2005-2006

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

COMMITTEE MINUTES

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 SESSION

Representative Lucy T. Allen Representative Cary Allred Representative Becky Carney Representative Bonner Stiller Chairs

Representative Jim Crawford
Representative Drew Saunders
Representative Fred Steen
Representative Arthur Williams
Representative Thomas Wright
Vice-Chairs

Committee Assistants:
Jean Allred
Carla Farmer
Joyce Langdon
Melissa Riddle

Committee Counsel:
Giles Perry
Wendy Graf-Ray
Research Division

Permanent Directory HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005/2006 SESSION

MEMBER	ASSISTANT	PHONE	OFFICE	SEAT
Rep. Lucy Allen, Chair	Melissa Riddle Committee Assistant	733-5860	1307	41
Rep. Cary D. Allred, Chair	Jean Allred Committee Assistant	733-5905	606	38
Rep. Becky Carney, Chair	Joyce Langdon Committee Assistant	733-5827	1221	54
Rep. Bonner Stiller, Chair	Carla Farmer Committee Assistant	733-5974	508	52
Rep. Jim Crawford, Vice-Chair	Linda Winstead	733-5824	2301	24
Rep. Drew Saunders, Vice-Chair	Ruth Fish	733-5606	2217	48
Rep. Fred Steen, Vice-Chair	Chris Floyd	733-5881	514	64
Rep. Arthur Williams, Vice-Chair	Linda Uzzle	733-5906	637	22
Rep. Tom Wright, Vice-Chair	Clarestene Stewart	733-5754	528	5
Rep. Curtis Blackwood	Mizie Finke	733-2406	1317	97
Rep. George Cleveland	Susan West	715-6707	504	110
Rep. Lorene Coates	Melissa Lennon	733-5784	633	19
Rep. Nelson Cole	Suzanne Smith	733-5779	1218	45
Rep. Bill Daughtridge	Rachel Dupree	733-5802	604	87
Rep. Jerry Dockham	Regina Irwin	715-2526	1424	106
Rep. Melanie Wade Goodwin	Jane McMillan	733-5823	1305	91
Rep. Phillip Haire	Sara Jane Lennard	715-3005	419B	47

MEMBER	ASSISTANT	PHONE	OFFICE	SEAT
Rep. Dewey Hill	Gennie Thurlow	733-5830	1309	10
Rep. Mark Hilton	Carol Wilson	733-5988	1021	61
Rep. Danny McComas	Judy Lowe	733-5786	506	13
Rep. Timothy Moore	Nancy Garriss	733-4838	502	85
Rep. Jean Preston	Suzanne Castleberry	733-5706	603	90
Rep. Ray Rapp	Dot Barber	733-5732	2213	77
Rep. John Rayfield	Brenda Olls	733-5868	510	73
Rep. John Rhodes	Lucille Carter	733-5530	1017	112
Rep. Edgar V. Starnes	Pattie Fleming	733-5931	513	116
Rep. Ronnié Sutton	Juanita Coley	715-0875	1321	72 (
Rep. Winkie Wilkins	Nancy Brantley	715-0850	1301	. 71
Rep. Michael Wray	Mary Capps	733-5662	534	94
Rep. William Culpepper Ex-officio Member	Dot Crocker	715-3028	404	36
Rep. Pete Cunningham Ex-officio Member	Valerie Rustin	733-5778	541	7
Rep. Rick Eddins Ex-officio Member	Susan Phillips	733-5828	1002	26
Rep. Joe Hackney Ex-officio Member	Emily Reynolds	733-5752	2207	69

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 – 2006 SESSION







Rep. George Cleveland



Rep. Lorene Coates



Rep. Nelson Cole



Rep. Bill Daughtridge



ep. Jerry Dockham



Rep. Melanie Wade Goodwin



Rep. Phil Haire



Rep. Dewey Hill



Rep. Mark Hilton



Rep. Danny McComas



Rep. Tim Moore



Rep. Jean Preston



Rep. Ray Rapp



Rep. John Rayfield



Rep. John Rhodes



Rep. Edgar Starnes



Rep. Ronnie Sutton



Rep. Winkie Wilkins



Rep. Michael Wray

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 – 2006 SESSION







Rep. Pete Cunningham

Ex-officio

Ex-officio



Rep. Rick Eddins



Rep. Joe Hackney

Ex-officio

Ex-officio

TRANSPORTATION

DATES	3-2-05	3-9-05	3-16-05	3-23-05	3-30-05	4-6-05	4-13-05	4-20-05	4-27-05	5-4-05	5-11-05	5-18-05	5-25-05	6-1-05	6-22-05
ALLEN, Lucy, Chair	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ALLRED, Cary, Chair	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
CARNEY, Becky, Chair	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
STILLER, Bonner, Chair	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	
CRAWFORD, Jim, Vice-Chair		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
SAUNDERS, Drew, Vice-Chair	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
STEEN, Fred, Vice-Chair	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X
WILLIAMS, Arthur, Vice-Chair	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	
WRIGHT, Thomas, Vice-Chair		X	X	X			X	X	X				X		X
BLACKWOOD, Curtis	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Е	X	X
CLEVELAND, George	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
COATES, Lorene	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
COLE, Nelson	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
DAUGHTRIDGE, Bill	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
DOCKHAM, Jerry	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
GOODWIN, Melanie Wade	X	X	X		X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
HAIRE, Phil	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	E	X	X	X
HILL, Dewey	X	X	X	X		X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X
HILTON, Mark	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X
MCCOMAS, Danny	X		X		X	X	X	X		X		X		X	X
MOORE, Tim	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X
PRESTON, Jean	X					X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	
RAPP, Ray	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X	X
RAYFIELD, John			X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	
RHODES, John	X	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X
STARNES, Edgar	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	

TRANSPORTATION

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DATES	7-20-05											
ALLEN, Lucy, Chair	X											
ALLRED, Cary, Chair												
CARNEY, Becky, Chair	X									****		
STILLER, Bonner, Chair	X											
CRAWFORD, Jim, Vice-Chair												
SAUNDERS, Drew, Vice-Chair	X											
STEEN, Fred, Vice-Chair	X	 										
WILLIAMS, Arthur, Vice-Chair	X											
WRIGHT, Thomas, Vice-Chair	X											
BLACKWOOD, Curtis	X											
CLEVELAND, George	X											
COATES, Lorene	X											
COLE, Nelson	X			<u></u>								
DAUGHTRIDGE, Bill	X						ļ					
DOCKHAM, Jerry						<u> </u>	 					
GOODWIN, Melanie Wade	X										!	
HAIRE, Phil	X											
HILL, Dewey	X							 				
HILTON, Mark	X									,		
MCCOMAS, Danny	X											
MOORE, Tim	X											
PRESTON, Jean					L		ļ					
RAPP, Ray	X						 					
RAYFIELD, John	E											
RHODES, John	X	 								!		
STARNES, Edgar												

TRANSPORTATION

DATES	3-2-05	3-9-05	3-16-05	3-23-05	3-30-05	4-6-05	4-13-05	4-20-05	4-27-05	5-4-05	5-11-05	5-18-05	5-25-05	6-1-05	6-22-05
SUTTON, Ronnie		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
WILKINS, Winkie	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
WRAY, Michael	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X
Ex-Officio Members															
CULPEPPER, Bill															
CUNNINGHAM, Pete					:										
EDDINS, Rick														X	
HACKNEY, Joe															
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TRANSPORTATION

DATES	7-20-05									
SUTTON, Ronnie	X									
WILKINS, Winkie	X									
WRAY, Michael	Е									
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Ex-Officio Members										
CULPEPPER, Bill		 								
CUNNINGHAM, Pete										
EDDINS, Rick			 							
HACKNEY, Joe										
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North Carolina General Assembly Through House Committee on Transportation

Date: 09/12/2005 Time: 14:43 Page: 001 of 002

0005 000		Transportati	lon		Page: 001 of 002
	5 Biennium				Day: H-125/S-126
<u>Bill</u>	<u>Introducer</u>	Short Title		Latest Action	In Date Out Date
\$ <u>H0</u> 010	LaRoque	REGISTER OUT-OF-STATE	H	Re-ref Com On	01-31-05 06-22-05
		SEX OFFENDERS.		Appropriations	
39	Cole	MOTORCYCLES-NO	Н	Ref To Com On	02-03-05
		PASSENGERS UNDER AGE	••	Transportation	02 03 03
		10.		Transportation	
н0099	Cibson	AMEND WORKERS' COMP	+ ti	Pres. To Gov. 8/	02-07-05 03-10-05
нооээ	GIDSON		" П		02-07-05 03-10-05
110141	Managa	ACT.		24/2005	00 00 05
H0141	Moore	FREE VETERAN'S	H	Ref To Com On	02-09-05
******		DRIVERS LICENSES.		Transportation	05 04 05 04 04 05
н0237	Coates	REVISE MORTGAGE	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-316	06-01-05 06-21-05
		LENDING ACT.		_	
H0249=	Cole	DOT DRIVEWAY	Н	Re-ref Com On	02-16-05 06-01-05
		CONNECTION CHANGES.		Rules, Calendar,	
				and Operations of	
				the House	
H0250=	Cole	INTEREST ON HIGHWAY	Н	Ref To Com On	02-16-05
		CONDEMNATION AWARDS.		Transportation	
H0253	Crawford	NC TURNPIKE AUTHORITY	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-275	02-16-05 03-10-05
		CHANGES.			
H0254	Crawford	GARVEE BOND ISSUANCE.	* H	Pres. To Gov. 8/	02-16-05 05-26-05
				23/2005	
H0267	Sutton	8-YEAR DRIVERS	* H	Ref To Com On	02-17-05 04-25-05
		LICENSE/INTERNET DL		Transportation	02 27 00 01 20 00
		RENEWAL.			
н0664	Cole	CRIME TO FALSIFY	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-96	03-16-05 03-31-05
	0010	HIGHWAY INSPECTION	****	011. 51 2003 30	03 10 03 03 31 03
		REPORTSAB			
H0665=	Cole	AMEND HOUSE MOVER	*UD	Ch. SL 2005-354	03-16-05 04-13-05
110005-	COIE	LAWSAB	UK	CII. SE 2005-354	03-16-03 04-13-05
66	Cole	HOV LANE PENALTIESAB	+ ⊔	Conf Com Annainted	03 16 05 04 13 05
	Cole	HOV LANE PENALTIESAB			
H0668=				Conf Com Appointed	
m0000=	Core	PERMIT DOT BEST-VALUE	Н	Ref to the Com on	03-16-05
		PROCUREMENTAB		Transportation	
				and, if	
				favorable, to the	
				Com on Rules,	
				Calendar, and	
				Operations of the	
		01177 0777 (0117777777777777777777777777		House	
н0669	Cole	OVERSIZE/OVERWEIGHT	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-361	03-16-05 04-28-05
***	0.1	VEHICLE CHANGESAB			
н0670		CDL/FEDERAL COMPLIANCE			03-16-05 05-05-05
Н0740		TRANSIT DRUG TESTING.		Ch. SL 2005-156	03-17-05 04-07-05
H0746=	Cole	MITIGATION CREDIT-DOT/	Н	Ref To Com On	03-17-05
		CWMTF JOINT		Transportation	
		PURCHASESAB			
H0747	Cole	DEFINING STATE ROADS	* H		03-17-05 05-26-05
		AB		23/2005	
H0748 =	Cole	DEBARMENT OF DOT	H	Ref To Com On	03-17-05
		CONTRACTORSAB		Transportation	
H0749 =	Cole	AGREEMENT FOR	* H	Re-ref Com On	03-17-05 06-01-05
		TRANSPORTATION		Finance	
		IMPROVEMENTSAB			
н0750	Cole	SECONDARY ROAD	* H	Pres. To Gov. 8/	03-17-05 04-28-05
		CONSTRUCTION AB		24/2005	
H0761	Williams	MOTOR CARRIER	HR	Ch. SL 2005-64	03-17-05 04-13-05
•			•	 	

^{&#}x27;\$' indicates the bill is an appropriation bill. A bold line indicates the bill is an appropriation bill.

'*' indicates that the text of the original bill was changed by some action.

^{&#}x27;=' indicates that the original bill is identical to another bill.

North Carolina General Assembly Through House Committee on

Date: 09/12/2005 Time: 14:43 Page: 002 of 002 Transportation

		Transportati	ion		Page: 002 of 002
2005-200	6 Biennium	1140p01040.	- 0		Day: H-125/S-126
Bill	Introducer	Short Title		Latest Action	
	 	AMENDMENTSAB			
86	Cole	MV DEALER TECHNICAL CORRECTIONSAB	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-99	03-17-05 05-05-05
н0813	Allred	PROHIBITING SOLICITATIONS ON STATE HIGHWAYS.	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-310	03-23-05 04-07-05
Н0887	Allred	BURLINGTON CHARTER AMENDMENT.	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-30	03-28-05 04-07-05
н0943	Almond	NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF UTILITY LINES.		Ref To Com On Transportation	03-29-05
Н1026	Gulley	LEFT TURN ON RED - RALEIGH.	*HF	Failed 2nd Reading	03-31-05 05-26-05
н1052	Stiller	BRUNSWICK - TRASH TRUCKS STOPPED ON HIGHWAYS.	HR	Ch. SL 2005-266	03-31-05 04-25-05
H1125	Grady	DRIVERS LICENSE- ANTILITTERING PLEDGE.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	04-06-05
H1227	Coleman	MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR AND FRANCHISE CHANGES.	* H	Pres. To Gov. 8/ 23/2005	04-14-05 06-01-05
Н1266	Cole	DOT RELOCATION ASSISTANCE CHANGE.	HR	Ch. SL 2005-331	04-18-05 05-05-05
H1280	Pate	DOT REPORT/FEDERAL RAIL ASSISTANCE TO NC.	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-222	04-19-05 05-05-05
Н1295	Harrison	NEW MOTOR VEHICLES WARRANTIES.	* H	Pres. To Gov. 8/ 23/2005	04-19-05 05-09-05
Н1356	McMahan	HIGHWAY TRUST FUND- NEED BASED PROJECTS.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	04-21-05
H1371	Culpepper	EXEMPT ATVS FROM MV REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	04-21-05
H1372	Culpepper	CITY TRANSIT BENCH/ SHELTER ADS.	Н	Re-ref Com On Transportation	05-17-05
H1410	Luebke	MOTOR VEHICLE SALES FINANCED BY DEALER.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	04-21-05
H1487	Dickson	LICENSE PLATE DESIGN CONTEST.	Н	Re-ref Com On Appropriations	05-17-05 06-01-05
H1544	Lewis	NONRESIDENT CDL/ TRAINING CHANGES.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	04-21-05
S0189	William R. Purce	ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE REGULATION.	*HR	Ch. SL 2005-282	05-18-05 05-26-05
S0603	Clark Jenkins	LIGHT-DUTY ROAD EXEMPTION-BUILDING SUPPLIES.	Н	Ref To Com On Transportation	05-05-05

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MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 2, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, March 2, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representatives Allred, Carney, and Stiller, Co-Chairs, Representatives Saunders, Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rhodes, Starnes, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Martha Parrish, Leslie Oakley, and Walter Spell, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative L. Allen called the meeting to order and indicated this was an introductory meeting. The House pages were introduced: Katherine Carlton and Hattie Walter from Wake County (both pages were sponsored by Speaker Jim Black), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms.

Representative L. Allen welcomed all of the members of the TRANSPORTATION Committee and introduced the Co-Chairs for remarks. Vice-Chairs and Members of the Committee were asked to introduce themselves. Staff Counsel and Committee Assistants were recognized. Representatives from the Department of Transportation present included Secretary Lyndo Tippett, Lori Cove, Susan Coward, and Portia Manley.

The Presiding Chair recognized Lyndo Tippett, Secretary of the Department of Transportation. Secretary Tippett provided an overview of the activities of the Department of Transportation and noted that this department impacts every household in North Carolina. There is a gap between the resources available and the needs in our state – over the next 25-year period it is estimated there is a need for \$80 billion and there will only be \$50 billion in resources. Secretary Tippett indicated Susan Coward and Dan DeVane are contacts/liaisons between the Department and members of the General Assembly. Much discussion ensued concerning toll roads, free parallel roads to these roads, prior bond issues and issues to be discussed this year.

The Presiding chair recognized Lori Cove, Statewide Transportation Plan, who provided a report on the 25-year plan (see attached handout). Ms. Cove indicated the revenue forecast over the next 25 years is \$55 billion with the needs figure being \$84 billion. Anyone interested in reviewing this statewide plan can view the web page at: http://www.ncdot.org/planning/statewideplan.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, March 2, 2005 Page two

After discussion ensued regarding the presentations by the Department of Transportation, the Presiding Chair adjourned the introductory meeting at 11:55 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

Visitors Registration

Handout

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

March 2, 2005

11:00 A.M.

Room 1228 LB

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Presiding Chair Representative Carey Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

INTRODUCTION OF COMMITTEE

INTRODUCTION OF STAFF

PRESENTATIONS

Department of Transportation

Lyndo Tippett, Secretary

Lori Cove, Statewide Transportation Plan

QUESTIONS AND COMMENTARY

ADJOURNMENT

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 3-2-0

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
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1	

Wassen Plonk	05/3m
Mich all	OSBM
Portia Manley	NCDOT/DMV
SANDRA LONG	Martin Maruetta Materials
Abye Gattis	100 State Ports Authoria
Beau Mills	NC Metro Coultin
Susan Convaid	MEDOT
StephanieDorko	Charlotte Chamber
Market enous	Capital Three
DE MUSZIU 06	RTA
Bothy Bartey	NEPOVA

Charting a New Direction for North Carolina

NCDOT Statewide Transportation Plan



North Carolina General Assembly March 2005

Caretakers of the System

- NCDOT supports 74 publicly owned airports
 - Over 19 million passengers boarded airplanes in 2000
- NCDOT supports almost 100 transit operations in 100 counties
 - Over 40 million passengers transported annually
- NCDOT sponsors 2 passenger train routes in NC -Piedmont & Carolinian
 - Over 500,000 passengers accommodated in 2000

Charting a New Direction for HC

Caretakers of the System

- NCDOT maintains the 2nd largest ferry system in the country
 - 25 Ferries transport 2.5 million passengers annually
- NCDOT maintains over 78,000 miles of roadway
 - Ownership of 80% of the system, 2nd only to Texas
 - Average ownership of other State DOTs ~ 20%
- NCDOT houses the Nation's oldest bicycle and pedestrian program

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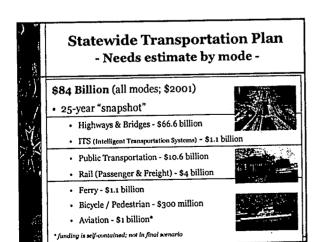
Statewide Transportation Plan - Background & Purpose • Develop Policy Guidance & Strategic Direction for NCDOT • Federally Mandated (ISTEA & TEA-21) • 2000 Transportation Finance Commission recommendation -- Efficiency Study # 8 • Inventory 25-year Needs • Forecast Available Revenues • Solicit Public & Stakeholder Interest • Determine long-term Investment Priorities

Statewide Transportation Plan - Who has been involved? • Board of Transportation • Statewide Plan Committee • Senior NCDOT Management • Technical Steering Committee (all modes) • Division Engineers • Stakeholder Groups / Citizens • Transportation Planning Branch Staff

Statewide Transportation Plan - Key Issues • \$84 Billion in Needs vs. \$55 Billion in Revenue • Limited ability to address pressing needs • spending restrictions on state/federal dollars • flexibility is essential • Maintenance Backlog • 4K miles of state highways & 260 bridges added each yr • Demographic/Travel Trends • 1990-2000 - population increased 21%; VMT increased nearly 40% • By 2020 population increases additional 25%

Statewide Transportation Plan - Key Issues con't Regional Differences and Needs Quality of life goals air quality, environmental & community enhancement Lack of Performance Measuring need goals, tracking systems, reporting mechanisms Department must Prioritize w/ Limited Resources

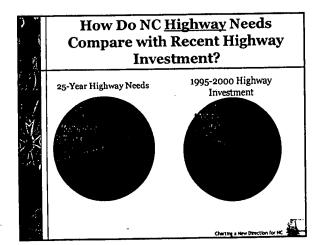
Statewide Transportation Plan - How was the public engaged? • Stakeholder Outreach > 40 distinct groups • Regional Forums - 2 Rounds (April 01 & Oct. 02) • 14 urban & rural communities • Newsletters • Summit - May 2002 • Website • comment form/updates/technical reports



Statewide Transportation Plan - How were the needs illustrated? Improvement/Investment Categories • Maintenance / Preservation - routine treatments that restore to adequate level or sustain the condition of an asset & activities / treatments that protect the infrastructure and extend service life • Modernization - upgrades to system safety, functionality, & operational efficiency w/o adding physical capacity • Expansion - new construction/new services (beyond existing) and/or physically expanding capacity to an existing facility

Statewide Transportation Plan - What do the needs tell us? 32,000 miles of deficient pavement (40% of the system) 7,000 state bridges structurally deficient 8,800 miles--narrow lanes & shoulders; sharp curves Outdated public transportation equipment Future needs almost uniformly split b/w: Expansion Maintenance/Pres. & Modernization Future maintenance/preservation needs (over the next 25 year) expected to be almost \$25 billion Future modernization needs (over the next 25 years) expected to be almost

Passenger/freight mobility along key corridors is critical



Statewide Transportation Plan - Revenue Forecast • \$55 Billion - Assumptions made: • No new revenue sources over 25-years - Con't growth of state user fee "transfers" • Increases in fed/state funding at a conservative rate - Based on historical patterns; input from Office of State - Budget and Management - Inflation assumed but discounted back to 2001 \$

9.0	Statewide Transportat - Revenue Forecas		Plan
(1)		\$111 B	
1 /	Federal = \$24 Billion		
Ŋ.	State = \$87 Billion		
X	Less Expenses = - \$33 Billion		
M/AP	Lost Buying Power = - \$23 Billion		
	Net Value = \$55 Billion		
1	Cha	rting a New Di	rection for HC

3 •	Statewide Transp - Determining a	
N.	Revenue = \$55 Billion	
	Needs = \$84 Billion	
43		Charting a New Direction for MC

					
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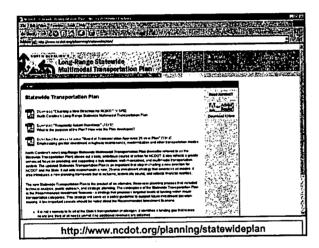
Statewide Transportation Plan - What is an Investment Scenario? • Long-range Statewide Investment Strategy • program / capital goals • allocation of expected \$ within categories • financial framework; points to emphasis areas • Fiscally constrained • Independent of funding restrictions • Investments reflect priorities • Trade-offs (can retire only 2/3 of needs)

Statewide Transportation Plan - Recommended Scenario A new Investment Direction: Underscores importance of Safety in all investments Creates a focus on preserving/upgrading the existing transportation system Extends intent & emphases of Moving Ahead! Targets investment in statewide mobility Only addresses 2/3 of all projected needs

Statewide Transportation Plan - Recommended Scenario Specifics - page 20 & 21 in Plan Report - 75% of Maintenance & Preservation needs met - represents 10% increase from past - Major Modernization emphasis (2/3 of needs met) - represents nearly 25% increase from past - 2/3 of Highway Expansion needs met - Increases investment in non-hwy modes

Statewide Transportation Plan - Implementation Implementation Team (Technical Oversight) BOT Statewide Plan Committee (Policy Oversight) Pursue Greater Flexibility in Transportation Funding Improve Project Selection Process Monitor & Report Progress Establish Revision Cycles Implement Strategic Highway Corridors Concept

• First tangible Action Item



Plan is a long-term Investment Blueprint · visionary; overarching policy for capital investment Only meets 2/3 of all projected needs Underscores the need for investment flexibility & maximizing the use of existing resources Plan is a "living document" -- updated every 4 years Implementation is the KEY! Series of Action items must be sustained to achieve goals

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 9, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, March 9, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Allred, presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen, Carney and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Hill, Hilton, Moore, Rapp, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting was Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Leslie Oakley and Frank Prevo, House Sergeants-at-Arms. Jessica Barber from Carteret County sponsored by Representative Preston and Eric Hellstrand from Cleveland County sponsored by Representative Moore served as House Committee Pages.

Representative Allred called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-0267 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

Representative Sutton explained that the bill is a recommendation of the Joint Transportation Legislative Oversight Committee, which would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue eight-year drivers licenses and to electronically renew drivers' licenses under certain circumstances. Representative Allred, Presiding Chair, was concerned with how persons would prove their identity when renewing. Representative Rapp had issues with the number of accidents allowed when renewing over the Internet. Representative Hilton wanted to know about eye examinations. Representative Starnes questioned those applicants who had failed their tests and was concerned about how long a picture would be used on the license. Wendy Graf-Ray, Committee Counsel explained that the Internet License was renewable for one (1) five year period at the time of each expiration and for people between 25 and 60 years old, so every other time of renewal, one had to report to a DMV office. Representative Daughtridge said the bill was going against the national trend by making drivers licenses even easier to obtain here in North Carolina and that was against national security. Chairman Allred told Representative Daughtridge he made some good points and asked if he would like

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES March 9, 2005 Page 2

to prepare an amendment. Representative Cleveland had misgivings about Internet renewals and said he thought we were asking for trouble.

Wayne Hurder, DOT/DMV, was called on to address some of the issues concerning HB-0267. Representative Rhodes was recognized to offer an amendment to the bill. Chairman Allred temporarily displaced the bill so that Representative Rhodes' amendment could be prepared.

Next, Representative Gibson was recognized to explain HB-0099 - A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO PRODUCE "FIRST IN FORESTRY" PLATES WITH A SPECIAL BACKGROUND. The "First In Forestry" registration plate would be on a different background, rather than the standard "First in Flight" background. Representative Cleveland commented that there were too many special plates; Representative Gibson told the committee that the Highway Patrol and the DMV were in favor of the bill. Representative Saunders moved for a favorable report. The motion passed.

The last bill for consideration was HB-0253 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE POWERS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY. Representative Crawford, bill sponsor, explained that the bill would allow the authority to study and possibly construct, operate, and maintain three (3) more roads for toll roads for a total of six (6) projects instead of the initial three. Representative Starnes asked for an update on the previous projects. Calvin Leggett with the Turnpike Authority said they had four (4) strong projects brought to them, Garden Parkway in Gastonia, the Monroe Connector (I-485), a new connector off 17 to the Wilmington Port, the expansion of NC147/I-40 to I-540 known as the Triangle Parkway, and two (2) additional projects starting from scratch. Mr. Leggett said each project would pay for itself.

Representative Stiller said originally the bill allowed for three (3) projects and already there were four (4) strong projects being developed, one being the high span bridge at the port in Wilmington. He said bond money will pay for the bridge in Wilmington and the tolls collected will pay the bond money back. Representative Cole moved for a favorable report and the motion passed.

With meeting time expiring, HB-267 remained displaced and the meeting adjourned at 11:50 A.M.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES March 9, 2005 Page 3

Please note that the House Sergeant-at-Arms failed to start the tape recorder at the beginning of the meeting and when it was started it failed to record. There is no tape recording of this meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Cary Allred

Presiding Chair

Jean/Allred

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

March 9, 2005

11:00 A.M.

Room 1228 LB

Representative Cary Allred, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION*

HB 0099 - Forestry Special Plate Background.

Rep. Gibson, bill sponsor

HB 0249 - DOT Driveway Connection Changes.

Rep. Cole, bill sponsor REMOVED FROM AGENDA-PER REP COLE

HB 0253 - NC Turnpike Authority Changes.

Rep. Crawford, bill sponsor

HB 0254 - GARVEE Bond Issuance.

Rep. Crawford, bill sponsor DID NOT TAKE UP

HB 0267 - 8- Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal.

Rep. Sutton, bill sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

^{*} Bills are listed in numerical order and may not reflect Agenda order

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE POWERS OF THE H.B. 0253 NORTH CAROLINA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to (the original bill) (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.

With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

03/19/03

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 253*

1

Short Title: NC Turnpike Authority Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors: Represer

Representatives Crawford;

Coates, Cole, McAllister, McMahan,

Saunders, and Sutton.

Referred to: Transportation, if favorable, Rules, Calendar and Operations of the House.

February 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE POWERS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA TURNPIKE AUTHORITY.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-89.183 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-89.183. Powers of the Authority.

- (a) The Authority shall have all of the powers necessary to execute the provisions of this Article, including the following:
 - (1) The powers of a corporate body, including the power to sue and be sued, to make contracts, to adopt and use a common seal, and to alter the adopted seal as needed.
 - To study, plan, develop, and undertake preliminary design work on up (2) to six Turnpike Projects. At the conclusion of these activities, the Turnpike Authority is authorized to To study, plan, develop, design, establish, purchase, construct, operate, and maintain three up to six Turnpike Projects. Projects, either on its own initiative or at the request of the Board of Transportation. One of the Turnpike Projects shall be located in whole or in part in a county with a population equal to or greater than 650,000 persons, according to the latest decennial census, and one Turnpike Project shall be located in a county or counties that each have a population of fewer that 650,000 persons, according to the latest decennial census. A Turnpike Project selected for construction by the Turnpike Authority shall be included in any applicable locally adopted comprehensive transportation plans and shall be shown in the current State Transportation Improvement Plan prior to the letting of a contract for the Turnpike Project.
 - (3) To study, plan, develop and undertake preliminary design work on three Turnpike Projects, in addition to the three turnpike projects

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1 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, either on its own 2 initiative or at the request of the Board of Transportation. The 3 Authority shall take no further action on a project described by this 4 subdivision unless authorized to do so by Statute. 5 To rent, lease, purchase, acquire, own, encumber, dispose of, or (4) 6 mortgage real or personal property, including the power to acquire 7 property by eminent domain pursuant to G.S. 136-89.184. 8 (5) To fix, revise, charge, and collect tolls and fees for the use of the 9 Turnpike Projects. Prior to the effective date of any toll or fee for use of a Turnpike Facility, the Authority shall submit a description of the 10 proposed toll or fee to the Board of Transportation, the Joint 11 Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee and the Joint 12 Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations for review. 13 (6) To issue bonds or notes of the Authority as provided in this Article. 14 To establish, construct, purchase, maintain, equip, and operate any 15 (7) structure or facilities associated with the Turnpike System. 16 17 (8) To pay all necessary costs and expenses in the formation, organization, 18 administration, and operation of the Authority. To apply for, accept, and administer loans and grants of money or real 19 (9) or personal property from any federal agency, the State or its political 20 21 subdivisions, local governments, or any other public or private sources 22 available. 23 (10)To adopt, alter, or repeal its own bylaws or rules implementing the provisions of this Article, in accordance with the review and comment 24 25 requirements of G.S. 136-89.182(j). To utilize employees of the Department; to contract for the services of (11)26 27 consulting engineers, architects, attorneys, real estate counselors, 28 appraisers, and other consultants; to employ administrative staff as 29 may be required in the judgment of the Authority; and to fix and pay 30 fees or compensation to the Department, contractors, 31 administrative employees from funds available to the Authority. 32 (12)To receive and use appropriations from the State and federal 33 government. 34 To adopt procedures to govern its procurement of services and (13)delivery of Turnpike Projects. 35 To perform or procure any portion of services required by the 36 (14)Authority. 37 38 To use officers, employees, agents, and facilities of the Department for (15)39 the purposes and upon the terms as may be mutually agreeable. To contract for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a 40 (16)Turnpike Project. 41 42 To enter into partnership agreements, agreements with political (17)

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subdivisions of the State, and agreements with private entities, and to

expend such funds as it deems necessary, pursuant to such agreements,

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for the purpose of financing the cost of acquiring, constructing, equipping, operating, or maintaining any Turnpike Project.

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(b) To execute the powers provided in subsection (a) of this section, the Authority shall determine its policies by majority vote of the members of the Authority Board present and voting, a quorum having been established. Once a policy is established, the Authority Board shall communicate it to the Executive Director or the Executive Director's designee, who shall have the sole and exclusive authority to execute the policy of the Authority. No member of the Authority Board shall have the responsibility or authority to give operational directives to any employee of the Authority other than the Executive Director or the Director's designee. (2002-133, s. 1)"

11 s. 1.)"

