, upon such election, be entitled to employee benefits and be subject to employee responsibilities prescribed in this Article."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

House Bill 940 Page 3



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 23, 1997

TO:

House Commerce Committee.

FROM:

William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE:

House Bill 940 - Workers Comp/Realtor Status.

House Bill 940, introduced by Rep. Redwine, would exempt from the definition of "employee" for purposes of the Workers Compensation Act a real estate broker or real estate salesman who is an independent contractor within the meaning of a section of the federal tax code.

At stake is whether a real estate broker is required to provide Workers Comp coverage for a real estate salesman. Workers Comp law requires an "employer" to provide workers comp for the employer's "employee." If a person is not an "employee," the law does not require anyone to pay Workers Comp premiums for that person. The Workers Comp law also treats as void any agreement between an employer and employee for the employee to reimburse the employer for the cost of providing Workers Comp. It makes it a misdemeanor for an employer to deduct the cost of Workers Comp premiums from an employee's paycheck. (G.S. 97-21.)

The relationship between real estate broker and real estate salesman – whether the salesman is the broker's employee -- has a recent history. In 1995, the General Assembly amended the Real Estate License Law, Chapter 93A, to provide that a real estate salesman could agree for the salesman to reimburse the broker for Workers Comp premiums, if the salesman met the definition of non-employee in Section 3508 of the IRS Code. That act did not attempt to change the definition of "employee" in the Workers Comp Act, Chapter 97, to exclude real estate salesman from the definition of "employee," so it is still arguable that the salesman is the broker's employee and is required to provide Worker's Comp to the salesman.

House Bill 940 would amend the Workers Comp law's definition of "employee," removing "real estate salesman" from that definition if the salesman meets the definition in the Real Estate License Law and comes within the meaning of independent contractor in Section 3508 of the IRS Code. Section 3508 says that for IRS purposes a person is not an employee if that person is a "qualified real estate agent," that is:

- 1. The person is a licensed real estate agent.
- 2. Substantially all of the person's remuneration is directly related to sales or output rather than hours worked.
- 3. The person's services are performed pursuant to a contract that states that the person is not an employee for tax purposes.

The bill would become effective upon becoming law.

§ 93A-2. Definitions and exceptions.

- (a) A real estate broker within the meaning of this Chapter is any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity who for a compensation or valuable consideration or promise thereof lists or offers to list, sells or offers to sell, buys or offers to buy, auctions or offers to auction (specifically not including a mere crier of sales), or negotiates the purchase or sale or exchange of real estate, or who leases or offers to lease, or who sells or offers to sell leases of whatever character, or rents or offers to rent any real estate or the improvement thereon, for others.
- (b) The term <u>real estate salesman</u> within the meaning of this Chapter shall mean and include any person who under the supervision of a real estate broker, for a compensation or valuable consideration is associated with or engaged by or on behalf of a licensed real estate broker to do, perform or deal in any act, acts or transactions set out or comprehended by the foregoing definition of real estate broker.

(c) The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to and shall not include:

- (1) Any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity who, as owner or lessor, shall perform any of the acts aforesaid with reference to property owned or leased by them, where the acts are performed in the regular course of or as incident to the management of that property and the investment therein:
- (2) Any person acting as an attorney-in-fact under a duly executed power of attorney from the owner authorizing the final consummation of performance of any contract for the sale, lease or exchange of real estate;

(3) The acts or services of an attorney-at-law;

- (4) Any person, while acting as a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian, administrator or executor or any person acting under order of any court;
- (5) Any person, while acting as a trustee under a trust agreement, deed of trust or will, or his regular salaried employees;
- (6) Any salaried person employed by a licensed real estate broker, for and on behalf of the owner of any real estate or the improvements thereon, which the licensed broker has contracted to manage for the owner, if the salaried employee is limited in his employment to: exhibiting units on the real estate to prospective tenants; providing the prospective tenants with information about the lease of the units; accepting applications for lease of the units; completing and executing preprinted form leases; and accepting security deposits and rental payments for the units only when the deposits and rental payments are made payable to the owner or the broker employed by the owner. The salaried employee shall not negotiate the amount of security deposits or rental payments and shall not negotiate leases or any rental agreements on behalf of the owner or broker; or
- (7) Any owner who personally leases or sells his own property. (1957, c. 744, s. 2; 1967, c. 281, s. 1; 1969, c. 191, s. 2; 1975, c. 108; 1983, c. 81, ss. 4, 5; 1985, c. 535, s. 1; 1995, c. 351, s. 20.)

Effect of Amendments. — The 1995 amendment, effective October 1, 1995, substituted "corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity" for "association or corpora-

tion" preceding "who for a compensation" in subsection (a) and also preceding "who, as owner or lessor" in subdivision (c)(1).

AN ACT TO ALLOW A CONTRACT BETWEEN A REAL ESTATE BROKER AND A REAL ESTATE SALESMAN TO INCLUDE A PROVISION TO REIMBURSE THE REAL ESTATE BROKER FOR THE COST OF INCLUDING THE SALESMAN UNDER THE BROKER'S WORKERS' COMPENSATION COVERAGE OF THE BROKER'S BUSINESS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Article 1 of Chapter 93A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 93A-11. Reimbursement by real estate independent contractor of brokers'

workers' compensation.

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 97-21 or any other provision of law, a real estate broker may include in the governing contract with a real estate salesman whose nonemployee status is recognized pursuant to section 3508 of the United States Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. § 3508, an agreement for the salesman to reimburse the broker for the cost of covering that salesman under the broker's workers' compensation coverage of the broker's business.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall affect a requirement under any other law to provide workers' compensation coverage or in any manner exclude from coverage any person, firm, or corporation otherwise subject to the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter 97 of the General Statutes."
- Sec. 2. This act is effective upon ratification and applies to any governing contract between a real estate broker and a real estate salesman entered into on or after that date.

 In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 30th day

of May, 1995.

"(ii) phases out between the amount of earned income at which the phaseout begins under subsection (b) of section 32 and the amount of earned income at which the credit under section 32 is phased out under such subsection, or

"(C) If an earned income eligibility certificate is in effect with respect to the spouse of the employee, shall treat the credit provided by section 32 as if it were a credit—

"(i) of not more than 14 percent of earned income not in excess of 1/2 of the amount of earned income taken into account under section 32(a), which

"(II) phases out between amounts of earned income which are 1/2 of the amounts of earned income described in subparagraph (B)(ii),"

In 1986, P.L. 99-514, Sec. 111(d)(2), amended clauses (c)(2)(B)(i) and (c)(2)(B)(ii) . . . Sec. 111(d)(3), amended clauses (c)(2)(C)(i) and (c)(2)(C)(ii), effective for tax. yrs. begin. after 12/31/86.

Prior to amendment, clauses (c)(2)(B)(i) and (c)(2)(B)(ii) read as follows:

"(i) of not more than 11 percent of the first \$5,000 of earned income, which

"(ii) phases out between \$6,500 and \$11,000 of earned income, or"

Prior to amendment, clauses (c)(2)(C)(i) and (c)(2)(C)(ii) read as follows:

"(i) of not more than 11 percent of the first \$2,500 of earned income, which

"(ii) phases out between \$3,250 and \$5,500 of earned income."

-- P.L. 99-514, Sec. 111(e), provides as follows:

"(e) Employee notification.-

"The Secretary of the Treasury is directed to require, under regulations, employers to notify any employee who has not had any tax withheld from wages (other than an employee whose wages are exempt from withholding pursuant to section 3402(n) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) that such employee may be eligible for a refund because of the earned income credit."

In 1984, P.L. 98-369, Sec. 474(r)(30), substituted 'section 32' for 'section 43' each place it appeared in subsections (b), (c) and (e), effective for tax. yrs. begin. after 12/31/83, and to carrybacks from such years.

—P.L. 98-369, Sec. 1042(d)(3), amended clauses (c)(2)(B)(i) and (ii) . . . Sec. 1042(d)(4), amended clauses (c)(2)(C)(i) and (ii), effective for tax, yrs. begin, after 12/31/84.

Prior to amendment, clauses (c)(2)(B)(i) and (ii) read as follows:

"(i) of not more than 10 percent of the first \$5,000 of earned income, which

"(ii) phases out between \$6,000 and \$10,000 of earned income, or"

Prior to amendment, clauses (c)(2)(C)(i) and (ii) read as follows:

"(i) of note more than 10 percent of the first \$2,500 or earned income, which

"(ii) phases out between \$3,000 and \$5,000 of earned income."

In 1980, P.L. 96-222, Sec. 101(a)(2)(D), changed the effective date for amendments made by Sec. 105(b)(1) of P.L. 95-600, from remuneration paid after 6/30/78, to remuneration paid after 6/30/79, see below.

In 1978, P.L. 95-600, Sec. 105(b)(1), added Code Sec. 3507, effective [as amended by Sec. 101(a)(2)(D) of P.L. 96-222, see above] for remuneration paid after 6/30/79.

Other provisions:

Application of amendments made by § 721(b) and (c) of Act Dec. 8, 1994. Act Dec. 8, 1994, P. L. 103-465, Title VII, Subtitle B, § 721(d)(2), 108 Stat. 5002, provides: "The amendments made by subsections (b) and (c) [amending subsec. (c) of this section and 26 USCS § 6051(a)] shall apply to remuneration pald after December 31, 1994."

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

General provisions relating to employment taxes, 26 CFR §§ 31.3501(a)-1T et seq. Advance payment of earned income credit, 26 CFR §§ 38.3507-1 et seq.

RESEARCH GUIDE

Am Jur:

33 Am Jur 2d, Federal Taxation (1996) § 1363.

33A Am Jur 2d, Federal Taxation (1996) ¶ 9229.

Social Security Law and Practice:

2 Soc Sec LP, Benefit Programs § 19:31.

2A Soc Sec LP, Applications and Payments §§ 35:101, 103.

RIA Coordinators:

11 Fed Tax Coord 2d ¶ ¶ H-4970-4977.

- § 3508. Treatment of real estate agents and direct sellers.
- (a) General rule. For purposes of this title, in the case of services performed as a qualified real estate agent or as a direct seller
 - (1) the individual performing such services shall not be treated as an employee, and

- (2) the person for whom such services are performed shall not be treated as an employer.

 (b) Definitions. For numbers of this section
- (1) Qualified real estate agent. The term 'qualified real estate agent' means any individual who is a sales person if—
 - (A) such individual is a licensed real estate agent.
 - (B) substantially all of the remuneration (whether or not paid in cash) for the services performed by such individual as a real estate agent is directly related to sales or other output (including the performance of services) rather than to the number of hours worked, and
 - (C) the services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a written contract between such individual and the person for whom the services are performed and such contract provides that the individual will not be treated as an employee with respect to such services for Federal tax purposes.
- (2) Direct seller. The term "direct seller" means any person if-
 - (A) such person
 - (i) is engaged in the trade or business of selling (or soliciting the sale of) consumer products to any buyer on a buy-sell basis, a deposit-commission basis, or any similar basis which the Secretary prescribes by regulations, for resale (by the buyer or any other person) in the home or otherwise than in a permanent retail establishment,
 - (ii) is engaged in the trade or business of selling (or soliciting the sale of) consumer products in the home or otherwise than in a permanent retail establishment, or
 - (iii) is engaged in the trade or business of the delivering or distribution of newspapers or shopping news (including any services directly related to such trade or business),
 - (B) substantially all the remuneration (whether or not paid in cash) for the performance of the services described in subparagraph (A) is directly related to sales or other output (including the performance of services) rather than to the number of hours worked, and (C) the services performed by the person are performed pursuant to a written contract between such person and the person for whom the services are performed and such contract provides that the person will not be treated as an employee with respect to such
- (3) Coordination with retirement plans for self-employed. This section shall not apply for purposes of subtitle A to the extent that the individual is treated as an employee under section 401(c)(1) (relating to self-employed individuals).

HISTORY; ANCILLARY LAWS AND DIRECTIVES

Amendments:

In 1996, P.L. 104-188, Sec. 1118(a) (applicable to services performed after 12/31/95, as provided by Sec. 1118(b), which appears as a note to this section), amended subsec. (b)(2)(A) by deleting "or" at the end of cl. (i), inserting "or" at the end of cl (ii), and adding cl. (iii). In 1982, P.L. 97-248, Sec. 269(a), added Code Sec. 3508, effective for services performed after 12/31/82.

Other provisions:

Application of Aug. 20, 1996 amendments. Act Aug. 20, 1996, P. L. 104-188, Title I, Subtitle A. § 1118(b), 110 Stat. 1764, provides: "The amendments made by this section [amending subsec. (b)(2)(A) of this section] shall apply to services performed after December 31, 1995.".

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS

General provisions relating to employment taxes, 26 CFR §§ 31.3501(a)-1T et seq.

RESEARCH GUIDE

Am Jur

33A Am Jur 2d, Federal Taxation (1996) ¶¶ 9161, 9502, 9513, 9805, 9808.

Social Security Law and Practice:

services for Federal tax purposes.

1 Soc Sec LP, Overview; Covered Employment § 5:23.

RIA Coordinators:

11 Fed Tax Coord 2d ¶ H-4923.

INTERPRETIVE NOTES AND DECISIONS

"Consumer products" for purposes of § 3508 include both tangible consumer goods and intangible consumer services; consumer products include home study educational courses for instruction-bymail educational institute; accordingly, direct sell-

ers of home study educational courses who meet other § 3508 requirements can be considered independent contractors. Cleveland Inst. of Electronics, Inc. v United States (1992, ND Ohlo) 787 F Supp

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt and Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.
	Committee Substitute for 3. 414 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO SEVERANCE PAY FOR THE PURPOSES OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations [Finance [.
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on \square Appropriations \square Finance \square
x	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill.
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\subseteq \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar.
Ċ	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1997 SESSION

S.L. 1997-120 HOUSE BILL 414

AN ACT RELATING TO SEVERANCE PAY FOR THE PURPOSES OF UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 96-8(10) reads as rewritten: "(10) Total and partial unemployment.

For the purpose of establishing a benefit year, an individual

shall be deemed to be unemployed:

1. If he has payroll attachment but, because of lack of work during the payroll week for which he is requesting the establishment of a benefit year, he worked less than the equivalent of three customary scheduled full-time days in the establishment, plant, or industry in which he has payroll attachment as a regular employee. If a benefit year is established, it shall begin on the Sunday preceding the payroll week ending date.

2. If he has no payroll attachment on the date he reports to apply for unemployment insurance. If a benefit year is established, it shall begin on the Sunday of the calendar week with respect to which the claimant met the reporting requirements provided by Commission

regulation.

b. For benefit weeks within an established benefit year, a claimant shall be deemed to be:

1. Totally unemployed, irrespective of job attachment, if his earnings for such week, including payments defined in subparagraph c below, would not reduce his weekly benefit amount as prescribed by G.S. 96-

12(c)

2. Partially unemployed, if he has payroll attachment but because of lack of work during the payroll week for which he is requesting benefits he worked less than three customary scheduled full-time days in the establishment, plant, or industry in which he is employed and whose earnings from such employment (including payments defined in subparagraph c below) would qualify him for a reduced payment as prescribed by G.S. 96-12(c).

- 3. Part-totally unemployed, if the claimant had no job attachment during all or part of such week and whose earnings for odd jobs or subsidiary work (including payments defined in subparagraph c below) would qualify him for a reduced payment as prescribed by G.S. 96-12(c).
- c. No individual shall be considered unemployed if, with respect to the entire calendar week, he is receiving, has received, or will receive as a result of his separation from employment, remuneration in the form of (i) wages in lieu of notice, (ii) accrued vacation pay, (iii) terminal leave pay, (iv) severance pay, (v) separation pay, or (vi) dismissal payments or wages by whatever name. Provided, however, if such payment is applicable to less than the entire week, the claimant may be considered to be unemployed as defined in subsections a and b of this paragraph. Sums received by any individual for services performed as an elected official who holds an elective office, as defined in G.S. 128-1.1(d), or as a member of the N. C. National Guard, as defined in G.S. 127A-3, or as a member of any reserve component of the United States Armed Forces shall not be considered in determining that individual's employment status under this subsection. Provided further, however, that an individual shall be considered to be unemployed as to receipt of severance pay for any week the individual is registered at or attending any institution of higher education as defined in G.S. 96-8(5)i., or secondary school as defined in G.S. 96-8(5)q., or Commission approved vocational, educational, or training programs as defined in G.S. 96-13.

d. An individual's week of unemployment shall be deemed to commence only after his registration at an employment office, except as the Commission may by regulation otherwise prescribe."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to new

initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 22nd day of May, 1997.

- s/ Dennis A. Wicker President of the Senate
- s/ Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives
- s/ James B. Hunt, Jr. Governor

Approved 4:36 p.m. this 29th day of May, 1997

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

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Am	endment No.	/
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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 23, 1997

TO:

House Commerce Committee.

FROM:

William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE:

House Bill 414 - Unemployment Benefits/Severance Pay.

House Bill 414, introduced by Representatives Berry and Redwine, would allow laid-off workers who received severance pay to also receive unemployment compensation during any week that that person is in school.

Current North Carolina law disqualifies a person who loses a job from receiving unemployment insurance benefits for any week in which that person receives severance pay. If the person who was making \$1,000 a week is laid off and receives a lump sum of \$10,000 in severance pay, that severance pay is spread out over 10 weeks so that the person is treated as if she was still employed and receiving her \$1,000 a week paycheck for those 10 weeks after layoff. Only after the severance pay runs out may the employee begin receiving unemployment benefits.

Unlike some aspects of unemployment compensation law, the severance pay exclusion is not mandated federally. Indeed, not all states treat severance pay the way North Carolina does.

<u>House Bill 414</u> would not change the basic way North Carolina law treats severance pay. It would, however, lift the disqualification and allow a person who got a severance package to receive unemployment benefits for any week that person was registered at or attending one of three types of schools. The types of schools, listed in the bill, are:

- 1. Institutions of higher learning defined in G.S. 96-8(5)j.
- 2. Secondary schools defined in G.S. 96-8(5)q.
- 3. Vocational, educational, or training programs defined in G.S. 96-13.

The bill would become effective immediately and would apply to initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997.

j. Prior to January 1, 1978, any institution of higher education or State hospital located in this State which

is an agency or instrumentality of this State, or which is an agency of mist unientality of this State, or which is owned or operated by the State or an instrumentality of this State (or by this State and one or more states or their instrumentalities), provided such employing unit, in each of 20 different calendar weeks within the current or preceding calendar year (whether or not such weeks are or were consecutive), has or had in employment one or more individuals (not necessarily simultaneously and irrespective of whether the same individuals are or were employed in each such week), or in any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year paid for services in employment wages of one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) or more.

For purposes of this Chapter, "institution of higher education" means an educational institution in this State which: (i) admits as regular students only indistate which: (i) admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of graduation from a high school or the recognized equivalent of such certificate; (ii) is legally authorized in this State to provide a program of education beyond high school; (iii) provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's or higher degree, or provides a program which is acceptable for credit toward such a degree or a program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; (iv) is a public or other nonprofit institution; and (v) notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, is a university, college, or community college in the State.

For purposes of this Chapter, "State hospital" means any institution licensed by the Department of Human Resources under Chapter 122C or Chapter 131E of the

General Statutes.

q. With respect to employment on and after January 1, 1978, any nonprofit elementary and secondary school. For purposes of this Chapter, "secondary school" means any school not an institution of higher education as defined in G.S. 96-8(5)j.

§ 96-13. Benefit eligibility conditions.

(a) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the Commission finds that —

(1) The individual has registered for work at and thereafter has

continued to report at an employment office at regular intervals no more than four weeks apart and in accordance with such regulations as the Commission may prescribe:

(2) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 96-15(a);
(3) The individual is able to work, and is available for work:

Provided that, unless temporarily excused by Commission regulations, no individual shall be deemed available for work unless he establishes to the satisfaction of the Commission that he is actively seeking work: Provided further, that an individual customarily employed in seasonal em-ployment shall, during the period of nonseasonal opera-tions, show to the satisfaction of the Commission that such individual is actively seeking employment which such in-dividual is qualified to perform by past experience or training during such nonseasonal period: Provided further, however, that no individual shall be considered available for work for any week not to exceed two in any calendar year in which the Commission finds that his unemployment is due to a vacation. In administering this proviso, benefits shall be paid or denied on a payroll-week basis as established by the employing unit. A week of unemployment due to a vacation as provided herein means any payroll week within which the equivalent of three customary full-time working days consist of a vacation period. For the purpose of this subdivision, any unemployment which is caused by a vacation period and which occurs in the calendar year following that within which the vacation period begins shall be deemed to have occurred in the calendar year within which such vacation period begins. For purposes of this subdivision, no individual shall be deemed available for work during any week that the individual tests positive for a controlled substance if (i) the test is a controlled substance examination administered under Article 20 of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes, (ii) the test is required as a condition of hire for a job, and (iii) the job would be suitable work for the claimant. The employer shall report to the Commission, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission, each claimant that tests positive for a controlled substance under this subdivision. For the purposes of this subdivision, no individual shall be deemed available for work during any week in which he is registered at and attending an established school, or is on vacation during or between successive quarters or semesters of such school attendance, or on vacation between yearly terms of such school attendance. Except: (i) Any person who was approach in full time and the property of t person who was engaged in full-time employment concurrent with his school attendance, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be denied benefits because of school enrollment and attendance. Except: (ii) Any otherwise qualified unemployed individual who is attending a vocational school or

training program which has been approved by the Commission for such individual shall be deemed available for work. However, any unemployment insurance benefits payable with respect to any week for which a training allowance is payable pursuant to the provisions of a federal or State law, shall be reduced by the amount of such allowance which weekly benefit amount shall be rounded to the nearest lower full dollar amount (if not a full dollar amount). The Commission may approve such training course for an individual only if:

1.a. Reasonable employment opportunities for which the individual is fitted by training and experience do not exist in the locality or are severely curtailed:

b. The training course relates to an occupation or skill for which there are expected to be reasonable

opportunities for employment; and
c. The individual, within the judgment of the Commission, has the required qualifications and the aptitude to complete the course successfully; or,

2. Such approval is required for the Commission to receive the benefits of federal law.

(4) No individual shall be deemed able to work under this subsection during any week for which that person is receiving or is applying for benefits under any other State or federal law based on his temporary total or permanent total disability. Provided that if persons the individual states are the commission of the disability. Provided that if compensation is denied to any individual for any week under the foregoing sentence and such individual is later determined not to be totally disabled, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of the compensation for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for compensation and for which the compensation was denied solely by reason of the foregoing sentence.

The individual has participated in reemployment services,

if the Division referred the individual to these services after determining, through use of a worker profiling system, that the individual would likely exhaust regular benefits and would need reemployment services to make a successful transition to new employment, unless the individual establishes justifiable cause for failing to participate in the

(b)(1) The payment of benefits to any individual based on services for nonprofit organizations, hospitals, or State hospitals and State institutions of higher education, other institutions of higher education, or secondary schools and subdivisions of secondary schools subject to this Chapter shall be in the same manner and under the same conditions of the laws of this Chapter as applied to individuals whose benefit rights are based on other services subject to this Chapter. Except that with respect to services in the educational

institutions listed above:

a. In an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity, compensation shall not be payable based on such services for any week commencing during the period between two successive academic years or terms, or, when an agreement provides instead for a

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 871

Short Title: Wage & Hour Act Amendments.

(Public)

Sponsors:

4

Representatives Berry; Adams, Alexander, Arnold, Baddour, Buchanan, Cansler, Easterling, Goodwin, Hensley, Howard, Insko, Jeffus, Luebke, McCrary, Moore, Mosley, Owens, Ramsey, Saunders, Smith, and G. Wilson.

Referred to: Commerce.

April 7, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT AMENDING THE WAGE AND HOUR ACT TO RAISE THE STATE 3 MINIMUM WAGE, TO PERMIT EMPLOYERS SUBJECT TO THE STATE

MINIMUM WAGE TO TAKE THE SAME TIP CREDIT AS FEDERALLY

5 COVERED EMPLOYERS, AND TO EXEMPT COMPUTER PROFESSIONALS

6 FROM MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME PROVISIONS.

7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 95-25.3 reads as rewritten:

9 "§ 95-25.3. Minimum wage.

- (a) Every employer shall pay to each employee who in any workweek performs any work, wages of at least three dollars and eighty cents (\$3.80) per hour effective January 1, 1992, and four dollars and twenty-five cents (\$4.25) per hour effective January 1, 1993, the minimum wage set forth in paragraph 1 of section 6(a) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1), as that wage may change from time to
- 15 time, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- 16 (b) In order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, the wage 17 rate for full-time students, learners, apprentices, and messengers, as defined under the 18 Fair Labor Standards Act, shall be ninety percent (90%) of the rate in effect under 19 subsection (a) above, rounded to the lowest nickel.
- 20 (c) The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for 21 employment, may, by regulation, establish a wage rate less than the wage rate in

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1 effect under section (a) which may apply to persons whose earning or productive 2 capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, as such persons 3 are defined under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

- The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for 5 employment of the economically disadvantaged and the unemployed, may, by 6 regulation, establish a wage rate not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the 7 otherwise applicable wage rate in effect under subsection (a) which shall apply to all 8 persons (i) who have been unemployed for at least 15 weeks and who are 9 economically disadvantaged, or (ii) who are, or whose families are, receiving aid to 10 families with dependent children provided under Part A of Title IV of the Social 11 Security Act, Work First Family Assistance, or who are receiving supplemental 12 security benefits under Title XVI of the Social Security Act.
- 13 Pursuant to regulations issued by the Commissioner, certificates establishing 14 eligibility for such subminimum wage shall be issued by the Employment Security 15 Commission.

16 The regulation issued by the Commissioner shall not permit employment at the 17 subminimum rate for a period in excess of 52 weeks.

- The Commissioner, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for 19 employment, and to not adversely affect the viability of seasonal establishments, may, 20 by regulation, establish a wage rate not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the 21 otherwise applicable wage rate in effect under subsection (a) which shall apply to any 22 employee employed by an establishment which is a seasonal amusement or 23 recreational establishment, or a seasonal food service establishment.
- (f) Tips earned by a tipped employee may be counted as wages only up to fifty 25 percent (50%) of the applicable minimum wage for each hour worked the amount 26 permitted in section 3(m) of the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. 203(m), if the 27 tipped employee is notified in advance, is permitted to retain all tips and the 28 employer maintains accurate and complete records of tips received by each employee 29 as such tips are certified by the employee monthly or for each pay period. Even if 30 the employee refuses to certify tips accurately, tips may still be counted as wages 31 when the employer complies with the other requirements of this section and can 32 demonstrate by monitoring tips that the employee regularly receives tips in the 33 amount for which the credit is taken. Tip pooling shall also be permissible among 34 employees who customarily and regularly receive tips; however, no employee's tips 35 may be reduced by more than fifteen percent (15%) under a tip pooling arrangement.
- (g) In order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, an employer 37 may, in lieu of the minimum wage prescribed by this section, pay a training wage to 38 eligible persons in accordance with G.S. 95-25.3A."

Section 2. G.S. 95-25.14(b) reads as rewritten:

- The provisions of G.S. 95-25.3 (Minimum Wage) and G.S. 95-25.4 40 41 (Overtime), and the provisions of G.S. 95-25.15(b) (Record Keeping) as they relate to 42 these exemptions, do not apply to:
 - (1) Any employee of a boys' or girls' summer camp or of a seasonal religious or nonprofit educational conference center;

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1	(2) Any pe	rson employed in the catching, processing or first sale of
2	seafood	, as defined under the Fair Labor Standards Act;
3	(3) The sp	ouse, child, or parent of the employer or any person
4	qualifyi	ng as a dependent of the employer under the income tax
5	laws of	North Carolina;
6	(4) Any pe	erson employed in a bona fide executive, administrative,
7	professi	onal or outside sales capacity, as defined under the Fair
· 8	Labor S	Standards Act;
9	(5) Repeale	ed by Session Laws 1989, c. 687, s. 2.
10	(6) Any pe	erson while participating in a ridesharing arrangement as
11		in G.S. 136-44.21. G.S. 136-44.21;
12	(7) Any pe	erson who is employed as a computer systems analyst.
13	comput	er programmer, software engineer, or other similarly skilled
14	worker,	as defined in the Fair Labor Standards Act."
15	Section 3. Th	is act becomes effective August 1, 1997.

House Bill 871

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 871 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT AMENDING THE WAGE AND HOUR ACT TO RAISE THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE, TO PERMIT EMPLOYERS SUBJECT TO THE STATE MINIMUM WAGE TO TAKE THE SAME TIP CREDIT AS FEDERALLY COVERED EMPLOYERS, AND EXEMPT COMPUTER PROFESSIONALS FROM MINIMUM WAGE AND OVERTIME PROVISIONS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ASSIGNMENT OF BILLS TO SUBCOMMITTEE

COMMITTEE: COMMERCE CHAIRMAN: Representative Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent DATE: April 23, 1997 Bill Number (Indicate H or S): H 1125 Mortgage Lenders Short Title: **Financial Institutions** Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title:

Assigned to Subcommittee on:
Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on:

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

APRIL 23, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Ulin Darland	Elictricies
John Bowdish	Zeb-alley PA.
Dave Anhund	CP4L
Mariay Bradley	nccent
	acto
Gene Gersty	E- EBC
John May	he-EWA
DORIS WEAVER	NC CWA Political Council
Christopher Soft	NC ALL-Cio
Jim TAYLAR	LABOR
Becky Brown	1/
Danal Cope	,
Can Fulton	ABC Connegsion
Steran Coward	NC Restamant Asso.
Jack Butler	NC DEHNR
Joven Henderson	SAL, 9 NC
Molan Mauton	EHNA-DEH
BILL SCOGGIN	NCBA
Steve Reinhard	Johnson, Mercer, Hearna Vinegar
Garx Walker	ALLTEL
Semmes	ne Equite
Jally Lasters	Charlote Chamber of Commerce
Chis Fitzsimum	Cummin Source Foundation
12 5 Schoheld	NC Justice Ctr.
(8 arker Chessen	N.C. ESC
Dwil alega	NC Ass'n of REACTORS
Will Marke	NU WESH OF KEARIONS

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

April 25,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Walter Church, Co-Chair, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Donald Davis, Stan Fox, Bobby Hall, Larry Justus, Ed McMahan, Richard Morgan, David Redwine, Wilma Sherrill, Edgar Starnes, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Thomas Wright

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Friday, April 25, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bill were discussed:

House bill 651, entitled AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL PERMITS IN INTERSTATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONES. Representative Hunter, the bill sponsor, explained the bill. Questions were taken from the committee members. Representative Redwine offered an amendment. A vote was taken and the amendment was adopted. Mr. John Henderson of the Christian Action League addressed the committee. Representative Baker offered an amendment to the bill. A vote was taken and the amendment was adopted. The committee rolled the amended bill into a committee substitute and Representative Redwine moved for a favorable report as to the committee substitute. Representative Davis asked for a roll call vote. A roll call vote was taken and the committee substitute was given a favorable report by a vote of 11-2.

House bill 994, entitled AN ACT TO ALLOW PAY TELEPHONE PROVIDERS TO OBTAIN LINE ACCESS FROM COMPETITIVE LOCAL PROVIDERS OF TELEPHONE SERVICE AND TO ELIMINATE THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENT THAT LINE ACCESS RATES BE SET ON A MEASURED RATE BASIS. Representative Church explained the bill for Representative G. Wilson, the bill sponsor. Representative Church moved to give the bill a favorable report. A vote was taken and house bill 994 was given a favorable report.

House bill 1059, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN TYPES OF REDEVELOPEMENT WITHIN URBAN WATERFRONTS THAT HISTORICALLY HAVE A PATTERN OF URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT. Representative Wright, the bill sponsor, explained the bill and moved that the bill be given a favorable report. Mr. Roger Schecter, from North Carolina Coastal Management, addressed the committee and expressed his support

of the bill. A vote was taken and the bill was given a favorable report and referred to Judiciary II committee.

House bill 1091, entitled AN ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN CRIMINAL RECORD CHECKS TO BE CONDUCTED BY PRIVATE BUSINESS. Representative Wright explained the bill on behalf of the bill sponsor, Representative Braswell. Mr. Walker Reagan, staff legal counsel, clarified some concerns brought forward by committee members. Representative Davis moved that the bill be given a favorable report and be re-referred to Judiciary I Committee. A vote was taken and the bill was given a favorable report and re-referred to the Judiciary I Committee.

House bill 795, entitled AN ACT TO ALLOCATE THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATING RINK OPERATORS AND THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATERS AT ROLLER SKATING RINKS AS THESE DUTIES RELATE TO SAFETY AND LIABILITY FOR PERSONAL INJURY. Representative Baker, the bill sponsor, explained the bill to the committee and moved that it be given a favorable report and recommended that the bill be re-referred to the committee on Judiciary I. A vote was taken and the bill was given a favorable report and re-referred to the committee on Judiciary I.

House bill 617, entitled AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT SCHOOL BUSES AND SCHOOL ACTIVITY BUSES MAY NOT COMPETE WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR. Rep. Wilma Sherrill, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute and explained the bill. There was no objection to the proposed committee substitute and it was before the committee. Questions were taken from Rep. Thomas Wright, Rep. Nurham Warwick, Rep. Edgar Starnes, Rep. Donald Davis, and Rep. Rex Baker. Chairman Miner recognized Gene Cosby of the Mobile Coaches Association for comments. Rep. Nurham Warwick moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute and an unfavorable report on the original bill. The committee voted on the motion and the motion passed. So, the committee substitute for House Bill 617 received a favorable report and the original bill received an unfavorable report.

House Bill 672, entitled AN ACT TO EXEMPT COUNTIES AND CITIES FROM THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS REGARDING PUBLIC CONTRACTS WHEN CONSTRUCTING CERTAIN METAL BUILDINGS. Rep. Bobby Hall, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Ed McMahan, Rep. Don Davis, and Rep. Nurham Warwick. Chairman Miner recognized Henry Jones of the Electrical and Mechanical Contractors Association for comments. Rep. Don Davis moved for a favorable report. The committee voted on the motion and the motion passed. So, House Bill 672 received a favorable report from the committee.

House Bill 1074, entitled AN ACT TO PROHIBIT A PERSON FROM REPRESENTING THAT THE PERSON PROVIDES OR OBTAINS DEBT CONSOLIDATION WHEN THE SERVICE THAT PERSON PRIMARILY PROVIDES IS RELATED TO BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS. Rep. Bobby Hall, the bill sponsor,

introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Rex Baker moved for a favorable report for the bill and to have the bill re-referred to the House Judiciary Committee I. The committee voted on the motion and the motion passed. So, House Bill 1074 received a favorable report and was re-referred to the House Judiciary Committee I.

House Bill 1075, entitled AN ACT TO PERMIT LENDERS TO CONTRACT FOR AND RECEIVE SHARED APPRECIATION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. Rep. Bobby Hall, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Ed McMahan, Rep. Rex Baker, Rep. Edgar Starnes, and Rep. Larry Justus. Rep. Ed McMahan moved for a favorable report and to have the bill re-referred to the House Judiciary Committee I. The committee voted on the motion and it passed. So, House Bill 1075 received a favorable report and was re-referred to the House Judiciary Committee I.

House Bill 903, entitled AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE SITING OF A LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY THAT WOULD RESULT IN THE FACILITY'S BUFFER ZONE BEING LOCATED WITHIN THREE THOUSAND FEET OF A HUNDRED-YEAR FLOODPLAIN ON A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR POOL ELEVATION. Rep. Jane Mosley, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Richard Whisnant, Chairman of the Inter-Agency Commission on Low-Level Radioactive Waste, for comments and answers. Chairman Miner also recognized Steve Rose, legal counsel, for answers. Comments were also taken from Walter Sturgeon of the North Carolina Low-Level Waste Management Authority. Rep. Larry Justus moved for an unfavorable report. Rep. Bobby Hall offers an amendment. The committee voted on the amendment and it failed. Rep. Wilma Sherrill moved that the bill be sent to a sub-subcommittee. Chairman Miner sent the House Bill 903 to a sub-subcommittee with the members to be named later.

House Bill 451, entitled AN ACT RELATING TO ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS IN THE EVENT OF DOMESTIC ABUSE OR A SPOUSAL RELOCATION, TO THE DEFINITION OF EMPLOYMENT AS TO AGRICULTURAL LABOR, TO FOOD STAMPS OVERISSUANCES, AND TO REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. Rep. David Redwine, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute and explained the bill. There was no objection to the proposed committee substitute. The committee substitute was before the committee. Rep. David Redwine offers an amendment. The committee voted on the amendment and it was adopted. Questions and comments were taken from the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Roz Savety of the Coalition Against Domestic Violence to make comments to the committee. Chairman Miner also recognized Tom Whitaker, Deputy Chairman of the Employment Securities Commission, for comments. Rep. Rex Baker moved to put the bill in a sub-subcommittee. The committee voted and the motion failed. Rep. Bobby Hall moved for an unfavorable report. Rep. David Redwine moved for a favorable report and to have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The

committee voted on Rep. David Redwine's motion. The motion passed. So, House Bill 451 received a favorable report and it was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

House Bill 453, entitled AN ACT RELATING TO THE BASE PERIOD FOR ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ELIMINATING THE ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TEST. Rep. David Redwine, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Larry Justus and Rep. Thomas Wright. Chairman Miner recognized Tom Whitaker, Deputy Chairman of the Employment Securities Commission, for comments. Rep. Larry Justus moved that the committee be adjourned.

The committee adjourned at 1:05 p.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ISSUANCE OF H.B. 651 CERTAIN ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL PERMITS IN INTERSTATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONES. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report.

With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.

With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1997 SESSION

S.L. 1997-395 **HOUSE BILL 651**

AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL PERMITS IN INTERSTATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

read:

Section 1. G.S. 18B-1006 is amended by adding a new subsection to

"(m) Interstate Interchange Economic Development Zones. -- The Commission may issue permits listed in G.S. 18B-1001(10), without approval at an election, to qualified establishments defined in G.S. 18B-1000(4), (6), and (8) located within one mile of an interstate highway interchange located in a county that:

Has approved the sale of malt beverages, unfortified wine, and <u>(1)</u>

fortified wine, but not mixed beverages;

Operates ABC stores:

Borders on another state; and

Lies north and east of the Roanoke River." Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 5th day of August, 1997.

- s/ Dennis A. Wicker President of the Senate
- s/ Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives
- s/ James B. Hunt, Jr. Governor

Approved 1:50 p.m. this 14th day of August, 1997



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

ne W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 23, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: / O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

HOUSE BILL 651 - INTERSTATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONE -

Representative Howard Hunter

House Bill 651 would amend the alcoholic beverage control law to permit mixed beverages permits to be issued, without an election, to restaurants, hotels, and sports clubs in Northampton County located within one and one-half miles of Interstate 95 interchanges.

The bill adds a new section to G.S. 1006 to allow the Alcohol Beverage Control Commission to issue mixed beverage permits, without approval at an election, to qualified eating establishments, hotels, and sports clubs located within one and onehalf miles of an interstate highway interchange located in a county that has approved the sale of beer and wine, but not mixed beverages, that operates ABC stores, that borders on another state, and that lies north of the Roanoke River. Northampton County is the only county to meet this criteria.

This bill is effective when it becomes law.

§ 18B-1001. Kinds of ABC permits; places eligible.

When the issuance of the permit is lawful in the jurisdiction in which the premises is

located, the Commission may issue the following kinds of permits:

- (10) Mixed Beverages Permit. -- A mixed beverages permit authorizes the retail sale of mixed beverages for consumption on the premises. The permit also authorizes a mixed beverages permittee to obtain a purchase-transportation permit under G.S. 18B-403 and 18B-404, and to use for culinary purposes spirituous liquor lawfully purchased for use in mixed beverages. The permit may be issued for any of the following:
 - a. Restaurants:
 - b. Hotels:
 - c. Private clubs:
 - d. Convention centers;
 - e. Community theatres;
 - f. Nonprofit organizations; and
 - g. Political organizations.

§ 18B-1000. Definitions concerning establishments.

The following requirements and definitions shall apply to this Chapter:

- (2) Eating establishment. -- An establishment engaged in the business of regularly and customarily selling food, primarily to be eaten on the premises. Eating establishments shall include businesses that are referred to as restaurants, cafeterias, or cafes, but that do not qualify under subdivision (6). Eating establishments shall also include lunchstands, grills, snack bars, fast-food businesses, and other establishments, such as drugstores, which have a lunch counter or other section where food is sold to be eaten on the premises.
- (4) Hotel. -- An establishment substantially engaged in the business of furnishing lodging. A hotel shall have a restaurant either on or closely associated with the premises. The restaurant and hotel need not be owned or operated by the same person.
- (8) Sports club. -- An establishment substantially engaged in the business of providing an 18-hole golf course, two or more tennis courts, or both. The sports club can either be open to the general public or to members and their guests. To qualify as a sports club, an establishment's gross receipts for club activities shall be greater than its gross receipts for alcoholic beverages. This provision does not prohibit a sports club from operating a restaurant. Receipts for food shall be included in with the club activity fee.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No.					
	H. B. No. 651 (PCS)		DATE	Ø-	25-97	
	S. B. No			Amendment N	lo. <u>#</u>	
	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE				(to be filled Principal	-
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	Rep. REDWINE					
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April 23, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 651 -

INTERSTATE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONE - Representative Howard

Hunter

The Proposed Committee Substitute for House Bill 651 would amend the alcoholic beverage control law to permit mixed beverages permits to be issued, without an election, to restaurants, hotels, and sports clubs in Northampton County located within one and one-half miles of Interstate 95 interchanges.

The bill adds a new section to G.S. 1006 to allow the Alcohol Beverage Control Commission to issue mixed beverage permits, without approval at an election, to qualified restaurants, hotels, and sports clubs located within one and one-half miles of an interstate highway interchange located in a county that has approved the sale of beer and wine, but not mixed beverages, that operates ABC stores, that borders on another state, and that lies north of the Roanoke River. Northampton County is the only county to meet this criteria.

This bill is effective when it becomes law.

§ 18B-1001. Kinds of ABC permits; places eligible.

When the issuance of the permit is lawful in the jurisdiction in which the premises is

located, the Commission may issue the following kinds of permits:

- (10) Mixed Beverages Permit. -- A mixed beverages permit authorizes the retail sale of mixed beverages for consumption on the premises. The permit also authorizes a mixed beverages permittee to obtain a purchase-transportation permit under G.S. 18B-403 and 18B-404, and to use for culinary purposes spirituous liquor lawfully purchased for use in mixed beverages. The permit may be issued for any of the following:
 - a. Restaurants;
 - b. Hotels:
 - c. Private clubs;
 - d. Convention centers;
 - e. Community theatres;
 - f. Nonprofit organizations; and
 - g. Political organizations.

§ 18B-1000. Definitions concerning establishments.

The following requirements and definitions shall apply to this Chapter:

(4) Hotel. -- An establishment substantially engaged in the business of furnishing lodging. A hotel shall have a restaurant either on or closely associated with the premises. The restaurant and hotel need not be owned or operated by the same person.

(6) Restaurant. -- An establishment substantially engaged in the business of preparing and serving meals. To qualify as a restaurant, an establishment's gross receipts from food and nonalcoholic beverages shall be not less than forty percent (40%) of the total gross receipts from food, nonalcoholic beverages, and alcoholic beverages. A restaurant shall also have a kitchen and an inside dining area with seating for at least 36 people.

(8) Sports club. -- An establishment substantially engaged in the business of providing an 18-hole golf course, two or more tennis courts, or both. The sports club can either be open to the general public or to members and their guests. To qualify as a sports club, an establishment's gross receipts for club activities shall be greater than its gross receipts for alcoholic beverages. This provision does not prohibit a sports club from operating a restaurant. Receipts for food

shall be included in with the club activity fee.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

EDITION No.	-			
H. B. No. 451 PC	_ DA	ATE	25-97	
S. B. No	-	Amendment No		_
COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	-		(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)	
(Rep.) BAKER				
Sen.)				
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HB# 6

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

YES	NO	MEMBER (last name)	YES	NO	MEMBER (last name)
		REP. MINER			REP. GOODWIN
		REP. BERRY			REP. GRADY
<u> </u>		REP. CHURCH	<u>_</u>		REP. HALL
		REP. HIATT			REP. HARDAWAY
		REP. TALLENT			REP. HARDY
		REP. ALEXANDER			REP. HILL
		REP. ALLRED			REP. HOLMES
<u></u>		REP. BAKER			REP. HUNTER
		REP. BLUE			REP. HURLEY
<u></u>		REP. BONNER			REP. IVES
		REP. BOWIE			REP. JUSTUS
		REP. BOYD-MCINTYRE			REP. McALLISTER
		REP. BRASWELL			REP. McCOMAS
		REP. BRAWLEY			REP. McCOMBS
		REP. CANSLER			REP. McCRARY
		REP. CRAWFORD	~		REP. McMAHAN
		REP. CREECH			REP. MITCHELL
		REP. CULPEPPER			REP. MORGAN
	1	REP. DAVIS			REP. MORRIS
		REP. DEDMON			REP. NEELEY
		REP. DICKSON	Ex off	icio Me	mbers
		REP. DOCKHAM			Speaker Pro Tem Hook
		REP. EASTERLING			Majority Leader
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ROLL CALL VOTE

YES	. N	$ = \underline{\qquad} (TOTAL) $		HB# SB#	
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YES	NO	MEMBER (last name)	YES	NO	MEMBER (last name)
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		REP. NYE			
		REP. PRESTON			
		REP. RAMSEY			
		REP. RAYFIELD			
<u> </u>		REP. REDWINE			
		REP. REYNOLDS			
		REP. ROGERS			
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		REP. SMITH			
	<u></u>	REP. STARNES			
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1		REP. WARWICK			
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		REP. WILKINS			
		REP. CONNIE WILSON			
		REP. GENE WILSON			
<u>_</u>		REP. WRIGHT			
		REP. WOMBLE			
			Ex off	icio Me	mbers
					Speaker Pro Tem
					Majority Leader
					Majority Whip

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 994 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ALLOW PAY TELEPHONE PROVIDERS TO OBTAIN LINE ACCESS FROM COMPETITIVE LOCAL PROVIDERS OF TELEPHONE SERVICE AND TO ELIMINATE THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENT THAT LINE ACCESS RATES BE SET ON A MEASURED RATE BASIS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐), \(\square\) which changes the title, With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (# unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. ☐ With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 994

passed perot

Short Title: Competitive Pay Telephone.

(Public)

Sponsors:

1

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8

Representative G. Wilson.

Referred to: Commerce.

April 17, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ALLOW PAY TELEPHONE PROVIDERS TO OBTAIN LINE ACCESS FROM COMPETITIVE LOCAL PROVIDERS OF TELEPHONE SERVICE AND TO ELIMINATE THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENT THAT LINE ACCESS RATES BE SET ON A MEASURED RATE BASIS.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 62-110(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The Commission shall be authorized, consistent with the public interest, to 9 adopt procedures for the issuance of a special certificate to any person for the limited 10 purpose of offering telephone service to the public by means of coin, coinless, or key-11 operated pay telephone instruments. This service may be in addition to or in 12 competition with public telephone services offered by the certificated telephone 13 company in the service area. The certificated local exchange telephone company in 14 the service area where any new pay telephone service is proposed shall be the only 15 provider of the access line from the pay instrument to the network, and the rates 16 approved by the Commission for this access line shall be fully compensatory, reflect 17 the business nature of the service, and shall be set on a measured usage rate basis 18 where facilities are available or on a message rate basis otherwise. The access line 19 from the pay instrument to the network may be obtained from the local exchange 20 telephone company in the service area where the pay instrument is located, from any 21 certificated competitive local provider, or any other provider authorized by the The Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the service 22 Commission. 23 authorized by this section, recognizing the competitive nature of the offerings and, 24 notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Commission shall determine the



- 1 extent to which such services shall be regulated and to the extent necessary to protect
- 2 the public interest regulate the terms, conditions, and rates for such service and the
- 3 terms and conditions for interconnection to the local exchange network."
- Section 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997.

Page 2 House Bill 994



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

House Committee on Commerce

FROM:

Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE:

House Bill 994; Competitive Access for pay telephones

House Bill 994 amends G.S. 62-110(c). This subsection authorizes competitive pay telephone service to the public. The current provision provides that the pay telephone must be connected to the certificated local exchange telephone company and that the rates approved by the Utilities Commission for the access line must be set on a fully compensatory, measured usage rate basis if possible, or on a fully compensatory message rate basis if a measured basis is not possible.

House Bill 994 authorizes the pay telephone to be connected to any authorized local exchange provider and eliminates the requirement that the service be on a measured usage rate basis if possible.

Legislation passed by the 1995 General Assembly authorized competitive local exchange telephone service as well as alternative rate making procedures.

The act becomes effective July 1, 1997.