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 253: NC Turnpike Authority Changes

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version: March 9, 2005 First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Crawford

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 253 would authorize the North Carolina Turnpike Authority to proceed with constructing and operating three additional Turnpike projects.

CURRENT LAW: In 2002, the General Assembly passed legislation creating the North Carolina Turnpike Authority and authorizing it to construct, operate, and maintain toll roads and bridges in the State. The Authority is currently authorized to construct, operate, and maintain three Turnpike projects. The Authority is also authorized to study, plan, develop, and undertake preliminary design work on three additional projects, but it is not authorized to proceed with construction on those projects.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 253 would amend the powers of the North Carolina Turnpike Authority, authorizing it to construct, operate, and maintain up to six Turnpike projects (three more than under the current law).

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would be effective when it becomes law.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for H.B. 0099 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO PRODUCE "FIRST IN FORESTRY" PLATES WITH A SPECIAL BACKGROUND. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations | Finance | With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations | | Finance | With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to (the original bill) (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .) With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

03/19/03

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 99

1

Short Title: Forestry Special Plate Background. (Public) Sponsors: Representative Gibson. Referred to: Transportation.

February 7, 2005

'A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO PRODUCE "FIRST IN FORESTRY" PLATES WITH A SPECIAL BACKGROUND.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-63(b) reads as rewritten:

Every license plate shall have displayed upon it the registration number assigned to the vehicle for which it is issued, the name of the State of North Carolina. which may be abbreviated, and the year number for which it is issued or the date of expiration. A plate issued for a commercial vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.2(1), and weighing 26,001 pounds or more, must bear the word "commercial," unless the plate is a special registration plate authorized in G.S. 20-79.4 or the commercial vehicle is a trailer or is licensed for 6,000 pounds or less. The plate issued for vehicles licensed for 7,000 pounds through 26,000 pounds must bear the word "weighted".

Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a registration plate issued by the Division for a private passenger vehicle or for a private hauler vehicle licensed for 6,000 pounds or less shall be a "First in Flight" plate. A "First in Flight" plate shall have the words "First in Flight" printed at the top of the plate above all other letters and numerals. The background of the plate shall depict the Wright Brothers biplane flying over Kitty Hawk Beach, with the plane flying slightly upward and to the right. The following special registration plates do not have to be a "First in Flight" plate. The design of the plates that are not "First in Flight" plates must be approved by the Division and the State Highway Patrol for clarity and ease of identification.

- Friends of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park. (1)
- (2) Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation.
- (3) Blue Ridge Parkway Foundation.
- Friends of the Appalachian Trail. (4)
- NC Coastal Federation. (5)
- In God We Trust. (6)
- Stock Car Racing Theme. **(7)**

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General Assembly of North Carolina

Session 2005

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(8) First in Forestry."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.





HOUSE BILL 99: Forestry Special Plate Background

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version: March 9, 2005 First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Gibson

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 99 would authorize the North Carolina Division of Motor Vehicles to issue the "First in Forestry" registration plate on a special background.

CURRENT LAW: Generally, registration plates issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles for private passenger vehicles are required to be on the standard "First in Flight" background. The "First in Flight" background consists of a depiction of the Wright Brothers biplane flying over Kitty Hawk Beach with the words "First in Flight" printed at the top of the plate.

The "First in Forestry" special registration plate was authorized in 2001. The fee for the plate is \$30, of which \$10 goes to the Special Registration Plate Account, \$10 goes to the Natural Heritage Trust Fund, and the remaining \$10 is divided evenly between the Division of Forest Resources for a State forests and forestry education program and the Forest Education and Conservation Foundation for their programs. Under the current law, the "First in Forestry" plate is required to be on a "First in Flight" background.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 99 would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue the "First in Forestry" registration plate on a special background, rather than the standard "First in Flight" background. The design of the plate would have to be approved by the Division and the State Highway Patrol for clarity and ease of identification.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would be effective when it becomes law.

BACKGROUND: There are currently seven other special registration plates that are not required to be on the "First in Flight" background:

- 1) Friends of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park (authorized in 1998).
- 2) Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation (authorized in 2002).
- 3) Blue Ridge Parkway Foundation (authorized in 2003).
- 4) Friends of the Appalachian Trail (authorized in 2003).
- 5) NC Coastal Federation (authorized in 2003).
- 6) In God We Trust (authorized in 2004).
- 7) Stock Car Racing Theme (authorized in 2004).

Displaced 3/9/05

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

E	e following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on FRANSPORTATION.
H.I	Committee Substitute for 3. 0267 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
	With a favorable report.
	With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance .
	With a favorable report, as amended.
	With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance .
	With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill (#), \(\subseteq \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to (the original bill) (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)
	With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), \(\subseteq \) which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
	With an unfavorable report.
	With recommendation that the House concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur.
	With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
	With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
	With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
	Without prejudice.
	With an indefinite postponement report.
	With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
	With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 03/19/03

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 267*

1

Short Title: 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Representatives Sutton; B. Allen, Cole, Crawford, Faison, Gillespie, Hackney, Hall, Saunders, Starnes, Tolson, Warren, Wilkins, Womble,

Wray, and Yongue.

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Referred to: Transportation.

February 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-7(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) Duration and Renewal of Licenses. - Expiration and Temporary License. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday that occurs after the license is issued and on which the individual's age is evenly divisible by five, unless this subsection sets a different expiration date. A first drivers license may be issued for a shorter duration if the Division determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration issued by the United States Department of State. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 17 years old but is less than 18 years old expires on the person's twentieth birthday. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 62 years old expires on the person's birthday in the fifth year after the license is issued, whether or not the person's age on that birthday is evenly divisible by five.

Drivers licenses shall be issued and renewed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

- Duration of license for persons under age 18. A full provisional (1) license issued to a person under the age of 18 shall expire on the person's 21st birthday.
- Duration of license for persons at least 18 years of age or older. A (2) drivers license issued to a person at least 18 years old but less than 38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance. A drivers

1		license issued to a marger at least 20 years ald furning for such a few
		license issued to a person at least 38 years old expires five years after
2	(2)	the date of issuance.
3	<u>(3)</u>	Internet renewal of license authorized for certain persons. – The
4		Division is authorized to renew a drivers license electronically in
5		accordance with this subdivision. The Division may waive the sign
6		tests for applicants renewing electronically. A person who holds a
7		commercial drivers license and is required by federal regulations to be
8		retested shall not renew electronically. A person may renew his or her
9		drivers license electronically for one five-year period at the time of
10		each expiration of a license issued in a drivers license office if all of
11		the following apply:
12		<u>a.</u> The person has no more than two reportable accidents on his or
13		her drivers license record in the previous year.
14		b. The person has no restrictions other than a restriction for
15		corrective lenses on his or her drivers license record in the
16		previous year.
17		c. The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
18		 <u>The person has four or fewer drivers license points.</u> <u>The person is at least 25 years old and less than 60 years old.</u>
19		e. The person has obtained an eye examination by a licensed
20		ophthalmologist or licensed optometrist within 12 months prior
21		to the date of electronic renewal, and the results of the
22		examination are submitted to the Division by the
23		ophthalmologist or optometrist to the Division at the time of the
24		application for the electronic renewal.
25	<u>(4)</u>	Duration of license for certain visa holders A drivers license that
26	***************************************	was issued by the Division and is renewed by the Division expires five
27		years at the end of the period provided by this subsection after the
28		expiration date of the license that is renewed unless the Division
29		determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the
30		applicant holds a visa of limited duration from the United States
31		Department of State. A person may apply to the Division to renew a
32		license during the 180 day period before the license expires. The
33		Division may not accept an application for renewal made before the
34		180 day period begins.
35	(5)	Renewal by mail. – The Division may renew by mail a drivers license
36		issued by the Division to a person who meets any of the following
37		descriptions:
38		(1)a. Is serving on active duty in the armed forces of the United
39		States and is stationed outside this State.
40		(2)b. Is a resident of this State and has been residing outside the State
41		for at least 30 continuous days.
42	When renew	ring a license by mail, the Division may waive the examination that
43		he required for the renewal and may impose any conditions it finds

General Assembly of North Carolina

Session 2005

- advisable. A license renewed by mail is a temporary license that expires 60 days after the person to whom it is issued returns to this State."
 - **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 267: 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version: March 9, 2005

First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Sutton

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 267 would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue eight-year drivers licenses and to electronically renew drivers licenses under certain circumstances.

CURRENT LAW: The duration of a first drivers license, issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles, depends on the age of the licensee. Under the current law, the duration is as follows:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 20th birthday.
- Persons 18-61 years old expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday after the license is issued on which the person's age is evenly divisible by five (can be anywhere from 3 years and 1 day to 8 years after issuance).
- Persons 62 and older expires on the persons birthday in the fifth year after issuance.

Currently, when the Division renews a drivers license, it expires five years after the expiration date of the renewed license, regardless of the licensee's age. The Division is not authorized to renew drivers licenses electronically.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 267 would make the following changes to the duration of a first drivers license:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 21st birthday.
- Persons 18-38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance.
- Persons 38 and older expires 5 years after the date of issuance.

House Bill 267 would also make the following changes pertaining to renewal of a drivers license:

- Renewal in person duration after renewal is determined in the same manner as for first issuance.
- Electronic renewal the bill authorizes the Division to waive the sign test and allow an applicant to renew a drivers license electronically for one 5-year period if the following conditions are met: ONLY ONE
 - o The person has no more than two reportable accidents in the last year.
 - The person has no restrictions, other than corrective lenses, in the last year. 0
 - The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
 - The person is at least 25, but less than 60, years old.
 - The person has had an eye exam in the last 12 months, and a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist has submitted the results to the Division.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective January 1, 2006.

SIT-DOWN

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HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

March 9, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
John Jones	Martin Warieffen
Sunda Lag	Martin Marith
Mildred Spearman	NCDOC
Kären Brown	Correction Enterprises
Chuck Congleton	Connection Enterprise
Jane Pinsing	AAA Carolinas
m my sucon	Capote Program
Lee Hudge	KCLH
Wich all	OSBM
Maner Lord	051373
al Keyes Ossie Keyes	AARP Jacksonville, DC

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

March 9, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Calvin Leggett	Dot
Portia Manley	DOT/DUV
Wagne Horder	00T/0mV
Grody McCallin	D.C. Consudin Netwol.
Johanna Reese	DENR
Paul W Idol	House Intern
Stephanie Dorko	Charlotte Chamber
BERRY JENKINS	CAROLANS ACE
Christie, Barbos	CAPA
Beau Milk	NC Metropaitan Colition / NC LM
DAN DEVANO	NCDOT

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

March 9, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Susan Coward	NCOOT
VIM-BRIDE	YREAR
Dong Cassiter	NCSTA
Gary Harris	NCPMA
•	Tenan
Ted Nugent Jim Lowry	NCUCA
David Crawford	AIA
Charlie DieW	NC Truck ing Assoc.

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE – 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:

March 9, 2005

Page Name	County	Sponsor
Jessica Roubes	Carteret	Preston
Jessica Bouber Eric HELSTRAND	CLEVELAND	MOORE

	Sergeant-at-Arms	
Lection	Oakley	-
FRANK	PROVID	
	2	
,		

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 16, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on March 16, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred, L. Allen, and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Rapp, Rayfield, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Bob Fowler and Jason Stancil, House Sergeants-at-Arms. Pages assisting were Seavy Dickson, sponsored by Representative Margaret Dickson of Cumberland, and Madison Bowden, sponsored by Representative John Hall of Wake County.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeantsat-Arms and the House Pages.

The first order of business was HB 267 – AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. Rep. Sutton explained the bill, pointing out that it was discussed at last week's meeting. The bill changes the time limit on driver's license and allows Internet renewal, under certain conditions. First, it says that if a person gets a full provisional license under age 18 it expires on 21st birthday, rather than 20th birthday as is the current law; that when persons between ages 18 and 38 renew, they get an eight-year license. Those 38 and older will get a five-year license. The bill allows a person to renew a license on the Internet for a five-year period, but one has to be between 25 and 60. One can only renew once in succession; has to go back to DMV for intervening renewal. As part of renewing on Internet, an eye examination is required to be sent to DMV

Rep. Allred had offered an amendment at the March 9, 2005, meeting, and again explained the amendment at this meeting. (See attached copy of amendment.)

Wayne Hurder, Director of Driver and Vehicle Services of the Division of Motor Vehicles, spoke briefly on the bill.

Representative Carney stated that she would put aside Representative Allred's amendment, and take up amendment sent forth by Representative Daughtridge (See attached copy of Representative Daughtridge's amendment.) Representative Sutton stated that he had no objection to amendment. Representative Allred moved that

Representative Daughtridge's amendment be approved. The vote was favorable as to the amendment.

Representative Carney stated that they would resume discussion on Representative Allred's amendment. Representative Allred asked that staff get some more information on concerns raised. Representative Sutton, bill sponsor, stated that he had no objection to waiting for further information, and the amendment was displaced.

Representative Carney stated that the next item on the agenda was **HB141 – AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF A FREE DRIVERS LICENSE TO VETERANS.** Summaries of the bill were distributed. (A copy of the summary is attached.)

The bill sponsor, Representative Moore, explained the bill. The bill would give free drivers licenses to veterans. Many other states do this already, and as a military friendly state this is a way of saying thank you. The bill defines who qualifies. The fiscal note indicates that the cost to the state would be \$795,000, based on number of veterans who would qualify. The cost in 2005 and 2006 would be \$397,000; after that, \$795,000. Assuming that approximately 530,000 veterans would meet the criteria of the bill and about half, or 265,000, would apply for free drivers license, the costs would be less. We would only know the amount when it has been in place a couple of years.

There was much discussion on the definition of "veterans." Representative Cleveland suggested an amendment to delete the word "served" on Line 14 and add "all retirees who served 20 years on active duty." Representative Carney asked for a vote on the amendment. The vote count was 13 in favor of the amendment; 9 opposed.

Representative Cole moved to roll the amendment into a committee substitute and give a favorable report to the committee substitute, unfavorable to the original bill, and that it be re-referred to Finance. The motion failed.

The meeting adjourned at 11:47 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Backy Carney

Presiding Chair

Joyce Langdon

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

HB 267, summary, and two amendments

HB 141 and summary

Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

March 16, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 267 - 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal (Continued from March 9, 2005)
 Rep. Sutton, bill sponsor

HB 141 - Free Veteran's Drivers Licenses Rep. Moore, bill sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 16, 2005

Jud. Distrikat

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Ularen Bonk	05.13.jm
Milds Elf	-05329
Portra Morey	NEDOTIONU
Charlie Smith	NCDVA
Michael Nelson	Conservation Council - NC
Susan Volami	Nationurde
Shant Durhams	Chartette O
Sohn Mother	GOW OM'CG
Wagee Hooder	DAV-DOT
	ADD Carlin
Tange Wallace	Chief District Cas Judy - 20
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TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:

March 16, 2005

Page Name	County	<u>Sponsor</u>
Seavy Dickson	Cumberland	Margaret Dickson
Modison Bruden	Wille	Jahn Hall
	_	

Sergeant-at-Arms
Dusty Phodes
Fres Lives
BRAD BARREDOT

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 267*

Short Title:	8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal. (Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Sutton; B. Allen, Cole, Crawford, Faison, Gillespie, Hackney, Hall, Saunders, Starnes, Tolson, Warren, Wilkins, Womble, Wray, and Yongue.
Referred to:	Transportation.

February 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-7(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) <u>Duration and Renewal of Licenses.</u> — Expiration and Temporary License. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday that occurs after the license is issued and on which the individual's age is evenly divisible by five, unless this subsection sets a different expiration date. A first drivers license may be issued for a shorter duration if the Division determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration issued by the United States Department of State. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 17years old but is less than 18 years old expires on the person's twentieth birthday. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 62 years old expires on the person's birthday in the fifth year after the license is issued, whether or not the person's age on that birthday is evenly divisible by five.

<u>Drivers licenses shall be issued and renewed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.</u>

- (1) Duration of license for persons under age 18. A full provisional license issued to a person under the age of 18 shall expire on the person's 21st birthday.
- (2) Duration of license for persons at least 18 years of age or older. A drivers license issued to a person at least 18 years old but less than 38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance. A drivers

1		license issued to a person at least 38 years old expires five years after
2		the date of issuance.
3	<u>(3)</u>	Internet renewal of license authorized for certain persons The
4		Division is authorized to renew a drivers license electronically in
5		accordance with this subdivision. The Division may waive the sign
6		tests for applicants renewing electronically. A person who holds a
7		commercial drivers license and is required by federal regulations to be
8		retested shall not renew electronically. A person may renew his or her
9		drivers license electronically for one five-year period at the time of
10		each expiration of a license issued in a drivers license office if all of
11		the following apply:
12		a. The person has no more than two reportable accidents on his or
13		her drivers license record in the previous year.
14		b. The person has no restrictions other than a restriction for
15		corrective lenses on his or her drivers license record in the
16		previous year.
17		c. The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
18		 <u>The person has four or fewer drivers license points.</u> <u>The person is at least 25 years old and less than 60 years old.</u>
19		e. The person has obtained an eye examination by a licensed
20		ophthalmologist or licensed optometrist within 12 months prior
21		to the date of electronic renewal, and the results of the
22		examination are submitted to the Division by the
23		ophthalmologist or optometrist to the Division at the time of the
24		application for the electronic renewal.
25	<u>(4)</u>	<u>Duration of license for certain visa holders.</u> A drivers license that
26		was issued by the Division and is renewed by the Division expires five
27		years at the end of the period provided by this subsection after the
28		expiration date of the license that is renewed unless the Division
29		determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the
30		applicant holds a visa of limited duration from the United States
31		Department of State. A person may apply to the Division to renew a
32		license during the 180 day period before the license expires. The
33		Division may not accept an application for renewal made before the
34		180 day period begins.
35	<u>(5)</u>	Renewal by mail. – The Division may renew by mail a drivers license
36		issued by the Division to a person who meets any of the following
37		descriptions:
38		(1)a. Is serving on active duty in the armed forces of the United
39		States and is stationed outside this State.
40		(2)b. Is a resident of this State and has been residing outside the State
41		for at least 30 continuous days.
42		ving a license by mail, the Division may waive the examination that
43	would otherwise	e be required for the renewal and may impose any conditions it finds

General Assembly of North Carolina

3

Session 2005

advisable. A license renewed by mail is a temporary license that expires 60 days after the person to whom it is issued returns to this State."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY **AMENDMENT**

House Bill 267*

H267-ASU-3 [v.3]	AMENDMENT NO (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)		
	·	Page 1 of 3	
	Date	,2005	

Comm. Sub. [NO] Amends Title [NO] First Edition

Representative Allred

moves to amend the bill on page 2, lines 24-25, 2 by adding the following between the lines: 3

> The person is a citizen of the United States or otherwise demonstrates unexpired legal authorization to be in the United States."; and

6 7 on page 3, line 3,

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by rewriting the line to read:

"SECTION 2. G.S. 20-7(b1) reads as rewritten:

'(b1) Application. – To obtain an identification card, learners permit, or drivers license from the Division, a person shall complete an application form provided by the Division, present at least two forms of identification approved by the Commissioner, be a resident of this State, and, except for an identification card, demonstrate his or her physical and mental ability to drive safely a motor vehicle included in the class of license for which the person has applied. At least one of the forms of identification shall indicate the applicant's residence address. The Division may copy the identification presented or hold it for a brief period of time to verify its authenticity. To obtain an endorsement, a person shall demonstrate his or her physical and mental ability to drive safely the type of motor vehicle for which the endorsement is required.

The application form shall request all of the following information, and it shall contain the disclosures concerning the request for an applicant's social security number required by section 7 of the federal Privacy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579:

- The applicant's full name. (1)
- The applicant's mailing address and residence address. **(2)**



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

House Bill 267*

AMENDMENT NO.	
(to be filled in by	
Principal Clerk)	

H267-ASU-3 [v.3]

Page 2 of 3

- (3) A physical description of the applicant, including the applicant's sex, height, eye color, and hair color.
- (4) The applicant's date of birth.
- (5) The applicant's valid social security number.
- (6) The applicant's signature.

If an applicant does not have a valid social security number and is ineligible to obtain one, the applicant shall swear to or affirm that fact under penalty of perjury. In such case, the applicant may provide a valid Individual Taxpayer Identification Number issued by the Internal Revenue Service to that person.

The Division shall not issue an identification card, learners permit, or drivers license to an applicant who fails to provide either the applicant's valid social security number or the applicant's valid Individual Taxpayer Identification Number. to swear or affirm that the applicant is ineligible to receive one.'

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-7(b1), as amended by Section 2 of this act, reads as rewritten:

'(b1) Application. – To obtain an identification card, learners permit, or drivers license from the Division, a person shall complete an application form provided by the Division, present at least two forms of identification approved by the Commissioner, be a resident of this State, and, except for an identification card, demonstrate his or her physical and mental ability to drive safely a motor vehicle included in the class of license for which the person has applied. At least one of the forms of identification shall indicate the applicant's residence address. The Division may copy the identification presented or hold it for a brief period of time to verify its authenticity. To obtain an endorsement, a person shall demonstrate his or her physical and mental ability to drive safely the type of motor vehicle for which the endorsement is required.

The application form shall request all of the following information, and it shall contain the disclosures concerning the request for an applicant's social security number required by section 7 of the federal Privacy Act of 1974, Pub. L. No. 93-579:

- (1) The applicant's full name.
- (2) The applicant's mailing address and residence address.
- (3) A physical description of the applicant, including the applicant's sex, height, eye color, and hair color.
 - (4) The applicant's date of birth.



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

House Bill 267*

AMENDMENT NO. _____

H267-ASU-3 [v 3 1	(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
11207-A50-5 [v.5 _]	Page 3 of 3
If an application obtain one, the The Division to an applicant to swear or affirm An applicant shall be a citical authorization to	The applicant's valid social security numerous The applicant's signature. Cant does not have a valid social security applicant shall swear to or affirm that fact in shall not issue an identification card, least who fails to provide either the applicant's right that the applicant is ineligible to receive that the applicant is ineligible to receive the for an original drivers license, learners are not the United States or otherwise to be in the United States.' TION 4. This act becomes effective January	ry number and is ineligible to under penalty of perjury. The permit, or drivers license valid social security number or e one. The permit, or identification card demonstrate unexpired legal
SIGNEDAmendment Sp	onsor	
SIGNED	ir if Senate Committee Amendment	
ADOPTED _	FAILED	TABLED



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

House Bill 267*

H267-ASU-2 [v.3]	AMENDMENT N (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)	7
	Date	,2005
Comm. Sub. [NO] Amends Title [NO] First Edition		
Representative Daughtridge		•
moves to amend the bill on page 2, line 25,		
by deleting "license for certain visa holders." an	nd substituting "license."; an	ıd
on page 2, lines 28-31,		
by rewriting the lines to read: "expiration date of the license that is renewed license of shorter duration should be issued whe duration from the United States Department of the Division to renew a"; and	hen the applicant holds a vi	isa of limited
on page 2, lines 34-35,		
by inserting the following new subdivision betw "(5) Duration of license for certain visa hor renewed by the Division to an applicant who have United States Department of Homeland Securivisa."; and	olders. – Any drivers licer nolds a visa of limited dura	tion from the

by renumbering the remaining subdivision accordingly.



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

House Bill 267*

H267-ASU-2 [v.3]		AMENDMENT NO (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)				
		Page 2	of 2			
SIGNED						
Amendment Sponsor						
SIGNED						
Committee Chair if Senate	e Committee Amendment					
ADOPTED	FAILED	TABLED				



HOUSE BILL 267: 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

Version:

March 9, 2005 First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Sutton

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 267 would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue eight-year drivers licenses and to electronically renew drivers licenses under certain circumstances.

CURRENT LAW: The duration of a first drivers license, issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles, depends on the age of the licensee. Under the current law, the duration is as follows:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 20th birthday.
- Persons 18-61 years old expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday after the license is issued on which the person's age is evenly divisible by five (can be anywhere from 3 years and 1 day to 8 years after issuance).
- Persons 62 and older expires on the persons birthday in the fifth year after issuance.

Currently, when the Division renews a drivers license, it expires five years after the expiration date of the renewed license, regardless of the licensee's age. The Division is not authorized to renew drivers licenses electronically.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 267 would make the following changes to the duration of a first drivers license:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 21st birthday.
- Persons 18-38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance.
- Persons 38 and older expires 5 years after the date of issuance.

House Bill 267 would also make the following changes pertaining to renewal of a drivers license:

- Renewal in person duration after renewal is determined in the same manner as for first issuance.
- Electronic renewal the bill authorizes the Division to waive the sign test and allow an applicant to renew a drivers license electronically for one 5-year period if the following conditions are met:
 - o The person has no more than two reportable accidents in the last year.
 - o The person has no restrictions, other than corrective lenses, in the last year.
 - The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
 - The person is at least 25, but less than 60, years old.
 - The person has had an eye exam in the last 12 months, and a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist has submitted the results to the Division.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective January 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 141

Short Title: Free Veteran's Drivers Licenses.

	Sponsors:	•	ntatives Moore; Cleveland, Faison, Frye, Grady, Hill, Justice, McGee, Pate, Preston, Rayfield, Steen, and Wray.
	Referred to:	Transpo	rtation.
			February 9, 2005
1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO	O AUTHO	ORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF A FREE DRIVERS LICENSE TO
3	VETERA	ANS.	
4	The General	Assembly	y of North Carolina enacts:
5	S	ECTION	1. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
6	new section	to read:	
7			<u>free drivers license.</u>
8			nding any other provisions of this Chapter, 'veterans', as defined in
9	this section,	shall be	issued or reissued Class B or Class C drivers licenses without
10	charge or fe		
11			es of this section, a person is a 'veteran' if that person meets the
12			f the following subdivisions of this subsection:
13	<u>(1</u>) Perso	ons who:
14		<u>a.</u>	Served on active duty in the armed forces of the United States
15			or on active duty in a reserve component of the armed forces of
16			the United States, including the national guard, during wartime
17			or any conflict when personnel were committed by the
18			President of the United States, whether or not such veterans
19			were assigned to a unit or division which directly participated in
20			the war or not, except that periodic transfer from reserve status
21			to active duty status for training purposes shall not be
22		ı.	considered active duty.
23		<u>b.</u>	Were residents of this State at the time of enlistment or
24 25			commissioning and are residents of this State at the time of
25 26			application for the license, or who have been residents of this State for at least five years immediately preceding the date of
26 27			application for the license.
27		•	Have been discharged or separated under honorable conditions.
28		<u>c.</u>	maye been discharged of separated under honorable conditions.

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(Public)

Any other documentation that may be required by the Commissioner

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.

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HOUSE BILL 141: Free Veteran's Drivers License

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

March 16, 2005

Version:

1st Edition

Introduced by: Rep. Moore

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 141 amends the drivers license law to authorize issuance of free Class B or Class drivers licenses to veterans.

Under current G.S. 20-7, a Class C drivers license (for operators of vehicles of **CURRENT LAW:** 26,000 lbs. or less) is issued at a rate of \$3/year. A Class B drivers license (for CDL-exempt operators of vehicles over 26,000 lbs., or combinations with a towing unit less than 10,001 lbs.) is issued at a rate of \$4.25/year.

House Bill 141 would exempt "veterans" from the requirement to pay the statutory **BILL ANALYSIS:** fees for a Class C or Class B drivers licenses.

"Veterans" are defined in the bills as persons who:

--served on active duty in the U. S. armed forces or reserves during wartime or any conflict when personnel were committee by the President, are residents of the State, and were honorably discharged;

or,

--all members and former members of the NC National Guard or armed forces reserves with 20 or more years of service.

In addition, House Bill 141 would require the Division of Motor Vehicles to include a special background on licenses issued to veterans.

House Bill 141 would become effective January 1, 2006.

H141-SMRW-001

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 23, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on March 23, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Stiller, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred, L. Allen, and Carney, Co-Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Hill, Hilton, Moore, Rapp, Rayfield, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Thomas Wilder, and Willie Dixon, House Sergeants-at-Arms.

Representative Stiller called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-267 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal

This discussion was a continuation from the previous two meetings. Prior to this meeting, Rep. Sutton had requested a sub-committee be appointed to help resolve any issues with the legislation. Rep. Steen was appointed as the Chair, Rep. Coates, Saunders, Rapp and Daughtridge will serve as members and report back to the committee at a future meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 11:17 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Bonner Stiller

Presiding Chair

Carla Farmer

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE

AND

BILL SPONSOR NOTIFICATION

2005-2006 SESSION

DAY & DATE: Wednesday, March 23, 2005

TIME: 11.00 AM

LOCATION: Room 1228

The following bills will be considered (Bill # & Short Title & Bill Sponsor):

HB 267 - 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal (Continued from March 16) Rep. Sutton, bill sponsor

Respectfully, Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller, Chairs

I hereby certify this notice was filed by the committee assistant at the following offices at 1:00 PM on March 17, 2005.

Principal Clerk	
Reading Clerk - House Chambe	er

Carla Farmer (Committee Assistant)

House Committee on Transportation March 23, 2005 11:00 Room 1228

Agenda

Introduction of Pages and Sgt. Of Arms Staff

BILLS

HB 267 – 8 Year Drivers License /Internet DL Renewal – Rep. Sutton Continued from 3/16/2005

Displaced



GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 267*

1

Short Title:	8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal.							
Sponsors:	Hackney, Hall,	Representatives Sutton; B. Allen, Cole, Crawford, Faisc Hackney, Hall, Saunders, Starnes, Tolson, Warren, Wilki Wray, and Yongue.						
D - f 1 4	T							

Referred to: Transportation.

February 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-7(f) reads as rewritten:

Duration and Renewal of Licenses. - Expiration and Temporary License. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday that occurs after the license is issued and on which the individual's age is evenly divisible by five, unless this subsection sets a different expiration date. A first drivers license may be issued for a shorter duration if the Division determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration issued by the United States Department of State. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 17 years old but is less than 18 years old expires on the person's twentieth birthday. The first drivers license the Division issues to a person who is at least 62 years old expires on the person's birthday in the fifth year after the license is issued, whether or not the person's age on that birthday is evenly divisible by five.

Drivers licenses shall be issued and renewed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.

- Duration of license for persons under age 18. A full provisional (1) license issued to a person under the age of 18 shall expire on the person's 21st birthday.
- Duration of license for persons at least 18 years of age or older. A (2) drivers license issued to a person at least 18 years old but less than 38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance. A drivers



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license	issued	to a	person	at	least	38	years	old	expires	five	years	after
the date	of issu	uance	<u>.</u>									

- (3) Internet renewal of license authorized for certain persons. The Division is authorized to renew a drivers license electronically in accordance with this subdivision. The Division may waive the sign tests for applicants renewing electronically. A person who holds a commercial drivers license and is required by federal regulations to be retested shall not renew electronically. A person may renew his or her drivers license electronically for one five-year period at the time of each expiration of a license issued in a drivers license office if all of the following apply:
 - a. The person has no more than two reportable accidents on his or her drivers license record in the previous year.
 - b. The person has no restrictions other than a restriction for corrective lenses on his or her drivers license record in the previous year.
 - c. The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
 - d. The person is at least 25 years old and less than 60 years old.
 - e. The person has obtained an eye examination by a licensed ophthalmologist or licensed optometrist within 12 months prior to the date of electronic renewal, and the results of the examination are submitted to the Division by the ophthalmologist or optometrist to the Division at the time of the application for the electronic renewal.
- <u>Vears-at the end of the period provided by this subsection</u> after the expiration date of the license that is renewed unless the Division determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration from the United States Department of State. A person may apply to the Division to renew a license during the 180 day period before the license expires. The Division may not accept an application for renewal made before the 180 day period begins.
- (5) Renewal by mail. The Division may renew by mail a drivers license issued by the Division to a person who meets any of the following descriptions:
 - (1)a. Is serving on active duty in the armed forces of the United States and is stationed outside this State.
 - (2)b. Is a resident of this State and has been residing outside the State for at least 30 continuous days.

When renewing a license by mail, the Division may waive the examination that would otherwise be required for the renewal and may impose any conditions it finds





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HOUSE BILL 267: 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version: March 9, 2005 First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Sutton

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 267 would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue eight-year drivers licenses and to electronically renew drivers licenses under certain circumstances.

CURRENT LAW: The duration of a first drivers license, issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles. depends on the age of the licensee. Under the current law, the duration is as follows:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 20th birthday.
- Persons 18-61 years old expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday after the license is issued on which the person's age is evenly divisible by five (can be anywhere from 3 years and 1 day to 8 years after issuance).
- Persons 62 and older expires on the persons birthday in the fifth year after issuance.

Currently, when the Division renews a drivers license, it expires five years after the expiration date of the renewed license, regardless of the licensee's age. The Division is not authorized to renew drivers licenses electronically.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 267 would make the following changes to the duration of a first drivers license:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 21st birthday.
- Persons 18-38 years old expires eight years after the date of issuance.
- Persons 38 and older expires 5 years after the date of issuance.

House Bill 267 would also make the following changes pertaining to renewal of a drivers license:

- Renewal in person duration after renewal is determined in the same manner as for first issuance.
- Electronic renewal the bill authorizes the Division to waive the sign test and allow an applicant to renew a drivers license electronically for one 5-year period if the following conditions are met:
 - o The person has no more than two reportable accidents in the last year.
 - o The person has no restrictions, other than corrective lenses, in the last year.
 - o The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
 - The person is at least 25, but less than 60, years old.
 - The person has had an eye exam in the last 12 months, and a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist has submitted the results to the Division.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective January 1, 2006.



Carla Farmer (Rep. Stiller)



@House/Transportation

bject: Transporation Committee addition information on 8-Yr. Drivers License Bill

To: Members of the House Transportation Committee

From. Giles S. Perry, Committee Counsel

Re: Pending Legislation in Congress on Drivers Licenses and Lawful Presence in the US.

At the last House Transportation meeting, staff was requested to investigate legislation pending in Congress concerning requirements for proof of legal residence in the U.S. in order to obtain a State drivers license.

On February 10, 2005, the U.S. House passed H.R. 418, known as the "REAL ID Act of 2005" by a vote of 261 to 161. This act, if enacted, would require States to require applicants for a drivers licenses to prove lawful presence in the U.S.

The bill was sent to the U.S. Senate, where no action on the bill has been scheduled.

A complete summary of Title II of H.R. 418, from the Library of Congress "Thomas" Legislative Information Service, is included be

"Title II: Improved Security for Driver's Licenses and Personal Identification Cards - (Sec. 202) Prohibits Federal agencies from accepting State issued driver's licenses or identification cards unless such documents are determined by the Secretary to meet minimum security requirements, including the incorporation of specified data, a common machine-readable technology, and certain anti-fraud security features.

Sets forth minimum issuance standards for such documents that require: (1) verification of presented information; (2) evidence that the applicant is lawfully present in the United States; and (3) issuance of temporary driver's licenses or identification cards to persons temporarily present that are valid only for their period of authorized stay (or for one year where the period of stay is indefinite).



HOUSE APPRO/SUBCOMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

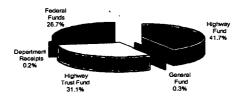
<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
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Craig Deal	NODENR
Warren Plont	05BM
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Andrea Buzah Mans	in El Pueblo
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George Talim	IT (POT DAW
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NC Department of Transportation Operations Summary

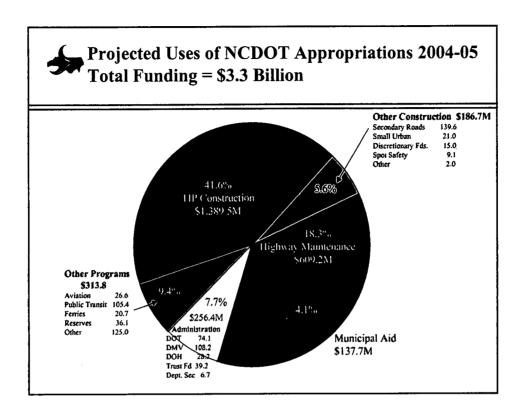
- •Appropriated Spending \$3.3 billion (Governor's Budget Recommendations)
- •Non-Appropriated Spending:
 - •Cash Management Initiatives:
 - -SB 1005 Special Authority Projects \$687 million (Beginning FY '02 Finish FY '06)
 - -NC Moving Ahead! \$700 million (Beginning FY '04 Finish FY '07)

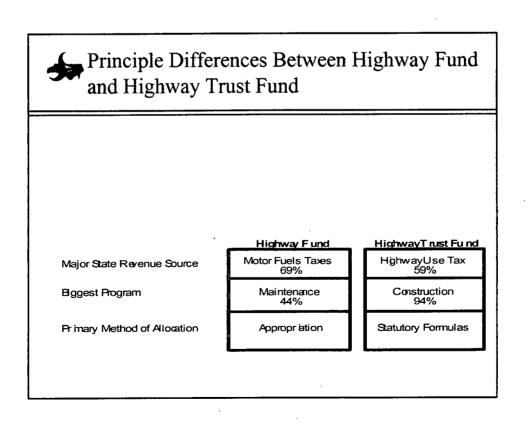
NCDOT Appropriations 2004-05



North Carolina Transportation Program Revenues 2003-05 Dollars in Millions

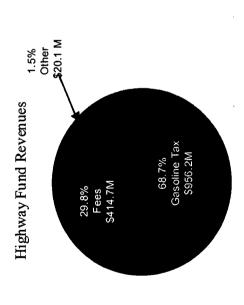
	Authorized 2004-05	% Change	Governor's Budget 2005-06	% Change	Governor's Budget 2006-07	% Change
Highway Fund	\$ 1,390.9	2.2%	\$ 1,525.9	9.7%	\$ 1,516.6	-0.6%
Highway Trust Fund	1,037.5	4.4%	1,076.2	3.7%	1,100.3	2.2%
Federal Funds	890.1	-10.7%	890.1	0.0%	890.1	0.0%
Department Receipts/General Fund	17.9	-1.1%	17.0	-5.0%	18.0	5.9%
Total Revenues	\$ 3,336.4	-1.0%	\$ 3,509.2	5.2%	\$ 3,525.0	0.5%

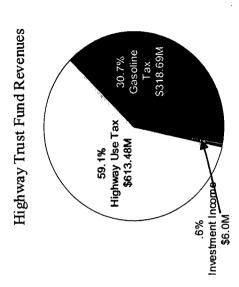




Highway Fund & Highway Trust Fund

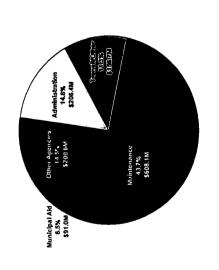
2002: Callund Conneces



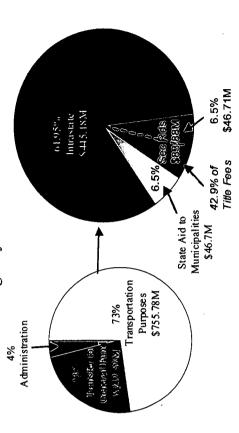


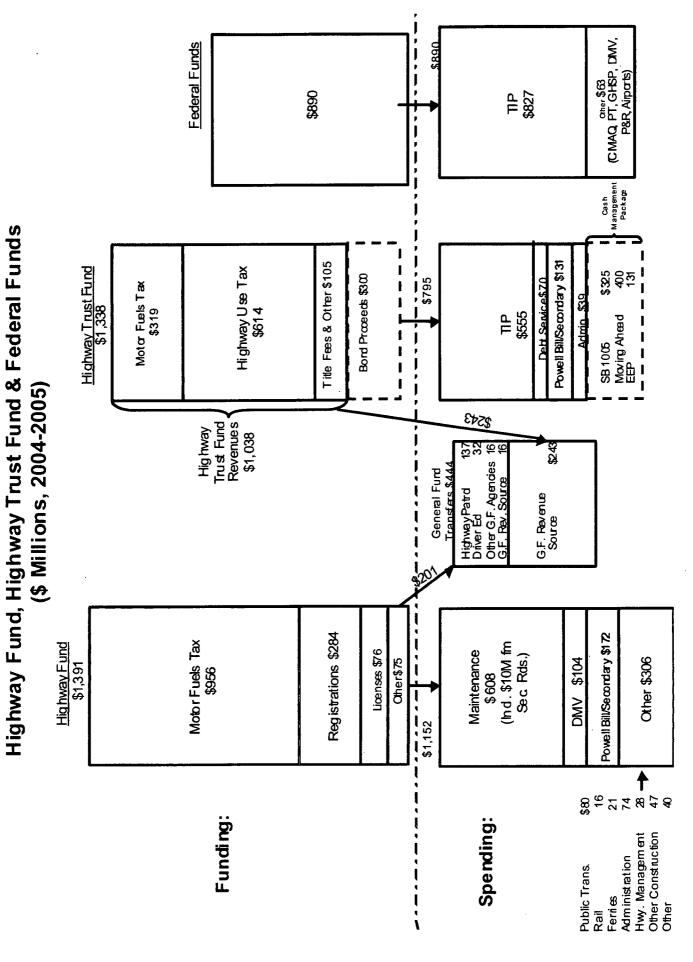
2002 HOSTAMOR Bloss

Highway Fund Uses











1996 Highway Bond Funds For Replenishment of Highway Trust Fund

 Amount Sold
 \$250,000,000
 \$400,000,000
 \$300,000,000

 Interest Rate
 4.7643%
 3.8298%
 3.5837%

 Premium
 \$177,819
 \$31,130,256
 \$23,519,799

Refunding:

Interest Rate 2.9429% Total Savings \$ 5,279,165



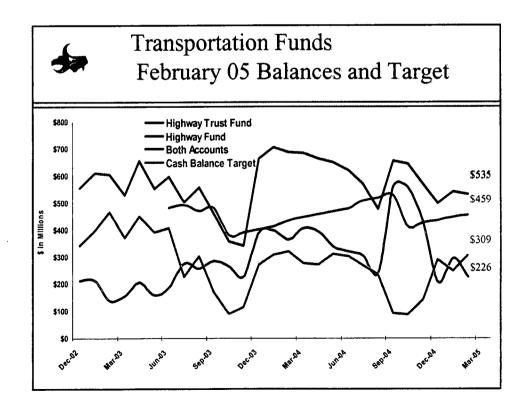
Cash Initiatives as of February 2005

Senate Bill 1005:	Appro	opriation	Ob	ligated		Spent
Pavement Rehabilitation	\$	470	\$	459	s	393
Preliminary Engineering	•	45	•	29	•	4
Fraffic Signalization		45		39		32
Small Urban		7		5		2
Public Transportation		120		67		62
Totals	\$	687	\$	599	\$	493
Moving Ahead:						
Construction	\$	630	\$	577	\$	227
Public Transportation		70		56		1
Totals	\$	700	\$	633	\$	228



Transportation Funds Cash Balances - February 2005

\$ in Millions	February 2005	February 2004	3 Month Average to February 2005	3 Month Average to February 2004
Highway Fund % change from 12 months ago	\$309 -5%	\$325	\$283 -7%	\$303
Highway Trust Fund % change from 12 months ago	\$226 -38%	\$365	\$243 -37%	\$385
Total	\$535	\$690	\$526	\$688



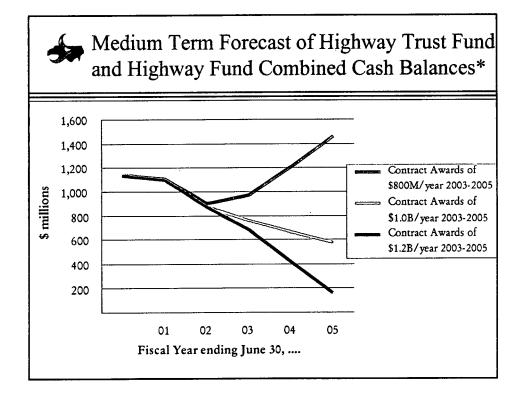


NCDOT Requirements Senate Bill 1005 Implementation

DOT's Response to Cash Management Legislative Mandate

Management Controls and Tools

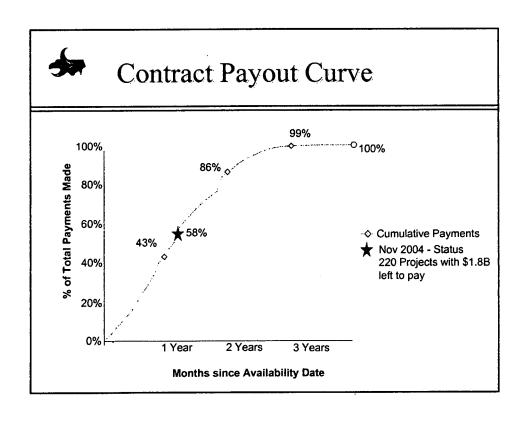
- •Financial Planning Committee
- •Cash Management Unit
- •Forecasting Models

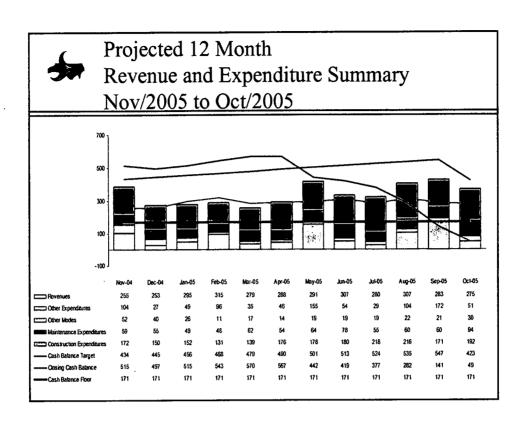




1998 -2003 Contract Awards 2004 -2007 Projected TIP Contract Values

Year	TIP - Total \$ Amount	Resurfacing - Total \$ Amount	Senate Bill - Total \$ Amount	NC Moving Ahead - Total \$ Amount	Accum \$ Totals
1998	626,112,555	109,001,124	NA NA	NA NA	735,113,679
1999	1,144,389,100	67,359,805	NA NA	NA	1,211,748,904
2000	958,923,159	75,386,661	NA NA	NA	1,034,309,819
2001	741,239,356	138,461,933	115,812,351	NA	995,513,641
2002	608,924,983	181,600,238	133,770,268	NA	924,295,489
2003	1,145,900,000	131,000,000	73,300,000	28,900,000	1,378,000,000
2004	1,041,576,802	105,875,337	34,825,563	143,270,978	1,325,548,680
2005	1,455,950,000				
2006	893,617,000		1		a Printing and a management of the State of
2007	811,020,000				





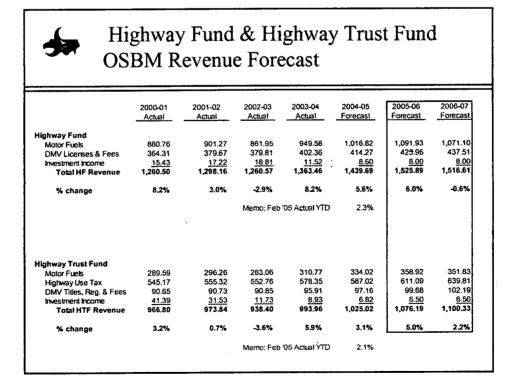


Table 18
Recommended Highway Fund Appropriation 2005-07

2005 - 07						
		2004-05		2005-06		2006-07
		Authorized		Recommended		Recommended
DOT-General Administration	\$	79,709,154	\$	82,604,119	\$	83,455,914
Highway Division Administration		30,542,111		30,621,612		30,632,164
Federal Aid Match - Ptanning and Research		4,280,000		4,280,000		4,280,000
Construction Program	•					•
State Secondary System		91,000,000		93,370,000		95,980,000
State Urban System		14,000,000		14,000,000		14,000,000
Discretionary Funds		15,000,000		15,000,000		15,000,000
Spot Safety Improvements		9,100,000		9,100,000	•	9,100,000
Access and Public Service Roads	i de	2,000,000	•	2,000,000		2,000,000
Small Urban Construction		7,000,000				•
Total Construction Program	\$	138,100,000	\$	133,470,000	\$	136,080,000
Maintenance Program						
Primary System		124,750,498		124,750,498		124,750,498
Secondary System		214,243,652		214,243,652		214,243,652
Urban System		40,079,682		40,079,682		40,079,682
Contract Resurfacing		157,208,316		157,208,316		157,208,316
General Maintenance Reserve		78,511,140		153,398,161		129,440,063
Total Maintenance Program	.\$	614,793,288	\$	689,680,309	\$	665,722,211
Ferry Operations		21,264,811		20,264,811		20,264,811
State Aid to Municipalities		91,000,000		93,370,000		95,980,000
State Aid to Railroads		15,531,153	•	17,781,153		
State Aid for Public Transportation		79,866,447		89,866,447		20,299,903 89,866,447
Airports		•				1,000,60
Asphalt Plant Cleanup		425,000		425,000		425,000
Governor's Highway Safety Program		293,118		293,118		293,118
Division of Motor Vehicles		91,611,358		96,047,914		95,468,137
Total Department of Transportation	. \$	1,167,416,440	5	1,258,704,483	\$	1,242,767,705
Transfers to Other State Agencies						
Agriculture		3,897,946		4,115,930		4,234,921
Revenue	-	4,318,518		4,873,784		4,877,768
State Treasurer		16,166,400		16,166,400		16,166,400
DPI - Driver Education		31,870,484		32,604,129		32,800,569
CCPS - Highway Patrol		156,340,038		184,495,510		188,275,171
DENR - LUST Trust Fund		5,853,536		6,010,286		6,337,313
DHHS - Chemical Test		541,886		546,826		547,503
Global Transpark		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,600,000
Total Transfers to Other State Agencies	\$	220,588,808	\$	250,412,865	\$	254,839,643
Reserves				•		
Salary Adjustment		650,000		650,000		650,000
Minority Contractor Development		150,000		150,000		150,000
State Fire Protection Grant		150,000		150,000		150,000
Stormwater Discharge Permit		500,000		500,000		500,000
Visitor Centers		375,000		375,000		375,000
State Infrastructure Bank		750,000		•	•	750,000
Reserve for Legislative Increase		•		7,600,000		7,600,000
Reserve for Retirement Adjustment		• '		1,709,900 '		1,709,900
Reserve for Health Insurance Adjustment		-		4,000,000	•	5,500,000
Reserve for File Server Consolidation		•		1,000,000		1,000,000
State Employee Reserve		842,658		842,658		842,658
Employer's Contribution to Retirement		66,094		354,094		354,094
Employer's Contribution to Death Benefit Total Reserves	<u> </u>	(589,000) 2,894,752	5	(589,000)		(589,000)
Total Current Operations	•		•	16,742,652	\$	18,992,652
Capital Improvements		1,390,900,000		1,525,860,000	•	1,518,600,000
•	<u></u>					-
Total Highway Fund Appropriation	\$	1,390,900,000	\$	1,525,860,000	\$	1,516,600,000



Highway Trust Fund Revenue and Expenditure Projection: 2004-05 through 2009-10 In Millions of \$

Revised Revenue Forecast - 12/7/04

	2004-05	2005-06	<u> 2006-07</u>	2007-08	2008-09	<u>2009-10</u>
\VAILABILITY:					•	
REVENUE:	•	•	•			
GASOLINE TAX	334,020,000	358,920,000	351,830,000	346,466,000	362,177,000	377,029,000
USE TAX	587,020,000	611,090,000	639,810,000	708,829,000	741,435,000	775,541,000
TITLE FEES	84,800,000	87,010,000	89,180,000	93,504,000	95,842,000	98,238,000
MISC REG	10,190,000	10,460,000	10,760,000	11,241,000	11,522,000	11,810,000
LIEN RECORD	2,170,000	2,210,000	2,250,000	2,346,000	2,393,000	2,442,000
INVESTMENT INCOME	6,820,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,525,000	6,811,000	7,101,000
TOTAL REVENUE	1,025,020,000	1,076,190,000	1,100,330,000	1,168,911,000	1,220,180,000	1,272,161,000
% Change from Prior Year	3.1%	5.0%	2.2%	6.2%	4.4%	4.3%
LLOCATIONS:		,	•	·		
INTRASTATE	438,274,707	474,037,474	494,349,510	540,593,681	575,737,219	575,364,152
URBAN LOOPS	177,220,039	191,681,013	199,894,353	218,593,570	232,804,154	• • •
MUNICIPAL STREETS	45,985,240	49,737,588	51,868,794	56.720.886	• •	232,653,301
SECONDARY ROADS	82,328,097	87,027,588			60,408,263	60,369,120
PROGRAM ADMIN		• •	90,088,794	96,794,029	101,483,406	102,471,120
	38,691,600	40,648,220	41,565,540	44,170,669	46,108,022	48,072,280
GENERAL FUND	242,520,317	233,058,117	222,563,009	212,038,165	203,638,936	253,231,027
TOTAL ALLOCATION	1,025,020,000	1,076,190,000	1,100,330,000	1,168,911,000	1,220,180,000	1,272,161,000



THE ALLOCATIONS TO THE GENERAL FUND FOR FY 2005-06 AND BEYOND INCLUDE THE REPAYMENT OF THE \$125,000,000 LOAN MADE TO THE GENERAL FUND IN FY 2002-03.

THE ALLOCATION TO THE GENERAL FUND FOR FY 2006 AND BEYOND INCLUDES AN EXTENSIION OF THE \$80 MILLION AUTHORIZED BY A SPECIAL PROVISION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR FY 2002-2005.

STATUTORY FORMULA A	LLOCATIONS: (G.S. 136-176 (b))
INTRASTATE	61.95% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
URBAN LOOPS	25.05% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
MUNICIPAL STREETS	6.5% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
SECONDARY ROADS	6.5 % of revenue plus direct appropriation of \$15 of each \$35 title fee.
PROGRAM ADMIN	3.8% of remaining revenue after deductions for revenue generated from investments and \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.



Calculation of Transfer to the General Fund State Fiscal Years 2003/04 through 2009/10 from the Highway Trust Fund

Component of Transfer	FY 2003-04	FY 2004-05	FY 2005-06	FY 2006-07	FY 2007-08	FY 2008-09	FY2009-10
Original Base Transfer	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000
Non-Recurring Inflationary Adjustment	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000
Additional Funds from Elimination of Cap on Highway Use Tax for Luxury Vehicles	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000
Increase on add"l funds from elimination of luxury tax based on annual increase in revenue estimate of highway use tax	22,125	120,317	158,117	263,009	388,165	688,936	831,027
Principal Repayment on \$125,000,000 Loan		(8,750,000)	(16,250,000)	(25,000,000)	(33,750,000)	(41,250,000)	
Interest Repayment on \$125,000,000 Loan		(1,250,000)	(3,250,000)	(5,100,000)	(7,000,000)	(8,200,000)	
	252,422,125	242,520,317	233,058,117	222,563,009	212,038,165	203,638,936	253,231,027

special provision by the General Assembly for FY 2002 - 2005 The allocation to the General Fund for FY 2006 and beyond ncludes an extension of the \$80 million authorized by a

Equity Allocations and Authorizations Per NCGS 136-17.2A(g) Fiscal Years 1999/00 through 2003/04 **Dollars in Millions**

	Equity Allocations	Board Authorizations	Over / Under Allocations from Prior Period	Authorizations as Percent of Allocation
-	\$ 494.95	\$ 433.54	\$ 61.40	-12.4%
2	380.37	227.78	\$ 152.59	-40.1%
က	361.85	340.60	\$ 21.25	-5.9%
4	356.52	412.62	\$ (56.10)	15.7%
2	567.73	879.09	\$ (311.35)	54.8%
9	446.72	408.46	\$ 38.26	%9.8-
7	495.25	482.15	\$ 13.11	-2.6%
∞	473.26	497.23	\$ (23.96)	5.1%
တ	368.03	405.46	\$ (37.43)	10.2%
10	527.33	596.18	\$ (68.85)	13.1%
17	314.72	382.91	\$ (68.19)	21.7%
12	335.86	349.51	(13.65)	4.1%
13	407.51	390.50	\$ 17.02	-4.2%
14	241.28	238.05	\$ 3.22	-1.3%
	\$ 5,771.39	\$ 6,044.08	(272.69)	4.7%

equity & loops auth-prog 2000-2012(mar 11, 05)

EQUITY AND LOOP BOARD AUTHORIZATIONS/TIP PROGRAMMED AMOUNTS FISCAL YEARS 1999/2000 THROUGH 2011/2012 **DOLLARS IN MILLIONS**

	o, ⊢l					_	·.	Υ	•		_						1		11
	Total	1.144.36	952.81	1,301.83	924.32	1.888.82	1.347.27	1,776.10	1.076.78	1,049.69	1,918.37	786.46	840.95	1.074.49	612.93	16.695 16	1 706 30	\$ 18,401.47	
& TIP Plan ough 2012	% of Total	0.0%		15.2%	%0.0	17.8%	%6.6	22.5%	%0.0	2.9%	24.3%	%0.0	%0.0	3.4%	%0.0	8	e.	မြ	
Total Authorizations & TIP Plan Fiscal Years 2000 through 2012	Loops	ī	26.20	398.41	1	467.77	259.43	592.45	•	156.43	639.06		1	89.49	•	2.629.25	4 80	2,634.05	
Total Auth Fiscal Yea	% of Total	8.1% \$	%9.9	6.4%	%9.9	10.1%	7.7%	8.4%	7.7%	6.4%	9.1%	2.6%	%0.9	7.0%	4.4%	မ	69	မှာ	
	Equity	1,144.36	926.61	903.41	924.32	1,421.05	1,087.84	1,183.65	1,076.78	893.26	1,279.31	786.46	840.95	985.00	612.93	14,065.92	1,701.50	15,767.42	
	mi	↔														, ج	မာ		
TiP Plan Years 2005 through 2012 (Non-Inflated)	Loops	ı	25.00	233.90	ı	200.00	258.13	157.23	ı	181.98	212.20		ı	88.02		1,356.47	4.80	1,361.27	
Plan 35 thro flated	– 11	↔														\$	↔	s	
	Equity	710.81	698.83	562.81	511.70	541.96	679.38	701.50	579.55	487.80	683.12	403.55	491.44	594.50	374.87	8,021.84	1,183.97	9,205.80	
Fiscal		↔														ક્ક	ક્ર	ક્ર	
tions ough 2004	Loops	•	1.20	164.51	ı	267.77	1.30	435.22	1	(25.55)	426.86	1	1	1.47	1	1,272.78	1	1,272.78	
orizat 30 thro	1	↔														8	ક	မှာ	
Board Authorizations Fiscal Years 2000 through 2004	Equity	433.54	227.78	340.60	412.62	879.09	408.46	482.15	497.23	405.46	596.18	382.91	349.51	390.50	238.05	6,044.08	517.54	6,561.62	
Fisc	•	↔						-								20	\$	69	
	Division	- (ν (7	4 .	ი (0 1	<u> </u>	∞ α	n {	2 7	- \$	7 5	2 7	4	Division lotal	StateWide	IOIAL	

6.9% 5.7% 7.8% 5.5% 11.3% 8.1%

% of Total

6.4% 6.3%

10.6%

4.7%

5.0%

11.5%

6.4%

9.3%

NOTE: Authorizations include Preliminary Engineering; TIP plan includes only Right of Way and Construction.

Fiscal Years 1999/00 Projected through 2006/12 TIP DIVISIONAL/REGIONAL EQUITY PROJECTIONS

Actual Revenue Allocations and Au 1999/00 through 2003/0

Jivision

				-
	venues less ortzations	(50) (60) (60) (60) (60) (60) (60) (60) (6	(273) 174 174 (273) (24) (82) (82)	The same of the sa
in Millions	Re ons Auth	434 \$741 2228 411 4113 8779 8779 408 405 596 596 390 390	6,044 \$:	
Dollars in M	Authorizati		9	
	Revenues:		5//// 851 742 1014 1001 651 649	
	Re	4	\$	

A184 B283 C586 D789 E8810

Region

Authorizations 04	Program Allocations 2004/05 Dollars in Millions	Projected Program Alloca Programmed Amounts as of Not 2005/06 through 20 Dollars in Millior
Revenues	Program Allocations	Revised Program: Equity Program Allocations Adjustments Allocations
- <u>- 61</u> - 153	\$ 49	62 - 8 - 61 - S - 24 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44
21 7 = 1 (56)	57 116	506 506 506 507 508
(3111) 38 13	128 105 54	38
(24)	85 88	(24) (37)
(69) F = (68)	75	(69)
17	49 65 63	$\frac{(14)}{2}$
(273)	\$ 1,023	.\$
174	\$ 165	\$ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
(24)	233	(273) (24)
(93)	133 114 128	(82) (780) (82)
§ === <= (273)	\$ 1,023	\$ = (273) \$

	4		
Projected Program Allocations and	Programmed Amounts as of November 1, 2004	2005/06 through 2011/12	Dollars in Millions

UURHANISAN	114) trades establicativa del la companya de la companya del companya de la companya de la companya del companya de la company	The state of the s
am n'less ed Amt	(195) (195) (195) (195) (196)	(61) (244) (235) (30) (30) (30) (45) (66)
Program Allocation less Programmed Am		
	761 5 761 5 555 555 6 708 6 604 6 604 6 604 6 524 7 755 6 332 8 332 8	1,119 1,139 1,082 1,082 1,092 7,35 2,907,
Factored Programmed Amounts	3 S	5.7
sed am ition	773 \$ \$ 797	1,063 1,324 7,15 1,028 1,037 6,98 861
Revised Program Allocation	5	or of
Equity Adjustments	61. \$ 153. 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
Equity Adjustmen	6 6 1	99
ram tions	662 506 326 414 774 648 648 608 808 338 442 442 6529 529	1058 \$ 1150 \$ 1150 \$ 11052 \$ 1700 \$ 17
Program Allocations		
	2 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	112 123 133 1238 1238 1238 1238 1238 123
- SH	49 55 57 116 128 148 54 75 75 65 65 65 65 65 65 65	165 233 233 138 114 114 116 11023

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

March 30, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, March 30, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representatives Allred, Carney, and Stiller, Co-Chairs, Representative Crawford, Vice Chair, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Cole, Daughtridge, Goodwin, Haire, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Paul Curry, Fred Hines, and Brad Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Allen called the meeting to order and introduced the House pages:

Downing McDade (Iredell County – Rep. Karen Ray), Ashley Fox (McDowell County – Rep. Phillip Frye), Jody Shearin and Lauren Stewart (both from Franklin County – Rep. Lucy Allen), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms. Jason Howard, a House page (Randolph County – Rep. Arlie Culp) videotaped the meeting as part of a school project.

The Presiding Chair recognized Mark Foster, Department of Transportation, who provided a presentation on the DOT budget to include an overview of revenues and expenditures and a cash management update (please see attached). As indicated during the March 2, 2005 meeting, there is a gap between the resources available and the needs in our state – over the next 25-year period it is estimated there is a need for \$80 billion and there will only be \$50 billion in resources. Mr. Foster indicated the Draft TIP Plan will be published an April 6th.

Representative Daughtridge asked the Department of Transportation (DOT) to provide a breakdown of the amount of revenue that comes in and the amount that is spent on each of the following categories: roads, aviation, rail and ferries. He would like to find out how much the airlines, ferries, and rails are putting the state in the red and the amount of revenue sources versus expenditures.

Representative Wilkins asked for the percent of projects completed out of the projects planned over the seven-year period.

Mr. Foster indicated the DOT would provide the Transportation Committee members with information pertaining to the two sets of data being requested.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, March 2, 2005 - Page two

Mr. Foster indicated the equity formula was established in 1989 and amended in 1999, which was approved by the General Assembly. Spending is based on the following: 50% on the population, 25% on interstate roads that need to be completed, and 25% to be used for the fairness of everyone. The small construction budget (\$21 million) was given to the nine divisions equally.

Representative Starnes asked a question pertaining to discretionary funds. Mr. Foster indicated there are \$15 million in this fund. One third is used at the discretion of the Secretary of the DOT, and two thirds is utilized at the discretion of the legislature. Any project has to be approved by the Board of Transportation.