H994-SMRL-001

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 1059 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN TYPES OF REDEVELOPMENT WITHIN URBAN WATERFRONTS THAT HISTORICALLY HAVE A PATTERN OF URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary II. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

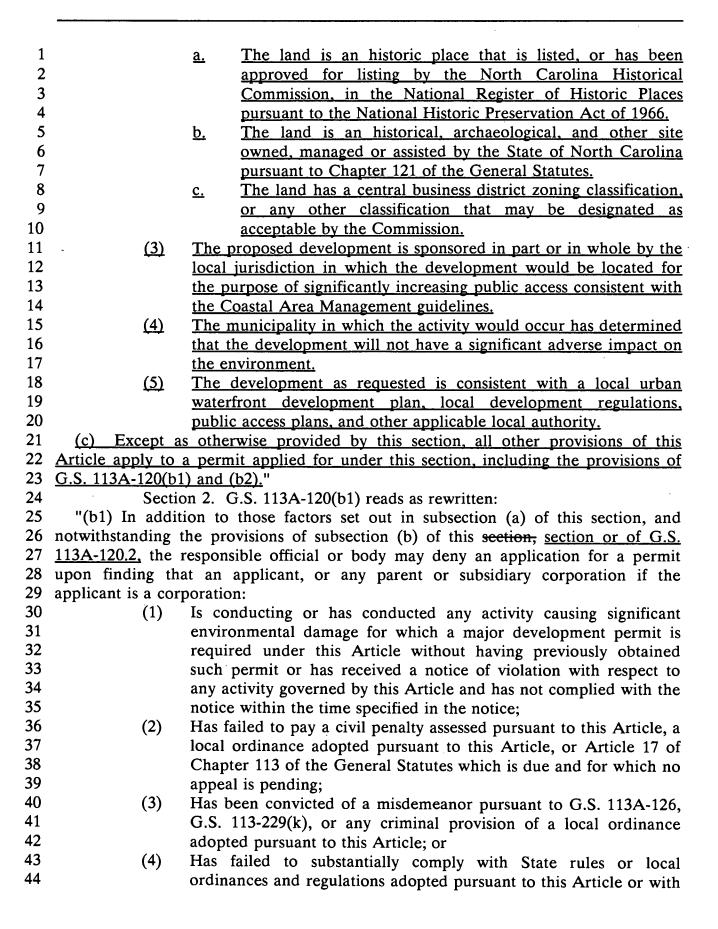
SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 1059 Proposed Committee Substitute H1059-PCS6241

Short Title: CAMA/Urban Waterfront Redevelop. (Public)					
Sponsors:					
Referred to:					
April 21, 1997					
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
AN ACT TO AMEND THE COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN TYPES OF REDEVELOPMENT WITHIN URBAN WATERFRONTS THAT HISTORICALLY HAVE A PATTERN OF URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
Section 1. Article 7 of Chapter 113A of the General Statutes is amended					
by adding a new section to read:					
"§ 113A-120.2. Permits for urban waterfront redevelopment in historically urban					
areas.					
(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person may apply to the					
Commission for a permit for major development granting permission to use the					
person's land for a nonwater dependent use that is otherwise prohibited by rules,					
standards, or limitations prescribed by the Commission, or orders issued by the					
Commission, pursuant to this Article. The procedure to apply for the permit shall be as provided by G.S. 113A-119.					
(b) Notwithstanding G.S. 113A-120(a), the Commission may grant a permit for					
nonwater dependent development in public trust areas designated pursuant to G.S.					
113A-113(b)(5) if the following criteria are met:					
(1) The land is waterfront property located in a municipality.					
(2) The land has a history of urban-level development as evidenced by					
any of the following:					



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SESSION 1997

1	other	federal	and	State	laws,	regulations,	and	rules	for	the
2	protec	ction of the	he en	vironm	ent."		-			
3	Section 3. T	his act is	effec	tive wl	nen it b	pecomes law.				

House Bill 1059 Page 3



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL 1059 -

COASTAL AREA MANAGEMENT ACT/URBAN WATERFRONT

REDEVELOPMENT - Representative Wright

The Proposed Committee Substitute for House Bill 1059 would amend the Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) to allow for redevelopment in historically urban waterfront areas under certain conditions.

Section 1 of the bill creates a new statutory section to allow a person to obtain a permit to use public trust areas for a nonwater dependent use that would otherwise be prohibited by CAMA under certain conditions. To be eligible for the permit the development must:

- 1. be located in a municipality,
- 2. have a history of urban-level development as evidence by recognition as a historic place or be a historical, archaeological or other site involving the State, or the land must have a commercial business district designation,
- 3. have a determination by the municipality that the use would not have a significant adverse environmental impact.
- 4. have a development plan consistent with a local waterfront development plan, local development regulations, public access plans and other local authority.

Section 2 makes a conforming technical change.

The bill would be effective when it becomes law.

If reported favorably by House Commerce, the bill will be serially referred to House Judiciary II.

H1059-SMRU-001

§ 113A-120. Grant or denial of permits.

- (a) The responsible official or body shall deny an application for a permit upon finding:
- (1) In the case of coastal wetlands, that the development would contravene an order that has been or could be issued pursuant to G.S. 113-230.
- (2) In the case of estuarine waters, that a permit for the development would be denied pursuant to G.S. 113-229(e).
- (3) In the case of a renewable resource area, that the development will result in loss or significant reduction of continued long-range productivity that would jeopardize one or more of the water, food or fiber requirements of more than local concern identified in subdivisions a through c of G.S. 113A-113(b)(3).
- (4) In the case of a fragile or historic area, or other area containing environmental or natural resources of more than local significance, that the development will result in major or irreversible damage to one or more of the historic, cultural, scientific, environmental or scenic values or natural systems identified in subdivisions a through h of G.S. 113A-113(b)(4).
- (5) In the case of areas covered by G.S. 113A-113(b)(5), that the development will jeopardize the public rights or interests specified in said subdivision.
- (6) In the case of natural hazard areas, that the development would occur in one or more of the areas identified in subdivisions a through e of G.S. 113A-113(b)(6) in such a manner as to unreasonably endanger life or property.
- (7) In the case of areas which are or may be impacted by key facilities, that the development is inconsistent with the State guidelines or the local land-use plans, or would contravene any of the provisions of subdivisions (1) to (6) of this subsection.
- (8) In any case, that the development is inconsistent with the State guidelines or the local land-use plans.
- (9) In any case, that considering engineering requirements and all economic costs there is a practicable alternative that would accomplish the overall project purposes with less adverse impact on the public resources.
- (10) In any case, that the proposed development would contribute to cumulative effects that would be inconsistent with the guidelines set forth in subdivisions (1) through (9) of this subsection. Cumulative effects are impacts attributable to the collective effects of a number of projects and include the effects of additional projects similar to the requested permit in areas available for development in the vicinity.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN CRIMINAL H.B. 1091 RECORD CHECKS TO BE CONDUCTED BY PRIVATE BUSINESS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary I. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐), \(\square\) which changes the title, With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), (and recommendation unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill # that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997
HOUSE BILL 1091
itle: Crim. Record H

Short Title: Crim. Record Check by Private Bus.

(Public)

1

Sponsors:

5

17

18

Representatives Braswell; Arnold, Black, Hackney, R. Hunter, Justus,

Kiser, Miner, Mitchell, Mosley, Thompson, Warwick, and C. Wilson.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Judiciary I.

April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ALLOW CERTAIN CRIMINAL RECORD CHECKS TO BE CONDUCTED BY PRIVATE BUSINESS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 131D-40(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Requirement. -- An offer of employment by an adult care home licensed 6 under this Chapter to an applicant to fill a position that does not require the applicant to have an occupational license is conditioned on consent to a criminal 9 history record check of the applicant. An adult care home shall not employ an 10 applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal history record check required by this 11 section. Within five business days of making the conditional offer of employment, an 12 An adult care home shall submit a request to the Department of Justice under G.S. 13 114-19.3 G.S. 114-19.3, or shall request a private business entity, to conduct a 14 criminal history record eheek check. within five business days of making the 15 conditional offer of employment. All criminal history information received by the 16 home is confidential and may not be disclosed."

Section 2. G.S. 131E-265(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Requirement. -- An offer of employment by a nursing home or a home care 19 agency licensed under this Chapter to an applicant to fill a position that does not 20 require the applicant to have an occupational license is conditioned on consent to a 21 criminal history record check of the applicant. A nursing home or a home care 22 agency shall not employ an applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal history 23 record check required by this section. Within five business days of making the

- 1 conditional offer of employment, a A nursing home or home care agency shall submit
- 2 a request to the Department of Justice under G.S. 114-19.3 G.S. 114-19.3, or shall
- 3 request a private business entity, to conduct a criminal history record eheek within
- 4 five-business days of making the conditional offer of employment. check. All criminal
- 5 history information received by the home or agency is confidential and may not be
- 6 disclosed."
- 7 Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.





North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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he W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: HOUSE BILL 1091 - CRIMINAL RECORD CHECK BY PRIVATE BUSINESS

- Representative Braswell

House Bill 1091 would permit adult care homes, nursing homes, and home care agencies to obtain criminal history record checks from private business entities instead of the SBI.

Currently adult care homes, nursing homes, and home care agencies are required to have criminal history record checks conducted within five days of the conditional offer of employment on all applicants for employment. These checks are to be conducted by the SBI based either on a name check or a fingerprint check. These criminal history record searches are limited to North Carolina records and do not include criminal offenses committed outside of this State. Name checks are less reliable than fingerprint based checks but may identify relevant criminal history for which a fingerprint record was not filed with the SBI.

Sections 1 and 2 of the bill would give these adult caring businesses the option to have this record check performed by a private business entity instead of the SBI. These homes might want to use a private entity instead of the SBI because of costs and turn-around. Private business entity checks would be limited to name checks since private business entities do not have access to the fingerprint-based criminal databases.

The bill would be come effective when it becomes law.

H1091-SMRU-001

§ 131D-40. Criminal history record checks required for certain applicants for

employment.

(a) Requirement. -- An offer of employment by an adult care home licensed under this Chapter to an applicant to fill a position that does not require the applicant to have an occupational license is conditioned on consent to a criminal history record check of the applicant. An adult care home shall not employ an applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal history record check required by this section. An adult care home shall submit a request to the Department of Justice under G.S. 114-19.3 to conduct a criminal history record check within five business days of making the conditional offer of employment. All criminal history information received by the home is confidential and may not be disclosed.

(b) Action. -- If an applicant's criminal history record check reveals one or more convictions of a relevant offense, the administrator of the adult care home or the administrator's designee shall consider all of the following factors in determining

whether to hire the applicant:

(1) The level and seriousness of the crime.

(2) The date of the crime.

(3) The age of the person at the time of the conviction.

(4) The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, if known.

(5) The nexus between the criminal conduct of the person and the job duties of the position to be filled.

(6) The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and employment records of the person since the date the crime was committed.

(7) The subsequent commission by the person of a relevant offense.

The fact of conviction of a relevant offense alone shall not be a bar to employment; however, the listed factors shall be considered by the administrator or the administrator's designee.

(c) Limited Immunity. -- An adult care home and an officer or employee of an adult care home that, in good faith, complies with this section is not liable for the failure of the home to employ an individual on the basis of information provided in the criminal

history record check of the individual.

(d) Relevant Offense. -- As used in this section, "relevant offense" means a State crime, whether a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an individual's fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of aged or disabled persons. These crimes include the criminal offenses set forth in any of the following Articles of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes: Article 5, Counterfeiting and Issuing Monetary Substitutes; Article 5A, Endangering Executive and Legislative Officers; Article 6, Homicide; Article 7A, Rape and Other Sex Offenses; Article 8, Assaults; Article 10, Kidnapping and Abduction; Article 13, Malicious Injury or Damage by Use of Explosive or Incendiary Device or Material; Article 14, Burglary and Other Housebreakings; Article 15, Arson and Other Burnings; Article 16, Larceny; Article 17, Robbery; Article 18, Embezzlement; Article 19, False Pretenses and Cheats; Article 19A, Obtaining Property or Services by False or Fraudulent Use of Credit Device or Other Means; Article 19B, Financial Transaction Card Crime Act; Article 20, Frauds; Article 21, Forgery; Article 26, Offenses against Public Morality and Decency; Article 26A, Adult Establishments; Article 27, Prostitution; Article 28, Perjury; Article 29, Bribery; Article 31, Misconduct in Public Office; Article 35, Offenses Against the Public Peace; Article 36A, Riots and Civil Disorders; Article 39, Protection of Minors; Article 40, Protection of the Family; Article 59, Public Intoxication; and Article 60, Computer-Related Crime. These crimes also include possession or sale of drugs in violation of the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act, Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, and alcohol-related offenses such as sale to underage persons in violation of G.S. 18B-302 or driving while impaired in violation of G.S. 20-138.1 through G.S. 20-138.5.



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April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: HOUSE BILL 1091 - CRIMINAL RECORD CHECK BY PRIVATE BUSINESS

- Representative Braswell

House Bill 1091 would permit adult care homes, nursing homes, and home care agencies to obtain criminal history record checks from private business entities instead of the SBI.

Currently adult care homes, nursing homes, and home care agencies are required to have criminal history record checks conducted within five days of the conditional offer of employment on all applicants for employment. These checks are to be conducted by the SBI based either on a name check or a fingerprint check. These criminal history record searches are limited to North Carolina records and do not include criminal offenses committed outside of this State. Name checks are less reliable than fingerprint based checks but may identify relevant criminal history for which a fingerprint record was not filed with the SBI.

Sections 1 and 2 of the bill would give these adult caring businesses the option to have this record check performed by a private business entity instead of the SBI. These homes might want to use a private entity instead of the SBI because of costs and turn-around. Private business entity checks would be limited to name checks since private business entities do not have access to the fingerprint-based criminal databases.

The bill would be come effective when it becomes law.

H1091-SMRU-001

§ 131D-40. Criminal history record checks required for certain applicants for

employment.

(a) Requirement. -- An offer of employment by an adult care home licensed under this Chapter to an applicant to fill a position that does not require the applicant to have an occupational license is conditioned on consent to a criminal history record check of the applicant. An adult care home shall not employ an applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal history record check required by this section. An adult care home shall submit a request to the Department of Justice under G.S. 114-19.3 to conduct a criminal history record check within five business days of making the conditional offer of employment. All criminal history information received by the home is confidential and may not be disclosed.

(b) Action. -- If an applicant's criminal history record check reveals one or more convictions of a relevant offense, the administrator of the adult care home or the administrator's designee shall consider all of the following factors in determining

whether to hire the applicant:

(1) The level and seriousness of the crime.

(2) The date of the crime.

(3) The age of the person at the time of the conviction.

(4) The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, if known.

(5) The nexus between the criminal conduct of the person and the job duties of the position to be filled.

(6) The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and employment records of the person since the date the crime was committed.

(7) The subsequent commission by the person of a relevant offense.

The fact of conviction of a relevant offense alone shall not be a bar to employment; however, the listed factors shall be considered by the administrator or the administrator's designee.

(c) Limited Immunity. -- An adult care home and an officer or employee of an adult care home that, in good faith, complies with this section is not liable for the failure of the home to employ an individual on the basis of information provided in the criminal

history record check of the individual.

(d) Relevant Offense. -- As used in this section, "relevant offense" means a State crime, whether a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an individual's fitness to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of aged or disabled persons. These crimes include the criminal offenses set forth in any of the following Articles of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes: Article 5, Counterfeiting and Issuing Monetary Substitutes; Article 5A, Endangering Executive and Legislative Officers; Article 6, Homicide; Article 7A, Rape and Other Sex Offenses; Article 8, Assaults; Article 10, Kidnapping and Abduction; Article 13, Malicious Injury or Damage by Use of Explosive or Incendiary Device or Material; Article 14, Burglary and Other Housebreakings; Article 15, Arson and Other Burnings; Article 16, Larceny; Article 17, Robbery; Article 18, Embezzlement; Article 19, False Pretenses and Cheats; Article 19A, Obtaining Property or Services by False or Fraudulent Use of Credit Device or Other Means; Article 19B, Financial Transaction Card Crime Act; Article 20, Frauds; Article 21, Forgery; Article 26, Offenses against Public Morality and Decency; Article 26A, Adult Establishments; Article 27, Prostitution; Article 28, Perjury; Article 29, Bribery; Article 31, Misconduct in Public Office; Article 35, Offenses Against the Public Peace; Article 36A, Riots and Civil Disorders; Article 39, Protection of Minors; Article 40, Protection of the Family; Article 59, Public Intoxication; and Article 60, Computer-Related Crime. These crimes also include possession or sale of drugs in violation of the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act, Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, and alcohol-related offenses such as sale to underage persons in violation of G.S. 18B-302 or driving while impaired in violation of G.S. 20-138.1 through G.S. 20-138.5.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 795 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ALLOCATE THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATING RINK OPERATORS AND THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATERS AT ROLLER SKATING RINKS AS THESE DUTIES RELATE TO SAFETY AND LIABILITY FOR PERSONAL INJURY. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary I. ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

Н **HOUSE BILL 795*** lav. report (Public) Short Title: Roller Skating Rink Liability. Representatives Baker; and Black. Sponsors: Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Judiciary I. April 3, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO ALLOCATE THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATING RINK OPERATORS AND THE DUTIES OF ROLLER SKATERS AT ROLLER SKATING RINKS AS THESE DUTIES RELATE TO SAFETY AND LIABILITY FOR PERSONAL INJURY. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter 8 to read: "Chapter 99E. 9 "Roller Skating Rink Safety and Liability. 10 11 "§ 99E-1. Findings. The General Assembly finds: 12 Roller skating is a sport that is enjoyed on a regular basis by 13 (1) thousands of North Carolina families. It is an affordable sport and 14 a form of exercise for young and old alike. 15 16 <u>(2)</u> The stable and efficient operation of roller skating rinks is essential in order to provide a safe and supervised area for roller skaters to 17 practice their sport. 18 Liability insurance for roller skating rink operators is difficult to **(3)** 19 find and expensive to maintain. 20 The number of insurance providers who are willing to issue 21 <u>(4)</u> liability insurance is shrinking, causing a rise in premiums on the 22 insurance that is available. 23

1		<u>(5)</u>	Roller skating rinks in North Carolina primarily are operated by
2			small, independent businessmen who simply do not have the
3		(6)	financial means to pay increasing liability premiums.
4		<u>(6)</u>	Lack of insurance coverage adversely affects the roller skating rink
5			owners as well as patrons who may suffer personal injury due to
6		(5)	accidents on the premises of the roller skating rink.
7		<u>(7)</u>	The wholesome and healthy family activity of roller skating should
8		- ·	be encouraged.
9	"§ 99E-2.		
10	As used		Chapter:
11		<u>(1)</u>	'Operator' means a person or entity who owns, manages, controls,
12			or directs, or who has operational responsibility for a roller skating
13		4.5	rink.
14		<u>(2)</u>	'Roller skater' means an individual wearing roller skates while in a
15			roller skating rink for the purpose of recreational or competitive
16			roller skating. 'Roller skater' includes any individual in the roller
17			skating rink who is an invitee, whether or not this individual pays
18	•	(2)	consideration.
19		<u>(3)</u>	'Roller skating rink' means a building, facility, or premises that
20			provides an area specifically designed to be used by the public for
21			recreational or competitive roller skating.
22		<u>(4)</u>	'Spectator' means an individual who is present in a roller skating
23			rink only for the purpose of observing recreational or competitive
24			roller skating.
25			of an operator.
26	The ope		o the extent practicable, shall:
27		(1)	Post the duties of roller skaters and spectators and the duties,
28			obligations, and liabilities of the operator as prescribed in this
29			Chapter in conspicuous places in at least three locations in the
30			roller skating rink.
31		<u>(2)</u>	Maintain the stability and legibility of all signs, symbols, and posted
32			notices required under subdivision (1) of this section.
33		<u>(3)</u>	Comply with all roller skating rink safety standards published by
34			the Roller Skating Rink Operators Association, including, but not
35			limited to, the proper maintenance of roller skating equipment and
36			roller skating surfaces.
37		<u>(4)</u>	When the rink is open for sessions, have at least one floor guard
38			on duty for approximately every 200 skaters.
39		<u>(5)</u>	Maintain the skating surface in reasonably safe condition and clean
40			and inspect the skating surface before each session.
41		<u>(6)</u>	Maintain in good condition the railings, kickboards, and wall
42			surrounding the skating surface.
43	·	<u>(7)</u>	In rinks with step-up or step-down skating surfaces, ensure that the
44			covering on the riser is securely fastened.

39 under G.S. 99E-3."

41 causes of actions arising on or after that date.

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Install fire extinguishers and inspect fire extinguishers at (8) 1 2 recommended intervals. 3 **(9)** Provide reasonable security in parking areas during operational 4 hours. Inspect emergency lighting units periodically to ensure the lights 5 (10)are in proper order. 6 Keep exit lights and lights in service areas on when skating surface 7 (11)lights are turned off during special numbers. 8 9 (12)Check rental skates on a regular basis to ensure the skates are in good mechanical condition. 10 Prohibit the sale or use of alcoholic beverages on the premises. (13)11 Comply with all applicable State and local safety codes. 12 (14)"§ 99E-4. Duties of a roller skater. 13 Each roller skater shall: 14 15 (1) Maintain reasonable control of his or her speed and course at all 16 17 **(2)** Heed all posted signs and warnings. Maintain a proper outlook to avoid other roller skaters and objects. (3)18 Accept the responsibility for knowing the range of his or her 19 (4) ability to negotiate the intended direction of travel while on roller 20 skates and to skate within the limits of that ability. 21 Refrain from acting in a manner that may cause or contribute to 22 **(5)** 23 the injury of himself, herself, or any other person. 24 "§ 99E-5. Assumption of risk. Roller skaters and spectators are deemed to have knowledge of and to assume the 25 inherent risks of roller skating, insofar as those risks are obvious and necessary. The obvious and necessary inherent risks include, but are not limited to, injuries that: 27 Result from incidental contact with other roller skaters or 28 (1) spectators. 29 30 Result from falls caused by loss of balance, and Involve objects or artificial structures properly within the intended 31 path of travel of the roller skater, 32 33 and that are not otherwise attributable to a rink operator's breach of the operator's 34 duties as set forth in G.S. 99E-3. 35 <u>"§ 99E-6. Defense to suit.</u> Assumption of risk pursuant to G.S. 99E-5 is a complete defense to a suit against 36 37 an operator by a roller skater or a spectator for injuries resulting from any obvious 38 and necessary inherent risks, unless the operator has violated the operator's duties

House Bill 795 Page 3

Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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Administrative Division
Room 5, Legislative Building
16 W. Jones Street
Raleigh, NC 27603-5925
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Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: HOUSE BILL 795 - ROLLER SKATING RINK LIABILITY - Representative

Baker

House Bill 795 would create the Roller Skating Rink Safety and Liability Act which would define the responsibilities and liabilities of roller skating rink operators and roller skaters and would create an assumption of the inherent risks of roller skating.

- G.S. 99E-1 makes legislative findings relative to sport of roller skating and the business of operating roller skating rinks.
- G.S. 99E-2 defines operator of a roller skating rink, roller skater, roller skating rink, and spectator.
- G.S. 99E-3 provides a detailed list of the duties of the operator of a rink. These duties include posting applicable rules, complying with safety standards, supervisory personnel, prohibiting alcoholic beverages, and complying with State and local safety codes.
- G.S. 99E-4 defines the duties of a roller skater including maintain control, heeding signs and warnings, maintaining a proper outlook, knowing the range of ability, refraining from acting dangerously.
- G.S. 99E-5 establishes an assumption of risk arising from roller skating to risk that are obvious and necessary. This inherent risks include injuries from contact with others, falls, and collisions with structures in the path of travel not otherwise attributable to the operator's breach of duties.
- G.S. 99E-6 establishes that assumption of risk under G.S. 99E-5 is a complete defense to suit against an operator by a skater or spectator for injuries

MEMORANDUM April 25, 1997 Page 2

resulting obvious and necessary inherent risks, unless the operator has violated the operator's duties.

The bill becomes effective October 1, 1997 and applies to causes of action arising on or after that date.

If reported favorably by House Commerce, the bill will be serially referred to the House Judiciary I Committee.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT PUBLICLY OWNED H.B. 617 AND OPERATED BUSES MAY NOT COMPETE WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 617 Proposed Committee Substitute H617-PCS4107

Short Title: No Competition by School Bus. (Pu					
Sponsors:					
Referred to:					
March 26, 1997					
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
AN ACT TO CLARIFY THAT SCHOOL BUSES AND SCHOOL ACTIVITY					
BUSES MAY NOT COMPETE WITH THE PRIVATE SECTOR.					
Whereas, public school buses are purchased with tax revenue, are insured					
under the State's program of self-insurance, use motor fuel that is exempt from the					
per gallon motor fuel excise tax, are exempt from local property taxes, and are driver					
by individuals who are trained at State expense; and					
Whereas, public school activity buses enjoy many of these same					
advantages; and					
Whereas, private sector businesses that provide transportation services de					
not enjoy any of these tax, insurance, and driver training advantages; and					
Whereas, because of these differences in private sector transportation					
businesses and public school transportation services, it would be unfair to allow					
school buses and school activity buses to compete against private sector businesses in					
providing transportation services; Now, therefore,					
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
Section 1. G.S. 66-58 reads as rewritten: "§ 66-58. Sale of merchandise or services by governmental units.					
y ou-so. Sale of merchandise of services by governmental units.					

(a) Except as may be provided in this section, it shall be unlawful for any unit,

department or agency of the State government, or any division or subdivision of any such unit, department or agency, or any individual employee or employees of any such unit, department or agency in his, or her, or their capacity as employee or employees thereof, to engage directly or indirectly in the sale of goods, wares or

1 merchandise in competition with citizens of the State, or to engage in the operation 2 of restaurants, cafeterias or other eating places in any building owned by or leased in 3 the name of the State, or to maintain service establishments for the rendering of 4 services to the public ordinarily and customarily rendered by private enterprises, or 5 to provide transportation services, or to contract with any person, firm or corporation 6 for the operation or rendering of any such businesses or services on behalf of any 7 such unit, department or agency, or to purchase for or sell to any person, firm or 8 corporation any article of merchandise in competition with private enterprise. The 9 leasing or subleasing of space in any building owned, leased or operated by any unit, 10 department or agency or division or subdivision thereof of the State for the purpose 11 of operating or rendering of any of the businesses or services herein referred to is 12 hereby prohibited.

- (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to:
 - (1) Counties and municipalities.
 - (2) The Department of Human Resources, the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, or the Department of Agriculture for the sale of serums, vaccines, and other like products.
 - (3) The Department of Administration, except that said agency shall not exceed the authority granted in the act creating the agency.
 - (4) The State hospitals for the insane.
 - (5) The Department of Human Resources.
 - (6) The North Carolina School for the Blind at Raleigh.
 - (7) The North Carolina Schools for the Deaf.
 - The Greater University of North Carolina with regard to its utilities and other services now operated by it nor to the sale of articles produced incident to the operation of instructional departments, articles incident to educational research, articles of merchandise incident to classroom work, meals, books, or to articles of merchandise not exceeding twenty-five cents (25¢) in value when sold to members of the educational staff or staff auxiliary to education or to duly enrolled students or occasionally to immediate members of the families of members of the educational staff or of duly enrolled students nor to the sale of meals or merchandise to persons attending meetings or conventions as invited guests nor to the operation by the University of North Carolina of an inn or hotel and dining and other facilities usually connected with a hotel or inn, nor to the hospital and Medical School of the University of North Carolina, nor to the Coliseum of North Carolina State College, and the other schools and colleges for higher education maintained or supported by the State, nor to the comprehensive student health services or the comprehensive student infirmaries maintained by the constituent institutions of the University of North Carolina.

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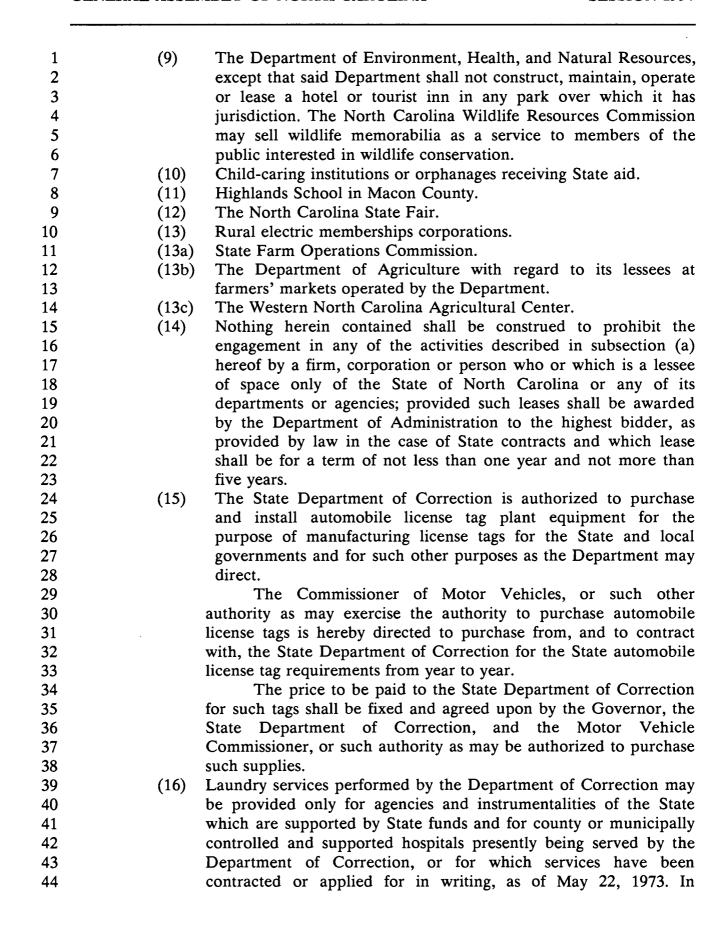
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House Bill 617 Page 3

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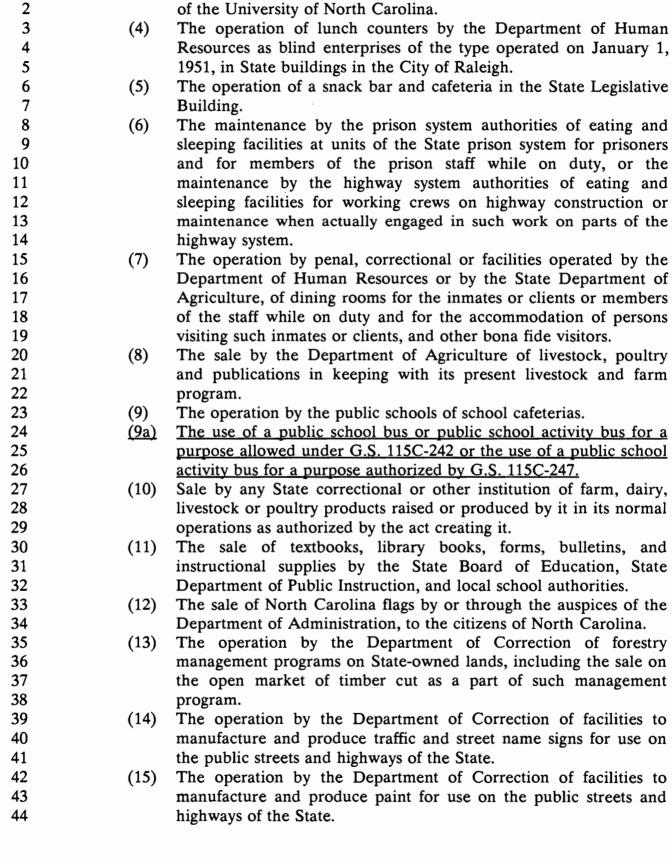
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addition to the prior sentence, laundry services performed by the Department of Correction may be provided for the Governor Morehead School and the North Carolina School for the Deaf.

Such services shall be limited to wet-washing, drying and ironing of flatwear or flat goods such as towels, sheets and bedding, linens and those uniforms prescribed for wear by such institutions and further limited to only flat goods or apparel owned, distributed or controlled entirely by such institutions and shall not include processing by any dry-cleaning methods; provided, however, those garments and items presently being serviced by wet-washing, drying and ironing may in the future, at the election of the Department of Correction, be processed by a dry-cleaning method.

- (17) The North Carolina Global TransPark Authority or a lessee of the Authority.
- (18) The activities and products of private enterprise carried on or manufactured within a State prison facility pursuant to G.S. 148-70.
- (c) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not prohibit:
 - (1) The sale of products of experiment stations or test farms.
 - (2) The sale of learned journals, works of art, books or publications of the Department of Cultural Resources or other agencies, or the Supreme Court Reports or Session Laws of the General Assembly.
 - The business operation of endowment funds established for the (3) purpose of producing income for educational purposes; for purposes of this section, the phrase 'operation of endowment funds' shall include the operation by public postsecondary educational institutions of campus stores, the profits from which are used exclusively for awarding scholarships to defray the expenses of students attending the institution; provided, that the operation of such stores must be approved by the board of trustees of the institution, and the merchandise sold shall be limited to educational materials and supplies, gift items and miscellaneous personal-use articles. Provided further that sales at campus stores are limited to employees of the institution and members of their immediate families, to duly enrolled students of the campus at which a campus store is located and their immediate families, to duly enrolled students of other campuses of the University of North Carolina other than the campus at which the campus store is located, to other campus stores and to other persons who are on campus other than for the purpose of purchasing merchandise from campus stores. It is the intent of this subdivision that campus stores be established and operated for the purpose of assuring the availability of merchandise described in this Article for sale to persons enumerated herein and not for the purpose of competing

Page 4 House Bill 617



with stores operated in the communities surrounding the campuses

House Bill 617 Page 5

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- The performance by the Department of Transportation of dredging (16)services for a unit of local government.
 - The sale by the State Board of Elections to political committees (17)and candidate committees of computer software designed by or for the State Board of Elections to provide a uniform system of electronic filing of the campaign finance reports required by Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes and to facilitate the State Board's monitoring of compliance with that Article. This computer software for electronic filing of campaign finance reports shall not exceed a cost of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) to any political committee or candidate committee without the State Board of Elections first notifying in writing the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations.
- (d) A department, agency or educational unit named in subsection (b) shall not 15 perform any of the prohibited acts for or on behalf of any other department, agency 16 or educational unit.
- (e) Any person, whether employee of the State of North Carolina or not, who 18 shall violate, or participate in the violation of this section, shall be guilty of a Class 1 19 misdemeanor.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 66-58(a), the operation by the 21 Department of Correction of facilities for the manufacture of any product or the 22 providing of any service pursuant to G.S. 148-70 not regulated by the provisions of 23 subsection (c) hereof, shall be subject to the prior approval of the Governor, with 24 biennial review by the General Assembly, at the beginning of each fiscal year 25 commencing after October 1, 1975. The Department of Correction shall file with the 26 Director of the Budget quarterly reports detailing prison enterprise operations in such 27 a format as shall be required by the Director of the Budget.
- (g) The North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics may engage in any of 29 the activities permitted by G.S. 66-58(b)(8) and (c)(3)."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

Page 6 House Bill 617



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 24, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

House Bill 617 - No Competition by Public Bus.

House Bill 617 amends G.S. 66-58 (the Umstead Act) to clarify that publicly owned and operated buses may not compete with the private sector. Under present law, it is unlawful for any unit of State government or any employee of State government to engage in the sale of goods or the operation of restaurant or other eating places in State buildings, to maintain service establishments which compete with private businesses that provide the same services to the public, or to contract with someone to render such services. Violation of the act is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

This bill adds providing transportation services as a prohibited form of competition. However, the bill exempts public school buses and public school activity buses which are used in accordance with law, from the act. Counties and municipal corporations are exempt from the transportation provision, only to the extent that (1) the transportation system has regular routes, or (2) the transportation service is part of another service or activity provided by the county or municipality.

This bill is effective when it becomes law.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 672 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT COUNTIES AND CITIES FROM THE STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS REGARDING PUBLIC CONTRACTS WHEN CONSTRUCTING CERTAIN METAL BUILDINGS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on), \(\square\) which changes With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (# the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

Η

HOUSE BILL 672

Public)

Short Title: County Construction of Metal Buildings.

Sponsors:

1

17

Representatives Hall; Aldridge, Baker, Barbee, Bowie, Buchanan, Capps, Clary, Cole, Creech, Culp, Daughtry, Davis, Decker, Dedmon, Eddins, Gardner, Goodwin, Gulley, Hardy, Hightower, Hill, Howard, H. Hunter, Ives, Jeffus, Justus, Kinney, Kiser, McAllister, McMahan, Mitchell, Moore, Morris, Mosley, Nichols, Owens, Preston, Rayfield, Reynolds, Russell, Starnes, Tolson, Warner, Warwick, Watson, Weatherly, Wilkins, and C. Wilson.

Referred to: Commerce.

March 31, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO EXEMPT COUNTIES AND CITIES FROM THE STATUTORY

3 REQUIREMENTS REGARDING PUBLIC CONTRACTS WHEN

4 CONSTRUCTING CERTAIN METAL BUILDINGS.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Article 8 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended

7 by adding a new section to read:

8 "§ 143-135.1A. Contracts for the construction of metal buildings.

9 This Article does not apply to building contracts in the amount of five hundred

10 thousand dollars (\$500,000) or less let by counties, cities, towns, or other subdivisions

11 of the State for metal buildings that are designated by the North Carolina State

12 Building Code as Type IV construction. The Secretary of Administration and other

13 State officers, employees, or agencies shall have no duties or responsibilities

14 concerning these contracts, but the services of the Department of Administration shall

14 concerning these contracts, but the services of the Department of Nuministration sharp

15 be made available to any county, city, town, or other subdivision of the State with

16 regard to these contracts, upon request of the governmental entity."

Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to

18 contracts entered into on or after that date.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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April 24, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel & C.S.

RE:

House Bill 672 - County Construction of Metal Buildings

House Bill 672 adds a new section to Chapter 143 to exempt counties and cities from the statutory requirements regarding public contracts when constructing metal buildings costing \$500,000 or less. The Department of Administration will have no duties regarding these contracts, but shall provide assistance upon the request of the governmental entity.

This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to contracts entered on or after that date.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. ☐ Committee Substitute for H.B. 1074 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROHIBIT A PERSON FROM REPRESENTING THAT THE PERSON PROVIDES OR OBTAINS DEBT CONSOLIDATION WHEN THE SERVICE THAT PERSON PRIMARILY PROVIDES IS RELATED TO BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary I. ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\sum \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

Η

HOUSE Bill 1074

Short Title: Representations to Consolidate Debts.

for Moreon (Public)

Sponsors:

1

Representatives Hall; Baker Barbee, Bonner, Capps, Clary, Creech, Culp, Davis, Eddins, Fox, Grady, Hiatt, Hill, Justus, Kinney, Kiser, Mitchell, Mosley, Prston, Rayfield, Starnes, Tallent, Weatherly, and Womble.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Judiciary I.

April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT A PERSON FROM REPRESENTING THAT THE 3 PERSON PROVIDES OR OBTAINS DEBT CONSOLIDATION WHEN THE 4 SERVICE THAT PERSON PRIMARILY PROVIDES IS RELATED TO

5 BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7 Section 1. Article 1 of Chapter 75 of the General Statutes is amended by 8 adding a new section to read:

9 "§ 75-36. Representation of providing or obtaining debt consolidation.

- 10 (a) No person, firm, or corporation engaged in commerce shall, in connection with the sale or solicitation for sale of any service, represent that the person, firm, or corporation obtains or provides debt consolidation when the service that person primarily obtains or provides is related to bankruptcy proceedings without clearly disclosing that the person primarily obtains or provides services related to bankruptcy proceedings.
- 16 (b) To the extent that representations of the type governed by this section are
 17 broadcast by radio or television or carried by cable-television, the required disclosure
 18 shall be clearly and prominently disclosed.
- 19 (c) Nothing in this section shall create any liability for acts by the publisher, 20 owner, agent, or employee of a newspaper, periodical, radio station, television station, 21 cable-television system or other advertising medium arising out of the publication or

SESSION 1997

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1 dissemination of any advertisement or promotion governed by this section, when the

2 publisher, owner, agent, or employee did not know that the advertisement or

3 promotion violated the requirements of this section."

Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to

5 violations that occur on or after that date.



H 1074. REPRESENTATIONS TO CONSOLIDATE DEBTS. TO PROHIBIT A PERSON FROM REPRESENTING THAT THE PERSON PROVIDES OR OBTAINS DEBT CONSOLIDATION WHEN THE SERVICE THAT PERSON PRIMARILY PROVIDES IS RELATED TO BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS. Adds new GS 75-36 prohibiting a representation, in connection with the sale or solicitation for sale of any service, that a person (or firm or corporation) obtains or provides debt consolidation, when the service the person primarily obtains or provides is related to bankruptcy, without clearly disclosing that fact. In the case of broadcasts by radio or television, the required disclosure must be clear and prominent. Does not create liability for acts by publishers, owners, agents, or employees of varous media in cases in which such persons did not know that an advertisement or promotion violated the section. Effective Oct. 1, 1997, and applies to violations that occur on or after that date.

Intro. by Hall.
Ref. to Commerce

GS 75

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 1075 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT LENDERS TO CONTRACT FOR AND RECEIVE SHARED APPRECIATION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary I. ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

SESSION 1997

H boundary. I 1 **HOUSE BILL 1075** Short Title: Appreciation of Reverse Mortgages. (Public) Sponsors: Representatives Hall; Baker, Bonner, Boyd-McIntyre, Culp. Cunningham, Davis, Eddins, Fox, Grady, Hiatt, Hill, Justus, Kinney, Kiser, Mitchell, Morris, Mosley, Owens, Rayfield, Sherrill, Smith, Starnes, Tolson, Weatherly, Wilkins, C. Wilson, and Womble. Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Judiciary I. April 21, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PERMIT LENDERS TO CONTRACT FOR AND RECEIVE 3 SHARED APPRECIATION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 53-270 reads as rewritten: 5 "§ 53-270. Prohibited acts. Reverse mortgage lenders are prohibited from engaging in any of the following acts 7 8 in connection with the making, servicing, or collecting of a reverse mortgage loan: 9 Misrepresenting material facts, making false promises, or engaging (1) 10 in a course of misrepresentation through agents or otherwise. (2) Failing to disburse funds in accordance with the terms of the 11 12 reverse mortgage loan contract or other written commitment. 13 Improperly refusing to issue a satisfaction of a mortgage. (3) 14 (4) Engaging in any action or practice that is unfair or deceptive, or 15 that operates a fraud on any person. 16 (5) Contracting for or receiving shared appreciation: appreciation or 17 shared equity, other than in an amount: 18 Not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the value of the <u>a.</u>

property at the time of the loan repayment; and

Is outstanding for 24 months or longer; and

Permitted in conjunction with a loan that:

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1	2. Either (i) is guaranteed or insured by an agency of
2	the federal government, or (ii) has originated under a
3	reverse mortgage program approved by the Federal
4	National Mortgage Corporation, the Government
5	National Mortgage Association, or the Federal Home
6	Loan Mortgage Corporation.
7	(6) Closing a reverse mortgage loan without receiving certification
8	from a eounselor person who is certified as a reverse mortgage
9	counselor by the State that the borrower has received counseling
10	on the advisability of a reverse mortgage loan and the appropriate
11	reverse mortgage loan for the borrower.
12	(7) Failing to comply with this Article."
13	Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to
14	contracts for loans entered into on or after that date.

Page 2

H 1075. APPRECIATION OF REVERSE MORTGAGES. TO PERMIT LENDERS TO CONTRACT FOR AND RECEIVE SHARED APPRECIATION IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. Amends GS 53-270 to allow reverse mortgage lenders to contract for or receive shared appreciation or shared equity if the amount does not exceed ten percent of the value of the property at the time of loan repayment, the loan involved is outstanding twenty-four months or longer, and the reverse mortgage is guaranteed or insured by the federal government or originated under a program approved by specified federal mortgage entities. Requires that mandated counseling be provided by a state certified reverse mortgage counselor. Effective Oct. 1, 1997; applies to loans entered into on or after that date.

Intro. by Hall.

Ref. to Commerce

GS 53

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 903*

	Short Title: No Low-Level Facility in Floodplain. (Public)			
	Sponsors: Representatives Mosley; Nichols and Hardy.			
	Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Environment.			
	April 9, 1997			
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE SITING OF A LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE			
3				
4	BUFFER ZONE BEING LOCATED WITHIN THREE THOUSAND FEET OF A			
5	ONE HUNDRED-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OR A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR POOL			
6	5 ELEVATION.			
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
8	Section 1. G.S. 104G-9(e) reads as rewritten:			
9	"(e) No later than 1 August 1989, the Authority shall select a minimum of two sites			
10	that are suitable for the location of a low-level radioactive disposal facility, for			
11	characterization. No site may shall be selected for the location of a low-level			
	radioactive waste disposal facility without first having been characterized. No site			
13				
14	would result in the facility or the facility's buffer zone being located within 3,000 feet of:			
16	(1) A 100-year floodplain; even if the site can be altered to protect it			
17	from flooding during a 100-year flood; or			
18	(2) A maximum 100-year pool elevation."			
19	Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to final			
20	site selections made on or after that date.			



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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Laine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

House Committee on Commerce

FROM: Steven

Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE:

House Bill 903; Restrict low-level radioactive waste facility in floodplain

House Bill 903 amends G.S. 104G-9(e) to add a requirement that a site selected for the location of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility shall not be located within 3,000 feet of the 100 year floodplain or maximum 100 year pool elevation. Alteration of the site to protect from flooding does not change the prohibition.

The act is effective when it becomes law and applies to final site selections made on or after that date.

H903-SMRL-001



North Carolina General Assembly House of Representatives

Tegislatibe Office Building Raleigh 27601–1096

REPRESENTATIVE JANE H. MOSLEY

April 23, 1997

TO:

Members

Commerce Committee

FROM:

Jane H. Mosley Jane Mosley

SUBJECT: House Bill 903 - No Low-Level Facility in Floodplain

House Bill 903 - No Low-Level Facility in Floodplain will protect North Carolina's environment and future water supplies for generations to come. The bill will have an impact on the proposed Wake/Chatham site, but its main objective is to protect all of North Carolina.

The present plan being considered would place a nuclear waste disposal facility within 300 feet of a 100-year floodplain. This would be less than the length of three tractor trailers from a direct route to contaminating our water supply -- much too close for comfort. House Bill 903 will require a minimum distance of 3,000 feet, about three football fields.

I believe we have a responsibility to err on the side of caution when nuclear waste contamination is the issue. Our environment is too precious and too fragile not to receive adequate protection.

Let's think of the future. Let's make our legacy to our children and grandchildren that we fought to protect their environment and their future.

Please join me in this effort to protect our environment by supporting HB 903.

Thank you for caring.

(A companion bill was introduced by Senator Eric Reeves - SB 755.)

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 903*

Short Title: No Low-Level Facility in Floodplain. (Public) Sponsors: Representatives Mosley; Nichols and Hardy. Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Environment. April 9, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE SITING OF A LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY THAT WOULD RESULT IN THE FACILITY'S BUFFER ZONE BEING LOCATED WITHIN THREE THOUSAND FEET OF A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OR A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR POOL ELEVATION. 7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 104G-9(e) reads as rewritten: 8 "(e) No later than 1 August 1989, the Authority shall select a minimum of two sites 9 10 that are suitable for the location of a low-level radioactive disposal facility, for 11 characterization. No site may shall be selected for the location of a low-level 12 radioactive waste disposal facility without first having been characterized. No site 13 shall be selected for the location of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility that 14 would result in the facility or the facility's buffer zone being located within 3,000 feet 15 of: 16 (1)A 100-year floodplain; even if the site can be altered to protect it 17 from flooding during a 100-year flood; or 18 A maximum 100-year pool elevation." 19 Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to final 20 site selections made on or after that date.

SESSION 1997

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20 site selections made on or after that date.

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SENATE BILL 755

(Public) Short Title: No Low-Level Facility in Floodplain. Senator Reeves. Sponsors: Referred to: Agriculture/Environment/Natural Resources. April 8, 1997 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE SITING OF A LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY THAT WOULD RESULT IN THE FACILITY'S BUFFER ZONE BEING LOCATED WITHIN THREE THOUSAND FEET OF A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OR A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR POOL ELEVATION. 7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 104G-9(e) reads as rewritten: "(e) No later than 1 August 1989, the Authority shall select a minimum of two sites 10 that are suitable for the location of a low-level radioactive disposal facility, for 11 characterization. No site may shall be selected for the location of a low-level 12 radioactive waste disposal facility without first having been characterized. No site 13 shall be selected for the location of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility that 14 would result in the facility or the facility's buffer zone being located within 3,000 feet 15 of: 16 (1)A 100-year floodplain; even if the site can be altered to protect it from flooding during a 100-year flood; or 17 A maximum 100-year pool elevation."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to final

WAKE/CHATHAM COUNTY SITE

On-site wetlands

Federal and State regulations [10 CFR 61.50 (5) and NCAC 11.1228(d)] prohibit the disposal of radioactive waste in wetlands. However, the Army Corps of Engineers has identified 2.8 acres of wetlands inside the proposed licensed site area (see Fig.1). According to Chem-Nuclear's current plans, three wetland areas will be destroyed to become part of storm run-off retention/sedimentation ponds. Another wetland area lies along the proposed drainage ditch, and two wetland areas are located in the middle of the proposed disposal unit area. Although Chem-Nuclear asserts that these wetlands are intermittent or temporary run-off channels, the presence of long-lived aquatic species such as sunfish in drainage K indicates permanent streams. Chem-Nuclear has not responded to an interrogatory from the State, requesting that the company reconcile the presence of jurisdictional wetlands within the planned disposal area and the state regulation prohibiting waste disposal in a wetland.

100-year floodplains are within buffer zone

The NC law in 15A NCAC 11.1228(d) states, "Waste disposal shall not take place in a 100-year flood plain, coastal high-hazard area or wetland." The proposed facility's buffer zone intersects 100-year floodplains within drainages I and K, which drain east into Harris Lake (see Fig.1). Certainly Harris Lake's 500-year flood and probable maximum flood plains will encroach even more onto the buffer. It is cause for concern that two of the drainages in which ground water discharge is likely to occur are the ones where floodplains and the buffer overlap. They are also adjacent to the southeastern corner of the proposed disposal unit area, where the shortest travel times have been calculated, according to CNSI's flow modeling presented in the SAR. They drain directly into Harris Lake, which is only 1200 feet east of the facility. A DRP Interrogatory about this issue has yet to be answered by Chem-Nuclear.

Source: Wake/Chatham Report

³⁴See Figure 9-1, Chem-Nuclear's Environmental Impact Report, "Conceptual Site Plan With Jurisdictional Waters/Wetlands," Wake/Chatham County Site.

³⁹Interrogatory 11-A-019.

⁶⁰ CNSI (1993), SAR, Fig. 2.4-1.

⁶¹ Ibid., p.2.4-229.

⁴² Ibid., p.2.4-229 and Fig.2.1-2.