The next order of business was HB-664 - A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR AN ENGINEERING, CONSULTING, OR CONTRACTING FIRM EMPLOYEE, SUPERVISOR, OR OFFICER TO FALSIFY A DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REQUIRED HIGHWAY **INSPECTION OR TEST REPORT.** Representative Nelson Cole was recognized to explain the bill. This bill would broaden the current prohibition on falsification or direction of another to falsify a DOT required highway construction inspection or test report to make it apply to any person. Representative Cole presented a proposed committee substitute, and moved that the committee accept it for discussion. The motion passed. Representative Cole indicated the wording on line 14 would change to any person who directs, etc., rather than employee, supervisor, or officer of the DOT. Representative Bonner Stiller asked if the language should be changed from who knowingly falsifies to knowingly, willfully and intentionally falsifies, and indicated he would present an amendment to the proposed committee substitute to that effect. After discussion, he withdrew this request/proposed amendment. Representative Moore moved to give a favorable report to the proposed committee substitute, unfavorable as to the original bill.

Representative Lucy Allen, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:55 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda, Visitors Registration Handout, HB 664 & Bill Summary

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

March 30, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Presiding Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY PRESIDING CHAIR

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

PRESENTATION

Mark Foster, Department of Transportation

AGENDA ITEMS:

HB 664 - Crime to Falsify Highway Inspection Reports -AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 666 - HOV Lane Penalties - AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 740 - Transit Drug Testing
Representatives Coates & Cole, Bill Sponsors

ADJOURNMENT

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

March 30, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
Steve Ghabel	NCDOT	
Matt Daughtrey	'NC DOT	
Pat Clanay	Speaker's Office	
Kyk Britton	Charlotte Bobcats	
Gail Grunis	NCDOT	
BRIAN YAMAMOTO	NCDOT	
500 M McClellan	MCDTA	
Beton Bailey	NC PTA	
John Phelps	NCLM	
Marren Plonk	OSBM	
Milton Alfort	OSBM	

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

March 30, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Steve DeWit	Nonot
Suran Coward	NCDOT
BERRY JENKINS	CAROLINA, AGC
Most Octorne	Ąoc
Mike Ofun	NL Stik NICW
Hill Allen	Tharrington Smith
Portia Manley	NeDOT/AMU
Will Welliamson	NCDOT/DMV
JEFTer Edwards	005
I Chan	le fire
Charlie Diehl	UC Trucking Association

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Transportation	3/30/05
Transportation Name of Committee	Date
VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AN	ND RETURN TO COMMITTEE ASSISTANT
NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Restard Westerd	UTU
John y. Hingu	UTU
Milly Thomsen	KESIC
Dage Howard	Pacy &
Gene Causby	NCMA.
(Henry nie Dorko V	Charlette Chamber
Boyd Caulale	City of Charlotte
No Marida	nest
AGP	N.F.R
John Cyasus	NCSG
Fern Shubert	
Jamifer Williamson	AC50
Andy willis	ACSU
Cho Killia	Nelson muller
V	
	•



North Carolina Department of Transportation

Financial Overview to House Transportation Committee

Mark Foster, Chief Financial Officer March 30, 2005



North Carolina Department of Transportation

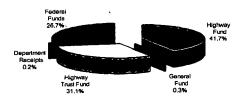
- Overview of Revenues & Expenditures
- Cash Management Update



NC Department of Transportation Operations Summary

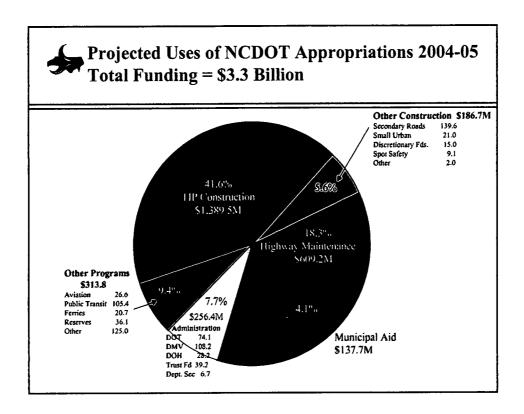
- •Appropriated Spending \$3.3 billion (Governor's Budget Recommendations)
- •Non-Appropriated Spending:
 - •Cash Management Initiatives:
 - -SB 1005 Special Authority Projects \$687 million (Beginning FY '02 Finish FY '06)
 - -NC Moving Ahead! \$700 million (Beginning FY '04 Finish FY '07)

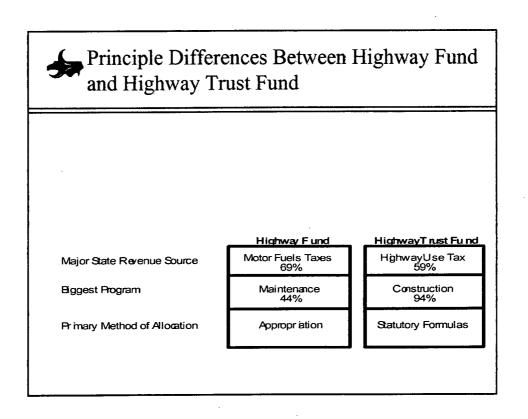
NCDOT Appropriations 2004-05



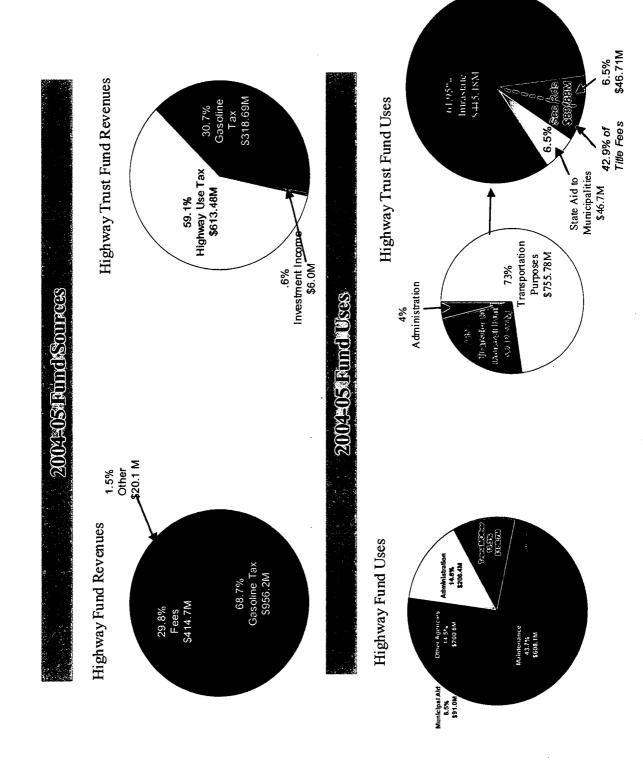
North Carolina Transportation Program Revenues 2003-05

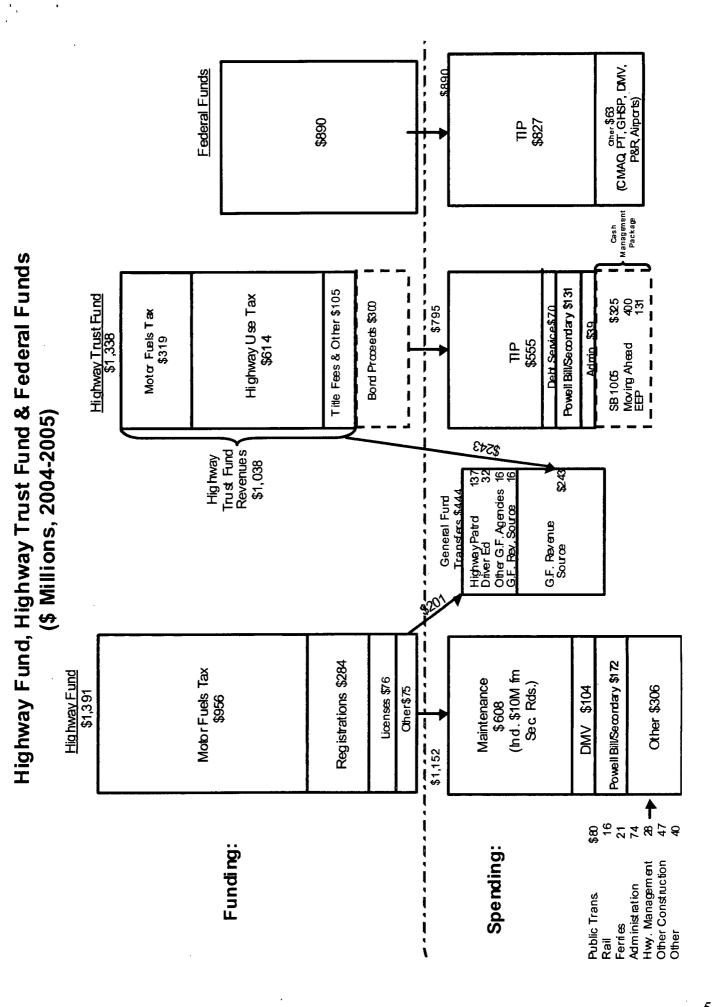
	Authorized 2004-05	% Change	Governor's Budget 2005-06	% Change	Governor's Budget 2006-07	% Change
Highway Fund	\$ 1,390.9	2.2%	\$ 1.525.9	9.7%	\$ 1.516.6	-0.6%
Highway Trust Fund	1,037.5	4.4%	1,076.2	3.7%	1,100.3	2.2%
Federal Funds	890.1	-10.7%	890.1	0.0%	890.1	0.0%
Department Receipts/General Fund	17.9	-1.1%	17.0	-5.0%	18.0	5.9%
Total Revenues	\$ 3,336.4	-1.0%	\$ 3.509.2	5.2%	\$ 3,525.0	0.5%





Highway Fund & Highway Trust Fund







1996 Highway Bond Funds For Replenishment of Highway Trust Fund

Amount Sold	\$25	50,000,000	\$4	400,000,000	\$:	300,000,000
Interest Rate		4.7643%		3.8298%		3.5837%
Premium	\$	177,819	\$	31,130,256	\$	23,519,799

Refunding:

Interest Rate 2.9429% Total Savings \$ 5,279,165



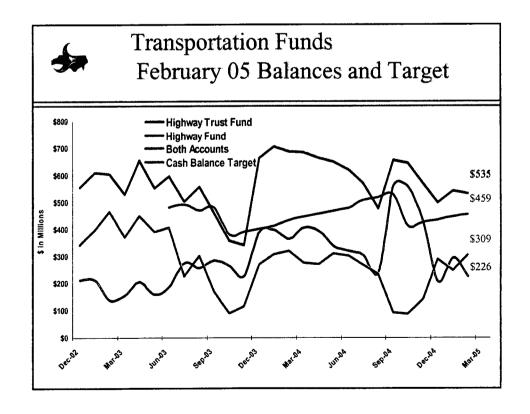
Cash Initiatives as of February 2005

Senate Bill 1005:	Appro	priation	Ob	ligated		Spent
Pavement Rehabilitation	\$	470	\$	459	s	393
Preliminary Engineering	•	45	Ψ	29	•	4
Traffic Signalization		45		39		32
Small Urban		7		5		2
Public Transportation		120		67		62
Totals	\$	687	\$	599	\$	493
Moving Ahead:						
Construction	\$	630	\$	577	\$	227
Public Transportation		70		56		1
Totals	\$	700	\$	633	\$	228

-San

Transportation Funds Cash Balances - February 2005

\$ in Millions	February 2005	February 2004	3 Month Average to February 2005	3 Month Average to February 2004
Highway Fund % change from 12 months ago	\$309 -5%	\$325	\$283 -7%	\$303
Highway Trust Fund % change from 12 months ago	\$226 -38%	\$365	\$243 -37%	\$385
Total	\$535	\$690	\$526	\$688



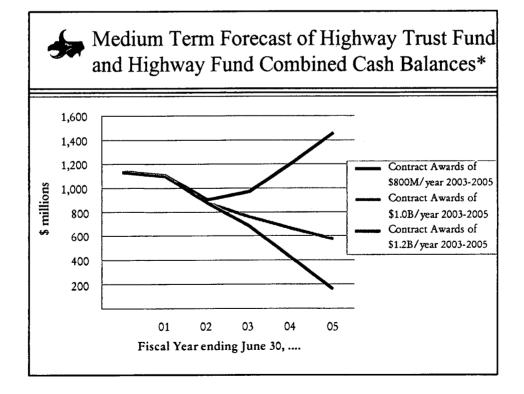


NCDOT Requirements Senate Bill 1005 Implementation

DOT's Response to Cash Management Legislative Mandate

Management Controls and Tools

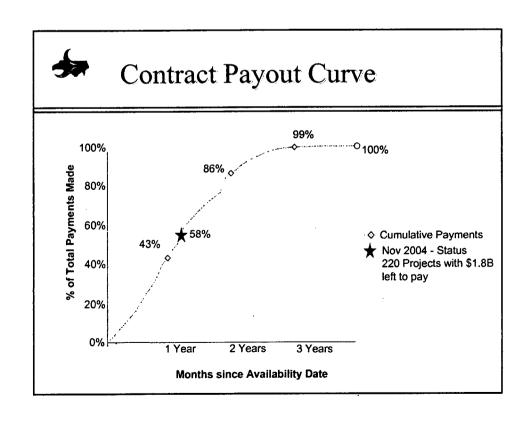
- •Financial Planning Committee
- •Cash Management Unit
- •Forecasting Models

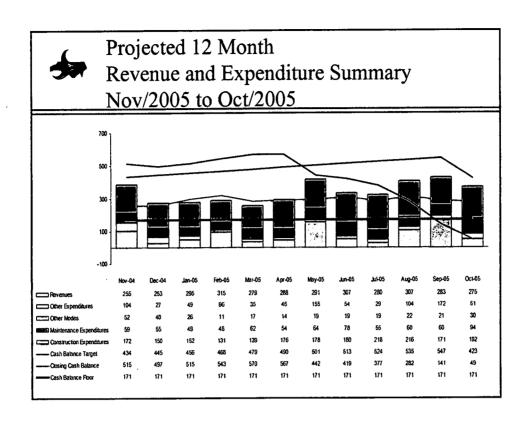




1998 -2003 Contract Awards 2004 -2007 Projected TIP Contract Values

Year	TIP - Total \$ Amount	Resurfacing - Total \$ Amount	Senate Bill - Total \$ Amount	NC Moving Ahead - Total \$ Amount	Accum. \$ Totals
1998	626,112,555	109,001,124	NA NA	NA NA	735,113,679
1999	1,144,389,100	67,359,805	NA	NA	1,211,748,904
2000	958,923,159	75,386,661	NA NA	NA	1,034,309,819
2001	741,239,356	138,461,933	115,812,351	NA	995,513,641
2002	608,924,983	181,600,238	133,770,268	NA	924,295,489
2003	1,145,900,000	131,000,000	73,300,000	28,900,000	1,378,000,000
2004	1,041,576,802	105,875,337	34,825,563	143,270,978	1,325,548,680
2005	1,455,950,000			1	
2006	893,617,000		1		annang magamaga na a ka manang mga salaga a manda in ka kasaka
2007	811,020,000	1			





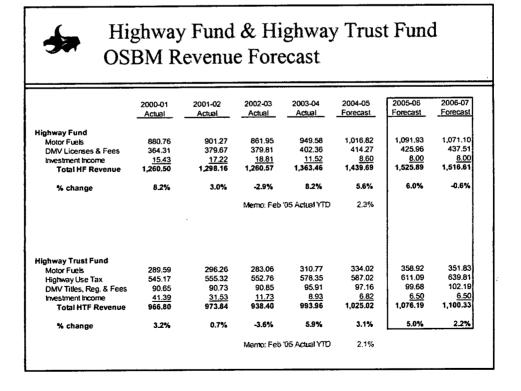


Table 18
Recommended Highway Fund Appropriation 2005-07

2005-07		,				
		2004-05		2005-06		2006-07
		Authorized		Recommended		Recommended
DOT-General Administration	s	79,709,154	s	82 604 440		80 455 044
Highway Division Administration	•	30,542,111		82,604,119 30,621,612	\$	83,455,914 30,632,164
Federal Aid Match - Planning and Research		4,280,000		4,280,000		4,280,000
•		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				4,200,000
Construction Program					•	
State Secondary System		91,000,000		93,370,000		95,980,000
State Urban System		14,000,000		14,000,000		14,000,000
Discretionary Funds		15,000,000		15,000,000		.15,000,000
Spot Safety Improvements		9,100,000		9,100,000		9,100,000
Access and Public Service Roads		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000
Small Urban Construction Total Construction Program	-	7,000,000	· -	400 470 000	_	•
Total Consubction Program	•	138,100,000	\$	133,470,000	\$	136,080,000
Maintenance Program						
Primary System		124,750,498		124,750,498		124,750,498
Secondary System		214,243,652		214,243,652		214,243,652
Urban System		40,079,682		40,079,682		40,079,682
Contract Resurfacing		157,208,316		157,208,316		157,208,316
General Maintenance Reserve		78,511,140		153,398,161		129,440,063
Total Maintenance Program	\$	614,793,288	\$	689,680,309	\$	665,722,211
Ferry Operations		21,264,811		20,264,811		20,264,811
State Aid to Municipalities		91,000,000		93,370,000		20,264,811 95,980,000
State Aid to Railroads		15,531,153	•	17,781,153		20,299,903
State Aid for Public Transportation		79,866,447		89,866,447		89,866,447
Airports		•				05,000,447
Asphalt Plant Cleanup		425,000		425,000		425,000
Governor's Highway Safety Program	-	293,118		293,118		293,118
Division of Motor Vehicles		91,611,358		96,047,914		95,468,137
Total Department of Transportation	. \$	1,167,416,440	\$	1,258,704,483	\$	1,242,767,705
Transfers to Other State Agencies						
Agriculture		3,897,946		4,115,930		4,234,921
Revenue	•	4,318,518		4,873,784		4,877,768
State Treasurer		16,166,400		16,166,400		16,166,400
DPI - Driver Education		31,870,484		32,604,129		32,800,569
CCPS - Highway Patrol		156,340,038		184,495,510		188,275,171
DENR - LUST Trust Fund		5,853,536		6,010,286		6,337,313
DHHS - Chemical Test		541,886		546,826		547,503
Global Transpark		1,600,000		1,600,000		1,600,000
Total Transfers to Other State Agencies	\$	220,588,808	\$	250,412,865	\$	254,839,643
Reserves				•		
Salary Adjustment		650,000		650,000		650,000
Minority Contractor Development		150,000		150,000		150,000
State Fire Protection Grant		150,000		150,000		150,000
Stormwater Discharge Permit		500,000		500,000		500,000
Visitor Centers		375,000		375,000		375,000
State Infrastructure Bank		750,000	•	•	•	750,000
Reserve for Legislative Increase		•		7,600,000		7,600,000
Reserve for Retirement Adjustment		• '		1,709,900. 4		1,709,900
Reserve for Health Insurance Adjustment		-		4,000,000	•	5,500,000
Reserve for File Server Consolidation		•		1,000,000		1,000,000
State Employee Reserve Employer's Contribution to Retirement		842,658		842,658		842,658
Employer's Contribution to Death Benefit		66,094		354,094		354,094
Total Reserves	\$	(589,000) 2,894,752	5	(589,000) 16,742,652	\$.	(589,000) 18,992,652
Total Current Operations	· .	1,390,900,000	•	1,525,860,000	•	
Capital Improvements				1,069,000,000		1,516,600,000
•						
Total Highway Fund Appropriation	\$	1,390,900,000	\$	1,525,860,000	\$	1,516,600,000

Highway Trust Fund Revenue and Expenditure Projection: 2004-05 through 2009-10 in Millions of \$ Revised Revenue Forecast - 12/7/04

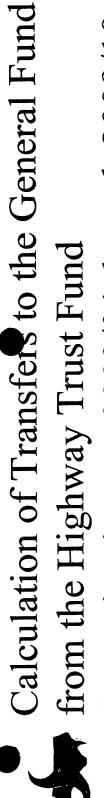
	,	•				
	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	<u>2009-10</u>
\VAILABILITY:						
REVENUE:		,	•			
GASOLINE TAX	334,020,000	358,920,000	351,830,000	346,466,000	362,177,000	377,029,000
USE TAX	587,020,000	611,090,000	639,810,000	708,829,000	741,435,000	775,541,000
TITLE FEES	84,800,000	87,010,000	89,180,000	93,504,000	95,842,000	98,238,000
MISC REG	10,190,000	10,460,000	10,760,000	11,241,000	11,522,000	11,810,000
LIEN RECORD	2,170,000	2,210,000	2,250,000	2,346,000	2,393,000	2,442,000
INVESTMENT INCOME	6,820,000	6,500,000	6,500,000	6,525,000	6,811,000	7,101,000
	0,020,000	3,000,000	-,000,000	0,020,000	0,011,000	7,101,000
TOTAL REVENUE	1,025,020,000	1,076,190,000	1,100,330,000	1,168,911,000	1,220,180,000	1,272,161,000
% Change from Prior Year	3.1%	5.0%	2.2%	6.2%	4.4%	4.3%
-						
LLOCATIONS:			•			
INTRASTATE	438,274,707	474,037,474	494,349,510	540,593,681	575,737,219	575,364,152
URBAN LOOPS	177,220,039	191,681,013	199,894,353	218,593,570	232,804,154	232,653,301
MUNICIPAL STREETS	45,985,240	49,737,588	51,868,794	56,720,886	60,408,263	60,369,120
SECONDARY ROADS	82,328,097	87,027,588	90,088,794	96,794,029	101,483,406	102,471,120
PROGRAM ADMIN	38,691,600	40,648,220	41,565,540	44,170,669	46,108,022	48,072,280
GENERAL FUND	242,520,317	233,058,117	222,563,009	212,038,165	203,638,936	253,231,027
	,	200,000,000	,	,_,,,,,	200,000,000	اعار ۱ بالكر
TOTAL ALLOCATION	1,025,020,000	1,076,190,000	1,100,330,000	1,168,911,000	1,220,180,000	1,272,161,000



THE ALLOCATIONS TO THE GENERAL FUND FOR FY 2005-06 AND BEYOND INCLUDE THE REPAYMENT OF THE \$125,000,000 LOAN MADE TO THE GENERAL FUND IN FY 2002-03.

THE ALLOCATION TO THE GENERAL FUND FOR FY 2006 AND BEYOND INCLUDES AN EXTENSTION OF THE \$80 MILLION AUTHORIZED BY A SPECIAL PROVISION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FOR FY 2002-2005.

STATUTORY FORMULA AL	LOCATIONS; (G.S. 136-176 (b))
INTRASTATE	61.95% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
URBAN LOOPS	25.05% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
MUNICIPAL STREETS	6.5% of remaining revenue after deduction of \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.
SECONDARY ROADS	6.5 % of revenue plus direct appropriation of \$15 of each \$35 title fee.
PROGRAM ADMIN	3.8% of remaining revenue after deductions for revenue generated from investments and \$15 title fee direct appropriation for Secondary Roads.



State Fiscal Years 2003/04 through 2009/10 from the Highway Trust Fund

Component of Transfer	FY2003-04 FY2	FY 2004-05	FY 2005-06	FY 2006-07	FY 2007-08	FY 2008-09	FY2009-10
Original Base Transfer	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000	170,000,000
Non-Recurring Inflationary Adjustment	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000
Additional Funds from Elimination of Cap on Highway Use Tax for Luxury Vehicles	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000
Increase on add'I funds from elimination of Iuxury tax based on annual increase in revenue estimate of highway use tax	22,125	120,317	158,117	263,009	388,165	688,936	831,027
Principal Repayment on \$125,000,000 Loan		(8,750,000)	(16,250,000)	(25,000,000)	(33,750,000)	(41,250,000)	
Interest Repayment on \$125,000,000 Loan		(1,250,000)	(3,250,000)	(5,100,000)	(2,000,000)	(8,200,000)	
	252,422,125	242,520,317	233,058,117	222,563,009	212,038,165	203,638,936	253,231,027

special provision by the General Assembly for FY 2002 - 2005 The allocation to the General Fund for FY 2006 and beyond ncludes an extension of the \$80 million authorized by a

Equity Allocations and Authorizations Per NCGS 136-17.2A(g) Fiscal Years 1999/00 through 2003/04 **Dollars in Millions**

Division	Equity Allocations	Board Authorizations	ons	Over / Under Allocations from Prior Period	Authorizations as Percent of Allocation
_	\$ 494.95	မာ	433.54	\$ 61.40	-12.4%
2	380.37		227.78	\$ 152.59	-40.1%
က	361.85		340.60	\$ 21.25	-5.9%
4	356.52		412.62	\$ (56.10)	15.7%
5	567.73		879.09	\$ (311.35)	54.8%
9	446.72		408.46	\$ 38.26	%9.8-
7	495.25		482.15	\$ 13.11	-2.6%
ω	473.26		497.23	\$ (23.96)	5.1%
တ	368.03		405.46	\$ (37.43)	10.2%
9	527.33		596.18	\$ (68.85)	13.1%
7	314.72		382.91	\$ (68.19)	21.7%
12	335.86		349.51	\$ (13.65)	4.1%
13	407.51		390.50	\$ 17.02	-4.2%
14	241.28		238.05	\$ 3.22	-1.3%
	\$ 5,771.39	\$ 6,044.08	4.08	\$ (272.69)	4.7%

EQUITY AND LOOP BOARD AUTHORIZATIONS/TIP PROGRAMMED AMOUNTS FISCAL YEARS 1999/2000 THROUGH 2011/2012 **DOLLARS IN MILLIONS**

					TIP Plan		L						ſ
	Fiscal	Board Authorizations Fiscal Years 2000 through 2004	ations ough 2004	Fisc	Fiscal Years 2005 through 2012 (Non-Inflated)	through 2012 ted)			Total Au Fiscal Ye	Total Authorizations & TIP Plan Fiscal Years 2000 through 2012	& TIP Pla ough 201	r 8	
Division	Щ	Equity	Loops		Equity	Loops		Equity	% of Total	Loops	% of Total	Total	% of Total
← (↔	433.54 \$	1	↔	710.81 \$	ı	↔	1,144.36	8.1% \$	ı	0.0%	1,144.36	6.9%
ν (227.78	1.20		698.83	25.00		926.61	%9.9	26.20	1.0%	952.81	5.7%
n •		340.60	164.51		562.81	233.90		903.41	6.4%	398.41	15.2%	1,301.83	7.8%
գի և		412.62	•		511.70	ı		924.32	%9.9		%0.0	924.32	5.5%
ດ (879.09	267.77		541.96	200.00		1,421.05	10.1%	467.77	17.8%	1,888.82	11.3%
1 Q		408.46	1.30		679.38	258.13		1,087.84	7.7%	259.43	9.6%	1,347.27	8.1%
~ 0		482.15	435.22		701.50	157.23		1,183.65	8.4%	592.45	22.5%	1,776.10	10.6%
» α		497.23	1		579.55	ı		1,076.78	7.7%	•	%0.0	1,076.78	6.4%
n (405.46	(25.55)	. —	487.80	181.98	•	893.26	6.4%	156.43	5.9%	1,049.69	6.3%
2 7		596.18	426.86		683.12	212.20		1,279.31	9.1%	639.06	24.3%	1,918.37	11.5%
=		382.91	ı		403.55	ı		786.46	2.6%	t	%0.0	786.46	4.7%
7 5		349.51	1		491.44	1		840.95	%0.9	1	%0.0	840.95	2.0%
2 \$		390.50	1.47		594.50	88.02		985.00	7.0%	89.49	3.4%	1,074.49	6.4%
14	,	- 1	1		374.87			612.93	4.4%	•	%0.0	612.93	3.7%
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NOTE: Authorizations include Preliminary Engineering; TIP plan includes only Right of Way and Construction.

(55) (38) (55) (55) (37) (45)

Fiscal Years 1999/00 Projected through 2006/12 TIP DIVISIONAL/REGIONAL EQUITY PROJECTIONS

Jivision

Prog Alloc 200 Dollars ir	Prog	· •		S	↔	v
ctual Revenue Allocations and Authorizations 1999/00 through 2003/04 Dollars in Millions	Revenues Authorizations Authorizations	\$ - 434 \$ - 228 341	357. 413 (56) 447. 408 5.38 7.495. 462 5.38 473 497 (24) 527 596 (69)	383 350 390 238 E	3 2 2 3	1001 1001 651 651 649 629 732 732 720 720 720 720 720

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	Program Allocation	Program Allocations		Prog	Projected Program Allocations and Programmed Amounts as of November 1, 2004	am Allocation	ns and	
	2004/05 Dollars in Millions	4/05 Millions			2005/06 thi Dollars	2005/06 through 2011/12 Dollars in Millions	2	
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a reserve no		133		1,052 1,130 780	(24) (93) (82)	1,028 1,037	1,082 1,092	
	s	128	\$	841	(82) 20 (973) \$	988 861	(35) 	

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney & Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for H.B. 664 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR AN ENGINEERING, CONSULTING, OR CONTRACTING FIRM EMPLOYEE, SUPERVISOR, OR OFFICER TO FALSIFY A DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REQUIRED HIGHWAY INSPECTION OR TEST REPORT.
With a favorable report.
☐ With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐.
With a favorable report, as amended.
☐ With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations ☐ Finance ☐ ☐.
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill.
☐ With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), ☐ which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill.
☐ With an unfavorable report.
☐ With recommendation that the House concur.
☐ With recommendation that the House do not concur.
☐ With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees.
☐ With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material.
☐ With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached.
☐ Without prejudice.
☐ With an indefinite postponement report.
With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.
☐ With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 03/19/03

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

D

HOUSE BILL 664* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H664-PCS50270-RW-3

Short Title: Crime to Falsify Highway Inspection Reports.-AB (Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 16, 2005

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON TO FALSIFY, OR DIRECT ANOTHER TO FALSIFY, A HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REPORT OR TEST REPORT REQUIRED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-13.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-13.2. Falsifying highway inspection reports.

- (a) Any-employee or agent employed by the Department of Transportation or by an engineering or consulting firm engaged by the Department of Transportation, person who knowingly falsifies any inspection report or test report required by the Department of Transportation in connection with the construction of highways, shall be guilty of a Class H felony.
- (b) Any employee, supervisor, or officer of the Department of Transportation person who directs a subordinate under his direct or indirect supervision to falsify an inspection report or test report required by the Department of Transportation in connection with the construction of highways, shall be guilty of a Class H felony.
 - (c) Repealed by Session Laws 1979, c. 786, s. 2, effective May 8, 1979."

 SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and as
- **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 664*

Short Title:	Crime to Falsify Highway Inspection ReportsAB (Public)
Sponsors:	Representative Cole.
Referred to:	Transportation.
	March 16, 2005
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO MAKE IT UNLAWFUL FOR AN ENGINEERING, CONSULTING, OR CONTRACTING FIRM EMPLOYEE, SUPERVISOR, OR OFFICER TO FALSIFY A DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION REQUIRED HIGHWAY INSPECTION OR TEST REPORT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-13.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-13.2. Falsifying highway inspection reports.

(a) Any-employee or agent employed by the Department of Transportation or by an engineering or consulting firm engaged by the Department of Transportation, person who knowingly falsifies any inspection report or test report required by the Department of Transportation in connection with the construction of highways, shall be guilty of a Class H felony.

(b) Any employee, supervisor, or officer of the Department of Transportation or any employee, supervisor, or officer of an engineering, consulting, or contracting firm who directs a subordinate under his direct or indirect supervision to falsify an inspection report or test report required by the Department of Transportation in connection with the construction of highways, shall be guilty of a Class H felony.

(c) Repealed by Session Laws 1979, c. 786, s. 2, effective May 8, 1979."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and applies to

offenses committed on or after that date.



HOUSE BILL 664: Crime to Falsify Highway Inspection Report

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

March 30, 2005

Version:

H664-CSRW-3[v.1]

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 664 broadens the current prohibition on falsification or direction of another to falsify a DOT required highway construction inspection or test report to make it apply to any person.

Under current law it is a Class H felony for: **CURRENT LAW:**

- (1) any employee or agent employed by DOT or by an engineering or consulting firm engaged by DOT, to knowingly falsify a highway construction inspection or test report, or for
- (2) any employee, supervisor or officer of DOT to direct a subordinate to falsify such a report.

House Bill 664 extends the current prohibition on (1) knowing falsification of a **BILL ANALYSIS:** DOT required highway construction inspection or test report, or (2) direction of a subordinate to falsify a report, to make it apply to any person who falsifies or directs the falsification of a report. Violation of this section constitutes a Class H felony.

House Bill 664 would become effective December 1, 2005 and apply to offenses on or after that date.