[&]quot;Interrogatory 02-A-081.

WAKE/CHATHAM POTENTIALLY SUITABLE SITE

Summary Statement

The Site lies on an upland ridge and is well drained. No upstream watersheds contribute stormwater runoff to the Site, and stormwater runoff from the Site flows into intermittent streams near the Site boundary. No flood plain determinations were made along the intermittent streams because of their small drainage areas. The only source of flooding that could affect the Site is Harris Lake which has a maximum 100-year flood pool elevation that is at least 300 feet from the planned disposal units. (SCR - ES p. 18)

Additional Information

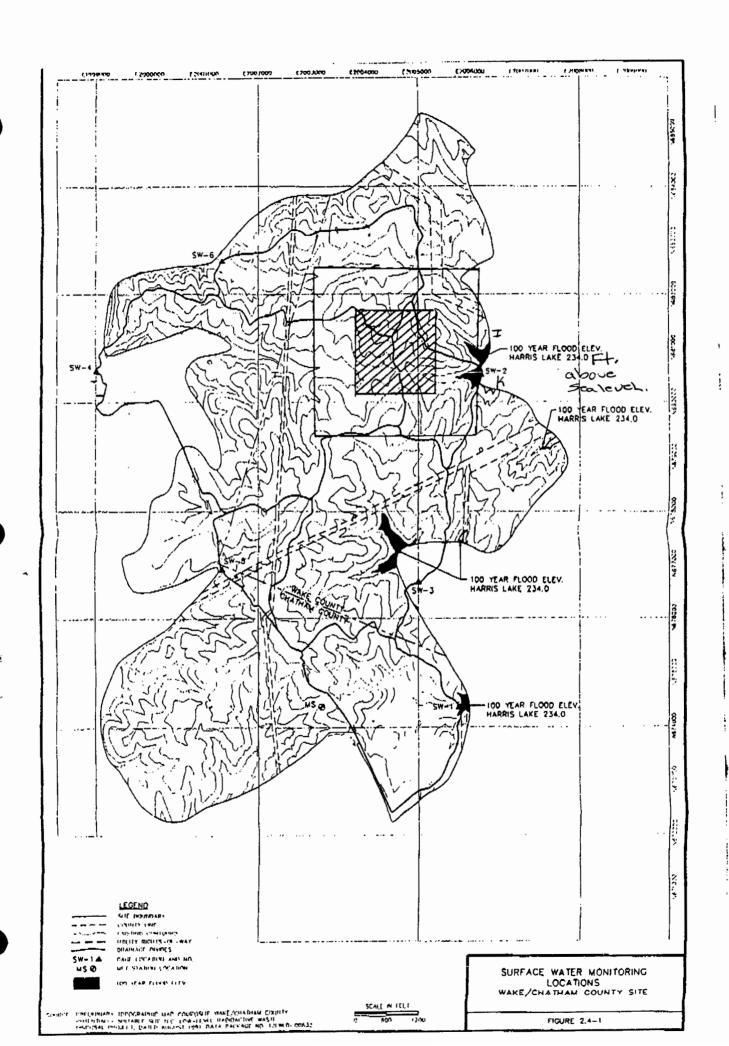
The Wake/Chatham Site includes the headwaters of the streams or channels that drain the Site. The drainage areas of these streams are all less than 0.5 square miles at the approximate Site boundaries. The streamflow data collected during 1992 indicate that these streams are intermittent and, except during storm runoff events, the stream channels are dry most of the year. According to the FEMA/FIS¹ guidelines, detailed flood studies of streams with these characteristics are not required. Approximate study methods are normally terminated at the pint where the flood plains narrow to less than 200 feet. The flood plains on site are expected to be narrower than 200 feet. Based on the guidance referenced in the regulatory requirements and the geomorphology and hydrology of the Site, detailed flood plain analysis of the on-site streams is not required and was therefore not performed. This finding has been confirmed by the North Carolina Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources (DEHNR) (Sutherland, 1993). (SCR 2.4.1.8.2)

No flood plain determinations were made along the intermittent on-site streams because of their very small drainage areas. The only off-site source of flooding that could affect any portion of the Site is Harris Lake which has a maximum 100-year pool elevation of 234 ft msl². The 100-year flood elevation for Harris Lake encroaches only minimally upon the approximate Site boundary to the east and is at least 300 feet from the planned location of the disposal cells. Therefore the actual disposal cells are not predicted to be flooded by the 100-year event. (SCR 2.4.1.10)

Source: North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Authority.

¹ Federal Emergency Management Agency/Flood Insurance Study

mean sea level



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

EDITION No	·
н. в. No. <u>903</u>	DATE April 25, 1997
S. B. No	Amendment No.
COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
Rep.)	
) ————————————————————————————————————	
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ADOPTED	TABLED

RESOLUTION

INTER-AGENCY COMMITTEE ON LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE

April 24, 1997

WHEREAS, the North Carolina General Assembly has found that the generation of low-level radioactive waste is an unavoidable result of the needs and demands of a modern society, and that the safe and efficient management of low-level radioactive waste, including the timely establishment of adequate facilities for the comprehensive management and permanent disposal of such waste, presents urgent problems for North Carolina; and

WHEREAS, the General Assembly has further found that solutions to these urgent problems are essential to the State's continued economic growth and to protection of the public health and safety and the environment; and

WHEREAS, in order to solve these urgent problems and to fulfill the State's obligations under the Low Level Radioactive Waste Policy Amendments Act, while protecting public health, safety, and the environment, the General Assembly created the North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management Authority "to site, finance, build, lease or operate, oversee, monitor and close" a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility, and

WHEREAS, in order to assist the Authority in the performance of its responsibilities under Chapter 104G of the General Statutes and to advise the General Assembly, the General Assembly created the Inter-Agency Committee on Low-Level Radioactive Waste, and

WHEREAS, the Committee must report to the General Assembly from time to time regarding any changes in the present law the Committee may deem appropriate to expedite the resolution of issues regarding the siting, design, construction, operation, and licensure of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility; and

WHEREAS, certain bills have been introduced during the 1997 legislative session which, if enacted into law, could negatively impact the State's effort to accomplish the purposes set out in Chapter 104G, including the siting of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility; and

WHEREAS, these introduced bills specifically include Senate Bills 755 and 771, and identical House Bill 903, all of which seek to prohibit the siting of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility, including its buffer zone, within 3000 feet of a 100-year flood plain or a maximum 100-year pool elevation, and

WHEREAS, existing rules, regulations, and laws provide an adequate degree of assurance that public health and safety and the environment will be protected, specifically including with regard to waste disposal in 100-year flood plains; and

WHEREAS, there appears to be no technical basis on which to add an additional 3000 foot separation requirement; and

WHEREAS, adding an arbitrary 3000 foot separation requirement could possibly eliminate most, if not all, viable sites in North Carolina and prevent the Authority from accomplishing its statutory mission to site a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility under Chapter 104G;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that this Inter-Agency Committee on Low-Level Radioactive Waste is opposed to legislation attempting to prohibit the siting of a low-level radioactive waste disposal facility, including its buffer zone, within 3000 feet of a 100-year flood plain or a maximum 100-year pool elevation, specifically including Senate Bills 755 and 771 and House Bill 903; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Committee authorizes and directs its Chairman or his designee to timely communicate its opposition, and the reasons therefor, to any and all appropriate legislative bodies considering these and any related bills.

Adopted and approved on Thursday, April 24,	1997, by	the	
Adopted and approved on Thursday, April 24, INTER-AGENCY COMMITTEE ON LOW	/-LEVEL	RADIOACTIVE	WASTE.
V jahufhhint		4.25	, 1997
Richard Whisnant, Chairman			

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. □ Committee Substitute for H.B. 451 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS IN THE EVENT OF SPOUSAL ABUSE OR A SPOUSAL RELOCATION, TO THE DEFINITION OF EMPLOYMENT AS TO AGRICULTURAL LABOR, AND TO FOOD STAMP OVERISSUANCES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 451 Proposed Committee Substitute H451-PCS1347

Short Title: ESC Benefits Changes/AB.	(Public)
Sponsors:	.,
Referred to:	
March 10, 1997	141
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYME. THE EVENT OF DOMESTIC ABUSE OR A SPOUSAL RITHE DEFINITION OF EMPLOYMENT AS TO AGRICULTU FOOD STAMP OVERISSUANCES, AND TO REPORTING R The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 96-14(1D) reads as rewritten:	ELOCATION, TO RAL LABOR, TO
"(1D) For the purposes of this Chapter, any claimar accompany the claimant's <u>legally recognized</u> sponsor of residence where that spouse has secured work is too far removed for the claimant reasonably her work shall serve a time certain disqualificat a period of five weeks beginning the first day of the disqualifying act occurs with respect to	buse to a new place k in a location that to continue his or ion for benefits for the first week after
individual files a claim for benefits. constitute leaving work. Benefits paid on the basis of the noncharged." Section 2. G.S. 96-14 is amended by adding a new sub	te good cause for his section shall be division to read:
"(1F) For the purposes of this Chapter, any claimant discharge, if the claimant has been adjudged an set forth by Chapter 50B of the General Status	aggrieved party as

domestic violence committed upon the claimant or upon a minor

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child with or in the custody of the claimant by a person who has or who has had a familial relationship with the claimant or minor child, shall not disqualify the claimant for benefits. Benefits paid on the basis of this section shall be noncharged."

Section 3. G.S. 96-9(c) reads as rewritten:

- **(1)** Except as provided in subsection (d) of this section, the Commission shall maintain a separate account for each employer and shall credit his the employer's account with all voluntary contributions made by him the employer and all other contributions which he the employer has paid or is paid on his the employer's behalf, provided the Commission shall credit the account of each employer in an amount equal to eighty percent (80%) of all voluntary contributions paid with respect to periods prior to January 1, 1984, and of all other contributions paid with respect to periods between July 1, 1965, and December 31, 1983. On the computation date, beginning first with August 1, 1948, the ratio of the credit balance in each individual account to the total of all the credit balances in all employer accounts shall be computed as of such computation date, and an amount equal to the interest credited to this State's account in the unemployment trust fund in the treasury of the United States for the four most recently completed calendar quarters shall be credited prior to the next computation date on a pro rata basis to all employers' accounts having a credit balance on the computation date. Such amount shall be prorated to the individual accounts in the same ratio that the credit balance in each individual account bears to the total of the credit balances in all such accounts. In computing the amount to be credited to the account of an employer as a result of interest earned by funds on deposit in the unemployment trust fund in the treasury of the United States to the account of this State, any voluntary contributions made by an employer after July 31 of any year shall not be considered a part of the account balance of the employer until the next computation date occurring after such voluntary contribution was made. No provision in this section shall in any way be subject to or affected by any provisions of the Executive Budget Act, as amended. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to grant any employer or individual in his the employer's service prior claims or rights to the amount paid by him the employer into the fund either on his the employer's own behalf or on behalf of such individuals.
- (2) Charging of benefit payments. -
 - a. Benefits paid shall be allocated to the account of each base period employer in the proportion that the base period wages paid to an eligible individual in any calendar quarter

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by each such employer bears to the total wages paid by all base period employers during the base period, except as hereinafter provided in paragraphs b, c, and d of this subdivision, G.S. 96-9(d)(2)c, and 96-12(e)G. The amount so allocated shall be multiplied by one hundred twenty percent (120%) and charged to that employer's account. Benefits paid shall be charged to employers' accounts upon the basis of benefits paid to claimants whose benefit years have expired.

Any benefits paid to any claimant under a claim filed for a period occurring after the date of such separations as are set forth in this paragraph and based on wages paid prior to the date of (i) the leaving of work by the claimant without good cause attributable to the employer; (ii) the discharge of claimant for misconduct in connection with his the claimant's work; (iii) the discharge of the claimant for substantial fault as that term may be defined in G.S. 96-14; (iv) the discharge of the claimant solely for a bona fide inability to do the work for which he the claimant was hired but only where the claimant was hired pursuant to a job order placed with a local office of the Commission for referrals to probationary employment (with a probationary period no longer than 100 days), which job order was placed in such circumstances and which satisfies such conditions as the Commission may by regulation prescribe and only to the extent of the wages paid during such probationary employment; (v) separations made disqualifying under G.S. 96-14(2B) and (6A); or (vi) separation due to leaving for disability or health eondition condition; or (vii) separation due to spousal relocation or domestic abuse as provided by G.S. 96-14(1D) and (1F) shall not be charged to the account of the employer by whom the claimant was employed at the time of such separation; provided, however, said employer promptly furnishes the Commission with such notices regarding any separation of the individual from work as are or may be required by the regulations of the Commission.

No benefit charges shall be made to the account of any employer who has furnished work to an individual who, because of the loss of employment with one or more other employers, becomes eligible for partial benefits while still being furnished work by such employer on substantially the same basis and substantially the same amount as had been made available to such individual during his the individual's base period whether the employments were simultaneous or

House Bill 451 Page 3

successive; provided, that such employer makes a written request for noncharging of benefits in accordance with Commission regulations and procedures.

No benefit charges shall be made to the account of any employer for benefit years ending on or before June 30, 1992, where benefits were paid as a result of a discharge due directly to the reemployment of a veteran mandated by the Veteran's Reemployment Rights Law, 38 USCA § 2021, et seq.

No benefit charges shall be made to the account of any employer where benefits are paid as a result of a decision by an Adjudicator, Appeals Referee or the Commission if such decision to pay benefits is ultimately reversed; nor shall any such benefits paid be deemed to constitute an overpayment under G.S. 96-18(g)(2), the provisions thereof notwithstanding. Provided, an overpayment of benefits paid shall be established in order to provide for the waiting period required by G.S. 96-13(c).

- c. Any benefits paid to any claimant who is attending a vocational school or training program as provided in G.S. 96-13(a)(3) shall not be charged to the account of the base period employer(s).
- d. Any benefits paid to any claimant under the following conditions shall not be charged to the account of the base period employer(s):
 - 1. The benefits are paid for unemployment due directly to a major natural disaster, and
 - 2. The President has declared the disaster pursuant to the Disaster Relief Act of 1970, 42 USCA 4401, et seq., and
 - 3. The benefits are paid to claimants who would have been eligible for disaster unemployment assistance under this Act, if they had not received unemployment insurance benefits with respect to that unemployment.
- e. 1. Any benefits paid to any claimant which are based on previously uncovered employment which are reimbursable by the federal government shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any employer.
 - 2. For purposes of this paragraph previously uncovered employment for which benefits are reimbursable by the federal government means services performed before July 1, 1978, in the case of a week of

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43 44 unemployment beginning before July 1, 1978, or before January 1, 1978, in the case of a week of unemployment beginning after July 1, 1978, and to the extent that assistance under Title II of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974 (SUA) was not paid to such individuals on the basis of such service.

- (3) As of July 31 of each year, and prior to January 1 of the succeeding year, the Commission shall determine the balance of each employer's account and shall furnish him the employer with a statement of all charges and credits thereto. At the same time the Commission shall notify each employer of his the employer's rate of contributions as determined for the succeeding calendar year pursuant to this section. Such determination shall become final unless the employer files an application for review or redetermination prior to May 1 following the effective date of such rates. The Commission may redetermine on its own motion within the same period of time.
- (4) Transfer of account. --

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Whenever any individual, group of individuals, employing unit, who or which, in any manner succeeds to or acquires substantially all or a distinct and severable portion of the organization, trade, or business of another employing unit as provided in G.S. 96-8, subdivision (5), paragraph b, the account or that part of the account of the predecessor which relates to the acquired portion of the business shall, upon the mutual consent of the parties concerned and approval of the Commission in conformity with the regulations as prescribed therefor, be transferred as of the date of acquisition of the business to the successor employer for use in the determination of his the successor's rate of contributions, provided application for transfer is made within 60 days after the Commission notifies the successor of his the successor's right to request such transfer, otherwise the effective date of the transfer shall be the first day of the calendar quarter in which such application is filed, and that after the transfer the successor employing unit continues to operate the transferred portion of such organization, trade or business. Provided, however, that the transfer of an account for the purpose of computation of rates shall be deemed to have been made prior to the computation date falling within the calendar year within which the effective date of such transfer occurs and the account shall thereafter be used in the computation of the rate of the successor

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employer for succeeding years, subject, however, to the provisions of paragraph b of this subdivision.

On or after August 1, 1988, whenever any individual, group of individuals, or employing unit, who or which, in any manner succeeds to or acquires all of the organization, trade, or business of another employing unit as provided in G.S. 96-8, subdivision (5), paragraph b, the account of the predecessor shall be transferred as of the date of the acquisition of the business to the successor employer for use in the determination of his the successor's rate contributions. Whenever anv individual. individuals, or employing unit, who or which, in any manner succeeds to or acquires a distinct and severable portion of the organization, trade, or business of another employing unit as provided in G.S. 96-8, subdivision (5), paragraph b, that part of the account of the predecessor which relates to the acquired portion of the business shall, upon the mutual consent of the parties concerned and approval of the Commission in conformity with the regulations as prescribed therefor, be transferred as of the date of acquisition of the business to the successor employer for use in the determination of his the successor's rate of contributions, provided application for transfer is made within 60 days after the Commission notifies the successor of his the successor's right to request such transfer, otherwise the effective date of the transfer shall be the first day of the calendar quarter in which such application is filed, and that after the transfer the successor employing unit continues to operate the transferred portion of such organization, trade or business. Provided, however, that the transfer of an account for the purpose of computation of rates shall be deemed to have been made prior to the computation date falling within the calendar year within which the effective date of such transfer occurs and the account shall thereafter be used in the computation of the rate of the successor employer for succeeding years, subject, however, to the provisions of paragraph b of this subdivision. No request for a transfer of the account will be accepted and no transfer of the account will be made if the request for the transfer of the account is not received within two years of the date of acquisition or notification by the Commission of the right to request such transfer, whichever occurs later. However, in no event will a request for a transfer be allowed if an account has been terminated because an employer ceases to

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be an employer pursuant to G.S. 96-9(c)(5) and G.S. 96-11(d) regardless of the date of notification.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if the successor employer was an employer subject to this Chapter prior to the date of acquisition of the business, his the successor employer's rate of contribution for the period from such date to the end of the then current contribution year shall be the same as his the successor employer's rate in effect on the date of such acquisition. If the successor was not an employer prior to the date of the acquisition of the business he the successor shall be assigned a standard rate of contribution set forth in G.S. 96-9(b)(1) for the remainder of the year in which he the successor acquired the business of predecessor; however, if such successor application for the transfer of the account within 60 days after notification by the Commission of his right to do so and the account is transferred, or meets the requirements for mandatory transfer, he the successor shall be assigned for the remainder of such year the rate applicable to the predecessor employer or employers on the date of acquisition of the business, provided there was only one predecessor or if more than one and the predecessors had identical rates. In the event the rates of the predecessor were not identical, the rate of the successor shall be the highest rate applicable to any of the predecessor employers on the date of acquisition of the business.

Irrespective of any other provisions of this Chapter, when an account is transferred in its entirety by an employer to a successor, the transferring employer shall thereafter pay the standard rate of contributions of two and seven-tenths percent (2.7%) and shall continue to pay at such rate until he the transferring employer qualifies for a reduction, reacquires the account he that the transferring employer transferred or acquires the experience rating account of another employer, or is subject to an increase in rate under the conditions prescribed in G.S. 96-9(b)(2) and (3). However, when an account is transferred in its entirety by an employer to a successor on or after January 1, 1987, the transferring employer shall thereafter pay the standard beginning rate of contributions of two and twenty-five hundredths percent (2.25%) and shall continue to pay at such rate until he the transferring employer qualifies for a reduction, reacquires the account he that the transferring employer transferred or acquires the experience rating

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- account of another employer, or is subject to an increase in rate under the conditions prescribed in G.S. 96-9(b)(2) and (3).
- c. In those cases where the organization, trade, or business of a deceased person, or insolvent debtor is taken over and operated by an administrator, administratrix, executor, executrix, receiver, or trustee in bankruptcy, such employing units shall automatically succeed to the account and rate of contribution of such deceased person, or insolvent debtor without the necessity of the filing of a formal application for the transfer of such account.
- (5) In the event any employer subject to this Chapter ceases to be such an employer, his the employer's account shall be closed and the same shall not be used in any future computation of such employer's rate nor shall any period prior to the effective date of the termination of such employer during which benefits were chargeable be considered in the application of G.S. 96-9(b)(2) of this Chapter.
- If the Commission finds that an employer's business is closed solely (6) because of the entrance of one or more of the owners, officers, partners, or the majority stockholder into the Armed Forces of the United States, or of any of its allies, or of the United Nations, such employer's experience rating account shall not be terminated; and, if the business is resumed within two years after the discharge or release from active duty in the Armed Forces of such person or persons, the employer's account shall be deemed to have been chargeable with benefits throughout more than 13 consecutive calendar months ending July 31 immediately preceding the computation date. This subdivision shall apply only to employers who are liable for contributions under the experience rating system of financing unemployment benefits. This subdivision shall not be construed to apply to employers who are liable for payments in lieu of contributions or to employers using the reimbursable method of financing benefit payments."

Section 4. G.S. 96-8(6) reads as rewritten:

"(6) a. 'Employment' means service performed including service in interstate commerce, except employment as defined in the Railroad Retirement Act and the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, performed for wage or under any contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied, in which the relationship of the individual performing such service and the employing unit for which such service is rendered is, as to such service, the legal relationship of employer and employee. Provided, however, the term 'employee' includes

an officer of a corporation, but such term does not include (i) any individual who, under the usual common-law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, has the status of an independent contractor or (ii) any individual (except an officer of a corporation) who is not an employee under such common-law rules. An employee who is on paid vacation or is on paid leave of absence due to illness or other reason shall be deemed to be in employment irrespective of the failure of such individual to perform services for the employing unit during such period.

- b. The term 'employment' shall include an individual's entire service, performed within or both within and without this State if:
 - 1. The service is localized in this State; or
 - 2. The service is not localized in any state but some of the service is performed in this State, and (i) the base of operations, or, if there is no base of operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this State; or (ii) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed, but the individual's residence is in this State.
 - 3. The service, wherever performed, is within the United States, or Canada; such service is not covered under the unemployment compensation law of any other state or Canada; and the place from which the service is directed or controlled is in this State.
- c. Services performed within this State but not covered under paragraph b of this subdivision shall be deemed to be employment subject to this Chapter, if contributions are not required and paid with respect to such services under an employment security law of any other state or of the federal government.
- d. Services not covered under paragraph b of this subdivision, and performed entirely without this State, with respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid under an employment security law of any other state or of the federal government, shall be deemed to be employment subject to this Chapter if the individual performing such service is a resident of this State and the Commission approves the election of the employing unit for whom such services are performed that the entire service of such individual shall be

deemed to be employment subject to this Chapter, and services covered by an election duly approved by the Commission in accordance with an arrangement pursuant to subsection (l) of G.S. 96-4 shall be deemed to be employment during the effective period of such election.

- e. Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state if:
 - 1. The service is performed entirely within such state; or
 - 2. The service is performed both within and without such state, but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within the State, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated transactions.
- f. The term 'employment' shall include:
 - 1. Services covered by an election pursuant to G.S. 96-11, subsection (c), of this Chapter; and
 - 2. Services covered by an election duly approved by the Commission in accordance with an arrangement pursuant to G.S. 96-4, subsection (1), of this Chapter during the effective period of such election.
 - 3. Any service of whatever nature performed by an individual for an employing unit on or in connection with an American vessel under a contract of service which is entered into within the United States or during the performance of which the vessel touches at a port in the United States, if such individual is employed on and in connection with such vessel when outside the United States: Provided, such service is performed on or in connection with the operations of an American vessel operating on navigable waters within or within and without the United States and such operations are ordinarily and supervised, regularly managed, directed. controlled from an operating office maintained by the employing unit in this State: Provided further, that this subparagraph shall not be applicable to those services excluded in subdivision (6), paragraph k. subparagraph 6 of this section.
 - 4. Any service of whatever nature performed by an individual for an employing unit on or in connection with an American aircraft under a contract of service which is entered into within the United States or during the performance of which and while the employee is employed on the aircraft it touches at a port in the United States, if such individual is

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employed on and in connection with such aircraft when outside the United States; provided such service is performed on or in connection with the operations of an American aircraft and such operations are ordinarily and regularly supervised, managed, directed, and controlled from an operating office maintained by the employing unit in this State.

- 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, 'employment' shall include any individual who performs services irrespective of whether the master-servant relationship exists, for remuneration for any employing unit:
 - (a) As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages (other than milk) or laundry or dry-cleaning services, for his principal;
 - (b) As a traveling or city salesman, other than as an agent-driver or commission-driver, engaged upon a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his principal (except for side-line sales activities on behalf of some person) of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use intheir business operations if the contract of services contemplates that substantially all of such services are to be performed personally by such individual; except that an individual shall not be included in the term 'employment' under the provisions of this subsection if such individual has a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with performance of such services (other than in facilities for transportation), or if the services are in the nature of a single transaction not part of a continuing relationship with the employing unit for whom the services are performed.
- 6. Service of an individual who is a citizen of the United States, performed outside of the United States (except in Canada), in the employ of an American employer

1		(other than service which is deemed "employment"
2		under the provisions of paragraph b or e of this
3		subsection or the parallel provisions of another state's
4		law), if:
5		(i) The employer's principal place of business in
6		the United States is located in this State; or
7		(ii) The employer has no place of business in the
8		United States, but
9		(I) The employer is an individual who is a
10		resident of this State; or
		(II) The employer is a corporation which is
11 12 13		organized under the laws of this State
13		or
14		(III) The employer is a partnership or a
14 15		trust and the number of the partners or
16		trustees who are residents of this State
17		is greater than the number who are
18		residents of any other state; or
19		(iii) None of the criteria of divisions (i) and (ii) of
20		this subparagraph is met but the employer has
		elected coverage in this State, or, the
22		employer having failed to elect coverage in
21 22 23 24 25		any state, the individual has filed a claim for
24		benefits, based on such service, under the law
25		of this State.
26		(iv) An 'American employer,' for the purposes of
27		this paragraph, means a person who is:
28		(I) An individual who is a resident of the
29		United States; or
30		(II) A partnership if two thirds or more of
31		the partners are residents of the United
32		States; or
32 33 34		(III) A trust, if all of the trustees are
34		residents of the United States; or
35		(IV) A corporation organized under the
36		laws of the United States or of any
37		state;
38		(V) For the purposes of this
39		subparagraph, United States includes
. 0		all the states, the District of
1		Columbia, and the Commonwealth of
2	_	Puerto Rico.
3	7.	Services with respect to which a tax is required to be
		paid under any federal law imposing a tax against

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which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a State unemployment insurance fund, or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required to be covered under this Chapter.

On and after January 1, 1978, the term 'employment' includes services performed in agricultural labor when a person or employing unit (a) during any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year pays wages of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or more for agricultural labor, or (b) on each of some 20 days during the preceding calendar year, each day being in a different calendar week, employs at least 10 individuals in employment in agricultural labor for some portion of the day. For purposes of this Chapter, the term 'agricultural labor' includes all services performed: (1) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife; (2) in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such service is performed on a farm; (3) in connection with the production or harvesting of crude gum (oleoresin) from a living tree, and the following products if processed by the original producer of crude gum from which derived; gum spirits of turpentine and gum resin, or in connection with the ginning of cotton or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes; or (4)(A) in the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, any agricultural or horticultural commodity, but only if such operator produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed; (B) in the employ of a group of operators of farms (or a cooperative

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organization of which such operators are members) in performance of service described in subparagraph (A), but only if such operators produced more than one half of the commodity with respect to which such service is performed. (C) The provisions of subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not be deemed to be applicable with respect to service performed in connection with commercial canning or commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption; (D) on a farm operated for profit if such service is not in the course of the employer's trade or business. As used in this subsection, the term 'farm' includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, fur-bearing animal, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards. Provided, such labor is not agricultural labor performed before January 1, 1995, by an individual who is an alien admitted to the United States to perform agricultural labor pursuant to sections 214(c) and 101(a)(15)(H) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

- h. On and after January 1, 1978, the term 'employment' includes domestic service in a private home, local college club or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority performed for a person who pays cash remuneration of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more on or after January 1, 1978, in any calendar quarter in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year to individuals employed in such domestic service.
 - On and after January 1, 1978, the term 'employment' includes service performed for any State and local governmental employing unit. Provided, however, that employment shall not include service performed (a) as an elected official; (b) as a member of a legislative body or a member of the judiciary, of a State or political subdivision thereof; (c) as a member of the State National Guard or Air National Guard; (d) as an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm, snow, earthquake, flood, or similar emergency; or (e) a policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties of which ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week. The services to which clause (d) of the preceding sentence applies include but are not limited to temporary emergency services compensated solely by a fixed payment for each

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emergency call answered whether or not provided for by prior agreement and training in preparation for such temporary emergency service whether or not compensated.

- On and after January 1, 1978, the term 'employment' includes services performed in any calendar year by employees of nonprofit elementary and secondary schools. The term 'employment' shall not include:
- Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994),
 680, s. 7.
- 3. Service with respect to which unemployment insurance is payable under an employment security system established by an act of Congress: Provided, that the Commission is hereby authorized and directed to enter into agreements with the proper agencies under such act of Congress, which agreements shall become effective 10 days after publication thereof in the manner provided in G.S. 96-4(b) for general rules, to provide potential rights to benefits under this Chapter, acquired rights to unemployment insurance under act of Congress, or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment insurance, under such act of Congress, acquired rights to benefits under this Chapter.
- Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994),
 680, s. 7.
- Service performed on or in connection with a vessel 6. or aircraft not an American vessel or American aircraft by an individual if the individual is performing services on and in connection with such vessel or aircraft when outside the United States; or, service performed by an individual in (or as an officer or member of the crew of a vessel while it is engaged in) the catching, taking, harvesting, cultivating, or farming of any kind of fish, shellfish, crustacea, sponges, seaweeds, or other aquatic forms of animal and vegetable life (including service performed by such individual as an ordinary incident to any such activity), except (i) service performed in connection with the catching or taking of salmon or halibut, for commercial purposes, and (ii) service performed on or in connection with a vessel of more than 10 net tons (determined in the manner provided for determining the registered tonnage of merchant vessels under the laws of the United States).

- 7. Services performed by an individual in the employ of a son, daughter, or spouse; services performed by a child under the age of 21 in the employ of his father or mother or of a partnership consisting only of parents of the child.
- 8. Service performed by an individual during any calendar quarter for any employing unit or an employer as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, or as a securities salesman if all such service performed during such calendar quarter by such individual for such employing unit or employer is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission; service performed by an individual for an employing unit as a real estate agent or a real estate salesman as defined in G.S. 93A-2, provided, that such real estate agent or salesman is compensated solely by way of commission and is authorized to exercise independent judgment and control over the performance of his work.
- 9. Services performed in employment as a newsboy or newsgirl selling or distributing newspapers or magazines on the street or from house to house.
- 10. Except as provided in G.S. 96-8(6)f5(a), service covered by an election duly approved by the agency charged with the administration of any other state or federal employment security law in accordance with an arrangement pursuant to subdivision (1) of G.S. 96-4 during the effective period of such election.
- 11. Casual labor not in the course of the employing unit's trade or business.
- 12. Service in any calendar quarter in the employ of any organization exempt from income tax under the provisions of section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (other than an organization described in section 401(a) of said Internal Revenue Code of 1954) or under section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, if the remuneration for such service is less than fifty dollars (\$50.00).
- 13. Service in the employ of a school, college, or university, if such service is performed (i) by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college, or university, or (ii) by the spouse of such a student, if such spouse is advised, at the time such spouse commences to

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perform such service, that (I) the employment of such spouse to perform such service is provided under a program to provide financial assistance to such student by such school, college, or university, and (II) such employment will not be covered by any program of unemployment insurance.

- 14. Service performed by an individual who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which combines academic instruction with work experience, if such service is an integral part of such program, and such institution has so certified to the employer, except that this subparagraph shall not apply to service performed in a program established for or on behalf of an employer or group of employers.
- 15. Services performed (i) in the employ of a church or convention or association of churches, or organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled or principally supported by a church or convention or association of churches; or (ii) by a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of duties required by such order; or (iii) in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in competitive labor market by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or remunerative work; or (iv) as a part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a state or political subdivision thereof, by an individual receiving such work relief or work training, unless a federal law, rule or regulation mandates unemployment insurance

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coverage to individuals in a particular work-relief or work-training program; (v) after December 31, 1971, by an inmate for a hospital in a State prison or other State correctional institution or by a patient in any other State-operated hospital, and services performed by patients in a hospital operated by a nonprofit organization shall be exempt; (vi) after December 31, 1971, in the employ of a hospital, if such service is performed by a patient of such hospital; (vii) after December 31, 1971, by an inmate of a custodial or penal institution.

- 16. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 96-8(6)f3 and 96-8(6)k6, service performed by an individual on a boat engaged in catching fish or other forms of aquatic animal life under the arrangement with the owner or operator of such boat pursuant to which:
 - (A) Such individual does not receive any cash remuneration (other than as provided in subparagraph (B)),
 - (B) Such individual receives a share of the boat's (or the boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other forms of aquatic animal life or a share of the proceeds from the sale of such catch, and
 - (C) The amount of such individual's share depends on the amount of the boat's (or the boats' in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) catch of fish or other forms of aquatic animal life,

but only if the operating crew of such boat (or each boat from which the individual receives a share in the case of a fishing operation involving more than one boat) is normally made up of fewer than 10 individuals. In order to preserve the State's right to collect State unemployment taxes for which a credit against federal unemployment taxes may be taken for contributions paid into a State unemployment insurance fund, this paragraph 16 shall not apply, with respect to any individual, to service during any period for which an assessment for federal unemployment taxes is made by the Internal Revenue Service pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act which assessment becomes a final determination (as defined by section 1313 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as amended).

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Carolina prison system on work release. 18. Service performed by a full-time student employ of an organized camp (A) If such camp: (I) Did not operate for more that months in the calendar year and operate for more than seven method the preceding calendar year; or (II) Had average gross receipts for months in the preceding calendar year; or (III) Had average gross receipts for the months in the preceding calendar which were not more than this and one-third percent (33 1/3% average gross receipts for the months in the preceding calendar were gross receipts for the employ of such camp for less calendar weeks in the calendar year. (B) If the full-time student performed see the employ of such camp for less calendar weeks in the calendar year. As used in this sub-subdivision, an individual treated as a full-time student for any period: (A) During which the individual is enrolled in time student at an educational in or (B) Which is between academic years or tee (I) The individual was enrolled a time student at an educational in for the immediately preceding a year or term; and (II) There is a reasonable assurance individual will be so enrolled immediately succeeding acader or term after the period desc sub-subparagraph (I) of	in the several did nonths any sedar year there is than shall had as stitution that the for the for the for the ribed	he entition in six ar; in 13 be a on; the hear
34 35	sub-subparagraph (I) of subparagraph."	tl	his
36	Section 5. Any refunds of contributions, interest, or penalties	made	to
	37 employers because of the amendment in Section 3 of this act shall be made		

38 Special Employment Security Administration Fund provided for in G.S. 96-5(c).

Section 6. Article 2 of Chapter 96 of the General Statutes is amended by 40 adding a new section to read:

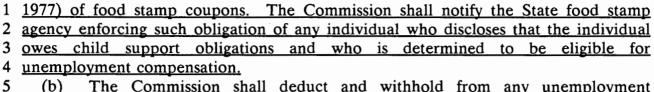
41 "§ 96-16.1. Food stamp overissuances.

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(a) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the 43 time of the filing of the claim, disclose whether or not the individual owes an 44 uncollected overissuance (as defined in section 13(c)(1) of the Food Stamp Act of

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- (b) The Commission shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to an individual who owes an uncollected overissuance:
 - The amount specified by the individual to the Commission to be (1) deducted and withheld under this subdivision;
 - The amount (if any) determined pursuant to an agreement <u>(2)</u> submitted to the State food stamp agency under section 13(c)(3)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977; or
 - Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from (3)unemployment compensation pursuant to section 13(c)(3)(B) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977.
- (c) Any amount deducted and withheld under this section shall be paid by the Commission to the appropriate food stamp agency.
- (d) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (b) of this section shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by such individual to the State food stamp agency as 20 repayment of the individual's uncollected overissuance.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, the term 'unemployment compensation' 22 means any compensation payable under this Chapter including amounts payable by the Commission pursuant to an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowance with respect to unemployment.
 - (f) This section applies only if arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the State food stamp agency for the administrative costs incurred by the Commission under this section which are attributable to the repayment of uncollected overissuances to the State food stamp agency."

Section 7. G.S. 96-13(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits with respect to any week only if the Commission finds that --
 - The individual has registered for work at and thereafter has (1) continued to report at an employment office as directed by the Commission at regular intervals no more than four of not less than three weeks and not more than six weeks apart and in accordance with such regulations as the Commission may prescribe:
 - (2) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 96-15(a);
 - (3) The individual is able to work, and is available for work: Provided that, unless temporarily excused by Commission regulations, no individual shall be deemed available for work unless he establishes to the satisfaction of the Commission that he is actively seeking work: Provided further, that an individual customarily employed in seasonal employment shall, during the period of nonseasonal

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operations, show to the satisfaction of the Commission that such individual is actively seeking employment which such individual is qualified to perform by past experience or training during such nonseasonal period: Provided further, however, that no individual shall be considered available for work for any week not to exceed two in any calendar year in which the Commission finds that his unemployment is due to a vacation. In administering this proviso, benefits shall be paid or denied on a payroll-week basis as established by the employing unit. A week of unemployment due to a vacation as provided herein means any payroll week within which the equivalent of three customary full-time working days consist of a vacation period. For the purpose of this subdivision, any unemployment which is caused by a vacation period and which occurs in the calendar year following that within which the vacation period begins shall be deemed to have occurred in the calendar year within which such vacation period begins. For purposes of this subdivision, no individual shall be deemed available for work during any week that the individual tests positive for a controlled substance if (i) the test is a controlled substance examination administered under Article 20 of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes, (ii) the test is required as a condition of hire for a job, and (iii) the job would be suitable work for the claimant. The employer shall report to the Commission, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commission, each claimant that tests positive for a controlled substance under this subdivision. For the purposes of this subdivision, no individual shall be deemed available for work during any week in which he is registered at and attending an established school, or is on vacation during or between successive quarters or semesters of such school attendance, or on vacation between yearly terms of such school attendance. Except: (i) Any person who was engaged in full-time employment concurrent with his school attendance, who is otherwise eligible, shall not be denied benefits because of school enrollment and attendance. Except: (ii) Any otherwise qualified unemployed individual who is attending a vocational school or training program which has been approved by the Commission for such individual shall be deemed available for work. However, any unemployment insurance benefits payable with respect to any week for which a training allowance is payable pursuant to the provisions of a federal or State law, shall be reduced by the amount of such allowance which weekly benefit amount shall be rounded to the nearest lower full dollar amount (if not a full dollar amount). The Commission may approve such training course for an individual only if:

House Bill 451 Page 21

1		1.	a.	Reasonable employment opportunities for which the
2				individual is fitted by training and experience do not
3				exist in the locality or are severely curtailed;
4			b.	The training course relates to an occupation or skill
5				for which there are expected to be reasonable
6				opportunities for employment; and
7	•		c.	The individual, within the judgment of the
8				Commission, has the required qualifications and the
9				aptitude to complete the course successfully; or,
10		2.	Such	approval is required for the Commission to receive the
11				fits of federal law.
12	(4)	No i	ndividı	ial shall be deemed able to work under this subsection
13		durir	ng any	week for which that person is receiving or is applying
14		for t	enefits	s under any other State or federal law based on his
15		temp	orary	total or permanent total disability. Provided that if
16		comp	ensati	on is denied to any individual for any week under the
17		foreg	oing s	entence and such individual is later determined not to
18		be to	tally d	isabled, such individual shall be entitled to a retroactive
19		payn	ent o	f the compensation for each week for which the
20		indiv	idual f	filed a timely claim for compensation and for which the
21 22		comp	ensatio	on was denied solely by reason of the foregoing
22		sente	nce.	
23	(5)	The	individ	dual has participated in reemployment services, if the
24	•	Divis	ion ref	ferred the individual to these services after determining,
25		throu	ıgh use	of a worker profiling system, that the individual would
26		likely	exha exha	ust regular benefits and would need reemployment
27		servi	ces to	make a successful transition to new employment, unless
28		the i	ndividı	ual establishes justifiable cause for failing to participate
29		in th	e servi	ces."
30				ct is effective when it becomes law, and Sections 1, 2,
31	and 3 apply to ne	w init	ial clai:	ms filed on or after September 1, 1997.

Page 22



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY **AMENDMENT** House Bill 451

Principal Clerk) Page 1 of / Date Opil 25,1997

H451-ARR-001

AMENDMENT NO. / (to be filled in by

Comm. Sub. [Y] Amends Title [Y]

Representative

	moves to amend the bill on page 1, line 3,
2	by deleting the term "SPOUSAL ABUSE" and substituting the term
3	"DOMESTIC ABUSE"; and
4	
	on page 2, line 2,
	by deleting the term "shall constitute good cause for leaving work"
	and substituting the term "shall not disqualify the claimant for
8	<pre>benefits"; and</pre>
9	
	on page 3, line 29,
	by deleting the term "spousal abuse" and substituting the term
	"domestic abuse".
13	
14	
	aranna I ledan
	SIGNED
	Amendment Sponsor
	CTONED
	SIGNEDCommittee Chair if Senate Committee Amendment
	Committee Chart if Senate Committee Amendment
	ADOPTED FAILED TABLED
	ADOLIED INTERD INDUED
	`



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 25, 1997

TO:

House Commerce Committee.

FROM:

William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE:

PCS for House Bill 451 - ESC Benefits Changes.

The PCS for House Bill 451, introduced by Rep. Redwine, would:

- Allow unrestricted unemployment benefits to an employee who quits a job to follow a spouse who gets a job out of town.
- Allow unemployment benefits to a person who quits a job and who has been adjudged a victim
 of domestic violence.
- Make 2 changes designed to conform State law to federal law. One would remove alien farm
 workers from coverage by the unemployment insurance act. The other would block UE
 benefits to people to the extent they have been issued too many food stamps and haven't
 returned them.
- Give the Employment Security Commission offices more flexibility in scheduling the required monthly visits that unemployed people must make to continue receiving benefits.

The bill was recommended by the Employment Security Commission.

- 1. Spousal Relocation. Currently, the basic rule is that if a person quits a job without good cause attributable to the employer, that person is not eligible for UE benefits. A partial exception is made for an employee who quits to move with a spouse when the spouse has found a job in a place too far away. In that case, the quitting employee is disqualified for UE benefits for five weeks. (Four years ago, the General Assembly shortened it from 8 weeks.) HB 451 would remove that disqualification entirely. Any benefits paid to the person would be "noncharged," meaning no employer's Experience Rating would be affected by the payment.
- 2. <u>Domestic Abuse</u>. Currently, being a victim of domestic violence does not trigger an exception to the basic rule that employees get no UE benefits if they quit a job without good cause attributable to the employer. HB 451 would allow a person UE benefits if the person who left the job was adjudged an aggrieved party in a domestic violence situation under Chapter 50B. Payments under this provision would also be noncharged.
- 3. Conformity to Federal Law. Federal law now provides that farm work by alien farm workers is not subject to unemployment insurance taxation. Current North Carolina statute still includes them in its definition of "employment" (although ESC says payments are not knowingly being made to alien farm workers.) HB 451 would repeal its provision to conform to federal law. The Welfare Reform Act also says a person's UE benefits are to be offset by any amount that person owes to an agency that overissued that person food stamps. HB 451 does that.

4. Monthly Visit to ESC Office. Current law requires a person receiving UE benefits to report in regularly to an ESC office to receive assistance in looking for work. In 1995 the General Assembly required that those visits be made no more than four weeks apart. The ESC says the law has sometimes resulted in droves of claimants reporting to an office at once. They all may have been laid off at the same time by the same employer in a downsizing or plant closing. Their four weeks all come due at the same time. HB 451 provides that ESC may schedule claimants to report in intervals of not less than three nor more than six weeks.

The bill becomes effective when it becomes law. The sections concerning spousal relocation and domestic abuse apply to initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 453

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Short Title: Redefine UE Base Period/AB. (Public) Representatives Redwine; Miller, Baddour, and Luebke. Sponsors: Referred to: Commerce.

March 10, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO THE BASE PERIOD FOR ELIGIBILITY FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ELIMINATING THE ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TEST.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 96-8(17) reads as rewritten:

- "(17)a. Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 727, s. 33.
 - b. Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 727, s. 33.
 - As to claims filed on or after October 1, 1974, for claimants who do not have a benefit year in progress, 'benefit year' shall mean the one-year period beginning with the first day of a week with respect to which an individual first registers for work and files a valid claim for benefits. A valid claim shall be deemed to have been filed only if such individual, at the time the claim is filed, is unemployed, and has been paid wages in his base period totaling at least five hundred sixty-five dollars and fifty cents (\$565.50), and equal to at least one and one-half times his high-quarter wages, which high-quarter wages must equal at least one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00). As to claims filed on or after August 1, 1981, for claimants who do not have a benefit year in progress, 'benefit year' shall mean the 52 week period beginning with the first day of a week with respect to which an individual first registers for work and files a valid claim

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for benefits. Provided, however, if the first day of a week 1 2 with respect to which an individual first registers for work 3 and files a valid claim for benefits is either (i) the first day 4 of a calendar quarter, or (ii) the second day of a calendar 5 quarter followed by a February 29 within one year thereof, 6 'benefit year' shall mean the one-year period beginning with 7 that first day of the week with respect to which the 8 individual first registers for work and files a valid claim for benefits. A valid claim shall be deemed to have been filed 9 only if such individual, at the time the claim is filed, is 10 unemployed, and has been paid wages in his base period 11 totaling at least six times the average weekly insured wage, 12 13 obtained in accordance with G.S. 96-8(22) and equal to at 14 least one and one-half-times his high-quarter-wages, which high-quarter wages must equal at least one and one-half 15 times the average weekly insured wage, obtained in 16 accordance with G.S. 96-8(22). G.S. 96-8(22), and has been 17 18 paid wages in at least two quarters of the individual's base 19 period. 20 d. Repealed by Session Laws, 1981, c. 160, s. 11." 21 Section 2. G.S. 96-8(18) reads as rewritten: 22

"(18) 'Base period' means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit year as defined in subdivision (17) of this section. If an individual lacks sufficient base period wages in order to establish a benefit year in the manner set forth above, the claimant shall have an alternative base period substituted for the current base period so as not to prevent establishment of a valid claim. For the purposes of this subdivision, 'alternative base period' means the last four completed calendar quarters."

Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to new

32 initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997.

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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Admine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

April 25, 1997

TO:

House Commerce Committee.

FROM:

William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE:

House Bill 453 – Redefine UE Base Period.

House Bill 453, introduced by Rep. Redwine, would redefine the "base period" that a person must have worked before being eligible for unemployment benefits. It would also eliminate one of the other tests ("the one and one-half times test") to determine eligibility.

The bill was recommended by the Employment Security Commission.

- Flexible Base Period. -- Currently, a person's base period is the first four of the last five
 completed calendar quarters prior to the filing of the claim for unemployment benefits. A
 person must have earned wages during that base period at least six times greater than the
 average weekly insured wage. House Bill 453 would provide that if the person did not earn
 enough wages during the first four of the last five months to qualify for unemployment benefits,
 he or she can instead use the last four calendar quarters as a base period.
- 2. "One-and-a-Half-Times" Test. -- Current law also requires that the person's base period wages must be at least one and one-half times his high quarter wages and that these high quarter wages must be at least one and one-half times the average weekly insured wage. House Bill 453 would eliminate this requirement. Instead, it simply says that claimant must have been paid *some* wages in two quarters. The "six times" test referred to above would not be eliminated.

This bill would take effect upon becoming law and applies to new initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997.

(A bill quite similar, Senate Bill 382, passed third reading in the Senate April 23. It is the same as HB 453 except that it has a sunset of September 1, 2001.)

Visitor Kegistration

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

APRIL 25, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
mu Canuto	MCGSA
Rob Schofield	VCJCDC
RozSowitt	we coalitin against Poneticulumo
Ruth Sappie	NCDOT
ANNA TEFFT	OSBM
David Clega	ESC
Zom Whitakee	£5 C
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R. H. Bennun Y	NCUC Stoff
Spero Fleggy	State Const. Of flire
Horbert Neily	State Const. Office
David Mc Con	DOA - Secretary's Office
July Eller 8	NC Farm Bureau
Strest leavenwith	News + Observer
Andy James	NC LOW-LEVEL RAD, WASTE Mot. Authority
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Linda Walters	Southeast Compart Commission
Am Film	DEAFI
PAUL STOCK	NC BANKEYS ASSN
Kun Stylene	Wachovia Bank of NC
Edward R. BurT. III	Dir. of Radiation Protection DEANR
R. ROCFFS	EHNM
Koran x yexten	NC COASTAL MANAGEMENT
Kathyn Daynes	Southeast Compact Commission
Honry Jones	Attorney Kalligh
Kallon Davis	wife of Rep Don Davin

MINUTES

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HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

May 14,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Billy Creech, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Danny McComas, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, May 14, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

House Bill 1027, entitled AN ACT TO STIMULATE SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH OF VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA THROUGH INVESTMENTS BY THE STATE TREASURER. Rep. Owen, the bill sponsor, explained the bill and offered a proposed committee substitute. Rep. Womble moved to accept the committee substitute. The motion passed and the committee substitute was before the committee. Questions were offered by the committee. Dennis Ducker, Deputy State Treasurer, addressed the committee. Rep. Hall moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute, a unfavorable report to the original bill, and have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The bill was voted upon. The bill was given a favorable report to the committee substitute and was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

House Bill 1173, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE TAX CREDITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYERS WHO PROVIDE CRAFTWORKERS TRAINING TO EMPLOYEES AND WHO HIRE WELFARE RECIPIENTS. Rep. Dedmon, the bill sponsor, introduced the bill and offered a proposed committee substitute. Rep. Sherrill moved to accept the committee substitute. The motion passed and the committee substitute was before the committee. Questions were offered by the committee. After several questions from the committee, Chairman Miner re-referred the bill to the House Commerce Subcommittee on Business and Labor.