H664-SMRW-001

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

April 6, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Cary Allred, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION*

- HB 666 HOV Lane Penalties. -AB
 Rep. Cole, bill sponsor PID NOT TAKE UP -
- HB 670 Commercial Drivers License Changes. -AB Rep. Cole, bill sponsor DID NOT TAKE UP -
- HB 740 Transit Drug Testing. Reps. Coates and Cole, bill sponsors
- HB 761 Motor Carrier Amendments. -AB. –

 Rep. Williams, bill sponsor -DID NOT TAKE UP -
- HB 813 Prohibiting Solicitations on State Highways. Rep. Allred, bill sponsor
- HB 887 Burlington Charter Amendment. Reps. Allred and Bordsen, bill sponsors

ADJOURNMENT

^{*} Bills are listed in numerical order and may not reflect Agenda order

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 6, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, April 6, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Allred, presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen, Carney and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Walter Spell and Brad Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. House Pages assisting were LeKeisha Griffin from Wake County sponsored by Representative Nye and McKensie White from Dare County sponsored by Representative Owens.

Representative Allred called the meeting to order and special guests; Chief Mike Gauldin, City Attorney Bob Ward, Councilman Mark Jones, Mayor Steve Ross and City Manager Harold Owen from the City of Burlington were recognized and introduced to the committee. Next Representative Allred introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-740 - A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE PUBLIC TRANSIT OPERATORS AND OTHER EMPLOYERS OF PERSONS WHO OPERATE COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES WHO ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING TO REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES ANY FEDERALLY REQUIRED POSITIVE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TEST RESULT, AND TO DISQUALIFY THOSE PERSONS FROM OPERATING A COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE OR OTHER PUBLIC TRANSIT VEHICLES UNTIL SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF TREATMENT sponsored by Representatives Coates and Cole. Representative Coates explained that the bill requires that employers of commercial truck drivers and transit employees in safety sensitive positions to report to DMV within five business days all positive federally required drug tests and if they did not do so they were subject to a penalty of \$500-\$1000. If the employee fails the testing, Federal law requires them to be sent to a substance abuse treatment program. When the employee completes the program, they are given a second chance. The DMV is required to disqualify those drivers, following an opportunity to appeal, from operating commercial motor vehicles until completion of treatment and the bill requires the DMV to retain a notation of the disqualification in its records for two (2) years following the end of

the disqualification. Representative Saunders commented that HB-740 was a good bill, which closes loopholes and moved for a favorable report.

Discussion followed with Representative McComas asking the effect if drivers had additional DWI's from other states. Mr. Perry said that the commercial license would be revoked with more than one conviction. Representative Daughtridge commented that the bill could be a lot more drastic than it seems on the surface to the commercial drivers, bus drivers and pickup drivers and said he wanted to know what the associations that have these drivers think about the bill. Mr. Charlie Deal, President of NC Trucking Association, said that they had been in contact with the transit representatives on this bill and while they did not ask for the bill but had no opposition to it. Giles Perry, Committee Counsel, clarified that the bill applied only to commercial drivers not to pickup truck drivers.

Representatives Blackwood clarified that even if the commercial drivers license was suspended to drive a large truck they would still have a regular license.

Representative Starnes said it was a good bill but wanted to hear some stats from DMV regarding the numbers this affected each year. Portia Marley, from NCDOT/DMV was recognized and told the committee at this time she would have to get back to them with the requested information.

Representative Rayfield asked to replace truck drivers and transit employees in sensitive positions to include all drivers but Representative Coates responded that she didn't think we wanted to do that in this bill because it was for commercial drivers who were already subject to being tested. Hearing no other discussion, Chairman Allred called for a vote on Representative Saunders' motion to give HB 740 a favorable report. The motion carried.

The next bill HB 887-B BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT AMENDING THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF BURLINGTON TO ALLOW THE CITY TO IMPOSE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONS SOLICITING ON STATE HIGHWAYS AND STREETS. is a local bill, which was requested by the city of Burlington sponsored by Representatives Allred and Bordsen, and as tradition has it Chairman Allred turned the gavel over to Representative L. Allen. Representative Allen asked the bill sponsor, Representative Allred to comment on the bill. Representative Allred explained that the bill amends the Charter of the City of Burlington to allow the City to regulate solicitation along streets and highways. Representative Allred said there is a problem in Burlington with solicitors, sometimes from other states, who are hazards to themselves, especially on Huffman Mill Road and South Church Street, going out among the traffic annoying the drivers. Representative Allred said, we want to give the City of Burlington and any other city in the next bill the authority to regulate solicitation.

Representative Bordsen, bill sponsor, pointed out that the bill was not to over regulate that the bill is for those soliciting from the roadside but it was a safety issue in the City especially at certain intersections. It not only was a concern of fear from being approached in the evenings but it was hazardous at certain intersections. She pointed out that the bill would give the City more control over solicitation but also more risk. She said if it became too broad the City subjects itself to a lawsuit. So the bill takes care of itself.

Discussion followed. Representative Sutton wanted to know if it would prohibit firemen, etc. from collecting funds and contributions. Representative Allred responded not unless the city wanted to regulate it. Representative Bordsen said maybe in some intersections but the better answer will come from the City of Burlington. Representative Daughtridge asked if we were restricting persons right on their own property just because it was next to the right of way. Mr. Perry said that could happen.

Bob Ward, City Attorney, City of Burlington addressed the committee stating that post 9-11, we experienced a tremendous increase of solicitation on the streets with 99% of solicitation occurring on state owned and controlled highways. The City is asking that they be given the authority to regulate and clarify areas that are unclear and even with the bill the members of council will have to decide the extent of the regulation. Solicitations are occurring in the median and the city has no intention to go outside of the right of way. They just want to make the streets safe where it is occurring.

Representative McComas proposed an amendment to take out the word "adjacent" and insert the words "right of way". Representative Haire asked if the city had any rules or requirements for colleges or clubs soliciting funds. Attorney Ward said that the city required clubs etc., to register so that they would know where they were but that they didn't prohibit soliciting. Mr. Ward assured the committee that the bill had some big time first amendment issues but when the City drafted the ordinances they would address the issues be sensitive to address them and adapt to case law. Representative Bordsen said that it was a reasonable time place and manner restriction. It is a safety issue that was being addressed not who is doing the soliciting.

Representative Saunders wanted an example of the solicitors. Representative Allred said people purported to be representing nonprofit organizations would go out walking down the middle of the street with buckets asking for money.

Representative Bordsen added to that giving the area of Huffman Mill Road off I-85 as an example. She said on a Sunday morning at this large massive intersection right off the interstate there can be as many as four groups walking up and down the

middle of the road at the stoplights trying to get your attention to buy something, asking for money, for a contribution, or what ever. It is a nightmare to go through there, it is very distracting and if you have bad eyesight or it is dusk it can be very dangerous. So just to get them to a different place could make the City a safer place.

Representative Starnes commented that he understood what was trying to be regulated but said he still thought the bill was too broad. He mentioned church groups standing in driveways trying to solicit for car washes. Representative Allred pointed out that the City would respond to that. Representative Starnes insisted that they, the legislators, were being asked to change the law so the bill needs to be drafted so that they will not have to go down to City Hall to get a permit to stand in their own driveway. Representative Allred said HB-887 is only an amendment to the Burlington charter; it is a local bill not a statewide bill and that the statewide issue would be addressed in the next bill. Representative Allen asked Representative Starnes if he had an amendment to propose. He did not.

Representative Coates spoke up and said that she "believed what the Burlington people are asking for is to be able to amend their charter and that is all." She said, "we are not on the solicitation part of this bill; they, the Burlington people, will govern this, they are just asking that they be allowed to amend their charter."

Representative McComas moved to amend, page 1, line 10 and 11 by deleting the phrase or "adjacent to" and further amends on line 11 by adding after the word "highway" the phrase "of right of way" which was read to Committee by Mr. Perry. The Amendment was adopted. Representative Allred then made a motion as a member of the committee to give HB-887 a favorable report as amended, rolling it into a committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill.

Rep. Rayfield asked if this was not duplication of an authority that the city already has. Bob Ward, Burlington City Attorney said that this bill would clarify its rights and authority on State Highways.

Representative Allen called for a vote on Representative Allred's motion; the Ayes had it, the motion carried. HB-887 was given a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill.

Representative Allred resuming his position as Chair recognized Representative Wilkins to introduce Joe Weaver, his sixteen-year-old neighbor from Roxboro working with him as an intern for the week.

With Representative Allen again presiding, HB-813 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO ENACT ORDINANCES TO RESTRICT OR PROHIBIT SOLICITATION ON STATE

HIGHWAYS. was before the Committee. Representative Allred asked that staff draw up an amendment similar to the amendment on HB-887 and moved for adoption. Mr. Perry read to amend the bill on page 1, line 7 inserting the phrase "in right of way" after the word highway. The amendment was adopted. Representative Allred explained that this bill was similar to the previous bill, HB-887, that had been discussed and told the committee that Bob Ward, Burlington City Attorney brought to his attention that all local government should have the authority to regulate solicitation on streets and highways.

Discussion followed with comments form Representatives Haire and Sutton. Representative Rapp asked if the NCLM had signed on to the bill. John Phelps, NCLM said that the League supports the bill.

Representative Allred acting as a committee member, moved to give the bill a favorable report as amended, rolling it into a committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

The meeting adjourned at 11:55 A. M. without the following bills being considered:

HB 666 - HOV Lane Penalties. -AB - Rep. Cole, bill sponsor

HB 670 - Commercial Drivers License Changes. -AB - Rep. Cole, bill sponsor

HB 761 - Motor Carrier Amendments. -AB. - Rep. Williams, bill sponsor

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Cary Allred

Presiding Chair

Jean Allred

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representatives Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION

TRANSPORTATION.

Committee Substitute for

HB 740 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE PUBLIC TRANSIT

OPERATORS AND OTHER EMPLOYERS OF PERSONS WHO OPERATE COMMERCIAL

MOTOR VEHICLES WHO ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL

TESTING TO REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES ANY FEDERALLY

REQUIRED POSITIVE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TEST RESULT, AND TO DISQUALIFY

THOSE PERSONS FROM OPERATING A COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE OR OTHER

PUBLIC TRANSIT VEHICLES UNTIL SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF TREATMENT.

With a favorable report.

(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)

Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on

Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of .

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 740

Short Title: Transit Drug Testing. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Coates and Cole (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to: Transportation.

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE PUBLIC TRANSIT OPERATORS AND OTHER EMPLOYERS OF PERSONS WHO OPERATE COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLES WHO ARE SUBJECT TO FEDERAL DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING TO REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES ANY FEDERALLY REQUIRED POSITIVE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TEST RESULT, AND TO DISQUALIFY THOSE PERSONS FROM OPERATING A COMMERCIAL MOTOR VEHICLE OR OTHER PUBLIC TRANSIT VEHICLES UNTIL SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF TREATMENT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-37.19 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.19. Employer responsibilities.

- (a) Each employer shall require the applicant to provide the information specified in G.S. 20-37.18(c).
- (b) No employer shall knowingly allow, permit, or authorize a driver to drive a commercial motor vehicle during any period:
 - (1) In which the driver has had his commercial driver license suspended, revoked, or cancelled by any state, is currently disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle, or is subject to an out-of-service order in any state; or
 - (2) In which the driver has more than one driver license.
- (c) The employer of any employee who tests positive in a drug or alcohol test required under 49 C.F.R. Part 382 and 49 C.F.R. Part 655 shall notify the Division of Motor Vehicles in writing within five business days following the employer's receipt of confirmation of a positive drug test. The notification shall include the driver's name, address, drivers license number, social security number, and results of the drug or alcohol test."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-17.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

 "(1) Disqualification for Testing Positive in a Drug or Alcohol Test. – Upon receipt of notice of a positive drug or alcohol test; pursuant to G.S. 20-37.19(c), the Division shall disqualify a driver from operating a commercial motor vehicle until receipt of proof of successful completion of assessment and treatment by a substance abuse professional in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 382.503."

SECTION 3. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-37.20A. Driving record notation for testing positive in a drug or alcohol test.

Upon receipt of notice pursuant to G.S. 20-37.19(c) of positive result in an alcohol or drug test of a person holding a commercial drivers license, and subject to any appeal of the disqualification pursuant to G.S. 20-37.20B, the Division shall place a notation on the driving record of the driver. A notation of a disqualification pursuant to G.S. 20-17.4(l) shall be retained on the record of a person for a period of two years following the end of any disqualification of that person."

SECTION 4. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-37.20B. Appeal of disqualification for testing positive in a drug or alcohol test.

Following receipt of notice pursuant to G.S. 20-37.19(c) of a positive test in an alcohol or drug test, the Division shall notify the driver of the pending disqualification of the driver to operate a commercial vehicle and the driver's right to a hearing if requested within 20 days of the date of the notice. If the Division receives no request for a hearing, the disqualification shall become effective at the end of the 20-day period. If the driver requests a hearing, the disqualification shall be stayed pending outcome of the hearing. The hearing shall take place at the offices of the Division of Motor Vehicles in Raleigh. The hearing shall be limited to issues of testing procedure and protocol. A copy of a positive test result accompanied by certification by the testing officer of the accuracy of the laboratory protocols that resulted in the test result shall be prima facie evidence of a confirmed positive test result. The decision of the Division hearing officer may be appealed in accordance with the procedure of G.S. 20-19(c6)."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005.



HOUSE BILL 740: Transit Drug Testing

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

March 30, 2005

Version:

1st Edition

Introduced by: Rep. Coates and Cole

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 740 requires:

- -- employers of commercial truck drivers and transit employees in safety sensitive positions to report to DMV all positive federally required drug or alcohol tests.
- -- DMV to disqualify those drivers, following an opportunity to appeal, from operating commercial motor vehicles until completion of treatment, and
- --DMV to retain a notation of the disqualification in its records for two years following the end of the disqualification.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the bill requires employers of truck drivers and transit employees in safety sensitive positions who are subject to federally required drug and alcohol tests, to report any positive drug test to DMV within five business days. The notification would be required to include the driver's name, address, drivers license number, social security number, and the drug or alcohol test results.

An employer violation of this section would constitute an infraction under G.S. 20-37.21(c), subject to a penalty of \$500-\$1000.

Section 2 of the bill requires DMV, upon receipt of notice of a federally required truck or transit related positive drug or alcohol test result, to disqualify the driver from operating a commercial motor vehicle until receipt of proof of successful completion of assessment and treatment by a qualified substance abuse professional, in accordance with federal regulations.

Section 3 of the bill requires DMV, upon receipt of a notice of a federally required positive drug or alcohol test result, to place a notation of disqualification to operate a commercial motor vehicle on the driving record of the person, and retain the notation for two years following the end of any disqualification.

Section 4 of the bill:

-- requires DMV to notify any person disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle of the disqualification, and the driver's right to a hearing if requested within 20 days;

HOUSE BILL 740

Page 2

- -- provides that if the driver requests a hearing, the disqualification would be stayed pending the outcome of the hearing.;
- -- provides that the hearing would be conducted by a DMV hearing officer, and limited to the issues of testing procedure and protocol;
- -- provides that a copy of the positive test result accompanied by certification by the testing officer shall be prima facie evidence of a confirmed positive test result; and
- -- provides that the decision of the DMV hearing officer could be appealed to Superior Court.

Section 5 of the bill provides that if would become effective December 1, 2005.

H740-SMRW-001

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:
By Representatives Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 887 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT AMENDING THE CHARTER OF THE
CITY OF BURLINGTON TO ALLOW THE CITY TO IMPOSE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS
ON PERSONS SOLICITING ON STATE HIGHWAYS AND STREETS.
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill.
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No) is placed
on the Unfavorable Calendar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No) is re-referred to the
Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute
Bill/(Joint) resolution No) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
Dingonity resolution 140) is placed on the Uniavorable Calendar,

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 887

1

Short Title: Burlington Charter Amendment. (Local) Representatives Allred and Bordsen (Primary Sponsors). Sponsors: Referred to: Local Government I. March 24, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT AMENDING THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF BURLINGTON TO ALLOW THE CITY TO IMPOSE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONS SOLICITING ON STATE HIGHWAYS AND STREETS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. Subchapter A of Chapter V of the Charter of the City of Burlington, being Chapter 119 of the 1961 Session Laws, is amended by adding the following new subsection to read: Nothing in G.S. 20-175 shall prohibit the city council from adopting "(e) ordinances placing additional restrictions or prohibitions on persons standing on or adjacent to any street or highway within the city and soliciting or attempting to solicit employment, business, or contributions from the driver or occupant of any motor vehicle. The city may not adopt ordinances placing restrictions or prohibitions on the activities of licensees, employees, or contractors of the State Department of Transportation."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 887 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/7/05

Short Title: Burlington Charter Amendment. (Local)
Sponsors:
Referred to:
March 24, 2005
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT AMENDING THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF BURLINGTON TO
ALLOW THE CITY TO IMPOSE CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS ON PERSONS
SOLICITING ON STATE HIGHWAYS AND STREETS.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
SECTION 1. Subchapter A of Chapter V of the Charter of the City of
Burlington, being Chapter 119 of the 1961 Session Laws, is amended by adding the
following new subsection to read:
"(e) Nothing in G.S. 20-175 shall prohibit the city council from adopting
ordinances placing additional restrictions or prohibitions on persons standing on any
street, highway, or right-of-way within the city and soliciting or attempting to solicit
employment, business, or contributions from the driver or occupant of any motor
vehicle. The city may not adopt ordinances placing restrictions or prohibitions on the
activities of licensees, employees, or contractors of the State Department of
<u>Transportation.</u> "
SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 887: Burlington Charter Amendment

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version: April 6, 2005

1st Edition

Introduced by: Rep. Allred and Bordsen

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 887 amends the Charter of the City of Burlington to allow the City to regulate solicitation along streets and highways.

Under current G.S. 20-175, persons are prohibited from soliciting employment, **CURRENT LAW:** business, or contributions by:

- --standing in the main traveled portion, including the shoulders and medians, of any State highway or street, excluding sidewalks; or
- --stopping motor vehicles and impeding traffic.

House Bill 887 amend the Charter of the City of Burlington to authorize the city to **BILL ANALYSIS:** enact ordinances restricting or prohibiting persons from standing adjacent to any street or highway in the City while soliciting, or attempting to solicit, any employment, business, or contributions from the driver or occupants of any vehicle.

Any ordinance adopted by Burlington pursuant to this section could not restrict activities of licensees, employees, or contractors of DOT.

House Bill 887 would become effective when it becomes law.

BACKGROUND:

§ 20-175. Pedestrians soliciting rides, employment, business or funds upon highways or streets.

- No person shall stand in any portion of the State highways, except upon the shoulders thereof, for the purpose of soliciting a ride from the driver of any motor vehicle.
- No person shall stand or loiter in the main traveled portion, including the shoulders and median, of any State highway or street, excluding sidewalks, or stop any motor vehicle for the purpose of soliciting employment, business or contributions from the driver or occupant of any motor vehicle that impedes the normal movement of traffic on the public highways or streets: Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to licensees, employees or contractors of the Department of Transportation or of any municipality engaged in construction or maintenance or in making traffic or engineering surveys.
- Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 1330, s. 39. (1937, c. 407, s. 136; 1965, c. 673; 1973, c. 507, s. 5; c. 1330, s. 39; 1977, c. 464, s. 34.)

H887-SMRW-001

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 813

Short Title:	Prohibiting Solicitations on State Highways.	(Public)
Short Title.	Tromotting Sonettations on State Trightways.	
Sponsors:	Representative Allred.	
Referred to:	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.	
	March 21, 2005	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO	O AUTHORIZE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO ENACT ORDIN	ANCES
TO RES	TRICT OR PROHIBIT SOLICITATION ON STATE HIGHWAYS	١.
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SI	ECTION 1. G.S. 20-175 is amended by adding a new subsection to	read:
"(d) Lo	ocal governments may enact ordinances restricting or prohibiting	a person
from standir	ig adjacent to any street or highway while soliciting, or attempting t	<u>o solicit,</u>
any employi	nent, business, or contributions from the driver or occupants of any	vehicle.
This subsect	tion does not permit additional restrictions or prohibitions on the	<u>activities</u>
of licensees, employees, or contractors of the Department of Transportation or of any		
municipality	engaged in construction or maintenance or in making traffic or eng	gineering
surveys."		
S]	ECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.	

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 813 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/7/05

Short Title: Prohibiting Solicitations on State Highways.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 21, 2005	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO ENACT ORI	DINANCES
TO RESTRICT OR PROHIBIT SOLICITATION ON STATE HIGHWA	YS.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. G.S. 20-175 is amended by adding a new subsection	n to read:
"(d) Local governments may enact ordinances restricting or prohibiting	ng a person
from standing on any street, highway, or right-of-way while soliciting, or at	
solicit, any employment, business, or contributions from the driver or occup	
vehicle. This subsection does not permit additional restrictions or prohibit	
activities of licensees, employees, or contractors of the Department of Trans	portation or
of any municipality engaged in construction or maintenance or in makin	g traffic or
engineering surveys."	
SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.	



HOUSE BILL 813: Prohibiting Solicitations on State Highways

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

April 6, 2005

Version:

1st Edition

Introduced by: Rep. Allred

Giles S. Perry Summary by:

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 813 authorizes local governments to regulate solicitation along streets and

highways.

CURRENT LAW: Under current G.S. 20-175, persons are prohibited from soliciting employment, business, or contributions by:

- --standing in the main traveled portion, including the shoulders and medians, of any State highway or street, excluding sidewalks; or
- --stopping motor vehicles and impeding traffic.

House Bill 813 authorizes local governments to enact ordinances restricting or **BILL ANALYSIS:** prohibiting persons from standing adjacent to any street or highway while soliciting, or attempting to solicit, any employment, business, or contributions from the driver or occupants of any vehicle.

City ordinances enacted pursuant to this section could not restrict activities of licensees, employees, or contractors of DOT, or of any municipality engaged in construction or maintenance or making traffic or engineering surveys.

Hosue Bill 813 would become effective when it becomes law.

BACKGROUND:

§ 20-175. Pedestrians soliciting rides, employment, business or funds upon highways or streets.

- No person shall stand in any portion of the State highways, except upon the shoulders thereof, for the purpose of soliciting a ride from the driver of any motor vehicle.
- No person shall stand or loiter in the main traveled portion, including the shoulders and median, of any State highway or street, excluding sidewalks, or stop any motor vehicle for the purpose of soliciting employment, business or contributions from the driver or occupant of any motor vehicle that impedes the normal movement of traffic on the public highways or streets: Provided that the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to licensees, employees or contractors of the Department of Transportation or of any municipality engaged in construction or maintenance or in making traffic or engineering surveys.
- Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 1330, s. 39. (1937, c. 407, s. 136; 1965, c. 673; 1973, c. 507, s. 5; c. 1330, s. 39; 1977, c. 464, s. 34.)

H813-SMRW-001

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, April 6, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

Mike Gunldin	City of Burlington Po Box, 1357 Ne 27216 Burlington, Ne 27216
Bob Ward	City of Burlington Purlington Purlington Purlington Purlington Purlington Purlington Purlington
MANK Jones	PO Box 1358 Bund. AL 27216
Steve Ross	City of BURLINGTON PO BOX 1358 BURLINGTON, N.C. 27215
MARDE WEN	7.0. Dr. 1358 Buling to Buling to Dec. 27218
John Phelps	NCLM
Boton Lowley	NCPTA
Swan Coward	LICOOT
Miller alfred	OSBM)
Waner Glow	OSBM
May Osborne	Aoc

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, April 6, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
FKAT S.G MASSEY	NC5HP.
Portra Montey	NCDOTIONN
Soul Sans	WCSR
Pontra Montey Souls Colleen Kochanek	Holt York
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TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting

Wednesday, April 6, 2005

<u>County</u>	Sponsor
WAICE	NIE
DARE	DWENS
<u> </u>	
	WAIKE

Sergeant-at-Arms
Dusty Rhodes
Warten Spen
Bano BANGEROT

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 13, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on April 13, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:05 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred, L. Allen, and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Walter Spell, and Brad Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. Pages assisting were Jody Owens, sponsored by Representative Phillip Frye of Mitchell County, and Alisha Graham, sponsored by Representative Lorene Coates of Rowan County. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeantsat-Arms and the House Pages.

The first order of business was **HB 761 – AN ACT TO AMEND THE MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY STATUTES.** Representative Arthur Williams, primary sponsor, explained the bill. He stated that it was an agency bill and that he is running it at the request of the Highway Patrol to comply with federal regulations. The bill amends the statute governing the penalty for failure of a motor carrier to comply with registration and insurance verification requirements of state law. Representative Allred moved that the bill be given a favorable report. The motion passed.

Next, the primary sponsor, Representative Nelson Cole, was asked to explain HB 666 – AN ACT TO AMEND THE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF HIGH OCCUPANCY VEHICLE LANE RESTRICTIONS. Representative Cole explained that the bill would amend the penalty for violating the restrictions on traveling in high occupancy lanes and transitway lanes. Representative Daughtridge suggested an amendment. The presiding chair called on Ms. Gail Grimes with the Department of Transportation to clarify some concerns of committee members. After discussion, the amendment passed. Representative Daughtridge made a motion to roll the amendment into the original bill, with a favorable report as to the committee substitute, unfavorable as to original bill. The motion passed.

Representative Carney asked Representative Nelson Cole to explain the final bill on the agenda, which was **HB** 665 – **AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING HOUSEMOVERS.** Representative Cole explained the bill. Several questions were raised by committee members. Ms. Tammy Denning with the Department of

Minutes of House TRANSPORTATION Committee Page 2 April 13, 2005

Transportation was recognized to respond to the questions. Representative Wright moved for a favorable report. The motion passed.

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:52 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Beaky Carney

Presiding Chair

Jøyce Langdon

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

HB 761 with summary

HB 666 with summary

HB 665 with summary

Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

April 13, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 665 - AMEND HOUSE MOVER LAWS. - Rep. Cole

HB 666 - HOV LANE PENALTIES - Rep. Cole

HB 670 - COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE CHANGES - Rep. Cole

HB 761 - MOTOR CARRIER AMENDMENT - Rep. Williams

ADJOURNMENT

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 13, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Gail Grunis	NCDOT
BeIAN YAMAMOTO	NCDOT
Charlie DieW	Ne Trucks, Aoue.
Virgil NeBrida	LI
Gene Caushy	NCMA
Malu	GP
Steve Woodson	NC Farm Burcau
Les Hodge	KCLH
Mith alfal	ÖSBM
Monen Albut	OSBM
Tammy C. Denning	NCDOT
	I

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 13, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Vici Wiccomson	DCDmv/CDL
Portra Marea	ACQUE/DMU
Robbie Quinn	NC DMV/CDL
Deborah W Jones	NCOMU / DMU
Chris M. Hartley	US DOT FACSA
John Cynux	NCSG
Molla Rear	NCSBA
Tallecta Peddy	AC
Latterne Joyce	NCASA
Speady Roadmenna	Rondmanner Express
ful	AAA Cavolinas
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HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 13, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS		
Stephanie Dorko	Charlotte Chamber		
Charlie Blesse	NC HOUSO MOUPT &		
Charlie Blesse (ASANORA SHINNER	Neups		
	NCSHP		
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TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE – 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:	4-13-05
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Page Name	<u>County</u>	Sponsor
Jody Owens	Mitchell	frye
Jody Owens Alishon Graham	Rowan	coates

Sergeant-at-Arms	
Dusty Rhodes	
WALTEN Spen	
BRAD BARREDOT	

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 761

1

Short Title: Motor Carrier Amendments.-AB

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Representative Williams.

Referred to:

Transportation.

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY STATUTES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-382.2(b) reads as rewritten:

Payment. - When the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety finds that a for-hire motor vehicle is operated in this State in violation of the registration and insurance verification requirements of this Part, the motor vehicle may not be driven for a purpose other than to park the motor vehicle until-shall be placed out of service until the motor carrier is in compliance and the penalty imposed under this section is paid unless the officer that imposes the penalty determines that operation of the motor vehicle will not jeopardize collection of the penalty. A motor carrier that denies liability for a penalty imposed under this section may pay the penalty under protest and apply to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety for a hearing."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 761: Motor Carrier Amendments-AB

BILL ANALYSIS

House Transportation Committee:

Date:

April 13, 2005

Version:

1st Edition

Introduced by: Rep. Williams

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 761 amends the statute governing the penalty for failure of a motor carrier to comply with registration and insurance verification requirements of State law.

Current law states that if the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety finds CURRENT LAW: a for-hire motor carrier is being operated in violation of State registration and insurance verification requirements, the vehicle "may not be driven for a purpose other than to park the motor vehicle" until the penalty imposed for the violation is paid, unless the officer finds that the continued operation of the vehicle will not jeopardize collection of the penalty.

House Bill 761 provides that a for-hire motor carrier found to be in violation of the **BILL ANALYSIS:** State registration and insurance requirements be "placed out of service" until the penalty imposed for the violation is paid, unless the officer finds that the continued operation of the vehicle will not jeopardize collection of the penalty.

House Bill 761 would become effective when it becomes law.

H761-SMRW-001

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller, (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for H.B. 761 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY STATUTES. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance), which changes the With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill (# title, unfavorable as to (the original bill) (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee on .)), which changes With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (# the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. ☐ Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY) 03/19/03

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 666*

Short Title: HOV Lane Penalties.-AB

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Representative Cole.

Referred to: Transportation.

March 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF HIGH OCCUPANCY VEHICLE LANE RESTRICTIONS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-146.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-146.2. Rush hour traffic lanes authorized.

- HOV Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate one or more travel lanes as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate one or more travel lanes as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes on streets on the Municipal Street System. HOV lanes shall be reserved for vehicles with a specified number of passengers as determined by the Department of Transportation or the city having jurisdiction over the street or highway. When HOV lanes have been designated, and have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers, they shall be reserved for privately or publicly operated buses, and automobiles or other vehicles containing the specified number of persons. Where access restrictions are applied on HOV lanes through designated signing and pavement markings, vehicles shall only cross into or out of an HOV lane at designated openings. A motor vehicle shall not travel in a designated HOV lane if the motor vehicle has more than three axles, regardless of the number of occupants. HOV lane restrictions shall not apply to motorcycles or vehicles designed to transport 15 or more passengers, regardless of the actual number of occupants. HOV lane restrictions shall not apply to emergency vehicles. As used in this subsection, the term "emergency vehicle" means any law enforcement, fire, police, or other government vehicle, and any public and privately owned ambulance or emergency service vehicle, when responding to an emergency.
- (a1) Transitway Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate one or more travel lanes as a transitway on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate one or more travel lanes as a transitway on streets on the Municipal Street System. Transitways shall be reserved for public transportation

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- vehicles as determined by the Department of Transportation or the city having jurisdiction over the street or highway. When transitways have been designated, and they have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers, they shall be reserved for privately or publicly operated transportation vehicles as determined by the Department or the city having jurisdiction.
- (b) Temporary Peak Traffic Shoulder Lanes. The Department of Transportation may modify, upgrade, and designate shoulders of controlled access facilities and partially controlled access facilities as temporary travel lanes during peak traffic periods. When these shoulders have been appropriately marked, it shall be unlawful to use these shoulders for stopping or emergency parking. Emergency parking areas shall be designated at other appropriate areas, off these shoulders, when available.
- (c) Directional Flow Peak Traffic Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate travel lanes for the directional flow of peak traffic on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate travel lanes for the directional flow of peak traffic on streets on the Municipal Street System. These travel lanes may be designated for time periods by the agency controlling the streets and highways.
- (d) Violation of designated HOV and transitway lane restrictions as provided in subsection (a) or (a1) of this section is an infraction punishable by a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and two drivers license points."
- **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.



HOUSE BILL 666: HOV Lane Penalties - AB

Committee: House Transportation

Date: Version:

April 6, 2005 First Edition

Summary by:

Introduced by: Representative Cole

Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 666 would amend the penalty for violating the restrictions on traveling in high occupancy vehicle lanes and transitway lanes.

CURRENT LAW: G.S. 20-146.2 authorizes the Department of Transportation (for State Highway System) and cities (for Municipal Street System) to designate travel lanes as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes or transitway lanes. HOV lanes are reserved for vehicles containing a specified number of persons, and others are prohibited from using the lanes. Transitway lanes are reserved for public transportation vehicles, and others are prohibited from using the lanes.