Senate Bill 447, entitled AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURIST DISTRICT AND TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN ABC PERMITS IN THIS TYPE OF DISTRICT. Sen. Weinstein, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were offered by the committee. Rep. Hall moved for a favorable report. Rep. Davis moved for a roll call vote. The motion failed. Rep. McComas called previous question. The motion passed. The bill was voted upon and received a favorable report.

The committee adjourned at 10:50 a.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 1027 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO STIMULATE SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH OF VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA THROUGH INVESTMENTS BY THE STATE TREASURER. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 1027

Proposed Committee Substitute H1027-CSLC-5/9

ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION

my on ig. full
(Public)

Short Title: State Treasurer Venture Capital.

Sponsors:

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Finance.

April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO STIMULATE SUBSTANTIAL GROWTH OF VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA THROUGH INVESTMENTS BY THE STATE 3 TREASURER. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 147-69.1(c) is amended by adding a new 7 subdivision to read: "(7) Any of the investments authorized by G.S. 8 9 147-69.2(b)(2) through (6) and (b)(9) and (10)." Section 2. G.S. 147-69.2(b) reads as rewritten: 10 11 It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to invest the 12 cash of the funds enumerated in subsection (a) of this section in 13 excess of the amount required to meet the current needs and 14 demands on such funds, selecting from among the following: of the investments authorized by 15 (1)Any 16 147-69.1(c); 147-69.1(c), except that assets of 17 retirement and pension systems may not be invested in the investments authorized by subdivision (9) or 18 (10) of this subsection pursuant 19 G.S. 147-69.1(c)(7). 20 General obligations of other states of the United 21 (2) States; States. 22

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- (3) General obligations of cities, counties and special districts in North Carolina; Carolina.
 - (4)Obligations of any company, other organization or legal entity incorporated or otherwise created or located within or without outside of the United States if such the obligations bear one of the three highest ratings of at least one nationally recognized rating service and do not bear a rating below the three highest by any nationally recognized rating service which rates particular security; security.
 - (5) Notes secured by mortgages insured by the Federal Housing Administration or guaranteed by the Veterans Administration on real estate located within the State of North Carolina; Carolina.
 - (6) Asset-backed securities (whether considered debt or equity) provided they bear ratings by nationally recognized rating services as provided in G.S. 147-69.2(b)(4) and that they do not bear a rating below the three highest by any nationally recognized rating service which that rates the particular securities; securities.
 - With respect to Retirement Systems' assets referred (7) to in G.S. 147-69.2(b)(8), (i) insurance contracts which that provide for participation in individual or pooled separate accounts of insurance companies, (ii) group trusts, (iii) individual, common, or collective trust funds of banks and trust companies and (iv) real estate investment trusts; provided the investment manager has assets under management of at least one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000); provided such investment assets are managed primarily for the purpose of investing in or owning real estate or related debt financing located in the United States; and provided that the investment authorized by this subsection shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the book value of all invested assets of the Retirement Systems: Systems.
 - (8) With respect to assets of the Teachers' and State Retirement System, the Consolidated Employees' Retirement System, Judicial the Firemen's and Workers' Pension the Rescue Fund, Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System, and the Legislative Retirement System (hereinafter referred

Page 2 House Bill 1027

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to collectively as the Retirement Systems), preferred or common stocks issued by any company incorporated or otherwise created or located within or without outside of the United States, provided: if all of the following conditions are met:

- a. That The common stock or preferred stock of such the corporation is registered on a national securities exchange as provided in the Federal Securities Exchange Act or quoted through the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotations (NASDAQ) system; system.
- b. That such The corporation shall have has paid a cash dividend on its common stock in each year of the 5-year period next preceding the date of investment and the aggregate net earnings available for dividends on the common stock of such the corporation for the whole of such that period shall have been at least equal to the amount of such the dividends paid; paid.
- That in In applying the dividend and earnings c. test under this section any to issuing, assuming, or guaranteeing corporation, where such corporation shall have if the corporation acquired its property or any substantial part thereof within a five-year period immediately the date of preceding investment consolidation, merger, or by the purchase of all or a substantial portion of the property of any other corporation or corporations, or shall have acquired the assets of unincorporated business enterprise by purchase or otherwise, the dividends and net earnings the several predecessor or constituent enterprises corporations or shall consolidated and adjusted so as to ascertain whether or not the applicable requirements of this section subdivision have been complied with; with.
- That the The value d. book of common securities preferred stocks including convertible into common stocks shall exceed fifty per centum percent (50%) of the

	1
1	book value of all invested assets of the
2	Retirement Systems; provided, further: Systems
3	and the following conditions must also be met:
4	1. Not more than one and one-half per centum
5	percent (1 1/2%) of the book value of such
6	the assets shall be invested in the stock of
7	a single corporation, and provided further;
8	corporation.
9	2. The total number of shares in a single
10	corporation shall not exceed eight per centum
11	percent (8%) of the issued and outstanding
12	stock of such corporation, and provided
13	further; the corporation.
14	3. As used in this subdivision d. and elsewhere
15	in this section, book value shall mean
16	adjusted cost basis as shown on the records
17	of the State Treasurer.
18	e. Up to five per cent percent (5%) of the limits
19	authorized in subdivision d. may be invested
20	in the stocks or shares of a diversified
21	investment company registered under the
22	"Investment Company Act of 1940" which that
23	has total assets of at least fifty million
24	dollars (\$50,000,000).
25	<pre>f. Individual, common</pre>
26	As used in this subsection, the term 'book value'
27	means adjusted cost basis as shown on the records
28	of the State Treasurer.
29	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions a.
30	through e., the investments authorized in this
31	subdivision (8) may be made in individual, common,
32	or collective trust funds of banks or trust
33	companies provided that if the investment manager
34	has assets under management of at least one hundred
35	million dollars (\$100,000,000).
36	g. That investments
37	Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions a.
38	through e., the investments authorized in this
39	subdivision (8) may be made in securities
40	convertible into common stocks issued by any such
41	<pre>such a company, if such the securities bear one of</pre>
42	the four highest ratings of at least one nationally
43	recognized rating service and do not bear a rating
44	below the four highest by any nationally recognized

House Bill 1027 Page 4

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rating service which may then rate the particular security.

- (9) Obligations With respect to assets other than assets of retirement or pension systems, obligations and securities of the North Carolina Enterprise Corporation, or of a limited partnership in which the North Carolina Enterprise Corporation is the only general partner, not to exceed twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) from all funds.
- (10) A With respect to assets other than assets of retirement or pension systems, partnership interest in a partnership whose primary invest in venture capital to corporate buyout transactions, not to exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) transactions within or outside of the United States, not to exceed one hundred thirty million dollars (\$130,000,000) from This maximum dollar amount does not all funds. apply to or restrict the reinvestment in accordance with this subdivision of any income from these investments.
- (11) With respect to assets of the Escheat obligations of the North Carolina Global TransPark Authority authorized by G.S. 63A-4(a)(22), not to exceed twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000), that have a final maturity not later than September 1, 1999. The obligations shall bear interest at the rate set by the State Treasurer. No commitment to purchase obligations may be made pursuant to this after September 1, 1993, subdivision obligations may be purchased after September 1994. In the event of a loss to the Escheat Fund by reason of an investment made pursuant to this subdivision, it is the intention of the General Assembly to hold the Escheat Fund harmless from any such loss by appropriating to such Escheat Fund funds equivalent to such loss."

Section 3. As soon as practicable, the State Treasurer 39 shall assure that all assets of retirement and pension systems 40 described in G.S. 147-69.2(a) are no longer invested in 41 investments authorized by G.S. 147-69.2(b)(9) or (10).

Section 4. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997.

Page 5

TREASURER OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA TRUST FUNDS INVESTMENT PROGRAM VENTURE CAPITAL COMPONENT AS OF **SEPTEMBER 30, 1996**

WENTERE (DATE WALL IN WEST WIENT DESIRED.

-	D . 0.
1)escriptive	Factors/Measures

Geographic Overview	Global - 35% North Carolina - 34% Southeast-17%
Trust Funds Investment Program Total Return from Venture Capital Investments (Inception to Date)	4.55%
Inception to Date	4.55%
Latest 60 Months	311.07%
Latest 36 Months	14.89%
Latest 24 Months	19.75%
Latest 12 Months	17.86%
Time Weighted Performance (Total Return Annualized)	·
Current Market Value of the Investment	\$47,022,338
% of Capital Returned	43.79%
Distributions to State Treasurer	\$20,684,958
Trust Funds Contributed	\$37,890,000
Trust Funds Committed	\$47,235,000
Year of Initial Investment	1988
Descriptive Lastons/Hadasares	

National - 14%

Stage of Development Focus

Early Stage - 42.1% Expansion - 37.2% Buyout/Mezzanine - 20.7%



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

May 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Counse

RE:

House Bill 1027 - State Treasurer Venture Capital.

(Proposed Committee Substitute)

House Bill 1027 amends provisions of Chapter 147 relating to the investment authority of the State Treasurer with regard to various state Funds.

The bill expands the Treasurer's authority to invest money contained in the General Fund and the Highway Fund to include a number of additional types of investments in which the Treasurer is currently authorized to invest the assets of the State Retirement and Pension Funds, the Hospital and Medical Insurance Plan Fund, the Escheat Fund and a number of other trust funds. Among the additional types of investments authorized by this bill are obligations and securities of the North Carolina Enterprise Corporation up to \$20,000,000 from all funds, and investments in limited partnerships that invest in venture capital or corporate buyout transactions up to \$130,000,000 from all funds. Under present law, assets of the trust funds may be invested in both of these investment vehicles. However, currently the maximum that can be invested in venture capital is \$30,000,000.

This bill changes the provision relating to investment of state money in venture capital in two ways. First, it increases the maximum limit from \$30,000,000 to \$130,000,000. Next, it excludes the use of retirement or pension fund assets for this investment, as well as for investment in obligations and securities of the NC Enterprise Corporation. The bill makes several other technical and conforming changes.

This act would become effective July 1, 1997.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE	MAY 14, 1997	
Name of Committee	Date	

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

/ NAME /	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
2. and 1. com	I WOHPA
Kyan Vijans	505
Dennis Ducker	Dept of State Treasurer
Charles Heatherla	10 10 11
Keith Leonard	11 4
Will Cherry	Intern Rep. Neely
Bolly Pally	<u>'</u>
John Kichmen	
Mark Meadow	
John S Houn	
The All	
Wyn Heaven	CAL of NC
Dana	ALONGO LICA CALL
Dennis Harrell	Est Jemberhon Bablet Church
maurice Mutt	East gumperton, Papers Ch,
Norman Prevalto	ANTIOCH BAUTIST Church
ROLERT BRYANT	ANTIOCH BARTIST Church
Fed Leonard	First Baptist Church, Fairmont
Mark F. Buskins	First Bagtist Church, Fairmont
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NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ASSIGNMENT OF BILLS TO SUBCOMMITTEE

COMMERCE COMMITTEE: **CHAIRMAN:** Representative David Miner DATE: May 14, 1997 HB 1173 Bill Number (Indicate H or S): CONSTRUCTION WORKER TRAINING CREDIT Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: **COMMERCE/ Business and Labor** Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on: Bill Number (Indicate H or S): Short Title: Assigned to Subcommittee on: Re-Assigned to Subcommittee on:

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

H

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HOUSE BILL 1173 Proposed Committee Substitute H1173-PCS4116

	Short Title: Con	struction Worker Training Credit. (Public)			
	Sponsors:				
	Referred to:				
		April 29, 1997			
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO P	ROVIDE TAX CREDITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYERS			
3	WHO PROVI	DE CRAFTWORKER TRAINING TO EMPLOYEES AND WHO			
4					
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
6	Section 1. G.S. 105-129.2 reads as rewritten:				
7	"§ 105-129.2. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002 see note) Definitions.				
8	_	definitions apply in this Article:			
9	(1)	Construction Any of the following businesses as defined in			
10		Major Groups 15, 16, and 17 of the Standard Industrial			
11		Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the			
12		Census:			
13		a. Construction.			
14		b. Heavy construction.			
15 16	(10)	<u>C.</u> Building-related special trades.Cost Defined in section 179 of the Code.			
17	(<u>1a)</u> (2)	Data processing Defined in the Standard Industrial			
18	(2)	Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the			
19		Census.			
20	(3)	Enterprise tier The classification assigned to an area pursuant to			
21	(0)	G.S. 105-129.3.			
22	(4)	Full-time job A position that requires at least 1,600 hours of			
23		work per year and is intended to be held by one employee during			

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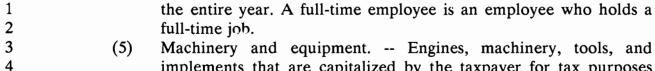
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- implements that are capitalized by the taxpayer for tax purposes under the Code and are used or designed to be used in manufacturing or processing, warehousing and distribution, or data processing. The term does not include real property as defined in G.S. 105-273 or rolling stock as defined in G.S. 105-333.
- (6) Manufacturing and processing. -- Defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.
- **(7)** Purchase. -- Defined in section 179 of the Code.
- (8)Warehousing and distribution. -- Defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.
- <u>(9)</u> Welfare recipient. -- A person who was a recipient of aid to families with dependent children within the 12-month period before being hired by the taxpayer."

Section 2. G.S. 105-129.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-129.4. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Eligibility; forfeiture.

- Type of Business. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for creating a 22 construction job for a welfare recipient under G.S. 105-129.8(a1) or the credit for 23 construction craftworker training under G.S. 105-129.11(b) if the taxpayer is engaged 24 in the business of construction. A taxpayer is eligible for a eredit the remaining 25 <u>credits</u> allowed by this Article if the taxpayer engages in manufacturing or processing, 26 warehousing or distributing, or data processing, and the jobs with respect to which a 27 credit is claimed are created in that business, the machinery and equipment with 28 respect to which a credit is claimed are used in that business, and the research and development for which a credit is claimed are carried out as part of that business.
- (b) Wage Standard. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for creating jobs or the 31 credit for worker training if the jobs for which the credit is claimed meet the wage standard at the time the taxpayer applies for the credit. A taxpayer is eligible for the 33 credit for investing in machinery and equipment or the credit for research and 34 development if the jobs at the location with respect to which the credit is claimed 35 meet the wage standard at the time the taxpayer applies for the credit. Jobs meet the 36 wage standard if they pay an average weekly wage that is at least ten percent (10%) 37 above the average weekly wage paid in the county in which the jobs will be located. 38 In calculating the average weekly wage of jobs, positions that pay a wage or salary at a rate that exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) a year shall be excluded. 40 For the purpose of this subsection, the average wage in a county is the average wage 41 for all insured industries in the county as computed by the Employment Security 42 Commission for the most recent period for which data are available.
- 43 (c) Worker Training. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the tax credit for worker training 44 only for training workers who occupy jobs for which the taxpayer is eligible to claim

Page 2 House Bill 1173

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1 an installment of the credit for creating jobs or which are full-time positions at a 2 location with respect to which the taxpayer is eligible to claim an installment of the credit for investing in machinery and equipment for the taxable year.

The credit for worker training is allowed only with respect to employees in positions not classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1) and for expenditures for training that would be eligible for expenditure or reimbursement under the Department of Community Colleges' New and Expanding 8 Industry Program, as determined by guidelines adopted by the State Board of 9 Community Colleges. To establish eligibility, the taxpayer must obtain as part of the 10 application process under G.S. 105-129.6 the certification of the Department of 11 Community Colleges that the taxpayer's planned worker training would satisfy the 12 requirements of this paragraph. A taxpayer shall apply to the Department of 13 Community Colleges for this certification. The application must be on a form 14 provided by the Department of Community Colleges, must provide a detailed plan of 15 the worker training to be provided, and must contain any information required by the 16 Department of Community Colleges to determine whether the requirements of this paragraph will be satisfied. If the Department of Community Colleges determines that 18 the planned worker training meets the requirements of this paragraph, the 19 Department of Community Colleges shall issue a certificate describing the location 20 with respect to which the credit is claimed and stating that the planned worker 21 training meets the requirements of this paragraph. The State Board of Community 22 Colleges may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes that are needed to carry out its responsibilities under this paragraph.

(c1) Construction Craftworker Training. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the tax credit for construction craftworker training only for training construction craftworkers in positions not classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1), and only for training provided pursuant to a program that satisfies the following conditions:

- (1) It combines jobsite training and related instruction in construction craftwork.
- It includes competency testing to verify completion of each stage of <u>(2)</u> training.
- It is approved by the Department of Labor, the Department of **(3)** Community Colleges, or a statewide trade association that represents employers engaged in the construction business.

To establish eligibility, the taxpayer must obtain as part of the application process under G.S. 105-129.6 certification that the taxpayer's planned construction 38 craftworker training would satisfy the requirements of this subsection. A taxpayer 39 must apply to the Department of Labor for certification of registered apprenticeships 40 and certified on-the-job training and to the Department of Community Colleges for 41 certification of all other training. The application must be on a form provided by the 42 certifying Department, must provide a detailed plan of the construction craftworker 43 training to be provided, and must contain any information required by the certifying Department to determine whether the requirements of this subsection will

House Bill 1173 Page 3

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1 satisfied. If the certifying Department determines that the planned construction 2 craftworker training meets the requirements of this subsection, it shall issue a 3 certificate describing the taxpayer, identifying the entity that approved the training 4 program, and stating that the planned construction craftworker training meets the 5 requirements of this subsection. The State Board of Community Colleges and the 6 Department of Labor may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the 7 General Statutes that are needed to carry out their responsibilities under this subsection.

- (d) Forfeiture. -- A taxpayer forfeits a credit allowed under this Article if the 10 taxpayer was not eligible for the credit at the time the taxpayer applied for the credit. 11 A taxpayer that forfeits a credit under this Article is liable for all past taxes avoided 12 as a result of the credit plus interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i), 13 computed from the date the taxes would have been due if the credit had not been 14 allowed. The past taxes and interest are due 30 days after the date the credit is 15 forfeited; a taxpayer that fails to pay the past taxes and interest by the due date is 16 subject to the penalties provided in G.S. 105-236. If a taxpayer forfeits the credit for 17 creating jobs or the credit for investing in machinery and equipment, the taxpayer 18 also forfeits any credit for worker training claimed for the jobs for which the credit 19 for creating jobs was claimed or the jobs at the location with respect to which the 20 credit for investing in machinery and equipment was claimed.
- Change in Ownership of Business. -- The sale, merger, acquisition, or 22 bankruptcy of a business, or any other transaction by which an existing business 23 reformulates itself as another business, does not create new eligibility in a succeeding 24 business with respect to credits for which the predecessor was not eligible under this 25 Article. A successor business may, however, take any installment of or carried-over 26 portion of a credit that its predecessor could have taken if it had a tax liability."

Section 3. G.S. 105-129.8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-129.8. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit Credits for creating jobs.

(a) Credit. Creating Jobs. -- A taxpayer that meets the eligibility requirements set 30 out in G.S. 105-129.4, has five or more employees for at least 40 weeks during the taxable year, and hires an additional full-time employee during that year to fill a position located in this State is allowed a credit for creating a new full-time job. The 33 amount of the credit for each new full-time job created is set out in the table below 34 and is based on the enterprise tier of the area in which the position is located:

35	Area Enterprise Tier	Amount of Credit
36	Tier One	\$12,500
37	Tier Two	4,000
38	Tier Three	3,000
39	Tier Four	1,000
40	Tier Five	500

41 A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the employee's 42 duties are performed in the area.

43 (a1) Creating Construction Jobs for Welfare Recipients. -- A taxpayer that is engaged in the construction business, has five or more employees for at least 40

Page 4 House Bill 1173

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1 weeks during the taxable year, and hires a welfare recipient as an additional full-time employee during the year is allowed a credit of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the 3 job.

(a2) The credit may not be taken in the taxable year in which the additional employee is hired. Instead, the credit shall be taken in equal installments over the 6 four years following the taxable year in which the additional employee was hired and shall be conditioned on the continued employment by the taxpayer of the number of full-time employees the taxpayer had upon hiring the employee that caused the taxpayer to qualify for the credit.

If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the number 11 of the taxpayer's full-time employees falls below the number of full-time employees 12 the taxpayer had in the year in which the taxpayer qualified for the credit, the credit expires and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the credit. The 14 taxpayer may, however, take the portion of an installment that accrued in a previous 15 year and was carried forward to the extent permitted under G.S. 105-129.5.

If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, a job for 17 which the welfare recipient credit was allowed is no longer filled by a welfare 18 recipient, the credit expires and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the welfare recipient credit with respect to that job.

Jobs transferred from one area in the State to another area in the State shall not be 21 considered new jobs for purposes of this section. If, in one of the four years in which 22 the installment of a credit accrues, the position filled by the employee is moved to an area in a higher- or lower-numbered enterprise tier, the remaining installments of the 24 credit shall be calculated as if the position had been created initially in the area to 25 which it was moved.

- (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 111, s. 1.
- (b1), (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3.
- (d) Planned Expansion. -- A taxpayer that signs a letter of commitment with the 29 Department of Commerce to create at least twenty new full-time jobs in a specific 30 area within two years of the date the letter is signed qualifies for the credit in the 31 amount allowed by subsection (a) of this section based on the area's enterprise tier 32 for that year even though the employees are not hired that year. The credit shall be 33 available in the taxable year after at least twenty employees have been hired if the 34 hirings are within the two-year commitment period. The conditions outlined in 35 subsection (a) apply to a credit taken under this subsection except that if the area is 36 redesignated to a higher-numbered enterprise tier after the year the letter of 37 commitment was signed, the credit is allowed based on the area's enterprise tier for the year the letter was signed. If the taxpayer does not hire the employees within the two-year period, the taxpayer does not qualify for the credit. However, if the taxpayer qualifies for a credit under subsection (a) in the year any new employees are hired, the taxpayer may take the credit under that subsection. 41
 - (e), (f) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996."

Section 4. G.S. 105-129.11 reads as rewritten:

House Bill 1173 Page 5

- 1 "**§ 105-129.11**. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for worker training. 2 Credits for worker training and construction craftworker training.
- 3 (a) Credit. Worker Training. -- A taxpayer that provides worker training for five 4 or more of its eligible employees during the taxable year is allowed a credit equal to 5 fifty percent (50%) of its eligible expenditures for the training. For positions located 6 in an enterprise tier one area, the credit may not exceed one thousand dollars 7 (\$1,000) per employee trained during the taxable year. For other positions, the credit 8 may not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per employee trained during the 9 taxable year. A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the 10 employee's duties are performed in the area.
- (b) Eligibility. -- The eligibility of a taxpayer's expenditures and employees is 12 determined as provided in G.S. 105-129.4. Construction Craftworker Training. -- A 13 taxpayer that is engaged in the construction business and provides construction 14 craftworker training to its eligible employees is allowed a credit equal to five hundred 15 dollars (\$500.00) for each employee who completes his or her 1,000th hour of the 16 provided training during the taxable year.
- 17 (c) Eligibility. -- The eligibility of a taxpayer's training, expenditures, and 18 employees is determined as provided in G.S. 105-129.4."
- Section 5. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after 19 20 January 1, 1998.

Page 6 House Bill 1173

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 1173

Short Title: Construction Worker Training Credit.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Representatives Dedmon; Baddour, Barbee, Black, Bonner, Braswell, Carpenter, Clary, Cole, Earle, Eddins, Fox, Goodwin, Hill, R. Hunter, Ives, Jarrell, Jeffus, Moore, Mosley, Nesbitt, Rayfield, Saunders, Sexton, Sherrill, Smith, Tallent, Tolson, Warner, Warwick, Weatherly, C. Wilson, Wood, and Yongue.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Finance.

April 29, 1997

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1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PR	OVIDE TAX CREDITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYERS
3	WHO PROVID	E CRAFTWORKER TRAINING TO EMPLOYEES AND WHO
4	HIRE WELFAR	RE RECIPIENTS.
5	The General Asser	mbly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section	n 1. G.S. 105-129.2 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 105-129.2. (Rep	pealed effective January 1, 2002 see note) Definitions.
8	The following d	efinitions apply in this Article:
9	` ,	Construction Any of the following businesses as defined in
10		Major Groups 15, 16, and 17 of the Standard Industrial
11		Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the
12		Census:
13		a. Construction.
14		b. Heavy construction.
15		c. Building-related special trades.
16	<u>(1a)</u>	Cost Defined in section 179 of the Code.
17	(2)	Data processing Defined in the Standard Industrial
18		Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the
19		Census.
20	(3)	Enterprise tier The classification assigned to an area pursuant to
21		G.S. 105-129.3.

- Full-time job. -- A position that requires at least 1,600 hours of (4) 1 work per year and is intended to be held by one employee during 2 3 the entire year. A full-time employee is an employee who holds a 4 full-time job. Machinery and equipment. -- Engines, machinery, tools, and 5 (5) 6 implements that are capitalized by the taxpayer for tax purposes 7 under the Code and are used or designed to be used in manufacturing or processing, warehousing and distribution, or data 8 processing. The term does not include real property as defined in 9 G.S. 105-273 or rolling stock as defined in G.S. 105-333. 10
 - Manufacturing and processing. -- Defined in the Standard (6) Industrial Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.
 - Purchase. -- Defined in section 179 of the Code. **(7)**
 - Warehousing and distribution. -- Defined in the Standard Industrial (8) Classification Manual issued by the United States Bureau of the Census.
 - <u>(9)</u> Welfare recipient. -- A person who was a recipient of aid to families with dependent children within the 12-month period before being hired by the taxpaver."

Section 2. G.S. 105-129.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-129.4. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Eligibility; forfeiture.

- Type of Business. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for creating a 24 construction job for a welfare recipient under G.S. 105-129.8(a1) or the credit for 25 construction craftworker training under G.S. 105-129.11(b) if the taxpayer is engaged 26 in the business of construction. A taxpayer is eligible for a eredit the remaining 27 <u>credits</u> allowed by this Article if the taxpayer engages in manufacturing or processing, 28 warehousing or distributing, or data processing, and the jobs with respect to which a 29 credit is claimed are created in that business, the machinery and equipment with 30 respect to which a credit is claimed are used in that business, and the research and 31 development for which a credit is claimed are carried out as part of that business.
- (b) Wage Standard. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the credit for creating jobs or the 33 credit for worker training if the jobs for which the credit is claimed meet the wage 34 standard at the time the taxpayer applies for the credit. A taxpayer is eligible for the 35 credit for investing in machinery and equipment or the credit for research and 36 development if the jobs at the location with respect to which the credit is claimed 37 meet the wage standard at the time the taxpayer applies for the credit. Jobs meet the 38 wage standard if they pay an average weekly wage that is at least ten percent (10%) 39 above the average weekly wage paid in the county in which the jobs will be located. 40 In calculating the average weekly wage of jobs, positions that pay a wage or salary at 41 a rate that exceeds one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) a year shall be excluded. 42 For the purpose of this subsection, the average wage in a county is the average wage 43 for all insured industries in the county as computed by the Employment Security
- 44 Commission for the most recent period for which data are available.



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(c) Worker Training. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the tax credit for worker training 2 only for training workers who occupy jobs for which the taxpayer is eligible to claim 3 an installment of the credit for creating jobs or which are full-time positions at a location with respect to which the taxpayer is eligible to claim an installment of the credit for investing in machinery and equipment for the taxable year.

The credit for worker training is allowed only with respect to employees in positions not classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1) and for expenditures for training that would be eligible for expenditure or 9 reimbursement under the Department of Community Colleges' New and Expanding 10 Industry Program, as determined by guidelines adopted by the State Board of 11 Community Colleges. To establish eligibility, the taxpayer must obtain as part of the application process under G.S. 105-129.6 the certification of the Department of 13 Community Colleges that the taxpayer's planned worker training would satisfy the 14 requirements of this paragraph. A taxpayer shall apply to the Department of 15 Community Colleges for this certification. The application must be on a form 16 provided by the Department of Community Colleges, must provide a detailed plan of 17 the worker training to be provided, and must contain any information required by the 18 Department of Community Colleges to determine whether the requirements of this 19 paragraph will be satisfied. If the Department of Community Colleges determines that 20 the planned worker training meets the requirements of this paragraph, the Department of Community Colleges shall issue a certificate describing the location 21 22 with respect to which the credit is claimed and stating that the planned worker training meets the requirements of this paragraph. The State Board of Community Colleges may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes that are needed to carry out its responsibilities under this paragraph.

(c1) Construction Craftworker Training. -- A taxpayer is eligible for the tax credit for construction craftworker training only for training construction craftworkers in positions not classified as exempt under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 213(a)(1), and only for training provided pursuant to a program that satisfies the 30 following conditions:

- <u>(1)</u> It combines classroom instruction and jobsite training in construction craftwork.
- <u>(2)</u> It includes competency testing to verify completion of each stage of training.
- **(3)** It is approved by the Department of Labor, the Department of Community Colleges, or a statewide trade association that represents employers engaged in the construction business.

To establish eligibility, the taxpaver must obtain as part of the application process under G.S. 105-129.6 the certification of the Department of Community Colleges that the taxpayer's planned construction craftworker training would satisfy the 41 requirements of this subsection. A taxpayer shall apply to the Department of 42 Community Colleges for this certification. The application must be on a form 43 provided by the Department of Community Colleges, must provide a detailed plan of the construction craftworker training to be provided, and must contain any

House Bill 1173 Page 3 1 information required by the Department of Community Colleges to determine 2 whether the requirements of this subsection will be satisfied. If the Department of 3 Community Colleges determines that the planned construction craftworker training 4 meets the requirements of this subsection, the Department of Community Colleges 5 shall issue a certificate describing the taxpayer, identifying the entity that approved 6 the training program, and stating that the planned construction craftworker training meets the requirements of this subsection. The State Board of Community Colleges may adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 150B of the General Statutes that are needed to carry out its responsibilities under this subsection.

- (d) Forfeiture. -- A taxpayer forfeits a credit allowed under this Article if the 11 taxpayer was not eligible for the credit at the time the taxpayer applied for the credit. 12 A taxpayer that forfeits a credit under this Article is liable for all past taxes avoided 13 as a result of the credit plus interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i), 14 computed from the date the taxes would have been due if the credit had not been 15 allowed. The past taxes and interest are due 30 days after the date the credit is 16 forfeited; a taxpayer that fails to pay the past taxes and interest by the due date is 17 subject to the penalties provided in G.S. 105-236. If a taxpayer forfeits the credit for 18 creating jobs or the credit for investing in machinery and equipment, the taxpayer 19 also forfeits any credit for worker training claimed for the jobs for which the credit 20 for creating jobs was claimed or the jobs at the location with respect to which the 21 credit for investing in machinery and equipment was claimed.
- Change in Ownership of Business. -- The sale, merger, acquisition, or 23 bankruptcy of a business, or any other transaction by which an existing business 24 reformulates itself as another business, does not create new eligibility in a succeeding 25 business with respect to credits for which the predecessor was not eligible under this 26 Article. A successor business may, however, take any installment of or carried-over 27 portion of a credit that its predecessor could have taken if it had a tax liability."

Section 3. G.S. 105-129.8 reads as rewritten:

29 "§ 105-129.8. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit Credits for creating jobs.

(a) Credit. Creating Jobs. -- A taxpayer that meets the eligibility requirements set 31 out in G.S. 105-129.4, has five or more employees for at least 40 weeks during the 32 taxable year, and hires an additional full-time employee during that year to fill a 33 position located in this State is allowed a credit for creating a new full-time job. The 34 amount of the credit for each new full-time job created is set out in the table below 35 and is based on the enterprise tier of the area in which the position is located:

36	Area Enterprise Tier	Amount of Credit
37	Tier One	\$12,500
38	Tier Two	4,000
39	Tier Three	3,000
40	Tier Four	1,000
41	Tier Five	500

42 A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the employee's 43 duties are performed in the area.

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(a1) Creating Construction Jobs for Welfare Recipients. -- A taxpayer that is engaged in the construction business, has five or more employees for at least 40 weeks during the taxable year, and hires a welfare recipient as an additional full-time employee during the year is allowed a credit of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the iob.

(a2) The credit may not be taken in the taxable year in which the additional employee is hired. Instead, the credit shall be taken in equal installments over the 8 four years following the taxable year in which the additional employee was hired and 9 shall be conditioned on the continued employment by the taxpayer of the number of 10 full-time employees the taxpayer had upon hiring the employee that caused the 11 taxpayer to qualify for the credit.

If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the number 13 of the taxpayer's full-time employees falls below the number of full-time employees 14 the taxpayer had in the year in which the taxpayer qualified for the credit, the credit 15 expires and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the credit. The 16 taxpayer may, however, take the portion of an installment that accrued in a previous year and was carried forward to the extent permitted under G.S. 105-129.5.

If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, a job for 19 which the welfare recipient credit was allowed is no longer filled by a welfare recipient, the credit expires and the taxpayer may not take any remaining installment of the welfare recipient credit with respect to that job.

Jobs transferred from one area in the State to another area in the State shall not be considered new jobs for purposes of this section. If, in one of the four years in which the installment of a credit accrues, the position filled by the employee is moved to an area in a higher- or lower-numbered enterprise tier, the remaining installments of the credit shall be calculated as if the position had been created initially in the area to which it was moved.

- (b) Repealed by Session Laws 1989, c. 111, s. 1.
- (b1), (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3.
- (d) Planned Expansion. -- A taxpayer that signs a letter of commitment with the 31 Department of Commerce to create at least twenty new full-time jobs in a specific area within two years of the date the letter is signed qualifies for the credit in the 33 amount allowed by subsection (a) of this section based on the area's enterprise tier 34 for that year even though the employees are not hired that year. The credit shall be 35 available in the taxable year after at least twenty employees have been hired if the 36 hirings are within the two-year commitment period. The conditions outlined in 37 subsection (a) apply to a credit taken under this subsection except that if the area is 38 redesignated to a higher-numbered enterprise tier after the year the letter of 39 commitment was signed, the credit is allowed based on the area's enterprise tier for the year the letter was signed. If the taxpayer does not hire the employees within the two-year period, the taxpayer does not qualify for the credit. However, if the taxpayer qualifies for a credit under subsection (a) in the year any new employees are hired, the taxpayer may take the credit under that subsection.

House Bill 1173 Page 5 1 (e), (f) Repealed by Session Laws 1996, Second Extra Session, c. 13, s. 3.3 for 2 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1996."

Section 4. G.S. 105-129.11 reads as rewritten:

- 4 "§ 105-129.11. (Repealed effective January 1, 2002) Credit for worker training.
 5 Credits for worker training and construction craftworker training.
- (a) Credit. Worker Training. -- A taxpayer that provides worker training for five 7 or more of its eligible employees during the taxable year is allowed a credit equal to 8 fifty percent (50%) of its eligible expenditures for the training. For positions located 9 in an enterprise tier one area, the credit may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per employee trained during the taxable year. For other positions, the credit 11 may not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per employee trained during the 12 taxable year. A position is located in an area if more than fifty percent (50%) of the 13 employee's duties are performed in the area.
- 14 (b) Eligibility. The eligibility of a taxpayer's expenditures and employees is
 15 determined as provided in G.S. 105-129.4. Construction Craftworker Training. -- A
 16 taxpayer that is engaged in the construction business and provides construction
 17 craftworker training to its eligible employees is allowed a credit equal to five hundred
 18 dollars (\$500.00) for each employee who completes his or her 1,000th hour of the
 19 provided training during the taxable year.
- 20 (c) Eligibility. -- The eligibility of a taxpayer's training, expenditures, and employees is determined as provided in G.S. 105-129.4."
- Section 5. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.





North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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Terrence D. Sullivi Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

May 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Counse

RE:

House Bill 1173-Construction Worker Training Credit.

(Proposed Committee Substitute)

House Bill 1173 amends Article 3A of Chapter 105 relating to tax incentives for new and expanding businesses. The bill provides tax credits for construction employers who hire welfare recipients and who provide craftworker training to their employees.

Section 1 of the bill adds two new definitions to the Article. "Construction" means the construction business, heavy construction business, and building-related special trades as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the US Bureau of the Census. "Welfare recipient" means a person who has received aid to families with dependent children within 12 months prior to being hired.

Section 2 amends the eligibility provisions relating to the tax credits to include reference to the credit for creating a construction job for a welfare recipient and the credit for construction craftworker training. In order to be eligible for the craftworker training credit the training must be provided pursuant to a program that: (1) combines jobsite training and related instruction; (2) includes competency testing to verify completion of training; and (3) is approved by the Department of Labor, the Department of Community Colleges or a statewide trade association. The taxpayer must obtain certification from the appropriate state agency that the training program meets the requirements set forth in this provision.

Section 3 amends the provision relating to credits for job creation by adding a new subsection which authorizes a \$500 credit for taxpayers engaged in the construction business who have five or more employees for at least 40 weeks during the year and who hire a welfare recipient as an additional full-time employee. The credit may only be taken in installments over the four years following the year the employee is hired. The credit expires if, at any point during the four years the position is no longer filled by a welfare recipient.

Section 4 of the bill amends the provision relating to credits for worker training to include the construction craftworker training credit. It authorizes a \$500 credit to construction businesses that provide construction craftworker training to eligible employees when the employee completes 1,000 hours of training.

The act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 447 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURIST DISTRICT AND TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF CERTAIN ABC PERMITS IN THIS TYPE OF DISTRICT. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on \square Appropriations \square Finance \square), \(\square\) which changes the title, With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (# unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 447

formand

Short Title: Lumberton Economic Development District.

(Public)

1

Sponsors:

Senators Weinstein; Conder, Odom, Rand, Shaw of Cumberland,

Soles, and Wellons.

Referred to: Finance.

March 20, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURIST DISTRICT AND TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF 3 CERTAIN ABC PERMITS IN THIS TYPE OF DISTRICT.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. District Created. -- The Lumberton Economic Development 7 and Tourist District is created. The District consists of the area described in Section 8 2 of this act. The District is a body politic and corporate and a political subdivision 9 of the State. The District is subject to the Local Government Budget and Fiscal 10 Control Act, Article 3 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes.

The Lumberton City Council shall serve, ex officio, as the governing 12 body of the District, and the officers of the City Council shall likewise serve as the 13 officers of the governing body of the District. The governing body of the District 14 shall promote economic development and tourism in the District and do all acts 15 reasonably necessary to fulfill this purpose.

A simple majority of the governing body of the District constitutes a 16 17 quorum. Approval by a majority of a quorum is sufficient to determine any matter 18 before the governing body of the District.

Section 2. Description of District. -- The Lumberton Economic 19 20 Development and Tourist District consists of the following area:

- 21 BEGINNING at a point where the western right-of-way line of Interstate 95 intersects
- 22 Lumber River and runs thence from said beginning point in a western direction with
- 23 Lumber River to the run of Saddletree Swamp; thence in a northern direction with

1 the run of Saddletree Swamp to the southern right-of-way line of North Carolina 2 Highway 211 (also known as Roberts Avenue); thence with southern right-of-way line 3 of North Carolina Highway 211 in an eastern direction to a point where the southern 4 right-of-way line of said highway intersects the run of Five Mile Branch; thence in a 5 northern direction with the run of Five Mile Branch to a point in the run of said 6 branch being located 500 feet west of (perpendicular distance) the western right-of-7 way line of Interstate 95; thence leaving said Five Mile Branch in a northern 8 direction with a line being 500 feet west of and parallel to the western right-of-way 9 line of Interstate 95 to a point in the eastern property line of Mayfair Subdivision; 10 thence in a general northern direction with the various eastern property lines of 11 Mayfair Subdivision to the eastern property line of Mayfair North Subdivision; thence 12 in a general northern direction with the various eastern property lines of Mayfair 13 North Subdivision and beyond to a point in a ditch just south of the AA building; 14 thence in a western direction with said ditch to the run of Saddletree Swamp; thence 15 with the run of Saddletree Swamp in a northern direction approximately 1900 feet to 16 a point; thence leaving said swamp in an eastern direction to and with the southern 17 line of property owned by Lumberton Motors (Deed Book 920, Page 557) to a point 18 in said southern line being 500 feet (perpendicular distance) west of the western 19 right-of-way line of Interstate 95; thence in a northern direction 500 feet west of and 20 parallel to the western right-of-way line of Interstate 95 to a point 500 feet south of 21 and perpendicular to U.S. Highway 301 (also known as Fayetteville Road); thence in 22 a northwestern direction 500 feet south of and parallel to U.S. Highway 301 to a 23 point where this line intersects the northwestern line of Lawrence H. Oliver's 24 property (Deed Book 628, Pages 673 and 674) if it were extended; thence in a 25 northeastern direction to, with, and beyond Lawrence H. Oliver's northwestern 26 property line to a point in the northeastern right-of-way line of U.S. Highway 301; 27 thence with the northeastern right-of-way line of U.S. Highway 301 in a southeastern 28 direction to the most southern corner of Robeson Community College property; 29 thence with the southeastern property line of Robeson Community College property 30 to the western right-of-way line of Interstate 95; thence crossing Interstate 95 to a 31 point in the eastern right-of-way line of said Interstate 95, said point being Thomas 32 Carr Gibson's southwest corner (Deed Book 775, Page 665); thence with and beyond 33 Gibson's southern line (Deed Book 775, Page 665, Deed Book 490, Pages 84 and 85, 34 and Deed Book 485, Page 335) to a point in the center line of Secondary Road 1005 35 (also known as Barker Ten Mile Road); thence with the center line of Secondary 36 Road 1005 in a southern direction to a point at the intersection of the center line of 37 said Secondary Road 1005 with the northeastern right-of-way line of U.S. Highway 38 301 (also known as Secondary Road 1997 and Fayetteville Road); thence with the 39 eastern right-of-way line of U.S. Highway 301, in a southeastern direction to a point 40 in the run of Five Mile Branch; thence in a northeastern direction with the run of 41 Five Mile Branch approximately 352.63 feet to a point in the run of said branch; 42 thence leaving said branch 300 feet east of and parallel to U.S. Highway 301 43 approximately 488.4 feet to a point in the northern right-of-way line of a private drive 44 (54 feet in width); thence with the northern right-of-way line of said private drive in a

Page 2

1 western direction to a point in the western right-of-way line of said U.S. Highway 2 301; thence with said western right-of-way line to a point 300 feet (perpendicular 3 distance) south of the southern right-of-way line of Liberty Hill Road; thence in a 4 western direction 300 feet south of and parallel to the southern right-of-way line of 5 Liberty Hill Road to a point in the eastern right-of-way line of Independence Drive; 6 thence with the eastern right-of-way line of Independence Drive in a northern 7 direction to a point in the southern right-of-way line of Liberty Hill Road; thence 8 with the southern right-of-way line of Liberty Hill Road in a western direction 9 crossing Independence Drive to the northwestern property corner of property owned 10 by the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; thence in a southern direction 11 with the western property line of said church property to a point 300 feet 12 (perpendicular distance) south of Liberty Hill Road; thence in a western direction 13 300 feet south of and parallel to the southern right-of-way line of Liberty Hill Road 14 to a point 500 feet east of (perpendicular distance) the eastern right-of-way of 15 Interstate 95; thence in a southern direction 500 feet east of and parallel to the 16 eastern right-of-way line of Interstate 95 to a point 500 feet north (perpendicular 17 distance) of North Carolina Highway 211 (also known as Roberts Avenue); thence in 18 a southeastern direction 500 feet north of and parallel to North Carolina Highway 19 211 to a point where if extended the western right-of-way line of McMillian Avenue 20 would intersect this line; thence in a southern direction to and with the western right-21 of-way line of McMillian Avenue to a point being 135 feet south (perpendicular 22 distance) of North Carolina Highway 211; thence in a western direction 135 feet 23 southeast of and parallel to North Carolina Highway 211, crossing Rowland Avenue 24 to a point in the western right-of-way line of Rowland Avenue; thence in a southern 25 direction with the western right-of-way line of Rowland Avenue to a point in the 26 northern right-of-way line of a now abandoned V & C S Railroad right-of-way; 27 thence with said railroad right-of-way line in a southwestern and then southern 28 direction to a point on the northern line of Jennings Cotton Mills Subdivision (Map 29 Book 7, Page 48) approximately 80 feet north of West Twenty-fourth Street; thence in 30 a western direction, with the northern line of said Jennings Cotton Mills Subdivision 31 line to a point approximately 218.39 feet east of Interstate 95; thence in a southern 32 direction approximately 79.72 feet to a point in the northern right-of-way line of West 33 Twenty-fourth Street at its intersection with Delmar Street; thence in a western 34 direction with the northern right-of-way line of Twenty-fourth Street to a point 200 35 feet east (perpendicular distance) of the eastern right-of-way line of Interstate 95; 36 thence in a southern direction 200 feet east of and parallel to Interstate 95 to a point 37 in the center line of Carthage Road; thence in a western direction with the center 38 line of Carthage Road to the intersection of the center line of said Carthage Road with the western right-of-way line of Interstate 95; and thence in a southern direction 40 to and with the western right-of-way line of Interstate 95 to the point of beginning.

Section 3. G.S. 18B-1006 is amended by adding a new subsection to 42 read:

43

"(1) Economic and Tourist Development District. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 6 of this Chapter, the Commission may issue permits for the sale

Senate Bill 447 Page 3

- of mixed beverages to qualified businesses in an economic and tourist development district. An 'economic and tourist development district' is a district that is a political subdivision of the State, is within the corporate limits of a city, was established by an act of the General Assembly enacted before July 1, 1997, and was established for the purpose of promoting economic development and tourism in the district. The mixed beverages purchase-transportation permit authorized by G.S. 18B-404(b) shall be issued by a local board operating a store located in the city in which the district is located. The governing body of a district that is eligible for mixed beverages permits under this subsection must file with the Commission a certified copy of a map setting out the boundaries of the district."
 - Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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ne W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

May 13, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel and Sabra Faires, Counsel to the

Senate Finance Committee

RE: SENATE BILL 447 - LUMBERTON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT -

Senator Weinstein

Senate Bill 447 creates the Lumberton Economic Development District as a unit of local government and authorizes the ABC Commission to issue mixed beverages permits to restaurants, hotels, and other eligible businesses in the district without an ABC election.

The District established in the bill is an area along I-95 in the City of Lumberton in Robeson County. Section 2 of the bill sets out the boundaries of the District. The District is to be governed by the City Council of Lumberton. The purpose of the District is to promote economic development and tourism in the District.

The bill is local in effect but is a public bill because the authorization in the bill to issue mixed beverages permits applies to all economic development districts that meet the description in the bill. To meet the description, a district must be a unit of government, be entirely within a city, be established for the purpose of promoting economic development, and be established before July 1, 1997. If this bill is enacted, the district created by this bill will be the only one that meets the description.

The following businesses are eligible for a mixed beverages permit: restaurants, hotels, private clubs, convention centers, community theatres, nonprofit organizations, and political organizations. To qualify as a restaurant, an establishment must derive at least 40% of its gross receipts from food and nonalcoholic beverages and have seating for at least 36 people.

MEMORANDUM May 13, 1997 Page 2

The alcoholic beverage laws contain many classifications that appear general but are designed to apply to specific counties or areas only. The reason for this is that the North Carolina Constitution in Article II, Section 24 prohibits local acts regulating trade. The sale of alcoholic beverages is a form of trade. Therefore, local acts on alcoholic beverage sales are prohibited. A bill that establishes a general class is a public bill even if only one area fits in the class.

Under current law, mixed beverages cannot be sold in Lumberton because their sale has not been approved in an election in Robeson County or the City of Lumberton. No alcoholic beverages are authorized county-wide in Robeson County. Lumberton has authorized the on-premises sale of beer and unfortified wine at hotels, motels, and restaurants, has authorized the sale of off-premises beer and off-premises unfortified wine, and has authorized the operation of an ABC store.

The bill is effective when it becomes law.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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MAY 14, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

VISITORS. TELASE SIGN BELOW AT	AD RETORN TO COMMITTEE CEERCE	
<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
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DOHN BOUD	(AA. Elect. Contras. AssN.	,
WILLIAM A, KOWNEY	LA, Downon (Son, NC.	
Hanry Jones	Attorney - CECA	
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Linda Metzger	Century 2 De Real Estate Center Sum	gayethwillet luton, N.C
Myra I Morton	Mrenstale Ent. Sof3 Carhage Rd. METLIFE POROX 722, Lunger TUN	3 28358
David A Biggs	CHAIRMAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE +	MS BUREA
Mary Jaylor	Sunshine House 3021 Roberts Are.	Jumberland 12 283
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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE	MAY 14, 1997
Name of Committee	Date
VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW A	AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK
NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
John Cynus	n.C. State Grange
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Tim Kent	American Institute of Architect
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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

CO	MN	RCI	l
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MAY 14, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
In hour	NC Best Wine
George Howe	Move
Don McCongradale	NCRMA
John Huste	NCFAC
Jam Seamans	united way of NC
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	A STATE WATER COMMITTEE CO

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

May 21,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Billy Creech, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, George Holmes, Bob Hunter, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Cynthia Watson, Gene Wilson, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, May 21, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bill were discussed:

House bill 1108, AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE AND CONTROL COMMISSION TO ISSUE PERMITS FOR "BREW ON PREMISES" BUSINESSES. Representative McMahan, one of the bill sponsors explained the bill and offered a proposed committee substitute. Representative Hall moved to adopt the committee substitute and have it heard before the committee. A vote was taken and the committee substitute was before the committee. Representative Nichols offered an amendment to the bill. Questions on the amendment were taken from the committee. Ms. Anne Fulton, Counsel for the ABC Commission answered member's questions. Mr. Chris Vilauri of the Beer and Wine Wholesalers also answered questions. A vote was taken on the Amendment and the amendment failed. Representative Hall moved for a favorable report as to the committee substitute. A vote was taken and House bill 1108 was given a favorable report as to the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill and the Committee substitute be referred to the Finance committee.