Since no penalty is specified in the current statute, the penalties under G.S. 20-176 apply. Under that provision, violation of HOV and transitway lane restrictions is an infraction, punishable by a fine of not more than \$100. In addition, it would be a moving violation, and the driver would be assessed two drivers license points under the schedule of point values set out in G.S. 20-16.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 666 would add language to G.S. 20-146.2 specifying the penalty for violating the restrictions on HOV lanes and transitway lanes. Violation would be an infraction with a penalty of \$100 and two drivers license points.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The act would be effective December 1, 2005, and would apply to offenses committed on or after that date.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller, (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF HIGH OCCUPANCY VEHICLE LANE RESTRICTIONS. With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (#), which changes the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached. With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

03/19/03

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 665*

1

Short Title: Amend House Mover Laws.-AB (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Cole.

Referred to: Transportation.

March 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING HOUSEMOVERS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-356 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-356. Definitions.

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"Person" as used in this Article shall mean an individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other business entity. The word "house" as used in this Article shall mean a dwelling, building, or other structure in excess of 14–15 feet in width; provided that neither mobile homes, nor modular homes or portions thereof, are within this definition when being transported from the manufacturer or from a licensed retail dealer location to the first set-up site. The word "Department" as used in this Article shall mean the North Carolina Department of Transportation."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-358 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-358. Qualifications to become licensed.

The Department shall issue annual printed licenses to applicants meeting the following conditions:

- (1) The applicant must be at least 18 years of age; present acceptable evidence of good character and show sufficient housemoving experience on the application form furnished by the Department. Proof of creditable housemoving experience must be furnished at the time of application for those applicants not previously licensed by the Department. Housemoving experience means extensive and responsible training gained by the applicant while engaged actively and directly on a full-time basis in the moving of houses and structures on public roads and highways with at least 24 months experience. Examples of the capacity in which a person may work in gaining experience include the following in building moving operations:
 - a. Moving superintendent,
 - b. Moving foreman, and

- 1 c. General mechanic and helper in the housemoving profession or trade.
 3 (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1981, c. 818, s. 3.
 - The applicant must furnish proof that all of the vehicles, excluding "beams and dollies" and "hauling units," to be used in the movement of buildings, structures, or other extraordinary objects wider than 14 15 feet have met the requirements of G.S. 20-183.2 pertaining to the equipment inspection of motor vehicles; provided that the "beams and dollies" and "hauling units" are excluded from inspection under G.S. 20-183.2 and, further, are not required to be equipped with brakes.
 - (4) The applicant must exhibit his federal employer's identification number.
 - (5) The applicant must pay an annual license fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00)."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-359 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-359. Effective period of license.

A license issued hereunder shall be effective for a period of one year from date of issuance and expire on July 31 of each year and shall be renewable on an annual basis."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-360 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-360. Requirements for permit.

- (a) Persons licensed as professional housemovers shall also be required to secure a permit from the Department for every move undertaken on the State Highway System of roads; that permit shall be issued by the Department after determining that the applicant is (i) properly licensed, (ii) furnished special surety bonds as required by the Department, and (iii) complying with such other regulations as required by the Department.
- (b) It shall be the duty of the applicant to see that the "beams and dollies" and "hauling units" used shall be constructed with proper material in a suitable manner and utilized so as to provide for the safety of the general public and the structure being relocated. Any violation of this duty may result in suspension or revocation of his license by the Department.
- (c) A license shall not be required for individuals—an individual owner of a towing vehicle moving their own buildings from or to property owned individually by those persons; however, a permit will be required for all moves.
- (d) Licensed housemovers shall furnish front and rear <u>certified</u> escort vehicles on all moves, one or both of which may be a marked police, sheriff or State Highway Patrol vehicle <u>as determined by the issuing agent</u>, or one or two <u>private properly equipped certified</u> escort vehicles equipped with flashing amber lights depending on the number of law-enforcement vehicles escorting the move; escort vehicles shall operate where possible at a distance of 300 feet from the structure being moved; that this interval will be closed in cities and other congested areas to protect other traffic from the swing of the load at corners and turns and, <u>turns</u>, and the <u>private-certified</u> escort vehicles shall <u>comply with all restrictions</u> as provided on the permit secured for

General Assembly of North Carolina

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Session 2005

movement of the structure. burn their headlights and be equipped with red flags on each
side at the front; in addition, the private escort vehicles shall be equipped with a sign
across the front or rear bumper bearing the legend "Wide Load" or "Oversized Load
Following" or "Oversized Load Ahead," whichever is appropriate, with black letters at
least 10 inches high on a yellow-background."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.



HOUSE BILL 665: Amend House Movers Laws. - AB

Committee: House Transportation

April 13, 2005 Date: Version:

First Edition

Introduced by: Representative Cole

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 665 would amend the laws relating to professional housemovers.

CURRENT LAW: Article 16 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes sets out requirements for professional housemovers in North Carolina. Professional housemovers must be licensed by the Department of Transportation, and they must secure permits from the Department for every move undertaken on State roads.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 665 amends the professional housemovers laws as follows:

Section 1. Section 1 of the bill would change the definition of house to mean a dwelling, building, or structure in excess of 15 feet, instead of the current 14 feet.

Mobile homes and modular homes are not included in the definition of house when they are being transported from the manufacturer to the first set-up site. The bill would add that those structures are also excluded from the definition of house when they are being transported from a licensed retail dealer location to the first set-up site.

Section 2. One of the requirements for licensure as a housemover is that the applicant has sufficient housemoving experience. Section 2 of the bill would specify that proof of housemoving experience must be furnished at the time of application for applicants who have not been previously licensed.

Section 3. A license is currently effective for one year from the date of issuance. Section 3 of the bill would provide that a license is effective from the date of issuance and expires on July 31 of each year. Licenses would still be renewable on an annual basis thereafter.

Section 4. A license is not required for individuals moving their own buildings to or from their own property. Section 4 of the bill would specify that this exemption applies to individuals who own their own towing vehicles and are moving their own buildings to or from their own property.

The bill would also require that escort vehicles furnished by the housemover be certified escort vehicles. and instead of specifying how the escort vehicles shall be equipped, any restrictions would be as provided on the permit issued for the move.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The act would be effective July 1, 2005.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, and Stiller, (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING H.B. 665 **HOUSEMOVERS** With a favorable report. With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance With a favorable report, as amended. With a favorable report, as amended, and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations Finance), which changes the With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill (# title, unfavorable as to (the original bill) (Committee Substitute Bill #), (and recommendation that the committee substitute bill #) be re-referred to the Committee .) on), which changes With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill (# the title, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill. With an unfavorable report. With recommendation that the House concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur. With recommendation that the House do not concur; request conferees. With recommendation that the House concur; committee believes bill to be material. With an unfavorable report, with a Minority Report attached. Without prejudice. With an indefinite postponement report. With an indefinite postponement report, with a Minority Report attached.

With recommendation that it be adopted. (HOUSE RESOLUTION ONLY)

03/19/03

MINUTES HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION April 20, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on April 20, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Stiller, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred, L. Allen, and Carney, Co-Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Haire, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants.

Due to a constituent meeting Rep. Stiller was running late and Rep. Allen started the meeting by introducing the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-267 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

This bill was brought back from sub-committee and Rep. Saunders, sub-committee chair, made a report on the bill. A PCS was adopted for discussion purposes. Rep. Allred sent forth an amendment to change the age from 38 to 65 on page one lines 25 and 27. This amendment failed. The original PCS passed and the bill will be reported out of committee unfavorable to the original bill, favorable to the PCS and re-refer to Transportation/Appropriations.

Next, HB –1052 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT TRASH TRUCKS WHILE COLLECTING GARBAGE TO STOP ON THE PAVEMENT OF HIGHWAYS OUTSIDE MUNICIPAL LIMITS IN BRUNSWICK COUNTY.

Rep. Stiller was recognized to explain the bill. After a short discussion the bill passed with a favorable report.

HB 670 – Commercial Drivers Licenses Changes and HB 1125- Driver License- Anti-littering Pledge were both postponed to a later meeting.

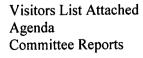
The meeting adjourned at 11:50.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Bonner Stiller

Presiding Chair

Carla Farmer





Transportation	Goul 20	1005
Name of Committee	Date	

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

٠	NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
	Beau Mills	Ne Metropolitan Coalition
	Keith Holliday	MAYOR, City of GROCASBO
	Musumal Laurhen Ber	a) s
,	Milce Cause	Causey + association
	Willia Ridd, UK	D31
	Potter Marley	NCDUT/DMU
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NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE

AND

BILL SPONSOR NOTIFICATION

2005-2006 SESSION

You are hereby notified that the Committee on Transportation will meet as follows:

DAY & DATE: Wednesday, April 20, 2005

TIME: 11:00 AM

LOCATION: Room 1228

The following bills will be considered (Bill # & Short Title & Bill Sponsor):

HB 267 – 8 Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal – Rep. Sutton

HB 67 - Commercial Drivers License Changes - Rep. Cole

HB 1052 - Brunswick/Trash Truck Stooped on Highway - Rep. Stiller

HB 1125- Drivers License - Anti-littering Pledge - Rep. Grady

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair

Representative Cary Allred, Chair

Representative Becky Carney, Chair

I hereby certify this notice was filed by the committee assistant at the following offices at 10:00 AM on April 15, 2005.

Principal Clerk	
Reading Clerk - Hous	se Chamber

Carla Farmer (Committee Assistant)

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

April 20, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair



OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 267 – 8 YEAR DRIVERS LICENSE/INTERNET DL RENEWAL – Rep. Sutton Subcommittee recommendations

HB 670 - COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE CHANGES - Rep. Cole

HB 1052 – BRUNSWICK/TRASH TRUCKS STOPPED ON HIGHWAY – Rep. Stiller

HB 1125 - DRIVERS LICENSE - ANTILITTERING PLEDGE - Rep. Grady

ADJOURNMENT





GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 267* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H267-CSSU-2 [v.2]

4/13/2005 2:41:04 PM

Short Title: 8-	-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	February 17, 2005	
RENEWAL LEGISLAT The General As	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES A OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED IN TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTED Seembly of North Carolina enacts:	BY THE JOINT
"(f) <u>Dura</u> The first drivers subsequent birt age is evenly defirst drivers lice license of short duration issued	FION 1. G.S. 20-7(f) reads as rewritten: tion and Renewal of Licenses. — Expiration and Temps license the Division issues to a person expires on the phday that occurs after the license is issued and on which ivisible by five, unless this subsection sets a different express may be issued for a shorter duration if the Division of the United States Department of State. The first draw to a person who is at least 17 years old but is less the	person's fourth or in the individual's expiration date. A determines that a a visa of limited rivers license the
expires on the to a person who	person's twentieth birthday. The first drivers license the is at least 62 years old expires on the person's birthday e is issued, whether or not the person's age on that bi	e Division issues in the fifth year
Drivers lice subsection.	nses shall be issued and renewed pursuant to the pr	ovisions of this
<u>(1)</u>	Duration of license for persons under age 18. – A license issued to a person under the age of 18 shaperson's 21st birthday.	
(2)	Duration of license for persons at least 18 years of a drivers license issued to a person at least 18 years old years old expires eight years after the date of issue license issued to a person at least 38 years old expires the date of issuance.	but less than 38 nance. A drivers



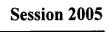
(3) Internet renewal of license authorized for certain persons. – The Division is authorized to renew a drivers license electronically in accordance with this subdivision. The Division may waive the sign tests for applicants renewing electronically. A person who holds a commercial drivers license and is required by federal regulations to be retested shall not renew electronically. A person may renew his or her drivers license electronically for one five-year period at the time of each expiration of a license issued in a drivers license office if all of the following apply:

- <u>a.</u> The person has no more than two reportable accidents on his or her drivers license record in the previous year.
- b. The person has no restrictions other than a restriction for corrective lenses on his or her drivers license record in the previous year.
- c. The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
- d. The person is at least 25 years old and less than 60 years old.
- e. The person has obtained an eye examination by a licensed ophthalmologist or licensed optometrist within 12 months prior to the date of electronic renewal, and the results of the examination are submitted to the Division by the ophthalmologist or optometrist to the Division at the time of the application for the electronic renewal.
- <u>Duration of license.</u> A drivers license that was issued by the Division and is renewed by the Division expires five years at the end of the period provided by this subsection after the expiration date of the license that is renewed unless the Division determines that a license of shorter duration should be issued when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration from the United States Department of State.renewed. A person may apply to the Division to renew a license during the 180 day period before the license expires. The Division may not accept an application for renewal made before the 180 day period begins.
- (5) Duration of license for certain visa holders. Any drivers license issued or renewed by the Division to an applicant who holds a visa of limited duration from the United States Department of Homeland Security shall only be for the duration of the visa.
- (6) Renewal by mail. The Division may renew by mail a drivers license issued by the Division to a person who meets any of the following descriptions:
 - (1)a. Is serving on active duty in the armed forces of the United States and is stationed outside this State.
 - (2)b. Is a resident of this State and has been residing outside the State for at least 30 continuous days.

When renewing a license by mail, the Division may waive the examination that would otherwise be required for the renewal and may







General Assembly of North Carolina

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impose any conditions it finds advisable. A license renewed by mail is
a temporary license that expires 60 days after the person to whom it is
issued returns to this State.

(7) License to be sent by mail. – The Division shall issue a temporary driving certificate valid for ten days to the applicant. The temporary driving certificate shall only be valid for driving purposes, and shall not be valid for identification purposes. The Division shall produce the applicant's drivers license at a central location and send it to the applicant by first class mail at the address provided by the applicant."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.







HOUSE BILL 267: 8-Year Drivers License/Internet DL Renewal

Committee: House Transportation

Date: April 20, 2005

Version: PCS - H267-CSSU-2[v.2]

Introduced by: Representative Sutton

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 267 would authorize the Division of Motor Vehicles to issue eight-year drivers licenses and to electronically renew drivers licenses under certain circumstances.

CURRENT LAW: The duration of a first drivers license, issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles, depends on the age of the licensee. Under the current law, the duration is as follows:

- Persons less than 18 years old expires on the person's 20th birthday.
- Persons 18-61 years old expires on the person's fourth or subsequent birthday after the license is issued on which the person's age is evenly divisible by five (can be anywhere from 3 years and 1 day to 8 years after issuance).
- Persons 62 and older expires on the persons birthday in the fifth year after issuance.

Currently, when the Division renews a drivers license, it expires five years after the expiration date of the renewed license, regardless of the licensee's age. The Division is not authorized to renew drivers licenses electronically. The Division is also authorized, but not required, to issue drivers licenses of shorter duration than otherwise set out by statute when the applicant holds a visa of limited duration.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 267 would make the following changes to the law pertaining to how drivers licenses are issued and renewed:

Duration of license.

- Persons less than 18 years old would expire on the person's 21st birthday.
- Persons 18-38 years old would expire eight years after the date of issuance.
- Persons 38 and older would expire 5 years after the date of issuance.

Renewal of license.

- Renewal in person duration after renewal would be determined in the same manner as for first issuance.
- Electronic renewal the bill would authorize the Division to waive the sign test and allow an applicant to renew a drivers license electronically for one 5-year period if the following conditions are met:
 - o The person has no more than two reportable accidents in the last year.
 - o The person has no restrictions, other than corrective lenses, in the last year.
 - o The person has four or fewer drivers license points.
 - o The person is at least 25, but less than 60, years old.
 - O The person has had an eye exam in the last 12 months, and a licensed ophthalmologist or optometrist has submitted the results to the Division.



HOUSE BILL 267

Page 2

<u>Duration of license for visa holders.</u> The bill would require that when the Division issues or renews a lrivers license to a person who holds a visa of limited duration, the license shall only be for the duration of the visa.

<u>License to be mailed to applicant.</u> The bill would also require the Division to issue a temporary driving certificate to an applicant for a drivers license. The certificate would be valid for ten days and would not be valid for identification purposes. The drivers license would be mailed to the applicant at his or her address from a central location.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective January 1, 2006.





2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for HB 267 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE EIGHT-YEAR DRIVERS LICENSES AND INTERNET RENEWAL OF DRIVERS LICENSES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill # be re-referred to the APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No) is re-referred to the Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute



GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1052

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Short Title:	Brunswick – Trash Trucks Stopped on Highways.	(Local)
Sponsors:	Representative Stiller.	
Referred to:	Transportation.	

March 31, 2005

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PERMIT TRASH TRUCKS WHILE COLLECTING GARBAGE TO STOP ON THE PAVEMENT OF HIGHWAYS OUTSIDE MUNICIPAL LIMITS IN BRUNSWICK COUNTY.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-161(a) reads as rewritten:

7 8 9 "(a) No person shall park or leave standing any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, upon the paved or main-traveled portion of any highway or highway bridge outside municipal corporate limits unless the vehicle is disabled to such an extent that it is impossible to avoid stopping and temporarily leaving the vehicle upon the paved or main traveled portion of the highway or highway bridge. This subsection shall not apply to a vehicle stopped on the highway while it is collecting garbage, as defined in G.S. 20-118(c)(5)g."

13 <u>G.S. 20-118(c)(5)g.</u>" 14 **SECTION**

SECTION 2. This act applies to Brunswick County only.

SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.





HOUSE BILL 1052: Brunswick Trash Trucks Stopped on Highways

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

April 20, 2005

1st Edition Version:

Introduced by: Rep. Stiller

Summary by:

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1052 authorizes vehicles collecting garbage in Brunswick County to stop on a highway while collecting garbage.

Under current law, it is unlawful to park or leave standing any vehicle on a **CURRENT LAW:** highway or highway bridge outside a municipality. (G.S. 20-161(a)).

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1052 amends the current law to authorize vehicles collecting garbage in Brunswick County to stop on a highway while collecting garbage. "Garbage", as defined in G.S. 20-118(c)(5)g., excludes hazardous waste.

House Bill 1052 would become effective when it becomes law.





2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION.		
Committee Substitute for		
HB 1052 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT TRASH TRUCKS		
WHILE COLLECTING GARBAGE TO STOP ON THE PAVEMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
OUTSIDE MUNICIPAL LIMITS IN BRUNSWICK COUNTY.		
With a favorable report. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)		
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on		
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of		



MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

April 27, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, April 27, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representatives Allred, Carney, and Stiller, Co-Chairs; Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, Williams and Wright, Vice Chairs; Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daughtridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Brad Barefoot, Martha Parrish, and Dusty Rhodes, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Allen called the meeting to order and introduced the House pages: Jonathan Furnas (Rowan County – Rep. Lorene Coates), Thomas R. Harper & Bradley Harper (Nash County – Rep. Lucy Allen & Speaker Black), Caitlin Sexton (Johnston County – Rep. Linda Colman), Ariane Belisle (Ottawa, Canada – Speaker Jim Black), Britomarte Strickler (Durham County – Rep. Paul Luebke), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms.

Representative Nelson Cole was recognized, and he gave a brief overview of transportation in the State of North Carolina. The State is now looking at a shortfall of funding over the next 25 years in the amount of one billion dollars. The biggest issues facing transportation today are keeping roads safe and the maintenance of roads.

The first order of business was HB 669 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT VEHICLES. Representative Nelson Cole, primary sponsor, presented a proposed committee substitute. Upon motion made by Representative Becky Carney, the committee adopted the proposed committee substitute for discussion. This bill would make changes to statutes concerning oversize and overweight vehicles and would become effective on July 1, 2005. It addresses many of the problems encountered with oversize and overweight vehicles on our roads today; in addition it provides for civil penalties and the parking of those vehicles until such time as they have been brought into regulation to travel on North Carolina roads. Maintenance is a serious problem today and takes a large part of the transportation budget.

Tammy Denning, with the Department of Transportation, was recognized to answer questions and she indicated if anyone violates a permit received from the DOT, they could be cited accordingly. She also indicated one of the biggest problems the DOT faces is the damage to roads and highways caused by heavy loads.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, April 27, 2005 - Page two

Representative Daughtridge presented an amendment as follows: Amend the bill on page 2 by deleting Section 2 (lines 7-16) and by renumbering the remaining sections. Discussion ensued on the amendment.

Bob Slocum, Forestry Association, was recognized and indicated this section has a dramatic impact on the forestry industry if the overhang is limited to 14 feet. Landowners lose because wood gets essentially left in the woods, and the industry would have to have more trucks hauling to obtain the same amount of wood to the same place. It is a competitiveness issue and would have an economic effect on landowners and the forestry industry. He is not aware of safety problems or issues with the current law.

Charlie Diehl, NC Trucking Association, indicated the Trucking Association is in support of the bill and did not have a position on the amendment.

Representative Allred offered a perfecting amendment as follows: To amend the bill on page 2 line 16 by rewriting the line to read: "vehicle, with the exception of vehicles transporting forestry products". Charlie Diehl, NC Trucking Association, indicated the association did not have a problem with the perfecting amendment. Representative Allen moved to accept the perfecting amendment. The motion passed. Representative Stiller moved to roll the amendment into a proposed committee substitute, with a favorable report to the committee substitute, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

The next order of business was HB 750, A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF SECONDARY ROADS. Upon motion made by Representative Wright, the committee adopted a proposed committee substitute for consideration. Representative Nelson Cole, primary sponsor, was recognized to explain the proposed committee substitute. This bill would make changes to the allocation of State secondary road improvement funds.

Lacy Love, with the Department of Transportation, was recognized to provide comments. Mr. Love indicated the emphasis and focus of this bill is to have money available for roads that can be paved and addressed right-of-way issues.

Representative Allred wanted an analysis on a projection of what this will do for counties as compared to what it is now doing, and moved to displace the bill until a fiscal analysis is received. Division was called. The motion to displace HB 750 failed with a vote of 10 in favor – 11 opposed. Representative Haire moved for a favorable report to the proposed committee substitute, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, April 27, 2005 - Page three

Due to time constraints, no other bills were taken up in the Transportation Committee, and Representative Lucy Allen, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:50 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

Visitors Registration

HB 669 & Amendments

HB 750

Bill Summaries

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

April 27, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Presiding Chair Representatives Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY PRESIDING CHAIR

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

AGENDA ITEMS:

HB 669 - Oversize/Overweight Vehicle Changes - AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 750 - Secondary Road Construction - AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 786 - MV Dealer Technical Corrections - AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 1266 - DOT Relocation Assistance Change Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

HB 747 - Defining State Roads - AB Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

April 27, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Bil Schael	We Foreston Assoc
Gene Causby	NCMA ASSOC
WLAMBerde	MCH
Charlie Diehl	NC Trucking Assoc.
Joey Gardner	NC AMU CICENSE + Theff
Beth Hathcock	Attorney General's Office - DMV Section
Harly Servan	Thom The
Aphu Long	Marshi Marricha
Lacy Love	MCDOT
Tanny C. Denning	MCDOT
MAR Nichols	NCSHO
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TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

April 27, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
Bean Mills	NC Meta politica Coulities	
Monen Toll	OSBM	
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Moch alfred Nec Boxley	Ne Aggregate	
Russ Dubisty	CCPS	
John Phelps	Ncim	
Colleen kochanek	Holf York McDavis ; High	
Ein Kinney	Nccoveration Wetwork	
John Williamon	NCDOT	
Betsy Bailey	NEPRA	
AL Osborne	Aoc	
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April 27, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

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April 27, 2005

Name of Committee

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VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
Major Cy Casal	NCSHP	
P6	PN	
Sudy Sinds	WCSR	
How Keonaul	DOSR	
Lin Crowford	TTA	
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qui wooder	NCPC	
Eddie Offwell	2 NCOA	
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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 669* Committee Substitute Favorable 4/28/05

Short Title: (Oversize/Overweight Vehicle ChangesAB	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	March 16, 2005	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO A	AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING OVERSIZE ANI S.	O OVERWEIGHT
	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SEC	CTION 1. G. S. 20-96 reads as rewritten:	
•	aining property-hauling vehicles or vehicles regula	•
	rier Safety Regulation Unit until fines or penalti	es and taxes are
	ected.	
	nority to Detain Vehicles. – A law enforcement office	
(1)	wing property-hauling vehicles operating on the highw A property-hauling vehicle with an overload	•
(1)	G.S. 20-88(k) and G.S. 20-118.	iii violation of
(2)	A property-hauling vehicle that does not have a plate as required under G.S. 20-118.3.	proper registration
(3)	A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a per- overload penalties or assessments due and unpaid days.	•
(4)	A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a per- taxes or penalties under Article 36B of Chapter 10 Statutes.	•
(5)	Any commercial vehicle operating under the authorizer when the motor carrier has been assessed a G.S. 20-17.7 and that fine has not been paid.	
<u>(6)</u>	A property-hauling vehicle operating in violation of o	G.S. 20-119.
	may detain the vehicle until the delinquent fines or p	enalties and taxes
are paid and, i	n the case of a vehicle that does not have the proper	registration plate,

Storage; Liability. - When necessary, an officer who detains a vehicle under

this section may have the vehicle stored. The motor carrier under whose authority the

until the proper registration plate is secured.

 vehicle is being operated or the owner of a vehicle that is detained or stored under this section is responsible for the care of any property being hauled by the vehicle and for any storage charges. The State shall not be liable for damage to the vehicle or loss of the property being hauled."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-117 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-117. Flag or light at end of load.

Whenever the load on any vehicle shall extend more than four feet beyond the rear of the bed or body thereof, there shall be displayed at the end of such load, in such position as to be clearly visible at all times from the rear of such load, a red or orange flag not less than 12 inches both in length and width, except that from sunset to sunrise there shall be displayed at the end of any such load a red or amber light plainly visible under normal atmospheric conditions at least 200 feet from the rear of such vehicle. At no time shall a load extend more than 14 feet beyond the rear of the bed or body of the vehicle, with the exception of vehicles transporting forestry products."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-118(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) Penalties. -

- (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, for each violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits set in subdivision (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(4) of this section or axle weights authorized by special permit according to G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the vehicle in accordance with the following schedule: for the first 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4¢) per pound; for the next 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, six cents (6¢) per pound; and for each additional pound, ten cents (10¢) per pound. These penalties apply separately to each weight limit violated. In all cases of violation of the weight limitation, the penalty shall be computed and assessed on each pound of weight in excess of the maximum permitted.
- (2) The penalty for a violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (3) If an axle-group weight of a vehicle exceeds the weight limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this section plus any tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section or axle-group weights or gross weights authorized by special permit under G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the motor vehicle. The penalty shall be assessed on the number of pounds by which the axle-group weight exceeds the limit set in subdivision (b)(3), as follows: for the first 2,000 pounds or any part thereof, two cents (2¢) per pound; for the next 3,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4¢) per pound; for each pound in excess of 5,000 pounds, ten cents

- (10¢) per pound. Tolerance pounds in excess of the limit set in subdivision (b)(3) are subject to the penalty if the vehicle exceeds the tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section. These penalties apply separately to each axle-group weight limit violated.
- (4) The penalty for a violation of an axle-group weight limit by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- (5) A violation of a weight limit in this section or of a permitted weight under G.S. 20-119 is not punishable under G.S. 20-176.
- (6) The penalty for violating the gross weight or axle-group weight by a dump truck or dump trailer vehicle transporting bulk soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock, or asphalt millings intrastate from a site that does not have a certified scale for weighing the vehicle is one-half of the amount it otherwise would be under subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-119 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-119. Special permits for vehicles of excessive size, size or weight; weight, or number of units; fees.

- (a) The Department of Transportation may, in their its discretion, upon application, for good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit in writing authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle of a size or weight or number of units exceeding a maximum specified in this Article upon any highway under the jurisdiction and for the maintenance of which the body granting the permit is responsible. However, the Department is not authorized to issue any permit to operate or move over the State highways twin trailers, commonly referred to as double bottom trailers. Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any peace officer. The authorities in any incorporated city or town may grant permits in writing and for good cause shown, authorizing the applicant to move a vehicle over the streets of such city or town, the size or weight exceeding the maximum expressed in this Article. The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to implement this section may be invalidated by law enforcement personnel.
- (b) Upon the issuance of a special permit for an oversize or overweight vehicle by the Department of Transportation in accordance with this section, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit a fee of twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each dimension over lawful dimensions, including height, length, width, and weight up to 132,000 pounds. For overweight vehicles, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit in addition to the fee imposed by the previous sentence a fee of three dollars (\$3.00) per 1,000 pounds over 132,000 pounds.

Upon the issuance of an annual permit for a single vehicle, the applicant shall pay a fee in accordance with the following schedule:

Commodity:

Annual Fee:

Annual Permit to Move House Trailers

\$200.00

Annual Permit to Move Other Commodities

\$100.00

In addition to the fees set out in this subsection, applications for permits that require an engineering study for pavement or structures or other special conditions or considerations shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

This subsection does not apply to farm equipment or machinery being used at the time for agricultural purposes, nor to the moving of a house as provided for by the license and permit requirements of Article 16 of this Chapter. Fees will not be assessed for permits for oversize and overweight vehicles issued to any agency of the United States Government or the State of North Carolina, its agencies, institutions, subdivisions, or municipalities if the vehicle is registered in the name of the agency.

- (b1) Neither the Department nor the Board may require review or renewal of annual permits, with or without fee, more than once per calendar year.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall require the Department of Transportation to issue any permit for any load.
- (d) For each violation of any of the terms or conditions of a special permit issued or where a permit is required but not obtained under this section the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety may assess a separate civil penalty for each violation against the registered owner of the vehicle as follows:
 - A fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for any of the following: operating without the issuance of a permit, moving a load off the route specified in the permit, falsifying information to obtain a permit, failing to comply with dimension restrictions of a permit, or failing to comply with escort vehicle requirements the number of properly certified escort vehicles required.
 - (2) A fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for moving loads beyond the distance allowances of an annual permit covering the movement of house trailers from the retailer's premises or for operating in violation of time of travel restrictions.
 - (3) A fine of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for any other violation of the permit conditions or requirements imposed by applicable regulations.

The Department of Transportation may refuse to issue additional permits or suspend existing permits if there are repeated violations of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection. In addition to the penalties provided by this subsection, a civil penalty in accordance with G.S. 20-118(e)(1) and (3) may be assessed if a vehicle is operating without the issuance of a required permit, operating off permitted route of travel, operating without the proper number of certified escorts, fails to comply with travel restrictions of the permit or operating with improper license. Fees assessed for permit violations under this subsection shall not exceed a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(e) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the permit fees provided in G.S. 20-119 shall be adjusted periodically to assure that the revenue generated by the fees is equal to the cost to the Department of administering the Oversize/Overweight Permit Unit Program within the Division of Highways. At least every two years, the

- Department shall review and compare the revenue generated by the permit fees and the cost of administering the program, and shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee created in G.S.120-70.50 its recommendations for adjustments to the permit fees to bring the revenues and the costs into alignment.
- (f) The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to establish an escort driver training and certification program for escort vehicles accompanying oversize/overweight loads. Any driver operating a vehicle escorting an oversize/overweight load shall meet any training requirements and obtain certification under the rules issued pursuant to this subsection. These rules may provide for reciprocity with other states having similar escort certification programs. Certification credentials for the driver of an escort vehicle shall be carried in the vehicle and be readily available for inspection by law enforcement personnel. The escort and training certification requirements of this subsection shall not apply to the transportation of agricultural machinery until October 1, 2004. The Department of Transportation shall develop and implement an in-house training program for agricultural machinery escorts by September 1, 2004.
- (g) The Department of Transportation shall issue annual overwidth permits for vehicles carrying agricultural equipment or machinery from the dealer to the farm or from the farm to the dealer that do not exceed 14 feet in width. These permits shall be valid for unlimited movement without escorts on all State highways where the overwidth vehicles do not exceed posted bridge and load limits.
- (h) No law enforcement officer shall issue a citation to a person for a violation of this section if the officer is able to determine by electronic means that the person has a permit valid at the time of the violation but does not have the permit in his or her possession. Any person issued a citation pursuant to this section who does not have the permit in his or her possession at the time of the issuance of the citation shall not be responsible for a violation, and the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety may not impose any fines under this section if the person submits evidence to the Department of the existence of a permit valid at the time of the violation within 30 days of the date of the violation."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

D

HOUSE BILL 669* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H669-CSSU-9 [v.1]

4/26/2005 3:25:27 PM

	Short Titl	e: O	versize/Overweight Vehicle ChangesAB	(Public)	
	Sponsors:				
	Referred	to:			
			March 16, 2005		
1:4			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	ΔΝ ΔΟΤ	ΤΩ Δ	MEND THE LAW CONCERNING OVERSIZE AND (OVERWEIGHT	
3	VEHI				
4			sembly of North Carolina enacts:		
5	THE GOILE	SEC'	TION 1. G. S. 20-96 reads as rewritten:		
6	"8 20-96.		aining property-hauling vehicles or vehicles regulated	by the Motor	
7	3	Carr	ier Safety Regulation Unit until fines or penalties	and taxes are	
8		colle	•		
9	(a)	Auth	ority to Detain Vehicles A law enforcement officer	may seize and	
10	detain the	follo	wing property-hauling vehicles operating on the highway	s of the State:	
11		(1)	A property-hauling vehicle with an overload in	n violation of	
12			G.S. 20-88(k) and G.S. 20-118.		
13		(2)	A property-hauling vehicle that does not have a pro	per registration	
14			plate as required under G.S. 20-118.3.		
15		(3)	A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a person		
16			overload penalties or assessments due and unpaid fo	r more than 30	
17			days.		
18		(4)	A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a perso		
19			taxes or penalties under Article 36B of Chapter 105	of the General	
20		\	Statutes.	:: C4	
21		(5)	Any commercial vehicle operating under the author		
22			carrier when the motor carrier has been assessed a	nne pursuant to	
23		(6)	G.S. 20-17.7 and that fine has not been paid.	S 20 110	
24	m1	<u>(6)</u>	A property-hauling vehicle operating in violation of G.		
25	The o	incer	may detain the vehicle until the delinquent fines or per	aiuts allu laxts	
26	are paid and, in the case of a vehicle that does not have the proper registration plate,				
27	until the proper registration plate is secured.				