Senate bill 814, AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR IN-STAND SALES OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN CERTAIN STADIUMS, BALLPARKS, AND SIMILAR PUBLIC PLACES. Representative McMahan explained the bill and offered a proposed committee substitute. Representative Sherrill moved to hear the committee substitute. A voice vote was taken and the committee substitute was put before the committee. Questions were taken from the committee and Anne Fulton, counsel to the

ABC Commission answered them. Representative Dickson moved for a favorable report. A vote was taken and Senate bill 814 was given a favorable report as to the committee substitute, unfavorable as to the original bill.

Senate bill 811, AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SOUTHEASTERN NORTH CAROLINA REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION TO HIRE AND CONTRACT FOR PERSONNEL. Representative Bonner explained the bill on behalf of Senator Soles. Representative McComas moved for a favorable report. A vote was taken and Senate bill 811 was given a favorable report.

The meeting was adjourned at 10:50 am.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ALCOHOLIC H.B. 1108 BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSION TO ISSUE PERMITS FOR "BREW ON PREMISES" BUSINESSES. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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D

HOUSE BILL 1108 Proposed Committee Substitute H1108-PCS7319

	Short Title: Brew on Premises Permits. (Public)		
	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
	April 21, 1997		
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO ALLOW THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL		
3	COMMISSION TO ISSUE PERMITS FOR "BREW ON PREMISES"		
4	BUSINESSES.		
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
6	Section 1. G.S. 18B-307 reads as rewritten:		
7	"§ 18B-307. Manufacturing offenses.		
8	(a) Offenses It shall be unlawful for any person, except as authorized by this		
9	Chapter, to:		
10	(1) Sell or possess equipment or ingredients intended for use in the		
11	manufacture of any alcoholic beverage; beverage, except		
12	equipment and ingredients provided under a Brew on Premises		
13	permit; or		
14	(2) Knowingly allow real or personal property owned or possessed by		
15	him to be used by another person for the manufacture of any		
16	alcoholic beverage, beverage, except pursuant to a Brew on		
17	Premises permit.		
18	(b) Unlawful Manufacturing Except as provided in G.S. 18B- 306, it shall be		
19	unlawful for any person to manufacture any alcoholic beverage beverage, except at		
20	an establishment with a Brew on Premises permit, without first obtaining the		
21	applicable ABC permit and revenue licenses.		
22	(c) Second Offense of Manufacturing A second offense of unlawful		
23	manufacturing of alcoholic beverage shall be a Class I felony."		

1	Section	ion 2. G.S. 18B-902(d) reads as rewritten:
2		An application for an ABC permit shall be accompanied by payment
3	of the following	
4	(1)	On-premises malt beverage permit \$200.00.
5	(2)	Off-premises malt beverage permit \$200.00.
6	(3)	On-premises unfortified wine permit \$200.00.
7	(4)	Off-premises unfortified wine permit \$200.00.
8	(5)	On-premises fortified wine permit \$200.00.
9	(6)	Off-premises fortified wine permit \$200.00.
10	(7)	Brown-bagging permit \$200.00, unless the application is for a
11	(')	restaurant seating less than 50, in which case the fee shall be
12		\$100.00.
13	(8)	Special occasion permit \$200.00.
14	(9)	Limited special occasion permit \$25.00.
15	(10)	Mixed beverages permit \$750.00.
16	(11)	Culinary permit \$100.00.
17	(12)	Unfortified winery permit \$150.00.
18	(13)	Fortified winery permit \$150.00.
19	(14)	Limited winery permit \$150.00.
20	(15)	Brewery permit \$150.00.
21	(16)	Distillery permit \$150.00.
22	(17)	Fuel alcohol permit \$50.00.
23	(18)	Wine importer permit \$150.00.
24	(19)	Wine wholesaler permit \$150.00.
25	(20)	Malt beverage importer permit \$150.00.
26	(21)	Malt beverage wholesaler permit \$150.00.
27	(22)	Bottler permit \$150.00.
28	(23)	Salesman permit \$25.00.
29	(24)	Vendor representative permit \$25.00.
30	(25)	Nonresident malt beverage vendor permit \$50.00.
31	(26)	Nonresident wine vendor permit \$50.00.
32	(27)	Any special one-time permit under G.S. 18B-1002 \$25.00.
33	(28)	Winery special event permit \$100.00.
34	(29)	Mixed beverages catering permit \$100.00.
35	(30)	Guest room cabinet permit \$750.00.
36	(31)	Liquor importer/bottler permit \$250.00.
37	(32)	Brew on Premises permit \$200.00."
38	Secti	on 3. G.S. 18B-1001 is amended by adding a new subdivision to
39	read:	
40	" <u>(14</u>)	Brew on Premises Permit A permit may be issued to a business.
41		in any county with a population of 500,000 or more, according to
42		the most recent estimate of population made by the Office of State
43		Budget and Management, where individual customers who are 21
44		years old or older may purchase ingredients and rent the

1	equ	ipment, time, and space to brew malt beverages for personal
2	use	in amounts set forth in 27 C.F.R § 25.205.
3	T	ne customer shall:
4	<u>a.</u>	Select a recipe and kettle;
5	<u>b.</u>	Weigh out the proper ingredients and add them to the
6	_	kettle;
7	<u>c.</u>	Transfer the wort to the fermenter;
8	<u>d.</u>	Add the yeast;
9	<u>e.</u>	Place the ingredients in a fermentation room; and
10	f.	Filter, carbonate, and bottle the malt beverage.
11	Tì	ne permittee may:
12 .	<u>a.</u>	Assist the customer in all steps except adding the yeast; and
13	_ b.	Transfer the ingredients from the fermentation room to the
14	_	cold room."
15	Section 4	This act is effective when it becomes law

Page 3



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

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Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

May 21, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

House Bill 1108 - Brew on Premises Permits.

(Proposed Committee Substitute)

House Bill 1108 amends the G.S. 18B-1001 (Kinds of ABC permits) by adding a new provision authorizing the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission to issue Brew on Premises permits to businesses in counties with a population of 500,000 or more. Brew on Premises businesses may sell ingredients and rent equipment, time and space to individual adult customers to brew malt beverages for personal use.

The bill further defines the steps in brewing to be used by customers, and provides that the business which obtains the permit may assist the customer with everything except adding yeast, and may transfer the ingredients from the fermentation room to the cold room. The bill also establishes an application fee of \$200 to be paid by the business seeking the permit.

The Proposed Committee Substitute clarifies that the customers of Brew on Premises businesses must be 21 years of age or older and may only brew malt beverages for personal use. It also limits the amount that can be produced to the limit set in federal regulation, which is 200 gallons annually for households with two or more adults and 100 gallons annually for households with one adult.

This act would become effective when it becomes law.

	America
EDITION No.	DATE May 21, 1997
H. B. No	DATE May 21, 1997
S. B. No	Amendment No.
COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
Sen.)	
1 moves to amend the bill on page	3 , lines 4 Through 7
2 () WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE	
3 by REWRITING THE C	-INES TO READ!
4 NA BUSINESS, IN	ANY COUNTY WHERE THE COUNTY
	VE AUTHORIZED THIS TYPE OF BUSINESS,
6 WHERE INDIVIDUAL	Δ
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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT
(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 814 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR IN-STAND SALES OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN CERTAIN STADIUMS, BALLPARKS, AND SIMILAR PUBLIC PLACES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on \square Appropriations \square Finance \square With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S

D

S814-CSRU-001 PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 814

THIS IS A DRAFT 20-MAY-97 18:11:16 ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION

onn. Short Title: In-Stand ABC Sales. Sponsors: Referred to:

April 14, 1997 1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT ACT TO PROVIDE FOR IN-STAND SALES OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN CERTAIN STADIUMS, BALLPARKS, AND SIMILAR PUBLIC PLACES. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Chapter 18B of the General Statutes is Section 1. 5 6 amended by adding a new section to read: 7 "§ 18B-1009. In-stand sales. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prohibit a retail 9 permittee from selling for consumption, malt beverages in the 10 seating areas of stadiums, ballparks, and other similar public 11 places with a seating capacity of 60,000 or more during 12 professional sporting events, in municipalities with a population 13 greater than 450,000, according to the most recent estimate of 14 population made by the Office of State Budget and Management, 15 provided that: (1)The seating areas are designated as part of the 16 retail permittee's licensed premises; 17 The retail permittee has notified the Commission, in writing, of its intent to sell malt beverages in

18 19 the seating areas at sporting events; 20

1	<u>(3)</u>	Serv	ice of	food	and	nonalco	holic	beve	rages	is
2	7	avai	lable in	the s	eating	gareas	<u>.</u>	•		
3	(4)	The	retail	perm	ittee	has	certi	fied	to	the
4		Comm	ission t	hat it	has t	trained	its em	ploye	es:	
5		a.	To iden	tify 1	undera	ige per	sons a	nd in	toxic	ated
6			persons	; and		•				
7		b.	To refu	ise to	sel:	l malt	bever	ages	to t	hose
8			persons	as re	quire	d by G.S	S. 18B-	305;	and	
9	<u>(5)</u>	The	employee	s do	not v	verbally	, shout	t or	hawk	the
10		sale	of malt	bever	ages.'	11				
11	Sect	ion 2	. This	act is	effec	ctive wh	nen it	becom	ıes la	w.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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May 21, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 814 -

IN STAND ABC SALES - Senator Odom

The Propose House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 814 allows a retail permittee under the ABC laws to sell malt beverages (beer) in the stands of a ballpark or stadium or other public place with a seating capacity of 60,000 or more in a city with a population of 450,000 or more if the following conditions are met:

- 1. The seating areas are designated as part of the permittee's licensed premises.
- 2. The permittee has notified the ABC Commission that it will sell malt beverages in the stands.
- 3. Food and nonalcoholic beverages are also available in the seating areas.
- 4. The permittee certifies to the Commission that it has trained its employees to identify intoxicated and underage persons.
- 5. The employees do not shout or hawk the sale of malt beverages.

The effect of this bill would be to permit the sale of beer at professional games in Charlotte in a public place with seating of 60,000 or more which is currently the only city in North Carolina meeting the bill's criteria. Although this bill would currently only affect Charlotte, it is a public bill because it establishes a general class even if only one area fits in the class. The sale of alcoholic beverages is a form of trade and Article II, Section 24 of the North Carolina Constitution prohibits local acts regulating trade.

The bill is effective when it becomes law.



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April 17, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Senate Commerce Committee

FROM:

Linwood Jones, Staff Counsel

RE:

Senate Bill 814 (In Stand ABC Sales)

Senate Bill 814 allows a retail permittee under the ABC laws to sell malt beverages (beer) in the stands of a ballpark or stadium or other public place with a seating capacity of 60,000 or more in a city with a population of 450,000 or more if the following conditions are met:

- (1) The seating areas are designated as part of the permittee's licensed premises
- (2) The permittee has notified the ABC Commission that it will sell malt beverages in the stands
- (3) Food and nonalcoholic beverages are also available in the seating areas
- (4) The permittee has trained its employees to identify intoxicated and underage persons.

S814-SMRN-001

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S 1

SENATE BILL 814

Short Title: In-Stand ABC Sales. (Public)
Sponsors: Senators Odom; Dannelly, Rucho, and Winner.
Referred to: Commerce.
April 14, 1997
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR IN-STAND SALES OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES
IN CERTAIN STADIUMS, BALLPARKS, AND SIMILAR PUBLIC PLACES.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
Section 1. Chapter 18B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
new section to read:
"§ 18B-1009. In-stand sales.
Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to prohibit a retail permittee from
selling for consumption, malt beverages in the seating areas of stadiums, ballparks,
and other similar public places with a seating capacity of 60,000 or more during
professional sporting events, in municipalities with a population greater than 450,000,
provided that:
(1) The seating areas are designated as part of the retail permittee's
licensed premises; (2) The retail permittee has notified the Commission, in writing, of its
intent to sell malt beverages in the seating areas at sporting events;
(3) Service of food and nonalcoholic beverages is available in the
seating areas; and
(4) The retail permittee has trained its employees:
a. To identify underage persons and intoxicated persons; and
b. To refuse to sell malt beverages to those persons as required
by G.S. 18B-305."
Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 811 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SOUTHEASTERN NORTH CAROLINA REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION TO HIRE AND CONTRACT FOR PERSONNEL. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 1997**

S 1

SENATE BILL 811

Short Title: Southeastern Regional Commission Staff. (Public) Senator Soles. Sponsors: Referred to: State Government, Local Government, and Personnel.

April 10, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE SOUTHEASTERN NORTH CAROLINA REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION TO HIRE AND CONTRACT FOR PERSONNEL.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 158-8.3 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(f) Within the limits of funds available, the Commission may hire and fix the 7 8 compensation of any personnel necessary to its operations, contract with consultants

9 for any services as it may require, and contract with the State of North Carolina or

10 the federal government, or any agency or department thereof, for any services as may

11 be provided by those agencies. With the approval of any unit of local government,

12 the Commission may contract to use officers, employees, agents, and facilities of the

13 unit of local government. The Commission may carry out the provisions of any

14 contracts it may enter.

3

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18

Within the limits of funds available, the Commission may lease, rent, purchase, or 15

16 otherwise obtain suitable quarters and office space for its staff, and may lease, rent, or

purchase necessary furniture, fixtures, and other equipment."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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May 14, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 811 - SOUTHEASTERN REGIONAL COMMISSION STAFF -

Senator Soles

Senate Bill 811 would specifically authorize the Southeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission to hire staff, contract for services, and to rent or purchase equipment and office space, necessary to carry out the Commission's operations.

This bill would add a more specific authorization for this Commission to hire staff, contract with consultants, and to contract with other governmental agencies as may be necessary to carry out the Commission's operations than is currently in the law. The bill also authorizes the Commission to lease, rent, purchase or otherwise obtain suitable quarters and office space for its staff and also to similarly acquire furniture, fixtures and other equipment. This authorization is similar to the more general authorization given to all economic development commissions for these purposes as set forth in G.S. 158-10 and 158-11 and the powers previously given to the Northeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission. All expenditures must be within the limits of funds available.

The bill becomes effective when it becomes law.

§158-10. Staff and personnel; contracts for services.

Within the limits of appropriated funds, the commission may hire and fix the compensation of any personnel necessary to its operations, contract with consultants for such services as it may require, and contract with the State of North Carolina or the federal government, or any agency or department thereof, for such services as may be provided by such agencies; and it is hereby empowered to carry out the provisions of such contracts as it may enter. (1961, c. 722, s. 2.)

§158-11. Office and equipment.

.

Within the limits of appropriated funds, the commission may lease, rent, or purchase, or otherwise obtain suitable quarters and office space for its staff, and may lease, rent, or purchase necessary furniture, fixtures, and other equipment. (1961, c. 722, s. 2.)

§ 158-8.2. Creation of Northeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission.

- (a) There is created the Northeastern North Carolina Regional Economic Development Commission to facilitate economic development and tourism development in Beaufort, Bertie, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Halifax, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Northampton, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Tyrrell, and Washington Counties, and any other county assigned to the Commission by the Department of Commerce as authorized by law. The Commission shall be located administratively in the Department of Commerce but shall exercise its statutory powers and duties independently of the Department of Commerce. Funds appropriated for the Commission by the General Assembly shall be disbursed directly to the Commission at the beginning of each fiscal year.
- (g) Within the limits of funds available, the Commission may hire and fix the compensation of any personnel necessary to its operations, contract with consultants for any services as it may require, and contract with the State of North Carolina or the federal government, or any agency or department thereof, for any services as may be provided by those agencies. The Commission may carry out the provisions of any contracts it may enter.

Within the limits of funds available, the Commission may lease, rent, purchase, or otherwise obtain suitable quarters and office space for its staff, and may lease, rent, or purchase necessary furniture, fixtures, and other equipment.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

MAY 21, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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MAY 21, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK			
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

May 28,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Cary Allred, Rex Baker, Daniel Blue, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Flossie Boyd-McIntyre, Jerry Braswell, Robert Brawley, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Sandy Hardy, Bob Hunter, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Edd Nye, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, February 19, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

Chairman Miner re-referred Senate Bill 329, entitled AN ACT TO REPEAL THE REQUIREMENT THAT STATE SAVINGS BANKS USE THE LETTERS "SSB" OR THE WORDS "SAVINGS BANK" IN THEIR LEGAL NAME IN ORDER TO CONFORM WITH THE REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO FEDERAL SAVINGS BANKS AND TO AMEND THE NORTH CAROLINA RECIPROCAL INTERSTATE BANKING ACT RELATING TO BANKS ACTING AS AGENTS FOR DEPOSITORY INSTITUTION AFFILIATES; Senate Bill 330, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES; and Senate Bill 312, entitled AN ACT TO REGULATE CHECK-CASHING BUSINESSES to the House Commerce Subcommittee on Financial Institutions. Chairman Miner re-referred Senate Bill 486, entitled AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITION OF ESTABLISHMENTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO REGULATION AS FOOD AND LODGING FACILITIES to the House Commerce Subcommittee on Business and Labor. Chairman Miner re-referred House Bill 1126, entitled AN ACT TO EXEMPT LOCAL PAY PHONE SERVICES FROM SALES TAX to the House Commerce Subcommittee on Public Utilities.

Senate Bill 142, entitled AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS STUDY COMMISSION TO PROVIDE THAT AT LEAST ONE MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF THE NORTH

CAROLINA STATE PORTS AUTHORITY BE AFFILIATED WITH A MAJOR EXPORTER OR IMPORTER USING THE STATE PORTS. Rep. McComas introduced the bill and offered an amendment. The amendment was adopted and the bill was made into a committee substitute.. Rep. Hurley moved for a favorable report on the committee substitute and an unfavorable report on the original bill. The bill was voted upon and given a favorable report for the committee substitute.

House Bill 719, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT THE UTILITIES COMMISSION SHALL SET RATES FOR THE MUNICIPALLY OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES IN THE TOWNS OF WASHINGTON AND BELHAVEN. Rep. Hardy, the bill sponsor, introduced the bill and offered a proposed committee substitute. Rep. Davis moved to adopt the committee substitute. The committee substitute was adopted. Rep. Dickson moved that the bill go to the study commission on deregulation of the electric industry. Rep. Dickson moved for an unfavorable report. The motion was not taken due to a need of further discussion on the bill. Questions were offered by the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Alice Garland of Electricities to answer questions and to address the committee. Ms. Garland voiced Electricities opposition to the bill. After several questions, Rep. Hardy requested that the bill be displaced.

Chairman Miner displaced Senate Bill 844, entitled AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW TO REQUIRE ACCOUNTS OF CLOSED MEETINGS AND TO CLARIFY WHAT ACTIONS ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES MAY BE TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSIONS and House Bill 1068, entitled AN ACT TO ALLOW A PERCENTAGE DISCOUNT TO MERCHANTS FOR COLLECTING STATE SALES AND USE TAXES.

House Bill 119, entitled AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS STUDY COMMISSION TO REMOVE THE SUNSET ON THE STATE PORTS TAX CREDIT AND TO RAISE THE MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE CREDIT TO TWO MILLION DOLLARS. Rep. Smith, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. McComas offers an amendment. The amendment was adopted and the title bill was changed. The bill was made into a committee substitute. Chairman Miner recognized Mr. Jim Brown of the State Port Authority to address the committee. Mr. Brown voiced their support for the bill. Chairman Miner recognized Mr. Marvin Musselwhite of International Paper to address the committee. Mr. Musselwhite voiced their support for the bill. Rep. Smith moved for a favorable report for the committee substitute, an unfavorable report to the original bill, and have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The committee substitute was voted upon and it was given a favorable report and re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

Chairman Miner assigned House Bill 903, entitled AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE SITING OF A LOW-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY THAT WOULD RESULT IN THE FACILITY'S BUFFER ZONE BEING LOCATED WITHIN THREE THOUSAND FEET OF A ONE HUNDRED-YEAR FLOODPLAIN OF A ONE

HUNDRED-YEAR POOL ELEVATION to a Sub-subcommittee. The Sub-subcommittee would be chaired by Rep. Hall. The other members are Rep. Easterling, Rep. Dickson, Rep. Hurley, and Rep. McCombs.

The committee was adjourned at 10:50 a.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 142 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS STUDY COMMISSION TO PROVIDE THAT AT LEAST ONE MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PORTS AUTHORITY BE AFFILIATED WITH A MAJOR EXPORTER OR IMPORTER USING THE STATE PORTS. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill.), \(\square\) which changes With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (# the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. ☐ With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. ☐ With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 142 Proposed Committee Substitute S142-PCS1822

(Public)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

February 17, 1997

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS 3 STUDY COMMISSION TO PROVIDE THAT AT LEAST ONE MEMBER OF

4 THE BOARD OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PORTS AUTHORITY BE

5 AFFILIATED WITH A MAJOR EXPORTER OR IMPORTER USING THE

6 STATE PORTS.

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7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 143B-452 reads as rewritten:

9 "§ 143B-452. Creation of Authority -- membership; appointment, terms and vacancies; 10 officers; meetings and quorum; compensation.

The North Carolina State Ports Authority is hereby created. It shall be governed

12 by a board composed of nine members and hereby designated as the Authority.

13 Effective July 1, 1983, it shall be governed by a board composed of 11 members and

14 hereby designated as the Authority. The General Assembly suggests and recommends

15 that no person be appointed to the Authority who is domiciled in the district of the

16 North Carolina House of Representatives or the North Carolina Senate in which a

17 State port is located. The Governor shall appoint seven members to the Authority,

18 and the General Assembly shall appoint two members of the Authority. Effective July

19 1, 1983, the Authority shall consist of seven persons appointed by the Governor, and

20 four persons appointed by the General Assembly. Effective July 1, 1989, the

21 Governor shall appoint six members to the Authority, in addition to the Secretary of

22 Commerce, who shall serve as a voting member of the Authority by virtue of his

1 office. The Secretary of Commerce shall fill the first vacancy occurring after July 1, 2 1989, in a position on the Authority over which the Governor has appointive power.

The initial appointments by the Governor shall be made on or after March 8, 1977, 4 two terms to expire July 1, 1979; two terms to expire July 1, 1981; and three terms to expire July 1, 1983. Thereafter, at the expiration of each stipulated term of office all appointments made by the Governor shall be for a term of six years.

To stagger further the terms of members:

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- Of the members appointed by the Governor to replace the (1) members whose terms expire on July 1, 1991, one member shall be appointed to a term of five years, to expire on June 30, 1996; the other member shall be appointed for a term of six years, to expire on June 30, 1997;
- Of the members appointed by the Governor to replace the (2) members whose terms expire on July 1, 1993, one member shall be appointed to a term of five years, to expire on June 30, 1998; the other member shall be appointed to a term of six years, to expire on June 30, 1999;
- Of those members appointed by the Governor to replace the (3) members whose terms expire on July 1, 1995, one member shall be appointed to a term of five years, to expire on June 30, 2000; the other member shall be appointed to a term of six years, to expire on June 30, 2001.

Thereafter, at the expiration of each stipulated term of office all appointments made 24 by the governor shall be for a term of six years.

The members of the Authority appointed by the Governor shall be selected from 26 the State-at-large and insofar as practicable shall represent each section of the State 27 in all of the business, agriculture, and industrial interests of the State. At least one 28 member appointed by the Governor shall be affiliated with a major exporter or 29 importer currently using the State Ports. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of 30 the Authority appointed by the Governor shall be filled by the Governor for the 31 unexpired term. The Governor may remove a member appointed by the Governor 32 only for reasons provided by G.S. 143B-13.

The General Assembly shall appoint two persons to serve terms expiring June 30, 34 1983. The General Assembly shall appoint four persons to serve terms beginning July 35 1, 1983, to serve until June 30, 1985, and successors shall serve for two-year terms. Of 36 the two appointments to be made in 1982, one shall be made upon the 37 recommendation of the Speaker, and one shall be made upon the recommendation of 38 the President of the Senate. Of the four appointments made in 1983 and biennially 39 thereafter, two shall be made upon the recommendation of the President of the 40 Senate, and two shall be made upon the recommendation of the Speaker. To stagger 41 further the terms of members:

> Of the members appointed upon the recommendation of the (1) Speaker to replace the members whose terms expire on June 30, 1991, one member shall be appointed to a term of one year, to

Page 2 Senate Bill 142 1

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expire on June 30, 1992; the other member shall be appointed to a term of two years, to expire on June 30, 1993; Of the members appointed upon the recommendation of the

(2) President of the Senate to replace the members whose terms expire on June 30, 1991, one member shall be appointed to a term of one year, to expire on June 30, 1992; the other member shall be appointed to a term of two years, to expire on June 30, 1993. Successors to these persons for terms beginning on or after January 1, 1997, shall be appointed by the General Assembly upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

Thereafter, at the expiration of each stipulated term of office all appointments made by the General Assembly shall be for terms of two years.

Appointments by the General Assembly shall be made in accordance with G.S. 14 120-121, and vacancies in those appointments shall be filled in accordance with G.S. 15 120-122. Members appointed by the General Assembly may be removed only for 16 reasons provided by G.S. 143B-13.

The Governor shall appoint from the members of the Authority the chairman and 18 vice-chairman of the Authority. The members of the Authority shall appoint a 19 treasurer and secretary of the Authority.

The Authority shall meet once in each 60 days at such regular meeting time as the 21 Authority by rule may provide and at any place within the State as the Authority 22 may provide, and shall also meet upon the call of its chairman or a majority of its 23 members. A majority of its members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of 24 business. The members of the Authority shall not be entitled to compensation for 25 their services, but they shall receive per diem and necessary travel and subsistence 26 expense in accordance with G.S. 138-5. No member of the Authority may participate 27 in any discussion or vote on any matter before the Authority on which the member 28 has a conflict of interest,"

Section 2. The member of the Authority representative of businesses 30 using the State Ports, to be appointed by the Governor pursuant to Section 1 of this 31 act, shall be appointed to replace the member of the Authority whose term expires 32 June 30, 1998.

Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

Senate Bill 142 Page 3



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT Senate Bill 142

S142-ARU-001			filled in by ipal Clerk) Page 1 of
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	·	oate	,1997
Comm. Sub. [] Amends Title []			
Representative			
moves to amend the bill on by rewriting the line to r "expense in accordance wit may participate in any dis Authority on which the mem	ead: h G.S. 138 cussion or	3-5. <u>No men</u> vote on ar	y matter before the
SIGNED Amendment Sponsor			·
SIGNED Committee Chair if House C	ommittee A	mendment	
ADOPTED	FAILED		TABLED



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Eraine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834

Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

May 28, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 142 - PORT USER ON PORTS BOARD - Senator Rand

Senate Bill 142 would require that one appointment to the State Ports Authority made by the Governor be a person affiliated with a major exporter or importer currently using the State Ports. This bill is a recommendation of the State Ports Study Commission and is very similar to House Bill 160 which has passed the House.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 143B-452 which creates the State Ports Authority and its board. This provision adds the requirement that at least one of the appointees of the Governor be person affiliated with a major exporter or importer currently using the State Ports. The House added an amendment to the study commission bill to clarify that no member of the Authority may participate in any discussion or vote on any matter before the Authority on which the member has a conflict of interest.

The board of the State Ports Authority has 11 members, 7 selected by the Governor (6 appointees and the Secretary of Commerce) and 4 appointed by the General Assembly (2 upon the recommendation of the President Pro Tempore (beginning January 1, 1997), 2 upon the recommendation of the Speaker). The Governor's appointees serve 6-year terms, and their terms are currently staggered so that the Governor has one appointment per year. The General Assembly's appointees serve 2-year terms, and their terms are currently staggered so that the General Assembly appointees 2 members each year.

Section 2 of the bill provides that the Governor's appointment of a port user would be for the member whose term expires June 30, 1998.

The bill would become effective when it becomes law.

S142-SMRU-002

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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H719-HPCSRL-002

HOUSE PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL 719

displand a displand is Rates

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Short Title: Washington/Belhaven Electric Rates. (Local)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 1, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO LIMIT TRANSFERS FROM ELECTRIC UTILITY REVENUES TO THE 3 GENERAL FUND, TO LIMIT ELECTRIC UTILITY RESERVES, AND TO 4 PROVIDE FOR REBATES OF EXCESSIVE ELECTRIC UTILITY REVENUES IN

5 THE TOWNS OF WASHINGTON AND BELHAVEN.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

7 Section 1. The Town of Washington in Beaufort County is 8 prohibited from transferring to its general fund more than two 9 and one-half percent (2.5%) each fiscal year of revenues received 10 from the operation of its municipally owned electric utility.

Section 2. The municipally owned electric utility of 12 the Town of Washington in Beaufort County is prohibited from 13 maintaining a reserve fund in excess of twenty-five percent 14 (25.0%) of the gross revenues received from supplying electricity 15 during the previous fiscal year. The term "reserve fund" means 16 the amount in excess of the amount necessary to operate the 17 electric utility system during the current fiscal year plus the 18 amount necessary to allow the maximum transfer of funds from 19 electric utility revenues to the town's general fund pursuant to 20 Section 1 of this act.

Section 3. Not later than 30 days after the close of 22 each fiscal year, the municipally owned electric utility of the

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1 Town of Washington in Beaufort County shall calculate the amount 2 that may be held in reserve during the current fiscal year and 3 shall refund any excess amount to the residential rate payers of 4 the electric utility. Only those residential rate payers who had 5 been supplied electricity for the 12 months preceding the end of 6 the previous fiscal year shall be entitled to the refund. The 7 refund shall be calculated by dividing the total amount of money 8 to be refunded by the total amount of residential kilowatt hours 9 sold during the previous fiscal year. The quotient of this 10 calculation will be multiplied by the number of kilowatt hours 11 consumed during the previous fiscal year by each rate payer and 12 the product of this calculation will equal the refund to each 13 rate payer.

Section 4. From the revenue received from the operation 15 of its municipally owned electric utility, the Town of Belhaven 16 in Washington County, may transfer no more than the following 17 amounts to its general fund:

- (1) For fiscal year 1996-97, ten percent (10.0%).
- (2) For fiscal year 1997-98, seven and one-half percent (7.5%).
- (3) For fiscal year 1998-99, five percent (5.0%).
- (4) For fiscal year 1999-2000 and all fiscal years thereafter, two and one-half percent (2.5%).

Section 5. The municipally owned electric utility of 25 the Town of Belhaven in Beaufort County is prohibited from 26 maintaining a reserve fund in excess of twenty-five percent 27 (25.0%) of the gross revenues received from supplying electricity 28 during the previous fiscal year. The term "reserve fund" means 29 the amount in excess of the amount necessary to operate the 30 electric utility system during the current fiscal year plus the 31 amount necessary to allow the maximum transfer of funds from 32 electric utility revenues to the town's general fund pursuant to 33 Section 1 of this act.

Section 6. Not later than 30 days after the close of 35 each fiscal year, the municipally owned electric utility of the 36 Town of Belhaven in Beaufort County shall calculate the amount 37 that may be held in reserve during the current fiscal year and 38 shall refund any excess amount to the residential rate payers of 39 the electric utility. Only those residential rate payers who had 40 been supplied electricity for the 12 months preceding the end of 41 the previous fiscal year shall be entitled to the refund. The 42 refund shall be calculated by dividing the total amount of money 43 to be refunded by the total amount of residential kilowatt hours 44 sold during the previous fiscal year. The quotient of this

Page 2 H719-PHCSRL-002

- 1 calculation will be multiplied by the number of kilowatt hours
- 2 consumed during the previous fiscal year by each rate payer and
- 3 the product of this calculation will equal the refund to each
- 4 rate payer.
- 5 Section 7. This act applies only to the Towns of
- 6 Washington and Belhaven.
- 7 Section 8. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997 and
- 8 shall remain in effect until June 30, 2000.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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May 28, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

House Committee on Commerce

FROM:

Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE:

Proposed Committee Substitute for House Bill 719; Washington and Belhaven electricity revenue transfers

The proposed committee substitute for House Bill 719 is a local bill affecting the Towns of Washington and Belhaven. It regulates the amount of revenue that may be transferred from the operation of the municipal electric utilities to the General Fund and it limits the amount the municipally owned electric utilities may maintain in reserve funds.

Sections 1 through 3 apply to the Town of Washington. Section 1 limits the amount the town may transfer from electricity receipts to the General Fund to 2.5 percent each fiscal year.

Section 2 limits the amount that the Town of Washington electric utility may maintain in a reserve fund to 25 percent of the gross revenues received from supplying electricity during the previous fiscal year. It defines "reserve fund" as the amount in excess of the amount necessary to operate the municipal electric utility system during the current fiscal year plus the amount necessary to allow the maximum transfer of funds (2.5%) from electric utility revenues to the General Fund.

Section 3 requires that the town refund to residential rate payers any amounts held in excess of the reserve fund authorized in Section 2 of the bill. Refunds are paid to residential rate payers who had been customers for the twelve months preceding the end of the fiscal year. The refund is calculated by dividing the total amount of money to be refunded (the amount in excess of the permitted reserve) by the total amount of residential kilowatt hours sold during the previous fiscal year. The result of this calculation (the quotient) is then multiplied by the number of kilowatt hours consumed during the previous fiscal year by each rate payer entitled to a refund.

Sections 4 through 6 of the bill apply to the Town of Belhaven. Section 4 limits the amount of municipal electric utility income the town may transfer to the General Fund. The limitation for the 1996-97 fiscal year is 10%. It drops progressively until it reaches a limitation of 2.5% for the 1999-2000 fiscal year.

Section 5 limits the reserve fund for the Town of Belhaven electric utility in the same way that Section 2 limits the reserve fund for the Town of Washington electric utility. Section 6 requires that excess amounts be refunded. The provisions of Section 6 are identical to those of Section 3.

The act becomes effective July 1, 1997 and remains in effect until June 30, 2000.

Municipalities are permitted to operate various public enterprises including electric utilities, under the provisions of Article 16 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes. The rates and services of municipal electric utilities are not regulated by the Utilities Commission.

H719-SMRL-001

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for H.B. 119 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS STUDY COMMISSION TO REMOVE THE SUNSET ON THE STATE PORTS TAX CREDIT AND TO RAISE THE MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE CREDIT TO FIVE MILLION DOLLARS. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on
☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 119* Proposed Committee Substitute H119-PCS8244

	Short Title: Remove Sunset/Ports Tax Credit. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	February 12, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS
3	STUDY COMMISSION TO REMOVE THE SUNSET ON THE STATE PORTS
4	TAX CREDIT AND TO RAISE THE MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE CREDIT TO
5	TWO MILLION DOLLARS.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. Section 4 of Chapter 977 of the 1991 Session Laws, as
8	amended by Section 3 of Chapter 495 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:
9	"Sec. 4. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after March 1, 1992,
10	and ending on or before February 28, 1998. 1992."
11	Section 2. Section 4 of Chapter 681 of the 1993 Session Laws, as
12	amended by Section 17 of Chapter 17 of the 1995 Session Laws and by Section 4 of
13 14	Chapter 495 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten: "Sec. 4. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
15	1994, and ending on or before February 28, 1998.
16	Section 3. G.S. 105-151.22(b) reads as rewritten:
17	"(b) Limitations This credit may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the amount
18	of tax imposed by this Division for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits
19	allowable, except tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer. Any unused
20	portion of the credit may be carried forward for the succeeding five years. The
21	maximum cumulative credit that may be claimed by a taxpayer under this section is
22	one two million dollars (\$1,000,000). (\$2,000,000)."
23	Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 119*

Short Title: Remove Sunset/Ports Tax Credit. (Public) Sponsors: Representatives Smith; Dedmon, Goodwin, Moore, Mosley, Owens, Preston, and Wainwright. Referred to: State Government, if favorable, Finance.

February 12, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE STATE PORTS STUDY COMMISSION TO REMOVE THE SUNSET ON THE STATE PORTS 3 TAX CREDIT AND TO RAISE THE MAXIMUM CUMULATIVE CREDIT TO 4 5 FIVE MILLION DOLLARS.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Section 4 of Chapter 977 of the 1991 Session Laws, as 8 amended by Section 3 of Chapter 495 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 4. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after March 1, 1992, 10 and ending on or before February 28, 1998. 1992."

Section 4 of Chapter 681 of the 1993 Session Laws, as Section 2. 12 amended by Section 17 of Chapter 17 of the 1995 Session Laws and by Section 4 of 13 Chapter 495 of the 1995 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 4. This act is effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 15 1994, and ending on or before February 28, 1998. 1994."

Section 3. G.S. 105-151.22(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Limitations. -- This credit may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the amount 17 18 of tax imposed by this Division for the taxable year reduced by the sum of all credits 19 allowable, except tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer. Any unused 20 portion of the credit may be carried forward for the succeeding five years. The 21 maximum cumulative credit that may be claimed by a taxpayer under this section is 22 one five million dollars (\$1,000,000)." (\$5,000,000)." 23

Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

`	EDITION No.	11 22 (0.0)
	H. B. No	DATE May 28, 199
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	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	Principal Clerk)
	Rep.)	
	Sen.)	
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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

MAY 28, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Sam Kirke	NCUC
Drew Coole	Legisleutino Entern
Shida Fletcher	TOUR BEECHMT
June Roberts	C.U.C.A.
Jonemy West	Carolin Hed Can Syste
Jim Brown	N.C. State Parts
John Cyma	n.C. State Grange
Rob Schohold	NOSCIE
D-Ga	NCPO C
Cleany,	Electic Co-ups
Sport for a	NC DOR
hydrod High	your of Spring Cake
Balla H Messons	ASPERT TOWN - SPRING LINE
Saut Saut	Johns
Man Munchight	Esguent Smill
William Jennings Bryan	Chi coop
Charles L. Jurner	major forten. Aile City N.C.
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Koarl B. to the	Mayor Siles City
Saty Cal Pary) CACC
Jere Ophund	CP4L
John Mc Alisten	Dike Power
CONLEY CALL	Town of NWilkesbone
JAMES BENTLEY	
Jana Humphreis	NCLM
Eleanore Lajean	\\ \tag{\chi}
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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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MAY 28, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

	NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
	FRAN RESTAN	NERMA
	ZANE HUDSON	MAIDEN
	David Anders	Prfnc
	Richard O'Brien	11
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,	Don McCorggodale	NCRMQ
/	Kin Sqirt	NUM
	Jun Chance	DmV
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	Janis Ramourst	NCANA
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

June 11,1997 10:00 AM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Walter Church, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Rex Baker, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Wayne Goodwin, Thomas Hardaway, Dewey Hill, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Ed McMahan, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Edd Nye, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Gregg Thompson, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 10:00 am on Wednesday, June 11, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

Senate Bill 263, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT SO THAT NONRESIDENT ALIENS RECEIVE COMPENSATION EQUAL TO THAT RECEIVED BY OTHER WORKERS' UNDER THE ACT. Sen. Fountain, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Ives moved for a favorable report. The bill was voted upon and it was given a favorable report.

Senate Bill 844, entitled AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW TO REQUIRE ACCOUNTS OF CLOSED MEETINGS AND TO PROHIBIT VOTING ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES IN CLOSED SESSIONS. Sen. Hoyle, the bill sponsor, introduced the bill and offered a proposed committee substitutes. Rep. Hall moved for adoption of the committee substitute. The motion passed and the committee substitute was before the committee. Questions were offered by the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Walker Reagan, Staff Counsel, to answer questions. Chairman Miner recognized Mr. Ken Eudy of the North Carolina Press Association to address the committee. Rep. Baker moved for a favorable report for the committee substitute and a unfavorable report for the original bill. The bill was voted upon and the committee substitute received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 838, entitled AN ACT TO ESTABLISH TOURISM RESORTS AND TO AUTHORIZE THE ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL COMMISSION TO ISSUE PERMITS TO THESE ENTITIES. Sen. Ballance, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. McComas moved for a favorable report. Questions were offered by the committee. Chairman Miner recognized Anne Fulton, General Counsel for the ABC Commission, to answer questions and address the committee. Walker Reagen, Staff Counsel, was recognized to answer questions. Rep. Davis moves for a roll call vote. The motion failed. Rep. McComas called for previous question. The motion passed and the bill was voted on by voice vote. The bill received a favorable report.

The committee adjourned at 10:50 a.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.
	Committee Substitute for 3. 263 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT SO THAT NONRESIDENT ALIENS RECEIVE COMPENSATION EQUAL TO THAT RECEIVED BY OTHER WORKERS UNDER THE ACT.
\boxtimes	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance .
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on \square Appropriations \square Finance \square
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\subseteq \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 263 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/28/97

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Short Title: Workers' Comp./Nonresident Aliens.	(Public)
Sponsors:	. 41.
Referred to:	

February 27, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT SO THAT 3 NONRESIDENT ALIENS RECEIVE COMPENSATION EQUAL TO THAT 4 RECEIVED BY OTHER WORKERS UNDER THE ACT.

5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 97-38 reads as rewritten:

7 "§ 97-38. Where death results proximately from compensable injury or occupational 8 disease; dependents; burial expenses; compensation to aliens; election by partial 9 dependents.

If death results proximately from a compensable injury or occupational disease and 11 within six years thereafter, or within two years of the final determination of disability, 12 whichever is later, the employer shall pay or cause to be paid, subject to the 13 provisions of other sections of this Article, weekly payments of compensation equal to 14 sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages of the 15 deceased employee at the time of the accident, but not more than the amount 16 established annually to be effective October 1 as provided in G.S. 97-29, nor less than 17 thirty dollars (\$30.00), per week, and burial expenses not exceeding two thousand 18 dollars (\$2,000), to the person or persons entitled thereto as follows:

> Persons wholly dependent for support upon the earnings of the deceased employee at the time of the accident shall be entitled to receive the entire compensation payable share and share alike to the exclusion of all other persons. If there be only one person

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1 wholly dependent, then that person shall receive the entire 2 compensation payable. 3

- (2) If there is no person wholly dependent, then any person partially dependent for support upon the earnings of the deceased employee at the time of the accident shall be entitled to receive a weekly payment of compensation computed as hereinabove provided, but such weekly payment shall be the same proportion of the weekly compensation provided for a whole dependent as the amount annually contributed by the deceased employee to the support of such partial dependent bears to the annual earnings of the deceased at the time of the accident.
- (3) If there is no person wholly dependent, and the person or all persons partially dependent is or are within the classes of persons defined as 'next of kin' in G.S. 97-40, whether or not such persons or such classes of persons are of kin to the deceased employee in equal degree, and all so elect, he or they may take, share and share alike, the commuted value of the amount provided for whole dependents in (1) above instead of the proportional payment provided for partial dependents in (2) above; provided, that the election herein provided may be exercised on behalf of any infant partial dependent by a duly qualified guardian; provided, further, that the Industrial Commission may, in its discretion, permit a parent or person standing in loco parentis to such infant to exercise such option in its behalf, the award to be payable only to a duly qualified guardian except as in this Article otherwise provided; and provided, further, that if such election is exercised by or on behalf of more than one person, then they shall take the commuted amount in equal shares.

When weekly payments have been made to an injured employee before his death, the compensation to dependents shall begin from the date of the last of such payments. Compensation payments due on account of death shall be paid for a period of 400 weeks from the date of the death of the employee; provided, however, 33 after said 400-week period in case of a widow or widower who is unable to support 34 herself or himself because of physical or mental disability as of the date of death of 35 the employee, compensation payments shall continue during her or his lifetime or 36 until remarriage and compensation payments due a dependent child shall be continued until such child reaches the age of 18.

Compensation payable under this Article to aliens not residents (or about to 39 become nonresidents) of the United States or Canada, shall be the same in amounts 40 as provided for residents, except that dependents in any foreign country except 41 Canada shall be limited to surviving wife spouse and child or children, or if there be 42 no surviving wife spouse or child or children, to the surviving father or mother whom 43 the employee has supported, either in whole or in part, for a period of one year prior 44 to the date of the injury; provided, that the Commission may, in its discretion, or,

Page 2 Senate Bill 263 5

1 upon application of the employer or insurance carrier shall commute all future 2 installments of compensation to be paid to such aliens to their present value and 3 payment of one half of such commuted amount to such aliens shall fully acquit the 4 employer and the insurance carrier. mother."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to all 6 awards for compensation under Chapter 97 of the General Statutes entered on or 7 after that date.

Senate Bill 263 Page 3



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 11, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 263-WORKERS' COMPENSATION/NONRESIDENT ALIENS

- Senator Odom

Senate Bill 263 amends the law for the payment of death benefits under Workers' Compensation to treat payments to the survivors of nonresident aliens the same as residents.

Under current law, workers' compensation benefits paid to the survivors of a non-resident alien residing in another country are limited to certain beneficiaries and maybe limited to an amount of one-half the present value of all future payments due and paid in a lump sum.

This bill eliminates any difference in the amount of benefits paid to survivors of workers' covered by workers' compensation based residence status, but limits the next of kin that are eligible for payments to surviving spouses, children or parents.

This bill becomes effective when it becomes law and applies to awards of compensation entered on or after that date.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL NOTE

BILL NUMBER: Senate Bill 263 (First Edition)

SHORT TITLE: Workers' Comp./Nonresident Aliens

SPONSOR(S): Senator Odom

FISCAL IMPACT

Yes () No (X) No Estimate Available ()

No Fiscal Impact Expected

PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT & PROGRAM AFFECTED: North Carolina Industrial Commmission

EFFECTIVE DATE: Applies to workers' compensation awards on or after the date the bill becomes law.

BILL SUMMARY: Deletes provision in GS 97-38 that limits workers' compensation awards to nonresident aliens (except those from Canada). The effect of the bill is to allow all nonresident aliens the same rights as U.S. residents under the state's Workers' Compensation Act including the amount of the wage benefit claim and survivors benefits. Applies to workers' compensation awards on or after date the bill becomes law.

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY:

1. The North Carolina Industrial Commission, who administers the state's Workers' Compensation Act, estimates that expanding the rights for nonresident aliens will have an insignificant impact on the administration of claims. The Commission estimates for the period 1976 through June 1996 that their were 139 workers' compensation cases affecting nonresident aliens; of those cases, only 14 were estimated to be death benefit claims.

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS: None.

FISCAL RESEARCH DIVISION

(733-4910)

PREPARED BY: Mark Trogdon

APPROVED BY: Tom Covington TomC

DATE:

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.
	Committee Substitute for 8. 844 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW TO REQUIRE ACCOUNTS OF CLOSED MEETINGS AND TO PROHIBIT VOTING ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES IN CLOSED SESSIONS.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance .
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on _ Appropriations _ Finance _
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), _ which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
\boxtimes	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 11, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

PROPOSED HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL 844 -

STRENGTHEN OPEN GOVERNMENT - Senator Hoyle.

The Proposed House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 844 would amend the Open Meetings Law by requiring more detailed minutes or recordings of closed sessions and by clarifying what matters related to offers of economic incentives may be discussed in closed session and what matters must be voted on in open session.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 143-318.10(e) by requiring that a general account of a closed session must be kept so that a person not in attendance would have a reasonable understanding of what transpired. The bill allows that this account may be a written narrative, or a sound or video recording. These accounts would be treated the same as minutes of a closed session and would be public records that may be withheld from public inspection so long as public inspection would frustrate the purpose for a closed session.

Section 2 amends G.S. 143-318.11(a)(4) which permits a closed session by a public body to discuss matters relating to the location or expansion of industries or other businesses in the area served by the public body. This bill would allow a public body to agree on a tentative list of economic development incentives that may be offered by the public body in negotiations but specifically requires that any action approving the signing of an incentive contract or commitment or authorizing the expenditures of money for these purposes be done in open session.

The bill becomes effective on October 1, 1997.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 844 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/28/97 Third Edition Engrossed 5/1/97 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/12/97

Short Title: Strengthen Open Government.	(Public)	
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

April 15, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW TO REQUIRE 3 ACCOUNTS OF CLOSED MEETINGS AND TO CLARIFY WHAT ACTIONS 4 ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES MAY BE TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSIONS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 143-318.10(e) reads as rewritten:

7 8 Every public body shall keep full and accurate minutes of all official 9 meetings, including any closed sessions held pursuant to G.S. 143-318.11. Such 10 minutes may be in written form or, at the option of the public body, may be in the 11 form of sound or video and sound recordings. When a public body meets in closed 12 session, it shall keep a general account of the closed session so that a person not in 13 attendance would have a reasonable understanding of what transpired. Such 14 accounts may be a written narrative, or video or audio recordings. Such minutes and 15 accounts shall be public records within the meaning of the Public Records Law, G.S. 16 132-1 et seq.; provided, however, that minutes or an account of a closed session 17 conducted in compliance with G.S. 143-318.11 may be withheld from public 18 inspection so long as public inspection would frustrate the purpose of a closed 19 session."

Section 2. G.S. 143-318.11(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Permitted Purposes. -- It is the policy of this State that closed sessions shall be held only when required to permit a public body to act in the public interest as permitted in this section. A public body may hold a closed session and exclude the public only when a closed session is required:
 - (1) To prevent the disclosure of information that is privileged or confidential pursuant to the law of this State or of the United States, or not considered a public record within the meaning of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.
 - (2) To prevent the premature disclosure of an honorary degree, scholarship, prize, or similar award.
 - To consult with an attorney employed or retained by the public (3) body in order to preserve the attorney-client privilege between the attorney and the public body, which privilege is hereby acknowledged. General policy matters may not be discussed in a closed session and nothing herein shall be construed to permit a public body to close a meeting that otherwise would be open merely because an attorney employed or retained by the public body is a participant. The public body may consider and give instructions to an attorney concerning the handling or settlement of a claim, judicial action, or administrative procedure. If the public body has approved or considered a settlement, other than a malpractice settlement by or on behalf of a hospital, in closed session, the terms of that settlement shall be reported to the public body and entered into its minutes as soon as possible within a reasonable time after the settlement is concluded.
 - (4) To discuss matters relating to the location or expansion of industries or other businesses in the area served by the public body. body, including agreement on a tentative list of economic development incentives that may be offered by the public body in negotiations. The action approving the signing of an economic development contract or commitment, or the action authorizing the payment of economic development expenditures, shall be taken in an open session.
 - (5) To establish, or to instruct the public body's staff or negotiating agents concerning the position to be taken by or on behalf of the public body in negotiating (i) the price and other material terms of a contract or proposed contract for the acquisition of real property by purchase, option, exchange, or lease; or (ii) the amount of compensation and other material terms of an employment contract or proposed employment contract.
 - (6) To consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness, conditions of appointment, or conditions of initial employment of an individual public officer or employee or prospective public officer or employee; or to hear or investigate a



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,	1	complaint, charge, or grievance by or against an individual public
	2	officer or employee. General personnel policy issues may not be
	3	considered in a closed session. A public body may not consider the
	4 .	qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness,
	5	appointment, or removal of a member of the public body or
	6	another body and may not consider or fill a vacancy among its
	7	own membership except in an open meeting. Final action making
	8	an appointment or discharge or removal by a public body having
	9	final authority for the appointment or discharge or removal shall
1	10	be taken in an open meeting.
1	11	(7) To plan, conduct, or hear reports concerning investigations of
1	12	alleged criminal misconduct."
1	13	Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997.

Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997.

Senate Bill 844

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 844 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/28/97 Third Edition Engrossed 5/1/97 Proposed House Committee Substitute S844-PCS2772

Short Title: Strengthen Open Government. (Public
Sponsors:
Referred to:
April 15, 1997
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE OPEN MEETINGS LAW TO REQUIRE ACCOUNTS OF CLOSED MEETINGS AND TO CLARIFY WHAT ACTIONS ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVES MAY BE TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSIONS.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
Section 1. G.S. 143-318.10(e) reads as rewritten:
"(e) Every public body shall keep full and accurate minutes of all officia
meetings, including any closed sessions held pursuant to G.S. 143-318.11. Such
minutes may be in written form or, at the option of the public body, may be in the
form of sound or video and sound recordings. When a public body meets in closed
session, it shall keep a general account of the closed session so that a person not in
attendance would have a reasonable understanding of what transpired. Such
accounts may be a written narrative, or video or audio recordings. Such minutes and
accounts shall be public records within the meaning of the Public Records Law, G.S
132-1 et seq.; provided, however, that minutes or an account of a closed session conducted in compliance with G.S. 143-318.11 may be withheld from public
-conducted in compulance with U.S. 143-318 II may be Withheld from bliblic

Section 2. G.S. 143-318.11(a) reads as rewritten:

18 inspection so long as public inspection would frustrate the purpose of a closed

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- "(a) Permitted Purposes. -- It is the policy of this State that closed sessions shall be 2 held only when required to permit a public body to act in the public interest as permitted in this section. A public body may hold a closed session and exclude the public only when a closed session is required:
 - To prevent the disclosure of information that is privileged or (1) confidential pursuant to the law of this State or of the United States, or not considered a public record within the meaning of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.
 - (2) To prevent the premature disclosure of an honorary degree, scholarship, prize, or similar award.
 - To consult with an attorney employed or retained by the public (3) body in order to preserve the attorney-client privilege between the attorney and the public body, which privilege is hereby acknowledged. General policy matters may not be discussed in a closed session and nothing herein shall be construed to permit a public body to close a meeting that otherwise would be open merely because an attorney employed or retained by the public body is a participant. The public body may consider and give instructions to an attorney concerning the handling or settlement of a claim, judicial action, or administrative procedure. If the public body has approved or considered a settlement, other than a malpractice settlement by or on behalf of a hospital, in closed session, the terms of that settlement shall be reported to the public body and entered into its minutes as soon as possible within a reasonable time after the settlement is concluded.
 - To discuss matters relating to the location or expansion of (4) industries or other businesses in the area served by the public body, including agreement on a tentative list of economic development incentives that may be offered by the public body in negotiations. The action approving the signing of an economic development contract or commitment, or the action authorizing the payment of economic development expenditures, shall be taken in an open session.
 - To establish, or to instruct the public body's staff or negotiating (5) agents concerning the position to be taken by or on behalf of the public body in negotiating (i) the price and other material terms of a contract or proposed contract for the acquisition of real property by purchase, option, exchange, or lease; or (ii) the amount of compensation and other material terms of an employment contract or proposed employment contract.
 - (6) To consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness, conditions of appointment, or conditions of initial employment of an individual public officer or employee or prospective public officer or employee; or to hear or investigate a



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12 13 complaint, charge, or grievance by or against an individual public officer or employee. General personnel policy issues may not be considered in a closed session. A public body may not consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, fitness, appointment, or removal of a member of the public body or another body and may not consider or fill a vacancy among its own membership except in an open meeting. Final action making an appointment or discharge or removal by a public body having final authority for the appointment or discharge or removal shall be taken in an open meeting.

(7) To plan, conduct, or hear reports concerning investigations of alleged criminal misconduct."

Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997.

Senate Bill 844 Page 3

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

JUNE 11, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Jen Will.	Naham Hom
Vaulante	Lande Cample
S'uno Vorut	
1 JW Blake	Chech Cashing Headquarders
Jim Blair	NC Check Cashing Assec
William Lennings Beyon	Nashville, NC
Tony Tarasco	interested citizen
Gegrae Everett	Meic
Harin Carpenter	PCS
Kathie Austin Pedgett	OSPL
There Loss	8H6KB
John Krozerson	CAL & N.C.
PAUL STOCK	NC BANKERS ASSN.
Godolllen	11 11 1/
Moleil Gradmur	AG's Office
I'm Lehman	u ,.
Jane 9. Hray	Dept. 1 Sustice
agela & mushe	Speaker's Office
Trene Smith	NCOB
The In. mencher	Typuty Commissioner of Banks
- Jan Rouse	NC Bear the mi
Home will	Citizen
Irusi Walend	Bruard, NC
Jany Colvers	ABC Commission
Larry Heckner	Household Financial GROUP
200	A) COCOC
166 b Schofield	1

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

JUNE 11, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Sorford Holshun
Advortage Capital
NCRA
N.C. HOTEL/MOTEL ASSN
BPMHL
Wash, R USG
Wachovia Ranh
ElectriCities
<u>'</u>
Greenville Utilities Commission
Greenville Welvices Commossion
NEBC
Union
Figso Cityins Come
NCAFY
Vorta & Stuf
NC Pross Association
Charlotte Chamber of Commerce
Winoy City
Farmer Bury & Usor.
YICCP(S)

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE

June 25,1997 1:00 PM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Timothy Tallent, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Rex Baker, Daniel Blue, Donald Bonner, Joanne Bowie, Robert Brawley, Lanier Cansler, Donald Davis, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Ruth Easterling, Stan Fox, Bobby Hall, Sandy Hardy, Dewey Hill, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Ed McMahan, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Edd Nye, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Drew Saunders, Wilma Sherrill, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 1:00 pm on Wednesday, June 25, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

Senate Bill 994, entitled AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE DIRECT SHIPMENT OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES TO CONSUMERS IN NORTH CAROLINA. Sen. Anthony Rand, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from the committee. Rep. Rex Baker moves for a favorable report. The bill was voted on and received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 330, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES. Sen. Walter Dalton, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Rex Baker and Rep. John Rayfield. Rep. Andrew Dedmon moves for a favorable report. The bill was voted on and received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 848, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT A SECONDARY SUPPLIER OF ELECTRIC SERVICE MAY FURNISH SERVICE WITHIN THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF A CITY WITH WRITTEN CONSENT FROM THE CITY, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE LAW REGARDING MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC SERVICE. Sen. Walter Dalton, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute and explained the bill. Rep. Dub Dickson moved to have the committee substitute before the committee. There was no objection and the committee substitute was before the committee. Question were taken from the

committee. Rep. Edgar Starnes moved for a favorable report on the committee substitute and for an unfavorable report to the original bill. The committee voted. It gave a favorable report to the committee substitute and an unfavorable report to the original bill.

Senate Bill 312, entitled AN ACT TO REGULATE CHECK-CASHING BUSINESSES. Sen. Walter Dalton, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Bobby Hall informed the committee that the bill had been given unanimous approval in the House Commerce Subcommittee on Financial Institutions and stated that it was a good bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Daniel Blue, Rep. Tim Tallent, Rep. Stan Fox, and Rep. Rex Baker. Chairman Miner recognized Jane Grey of the Attorney Generals office and Jim Blair of the North Carolina Check Cashing Association for comments and answers. Rep. Tim Tallent moved for a favorable report and to re-refer the bill to the House Finance Committee. Rep. Larry Womble offered an amendment. Questions and comments were taken from Rep. Danny McComas and Rep. Edgar Starnes. Chairman Miner recognized Jim Blair to answer their questions. The amendment was put forth to the committee for adoption. The committee voted and the amendment failed. The committee voted on the bill. The bill received a favorable report from the committee and it was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

Senate Bill 847, entitled AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM SALES AND USE TAX REUSABLE INDUSTRIAL CONTAINERS USED AS PACKAGING FOR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY. Sen. Thomas Odom, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute and explained the bill. Rep. Wilma Sherrill moved that the committee substitute to be before the committee. There was no objection and the committee substitute was before committee. Rep. Danny McComas moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute, an unfavorable report to the original report and to have the committee substitute re-referred to the House Finance Committee. Questions were taken from Rep. Rex Baker and Rep. Edgar Starnes. The committee voted on the motion. The motion passed. The committee's action was to give the committee substitute a favorable report, an unfavorable report to the original bill, and to have the committee substitute re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

The House Commerce Committee adjourned at 1:50 P.M.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 994 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE DIRECT SHIPMENT OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES TO CONSUMERS IN NORTH CAROLINA. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S 2

SENATE BILL 994
Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/28/97

Short Title: No Direct ABC Shipments-Consumers.	(Public)	
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE DIRECT SHIPMENT OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES TO CONSUMERS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Chapter 18B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a 5 new section to read:

"§ 18B-102.1. Direct shipments from out-of-state prohibited.

(a) It is unlawful for any person who is an out-of-state retail or wholesale dealer 9 in the business of selling alcoholic beverages to ship or cause to be shipped any 10 alcoholic beverage directly to any North Carolina resident who does not hold a valid 11 wholesaler's permit under Article 11 of this Chapter.

(b) The Commission shall mail a notice by certified mail ordering a person who 13 violates the provisions of subsection (a) of this section to cease and desist any 14 shipments of alcoholic beverages to North Carolina residents. If the offender cannot 15 produce a receipt or otherwise show that applicable State taxes have been paid on 16 the shipped alcohol within 30 days after this notice has been deposited by certified 17 mail addressed to the out-of-state retail or wholesale dealer either at the address 18 shown on the shipment or the last known address of that dealer in any legal registry, 19 such as a registry with the Secretary of State for incorporation of a business, or within 20 30 days after personal service of the notice on the out-of-state retail or wholesale 21 dealer, it shall be presumptive evidence of his intent to ship alcoholic beverages 22 directly to a North Carolina resident who does not hold a valid wholesaler's permit

23 issued by the Commission.

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- (c) This section shall not apply to producers of beverage alcohol holding a basic 1 2 permit from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms.
- (d) Upon determination by the Commission that a holder of a basic permit from 4 the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms has made an illegal shipment to 5 consumers in North Carolina, the Commission shall notify the Bureau of Alcohol,
- 6 Tobacco and Firearms in writing and by certified mail and request the Bureau to take appropriate action.
- 8 (e) Whoever violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a Class I 9 felony and shall pay a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)." 10
 - Section 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 1997.





The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 330 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 330 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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4 5 2

SENATE BILL 330
Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 3/26/9

Short Title: Safe-Deposit Boxes. (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 10, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING SAFE-DEPOSIT BOXES.

3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 53-43.7 reads as rewritten:

"§ 53-43.7. Safe-deposit boxes; unpaid rentals; procedure; escheats.

(a) If the rental due on a safe-deposit box has not been paid for one-year, 90 days, the lessor may send a notice by registered mail or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the lessee stating that the safe-deposit box will be opened and its contents stored at the expense of the lessee unless payment of the rental is made within 30 days. If the rental is not paid within 30 days from the mailing of the notice, the box may be opened in the presence of an officer of the lessor and of a notary public who is not a director, officer, employee or stockholder of the lessor. The contents shall be sealed in a package by the notary public who shall write on the outside the name of the lessee and the date of the opening. The notary public shall execute a certificate reciting the name of the lessee, the date of the opening of the box and a list of its contents. The certificate shall be included in the package and a copy of the certificate shall be sent by registered mail or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the last known address of the lessee. The package shall then be placed in the general vaults of the lessor at a rental not exceeding the rental previously charged for the box.

21 (b) Any property, including documents or writings of a private nature, which has 22 little or no apparent value, need not be sold but may be destroyed by the Treasurer

1 or by the lessor, if retained by the lessor pursuant to a determination by the Treasurer 2 under G.S. 116B-31(c).

- (c) If the contents of the safe-deposit box have not been claimed within two years 4 of the mailing of the certificate, the lessor may send a further notice to the last known 5 address of the lessee stating that, unless the accumulated charges are paid within 30 6 days, the contents of the box will be delivered to the State Treasurer as abandoned property under the provisions of Chapter 116B.
- (d) The lessor shall submit to the Treasurer a verified inventory of all of the 9 contents of the safe-deposit box upon delivery of the contents of the box or such part 10 thereof as shall be required by the Treasurer under G.S. 116B-31(c); but the lessor 11 may deduct from any cash of the lessee in the safe-deposit box an amount equal to 12 accumulated charges for rental and shall submit to the Treasurer a verified statement 13 of such charges and deduction. If there is no cash, or insufficient cash to pay 14 accumulated charges, in the safe-deposit box, the lessor may submit to the Treasurer 15 a verified statement of accumulated charges or balance of accumulated charges due, 16 and the Treasurer shall remit to the lessor the charges or balance due, up to the value 17 of the property in the safe-deposit box delivered to him, less any costs or expenses of 18 sale; but if the charges or balance due exceeds the value of such property, the 19 Treasurer shall remit only the value of the property, less costs or expenses of sale. 20 Any accumulated charges for safe-deposit box rental paid by the Treasurer to the 21 lessor shall be deducted from the value of the property of the lessee delivered to the 22 Treasurer.
 - (e) Repealed by Session Laws 1979, 2nd Session, c. 1311, s. 5.
- 24 (f) A copy of An explanation of the contractual provisions pertaining to default, 25 together with reference to this section shall be printed on every contract for rental of 26 a safe-deposit box."
 - Section 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 1997.



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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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he W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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June 3, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative Bobby Ray Hall, Chairman,

House Financial Institutions Subcommittee.

FROM: Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: Senate Bill 330 - Safe - Deposit Boxes. (2d Edition)

Senate Bill 330 amends G.S. 53-43.7 relating to unpaid rent on safe deposit boxes. Under present law, if the rent is one year past due, the lessor may send a notice by registered mail to the last known address of the lessee that the safe-deposit box will be opened and the contents stored at the lessee's expense unless the rent is paid within 30 days.

This bill changes the period of time a lessor must wait from one year to 90 days and changes the notice requirement from registered mail to certified mail, return receipt requested. This bill also changes the requirement that a copy of the law be printed on every contract for rental of a safe-deposit box. Under this amendment the contract need only contain an explanation of the contractual provisions pertaining to default, and make reference to this section of the law.

This act would become effective July 1, 1997.

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.
_	Committee Substitute for 8.848 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT A SECONDARY SUPPLIER OF ELECTRIC SERVICE MAY FURNISH SERVICE WITHIN THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF A CITY WITH WRITTEN CONSENT FROM THE CITY, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE LAW REGARDING MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC SERVICE.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations [Finance [
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on _ Appropriations _ Finance _
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
\boxtimes	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S

D

SENATE BILL 848 Proposed Committee Substitute S848-PCS8735

	Short Title: Municipal Electric Amendments. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	April 15, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT CERTAIN SECONDARY SUPPLIERS OF
3	ELECTRIC SERVICE MAY FURNISH SERVICE WITHIN THE CORPORATE
4	LIMITS OF A CITY WITH WRITTEN CONSENT FROM THE CITY, TO
5	ALLOW THE BOARD OF AN ELECTRIC MEMBERSHIP CORPORATION
6	TO VOTE BY PROXY ON DECISIONS TO ENCUMBER CORPORATE
7	PROPERTY OR TO DISSOLVE THE CORPORATION, AND TO MAKE
8	TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE LAW REGARDING MUNICIPAL
9	ELECTRIC SERVICE.
10	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
11	Section 1. G.S. 160A-331 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 160A-331. Definitions.
13	Unless the context otherwise requires, the following words and phrases shall have
14	the meanings indicated when used in this Part:
15	(1) 'Assigned area' means any portion of an area annexed to or
16	incorporated into a city which, on or before the effective date of
17 18	annexation or incorporation, had been assigned by the North
19	Carolina Utilities Commission to a specific electric supplier pursuant to G.S. 62-110.2.
20	(1a) 'Assigned supplier' means a person, firm, or corporation to which
21	the North Carolina Utilities Commission had assigned a specific
22	area for service as an electric supplier pursuant to G.S. 62-110.2.
	$a_1 \circ a_2 \circ a_3 \circ a_4 \circ a_5 $

1		which area, in whole or in part, is subsequently annexed to or
2	(4) (4	incorporated into a city.
3	(1) (1	b) The 'determination date' is
4		a. April 20, 1965, with respect to areas within the corporate
5		limits of any city as of April 20, 1965;
6		b. The effective date of annexation with respect to areas
7		annexed to any city after April 20, 1965;
8		c. The date a primary supplier comes into being with respect
9		to any city first incorporated after April 20, 1965.
10	(2)	'Line' means any conductor located inside the city for distributing
11		or transmitting electricity, other than
12		a. For overhead construction, a conductor from the pole
13		nearest the premises of a consumer to such premises, or a
14		conductor from a line tap to such premises, and
14 15		b. For underground construction, a conductor from the
16		transformer (or the junction point, if there be one) nearest
17		the premises of a consumer to such premises.
18	(3)	'Premises' means the building, structure, or facility to which
19		electricity is being or is to be furnished. Two or more buildings,
20		structures, or facilities that are located on one tract or contiguous
21		tracts of land and are used by one electric consumer for
22		commercial, industrial, institutional, or governmental purposes,
23		shall together constitute one 'premises,' except that any such
24		building, structure, or facility shall not, together with any other
25		building, structure, or facility, constitute one 'premises' if the
26		electric service to it is separately metered and the charges for such
27		service are calculated independently of charges for service to any
28		other building, structure, or facility.
29	(4)	'Primary supplier' means a city that owns and maintains its own
30		electric system, or a person, firm, or corporation that furnishes
31		electric service within a city pursuant to a franchise granted by, or
32		contract with, a city, or that, having furnished service pursuant to a
33		franchise or contract, is continuing to furnish service within a city
34		after the expiration of the franchise or contract.
35	(5)	'Secondary supplier' means a person, firm, or corporation that
36		furnishes electricity at retail to one or more consumers other than
37		itself within the limits of a city but is not a primary supplier. A
38		primary supplier that furnishes electric service within a city
39		pursuant to a franchise or contract that limits or restricts the
40		classes of consumers or types of electric service permitted to such
41		supplier shall, in and with respect to any area annexed by the city
42 42		after April 20, 1965, be a primary supplier for such classes of
43		consumers or types of service, and if it furnishes other electric
44		service in the annexed area on the effective date of annexation,

shall be a secondary supplier, in and with respect to such annexed area, for all other electric service. A primary supplier that continues to furnish electric service after the expiration of a franchise or contract that limited or restricted such primary supplier with respect to classes of consumers or types of electric service shall, in and with respect to any area annexed by the city after April 20, 1965, be a secondary supplier for all electric service if it is furnishing electric service in the annexed area on the effective date of annexation."

Section 2. G.S. 160A-332(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The suppliers of electric service inside the corporate limits of any city in which a secondary supplier was furnishing electric service on the determination date (as defined in G.S. 160A-331(1)) shall have rights and be subject to restrictions as follows:
 - (1) The secondary supplier shall have the right to serve all premises being served by it, or to which any of its facilities are attached, on the determination date.
 - (2) The secondary supplier shall have the right, subject to subdivision (3) of this section, to serve all premises initially requiring electric service after the determination date which are located wholly within 300 feet of its lines and located wholly more than 300 feet from the lines of the primary supplier, as such suppliers' lines existed on the determination date.
 - Any premises initially requiring electric service after the determination date which are located wholly within 300 feet of a secondary supplier's lines and wholly within 300 feet of another secondary supplier's lines, but wholly more than 300 feet from the primary supplier's lines, as the lines of all suppliers existed on the determination date, may be served by the secondary supplier which the consumer chooses, and no other supplier shall thereafter furnish electric service to such premises, except with the written consent of the supplier then serving the premises.
 - (4) A primary supplier shall not furnish electric service to any premises which a secondary supplier has the right to serve as set forth in subdivisions (1), (2), and (3), and (6a) of this section, except with the written consent of the secondary supplier.
 - Any premises initially requiring electric service after the determination date which are located wholly or partially within 300 feet of the primary supplier's lines and are located wholly or partially within 300 feet of the secondary supplier's lines, as such suppliers' lines existed on the determination date, may be served by either the secondary supplier or the primary supplier, whichever the consumer chooses, and no other supplier shall

Senate Bill 848 Page 3

thereafter furnish service to such premises, except with the written 1 2 consent of the supplier then serving the premises. 3

- Any premises initially requiring electric service after the (6) determination date, which are located only partially within 300 feet of the secondary supplier's lines and are located wholly more than 300 feet from the primary supplier's lines, as such supplier's lines existed on the determination date, may be served either by the secondary supplier or the primary supplier, whichever the consumer chooses, and no other supplier shall thereafter furnish service to such premises, except with the written consent of the supplier then serving the premises.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a secondary supplier, (6a) upon obtaining the prior written consent of the city, shall be the exclusive provider of electric service within (i) any assigned area for which that secondary supplier had been assigned supplier prior to the determination date; or (ii) any area previously unassigned by the North Carolina Utilities Commission pursuant to G.S. 62-110.2. However, any rights of other electric suppliers existing under G.S. 62-110.2 prior to the determination date to provide service shall continue to exist without impairment in the areas described in (i) and (ii) above.
- Except as provided in subdivisions (1), (2), (3), (5), and (6), **(7)** and (6a) of this section, a secondary supplier shall not furnish electric service within the corporate limits of any city unless it first obtains the written consent of the city and the primary supplier."

Section 3. G.S. 117-10.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 117-10.2. Restriction on municipal service.

No Except as otherwise provided in this section, no electric membership corporation shall furnish electric service to, or within the limits of, any incorporated 30 city or town, except pursuant to a franchise that may be granted under the provisions 31 of G.S. 117-10.1, or as permitted under G.S. 160-511, 160-512, and 160-513; provided, 32 that an G.S. 160A-331, 160A-332, and 160A-333. An electric membership 33 corporation may furnish electric service to, or within the limits of, any incorporated 34 city or town if the city or town and all electric suppliers, including public utilities, 35 other electric membership corporations and other cities or towns, then furnishing 36 electric service to or within such city or town consent thereto in writing."

Section 4. G.S. 117-20 reads as rewritten:

38 "§ 117-20. Encumbrance, sale, etc., of property.

No corporation may sell, mortgage, lease or otherwise encumber or dispose of any 40 of its property (other than merchandise and property which lie within the limits of an 41 incorporated city or town, or which shall represent not in excess of ten percent (10%) 42 of the total value of the corporation's assets, or which in the judgment of the board 43 are not necessary or useful in operating the corporation) unless

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- (1) Authorized so to do by the votes cast in person or by proxy by at least two-thirds of its total membership, without proxies, and
- The consent of the holders of seventy-five per centum (75%) in (2) amount of the bonds of such corporation then outstanding is obtained.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, the members of such a corporation may, by the affirmative majority of the votes cast in person or by proxy at any meeting of the members, delegate to the board of directors the power and 9 authority (i) to borrow moneys from any source and in such amounts as the board 10 may from time to time determine, (ii) to mortgage or otherwise pledge or encumber 11 any or all of the corporation's property or assets as security therefor, and (iii) with 12 respect to Electric Membership Corporations only, to sell and lease back any of the 13 corporation's property or assets."

Section 5. G.S. 117-24 reads as rewritten:

"§ 117-24. Dissolution.

Any corporation created hereunder may be dissolved by filing, as hereinafter provided, a certificate which shall be entitled and endorsed 'Certificate of Dissolution of' (the blank space being filled in with the name of the corporation) and shall 19 state:

- (1) Name of the corporation, and if such corporation is a corporation resulting from a consolidation as herein provided, the names of the original corporations.
- The date of filing of the certificate of incorporation, and if such (2) corporation is a corporation resulting from a consolidation as herein provided, the dates on which the certificates incorporation of the original corporations were filed.
- (3) That the corporation elects to dissolve.
- (4) The name and post-office address of each of its directors, and the name, title and post-office address of each of its officers.

Such certificate shall be subscribed and acknowledged in the same manner as an 31 original certificate of incorporation by the president or a vice-president, and the 32 secretary or an assistant secretary, who shall make and annex an affidavit, stating that 33 they have been authorized to execute and file such certificate by the votes cast in 34 person or by proxy by at least two-thirds of its total membership, without proxies. 35 membership.

A certificate of dissolution and a certified copy or copies thereof shall be filed in 37 the same place as an original certificate of incorporation and thereupon the 38 corporation shall be deemed to be dissolved.

Such corporation shall continue for the purpose of paying, satisfying and 40 discharging any existing liabilities or obligations and collecting or liquidating its 41 assets, and doing all other acts required to adjust and wind up its business and affairs, 42 and may sue and be sued in its corporate name. Any assets remaining after all 43 liabilities or obligations of the corporation have been satisfied or discharged shall be 44 distributed among the members in such manner as is provided for in the

Senate Bill 848 Page 5

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- 1 corporation's charter or bylaws, and the charter or bylaws may provide for 2 distributions to persons who were members in one or more prior years."
- Section 6. This act is effective when it becomes law and shall expire on 4 the date of the adjournment sine die of the 1999 General Assembly.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

House Committee on Commerce

FROM:

Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE:

Proposed Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 848; Municipal Electric

Amendments

The proposed committee substitute for Senate Bill 848 makes changes in Chapter 160A and Chapter 117 dealing with the furnishing of electric utility service to annexed areas of municipalities and dealing with the operation of electric membership corporations.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 160A-331 which provides the definitions for Part II of Article 16 of Chapter 160A, dealing with electric service in urban areas. It adds a definition for "assigned area" and for "assigned supplier." An assigned area means any portion of an area annexed by or incorporated into a city which had previously been assigned by the North Carolina Utilities Commission to a specific electric supplier. An assigned supplier is the entity to which the Utilities Commission had assigned a specific area for electric service, which area is subsequently annexed by or incorporated into a city.

Section 2 of the bill amends G.S. 160A-332(a), which specifies how electrical service areas within city limits are determined between potentially competing suppliers. The amendment adds a new subdivision (6a) to provide that a secondary supplier, with the written consent of the city, will be the exclusive supplier of electric service within the newly annexed territory if it had been assigned that territory by the North Carolina Utilities Commission prior to April 20, 1965, or if the area had previously been unassigned. Rights of electric suppliers that existed in the area prior to the determination date continue unimpaired.

Section 3 amends G.S. 117-10.2, which deals with restrictions on municipal service by electric membership corporations. The amendments delete obsolete statutory references and substitutes current statutory references.

Section 4 of the bill amends G.S. 117-20 which deals with the encumbrance or sale of electric membership corporation and telephone membership corporation property. In order to sell or encumber property, except that which lies within the limits of a municipality, or represents 10% or less of the corporation's assets, or is deemed not useful to its operation, authorization is required by at least 2/3 of the total membership voting in person. The amendment would permit proxies.

Section 5 amends G.S. 117-24 which deals with the dissolution of electric membership corporations. The statute presently provides that dissolution may only take place with the approval of a 2/3 vote of the membership voting in person. The amendment would permit the use of proxies.

The act is effective when it becomes law and expires on the date of adjournment sine die of the 1999 General Assembly.

S848-SMRL-001

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for S.B. 312 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REGULATE CHECK-CASHING BUSINESSES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REGULATE CHECK-CASHING S.B. 312 BUSINESSES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 312 Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/2/97

Chings though

Short Title: Regulate Check Cashing/AB.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to: Finance.

March 5, 1997

1.	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REGULATE CHECK-CASHING BUSINESSES.
3	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
4	Section 1. Chapter 53 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the
5	following new Article to read:
6	"ARTICLE 22.
7	"Check-Cashing Businesses.
8	"§ 53-275. Definitions.
9	As used in this Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the term:
10	(1) 'Cashing' means providing currency for payment instruments, but
11	does not include the bona fide sale or exchange of travelers checks
12	and foreign denomination payment instruments.
13	(2) 'Check-cashing service' means any person or entity engaged in the
14	business of cashing checks, drafts, or money orders for a fee,
15	service charge, or other consideration.
16	(3) 'Commission' means the State Banking Commission.
17	(4) 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Banks.
18	(5) 'Licensee' means a person or entity licensed to engage in a check-
19	cashing business under this Article.
20	(6) 'Person' means an individual, partnership, association, or
21	corporation.
22	"§ 53-276. License required.

No person or other entity may engage in the business of cashing checks, drafts, or 2 money orders for consideration without first obtaining a license under this Article. 3 No person or other entity providing a check-cashing service may avoid the 4 requirements of this Article by providing a check or other currency equivalent 5 instead of currency when cashing payment instruments.

"§ 53-277. Exemptions.

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- (a) This Article shall not apply to:
 - A bank, savings institution, credit union, or farm credit system (1) organized under the laws of the United States or any state; and
 - Any person or entity principally engaged in the bona fide retail (2) sale of goods or services, who either as an incident to or independently of a retail sale or service and not holding itself out to be a check-cashing service, from time to time cashes checks, drafts, or money orders for a fee or other consideration, where not more than two dollars (\$2,00) is charged for the service.
- (b) A person licensed under Article 16 of this Chapter (Money Transmitters Act) is exempt from G.S. 53-276, 53-278, 53-279, and 53-284, but is deemed a licensee for purposes of the remaining provisions of this Article. This exemption does not apply to an agent of a person licensed under Article 16 of this Chapter.
- 20 "§ 53-278. Application for license; investigation; application fee.
- (a) An application for licensure under this Article shall be in writing, under oath, 22 and on a form prescribed by the Commissioner. The application shall set forth all of the following: 23
 - The name and address of the applicant.
 - (2) If the applicant is a firm or partnership, the name and address of each member of the firm or partnership.
 - If the applicant is a corporation, the name and address of each **(3)** officer, director, registered agent, and principal.
 - The addresses of the locations of the business to be licensed. <u>(4)</u>
 - (5) Other information concerning the financial responsibility, background experience, and activities of the applicant and its members, officers, directors, and principals as the Commissioner requires.
- (b) The Commissioner may make such investigations as the Commissioner deems necessary to determine if the applicant has complied with all applicable provisions of 36 this Article and State and federal law.
- (c) The application shall be accompanied by payment of a two hundred fifty 37 dollar (\$250.00) application fee and a five hundred dollar (\$500.00) investigation fee. 38 39 These fees are not refundable or abatable, but, if the license is granted, payment of 40 the application fee shall satisfy the fee requirement for the first license year or 41 remaining part thereof.
- (d) Licenses shall expire annually and may be renewed upon payment of a license 42 43 fee of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) plus a fifty dollar (\$50.00) fee for each 44 branch location certificate issued under a license.

Page 2 Senate Bill 312 2

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"\§ 53-279. Liquid assets required; other qualifications; denial of license; hearing.

- (a) Every licensee and applicant shall have and maintain liquid assets of at least fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per licensee.
- (b) Upon the filing and investigation of an application, and compliance by the 5 applicant with G.S. 53-278, and this section, the Commissioner shall issue and deliver to the applicant the license applied for to engage in business under this Article at the locations specified in the application, provided that the Commissioner finds that the financial responsibility, character, reputation, experience, and general fitness of the applicant and its members, officers, directors, and principals are such as to warrant belief that the business will be operated efficiently and fairly, in the public interest, 10 11 and in accordance with law. If the Commissioner fails to make such findings, no 12 license shall be issued, and the Commissioner shall notify the applicant of the denial and the reasons therefor. The applicant shall be entitled to an informal hearing on 14 the denial provided the applicant requests the hearing in writing within 30 days after 15 the Commissioner has mailed the notice required under this subsection to the applicant. In the event of a hearing, which shall be held in the offices of the Commissioner of Banks in Raleigh, the Commissioner shall reconsider the application 17 and, after hearing, issue a written order granting or denying the application.
- 19 "§ 53-280. Maximum fees for service; fees posted; endorsement of checks cashed.
 - (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no check-cashing business licensed under this Article shall directly or indirectly charge or collect fees or other consideration for check-cashing services in excess of the following:
 - Three percent (3%) of the face amount of the check or five dollars <u>(1)</u> (\$5.00), whichever is greater, for checks issued by the federal government, State government, or any agency of the State or federal government, or any county or municipality of this State.
 - <u>(2)</u> Ten percent (10%) of the face amount of the check or five dollars (\$5.00), whichever is greater, for personal checks.
 - Five percent (5%) of the face amount of the check or five dollars <u>(3)</u> (\$5.00), whichever is greater, for all other checks, or for money orders.
 - (b) A licensee may not advance monies on the security of any check unless the account from which the check being presented is drawn is legitimate, open, and active. Except as provided by G.S. 53-281(a), any licensee who cashes a check for a fee shall deposit the check not later than three business days from the date the check is cashed.
 - (c) A licensee shall ensure that in every location conducting business under a license issued under this Article, there is conspicuously posted and at all times displayed a notice stating the fees charged for cashing checks, drafts, and money orders. A licensee shall further ensure that notice of the fees currently charged at every location shall be filed with the Commissioner.
- 42 (d) A licensee shall endorse every check, draft, or money order presented by the 43 licensee for payment in the name of the licensee.
- "§ 53-281. Postdated or delayed deposit checks.

Senate Bill 312 Page 3

- (a) A licensee may defer the deposit of a personal check cashed for a customer for 2 up to 31 days pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- (b) The face amount of any postdated or delayed deposit check cashed pursuant 3 to this section shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300.00).
- (c) Each postdated or delayed deposit check cashed by a licensee shall be 5 6 documented by a written agreement that has been signed by the customer and the 7 licensee. The written agreement shall contain a statement of the total amount of any 8 fees charged, expressed both as a dollar amount and as an effective annual percentage rate (APR). The written agreement shall authorize the licensee to defer deposit of 10 the personal check until a specific date not later than 31 days from the date the check 11 is cashed.
- (d) A licensee shall not directly or indirectly charge any fee or other consideration 12 13 for cashing a postdated or delayed deposit check in excess of fifteen per cent (15%) 14 of the face amount of the check.
- (e) No check cashed under the provisions of this section shall be repaid by the 16 proceeds of another check cashed by the same licensee or any affiliate of the licensee. A licensee shall not, for any consideration, renew or otherwise extend any postdated 18 or delayed check or withhold such check from deposit for any period beyond the 19 time set forth in the written agreement with the customer.

20 "§ 53-282. Record keeping; receipt requirements.

- (a) Every person required to be licensed under this Article shall maintain in its 22 offices such books, accounts, and records as the Commissioner may reasonably 23 require. The books, accounts, and records shall be maintained separate from any 24 other business in which the person is engaged, and shall be retained for a period 25 prescribed by the Commissioner.
- (b) The licensee shall ensure that each customer cashing a check shall be 27 provided a receipt showing the name or trade name of the licensee, the transaction date, amount of the check, and the fee charged.
- (c) The Commissioner may examine the books, accounts, and records in order to 30 determine whether the person is complying with this Article and rules adopted pursuant thereto. The cost of the examination shall be paid by the licensee and shall 32 be determined by applying the hourly rate for special examinations adopted by the 33 State Banking Commission by regulation.

34 "§ 53-283. Prohibited practices.

No person required to be licensed under this Article shall do any of the following:

- Charge fees in excess of those authorized under this Article. (1)
- **(2)** Engage in the business of making loans of money, or extensions of credit, or discounting notes, bills of exchange, items, or other evidences of debt; or accepting deposits or bailments of money or items, except as expressly provided by G.S. 53-281.
- <u>(3)</u> Use or cause to be published or disseminated any advertising communication which contains any false, misleading, or deceptive statement or representation.

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- (4) Conduct business at premises or locations other than locations 1 2 licensed by the Commissioner. 3 Engage in unfair, deceptive, or fraudulent practices. <u>(5)</u> (6) Cash a check, draft, or money order made payable to a payee 4 5 other than a natural person unless the licensee has previously 6 obtained appropriate documentation from the executive entity of 7 the payee clearly indicating the authority of the natural person or 8 persons cashing the check, draft, or money order on behalf of the 9 pavee. "§ 53-284. Suspension and revocation of license; grounds; procedure. 10 (a) The Commissioner may suspend or revoke any license or licenses issued 11 12 pursuant to this Article if, after notice and opportunity for hearing, the Commissioner issues written findings that the licensee has engaged in any of the following conduct: 14 Violated this Article or applicable State or federal law or rules. (1) Made a false statement on the application for a license under this 15 **(2)** 16 Article. 17 **(3)** Refused to permit investigation by the Commissioner authorized under this Article. 18 Failed to comply with an order of the Commissioner. 19 **(4)** 20 (5)Demonstrated incompetency or untrustworthiness to engage in the business of check cashing. 21 Been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor involving fraud, 22 **(6)** 23 misrepresentation, or deceit. (b) The Commissioner may not suspend or revoke any license issued under this 24 Article unless the licensee has been given notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. 26 27 "§ 53-285. Cease and desist orders. 28 If the Commissioner determines that a person required to be licensed under this 29 Article has violated this Article or rules adopted pursuant to it, then the 30 Commissioner may, upon notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with
- Article has violated this Article or rules adopted pursuant to it, then the Commissioner may, upon notice and opportunity for hearing in accordance with Article 3A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, order the person to cease and desist from the violations and to comply with this Article. The Commissioner may enforce compliance with an order issued pursuant to this section by the imposition and collection of civil penalties authorized under this Article.
- 35 "§ 53-286. Civil penalties and restitution.

The Commissioner may order and impose civil penalties upon any person required to be licensed under this Article for violations of this Article or rules adopted thereunder. Civil penalties shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation. All civil money penalties collected under this Article shall be paid to the county school fund. The Commissioner may also order repayment of unlawful or excessive fees charged to customers.

42 "§ 53-287. Criminal penalties.

Senate Bill 312 Page 5

- A violation of G.S. 53-276 by a person required to obtain a license under this 1 2 Article is a Class I felony. Each transaction involving the unlawful cashing of a 3 check, draft, or money order constitutes a separate offense.
- 4 "§ 53-288. Commissioner to adopt rules.
- The Commissioner may adopt rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this 5 6 Article, to provide for the protection of the public, and to assist licensees in 7 interpreting and complying with this Article.
- "§ 53-289. Commission may review rules, orders, or acts by Commissioner.
- The Commission shall have full authority to review any rule, regulation, order, or 9 10 act of the Commissioner done pursuant to or with respect to the provisions of this 11 Article, and any person aggrieved by any such rule, regulation, order, or act may 12 appeal to the Commission for review upon giving notice in writing within 20 days 13 after such rule, regulation, order, or act complained of is adopted, issued, or done."
- Section 2. The Commissioner of Banks shall report to the 2001 General 15 Assembly on the practices of licensees with regard to checks cashed pursuant to the 16 provisions of G.S. 53-281, including any evidence as to consumer complaints, unfair 17 or deceptive trade practices, and the frequency of repeat use by individuals of 18 postdated or delayed deposit checks. It is the intent of the General Assembly that the 19 sunset contained in Section 3 of this act be repealed if there is no evidence of 20 excessive complaints or unfair and deceptive trade practices.
- Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and the provisions 21 22 of G.S. 53-281 shall expire on July 31, 2001.

14



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Eraine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834

Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM: Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: Senate Bill 312 - Regulate Check Cashing/AB

(2d Edition)

Senate Bill 312 adds a new Article 22 to Chapter 53 authorizing the Commissioner of Banks to regulate the business of check cashing. The bill requires all persons engaged in the business of check cashing to obtain a license from the Commissioner. Applications for licenses must be on a form prescribed by the Commissioner and must be accompanied by a \$250 application fee and a \$500 one-time investigation fee. Licenses must be renewed annually at a fee of \$250 plus a \$50 fee for each branch operated under the license.

The bill exempts the following entities from the licensing requirement: (1) banks, savings institutions, credit unions or farm credit systems, and (2) retailers who occasionally cash checks and charge a fee of no more than two dollars for the service. Licensed money transmitters are exempt from the licensing provisions of the act but are subject to the remaining provisions.

The maximum fees which may be charged for check cashing services are set forth as follows:

- 1. the greater of \$5 or 3% of the face amount of a check issued by a governmental entity.
- 2. the greater of \$5 or 10% of the face amount of a personal check.
- 3. the greater of \$5 or 5% of the face amount of all other checks or money orders.

The following activities are deemed prohibited practices under the act;

- 1. charging fees in excess of the statutory limits.
- 2. making loans.
- 3. conducting business at a location other than as approved in the license.
- 4. false, misleading or deceptive advertising.
- 5. unfair, deceptive or fraudulent practices.
- 6. cashing checks made payable to an entity, without obtaining written authorization naming a natural person to accept the proceeds.

The Commissioner of Banks is authorized to suspend or revoke licenses, issue cease and desist orders, and impose civil penalties of up to \$1,000 for violations of the act. In addition, conducting a check cashing business without a license is punishable as a Class I felony. The Commissioner is authorized to adopt rules to implement the act and persons aggrieved by a rule order or act of the Commissioner may appeal to the Banking Commission.

The second edition of the bill made several significant changes. First, it raised the liquid assets requirement from \$25,000 to \$50,000. This is the amount which all licensees must maintain to be eligible for a license. Next, it added a new section 53-281 which allows licensees to cash postdated or delayed deposit checks so long as the face amount does not exceed \$300. The customer and the licensee must enter a written agreement which states the fees charged, both as a dollar amount and as an effective annual percentage rate, and the deposit may not be deferred for more than 31 days. A licensee may not charge a fee in excess of 15% for cashing a postdated or delayed deposit check and checks cashed under this section may not be repaid by the proceeds of another check cashed by the same licensee or an affiliate of that licensee. Section 3 of the bill provides that this provision will sunset on July 31, 2001.

The second edition also added a new section 2 to the bill which directs the Commissioner of Banks to report to the 2001 General Assembly on the practices of licensees with regard to the provision relating to postdated and delayed deposit checks. The section notes that it is the intent of the General Assembly to remove the sunset on this provision if there is not evidence of excessive complaints or unfair and deceptive practices.

The act becomes effective October 1, 1997 and the provisions of G.S. 53-281 expire on July 31, 2001.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No
	H. B. No DATE Jeune 25, 1997
	S. B. No
	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	(Bep: Womble
	Sen.)
1	moves to amend the bill on page
2	() WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE
3	by deleting the word State," at the end of
4	the line and substituting the phrase,
5	"State or a prostout money order issued by
6	the United States Postal Service."
. 7	
8	and on page 3, line 30, by rewriting
9	the line to head:
10	
11	"(At and it is a start 1 to all other aloke
12	I for all other money orders."
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	SIGNED Jany Ghble
•	ADOPTED
	TOOL IED

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.
	Committee Substitute for 8. 847 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM SALES AND USE TAX REUSABLE INDUSTRIAL CONTAINERS USED AS PACKAGING FOR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
\boxtimes	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill and recommendation that the committee substitute be re-referred to the committee on Finance.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 847

Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/19/97
Proposed House Committee Substitute
S847-CSRO-002
ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION.

Short Title:	No Sales	Tax on F	Reusable	Containers.	(Public
Sponsors:				-	
Referred to:				-	
					

April 15, 1997

	April 15, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO EXEMPT FROM SALES AND USE TAX REUSABLE INDUSTRIAL
3	CONTAINERS USED AS PACKAGING FOR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 105-164.13(23) reads as rewritten:
6	"(23) Sales of the following packaging items:
7	a. wrapping Wrapping paper, labels, wrapping
8	twine, paper, cloth, plastic bags,
9	cartons, packages and containers, cores,
10	cones or spools, wooden boxes, baskets,
11	coops and barrels, including paper cups,
12	napkins and drinking straws and like
13	articles sold to manufacturers, producers
14	and retailers, when such materials are
15	used for packaging, shipment or delivery
16	of tangible personal property which is
17	sold either at wholesale or retail and
18	when such articles constitute a part of
19	the sale of such tangible personal

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1		property and are delivered with it to the
2		customer.
3	<u>b.</u>	A container that is used as packaging by
4		the owner of the ochtainer or another
5		person to enclose tangible personal
6		property for delivery to a purchaser of
7		the property and is required to be
8		returned to its owner for reuse."
9	Section 2. The section 2. The section 2.	his act becomes effective October 1, 1997,
10	and applies to sales ma	de on or after that date.

Page 2



George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660

Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counse

RE:

Senate Bill 847 - No Sales Tax/Reusable Containers.

(Proposed House Committee Substitute)

Senate Bill 847 amends the law relating to Retail Sales and Use tax to exempt reusable industrial containers used as packaging for tangible personal property from the tax. Under current law, most kinds of containers of tangible personal property which are sold as part of the sale of the personal property, are already exempt from the sales and use tax. This bill would also exempt containers which are leased or otherwise used solely to deliver the property and then returned and reused.

The Proposed House Committee Substitute merely restructures the bill by amending the existing subdivision (23) of G.S. 105-164.13, rather than adding a new subdivision (23a).

This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to sales made on or after that date.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

JUNE 25, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
The Head	Flectic Co-ops
Chace Smith	AARP
Richard C Hatch	AARP
Ölene Ogles	AARP
Polly Williams	AARP/Older Women's League
Laura MacFadden	Rex Healthcare
Ken Ends	Capital Strategies
JUEM - CIPES	Good Neighbor S
Sandra Kone	Corta & Steel
Can Dunce	Wask
Their Porter	Padent Steel
July MMay	he ewA
Trail Anders	PFPNC
- David Kirlinan	460
Scott Monu	DEHNR
George Long	NCDOR
Sam Tay lov	Wanble Carly.Cr
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Shirt D. LINGERTON	EURICHES OF NC
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Rob Schlind	MACDC
Chics FitzSimon	Pumman Sense Foundation
Rabbyl F. Chil	MCALU
Kaine Class	E.5C
M. Dad W. Floder	DEH-DEHNR

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

CO	M	ME	D	$C\mathbf{E}$
		IVI D	П	v. r

JUNE 25, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

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Inn lase	DEHNR
Jan Policars	Lavener bedry & associate Inc.
Ron Phi	Favence Buly & associate, Inc.
LYNN FOLMES	Beze Sociii!
	Morre 5 Van Allen
Jan P. Stray	DOJ
Chun Dande	
Jan 115 W	CHERK CASUMONIA
PERRI MORGON	NFIB
D-Milas	NORMA
7 millusto	NCRMA
Cam Cover	BPMHL
Doug Housen.	NCPMA
Doug Housey: Own Simmers	ZOW PA
Saraheliler	DEHNR
Market 1	

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE JULY 2, 1997 2:00 PM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

Cherie Berry, Co-Chair, William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Rex Baker, Daniel Blue, Donald Bonner, Robert Brawley, James Crawford, Bill Culpepper, Donald Davis, Dub Dickson, Jerry Dockham, Bobby Hall, Sandy Hardy, George Holmes, John Hurley, Danny McComas, Eugene McCombs, Paul McCrary, Frank Mitchell, Mia Morris, John Nichols, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Dennis Reynolds, Gene Rogers, Drew Saunders, Ronald Smith, Edgar Starnes, Nurham Warwick, Cynthia Watson, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 2:00 pm on Wednesday, July 2, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

Senate Bill 208, entitled AN ACT PERTAINING TO THE SANITIZATION OF COOKING UTENSILS PROVIDED BY LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. Sen. Virginia Foxx, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from the committee. Rep. Frank Mitchell moved for a favorable report. The committee voted and Senate Bill 208 received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 974, entitled AN ACT TO AUTHORIZED THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION TO WAIVE INTEREST ON LATE CONTRIBUTIONS. Sen. Virginia Foxx, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Liston Ramsey, Rep. Daniel Blue, and Rep. Larry Womble. Chairman Miner recognized Bill Gilkeson, staff attorney, to answer questions and help explain the bill. Rep. William Hiatt moved for a favorable report and that the bill be re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The committee voted on the motion. The motion passed and Senate Bill 974 received a favorable report and was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

House Bill 1125, entitled AN ACT TO REVISE THE CLASSIFICATION OF LENDERS WHO MAY CONTRACT FOR THE PAYMENT OF CHARGES IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. Chairman Miner, the bill sponsor, introduced a

proposed committee substitute. Rep. William Hiatt moved that the proposed committee substitute be adopted. The committee voted and the motion passed. Chairman Miner gave the bill a favorable report and re-referred the bill to the House Rules Committee.

Senate Bill 565, entitled AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE APPLICATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF BANK'S RATE TO VARIABLE RATE LOANS WITH ADJUSTMENT PERIODS GREATER THAN ONE MONTH AND TO REPEAL THE LAWS GOVERNING VARIABLE RATE LOANS OF MANUFACTURED HOMES AND INSTALLMENT RATES AND FEES. Sen. Eric Reeves, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Daniel Blue removed himself from voting on this bill due to a conflict of interest. Questions were taken from Rep. W. W. Dickson. Chairman Miner recognized Mr. Paul Stock of the North Carolina Bankers' Association to answer questions and to address the committee. Rep. Frank Mitchell moved for a favorable report. The committee voted and the motion passed. Senate Bill 565 received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 23, entitled AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT EVERY DWELLING UNIT LEASED AS RENTAL PROPERTY IN CERTAIN CITIES BE FURNISHED WITH A SOURCE OF HEAT. Sen. Eric Reeves, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute and explained the bill. Rep. Daniel Blue moved to adopt the committee substitute. The committee voted and the committee substitute was adopted. Rep. Daniel Blue moves for a favorable report to the committee substitute and an unfavorable report to the original bill. Questions were taken from Rep. John Nichols, Rep. Liston Ramsey, Rep. Robert Brawley, Rep. Martha Alexander, and Rep. Bobby Hall. Rep. Bobby Hall offers an amendment to change line 16 of the committee substitute. Rep. Bobby Hall moved for adoption of the amendment. The committee voted and the amendment was adopted. A vote was taken and Senate Bill 23 was given a favorable report for the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill.