H669-CSSU-9 [v.1]

(b) Storage; Liability. –When necessary, an officer who detains a vehicle under this section may have the vehicle stored. The motor carrier under whose authority the vehicle is being operated or the owner of a vehicle that is detained or stored under this section is responsible for the care of any property being hauled by the vehicle and for any storage charges. The State shall not be liable for damage to the vehicle or loss of the property being hauled."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-117 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-117. Flag or light at end of load.

Whenever the load on any vehicle shall extend more than four feet beyond the rear of the bed or body thereof, there shall be displayed at the end of such load, in such position as to be clearly visible at all times from the rear of such load, a red or orange flag not less than 12 inches both in length and width, except that from sunset to sunrise there shall be displayed at the end of any such load a red or amber light plainly visible under normal atmospheric conditions at least 200 feet from the rear of such vehicle. At no time shall a load extend more than 14 feet beyond the rear of the bed or body of the vehicle."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-118(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) Penalties. -

- (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, for each violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits set in subdivision (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(4) of this section or axle weights authorized by special permit according to G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the vehicle in accordance with the following schedule: for the first 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4e) per pound; for the next 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, six cents (6e) per pound; and for each additional pound, ten cents (10e) per pound. These penalties apply separately to each weight limit violated. In all cases of violation of the weight limitation, the penalty shall be computed and assessed on each pound of weight in excess of the maximum permitted.
- (2) The penalty for a violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (3) If an axle-group weight of a vehicle exceeds the weight limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this section plus any tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section or axle-group weights or gross weights authorized by special permit under G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the motor vehicle. The penalty shall be assessed on the number of pounds by which the axle-group weight exceeds the limit set in subdivision (b)(3), as follows: for the first 2,000 pounds or any part thereof, two cents (2¢)

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per pound; for the next 3,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4ϕ) per pound; for each pound in excess of 5,000 pounds, ten cents (10ϕ) per pound. Tolerance pounds in excess of the limit set in subdivision (b)(3) are subject to the penalty if the vehicle exceeds the tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section. These penalties apply separately to each axle-group weight limit violated.

- (4) The penalty for a violation of an axle-group weight limit by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- (5) A violation of a weight limit in this section or of a permitted weight under G.S. 20-119 is not punishable under G.S. 20-176.
- (6) The penalty for violating the gross weight or axle-group weight by a dump truck or dump trailer vehicle transporting bulk soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock, or asphalt millings intrastate from a site that does not have a certified scale for weighing the vehicle is one-half of the amount it otherwise would be under subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-119 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-119. Special permits for vehicles of excessive size, or weight; weight, or number of units; fees.

- (a) The Department of Transportation may, in their its discretion, upon application, for good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit in writing authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle of a size or weight or number of units—exceeding a maximum specified in this Article upon any highway under the jurisdiction and for the maintenance of which the body granting the permit is responsible. However, the Department is not authorized to issue any permit to operate or move over the State highways twin trailers, commonly referred to as double bottom trailers. Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any peace officer. The authorities in any incorporated city or town may grant permits in writing and for good cause shown, authorizing the applicant to move a vehicle over the streets of such city or town, the size or weight exceeding the maximum expressed in this Article. The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to implement this section may be invalidated by law enforcement personnel.
- (b) Upon the issuance of a special permit for an oversize or overweight vehicle by the Department of Transportation in accordance with this section, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit a fee of twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each dimension over lawful dimensions, including height, length, width, and weight up to 132,000 pounds. For overweight vehicles, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit in addition to the fee imposed by the previous sentence a fee of three dollars (\$3.00) per 1,000 pounds over 132,000 pounds.

Upon the issuance of an annual permit for a single vehicle, the applicant shall pay a fee in accordance with the following schedule:

1	Commodity:	Annual Fee:
2	Annual Permit to Move House Trailers	\$200.00
3	Annual Permit to Move Other Commodities	\$100.00

In addition to the fees set out in this subsection, applications for permits that require an engineering study for pavement or structures or other special conditions or considerations shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

This subsection does not apply to farm equipment or machinery being used at the time for agricultural purposes, nor to the moving of a house as provided for by the license and permit requirements of Article 16 of this Chapter. Fees will not be assessed for permits for oversize and overweight vehicles issued to any agency of the United States Government or the State of North Carolina, its agencies, institutions, subdivisions, or municipalities if the vehicle is registered in the name of the agency.

- (b1) Neither the Department nor the Board may require review or renewal of annual permits, with or without fee, more than once per calendar year.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall require the Department of Transportation to issue any permit for any load.
- (d) For each violation of any of the terms or conditions of a special permit issued or where a permit is required but not obtained under this section the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety may assess a separate-civil penalty for each violation against the registered owner of the vehicle as follows:
 - (1) A fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for any of the following: operating without the issuance of a permit, moving a load off the route specified in the permit, falsifying information to obtain a permit, failing to comply with dimension restrictions of a permit, or failing to comply with escort vehicle requirements. the number of properly certified escort vehicles required.
 - (2) A fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for moving loads beyond the distance allowances of an annual permit covering the movement of house trailers from the retailer's premises or for operating in violation of time of travel restrictions.
 - (3) A fine of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for any other violation of the permit conditions or requirements imposed by applicable regulations.

The Department of Transportation may refuse to issue additional permits or suspend existing permits if there are repeated violations of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection. In addition to the penalties provided by this subsection, a civil penalty in accordance with G.S. 20-118(e)(1) and (3) may be assessed if a vehicle is operating without the issuance of a required permit, operating off permitted route of travel, operating without the proper number of certified escorts, fails to comply with travel restrictions of the permit or operating with improper license. Fees assessed for permit violations under this subsection shall not exceed a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

(e) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the permit fees provided in G.S. 20-119 shall be adjusted periodically to assure that the revenue generated by the

Page 4 House Bill 669* H669-CSSU-9 [v.1]

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- fees is equal to the cost to the Department of administering the Oversize/Overweight Permit Unit Program within the Division of Highways. At least every two years, the Department shall review and compare the revenue generated by the permit fees and the cost of administering the program, and shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee created in G.S.120-70.50 its recommendations for adjustments to the permit fees to bring the revenues and the costs into alignment.
- The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to establish an escort driver training and certification program for escort vehicles accompanying driver operating а vehicle escorting oversize/overweight loads. Anv oversize/overweight load shall meet any training requirements and obtain certification under the rules issued pursuant to this subsection. These rules may provide for reciprocity with other states having similar escort certification programs. Certification credentials for the driver of an escort vehicle shall be carried in the vehicle and be readily available for inspection by law enforcement personnel. The escort and training certification requirements of this subsection shall not apply to the transportation of agricultural machinery until October 1, 2004. The Department of Transportation shall develop and implement an in-house training program for agricultural machinery escorts by September 1, 2004.
- (g) The Department of Transportation shall issue annual overwidth permits for vehicles carrying agricultural equipment or machinery from the dealer to the farm or from the farm to the dealer that do not exceed 14 feet in width. These permits shall be valid for unlimited movement without escorts on all State highways where the overwidth vehicles do not exceed posted bridge and load limits.
- (h) No law enforcement officer shall issue a citation to a person for a violation of this section if the officer is able to determine by electronic means that the person has a permit valid at the time of the violation but does not have the permit in his or her possession. Any person issued a citation pursuant to this section who does not have the permit in his or her possession at the time of the issuance of the citation shall not be responsible for a violation, and the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety may not impose any fines under this section if the person submits evidence to the Department of the existence of a permit valid at the time of the violation within 30 days of the date of the violation."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 669*

1

Short Title: Oversize/Overweight Vehicle Changes.-AB (Public) Representative Cole. Sponsors: Referred to: Transportation. March 16, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT 2 VEHICLES. 3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 4 **SECTION 1.** G. S. 20-96 reads as rewritten: 5 "§ 20-96. Detaining property-hauling vehicles or vehicles regulated by the Motor 6 Carrier Safety Regulation Unit until fines or penalties and taxes are 7 collected. 8 Authority to Detain Vehicles. - A law enforcement officer may seize and 9 detain the following property-hauling vehicles operating on the highways of the State: 10 A property-hauling vehicle with an overload in violation of 11 (1) G.S. 20-88(k) and G.S. 20-118. 12 A property-hauling vehicle that does not have a proper registration 13 (2) plate as required under G.S. 20-118.3. 14 A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a person liable for any 15 (3) overload penalties or assessments due and unpaid for more than 30 16 17 days. 18 **(4)** A property-hauling vehicle that is owned by a person liable for any 19 taxes or penalties under Article 36B of Chapter 105 of the General 20 Statutes. 21 (5) Any commercial vehicle operating under the authority of a motor carrier when the motor carrier has been assessed a fine pursuant to 22 G.S. 20-17.7 and that fine has not been paid. 23 24 A property-hauling vehicle with an oversize or overweight load in (6) violation of G.S. 20-119. 25

The officer may detain the vehicle until the delinquent fines or penalties and taxes

are paid and, in the case of a vehicle that does not have the proper registration plate.

until the proper registration plate is secured.

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(b) Storage; Liability. –When necessary, an officer who detains a vehicle under this section may have the vehicle stored. The motor carrier under whose authority the vehicle is being operated or the owner of a vehicle that is detained or stored under this section is responsible for the care of any property being hauled by the vehicle and for any storage charges. The State shall not be liable for damage to the vehicle or loss of the property being hauled."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-117 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-117. Flag or light at end of load.

Whenever the load on any vehicle shall extend more than four feet and not to exceed 14 feet beyond the rear of the bed or body thereof, there shall be displayed at the end of such load, in such position as to be clearly visible at all times from the rear of such load, a red or orange flag not less than 12 inches both in length and width, except that from sunset to sunrise there shall be displayed at the end of any such load a red or amber light plainly visible under normal atmospheric conditions at least 200 feet from the rear of such vehicle."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-118(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) Penalties. -

- (1) Except as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection, for each violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits set in subdivision (b)(1), (b)(2), or (b)(4) of this section or axle weights authorized by special permit according to G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the vehicle in accordance with the following schedule: for the first 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4¢) per pound; for the next 1,000 pounds or any part thereof, six cents (6¢) per pound; and for each additional pound, ten cents (10¢) per pound. These penalties apply separately to each weight limit violated. In all cases of violation of the weight limitation, the penalty shall be computed and assessed on each pound of weight in excess of the maximum permitted.
- (2) The penalty for a violation of the single-axle or tandem-axle weight limits by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- (3) If an axle-group weight of a vehicle exceeds the weight limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this section plus any tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section or axle weights authorized by special permit according to G.S. 20-119(a), the Department of Transportation Crime Control and Public Safety shall assess a civil penalty against the owner or registrant of the motor vehicle. The penalty shall be assessed on the number of pounds by which the axle-group weight exceeds the limit set in subdivision (b)(3), as follows: for the first 2,000 pounds or any part thereof, two cents (2¢) per pound; for the next 3,000 pounds or any part thereof, four cents (4¢) per pound; for each pound in excess

of 5,000 pounds, ten cents (10¢) per pound. Tolerance pounds in excess of the limit set in subdivision (b)(3) are subject to the penalty if the vehicle exceeds the tolerance allowed in subsection (h) of this section. These penalties apply separately to each axle-group weight limit violated.

- (4) The penalty for a violation of an axle-group weight limit by a vehicle that is transporting an item listed in subdivision (c)(5) of this section is one-half of the amount it would otherwise be under subdivision (3) of this subsection.
- (5) A violation of a weight limit in this section is not punishable under G.S. 20-176.
- (6) The penalty for violating the gross weight or axle-group weight by a dump truck or dump trailer vehicle transporting bulk soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock, or asphalt millings intrastate from a site that does not have a certified scale for weighing the vehicle is one-half of the amount it otherwise would be under subdivisions (1) and (3) of this subsection."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-119 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-119. Special permits for vehicles of excessive size, or weight; weight, or number of units; fees.

- (a) The Department of Transportation may, in their discretion, upon application, for good cause being shown therefor, issue a special permit in writing authorizing the applicant to operate or move a vehicle of a size or weight or number of units-exceeding a maximum specified in this Article upon any highway under the jurisdiction and for the maintenance of which the body granting the permit is responsible. However, the Department is not authorized to issue any permit to operate or move over the State highways twin trailers, commonly referred to as double bottom trailers. Every such permit shall be carried in the vehicle to which it refers and shall be open to inspection by any peace officer. The authorities in any incorporated city or town may grant permits in writing and for good cause shown, authorizing the applicant to move a vehicle over the streets of such city or town, the size or weight exceeding the maximum expressed in this Article. The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to implement this section.section, but no rule shall provide that the permits issued pursuant to this section may be invalidated by law enforcement personnel.
- (b) Upon the issuance of a special permit for an oversize or overweight vehicle by the Department of Transportation in accordance with this section, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit a fee of twelve dollars (\$12.00) for each dimension over lawful dimensions, including height, length, width, and weight up to 132,000 pounds. For overweight vehicles, the applicant shall pay to the Department for a single trip permit in addition to the fee imposed by the previous sentence a fee of three dollars (\$3.00) per 1,000 pounds over 132,000 pounds.

Upon the issuance of an annual permit for a single vehicle, the applicant shall pay a fee in accordance with the following schedule:

Commodity:

Annual Fee:

 Annual Permit to Move House Trailers \$200.00
Annual Permit to Move Other Commodities \$100.00

In addition to the fees set out in this subsection, applications for permits that require an engineering study for pavement or structures or other special conditions or considerations shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00).

This subsection does not apply to farm equipment or machinery being used at the time for agricultural purposes, nor to the moving of a house as provided for by the license and permit requirements of Article 16 of this Chapter. Fees will not be assessed for permits for oversize and overweight vehicles issued to any agency of the United States Government or the State of North Carolina, its agencies, institutions, subdivisions, or municipalities if the vehicle is registered in the name of the agency.

- (b1) Neither the Department nor the Board may require review or renewal of annual permits, with or without fee, more than once per calendar year.
- (c) Nothing in this section shall require the Department of Transportation to issue any permit for any load.
- (d) For each violation of any of the terms or conditions of a special permit issued or qualifying for issuance under this section the Department of Transportation—Crime Control and Public Safety may assess a separate civil penalty for each violation against the registered owner of the vehicle as follows:
 - (1) A fine of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for any of the following: operating without the issuance of a permit, moving a load off the route specified in the permit, falsifying information to obtain a permit, failing to comply with dimension restrictions of a permit, or failing to comply with escort vehicle requirements. the number of properly certified escort vehicles required.
 - (2) A fine of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for moving loads beyond the distance allowances of an annual permit covering the movement of house trailers from the retailer's premises or for operating in violation of time of travel restrictions.
 - (3) A fine of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for any other violation of the permit conditions or requirements imposed by applicable regulations. for each violation of the applicable Federal Motor Carrier Regulations as contained in 49 C.F.R. §§ 390-397.

The Department of Transportation may refuse to issue additional permits or suspend existing permits if there are repeated violations of subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection. In addition to the penalties provided by this subsection, a civil penalty in accordance with G.S. 20-118(e)(1) and (3) may be assessed if a vehicle is operating without the issuance of a required permit, operating off permitted route of travel, operating without the proper number of certified escorts, fails to comply with travel restrictions of the permit or operating with improper license. Fees assessed for permit violations under this subsection shall not exceed a maximum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

- (e) It is the intent of the General Assembly that the permit fees provided in G.S. 20-119 shall be adjusted periodically to assure that the revenue generated by the fees is equal to the cost to the Department of administering the Oversize/Overweight Permit Unit Program within the Division of Highways. At least every two years, the Department shall review and compare the revenue generated by the permit fees and the cost of administering the program, and shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee created in G.S.120-70.50 its recommendations for adjustments to the permit fees to bring the revenues and the costs into alignment.
- (f) The Department of Transportation shall issue rules to establish an escort driver training and certification program for escort vehicles accompanying oversize/overweight loads. Any driver operating a vehicle escorting an oversize/overweight load shall meet any training requirements and obtain certification under the rules issued pursuant to this subsection. These rules may provide for reciprocity with other states having similar escort certification programs. Certification credentials for the driver of an escort vehicle shall be carried in the vehicle and be readily available for inspection by law enforcement personnel. The escort and training certification requirements of this subsection shall not apply to the transportation of agricultural machinery until October 1, 2004. The Department of Transportation shall develop and implement an in-house training program for agricultural machinery escorts by September 1, 2004.
- (g) The Department of Transportation shall issue annual overwidth permits for vehicles carrying agricultural equipment or machinery from the dealer to the farm or from the farm to the dealer that do not exceed 14 feet in width. These permits shall be valid for unlimited movement without escorts on all State highways where the overwidth vehicles do not exceed posted bridge and load limits.
- (h) No law enforcement officer shall issue a citation to a person for a violation of this section if the officer is able to determine by electronic means that the person has a permit valid at the time of the violation but does not have the permit in his or her possession. Any person issued a citation pursuant to this section who does not have the permit in his or her possession at the time of the issuance of the citation shall not be responsible for a violation, and the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety may not impose any fines under this section if the person submits evidence to the Department of the existence of a permit valid at the time of the violation within 30 days of the date of the violation."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

EDITION No.				
H. B. No. 69				
S. B. No	X	Amendment No (to be filled in by Principal Clerk)		
Rep.) Sen.)	ghtridge			
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NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

(Please type or use ballpoint pen)

EDITION No.		
H. B. No. 106	9	DATE
S. B. No		Amendment No(to be filled in by Principal Clerk)
Rep.)) Sen.)	Allred	
1 moves to amend the	bill on page	line 16
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HOUSE BILL 669:

Oversize/Overweight Vehicle Changes.-AB

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

First Edition

H669-CSSU-9[v.1]

Date:

April 27, 2005

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 669 would make changes to statutes concerning oversize and overweight vehicles.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1. This section would authorize law enforcement officers to seize and detain property-hauling vehicles that are operating in violation of G.S. 20-119, which provides for special permits for vehicles that exceed size and weight limits allowed by law. An officer would be able to detain the vehicle until applicable penalties are paid.

Section 2. G.S. 20-117 requires that a flag or light (during hours of darkness) be displayed at the end of a load that extends more than 4 feet from the rear of the bed or body of a vehicle. Section 2 of the bill would specify that a load may not extend more than 14 feet from the end of the bed or body of the vehicle.

Section 3. G.S. 20-118(e) sets out civil penalties for violating vehicle weight limits allowed by law. This section would make those penalties also applicable to violations of weight limits authorized by special permits issued by the Department.

Section 4. This section would clarify that civil penalties assessed for violations of special permit conditions may also be assessed when a permit is required but has not been obtained. It would also authorize the Department to assess the penalties provided for violation of weight limits under G.S. 20-118 for violation of certain special permit conditions, in addition to the penalties specifically authorized for violation of special permit conditions under G.S. 20-119. However, penalties would not be allowed to exceed a maximum of \$25,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective July 1, 2005.

H0669e1-SMSU-CSSU-9v1

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 669 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAW CONCERNING OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT VEHICLES.
OVERSIZE AND OVERWEIGHT VEHICLES.
⊠ With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill.
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
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Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No) is placed
on the Unfavorable Calendar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is re-referred to the
Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute
Bill/(Joint) resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 750* Committee Substitute Favorable 4/28/05

Short Title: Secondary Road ConstructionAB	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 17, 2005	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT RELATING TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF SECONDARY ROA	ADS.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. G.S. 136-44.2A reads as rewritten:	
"§ 136-44.2A. Secondary road construction.improvement program.	
There shall be annually allocated out of from the State Highway	
Department of Transportation for secondary road construction improvement	
developed pursuant to G.S. 136-44.7 and 136-44.8, a sum equal to that allo	
from the Highway Fund under G.S. 136-41.1(a). In addition, as	•
G.S. 136-176(b)(4) and G.S. 20-85(b), revenue is annually allocated from	
Trust Fund for secondary road construction. Of the funds allocated from	
Fund and the Highway Trust Fund, the sum of sixty-eight million six hun	
thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated among the counties in	
with G.S. 136-44.5(b). All funds allocated from the Highway Fund for second sec	
construction improvements in excess of that amount shall be allocated	
counties in accordance with G.S. 136-44.5(c). All funds allocated from the formation and for accordance with G.S. 136-44.5(c).	
Trust Fund for secondary road improvement programs shall be allocated in with G.S. 136-182."	n accordance
SECTION 2. G.S. 136-44.5 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 136-44.5. Secondary roads; mileage study; allocation of funds.	
(a) Before July 1, in each calendar year, the Department of Transport	ortation shall
make a study of all state-maintained_State-maintained_unpaved_and_paved_	
roads in the State. The study shall determine determine:	za becondary
(1) the The number of miles of unpaved state-maintained State	e-maintained
roads in each county, county eligible for paving and the	
of miles that are ineligible;	
(2) The total number of miles of unpaved state	e-maintained
State-maintained roads in the State, the number of miles	

state-maintained roads in each county that have a traffic vehicular

equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day, and the total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained roads in the State that have a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day. State eligible for paving and the total number of miles that are ineligible; and

(3) The total number of paved State-maintained roads in each county, and the total number of miles of paved State-maintained roads in the State.

In this subsection, (i) ineligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits cannot be approved to allow for paving, and (ii) eligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have not been previously approved for paving by any funding source or has the potential to be programmed for paving when rights-of-way or environmental permits are secured. Except for federal-aid programs, the Department shall allocate all secondary road construction improvement funds on the basis of a formula using the study figures.

- (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated as follows: Each county shall receive a percentage of these funds, the percentage to be determined as a factor of the number of miles of <u>paved and unpaved state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads in the county divided by the total number of miles of unpaved <u>state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads</u> in the <u>State-State</u>, excluding those <u>unpaved secondary roads that have been determined to be eligible for paving as defined in subsection (a) of this section. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.</u></u>
- (c) Funds allocated for secondary road construction in excess of sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated to each county based on the percentage proportion that the number of miles in the county of state-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day bears to the total number of miles in the State State of state-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day roads. In a county that has roads with eligible miles, these funds shall only be used for paving unpaved secondary road miles in that county. In a county where there are no roads eligible to be paved as defined in subsection (a) of this section, the funds may be used for improvements on the paved and unpaved secondary roads in that county. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.
- (d) Copies of the Department study of unpaved <u>and paved</u> state-maintained <u>State-maintained</u> secondary roads and copies of the individual county allocations shall be made available to newspapers having general circulation in each county."

SECTION 3. G.S. 136-182 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-182. Supplement for secondary road construction.improvement.

Funds are allocated from the Trust Fund to increase allocations for secondary road construction—improvement made under G.S. 136-44.2A so that all State-maintained

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unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day eligible for paving pursuant to G.S. 136-44.5(a) can be paved by the 2009-2010 fiscal year. If all the State-maintained roads in a county have been paved under G.S. 136-44.7, except those that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits cannot be approved to allow for paving, then the funds may be used for safety improvements on the paved or unpaved secondary roads in that county.

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Allocations of these funds shall be based on the percentage proportion of the number of miles in the county of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads that are eligible to be paved under G.S. 136-44.5(a) bears to the total number of miles in the State of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads that are eligible to be paved.

As an exception to the formula for the allocation of these funds, the Department may, beginning in the 2006-2007 fiscal year and until the 2009-2010 fiscal year, set aside up to five million dollars (\$5,000,000) to pay for the paving of any unpaved secondary road that had previously been determined to be ineligible for paving.

Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations from the Trust Fund shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage."

SECTION 4. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 750* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H750-CSRW-16 [v.4]

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4/26/2005 5:35:34 PM

Short Title: Secondar	y Road Construct	ionAB		(Public)
Sponsors:				
Referred to:				
	Mar	ch 17, 2005		
,				
	A BILL T	O BE ENTIT	LED	
AN ACT RELATING	TO THE IMPRO	VEMENT O	F SECONDAR	Y ROADS.
The General Assembly				
	I. G.S. 136-44.2A		ritten:	
"§ 136-44.2A. Second	ary road constru	etion. impro	vement progra	am.
There shall be an	nually allocated	out of from	the State Hig	ghway Fund to the
Department of Transp	ortation for secon	dary road ee	nstruction imp	provement programs
developed pursuant to	G.S. 136-44.7 and	1 136-44.8, a	sum equal to t	that allocation made
from the Highway	Fund under G.S	S. 136-41.1(a). In addition	n, as provided in
G.S. 136-176(b)(4) and	d G.S. 20-85(b), r	evenue is anı	nually allocated	d from the Highway
Trust Fund for second				
Fund and the Highway	Trust Fund, the	sum of sixty	-eight million	six hundred seventy
thousand dollars (\$68				
with G.S. 136-44.5(b).	All funds allocat	ed from the	<u>Highway Fund</u>	for secondary road
construction improver	nents in excess	of that amou	int shall be a	llocated among the
counties in accordance				
Trust Fund for second	ary road improved	ment progran	<u>ns shall be allo</u>	cated in accordance
with G.S. 136-182."		_		
	2. G.S. 136-44.5 1			
"§ 136-44.5. Seconda	ry roads; mileag	e study; alloc	eation of funds	S
(a) Before July	1, in each calend	ar year, the I	Department of	Transportation shall
make a study of all s				na pavea secondary
roads in the State. The	study shall detern	nne determir	<u>le:</u> Catata maintain	ad Stata maintained
(1) the T	he number of mile	es of unpaved	l state-maintain	ed-State-maintained
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	les that are ineligi		of unnover	d state-maintained
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State-maintained roads in the State, the number of miles of unpaved

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state maintained roads in each county that have a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least-50 vehicles a day, and the total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained roads in the State that have a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day. State eligible for paving and the total number of miles that are ineligible; and

The total number of paved State-maintained roads in each county, and (3) the total number of miles of paved State-maintained roads in the State.

In this subsection, (i) ineligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits cannot be approved to allow for paving, and (ii) eligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have not been previously approved for paving by any funding source or has the potential to be programmed for paving when rights-of-way or environmental permits are secured. Except for federal-aid programs, the Department shall allocate all secondary road construction improvement funds on the basis of a formula using the study figures.

- The first sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated as follows: Each county shall receive a percentage of these funds, the percentage to be determined as a factor of the number of miles of paved and unpaved state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads in the county divided by the total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads in the State. State, excluding those unpaved secondary roads that have been determined to be eligible for paving as defined in subsection (a) of this section. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.
- Funds allocated for secondary road construction in excess of sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated to each county based on the percentage proportion that the number of miles in the county of state-maintained State-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day bears to the total number of miles in the State State_of state-maintained_State-maintained_unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day roads. In a county that has roads with eligible miles, these funds shall only be used for paving unpaved secondary road miles in that county. In a county where there are no roads eligible to be paved as defined in subsection (a) of this section, the funds may be used for improvements on the paved and unpaved secondary roads in that county. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.
- Copies of the Department study of unpaved and paved state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads and copies of the individual county allocations shall be made available to newspapers having general circulation in each county."

SECTION 3. G.S. 136-182 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-182. Supplement for secondary road construction.improvement.

Funds are allocated from the Trust Fund to increase allocations for secondary road construction—improvement made under G.S. 136-44.2A so that all State-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day eligible for paving pursuant to G.S. 136-44.5(a) can be paved by the 2009-2010 fiscal year. If all the State-maintained roads in a county have been paved under G.S. 136-44.7, except those that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits cannot be approved to allow for paving, then the funds may be used for safety improvements on the paved or unpaved secondary roads in that county.

Allocations of these funds shall be based on the percentage proportion of the number of miles in the county of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads that are eligible to be paved under G.S. 136-44.5(a) bears to the total number of miles in the State of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads that are eligible to be paved.

As an exception to the formula for the allocation of these funds, the Department may, beginning in the 2006-2007 fiscal year and until the 2009-2010 fiscal year, set aside up to five million dollars (\$5,000,000) to pay for the paving of any unpaved secondary road that had previously been determined to be ineligible for paving.

Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations from the Trust Fund shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage."

SECTION 4. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 750*

Short Title: Secondary Road Construction.-AB (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Cole, Coates (Primary Sponsors); and Brown.

Referred to: Transportation.

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT RELATING TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF SECONDARY ROADS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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SECTION 1. G.S. 136-44.2A reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-44.2A. Secondary road construction.improvement program.

There shall be annually allocated out of from the State Highway Fund to the Department of Transportation for secondary road construction improvement programs developed pursuant to G.S. 136-44.7 and 136-44.8, a sum equal to that allocation made from the Highway Fund under G.S. 136-41.1(a). In addition, as provided in G.S. 136-176(b)(4) and G.S. 20-85(b), revenue is annually allocated from the Highway Trust Fund for secondary road construction. Of the funds allocated from the Highway Fund and the Highway Trust Fund, the sum of sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated among the counties in accordance with G.S. 136-44.5(b). All funds allocated from the Highway Fund for secondary road construction—improvements in excess of that amount shall be allocated among the counties in accordance with G.S. 136-44.5(c). All funds allocated from the Highway Trust Fund for secondary road improvement programs shall be allocated in accordance with G.S. 136-182."

SECTION 2. G.S. 136-44.5 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-44.5. Secondary roads; mileage study; allocation of funds.

- (a) Before July 1, in each calendar year, the Department of Transportation shall make a study of all state-maintained State-maintained unpaved and paved secondary roads in the State. State. The unpaved road study shall:
 - (1) <u>determine Determine</u> the number of miles of unpaved state-maintained <u>State-maintained</u> roads in each county, county eligible for paving and the total number of miles that are ineligible;
 - (2) The total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained State-maintained roads in the State, the number of miles of unpaved state-maintained roads in each county that have a traffic vehicular

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equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day, and the total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained roads in the State that have a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day. State eligible for paving and the total number of miles that are ineligible; and

(3) The total number of paved State-maintained roads in each county, and the total number of miles of paved State-maintained roads in the State.

In this subsection, (i) ineligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits cannot be approved to allow for paving, and (ii) eligible unpaved mileage is defined as the number of miles of unpaved roads that have not been previously approved for paving by any funding source or has the potential to be programmed for paving when rights-of-way or environmental permits are secured. Except for federal-aid programs, the Department shall allocate all secondary road eonstruction—improvement funds on the basis of a formula using the study figures.