Senate Bill 253, entitled AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE REGISTRATION OF TELEPHONIC SELLERS IN NORTH CAROLINA, AND TO MAKE THE OFFERING OF TELEPHONE SALES RECOVERY SERVICES A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. Sen. Leslie Winner, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Questions were taken from Rep. Danny McComas, Rep. David Redwine, Rep. Gene Rogers, and Rep. Bill Culpepper. Rep. Bill Culpepper offered an amendment to clarify the language about calls to minors. The committee voted and the amendment was adopted. The bill was rolled into a committee substitute. Chairman Miner recognized Mr. Richard Hatch of AARP to address the committee and urged the committee to support it. Chairman Miner also recognized Mr. David Cookman of the Attorney General's office for comments. Rep. Danny McComas moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill and to have the bill re-referred to the House Judiciary II Committee. The committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill and it was re-referred to the House Judiciary II Committee.

Senate Bill 562, entitled AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF THE PROCESSING FEE CHARGED FOR RETURNED CHECKS. Rep. Bobby Hall introduced and explained the bill for bill sponsor, Sen. Ed Warren. Questions were taken from Rep. David Redwine. Rep. Edgar Starnes moved for a favorable report and to have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The committee held a voice vote and the motion passed. Senate Bill 562 received a favorable report and it was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

Senate Bill 699, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT THE PLACE OF BUSINESS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER WHO SELLS ONLY TRAILERS OF SEMITRAILERS DOES NOT HAVE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FOR AN ESTABLISHED OFFICE OR SALESROOM OF A MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER. Sen. Hamilton Horton, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. William Hiatt offered an amendment. Sen. Horton explained the amendment. The committee voted and the amendment was adopted. Questions were taken from the committee. The bill was rolled into a committee substitute. Rep. Larry Womble moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill. The committee voted and the motion passed. The committee substitute for Senate Bill 699 received a favorable report, unfavorable to the original bill.

The committee adjourned at 2:50 p.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner for the Committee on Commerce.

	By Representative(s) winer for the Committee on Commerce.
	Committee Substitute for 208 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT PERTAINING TO THE SANITIZATION OF COOKING UTENSILS PROVIDED BY LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
\boxtimes	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations [Finance [.
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
П	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

S

SENATE BILL 208* Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/1/97

Short Title: Lod	ging Establishments/Sanitation.	blic)				
Sponsors:						
Referred to:						
	February 20, 1997					
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
	CAINING TO THE SANITIZATION OF COOKING UTENS					
	BY LODGING ESTABLISHMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED					
	LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OVERSION	JH I				
COMMITTEE	embly of North Carolina enacts:					
	on 1. G.S. 130A-248(a3) reads as rewritten:					
	es adopted by the Commission pursuant to subsections (a), (a1),	and				
` /	on shall address, but not be limited to, the following:					
(1)	Sanitation requirements for cleanliness of floors, walls, ceili	ings,				
` ,	storage spaces, utensils, ventilation equipment, and other areas	and				
	items;					
(2)	Requirements for:					
	a. Lighting and water supply;					
	b. Wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal facilities;					
	c. Lavatory and toilet facilities, food protection, and w	aste				
(2)	disposal;	1=:				
(3)	The cleaning and bactericidal treatment of eating and drink utensils and other food-contact surfaces; surfaces. A requirem	_				
	imposed under this subdivision to sanitize multiuse eating					
	drinking utensils and other food-contact surfaces does not appl					
	utensils and surfaces provided in the guest room of the lod					
	unit for guests to prepare food while staying in the guest room.	وسدر				

1 (3a) The appropriate and reasonable use of gloves or utensils by 2 employees who handle unwrapped food; 3 The methods of food preparation, transportation, catering, storage, (4) 4 and serving; 5 The health of employees: (5) Animal and vermin control; and 6 (6) 7 The prohibition against the offering of unwrapped food samples to **(7)** 8 the general public unless the offering and acceptance of the 9 samples are continuously supervised by an agent of the entity preparing or offering the samples or by an agent of the entity on 10 whose premises the samples are made available. As used in this 11 subdivision, 'food samples' means unwrapped food prepared and 12 made available for sampling by and without charge to the general 13 14 public for the purpose of promoting the food made available for sampling. This subdivision does not apply to unwrapped food 15 16 prepared and offered in buffet, cafeteria, or other style in exchange 17 for payment by the general public or by the person or entity 18 arranging for the preparation and offering of such unwrapped food. 19 This subdivision shall not apply to open air produce markets nor 20 to farmer market facilities operated on land owned or leased by 21 the State of North Carolina or any local government.

The rules shall contain a system for grading establishments, such as Grade A, Grade B, and Grade C. The rules shall be written in a manner that promotes consistency in

both the interpretation and application of the grading system."
 Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



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Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM: O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: SENATE BILL 208 - Sanitization of Cooking Utensils Provided by

Lodging Establishments - Senator Foxx

Senate Bill 208 exempts multiuse utensils provided in the guest room of a lodging unit for guests to prepare food while staying in the guest room from the normal sanitization requirements. This bill is a recommendation of the Joint Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee and is <u>identical</u> to House Bill 165 which passed the House after this bill passed the Senate.

The purpose of this bill is to make consistent the application of law governing the sanitation of cooking utensils in certain lodging establishments. Under current law, certain lodging establishments are required to sanitize re-usable cooking and eating utensils when those utensils are provided in the lodging unit for guests to use in preparing their food (G.S. 130A-248). Condominiums and private homes that are rented to guests and that also provide re-usable cooking and eating utensils for guest use are exempt from regulation (G.S. 130A-250). Thus, although the service provided by both regulated and nonregulated establishments is the same, as is the risk of public exposure to disease, the application of law is more burdensome on the regulated establishment than on the nonregulated establishment. This bill exempts the regulated establishments from the sanitation requirement. Regulations pertaining to the cleaning of utensils and surfaces still apply. If enacted, this statutory change will be the basis for a temporary rule pertaining to the sanitation requirements.

Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 130A-248(a3) to provide that sanitation requirements for eating and drinking utensils and other food contact surfaces do not apply to multiuse utensils and surfaces provided in the guest room of the lodging unit for guests to prepare food while staying in the guest room.

Section 2 makes the bill effective when it becomes law.

S208-SMRU-002

From the Report to the 1997 General Assembly by the JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

FINDING NUMBER 5:

The following findings pertain to 15A NCAC 18A.1812, a rule adopted by the Health Services Commission.

Reasonable regulation of establishments that provide food and lodging services to the general public is necessary for the protection of the public health. However, regulation that is more restrictive than necessary to achieve its purpose can impose hardships on business that significantly outweigh the benefits to the general public. Moreover, a law that regulates a service provided by one entity more stringently than an identical service provided by a different type of entity should be carefully reviewed to ensure that there is justification for the inconsistency in regulation. Thus, the Committee finds as follows:

- (1) Lodging establishments such as motels, hotels, and tourist homes are regulated under Article 8 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes. Rules adopted under that Article include those pertaining to the sanitation of reusable cooking and eating utensils provided by the establishment for use by guests in the preparation of food in their lodging unit.
- (2) Condominiums and private homes are exempt from regulation under Article 8, G.S. 130A-250, although many of these apartments and homes are rented to the general public and provide the same level and type of re-usable cooking and eating utensils for use by renters in preparation of food in the rental unit.
- (3) The public health concern about cleanliness of cooking and eating utensils is relevant to both types of entities. Yet one entity is required to sanitize the utensils, while the other entities are not. Moreover, the sanitatization process required of the regulated establishment is more burdensome than is reasonably necessary to protect the public health, especially given that public exposure to the relevant health risks is relatively the same in establishments that are regulated and in those that are exempt from regulation.
- (4) The law should apply equitably to all lodging establishments that provide the same or substantially similar services to the general public, such that the public health concerns are addressed without unjustifiably burdensome regulation on one segment of business or industry.

RECOMMENDATION NUMBER 5:

The Committee recommends that General Assembly enact legislation which clarifies that rules pertaining to sanitation of eating and drinking utensils do not apply to utensils in lodging units that provide utensils for guests to use in preparing food while staying in the lodging unit. (SEE LEGISLATIVE PROPOSAL 5)

§ 130A-248. Regulation of food and lodging establishments.

(a) For the protection of the public health, the Commission shall adopt rules governing the sanitation of establishments that prepare or serve drink or food for pay and establishments that prepare and sell meat food products or poultry products. However, any establishment that prepares or serves food or drink to the public, regardless of pay, shall be subject to the provisions of this Article if the establishment that prepares or serves food or drink holds an ABC permit, as defined in G.S. 18B-101, meets any of the definitions in G.S. 18B-1000, and does not meet the definition of a private club as provided in G.S. 130A-247(2).

(a1) For the protection of the public health, the Commission shall adopt rules governing the sanitation of hotels, motels, tourist homes, and other establishments that

provide lodging for pay.

- (a2) For the protection of the public health, the Commission shall adopt rules governing the sanitation of private homes offering bed and breakfast accommodations to eight or fewer persons per night, and rules governing the sanitation of bed and breakfast inns as defined in G.S. 130A-247. In carrying out this function, the Commission shall adopt requirements that are the least restrictive so as to protect the public health and not unreasonably interfere with the operation of bed and breakfast inns.
- (a3) The rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to subsections (a), (a1), and (a2) of this section shall address, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) Sanitation requirements for cleanliness of floors, walls, ceilings, storage spaces, utensils, ventilation equipment, and other areas and items;
 - (2) Requirements for:

a. Lighting and water supply;

- b. Wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal facilities; and
- c. Lavatory and toilet facilities, food protection, and waste disposal;
- (3) The cleaning and bactericidal treatment of eating and drinking utensils and other food-contact surfaces;
- (3a) The appropriate and reasonable use of gloves or utensils by employees who handle unwrapped food;
- (4) The methods of food preparation, transportation, catering, storage, and serving;

(5) The health of employees;

- (6) Animal and vermin control; and
- The prohibition against the offering of unwrapped food samples to the general public unless the offering and acceptance of the samples are continuously supervised by an agent of the entity preparing or offering the samples or by an agent of the entity on whose premises the samples are made available. As used in this subdivision, "food samples" means unwrapped food prepared and made available for sampling by and without charge to the general public for the purpose of promoting the food made available for sampling. This subdivision does not apply to unwrapped food prepared and offered in buffet, cafeteria, or other style in exchange for payment by the general public or by the person or entity arranging for the preparation and offering of such unwrapped food. This subdivision shall not apply to open air produce markets nor to farmer market facilities operated on land owned or leased by the State of North Carolina or any local government.

The rules shall contain a system for grading establishments, such as Grade A, Grade B, and Grade C. The rules shall be written in a manner that promotes consistency in both the interpretation and application of the grading system.

(a4)

§ 130A-250. Exemptions.

The following shall be exempt from this Part:

(1) Establishments that provide lodging described in G.S. 130A-248(a1) with four or fewer lodging units;

(2) Condominiums;

- (3) Establishments that prepare or serve food or provide lodging to regular boarders or permanent house guests only;
- (4) Private homes that occasionally offer lodging accommodations, which may include the providing of food, for two weeks or less to persons attending special events, provided these homes are not bed and breakfast homes or bed and breakfast inns;

(5) Private clubs;

- (6) Curb markets operated by the State Agricultural Extension Service;
- (7) Establishments that prepare or serve food or drink for pay no more frequently than once a month for a period not to exceed two consecutive days;
- (8) Establishments that put together, portion, set out, or hand out only drinks using single service containers that are not reused on the premises; and
- (9) Markets where meat food products or poultry products are prepared and sold and which are under the continuous inspection by the North Carolina Department of Agriculture or the United States Department of Agriculture.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) **Miner** for the Committee on **Commerce**.

	By Representative(s) wither for the Committee on Commerce.
S.B.	Committee Substitute for 974 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION TO WAIVE INTEREST ON LATE CONTRIBUTIONS.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ .
	With a favorable report, as amended.
_	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\subseteq \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
_	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

SESSION 1997

S 1

SENATE BILL 974

for report Short Title: ESC Waive Interest. (Public)

Sponsors:

Senators Foxx; Ballantine, Carpenter, Carrington, Cochrane, Conder, Cooper, Gulley, Hartsell, Horton, Jordan, Kerr, Ledbetter, Lucas, Phillips, Shaw of Cumberland, Shaw of Guilford, Soles, Warren, Webster, Weinstein, Wellons, and Winner.

Referred to: Finance.

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April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY COMMISSION TO WAIVE INTEREST ON LATE CONTRIBUTIONS.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 96-10(j) reads as rewritten:

- "(i) Waiver of Interest and Penalties, -- The Commission may, for good cause shown, reduce or waive any interest assessed on unpaid contributions under this 8 section. The Commission shall have the power to may reduce or waive any penalty 9 provided in G.S. 96-10(a) or G.S. 96-10(g). The late filing penalty under G.S. 96-10 10(g) shall be waived when the mailed report bears a postmark that discloses that it 11 was mailed by midnight of the due date but was addressed or delivered to the wrong 12 State or federal agency. The late payment penalty and the late filing penalty imposed 13 by G.S. 96-10(a) and G.S. 96-10(g) shall be waived where the delay was caused by any of the following:
 - The death or serious illness of the employer or a member of his (1) immediate family, or by the death or serious illness of the person in the employer's organization responsible for the preparation and filing of the report:
 - (2) Destruction of the employer's place of business or business records by fire or other casualty;

obtained;

1 2 3	(3)	Failure of the Commission to furnish proper forms upon timely application by the employer, by reason of which failure the employer was unable to execute and file the report on or before
4		the due date;
5	(4)	The inability of the employer or the person in the employer's
6	. ,	organization responsible for the preparation and filing of reports to
7		obtain an interview with a representative of the Commission upon
8		a personal visit to the central office or any local office for the
9		purpose of securing information or aid in the proper preparation of
10		the report, which personal interview was attempted to be had

The entrance of one or more of the owners, officers, partners, or (5) the majority stockholder into the Armed Forces of the United States, or any of its allies, or the United Nations, provided that the entrance was unexpected and is not the annual two weeks training for reserves; and

within the time during which the report could have been executed

and filed as required by law had the information at the time been

(6) Other circumstances where, in the opinion of the Chairman, the Assistant Administrator, or their designees, the imposition of penalties would be inequitable.

22 In the waiver of any penalty, the burden shall be upon the employer to establish to the satisfaction of the Chairman, the Assistant Administrator, or their designees, that 24 the delinquency for which the penalty was imposed was due to any of the foregoing 25 facts or circumstances.

Such waiver The waiver or reduction of interest or a penalty under this subsection 27 shall be valid and binding upon the Commission. The reason for any such reduction or waiver shall be made a part of the permanent records of the employing unit to 29 which it applies."

Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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e W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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June 25, 1997

TO:

Rep. David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee.

FROM:

William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE:

Senate Bill 974 – ESC Waive Interest.

Senate Bill 974, introduced by Senator Foxx, would make clear that the Employment Security Commission may grant to tax-delinquent employers not only waivers of late penalties but also waivers of interest.

Current law requires employers to pay unemployment insurance contributions (also known as taxes) on their employees. If they do not pay them , the employers are charged late penalties at the rate of 10% of the taxes due and interest of $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% per month. G.S. 96-10(j) grants ESC the power to reduce or waive the penalty. ESC may do so for one of the reasons listed in the statute. But the statute says nothing about reducing or waiving the interest.

ESC reportedly has assumed it has the power to waive the interest as well.

SB 974 WOULD add language to the statute giving ESC the power to reduce or waive the interest payments on late taxes. It could waive the interest for good cause shown.

The bill would be effective upon becoming law.

(see statutes on other side)

§ 96-10. Collection of contributions.

(a) Interest on Past-Due Contributions. — Contributions unpaid on the date on which they are due and payable, as prescribed by the Commission, shall bear interest at the rate of one half of one percent (0.5%) per month from and after such date until payment plus accrued interest is received by the Commission. An additional penalty in the amount of ten percent (10%) of the taxes due shall be added, but said penalty shall in no event be less than five dollars (\$5.00). Penalties and interest collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid into the Special Employment Security Administration Fund. If any employer, in good faith, pays contributions to another state or to the United States under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, prior to a determination of liability by this Commission, which contributions were legally payable to this State, such contributions. when paid to this State, shall be deemed to have been paid by the due date under the law of this State if paid by the due date of such other state or the United States.

Interest on late taxes.

Penaltyon
late taxes.

(g) Upon the motion of the Commission, any employer refusing to submit any report required under this Chapter, after 10 days' written notice sent by the Commission by registered or certified mail to the employer's last known address, may be enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from hiring and continuing in employment any employees until such report is properly submitted. When an execution has been returned to the Commission unsatisfied, and the employer, after 10 days' written notice sent by the Commission by registered mail to the employer's last known address, refuses to pay the contributions covered by the execution, such employer shall upon the motion of the Commission be enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from hiring and continuing in employment any employees until such contributions have been paid.

An employer who fails to file a report within the required time shall be assessed a late filing penalty of five percent (5%) of the amount of contributions due with the report for each month or fraction of a month the failure continues. The penalty may not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of contributions due or five dollars (\$5.00), whichever is greater. An employer who fails to file a report within the required time but owes no contributions shall not be assessed a penalty unless the employer's failure to file continues for more than 30 days.

This subsection is referred to in un-redlined portion of bill, but it does not affect interest payments

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner for the Committee on Commerce. Committee Substitute for H.B. 1125 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REVISE THE CLASSIFICATION OF LENDERS WHO MAY CONTRACT FOR THE PAYMENT OF CHARGES IN CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, ⋈ which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be rereferred to the Committee on Rules, Calendar and Operations of the House.), [] which changes With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (# the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.

With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

SESSION 1997

H

HOUSE BILL 1125
Proposed Committee Substitute
H1125-CSRO-001

ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION.

Short Title: Study Mortgage Lenders.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

April 21, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE LEGISLTIVE RESEARCH COMMISSION TO STUDY

- THE ISSUE OF ALLOWING CERTAIN MORTGAGE BANKERS TO MAKE HOME
- 4 LOANS AND TO CHARGE FEES RELATED TO THOSE LOANS.
- 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
- 6 Section 1. The Legislative Research Commission is
- 7 authorized to study the issue of allowing certain mortgage
- 8 bankers to make home loans and to charge fees related to those
- 9 loans.
- 10 Section 2. The Commission may make an interim report to
- 11 the 1998 Regular Session of the 1997 General Assembly and a final
- 12 report, including any legislative proposals, to the 1999 General
- 13 Assembly.
- 14 Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner for the Committee on Commerce.

S.B. 565 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE APPLICATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF BANK'S RATE TO VARIABLE RATE LOANS WITH ADJUSTMENT PERIODS GREATER THAN ONE MONTH AND TO REPEAL THE LAWS GOVERNING VARIABLE RATE LOANS OF MANUFACTURED HOMES AND INSTALLMENT RATES AND FEES.	D
With a favorable report.	
☐ With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ .	o n .
☐ With a favorable report, as amended.	
☐ With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐	е
☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)	le,
☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.	;
And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)	
☐ With an unfavorable report.	
☐ With recommendation that the House concur.	
☐ With recommendation that the House do not concur.	
☐ With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.	
☐ With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.	
☐ With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.	
☐ Without prejudice.	
☐ With an indefinite postponement report.	
☐ With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.	
☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)	

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 565 Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/30/97

Short Title: Variable Rate Loans.	Lavioport	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

April 1, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE APPLICATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF BANK'S RATE TO VARIABLE RATE LOANS WITH ADJUSTMENT 3 4 PERIODS GREATER THAN ONE MONTH AND TO REPEAL THE LAWS 5 GOVERNING VARIABLE RATE LOANS OF MANUFACTURED HOMES AND INSTALLMENT RATES AND FEES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 24-1.1(c) reads as rewritten:

8 On the fifteenth day of each month, the Commissioner of Banks shall 10 announce and publish the maximum rate of interest permitted by subdivision (1) of 11 subsection (a) of this section on that date. Such rate shall be the latest published 12 noncompetitive rate for U.S. Treasury bills with a six-month maturity as of the 13 fifteenth day of the month plus six percent (6%), rounded upward or downward, as 14 the case may be, to the nearest one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) or sixteen percent 15 (16%), whichever is greater. If there is no nearest one-half of one percent (1/2 of 16 1%), the Commissioner shall round downward to the lower one-half of one percent 17 (1/2 of 1%). The rate so announced shall be the maximum rate permitted for the 18 term of loans made under this section during the following calendar month when the 19 parties to such loans have agreed that the rate of interest to be charged by the lender 20 and paid by the borrower shall not vary or be adjusted during the term of the loan. 21 The parties to a loan made under this section may agree to a rate of interest which 22 shall vary or be adjusted during the term of the loan in which case the maximum rate 23 of interest permitted on such loans during a month during the term of the loan shall

1 be the greater of the rate announced by the Commissioner in (i) the preceding 2 calendar month. month or (ii) the calendar month preceding that in which the rate is 3 varied or adjusted."

Section 2. G.S. 24-1.1C and G.S. 24-1.2 are repealed.

Section 2.1. G.S. 24-1.2A reads as rewritten:

"§ 24-1.2A. Equity lines of credit.

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- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the parties to an equity 8 line of credit, as defined in G.S. 45-81, may contract in writing for interest at rates 9 which shall not exceed the maximum rates permitted under G.S. 24-1.2(2a); G.S. 24-10 1.1(c); provided, however, that the parties may contract for interest rates which shall 11 be adjustable or variable, so long as for adjustable or variable rate contracts the rate 12 in effect for a given period does not exceed the maximum rate permitted under G.S. 13 $\frac{24-1.2(2a)}{G.S.}$ G.S. 24-1.1(c) for the same period.
- (b) Fees may be charged on equity lines of credit which in the aggregate, over the 15 life of the contract based on the maximum limit of the line of credit, do not exceed 16 those permitted under G.S. 24-10. Any lender may charge a party to a loan or 17 extension of credit governed by this section a fee for the modification, renewal, 18 extension, or amendment of any terms of the loan or extension of credit, such fee not 19 to exceed the greater of one-quarter of one percent (1/4 of 1%) of the balance 20 outstanding at the time of the modification, renewal, extension, or amendment of 21 terms, or fifty dollars (\$50.00)."
- 22 Section 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to 23 loans made on or after that date, and Section 1 of this act applies to variations or 24 adjustments in rates occurring on or after that date regardless of the date on which 25 the loan was made.





North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

July 2, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO: Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM: Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE: Senate Bill 565 - Variable Rate Loans.

Second Edition

Senate Bill 565 amends several provision contained in Chapter 24 relating to interest rates. Section 1 of the bill amends G.S. 24-1.1(c) which deals with the contractual interest rate on certain loans of \$25,000 or less. Currently, the law provides that if the parties agree to vary or adjust the rate during a month during the term of the loan, the maximum rate of interest shall be the rate announced by the Commissioner of Banks in the preceding calendar month. The Commissioner is authorized to set the rate on the fifteenth of each month for nonvariable rate loans. The Commissioner's rate shall be the greater of the rate for six month Treasury bills plus 6% (rounded to the nearest ½ of 1%) or 16%.

This bill would allow variable rates to be adjusted on a basis other than monthly. It provides that the maximum rate of interest permitted would be the greater of the rate announced by the Commissioner in the preceding calendar month or the calendar month preceding that in which the rate is varied or adjusted.

Section 2 of the bill repeals two sections of Chapter 24. G.S. 24-1.1C authorizes variable rate loans for manufactured home loans. A federal statute passed in 1982 superseded this section. It contains comparable consumer protections and is the law relied upon by lenders making such loans. G.S. 24-1.2 sets limits on the rate of interest and fees which may be charged on certain types of installment loans. If this section is repealed, installment loans will be subject to the rate and fee limitations applicable to contract loans under G.S. 24-1.1. Currently, the two sections contain identical rate and fee limitations. Section 2.1 of the bill makes a conforming change to G.S. 24-1.2A to remove reference to section of law being repealed by this act.

This act would become effective October 1, 1997 and apply to loans made on or after that date, and section 1 would apply to variations or adjustments in rates occurring on or after that date regardless of the date on which the loan was made.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) **Miner** for the Committee on **Commerce**.

	Committee Substitute for . 23 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT EVERY DWELLING UNIT LEASED AS RENTAL PROPERTY IN CERTAIN CITIES BE FURNISHED WITH A SOURCE OF HEAT.		
	With a favorable report.		
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations [Finance] .		
	With a favorable report, as amended.		
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance		
\boxtimes	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill.		
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.		
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)		
	With an unfavorable report.		
	With recommendation that the House concur.		
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.		
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.		
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.		
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.		
	Without prejudice.		
	With an indefinite postponement report.		
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.		
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97		

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 23 Second Edition Engrossed 3/19/97 Proposed House Committee Substitute S23-PCS8740

	Short Title: Require Rental Property Heat. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	February 3, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT EVERY DWELLING UNIT LEASED AS RENTAL
3	PROPERTY IN CERTAIN CITIES BE FURNISHED WITH A SOURCE OF
4	HEAT.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. Part 6 of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is
7	amended by adding a new section to read:
8	"§ 160A-443A. Heat source required.
9	(a) A city shall, by ordinance, require that by January 1, 1998, every dwelling unit
10	leased as rental property within the city shall have, at a minimum, a central heating
11	system or sufficient chimneys, flues, or gas vents, with heating appliances connected,
12	so as to heat at least one habitable room, excluding the kitchen, to a minimum
13	temperature of 68 degrees Fahrenheit measured three feet above the floor with an
14	outside temperature of 20 degrees Fahrenheit.
15	(b) All heating systems and heating appliances shall be installed and maintained
16	in a good and safe working condition by the owner of the dwelling unit.
17	(c) Portable kerosene heaters are not acceptable as a permanent source of heat as
18	required by subsection (a) of this section, but may be used as a supplementary source
19	
20	subsection (a) shall not be held in violation of this section where an occupant of a

21 dwelling unit uses a kerosene heater as a primary source of heat.

1	(d) This section applies only to cities with a population of 200,000 or over,
2	according to the most recent decennial federal census.
3	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as:
4	(1) Diminishing the rights of or remedies available to any tenant under
5	a lease agreement, statute, or at common law; or
6	(2) Prohibiting a city from adopting an ordinance with more stringent
7	heating requirements than provided for by this section."
8	Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

SESSION 1997

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S23-CSRU-004 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 23

THIS IS A DRAFT 25-JUN-97 12:22:36

far report ATTENTION: LINE NUMBERS MAY CHANGE AFTER ADOPTION

Short Title: Require Rental Property Heat.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 3, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT EVERY DWELLING UNIT LEASED AS RENTAL PROPERTY IN CERTAIN CITIES BE FURNISHED WITH A SOURCE OF HEAT.

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Part 6 of Article 19 of Chapter 160A of the 6 General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

7 "\$ 160A-443A. Heat source required.

- 8 (a) A city shall, by ordinance, require that by January 1, 9 1998, every dwelling unit leased as rental property within the 10 city shall have, at a minimum, a central heating system or 11 sufficient chimneys, flues, or gas vents, with heating appliances 12 connected, so as to heat at least one habitable room, excluding 13 the kitchen, to a minimum temperature of 68 degrees Fahrenheit 14 measured three feet above the floor with an outside temperature 15 of 20 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 16 (b) All heating systems and appliances shall be installed and 17 maintained in a good and safe working condition by the owner of 18 the dwelling unit.
- 19 (c) Portable kerosene heaters are not acceptable as a 20 permanent source of heat as required by subsection (a) of this 21 section, but may be used as a supplementary source in single

1	family dwellings and duplex units. An owner who has complied
2	with subsection (a) shall not be held in violation of this
3	section where an occupant of a dwelling unit uses a kerosene
4	heater as a primary source of heat.
5	(d) This section applies only to cities with a population of
6	200,000 or over, according to the most recent decennial federal
7	census.
8	(e) Nothing in this section shall be construed as:
9	(1) diminishing the rights of or remedies available to
10	any tenant under a lease agreement, statute, or at
11	common law; or
12	(2) prohibiting a city from adopting an ordinance with
13	more stringent heating requirements than provided
14	for by this section."
15	Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

e W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel and Linwood Jones, Co-Counsel

to the Senate Commerce Committee.

RE:

SENATE BILL 23 - REQUIRE RENTAL PROPERTY HEAT - Senator

Reeves.

Senate Bill 23 requires that every dwelling unit in a city of 200,000 or more that is leased as rental property must have at least one heated habitable room other than the kitchen. The source of the heat must be a central heating system or sufficient chimneys, flues, or gas vents, with heating appliances connected. The heat source must be capable of heating the room to a temperature of 68 degrees Farenheit.

The owner of the dwelling unit must ensure that the heating appliances work and are properly maintained. If the owner of a single-family dwelling or duplex provides the heat in accordance with this act and the tenant uses a portable kerosene heater instead as the primary source of heat, the owner is not liable.

This bill only applies to cities with a population of 200,000 or more, based on the most recent census. Under the most recent census (1990), only Charlotte and Raleigh would be covered by this bill.

This bill would take effect upon becoming law.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No.	1, 2 19007
	H. B. No	DATE JULY 2, 127
	S. B. No. <u>23</u>	Amendment No.
	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	Rep.) Hall	
	Sen.)	
1	moves to amend the bill on page	, line
	() WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE	
3		WEW THE WORDS
4	*" ana " ana"	"PPLIANCES" THE WORD "HENTING".
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		SIGNED Hobby K- Nall
	ADOPTED	FAILEDTABLED

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) **Miner** for the Committee on **Commerce**.

•	Committee Substitute for 253 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE REGISTRATION OF TELEPHONIC SELLERS IN NORTH CAROLINA, AND TO MAKE THE OFFERING OF TELEPHONE SALES RECOVERY SERVICES A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance .
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on \square Appropriations \square Finance \square
\boxtimes	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary II.
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

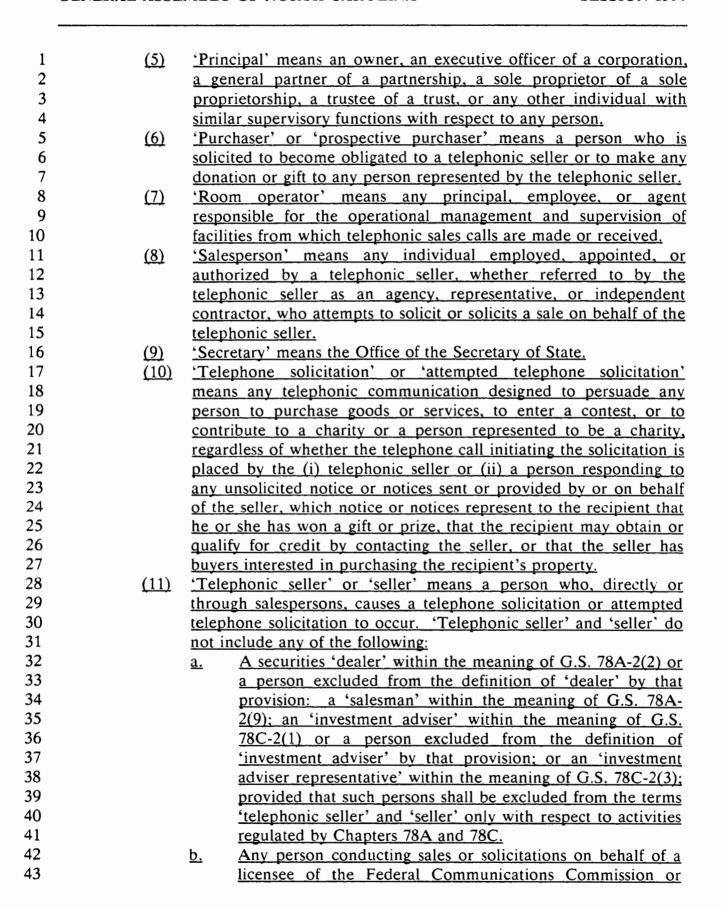
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SENATE BILL 253

Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/8/97 Proposed House Committee Substitute S253-PCS1856

Short Little: Telephone Consumer Protection/AB. (Public)			
Sponsors:	Sponsors: Referred to:		
Referred to:			
	February 27, 1997		
NORTH CAN SALES RECO The General Ass	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED EQUIRE THE REGISTRATION OF TELEPHONIC SELLERS IN ROLINA, AND TO MAKE THE OFFERING OF TELEPHONE OVERY SERVICES A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. embly of North Carolina enacts: on 1. Chapter 66 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a		
new Article to re	ead: "ARTICLE 33.		
"§ 66-260. Defin	elephonic Seller Registration and Bond Requirement. itions. s Article, unless the context requires otherwise:		
(1)	'Gift or prize' means any premium, bonus, award, or any other thing of value.		
(2)	'Item' means any good or any service. 'Item' includes coupon books, vouchers, or certificates that are to be used with businesses other than the seller's business.		
(3)	'Owner' means a person who owns or controls ten percent (10%) or more of the equity of, or otherwise has a claim to ten percent (10%) or more of the net income of, a telephonic seller.		
(4)	'Person' includes any individual, firm, association, corporation, partnership, joint venture, or any other business entity.		

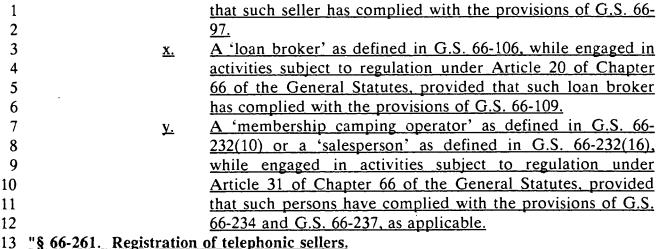


Page 2 Senate Bill 253

1		holder of a franchise or certificate of public convenience
2		and necessity from the North Carolina Utilities Commission.
3	<u>c.</u>	Any insurance agent or broker who is properly licensed by
4		the Department of Insurance and who is soliciting within the
5		scope of the agent's or broker's license or any employee or
6		independent contractor of an insurance company licensed by
7		the Department of Insurance conducting sales or
8		solicitations on behalf of that company.
9	<u>d.</u>	Any federally chartered bank or savings institution or any
10		bank or savings institution properly licensed by the State or
11		subject to federal regulating authorities.
12	<u>e.</u>	Any organization that is exempt under section 501(c)(3) of
13	. —	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor section,
14		or that is organized exclusively for one or more of the
15		purposes specified in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal
16		Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor section and that
17		upon dissolution shall distribute its assets to an entity that is
18		exempt under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue
19		Code of 1986 or any successor section, the United States, or
20		a state; any 'charitable solicitor' properly licensed under
21		Article 2 of Chapter 131F of the General Statutes, or any
22		person exempt from Chapter 131F of the General Statutes
23		under G.S. 131F-3.
24	<u>f.</u>	A person who periodically issues and delivers catalogs to
25		potential purchasers and the catalog:
26		1. Includes a written description or illustration and the
27		sales price of each item offered for sale;
28		2. Includes at least 24 full pages of written material or
29		illustrations;
30		3. Is distributed in more than one state; and
31		4. Has an annual circulation of not less than 250,000
32		customers.
33	<u>g.</u>	A person engaging in a commercial telephone solicitation
34	-	where the solicitation is an isolated transaction and not done
35		in the course of a pattern of repeated transactions of a like
36		nature.
37	<u>h.</u>	A person primarily soliciting the sale of a newspaper of
38	-	general circulation, a publisher of a magazine or other
39		periodical of general circulation, or an agent of such a
40		publisher acting pursuant to a written agency agreement.
41	<u>i.</u>	A person soliciting the sale of services provided by a cable
42	≅	television system operating under the authority of a local
43		franchise.

Senate Bill 253 Page 3

1		4. Who offers to send the purchaser descriptive
2		literature and does not require payment prior to the
3		purchaser's review of the descriptive literature.
4	<u>r.</u>	A person soliciting the purchase of contracts for the
5		maintenance or repair of items previously purchased from
6		the person making the solicitation or on whose behalf the
7		solicitation is made.
8	<u>S.</u>	A book, video, recording, or multimedia club or contractual
9	_	plan or arrangement:
10		1. Under which the seller provides the consumer with a
11		form with which the consumer can instruct the seller
12		not to ship the offered merchandise.
13		2. Which is regulated by the Federal Trade Commission
14		trade regulation concerning 'use of negative option
15		plans by sellers in commerce'.
16		3. Which provides for the sale of books, recordings,
17		multimedia products or goods, or videos which are
18		not covered under paragraphs 1. or 2. of this sub-
19		subdivision, including continuity plans, subscription
20		arrangements, standing order arrangements,
21		supplements, and series arrangements under which
22		the seller periodically ships merchandise to a
23		consumer who has consented in advance to receive
24		such merchandise on a periodic basis.
25	<u>t.</u>	A person who for at least two years has been operating
26		under the same name as that used in connection with its
27		telemarketing operations and retail establishment in North
28		Carolina where consumer goods are displayed and offered
29		for sale on a continuing basis if a majority of the person's
30		business involves the buyers obtaining services or products
31		at the person's retail establishment.
32	<u>u.</u>	A person:
33		1. Who provides telephone solicitation services under
34		contract to sellers;
35		2. Who has been operating continuously for at least
36		three years under the same business name; and
37		3. For whom at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
38		person's contracts are performed on behalf of other
39		persons exempt under this section.
40	<u>v.</u>	A person soliciting political contributions in accordance
41		with Article 22A of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes.
42	<u>w.</u>	The seller of a 'business opportunity' as defined in G.S. 66-
43		94, while engaged in activities subject to regulation under
44.		Article 19 of Chapter 66 of the General Statutes, provided



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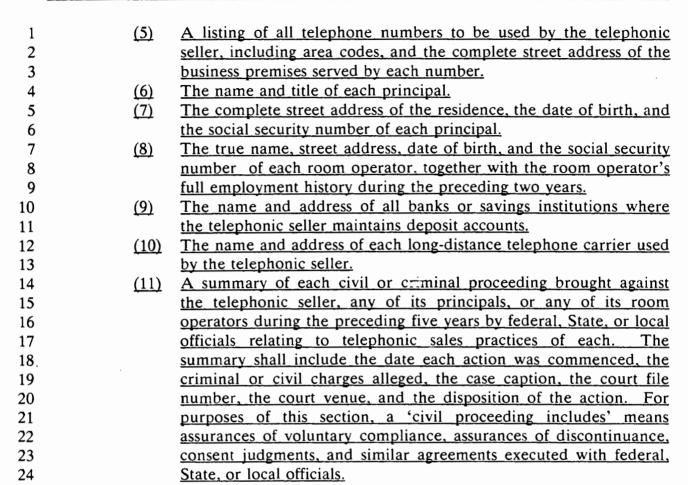
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- (a) Not less than 10 days before commencing telephone solicitations in this State, 15 a telephonic seller shall register with the Secretary by filing the information required in G.S. 66-262 and paying a filing fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00). A telephonic seller is doing business in this State if it solicits or attempts to solicit prospective 18 purchasers from locations in this State or solicits or attempts to solicit prospective purchasers who are located in this State.
- (b) The information required in G.S. 66-262 shall be submitted on a form 21 provided by the Secretary and shall contain the notarized signatures of each principal 22 of the telephonic seller.
- (c) Registration of a telephonic seller shall be valid for one year from the effective 24 date thereof and may be annually renewed by making the filing required in G.S. 66-25 262 and paying the filing fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00). Registration shall not 26 be deemed effective unless all required information is provided and any deficiencies or errors noted by the Secretary have been corrected to the satisfaction of the 28 Secretary.
- (d) Whenever, prior to expiration of a seller's annual registration, there is a 30 change in the information required by G.S. 66-262, the seller shall, within 10 days after the change, file an addendum with the Secretary updating the information. 31

32 **\\$ 66-262**. Filing information.

- (a) Each filing submitted to the Secretary shall contain all of the following information:
 - (1) The name or names, including any assumed names, under which the telephonic seller is doing or intends to do business in this State.
 - (2) The telephonic seller's business form and place of organization and, if the seller is a corporation, copies of its articles of incorporation and bylaws and amendments thereto, or if a partnership, a copy of the partnership agreement.
 - Complete street address of the telephonic seller's principal place of <u>(3)</u> business.
- 43 <u>(4)</u> The complete street address of each location from which telephone 44 solicitations are placed by the telephonic seller.

Page 6 Senate Bill 253



(b) For purposes of this section, 'street address' does not include a private mail service address.

"§ 66-263. Bond requirement; prizes and gifts.

(a) At least 10 days before the commencement of any promotion offering any gift or prize with an actual or represented market value of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) 30 or more, the telephonic seller shall notify the Secretary in writing of the details of the promotion, fully describing the nature and number of all gifts or prizes and their 32 current market value, the seller's rules and regulations governing the promotion, and 33 the date the gifts or prizes are to be awarded. All gifts or prizes offered shall be 34 awarded. Concurrent with notifying the Secretary under this subsection, the 35 telephonic seller shall post a bond with the Secretary for the market value or the 36 represented value, whichever is greater, of all gifts or prizes represented as available 37 under the promotion. The bond must be issued by a surety company authorized to 38 do business in this State. The bond shall be in favor of the State of North Carolina 39 for the benefit of any person entitled to receive a gift or prize under the promotion 40 who did not receive it within 30 days of the specified date of award. The amount 41 recoverable by any person under the bond shall not exceed the market value, the 42 represented value of the gift or prize, or the amount of any consideration or 43 contribution paid by that person in response to the telephone solicitation, whichever 44 is greatest.

Page 7

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- (b) Within 45 days after the specified date of the award of the gift or prize, the 2 seller shall provide, in writing, to the Secretary, proof that the gifts or prizes were 3 awarded. The writing shall include the name, address, and telephone number of all 4 persons receiving awards or prizes. The bond shall be maintained until the Secretary 5 receives reliable proof that the gifts or prizes have been delivered to the intended recipients.
- (c) The Attorney General, on behalf of any injured purchaser, or any purchaser who is injured by the bankruptcy of the telephonic seller or its breach of any agreement entered into in its capacity as a telephonic seller, may initiate a civil action 10 to recover against the bond.

11 "§ 66-264. Calls made to minors.

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A telephonic seller must inquire as to whether the prospective purchaser it is 13 contacting is under 18 years of age. If the prospective purchaser purports to be under 14 18 years of age, the telephonic seller must discontinue the call immediately.

15 "§ 66-265. Offers of gifts or prizes.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any telephonic seller to make a telephone solicitation or attempted telephone solicitation involving any gift or prize when the solicitation or attempted solicitation:
 - (1)Requests or directs the consumer to further the transaction by calling a 900 number or a pay-per-call number.
 - Requests or directs the consumer to send any payment or make a (2) donation in order to collect the gift or prize.
 - Does not comply fully with G.S. 75-30, 75-32, 75-33, or 75-34. (3)
- (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a telephonic seller may offer a gift or prize in connection with the bona fide sale of a product or service.

"§ 66-266. Penalties.

- (a) Any violation of this Article shall constitute an unfair and deceptive trade practice in violation of G.S. 75-1.1.
- (b) In an action by the Attorney General against a telephonic seller for violation of this Article, or for any other act or practice by a telephonic seller constituting a violation of G.S. 75-1.1, the court may impose civil penalties of up to twenty-five 32 thousand dollars (\$25,000) for each violation involving North Carolina purchasers or prospective purchasers who are 65 years of age or older.
- (c) The remedies and penalties available under this section shall be supplemental 35 to others available under the law, both civil and criminal.
 - (d) Compliance with this Article does not satisfy or substitute for any other requirements for license, registration, or conduct imposed by law.
- (e) In any civil proceeding alleging a violation of this Article, the burden of proving an exemption or an exception from a definition is upon the person claiming it, and in any criminal proceeding alleging a violation of this Article, the burden of producing evidence to support a defense based upon an exemption or an exception from a definition is upon the person claiming it." 42
- 43 Section 2. Article 52 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended 44 by adding a new section to read:

Page 8 Senate Bill 253

"§ 14-401.15.	Telephone sa	les recovery	services.

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- 2 (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, it shall be unlawful for any 2 person or firm to solicit or require payment of money or other consideration in 4 exchange for recovering or attempting to recover:
 - (1) Money or other valuable consideration previously tendered to a telephonic seller, as defined in G.S. 66-260; or
 - (2) Prizes, awards, or other things of value that the telephonic seller represented would be delivered.
 - (b) A violation of this section shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. Any violation involving actual collection of money or other consideration from a customer shall be punishable as a Class H felony.
- (c) This section does not apply to attorneys licensed to practice law in this State, to persons licensed by the North Carolina Private Protective Services Board, or to any collection agent properly holding a permit issued by the Department of Insurance to do business in this State."
- Section 3. Section 2 of this act becomes effective January 1, 1998, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date. The remaining sections of this act become effective October 1, 1997, and apply to violations occurring on or after that date.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834

Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

July 2, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 253 - Telephone Consumer Protection.

Senate Bill 253 requires telephonic sellers to register with the Secretary of State. A telephonic seller is a person who solicits persons by telephone to purchase goods or services, enter contests or contribute to charities, but does not include nonprofit charities, licensed charitable solicitors, insurance agents, banks, Realtors, securities sellers, utilities, airlines, and certain other enumerated persons, nor does it include certain types of transactions, such as isolated commercial solicitations and solicitations of persons who have previously initiated purchases from the solicitor (see G.S. 66-251(11)). The registration process includes the filing of required information and payment of a \$100 fee. Registration may be renewed annually upon payment of a \$100 fee.

In addition to registering, a telephonic seller engaged in a promotion involving gifts or prizes of \$500 or more must notify the Secretary of State of the details of the promotion and file a bond covering the value of the gifts and prizes offered. All gifts and prizes offered must be awarded. It is unlawful to request or demand payment or to require the calling of a pay-per-call number as a condition of claiming a gift. In addition, it unlawful to solicit anyone under 18 years of age. A person who is entitled to a gift or prize and does not receive it within 30 days may file a claim under the posted bond for the market or represented value of the gift or prize or the amount of consideration paid, whichever is greatest.

A violation is an unfair and deceptive trade practice under the Unfair and Deceptive Trade Practices Law. If the violation involves a victim aged 65 or older, the court, may impose a civil penalty of up to \$25,000.

Section 2 of the bill prohibits telephone sales recovery services. These are services provided by persons who, for a fee or other consideration, offer to recover money paid to a telephonic seller or prizes or gifts offered by the telephonic seller. Attorneys, persons licensed by the Private Protective Services Board, and licensed collection agents are exempt from this prohibition. A violation of this law is a Class H felony if a fee or other consideration is collected for the services; otherwise, the violation is a Class 1 misdemeanor.

Section 2 of the act becomes effective January 1, 1998 and applies to offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of the act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to violations occurring on or after that date.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

EDITI	ON No		1 1 1 1001
H. B.	No		DATE (July of 199)
S. B.	No. <u>253</u>		Amendment No.
COMN	MITTEE SUBSTITUTE		(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	Sen.)	'L	
1 move:	s to amend the bill on page	8	, line/ /
0 / 14	VILIOU CHANCES THE TITLE		•
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4	and substitute	ing the	gmast,
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1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner for the Committee on Commerce. Committee Substitute for S.B. 562 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF THE PROCESSING FEE CHARGED FOR RETURNED CHECKS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

4/24/97

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) **Miner** for the Committee on **Commerce**.

	By Representative(s) Miner for the Committee on Commerce.		
	Committee Substitute for		
S.E	S.B. 562 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF THE PROCESSING FEE CHARGED FOR RETURNED CHECKS.		
\boxtimes	With a favorable report.		
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance.		
	With a favorable report, as amended.		
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on _ Appropriations _ Finance _		
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \square which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)		
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \square which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.		
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)		
	With an unfavorable report.		
	With recommendation that the House concur.		
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.		
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.		
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.		
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.		
	Without prejudice.		
	With an indefinite postponement report.		
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.		
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97		

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 562 Second Edition Engrossed 4/15/97

Short Title:	Short Title: Increase Fees for Returned Checks. (Pub		
Sponsors:	Senators Warren, Cooper; and Martin of Pitt.		
Referred to: Commerce.			

April 1, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF THE PROCESSING FEE CHARGED FOR RETURNED CHECKS. 3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 Section 1. G.S. 25-3-506 reads as rewritten: "§ 25-3-506. Collection of processing fee for returned checks.

A person who accepts a check in payment for goods or services may charge and 8 collect a processing fee, not to exceed twenty dollars (\$20.00), twenty-five dollars 9 (\$25.00), for a check on which payment has been refused by the payor bank because 10 of insufficient funds or because the drawer did not have an account at that bank if at 11 the time the consumer presented the check to the person, a sign:

- Was conspicuously posted on or in the immediate vicinity of the (1) cash register or other place where the check is received;
 - Was in plain view of anyone paying for goods or services by check; (2)
- Was no smaller than 8 by 11 inches; and (3)
- Stated the amount of the fee that would be charged for returned 16 (4) 17 checks.

When the drawer sends a check by mail for payment of a debt and the check is 19 dishonored and returned, the processing fee may be collected if the drawer was given 20 prior written notice that a fee would be charged for returned checks. Any document 21 that clearly and conspicuously states the amount of the fee that will be charged for 22 returned checks and is delivered to the drawer or his agent, or is mailed first-class

1 mail to the drawer at his last known address as part of any document requesting 2 payment of a debt satisfies this notice requirement for that payment only.

If a collection agency collects or seeks to collect on behalf of its principal a processing fee as specified in this section in addition to the sum payable of a check, the amount of such processing fee must be separately stated on the collection notice.

6 The collection agency shall not collect or seek to collect from the drawer any sum 7 other than the actual amount of the returned check and the specified processing fee."

8 Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to 9 checks written on or after that date.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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he W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counse

RE:

Senate Bill 562 - Increase Fees for Returned Checks.

(Second Edition)

Senate Bill 562 amends the Uniform Commercial Code to increase the fee that can be charged for checks on which payment is refused because there are insufficient funds or for which there is no account at the time the consumer presented the check. This bill increases the fee from \$20 to \$25. The fee can be charged by anyone who accepts a check in payment for goods or services, so long as certain notice requirements are met. The fee was last raised from \$15 to \$20 on October 1, 1991.

This act would become effective October 1, 1997, and apply to checks written on or after that date.

1997 COMMITTÉE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) **Miner** for the Committee on **Commerce**.

Committee Substitute for S.B. 699 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT THE PLACE OF BUSINESS OF A MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER WHO SELLS ONLY TRAILERS OR SEMITRAILERS DOES NOT HAVE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FOR AN ESTABLISHED OFFICE OR SALESROOM OF A MOTOR VEHICLE DEALER. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary I. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S

SENATE BILL 699 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 4/29/97

Short Title: Modify Vehicle Dealer Requirements.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	***
April 7, 1997	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT THE PLACE OF BUSINESS OF A VEHICLE DEALER WHO SELLS ONLY TRAILERS OR SEMITION DOES NOT HAVE TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS SET FESTABLISHED OFFICE OR SALESROOM OF A MOTOR VEHICLE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 20-288(d) reads as rewritten: "(d) To obtain a license as a wholesaler, the an applicant who intends distribute self-propelled vehicles must have an established office in this States.	RAILERS FOR AN FEHICLE to sell or
and an applicant who intends to sell or distribute only trailers or semitrate	
have a place of business in this State where the records required under th	
are kept. To obtain a license as a motor vehicle dealer, an applicant who intends self-propelled vehicles must have an established salesroom in this State. State applicant who intends to deal in only trailers or semitrailers must have a	e, and an
business in this State where the records required under this Article are kept.	
An applicant for a license as a manufacturer, a factory branch, a dist distributor branch, a wholesaler, or a motor vehicle dealer must have a license for each established office, established salesroom, or other place of b this State. An application for any of these licenses shall include a li	ributor, a separate usiness in
applicant's places of business in this State." Section 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.	



George R. Hall, Legislative Services Office (919) 733-7044

Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

July 2, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

Senate Bill 699 - Modify Vehicle Dealer Requirements.

Second Edition

Senate Bill 699 amends the Motor Vehicle Dealers and Manufacturers Licensing Law to provide that motor vehicle wholesalers and dealers who sell only trailers or semitrailers need only maintain a place of business in this State where the records required by the Article are kept. Under current law, in order to obtain a license, a wholesaler or dealer must have an established office or salesroom, which must contain at least 96 square feet of floor space in a permanent enclosed building and where the records and files are kept. This bill changes the requirement for wholesalers and dealers of trailers and semitrailers by requiring that they only need to maintain a place of business where the records are kept.

This act becomes effective when it becomes law.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

	EDITION No.	July 2,
	H. B. No	DATE
	S. B. No. 699 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE	Amendment No (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
	Rep.) <u>SENATOR HAI</u>) Sen.)	M ILTON_HORTON
1 2 3	() WHICH CHANGES THE TITLE	1 , line 11 he word "semi-trailers" the phase,
4	"of less than 250	O pounds unloaded weight" and on line 16,
5		r the word "semi-trailer" the phrase
6	"of less than 2500	O pounds unloaded weight."
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19		SIGNED William Shath
‡	ADOPTED	FAILEDTABLED

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

COMMERCE

JULY 2, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Sillal bilans	NCHBA
Joy Polissly	Faurence Brilly & asox.
My Loud Thereles	DEHNR
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Tour Anders	prome
Rechard O'Brian	PFFWC
Dzuit (legg	25
Rob Scho RN	Meso c
Deck Hutch	AARC
Viella Bahlan	AARP
1-red Dalalman	MARP
OSCAR Smith	AARP
Oleme Ogles	AARP
hand Klahman	All Asses (SEA).
Jane Feather	ncoulty Den.
Dane J. fray	po5
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Byron Nelson	Winston-Salam
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MAUL STOCK	NC BANKERS ASSN.
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Frank Grass	Georday of Blake

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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		/I H. K	(H

JULY 2, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
David & Massey	Sec. of flate
2 Mm	NC Assuc of Realtors
Alan Miles	Barley & Droon LLP
Sim Joll	MEAFI
CATH HUNDLEY	WEYGRAMUSED
And com	More i VanAlle
Cam Cover	BPMUL
Gary Harris	NC Petroleum Marketers Assoc,
Dong Howey	1/ 200
Jon Miller	More + an Alla
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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE JULY 9,1997 2:40 PM

DAVID MINER, CHAIRMAN

MEMBERS PRESENT

William Hiatt, Co-Chair, Martha Alexander, Donald Bonner, Robert Brawley, Bill Culpepper, Andrew Dedmon, Dub Dickson, Bobby Hall, Sandy Hardy, George Holmes, John Hurley, Bill Ives, Larry Justus, Danny McComas, Ed McMahan, Richard Morgan, Mia Morris, Mia Morris Charles Neeley, John Nichols, Jean Preston, Liston Ramsey, John Rayfield, David Redwine, Ronald Smith, Michael Wilkins, Gene Wilson, Thomas Wright, Larry Womble.

The House Committee on Commerce met at 2:40 pm on Wednesday, July 9, 1997, in room 643 of the Legislative Office Building with Chairman David Miner presiding. The meeting was delayed due to a joint meeting of the House Rules and Education Committee for the confirmation of State Education Board members.

Chairman Miner called the meeting to order and the following bills were discussed:

Senate Bill 333, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING THE PROCEDURE FOR ENTRY OF ORDERS IN THE COMMODITIES ACT. Sen. Walter Dalton, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Danny McComas moved for a favorable report. The committee voted on the motion and it passed. Senate Bill 333 received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 382, entitled AN ACT REDEFINING THE BASE PERIOD FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ELIMINATING THE ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TEST. Sen. Leslie Winner, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Richard Morgan moved for a favorable report. The committee voted on the motion and it passed. Senate Bill 382 received a favorable report.

Senate Bill 425, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARTICLE ON REFRIGERATION CONTRACTORS. Sen. Brad Miller, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Richard Morgan moved for a favorable report and to have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The committee held a voice vote and the motion passed. Senate Bill 425 received a favorable report and was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

Senate Bill 531, entitled AN ACT TO REQUIRE STATE GOVERNMENT AGENCIES TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF MENUS ON AUTOMATED PHONE

SYSTEMS THAT CALLERS MUST GO THROUGH BEFORE CONNECTING TO A PERSON AND TO ALLOW ACCESS TO AN ATTENDANT OR OPERATOR ON THE FIRST MENU. Sen. Charles Albertson, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. John Hurley offers an amendment. The committee held a voice vote and the amendment was accepted. The amended bill was rolled into a committee substitute. Rep. John Nichols moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill. The committee held a voice vote and the motion passed. The committee substitute for Senate Bill 531 received a favorable report and unfavorable to the original bill.

Senate Bill 730, entitled AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS BY INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES AND POLLUTION CONTROL FINANCING AUTHORITIES. Sen. Frank Ballance, the bill sponsor, introduced and explained the bill. Rep. Larry Womble moved for a favorable report and to have the bill re-referred to the House Finance Committee. The committee held a voice vote and the motion passed. Senate Bill 730 received a favorable report and was re-referred to the House Finance Committee.

House Bill 257, entitled AN ACT TO PROVIDE A TAX CREDIT FOR RAILROADS PROVIDING INCREASED SERVICE TO THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PORTS. Rep. Danny McComas, the bill sponsor, introduced a proposed committee substitute, which changed the title of the bill. Rep. Danny McComas offered the committee substitute. There was no objection by the committee, so the committee substitute was before the committee. Rep. Danny McComas moved for a favorable report for the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill and to have it re-referred to the Committee on Rules, Calendar and the Operations of the House. The committee held a voice vote and the motion passed. The committee substitute for House Bill 257 received a favorable report, unfavorable to the original bill and was re-referred to Committee on Rules, Calendar and the Operations of the House.

The committee adjourned at 3:00 p.m.

David Miner, Chairman

Stephanie Mansur, Committee Clerk

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on Commerce.

					
	THE PROCEDURE FOR ENTRY OF ORDERS IN THE COMMODITIES ACT.				
\boxtimes	With a favorable report.				
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance				
	With a favorable report, as amended.				
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐				
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), \square which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)				
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.				
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)				
	With an unfavorable report.				
	With recommendation that the House concur.				
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.				
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.				
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.				
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.				
	Without prejudice.				
	With an indefinite postponement report.				
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.				
П	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)				

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S

SENATE BILL 333 Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 3/19/97

	Short Title: Commodities Act Amendment/AB. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	March 10, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW GOVERNING THE PROCEDURE FOR ENTRY
3	OF ORDERS IN THE COMMODITIES ACT.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 78D-30(d) reads as rewritten:
6	"(d) If no hearing is requested request for a hearing, other responsive pleading, or
7	submission is received by the Administrator within 30 business days of receipt of
8	service of notice of summary order under subsection (b) of this section and none no
9	hearing is ordered by the Administrator, the summary order will automatically
10	become a final order after 30 business days. days from the date service of the notice
11	of summary order was received."
12	Section 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies to
13	administrative proceedings commenced on or after that date.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

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Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 333 - COMMODITIES ACT AMENDMENTS - Senator Dalton

Senate Bill 333 clarifies the effective date of a summary order issued by the Secretary of State for an alleged violation of the Commodities Act. This bill is a recommendation of the Secretary of State's office.

The bill clarifies that if no request for a hearing, other responsive pleading, or any other submission is received by the Secretary of State in response to a summary order issued by the Secretary within 30 days after receipt of the service of the notice of the summary order, the order becomes effective 30 business days after the date the service of notice of the summary order was received. The present law is not clear as to the time limit for requesting a hearing nor when the order becomes effective.

Actions by the Secretary of State under this section are civil administrative proceedings, normally seeking to stop actions in violation of the law. While certain violations of the Commodities Act are punished as Class I felonies, the administrative actions, primarily as cease and desist orders, are often used in situations where violations are initiated out of state and where obtaining criminal jurisdiction would be more difficult.

This bill would become effective October 1, 1997, and would apply to administrative proceedings commenced by the Secretary of State on or after that date.

S333-SMRU-001

§ 78D-30. Procedure for entry of an order.

- (a) The Administrator shall commence an administrative proceeding under this Chapter, by entering either a notice of intent to do a contemplated act or a summary order. The notice of intent or summary order may be entered without notice, without opportunity for hearing, and need not be supported by findings of fact or conclusions of law, but must be in writing.
- (b) Upon entry of a notice of intent or summary order, the Administrator shall promptly notify all interested parties that the notice or summary order has been entered and the reasons therefor. If the proceeding is pursuant to a notice of intent, the Administrator shall inform all interested parties of the dates, time, and place set for the hearing on the notice. If the proceeding is pursuant to a summary order, the Administrator shall inform all interested parties that they have 30 business days from the entry of the order to file a written request for a hearing on the matter with the Administrator and that the hearing will be scheduled to commence with 30 business days after the receipt of the written request.
- (c) If the proceeding is pursuant to a summary order, the Administrator, whether or not a written request for a hearing is received from any interested party, may set the matter down for hearing on the Administrator's own motion.
- (d) If no hearing is requested and none is ordered by the Administrator, the summary order will automatically become a final order after 30 business days.
- (e) If a hearing is requested or ordered, the Administrator, after notice of, and opportunity for, hearing to all interested persons, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until final determination.
 - (f) No final order or order after hearing may be returned without:
 - (1) Appropriate notice to all interested persons;
 - (2) Opportunity for hearing by all interested persons; and
 - (3) Entry of written findings of fact and conclusions of law.

Every hearing in an administrative proceeding under this Chapter shall be public unless the Administrator grants a request joined in by all the respondents that the hearing be conducted privately.

(1989, c. 634, s. 1.)

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, and Tallent for the Committee on COMMERCE.

	COMMERCE.			
	Committee Substitute for B. 382 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT REDEFINING THE BASE PERIOD FOR UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS AND ELIMINATING THE ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TEST.			
\boxtimes	With a favorable report.			
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance.			
	With a favorable report, as amended.			
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance			
	With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)			
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.			
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)			
\Box	With an unfavorable report.			
	With recommendation that the House concur.			
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.			
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.			
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.			
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.			
	Without prejudice.			
	With an indefinite postponement report.			
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.			
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)			

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

S

SENATE BILL 382 Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/22/97

Short Title: Redefine Unemp. Ins. Base Period.		(Public)	
Sponsors:			
Referred to:	THE THE TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PART	18 18 18	
	March 12, 1997		
AND ELIMINATING The General Assembly	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED THE BASE PERIOD FOR UNEMPLO THE ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES TO Solve the Carolina enacts: G.S. 96-8(17) reads as rewritten: Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 727, Repealed by Session Laws 1977, c. 727, As to claims filed on or after October 19 who do not have a benefit year in preshall mean the one-year period beginning of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of a week with respect to which an independent of the properties	s. 33. s. 33. l, 1974, for claimants ogress, 'benefit year' ing with the first day dividual first registers enefits. A valid claim ly if such individual, ployed, and has been at least five hundred 50), and equal to at quarter wages, which one hundred and fifty in or after August 1, e a benefit year in the 52 week period with respect to which	

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for benefits. Provided, however, if the first day of a week with respect to which an individual first registers for work and files a valid claim for benefits is either (i) the first day of a calendar quarter, or (ii) the second day of a calendar quarter followed by a February 29 within one year thereof, 'benefit year' shall mean the one-year period beginning with that first day of the week with respect to which the individual first registers for work and files a valid claim for benefits. A valid claim shall be deemed to have been filed only if such individual, at the time the claim is filed, is unemployed, and has been paid wages in his base period totaling at least six times the average weekly insured wage, obtained in accordance with G.S. 96-8(22) and equal to at least one and one-half-times his high-quarter wages, which high-quarter wages must equal at least one and one-half times the average weekly insured wage, obtained in accordance with G.S. 96-8(22). G.S. 96-8(22), and has been paid wages in at least two quarters of the individual's base period.

Repealed by Session Laws, 1981, c. 160, s. 11." d.

Section 2. G.S. 96-8(18) reads as rewritten:

"(18) 'Base period' means the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit year as defined in subdivision (17) of this section. If an individual lacks sufficient base period wages in order to establish a benefit year in the manner set forth above, the claimant shall have an alternative base period substituted for the current base period so as not to prevent establishment of a valid claim. For the purposes of this subdivision, 'alternative base period' means the last four completed calendar quarters."

Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to new 32 initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997. The Employment Security 33 Commission shall report to the General Assembly by January 1, 2001, on the effect of 34 this act on unemployment compensation claims. This act expires September 1, 2001.



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

George R. Hall, Legislative Services Officer (919) 733-7044

Eraine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sullivan, Director Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-2578

July 9, 1997

TO: Rep. David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee.

FROM: William R. Gilkeson, Staff Attorney.

RE: Senate Bill 382 – Redefine UE Base Period.

Senate Bill 382, introduced by Senator Winner, would redefine the "base period" that a person must have worked before being eligible for unemployment benefits. It would also eliminate one of the other tests ("the one and one-half times test") to determine eligibility.

The bill was recommended by the Employment Security Commission.

1. Flexible Base Period. -- Currently, a person's base period is the first four of the last five completed calendar quarters prior to the filing of the claim for unemployment benefits. To be eligible for unemployment benefits, a claimant must have earned wages during that base period at least six times greater than the average weekly insured wage. Senate Bill 382 would provide that if the claimant did not earn enough wages during the first four of the last five quarters to qualify for unemployment benefits, the last four calendar quarters would be used as a base period instead. The claimant would not have the option of choosing which base period would result in the highest benefits; if the claimant qualified under the first four quarters, then that's the base period that would be used.

(The base period North Carolina currently uses is quite common among the states, but is the subject of a major dispute in the federal courts and in Congress. The first-four-of-five-quarters base period has been challenged in Illinois and California as being in conflict with federal law. This April, the 7th Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals (in *Pennington v. Doherty*, 110 F.3d 502) agreed with the challenge and held that Illinois's law denied a claimant her right under the U.S. Social Security Act to be given benefits "when due." The State of Illinois is now seeking to appeal that decision to the U.S. Supreme Court. Meanwhile, Congress is considering as part of its budget negotiations a provision that would overrule *Pennington* and leave to the states the discretion to determine the base period. That provision passed the House but was removed from the Senate bill by floor amendment. The budget conferees are considering that provision, along with the rest of the budget, this summer. Because the *Pennington* decision was based on interpretation of a statute and not a constitutional principle, Congress's changing the statute would overrule the case.)

2. "One-and-a-Half-Times" Test. -- Current law also requires that the person's base period wages must be at least one and one-half times his/her high quarter wages and that these high quarter wages must be at least one and one-half times the average weekly insured wage. Senate Bill 382 would eliminate this requirement. Instead, it simply says that claimant must have been paid *some* wages in two quarters. The "six times" test referred to above would not be eliminated.

This bill would take effect upon becoming law and applies to new initial claims filed on or after September 1, 1997. As the Senate passed the bill, its provisions would sunset September 1, 2001.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on Commerce. ☐ Committee Substitute for S.B. 425 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARTICLE ON REFRIGERATION CONTRACTORS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 4/24/97

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 425

125 red \$ fo go 1

Short Title: Refrigeration Contractors.

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Senator Miller.

Referred to: Commerce.

March 19, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARTICLE ON REFRIGERATION CONTRACTORS.

3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 87-58(a) reads as rewritten:

As applied in this Article, "refrigeration trade or business" is defined to 6 include all persons, firms or corporations engaged in the installation, maintenance, 7 servicing and repairing of refrigerating machinery, equipment, devices and 8 components relating thereto and within limits as set forth in the codes, laws and 9 regulations governing refrigeration installation, maintenance, service and repairs 10 within the State of North Carolina or any of its political subdivisions, provided 11 however, that this subdivisions. This Article shall not apply to the replacement of 12 lamps and fuses and to the installation and servicing of domestic household 13 refrigerators and freezers or domestic ice-making appliances connected by means of 14 attachment plug-in devices to suitable receptacles which have been permanently 15 installed, and provided, further, that the installed. The provisions of this Article shall 16 not repeal any wording, phrase, or paragraph as set forth in Article 2 of Chapter 87 17 of the General Statutes. North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 87, Article 2; and 18 provided, further, that this This Article shall not apply to employees of persons, 19 firms, or corporations or persons, firms or corporations, not engaged in refrigeration 20 contracting as herein defined, that install, maintain and service their own refrigerating 21 machinery, equipment and devices. The provisions of this Article shall not apply to 22 any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of selling, repairing and 23 installing any air-conditioning units, comfort cooling devices or systems systems. for

1 the purpose of cooling offices, buildings, houses, works, manufacturing plants, or any 2 machinery, manufactured article or processing of material."

Section 2. G.S. 87-58(d) reads as rewritten:

4 "(d) In order to protect the public health, comfort and safety, the Board shall 5 prescribe the standard of experience to be required of an applicant for license and 6 shall give an examination designed to ascertain the technical and practical knowledge 7 of the applicant concerning the analysis of plans and specifications, estimating cost, 8 fundamentals of installation and design as they pertain to refrigeration; and as a result 9 of the examination, the Board shall issue a certificate of license in refrigeration to 10 applicants who pass the required examination and a license shall be obtained in 11 accordance with the provisions of this Article, before any person, firm or corporation 12 shall engage in, or offer to engage in the business of refrigeration contracting. The 13 Board shall prescribe standards for and issue licenses for refrigeration contracting and 14 for transport refrigeration contracting. A transport refrigeration contractor license is a 15 specialty license that authorizes the licensee to engage only in transport refrigeration 16 contracting. A refrigeration contractor licensee is authorized to engage in transport 17 refrigeration and all other aspects of refrigeration contracting.

Each application for examination shall be accompanied by a check, post-office 19 money order or cash in the amount of the annual license fee required by this Article. 20 Regular examinations shall be given in the months of April and October of each year 21 and additional examinations may be given at times the Board deems wise and Any person may demand in writing a special examination and upon payment by the applicant of the cost of holding the examination and the deposit of 24 the amount of the annual license fee, the Board in its discretion will fix a time and 25 place for the examination. A person who fails to pass any examination shall not be reexamined until the next regular examination."

Section 3. G.S. 87-60 reads as rewritten:

"§ 87-60. Reissuance of revoked licenses; replacing lost or destroyed licenses.

The Board may in its discretion reissue license to any person, firm or corporation 30 whose license may have been revoked: Provided, three or more members was 31 revoked if a majority of the Board vote votes in favor of such reissuance for reasons 32 deemed sufficient by the Board. A new certificate of registration to replace any 33 license which may be lost or destroyed may be issued subject to the rules and 34 regulations of the Board."

Section 4. G.S. 87-62 reads as rewritten:

36 "§ 87-62. Only one person in partnership or corporation need have license.

(a) A corporation or partnership may engage in the business of refrigeration 38 contracting provided if one or more persons connected with such the corporation or 39 partnership is registered and licensed as herein required; and provided such required, 40 and the licensed person shall execute executes all contracts, exercises general 41 supervision over the work done thereunder and be is responsible for compliance with 42 all the provisions of this Article. The Board may determine the number of businesses 43 and the proximity of the businesses one to another over which the licensed person 44 may be responsible.

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- (b) For purposes of this section, the licensee's connection to the corporation or partnership shall be in the form of a written contract that is executed prior to the corporation or partnership engaging in refrigeration contracting.
- (c) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit any employee from becoming licensed 5 pursuant to the provisions thereof."

Section 5. G.S. 87-64 reads as rewritten:

"§ 87-64. Examination and license fees; annual renewal.

Each applicant for a license by examination shall pay to the Board of Refrigeration 9 Examiners a nonrefundable examination fee in an amount not to exceed the sum of 10 forty dollars (\$40.00). In the event the applicant successfully passes said the 11 examination, the examination fee so paid shall be applied to the license fee required 12 of licensees for the current year in which the examination was taken and passed.

The license of every person licensed under the provisions of this statute shall be 13 14 annually renewed. On or before November 1 of each year the Board shall cause to be 15 mailed an application for renewal of license to every person who has received from 16 the Board a license to engage in the refrigeration business, as heretofore defined. On 17 or before January 1 of each year every licensed person who desires to continue in the 18 refrigeration business shall forward to the Board a renewal fee in an amount not to 19 exceed forty dollars (\$40.00) together with the application for renewal. Upon receipt 20 of the application and renewal fee the Board shall issue a renewal certificate for the 21 current year. Failure to renew the license annually shall automatically result in a 22 forfeiture of the right to engage in the refrigeration business. Any licensee who allows 23 his the license to lapse may be reinstated by the Board upon payment of a fee not to 24 exceed forty-five dollars (\$45.00); provided any seventy-five dollars (\$75.00). Any 25 person who fails to renew his a license for two consecutive years shall be required to 26 take and pass the examination prescribed by the Board for new applicants before 27 being licensed to engage further in the refrigeration business."

Section 6. This act is effective when it becomes law.

Senate Bill 425 Page 3



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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ne W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500

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June 25, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chair, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

O. Walker Reagan, Committee Co-Counsel and Linwood Jones, Senate

Commerce Committee Co-Counsel

RE:

SENATE BILL 425 - REFRIGERATION CONTRACTORS - Senator Miller.

Senate Bill 425 amends the laws governing refrigeration contractors.

Section 1 makes several grammatical changes and redefines the exemption for persons installing air conditioning units, devices, and systems in homes, businesses, plants, etc., as persons installing "comfort cooling devices or systems."

Section 2 repeals a provision that prevents a person who fails the licensing exam from retaking the exam any earlier than the next regular scheduled examination. This will allow that person to request a special exam as first-time takers can do.

Section 3 revises the language concerning reissuance of a license to a person whose license was revoked. Current law requires three or more members to vote in favor of the reissuance in order for a person to obtain a reissued license. The bill will require a majority of the Board (4 members of the 7-member board).

Section 4 of the bill adds a provision that makes clear that the Board can determine how many businesses the licensed person can supervision and their proximity to one another. In addition, the licensed person's connection to the business entity must be spelled out in a written contract in advance. Current law allows a corporation or partnership to engage in the business of refrigeration contracting as long as a licensed contractor is in charge and exercises general supervision over all work.

Section 5 increases the maximum fee for reinstatement of a lapsed license from \$45 to \$75.

Section 6 makes this act effective when it becomes law.

S425-SMRU-001

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on Commerce. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE STATE GOVERNMENT S.B. 531 AGENCIES TO REDUCE THE NUMBER OF MENUS ON AUTOMATED PHONE SYSTEMS THAT CALLERS MUST GO THROUGH BEFORE CONNECTING TO A PERSON AND TO ALLOW ACCESS TO AN ATTENDANT OR OPERATOR ON THE FIRST MENU. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY

 Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the bill is placed on the Calendar of
 The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is (ordered engrossed and) re- referred to the Committee on
 The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is placed on the Consent Calendar of The original bill/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
 The bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
 On motion of (Rep
 Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the (House)committee substitute bill (No)/resolution is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill) (House Committee Substitute Bill No)/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
 On motion of Rep, (the rules are suspended) (Rule is suspended) and the bill/resolution is placed on today's calendar. (for immediate consideration.)
 On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
 On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
 Rep offers Amendment No which (is adopted.) (fails of adoption.) (by EV) () This amendment changes the title.
 The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its second reading (by following vote,
 The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its third reading (by the following vote,
 On motion of Rep, the House concurs in the (material) Senate (by the following vote, RC) (, by EV,) and the bill is ordered enrolled.
me om is ordered emoned.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

Short Title: State Phone Systems.

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(Public)

SENATE BILL 531 Second Edition Engrossed 4/21/97 Proposed Committee Substitute S531-PCS4629

	Sponsors:			
	Referred to:			
	March 27, 1997			
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE STATE GOVERNMENT AGENCIES TO REDUCE THE			
3	NUMBER OF MENUS ON AUTOMATED PHONE SYSTEMS THAT			
4	CALLERS MUST GO THROUGH BEFORE CONNECTING TO A PERSON			
5				
6	FIRST MENU.			
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:			
8	Section 1. The General Assembly finds that:			
9	(1) Some telephone systems operated by State government agencies			
10	require callers to proceed through several menus to finally reach			
11	an individual extension, an arrangement that can be intimidating to			
12	the caller;			
13	(2) Many State telephone systems also make it difficult to reach an			
14	attendant or operator at the agency; and			
15	(3) While automated telephone systems and voice mail are intended to			
16	improve the efficiency of government, the first duty of government			
17	is to serve the people, and efficiency should not impede the			
18	average citizen in attempting to contact a State agency for service			
19	or information.			
20	Section 2. State agency telephone systems routing calls to multiple			
21				
22	menus that a caller must go through to reach the desired extension, and to allow the			

- 1 caller to reach an attendant or operator from the first menu when calling during 2 normal business hours.
- This act shall be implemented by State agencies with existing personnel at 4 no additional cost to the State.
- 5 Section 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

Page 2



North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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July 7, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

House Committee on Commerce

FROM:

Steven Rose, Committee Counsel for Public Utilities

RE:

Senate Bill 531; State phone systems

Senate Bill 531 provides that automated telephone systems operated by State government agencies must minimize the number of menus a caller must go through to reach the desired extension, and must allow the caller to reach an operator from the first menu when calling during regular business hours. The necessary reprogramming must be done by July 1, 1997 and must be implemented with no additional cost to the State.

The act is effective when it becomes law. The implementation date should be changed since July 1 has passed.

S531-SMRL-001



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT Senate Bill 531

	AMENDMENT NO. (to be filled in by Principal Clerk) S531-ARL-001 Page 1 of 1
	Date 7-9-97,1997
	Comm. Sub. [] Amends Title [] Second Edition
1 2 3 4	moves to amend the bill on page 2, line 4, by deleting the date "July 1, 1997," and substituting the date "September 1, 1997,". SIGNED Bokuluy Amendment Sponsor
	SIGNED Committee Chair if Senate Committee Amendment ADOPTED TABLED

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on Commerce. Committee Substitute for S.B. 730 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS BY INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES AND POLLUTION CONTROL FINANCING AUTHORITIES. ☐ With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐ With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ With a favorable report as to committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\square\) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY) ☐ With an unfavorable report. ☐ With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. ☐ With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 730 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/10/97

Short Title: Industrial Revenue Bond Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

6 7

April 7, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS 3 BY INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES AND POLLUTION CONTROL FINANCING 4 AUTHORITIES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 159C-6, as amended by S.L. 1997-111, reads as rewritten: "§ 159C-6. Bonds.

Each authority is authorized to provide for the issuance, at one time or from time 8 9 to time, of bonds of the authority for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost 10 of any project. The principal of, the interest on and any premium payable upon the 11 redemption of such bonds shall be payable solely from the funds herein authorized 12 for such payment. The bonds of each issue shall bear interest as may be determined 13 by the Local Government Commission of North Carolina with the approval of the 14 authority and the obligor irrespective of the limitations of G.S. 24-1.1, as amended, 15 and successor provisions. The bonds of each issue shall be dated, shall mature at such 16 time or times not exceeding 30 years from 35 years after the date of their issuance, 17 and may be made redeemable before maturity at such price or prices and under such 18 terms and conditions, as may be fixed by the authority prior to the issuance of the 19 bonds. The authority shall determine the form and the manner of execution of the 20 bonds, including any interest coupons to be attached thereto, and shall fix the 21 denomination or denominations of the bonds and the place or places of payment of 22 principal and interest. In case any officer whose signature or a facsimile of whose 23 signature shall appear appears on any bonds or coupons shall cease ceases to be an

1 that officer before the delivery of the bonds, the signature or the facsimile shall 2 nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if the person had 3 remained in office until such delivery. The authority may also provide for the 4 authentication of the bonds by a trustee or fiscal agent. The bonds may be issued in 5 coupon or in fully registered form, or both, as the authority may determine, and 6 provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bonds as to principal alone 7 and also as to both principal and interest, and for the reconversion into coupon 8 bonds of any bonds registered as to both principal and interest, and for the 9 interchange of registered and coupon bonds.

The proceeds of the bonds of each issue shall be used solely for the payment of the 11 cost of the project or projects, or a portion thereof, for which the bonds were issued, and shall be disbursed in such manner and under such restrictions, if any, as the 13 authority may provide in the financing agreement and the security document. If the 14 proceeds of the bonds of any issue, by reason of increased construction costs or error 15 in estimates or otherwise, shall be are less than such cost, additional bonds may in 16 like manner be issued to provide the amount of the deficiency.

The proceeds of bonds shall not be used to refinance the cost of a project. For the purposes of this section, a cost of a project is considered refinanced if both of the following conditions are met:

- The cost is initially paid from sources other than bond proceeds, (1) and the original expenditure is to be reimbursed from bond
- The original expenditure was paid more than 60 days before the (2) authority took some action indicating its intent that the expenditure would be financed or reimbursed from bond proceeds.

26 However, preliminary expenditures that are incurred prior to the commencement of the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of a project, such as architectural costs, 27 28 engineering costs, surveying costs, soil testing costs, bond issuance costs, and other similar costs, may be reimbursed from bond proceeds even if these costs are incurred 30 or paid more than 60 days prior to the authority's action. This exception that allows 31 preliminary expenditures to be reimbursed from bond proceeds, regardless of whether 32 or not they are incurred or paid within 60 days of the authority's action, does not 33 include costs that are incurred incident to the commencement of the construction of a 34 project, such as expenditures for land acquisition and site preparation. In any event, 35 an expenditure originally paid before the authority took some action indicating its 36 intent that the expenditures would be financed or reimbursed from bond proceeds may only be reimbursed from bond proceeds if the authority finds that reimbursing those costs from bond proceeds will promote the purposes of this Chapter. 38

The authority may issue interim receipts or temporary bonds, with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds when such bonds have been executed and are available for delivery. The authority may also provide for the replacement of any bonds which shall that become mutilated or shall be are destroyed or lost.

Bonds may be issued under the provisions of this Chapter without obtaining, 44 except as otherwise expressly provided in this Chapter, the consent of the State or of

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1 any political subdivision or of any agency of either thereof, either, and without any 2 other proceedings or the happening of any conditions or things other than those 3 proceedings, conditions or things which are specifically required by this Chapter and 4 the provisions of the financing agreement and security document authorizing the 5 issuance of such bonds and securing the same."

Section 2. G.S. 159C-7 reads as rewritten:

7 "§ 159C-7. Approval of project. project by Secretary of Commerce.

- (a) Approval Required. -- No bonds may be issued by an authority unless the 9 project for which the issuance thereof their issuance is proposed is first approved by 10 the Secretary of Commerce. The authority shall file an application for approval of its 11 proposed project with the Secretary of Commerce, and shall notify the Local 12 Government Commission of such filing.
- (b) Findings. -- The Secretary shall not approve any proposed project unless he 14 shall make the Secretary makes all of the following, applicable findings:
 - (1) In the case of a proposed industrial project,
 - That the operator of the proposed project pays, or has agreed to pay thereafter, an average weekly manufacturing wage that (i) which is above the average weekly manufacturing wage paid in the county, or (ii) which is not less than ten percent (10%) above the average weekly manufacturing wage paid in the State, and
 - b. That the proposed project will not have a materially adverse effect on the environment; environment.
 - In the case of a proposed pollution control project, that such (2) project will have a materially favorable impact on the environment or will prevent or diminish materially the impact of pollution which would otherwise occur; and occur.
 - (2a)In the case of a hazardous waste facility or low-level radioactive waste facility which that is used as a reduction, recovery or recycling facility, that such project will further the waste management goals of North Carolina and will not have an adverse effect upon public health or a significant adverse effect on the environment.
 - (3) In any case (whether the proposed project is an industrial or a pollution control project), except a pollution control project for a public utility,
 - That the jobs to be generated or saved, directly or indirectly, by the proposed project will be large enough in number to have a measurable impact on the area immediately surrounding the proposed project and will be commensurate with the size and cost of the proposed project,
 - That the proposed operator of the proposed project has b. demonstrated or can demonstrate the capability to operate such project, and

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That the financing of such project by the authority will not c. cause or result in the abandonment of an existing industrial or manufacturing facility of the proposed operator or an affiliate elsewhere within the State unless the facility is to be abandoned because of obsolescence, lack of available labor in the area, or site limitations.

If the initial proposed operator of a project is not expected to be the operator for the term of the bonds proposed to be issued, the Secretary may make the findings required pursuant to subdivisions (1)a. and (3)b. only with respect to the initial operator. The initial operator shall be identified in the application for approval of the proposed project. In no ease shall the Secretary of Commerce

(c) Public Hearing. -- The Secretary of Commerce shall not approve any proposed project pursuant to this section unless the governing body of the county in which the project is located has first conducted a public hearing and, at or after the public 15 hearing, approved in principle the issuance of bonds under this Chapter for the 16 purpose of paying all or part of the cost of the proposed project. Notice of the public hearing shall be published at least once in at least one newspaper of general 17 18 circulation in the county not less than 14 days before the public hearing. The notice 19 shall describe generally the bonds proposed to be issued and the proposed project, 20 including its general location, and any other information the governing body considers appropriate or the Secretary of Commerce prescribes for the purpose of providing the Secretary with the views of the community. The notice shall also state 23 that following the public hearing the authority intends to file an application for approval of the proposed project with the Secretary of Commerce.

(d) Certificate of Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. --26 The Secretary of Commerce shall not make the findings required by subdivisions (1)b and (2) of this section unless he shall have the Secretary has first received a certification from the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources that, in the case of a proposed industrial project, the proposed project will not have a materially adverse effect on the environment and that, in the case of a proposed pollution control project, the proposed project will have a materially favorable impact 32 on the environment or will prevent or diminish materially the impact of pollution 33 which would otherwise occur. In no ease shall the The Secretary of Commerce shall 34 not make the findings required by subdivision (2a) unless he shall have the Secretary 35 has first received a certification from the Department of Environment, Health, and 36 Natural Resources that the proposed project is environmentally sound, will not have 37 an adverse effect on public health and will further the waste management goals of 38 North Carolina. The Secretary of Commerce shall deliver a copy of the application 39 to the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources. The Department 40 of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources shall provide each certification to the 41 Secretary of Commerce within seven days after the applicant satisfactorily 42 demonstrates to it that all permits, including environmental permits, necessary for the 43 construction of the proposed project have been obtained, unless the authority 44 consents to a longer period of time. In any ease where the Secretary shall make



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(e) Waiver of Wage Requirement. -- If the Secretary of Commerce has made all of 2 the required findings respecting a proposed industrial project except that prescribed 3 in subparagraph (1)a of this section, the Secretary may, in his the Secretary's 4 discretion, approve the proposed project if he shall have the Secretary has received 5 (i) a resolution of the governing body of the county requesting that the proposed 6 project be approved notwithstanding that the operator will not pay an average weekly 7 manufacturing wage above the average weekly manufacturing wage in the county and 8 (ii) a letter from an appropriate State official, selected by the Secretary, to the effect 9 that unemployment in the county is especially severe.

(f) Rules. -- To facilitate his review of each proposed project, the Secretary may 11 require the authority to obtain and submit such data and information about such 12 project as the Secretary may prescribe. In addition, the Secretary may, in his 13 discretion, request the authority to hold a public hearing on the proposed project for 14 the purpose of providing the Secretary directly with the views of the community to be 15 affected. The Secretary may also prescribe such forms and such rules and regulations 16 as he shall deem as the Secretary considers reasonably necessary to implement the provisions of this section.

(g) Certificate of Approval. -- If the Secretary approves the proposed project, he 19 the Secretary shall prepare a certificate of approval evidencing such approval and 20 setting forth his the findings and shall cause said the certificate of approval to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the county. Any such approval 22 shall be reviewable as provided in Article 4 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes 23 of North Carolina only by an action filed, within 30 days after notice of such findings 24 and approval shall have been so published, in the Superior Court of Wake County. 25 Such The superior court is hereby vested with jurisdiction to hear such action, but if 26 no such action is filed within the 30 days herein prescribed, the validity of such 27 approval shall be conclusively presumed, and no court shall have authority to inquire 28 into such approval. Copies of the certificate of approval of the proposed project will 29 be given to the authority, the governing body of the county and the Secretary of the 30 Local Government Commission.

Such The certificate of approval shall become effective immediately following the 32 expiration of such the 30-day period or the expiration of any appeal period after a 33 final determination by any court of any action timely filed pursuant to this section. 34 Such The certificate shall expire one year after its date unless extended by the 35 Secretary who shall not extend such the certificate unless he shall again approve the 36 Secretary again approves the proposed project as provided in this section. If bonds are issued within that year pursuant to the authorization of this Chapter to pay all or part of the costs of the project, however, the certificate shall expire three years after the date of the first issuance of the bonds."

Section 3. G.S. 159C-10 reads as rewritten:

"§ 159C-10. Location of projects.

Except as provided in this section, any project or projects of an authority shall be 43 located within the boundaries of the county for which the authority was created. A portion or portions of any project including, but not limited to, any real or personal



Senate Bill 730 Page 5 1 property or improvements necessary or convenient for the construction, maintenance, 2 and operation of the project, may be located in a county or counties other than the 3 county in which the principal part of the project is located so long as the additional 4 portion or portions constitute functionally appurtenant or incidental facilities and the 5 governing body of each other county in which the additional portion or portions of 6 the project is or are located approves the project. In addition, if a project or a group 7 of related projects is located in two or more adjacent counties, the authority created 8 for any one of the counties may issue bonds as provided in G.S. 159C-6 for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of the project or group of related projects if the following conditions are met:

- The board of commissioners of each county in which the project or (1) group of related projects is located has consented.
- (2) The governing body of the authority created for each county in which the project or group of related projects is located has consented.
- The bonds are issued in compliance with all other provisions of (3) this Chapter."

Section 4. G.S. 159C-19(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) Each authority is hereby authorized to provide by resolution for the issuance of refunding bonds of the authority for the purpose of refunding any bonds then outstanding which shall that have been issued under the provisions of this Chapter, including the payment of any redemption premium thereon and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of such bonds, and, if deemed advisable by the authority, for either or both of the following additional purposes:
 - Constructing improvements, additions, extensions or enlargements of the project or projects in connection with which the bonds to be refunded shall have been issued, and
 - (2) Paying all or any part of the cost of any additional project or projects.

The issuance of such bonds, the maturities and other details thereof, the rights of the holders thereof, and the rights, duties and obligations of the authority in respect to the same shall be governed by the provisions of this Chapter which that relate to the issuance of bonds, insofar as such provisions may be appropriate therefor. therefor, including that any such bonds may have a single maturity within the limit prescribed by G.S. 159C-6.

The approvals required by G.S. 159C-7 and 159C-8 shall be obtained prior to the 37 issuance of any refunding bonds; provided, however, that in the case where the refunding bonds of all or a portion of an issue are to be issued solely for the purpose of refunding outstanding bonds issued under this Chapter, the approval required by 40 G.S. 159C-7 shall not be required as to the project financed with the bonds to be 41 refunded."

Section 5. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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North Carolina General Assembly Legislative Services Office

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Elaine W. Robinson, Director Administrative Division Room 5, Legislative Building 16 W. Jones Street Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-7500 Gerry F. Cohen, Director Bill Drafting Division Suite 401, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6660 Thomas L. Covington, Director Fiscal Research Division Suite 619, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-4910 Donald W. Fulford, Director Information Systems Division Suite 400, LOB 300 N. Salisbury St. Raleigh, NC 27603-5925 (919) 733-6834 Terrence D. Sulliva Research Division Suite 545, LOB 300 N. Salisbury S Raleigh, NC 2760 (919) 733-2578

July 9, 1997

MEMORANDUM

TO:

Representative David Miner, Chairman, House Commerce Committee

FROM:

Karen Cochrane Brown, Committee Co-Counsel and

Martha H. Harris, Staff Attorney

RE:

Senate Bill 730 - Industrial Revenue Bond Changes.

(Second Edition)

Senate Bill 730 amends Chapter 159C (the Industrial and Pollution Control Facilities Financing Act) which allows county authorities to issue industrial revenue bonds to finance qualifying industrial or pollution control projects for private manufacturing firms.

Section 1 of the bill amends the provision governing the issuance of bonds by an authority to increase the maximum term of the bonds from 30 to 35 years. Under the Act, a county authority may enter into a financing agreement with a company to provide revenue bond proceeds to the company to be used to finance capital expenditures, such as fixed assets, land, buildings, and equipment. The amounts payable by the company to the authority under the financing agreement must be sufficient to pay all of the principal and interest on the bonds.

Before bonds can be issued, the proposed project must be approved by the Secretary of Commerce and the bonds must be approved by the Local Government Commission. Bond proceeds cannot be used to refinance existing debt or as venture capital. Nor can they be used for a project that will result in the closing of another facility in North Carolina. The proposed project must generate a number of jobs that is commensurate with the cost of the project and will have a measurable impact on the local economy.

Section 2 of the bill provides that the Secretary of Commerce shall not approve a project unless the governing body of the county has first conducted a public hearing. Under current law, the Secretary has discretion to request the county authority to hold a public hearing. This section also imposes a seven day turn-around time on the Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources to provide certification that the proposed industrial project will not have an adverse effect on the environment or that a proposed pollution control project will have a

favorable impact on the environment or will prevent or diminish pollution. This certification is necessary before the Secretary of Commerce can approve a proposed project. Finally, section 2 also provides that the Secretary of Commerce's certificate of approval, which is valid for one year, will remain valid for three years after bonds are first issued if bonds are issued during the initial one-year period of validity. Otherwise, the Secretary can only extend the certificate if the project is again approved in accordance with this section.

Section 3 of the bill amends the law to provide that if a proposed project is located in two or more counties, the county authority of any of those counties may issue the bonds if each affected county and county authority has consented and the bonds are issued in compliance with the Act.

Section 4 conforms the provision relating to refunding bonds to the change caused by section 1 of this bill, by tying the maturity of these bonds to the limits set in G.S. 159C-6. Under this bill, the maximum limit would be extended to 35 years.

This act is effective when it becomes law.

1997 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:					
	By Representative(s) Miner, Berry, Church, Hiatt, Tallent for the Committee on				
	Commerce.				
_	Committee Substitute for 3. 257 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE A TAX CREDIT FOR RAILROADS PROVIDING INCREASED SERVICE TO THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE PORTS.				
	With a favorable report.				
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on ☐ Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ .				
	With a favorable report, as amended.				
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on _ Appropriations _ Finance _				
⊠	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, \boxtimes which changes the title, unfavorable as to original bill and recommendation that the House committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on Rules, Calendar and Operations of the House.				
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.				
	And having received a unanimous vote in committee, is placed on the Consent Calendar. (PUBLIC BILLS ONLY)				
	With an unfavorable report.				
	With recommendation that the House concur.				
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.				
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.				
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.				
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.				
	Without prejudice.				
	With an indefinite postponement report.				
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.				
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)				

FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY

	Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the bill is placed on the Calendar of
	The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is (ordered engrossed and) re- referred to the Committee on
	The (committee substitute) bill/resolution (, as amended,) is placed on the Consent Calendar of The original bill/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
,	The bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
	On motion of (Rep,) (the Chair,) the (committee substitute) bill/resolution is (ordered engrossed and) re-referred to the Committee on .
	Pursuant to Rule 36(a), the (House)committee substitute bill (No)/resolution is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill) (House Committee Substitute Bill No)/resolution is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
	On motion of Rep, (the rules are suspended) (Rule is suspended) and the bill/resolution is placed on today's calendar. (for immediate consideration.)
	On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
,	On motion of Rep, Committee Amendment No.(s) is/are adopted (by EV).
-	Rep offers Amendment No which (is adopted.) (fails of adoption.) (by EV) () This amendment changes the title.
	The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its second reading (by following vote,, RC) (, by EV,) and (remains on the Calendar,) (and there being no objection is read a third time).
	The bill/resolution (, as amended,) passes its third reading (by the following vote, RC) (, by EV,) and is ordered sent to the Senate.
-	without engrossment by Special message. sent to the Senate for concurrence in House amendment (s).
	House committee substituteenrolled.
(On motion of Rep, the House concurs in the (material) Senate (by the following vote, RC) (, by EV,) and the bill is ordered enrolled.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 257 Proposed Committee Substitute H257-PCS7347

	Short Title: RR Ports Use Incentive Study. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	February 17, 1997
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE STUDY OF WAYS TO INCREASE RAIL
3	SERVICE TO THE STATE'S PORTS AND ADJOINING COMMUNITIES,
4	INCLUDING INCENTIVES FOR RAILROADS TO INCREASE SERVICE TO
5	THE STATE'S PORTS.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. The Legislative Research Commission may study the issue of
8	ways to increase rail service to the State ports at Wilmington and Morehead City and
9	adjoining communities, including incentives to railroads to increase rail service to the
0	State ports. The Commission may look at issues addressed in House Bill 257, First
1	Edition, of the 1997 General Assembly. The study shall include at least the
	following:
3	(1) Ways to entice railroads to provide increased rail service to the
4	State's ports at Morehead City and Wilmington, including
5	increased services from Charlotte, Winston-Salem, Greensboro,
6	Raleigh, Hamlet, and Wallace;
7	(2) The effect of incentives, including tax incentives, on rail service;
8	(3) Examination of what other states, including South Carolina,
9	Virginia, Georgia, and Florida, have done to encourage and effect
0	increased rail service to the ports and other state-owned economic
1	development and trade areas in those states;
2	(4) The costs and benefits of the State ports operating rail lines, or transporting freight to inland rail terminals and connections:

1	(5) , Use of the North Carolina Railroad to increase rail service to the
2	ports;
3	(6) Incentives and preferences now being granted to Class I railroad
4	serving North Carolina, their parent, sister, subsidiary, or relate
5	companies in North Carolina;
6	(7) A comparison of incentives and preferences as set forth
7	subdivision (6) offered by other states, including the states set for
8	in subdivision (3); and
9	(8) The cost and effect (economic and otherwise) of North Carolin
10	ports not having rail service commensurate to that of other state
11	This analysis should include the effect on statewide econom
12	development, job creation, and tax revenues.
13	Section 2. The Legislative Research Commission may make an interi
14	report to the 1997 General Assembly, 1998 Regular Session, and shall make a fin
15	report to the 1999 General Assembly.
16	Section 3. The act is effective when it becomes law.

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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JULY 9, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Estherine Davis	Electricities of MC.
Jon Color	SP Deserve.
amortindus	Tunton a Williams
Mancy Snadley	MCCBI
Brendal Douglante	Sprint
WIGHTON POPER	2DARA
Laura Hartsell	mele
TRANS MARdesly	Wese
Kb Sunfill	NCJEDE
Adam Soury	Nedac
- And W. Jofan of	Seg. of Slate
Dernard allen	Decif. 9 State
Souldulis	Hleht Pinnix
Jakushine .	It Be y Regrigation
Thomas (Much)	ST DO of Reproching
James ANDREZUS	NC State AFR-CIO
- NW MAR	(HT
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Scit LASSITER	CITY TRANSFER (STG. W)
Donald Toylor	ARC Mais + STE MOON U. 16
E.L. Peters	NCTrucking Association
Paty Henry	SCGL
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Jon Volum	Jan
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JULY 9, 1997

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
GILBERT ALLIGOOD	DOCTOR IF the DAY
Curt Williams	Doctor if the Day How's Office Commerce
Angie Harris	Commerce
Rich Culish	"
Lynny Hormis	Be Le Sov TA
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