- (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated as follows: Each county shall receive a percentage of these funds, the percentage to be determined as a factor of the number of miles of <u>paved and unpaved state-maintained-State-maintained secondary roads in the county divided by the total number of miles of unpaved state-maintained secondary roads in the <u>State-State</u>, excluding those unpaved secondary roads which have been determined to be eligible for paving as defined in subsection (a) of this section.</u>
- (c) Funds allocated for secondary road construction in excess of sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated to each county based on the percentage proportion that the number of miles in the county of state-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day bears to the total number of miles in the State State of state-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day-roads. In a county that has roads with eligible miles, these funds shall only be used for paving unpaved secondary road miles in that county. In a county in which there are no roads eligible to be paved as defined in subsection (a) of this section, the funds may be used for improvements on the paved and unpaved secondary roads in that county.
- (d) Copies of the Department study of unpaved and paved state-maintained State-maintained secondary roads and copies of the individual county allocations shall be made available to newspapers having general circulation in each county."

SECTION 3. G.S. 136-182 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-182. Supplement for secondary road construction-improvement.

Funds are allocated from the Trust Fund to increase allocations for secondary road eonstruction—improvement made under G.S. 136-44.2A so that all State-maintained unpaved secondary roads with a traffic vehicular equivalent of at least 50 vehicles a day eligible for paving pursuant to G.S. 136-44.5(a) can be paved by the 2009-2010 fiscal year. If all the State-maintained roads in a county have been paved under G.S. 136-44.7, except those that have unavailable rights-of-way or for which environmental permits

cannot be approved to allow for paving, then the funds may be used for safety improvements on the paved or unpaved secondary roads in that county.

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Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations from the Trust Fund shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage. Allocations of these funds shall be based on the percentage proportion of the number of miles in the county of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads which are eligible to be paved under G.S. 136-44.5(a) bears to the total number of miles in the State of State-maintained unpaved secondary roads that are eligible to be paved.

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As an exception to the formula for the allocation of these funds, the Department may, beginning in the 2006-2007 fiscal year and until the 2009-2010 fiscal year, set aside up to five million dollars (\$5,000,000) to pay for the paving of any unpaved secondary road that had previously been determined to be ineligible for paving."

12 13 14

SECTION 4. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.



HOUSE BILL 750: Secondary Road Construction.-AB

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

Version:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Reps. Cole, Coates H750-CSRW-16

Date:

April 27, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 750 makes changes to the allocation of State secondary road improvement funds.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the bill makes clarifying changes to the introductory language governing allocation of secondary road funds.

Section 2 of the bill:

- changes how the DOT secondary road study is conducted each year to require DOT to determine the number of miles in each county and statewide that are eligible and ineligible for paying, and the total number of miles in each county and statewide that are paved.
- defines the secondary roads "ineligible" to be paved as roads for which right of way or environmental permits cannot be obtained.
- provides that the first \$68.670 million allocated from the Highway Fund to secondary road improvement shall be allocated to counties based on a percentage of funds determined as a factor of the number of paved and unpaid miles of State-maintained secondary roads in the county divided by the total number of miles of unpaved State secondary roads, excluding those unpaved secondary road miles that are eligible to be paved.
- provides that funds from the Highway Fund for improving secondary roads in excess of the first \$68.670 million shall be allocated to each county based on a percentage proportion that the miles of unpaved State secondary roads in the county bears to the total number of unpaved State secondary road miles. Eliminates the current restriction to roads with at least 50 vehicles/day.
- provides that in any county that has no eligible unpaved State secondary road miles, the funds may be used to improve paved and unpaved secondary roads.
- provides that beginning in 2010, the Highway Fund secondary road allocation is to be based on the miles of secondary roads in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.

Section 3 of the bill makes the following changes to the Highway Trust Fund supplement for secondary roads:

authorizes use of the funds on all unpaved State secondary roads (currently limited to roads with at least 50 vehicles per day).

House Bill 750

Page 2

- provides a \$5 million set aside for ineligible secondary mileage that become eligible, effective 2006-2010.
- provides that beginning in 2010, the Highway Trust Fund secondary road allocation is to be based on the miles of secondary roads in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

H0750e1-SMRW-CSRW-16

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for **HB** 750 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT RELATING TO THE IMPROVEMENT OF SECONDARY ROADS. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 4, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, May 4, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Allred, presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen, Carney and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Preston, Rapp, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, James Worth and Martha Parrish, House Sergeants-at-Arms. House Pages assisting were Christian Leonard from Franklin County sponsored by Representative Crawford and Cameron Harwick from Rowan County sponsored by Representative Coates.

Representative Allred called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-1266 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WILL PAY AS RELOCATION ASSISTANCE FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES FOR SEARCHING FOR A REPLACEMENT BUSINESS OR FARM, AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL REGULATION. - sponsored by Representative Cole. Representative Cole explained that HB 1266 was an agency bill which increases the amount DOT and other State agencies must pay as relocation assistance for reasonable expenses for searching for a replacement business or farm, as required by new federal regulations. The House Bill conforms State law to the new federal regulation by increasing from \$1000 to \$2500 the maximum amount the State must pay for reasonable expenses. After a brief discussion Representative Saunders moved to give the bill a favorable report. The motion carried.

Next up was HB-786 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS LICENSING ACT. – sponsored by Representative Cole. Representative Williams moved to adopt a proposed committee substitute for discussion, which was adopted and Representative Cole explained that the bill was requested by the Department of Motor Vehicles. Under the bill the Division would stagger the expiration dates in the same way it staggers expiration dates for dealer license plates and only the name of the licensee's would be required to be posted at the business or in advertisements.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES MAY 4, 2005 PAGE 2

Discussion followed. Representative Starnes moved to give the Committee Substitute a favorable report, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

HB-670 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSES. Sponsored by Representative Cole was next for consideration. HB-670 makes various changes to North Carolina law applicable to commercial drivers licenses in order to comply with federal law and regulations. Again Representative Cole explained that the proposed committee substitute that is before us is an agency bill brought to us by DOT. Representative McComas moved for adoption of the PCS, the motion carried. Discussion followed. Representative Coates moved to give HB-670 a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion carried.

Next HB-943 – AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PAY THE COSTS OF NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF SOME WATER AND SEWER LINES. – sponsored by Representative Almond was considered. Representative Stiller made a motion to adopt the Proposed Committee Substitute. Representative Almond explained that when DOT does a widening project and has to move the utilities, it pays for the project if the area has a population of 5,500 or less. HB-943 would require DOT to pay the cost of relocation water and sewer lines when the lines have to be moved due to a DOT construction project and the lines are owned by a municipality with a population of 25,000 or less. According to a recent fiscal note, if enacted the bill would cost between one and five million dollars a year to implement.

Representative Sutton said this was a hot issue over the years and he wanted to hear from the Department of Transportation. Chairman Allred called on Steve Dewitt, DOT, for comments. He said the department was concerned about the added cost to the department stating that current fiscal notes were between one to five million possibly more per year. Representative Sutton said that the issue had been debated as long as he had been on the Transportation Committee and had been defeated every time. He asked the bill sponsor if he would be interested in cutting down the 25,000 to a more reasonable number he might be able to support the bill. Discussion followed. Representative Sutton moved that the bill be displaced, get a new fiscal note and give everybody an opportunity to discuss it further. Motion carried.

HB-1280 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON STRATEGIES TO BEST UTILIZE FEDERAL FUNDS FOR RAIL IMPROVEMENTS SUCH AS THE WALLACE TO CASTLE HAYNE RAIL CORRIDOR. was next on the agenda. Representative Carney moved to

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES MAY 4, 2005 PAGE 3

adopt the proposed committee substitute. Representative Pate recognized Pat Simmons, Director, NCDOT Rail Division and explained that submitted to the House Interim Committee on Expanding Rail Service in the fall of 2004, there were over 100 resolutions from cities, towns, and organizations supporting upgrading and expanding passenger, freight, commuter and short line rail service in North Carolina. Many rail corridors have been allowed to go down over the past several years, one of which is the Wallace to Castle Hayne link of the CSX line in eastern North Carolina and if reestablished, is a direct link to the port at Wilmington. He said there is discussion in the U.S. Congress about Surface Transportation Program and what this would do is direct the Department of Transportation to report to the General Assembly within 60 days on outlining strategies and how to best utilize federal funds. Representative McComas moved to give HB-1280 a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

The meeting adjourned at 11:55 A.M. without the following bill being considered: HB 747 – Defining State Roads.-AB Rep. – Rep. Cole, bill sponsor.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Cary Allred

Preguding Chair

Jean Allred

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

May 4, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Cary Allred, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION*

HB 670 - Commercial Drivers License Changes. - AB - Rep. Cole

HB 747 - Defining State Roads. - AB - Reps. Cole and Coates - DID NOT TAKE UP

HB 786 - MV Dealer Technical Corrections. - AB - Rep. Cole

HB 943 - Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines. - Reps. Almond, Goodwin, and Kiser

HB 1266 - DOT Relocation Assistance Change. - Rep. Cole

HB 1280 - DOT Report/Federal Rail Assistance to NC. - Reps. Pate, Rapp, Justice, and Wright

ADJOURNMENT

* Bills are listed in numerical order and may not reflect Agenda order

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING HB 670 COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSES. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 670*

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(Public) Short Title: Commercial Drivers License Changes.-AB Representative Cole. Sponsors: Referred to: Transportation. March 16, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE LAWS GOVERNING COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 20-4.01(4a) reads as rewritten: "(4a) Conviction. - A conviction for an offense committed in North Carolina or another state: In-State. When referring to an offense committed in North a. Carolina, the term means any of the following: A final conviction of a criminal offense, including a no 1. contest plea. A determination that a person is responsible for an 2. infraction, including a no contest plea. An unvacated forfeiture of cash in the full amount of a 3. bond required by Article 26 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes. A third or subsequent prayer for judgment continued 4. within any five-year period. For purposes of disqualification of a commercial drivers <u>5.</u> license only, any prayer for judgment continued if the offender holds a commercial drivers license or if the offense occurs in a commercial motor vehicle. Out-of-State. When referring to an offense committed outside b. North Carolina, the term means any of the following: An unvacated adjudication of guilt. 1. A determination that a person has violated or failed to 2.

comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or

an authorized administrative tribunal.

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- 3. An unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court.
- 4. A violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated, suspended, or probated.
- 5. A final conviction of a criminal offense, including a no contest plea when the offense occurs in a commercial motor vehicle or the offender holds a commercial drivers license."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-4.01(12b) reads as rewritten:

"(12b) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR). — The value specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight a vehicle is capable of safely hauling. The GVWR of a combination vehicle is the GVWR of the power unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units. When a vehicle is determined by an enforcement officer to be structurally altered in any way from the manufacturer's original design in an attempt to increase the hauling capacity of the vehicle, the GVWR of that vehicle shall be deemed to be the greater of the license weight or the total weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles for the purpose of enforcing this Chapter. For the purpose of classification of commercial drivers license and skills testing, the manufacturer's GVWR shall be used."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-15 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-15. Authority of Division to cancel license.

- (a) The Division shall have authority to cancel any driver's license upon determining that the licensee was not entitled to the issuance thereof hereunder, or that said licensee failed to give the required or correct information in his application, or committed fraud in making such application.
- (b) Upon such cancellation, the licensee must surrender the license so cancelled to the Division.
- (c) Any person whose license is canceled under this section for failure to give the required or correct information, or for committing fraud, in an application for a commercial drivers license shall be prohibited from reapplying for a commercial drivers license for a period of 60 days from the date of cancellation."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-17.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-17.4. Disqualification to drive a commercial motor vehicle.

- (a) One Year. Any of the following disqualifies a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for one year if committed by a person holding a commercial drivers license, or, when applicable, committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle by a person who does not hold a commercial drivers license:
 - (1) A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.1, driving while impaired, <u>for a holder of a commercial drivers license</u> that occurred while the person was driving a motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle.

- (2) A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.2, driving a commercial motor vehicle while impaired.
- (3) A first conviction of <u>G.S. 20-166</u>. <u>G.S. 20-166</u>, hit and run, involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by the person.
- (4) A first conviction of a felony in the commission of which a commercial motor vehicle was used or the first conviction of a felony in which any motor vehicle is used by a holder of a commercial drivers license.
- (5) Refusal to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in <u>G.S. 20-16.2</u>. G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- (6) A second or subsequent conviction, as defined in G.S. 20-138.2A(d), of driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under G.S. 20-138.2A.
- (7) A civil license revocation under G.S. 20-16.5, or a substantially similar revocation obtained in another jurisdiction, arising out of a charge that occurred while the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- (8) A first conviction of vehicular homicide under G.S. 20-141.4 or vehicular manslaughter under G.S. 14-1.8 occurring while the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- (9) Driving a commercial motor vehicle during a period when the person's commercial drivers license is revoked, suspended, cancelled, or the driver is otherwise disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- (a1) Ten-Day Disqualification. A person who is convicted for a first offense of driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under G.S. 20-138.2A is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for 10 days.
- (b) Modified Life. A person who has been disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a conviction or refusal described in subsection (a) who, as the result of a separate incident, is subsequently convicted of an offense or commits an act requiring disqualification under subsection (a) is disqualified for life. The Division may adopt guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under this subsection may be reduced to 10 years.
- (b1) Life Without Reduction. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life, without the possibility of reinstatement after 10 years, if that person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2, a fourth or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2A, or if the person refuses to submit to a chemical test a third time when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- (c) Life. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if that person uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance.

- (d) Less Than a Year. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for 60 days if that person is convicted of two serious traffic violations, or 120 days if convicted of three or more serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period. This disqualification shall be in addition to, and shall be served at the end of, any other prior disqualification. For purposes of this subsection, a "serious violation" includes violations of G.S. 20-140(f) and G.S. 20-141(j3).
- (e) Three Years. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for three years if that person is convicted of an offense or commits an act requiring disqualification under subsection (a) and the offense or act occurred while the person was transporting a hazardous material that required the motor vehicle driven to be placarded.
- (f) Revocation Period. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for the period during which the person's regular or commercial drivers license is-revoked, suspended or cancelled.
- (g) Violation of Out-of-Service Order. Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service order, except as described in subsection (h) of this section, shall be disqualified as follows:
 - (1) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle for a period of 90 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.
 - (2) A person is disqualified for a period of one year if convicted of a second violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
 - (3) A person is disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a third or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
- (h) Violation of Out-of-Service Order; Special Rule for Hazardous Materials and Passenger Offenses. Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials or while operating a commercial vehicle designed or used to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified as follows:
 - (1) A person is disqualified for a period of 180 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.
 - (2) A person is disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a second or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
- (i) Disqualification for Out-of-State Violations. The Division shall withdraw the privilege to operate a commercial vehicle of any resident of this State or person transferring to this State upon receiving notice of the person's conviction or Administrative Per Se Notice in another state for an offense that, if committed in this State, would be grounds for disqualification. disqualification, even if the offense occurred in another jurisdiction prior to being licensed in this State where no action had been taken at that time in the other jurisdiction. The period of disqualification shall be

the same as if the offense occurred in this State. The period of disqualification shall be the same as if the offense occurred in this State.

- (j) Disqualification of Persons Without Commercial Drivers Licenses. Any person convicted of an offense that requires disqualification under this section, but who does not hold a commercial drivers license, shall be disqualified from operating a commercial vehicle in the same manner as if the person held a valid commercial drivers license.
- (k) Disqualification for Railroad Grade Crossing Offenses. Any person convicted of a violation of G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5, when the driver is operating a commercial motor vehicle, shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle as follows:
 - (1) A person is disqualified for a period of 60 days if convicted of a first violation of a railroad grade crossing offense listed in this subsection.
 - (2) A person is disqualified for a period of 120 days if convicted during any three-year period of a second violation of any combination of railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this subsection.
 - (3) A person is disqualified for a period of one year if convicted during any three-year period of a third or subsequent violation of any combination of railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this subsection.
- (1) <u>Disqualifications of Drivers to Constitute an Imminent Hazard.</u> The division shall withdraw the privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle for any resident of this State for a period of 30 days in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.52."

SECTION 5. G.S. 20-36 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-36. Ten-year-old convictions not considered.

Except for a second or subsequent conviction for violating G.S. 20-138.2, a third or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2A, or a second failure to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, Except for offenses occurring in a commercial motor vehicle, or a second failure to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, no conviction of any other violation of the motor vehicle laws shall be considered by the Division in determining whether any person's driving privilege shall be suspended or revoked or in determining the appropriate period of suspension or revocation after 10 years has elapsed from the date of that conviction. conviction, except for offenses occurring in a commercial motor vehicle."

SECTION 6. G.S. 20-37.13 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.13. Commercial drivers license qualification standards.

- a) No person shall be issued a commercial drivers license unless he:
 - (1) Is a resident of this State;
 - (2) Is 21 years of age;
 - (3) Has passed a knowledge test and a skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle that comply with minimum federal standards established

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1		ederal regulation enumerated in 49 C.F.R., Part 383, Subparts F. C.
2		H; and
3		satisfied all other requirements of the Commercial Motor Vehicle
4		ety Act in addition to other requirements of this Chapter or federal
5	regi	lation.
6		the purpose of skills testing and determining commercial drivers
7	lice	ase classification only the manufacturer's GVWR shall be used.
8	The tests shall be	prescribed and conducted by the Division. Provided, a person who
9	is at least 18 years o	f age may be issued a commercial drivers license if he is exempt
10	from, or not subject	to, the age requirements of the federal Motor Carrier Safety
11		d in 49 C.F.R., Part 391, as adopted by the Division.
12	_	on may permit a person, including an agency of this or another
13		private driver training facility, or an agency of local government,
14		s test specified by this section, provided:
15		test is the same as that administered by the Division; and
16		third party has entered into an agreement with the Division which
17		plies with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. § 383.75. The Division
18		charge a fee to applicants for third-party testing authority in order
19		nvestigate the applicants' qualifications and to monitor their
20		gram as required by federal law.
21		tober 1, 1992, the Division may waive the skills test for applicants
22		ney apply for a commercial drivers license if:
23		an application submitted by April 1, 1992, the applicant has not,
24		certifies that he has not, at any time during the two years
25		ediately preceding the date of application done any of the
26		owing and for an application submitted after April 1, 1992, the
27		icant has not, and certifies that he has not, at any time during the
28	two	years preceding April 1, 1992:
29	a.	Had more than one drivers license, except during the 10-day
30		period beginning on the date he is issued a drivers license, or
31		unless, prior to December 31, 1989, he was required to have
32		more than one license by a State law enacted prior to June 1,
33		1986;
34	b.	Had any drivers license or driving privilege suspended,
35		revoked, or cancelled;
36	c.	Had any convictions involving any kind of motor vehicle for
37		the offenses listed in G.S. 20-17 or had any convictions for the
38		offenses listed in G.S. 20-17.4;
39	d.	Been convicted of a violation of State or local laws relating to
40		motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation,
41		which violation arose in connection with any reportable traffic
42		accident; or
43	e.	Refused to take a chemical test when charged with an implied
44		consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2; and

- (2) The applicant certifies, and provides satisfactory evidence, that he is regularly employed in a job requiring the operation of a commercial motor vehicle, and he either:
 - Has previously taken and successfully completed a skills test that was administered by a state with a classified licensing and testing system and the test was behind the wheel in a vehicle representative of the class and, if applicable, the type of commercial motor vehicle for which the applicant seeks to be licensed; or
 - b. Has operated for the relevant two-year period under subpart (1)a. of this subsection, a vehicle representative of the class and, if applicable, the type of commercial motor vehicle for which the applicant seeks to be licensed.
- (d) A commercial drivers license or learner's permit shall not be issued to a person while he is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor vehicle, or while his drivers license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled in any state; nor shall a commercial drivers license be issued unless the person who has applied for the license first surrenders all other drivers licenses issued by the Division or by another state. If a person surrenders a drivers license issued by another state, the Division must return the license to the issuing state for cancellation.
- (e) A commercial driver learner's permit may be issued to an individual who holds a regular Class C drivers license and has passed the knowledge test for the class and type of commercial motor vehicle the individual will be driving. The permit is valid for a period not to exceed six months and may be renewed or reissued only once within a two-year period. The fee for a commercial driver learner's permit is the same as the fee set by G.S. 20-7 for a regular learner's permit. G.S. 20-7(m) governs the issuance of a restricted instruction permit for a prospective school bus driver."

SECTION 7. G.S. 20-37.16 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.16. Content of license; classifications and endorsements; fees.

- (a) A commercial drivers license must be marked "Commercial Drivers License" or "CDL" and must contain the information required by G.S. 20-7 for a regular drivers license.
 - (b) The classes of commercial drivers licenses are:
 - (1) Class A CDL A Class A commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class A motor vehicle.
 - (2) Class B CDL A Class B commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class B motor vehicle.
 - (3) Class C CDL A Class C commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class C motor vehicle.
- (c) Endorsements. The endorsements required to drive certain motor vehicles are as follows:

Endorsement

Vehicles That Can Be Driven

Η

Vehicles, regardless of size or class, except tank vehicles, when transporting hazardous materials that require the

1		vehicle to be placarded
2	M	Motorcycles
3	N	Tank vehicles not carrying hazardous materials
4	P	Vehicles carrying passengers
5	S	School bus
6	T	Double trailers
7	X	Tank vehicles carrying hazardous materials

To qualify for any of the above endorsements, an applicant shall pass a knowledge test. To obtain an H or an X endorsement, an applicant must take a test. This requirement applies when a person first obtains an H or an X endorsement and each time a person renews an H or an X endorsement. An applicant who has an H or an X endorsement issued by another state who applies for an H or an X endorsement must take a test unless the person has passed a test that covers the information set out in 49 C.F.R. § 383.121 within the preceding two years.

- (c1) The test for an S endorsement shall be waived by the Division for an applicant who is currently licensed, has experience driving a school bus, has a good driving record, and meets the requirements of this subsection. An applicant for a waiver under this subsection shall verify that, during the two-year period immediately prior to application for an S endorsement, the applicant met all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The applicant held a valid commercial drivers license with a passenger vehicle endorsement to operate a school bus representative of the group the applicant will be driving.
 - (2) The applicant did not have the applicant's drivers license or commercial drivers license suspended, revoked, or cancelled, or the applicant was not disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (3) The applicant was not convicted of a State law offense that corresponds to the list of disqualifying offenses in 49 C.F.R. § 383.51(b) while operating a commercial motor vehicle or of any offense in a noncommercial motor vehicle that would be a disqualifying offense under 49 C.F.R. § 383.51(b) if committed in a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (4) The applicant was not convicted of more than one of the serious traffic violations listed and defined in G.S. 20-4.01(41a) while operating any type of motor vehicle.
 - (5) The applicant was not convicted of a violation of State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection with any traffic accident.
 - (6) The applicant was not convicted of any motor vehicle traffic violation that resulted in an accident.
 - (7) The applicant was regularly employed as a school bus driver, operated a school bus representative of the group the applicant seeks to drive, and provides evidence of that employment.

- (d) The fee for a Class A, B, or C commercial drivers license is ten dollars (\$10.00) for each year of the period for which the license is issued. The fee for each endorsement is one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) for each year of the period for which the endorsement is issued. The fees required under this section do not apply to employees of the Driver License Section of the Division who are designated by the Commissioner.
- (e) The requirements for a commercial drivers license do not apply to vehicles used for personal use such as recreational vehicles. A commercial drivers license is also waived for the following classes of vehicles as permitted by regulation of the United States Department of Transportation:
 - (1) Vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Defense, including the National Guard, while they are driven by active duty military personnel, or members of the National Guard when on active duty, in the pursuit of military purposes.
 - (2) Any vehicle when used as firefighting or emergency equipment for the purpose of preserving life or property or to execute emergency governmental functions.
 - (3) A farm vehicle that meets all of the following criteria:
 - a. Is controlled and operated by the farmer or the farmer's employee and used exclusively for farm use.
 - b. Is used to transport either agricultural products, farm machinery, or farm supplies, both to or from a farm.
 - c. Is not used in the operations of a for-hire motor carrier.
 - d. Is used within 150 miles of the farmer's farm.

A farm vehicle includes a forestry vehicle that meets the listed criteria when applied to the forestry operation.

(f) For the purposes of this section, the term "school bus" has the same meaning as in 49 C.F.R. § 383.5."

SECTION 8. G.S. 20-37.21 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.21. Penalties.

- (a) Any person who drives a commercial motor vehicle in violation of G.S. 20-37.12 shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for a first offense and not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a second or subsequent offense. In addition, upon conviction, the person shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) for the first offense and not more than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$2,750) for a second or subsequent offense.
- (b) Any person who violates G.S. 20-37.18 shall have committed an infraction and, upon being found responsible, shall pay a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- (c) Any employer who violates G.S. 20-37.19 shall have committed an infraction and, upon being found responsible, shall pay a penalty of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). <u>In addition, upon</u>

conviction, the employer shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$2,750) nor more than eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000).

(d) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes an employee to violate any railroad grade requirements contained in G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5 shall pay a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)."

SECTION 9. G.S. 20-142.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.1. Obedience to railroad signal.

- (a) Whenever any person driving a vehicle approaches a railroad grade crossing under any of the circumstances stated in this section, the driver of the vehicle shall stop within 50 feet, but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and shall not proceed until he can do so safely. These requirements apply when:
 - (1) A clearly visible electrical or mechanical signal device gives warning of the immediate approach of a railroad train;
 - (2) A crossing gate is lowered or when a human flagman gives or continues to give a signal of the approach or passage of a railroad train;
 - (3) A railroad train approaching within approximately 1500 feet of the highway crossing emits a signal audible from that distance, and the railroad train is an immediate hazard because of its speed or nearness to the crossing; or
 - (4) An approaching railroad train is plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity to the crossing.
- (b) No person shall drive any vehicle through, around, or under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed, nor shall any pedestrian pass through, around, over, or under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed.
- (c) When stopping as required at a railroad crossing, the driver shall keep as far to the right of the highway as possible and shall not form two lanes of traffic unless the roadway is marked for four or more lanes of traffic.
- (d) Any person who violates any provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
- (e) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 10. G.S. 20-142.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.2. Vehicles stop at certain grade crossing.

The Department of Transportation may designate particularly dangerous highway crossings of railroads and erect stop signs at those crossings. When a stop sign is erected at a highway crossing of a railroad, the driver of any vehicle shall stop within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of such grade crossing and shall proceed only upon exercising due care. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of an

infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se. An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 11. G.S. 20-142.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.3. Certain vehicles must stop at railroad grade crossing.

- (a) Before crossing at grade any track or tracks of a railroad, the driver of any school bus, any activity bus, any motor vehicle carrying passengers for compensation, any commercial motor vehicle listed in 49 C.F.R. § 392.10, and any motor vehicle with a capacity of 16 or more persons shall stop the vehicle within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad. While stopped, the driver shall listen and look in both directions along the track for any approaching train and shall not proceed until the driver can do so safely. Upon proceeding, the driver of the vehicle shall cross the track in a gear that allows the driver to cross the track without changing gears and the driver shall not change gears while crossing the track or tracks.
- (b) Except for school buses and activity buses, the provisions of this section shall not require the driver of a vehicle to stop:
 - (1) At railroad tracks used exclusively for industrial switching purposes within a business district.
 - (2) At a railroad grade crossing which a police officer or crossing flagman directs traffic to proceed.
 - (3) At a railroad grade crossing protected by a gate or flashing signal designed to stop traffic upon the approach of a train, when the gate or flashing signal does not indicate the approach of a train.
 - (4) At an abandoned railroad grade crossing which is marked with a sign indicating that the rail line is abandoned.
 - (5) At an industrial or spur line railroad grade crossing marked with a sign reading "Exempt" erected by or with the consent of the appropriate State or local authority.
- (c) A person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
 - (d), (e) Repealed by Session Laws 2001-487, s. 50(g).
- (e) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 12. G.S. 20-142.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.4. Moving heavy equipment at railroad grade crossing.

(a) No person shall operate or move any crawler-type tractor, crane, or roller or any equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of five or less miles per hour upon or across any tracks at a railroad crossing without first complying with this section.

- (b) Notice of any intended crossing described in subsection (a) of this section shall be given to a superintendent of the railroad and a reasonable time be given to the railroad to provide protection at the crossing.
- (c) Before making any crossing described in subsection (a) of this section, the person operating or moving the vehicle or equipment shall:
 - (1) Stop the vehicle or equipment not less than 15 feet nor more than 50 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad;
 - (2) While stopped, shall listen and look both directions along the track for any approaching train and for signals indicating the approach of a train; and
 - (3) Shall not proceed until the crossing can be made safely.
- (d) No crossing described in subsection (a) of this section shall be made when warning is given by automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagman or otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car.
- (e) Subsection (c) of this section shall not apply at any railroad crossing where State or local authorities have determined that trains are not operating during certain periods or seasons of the year and have erected an official sign carrying the legend "Exempt".
- (f) Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
- (g) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 13. G.S. 20-142.5 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.5. Stop when traffic obstructed.

No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection, crosswalk, or railroad grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing the passage of other vehicles, pedestrians, or railroad trains, notwithstanding the indication of any traffic control signal to proceed. Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.

An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 14. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

D

HOUSE BILL 670* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H670-CSRW-11 [v.5]

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	Short Title: CDL/Fed	leral Co	mplianceAB (Public)
	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
			March 16, 2005
1 2 2		ND TH	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED IE LAWS GOVERNING COMMERCIAL DRIVERS COMPLY WITH FEDERAL LAW.
3 4	The General Assembly		
5			20-4.01(4a) reads as rewritten:
6	"(4a) Conviction.	- A co	enviction for an offense committed in North Carolina or
7	another state:		
8	a.		te. When referring to an offense committed in North
9		Caroli	na, the term means any of the following:
10		1.	A final conviction of a criminal offense, including a no
11			contest plea.
12		2.	A determination that a person is responsible for an
13		_	infraction, including a no contest plea.
14		3.	An unvacated forfeiture of cash in the full amount of a
15			bond required by Article 26 of Chapter 15A of the
16		4	General Statutes.
17		4.	A third or subsequent prayer for judgment continued within any five-year period.
18		5	For purposes of disqualification of a commercial drivers
19		<u>5.</u>	license only, any prayer for judgment continued if the
20 21			offender holds a commercial drivers license or if the
22		•	offense occurs in a commercial motor vehicle.
23	b.	Out-o	f-State. When referring to an offense committed outside
24	-	North	Carolina, the term means any of the following:
25		1.	An unvacated adjudication of guilt.
26		2.	A determination that a person has violated or failed to
27			comply with the law in a court of original jurisdiction or
28			an authorized administrative tribunal.

1	3. An unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to
2	secure the person's appearance in court.
3	4. A violation of a condition of release without bail,
4	regardless of whether or not the penalty is rebated,
5	suspended, or probated.
6	5. A final conviction of a criminal offense, including a no
7	contest plea."
8	SECTION 2. G.S. 20-4.01(12b) reads as rewritten:
9	"(12b) Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) The value specified by the
10	manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight a vehicle is capable of
11	safely hauling. The GVWR of a combination vehicle is the GVWR of
12	the power unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units. When a
13	vehicle is determined by an enforcement officer to be structurally
14	altered in any way from the manufacturer's original design in an
15	attempt to increase the hauling capacity of the vehicle, the GVWR of
16	that vehicle shall be deemed to be the greater of the license weight or
17	the total weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles for the
18	purpose of enforcing this Chapter. For the purpose of classification of
19	commercial drivers license and skills testing, the manufacturer's
20	GVWR shall be used."
21	SECTION 3. G.S. 20-4.01(41a) reads as rewritten:
22	(41a) Serious Traffic Violation A conviction of one of the following
23	offenses when operating a commercial or other motor vehicle:
24	a. Excessive speeding, involving a single charge of any speed 15
25	miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit.
26	b. Careless and reckless driving.
27	c. A violation of any State or local law relating to motor vehicle
28	traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in
29	connection with a fatal accident.
30	d. Improper or erratic lane changes.
31	e. Following the vehicle ahead too closely.
32	f. Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a
33	commercial drivers license.
34	g. Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial
35	drivers license in the driver's possession.
36	h. Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper class of
37	commercial drivers license or endorsements for the specific
38	vehicle group being operated or for the passenger or type of
39	cargo being transported.
40	SECTION 4. G.S. 20-7(a) reads as rewritten:
41	"(a) License Required To drive a motor vehicle on a highway, a person must be
42	licensed by the Division under this Article or Article 2C of this Chapter to drive the
43	vehicle and must carry the license while driving the vehicle. The Division issues regular

drivers licenses under this Article and issues commercial drivers licenses under Article 2C.

A license authorizes the holder of the license to drive any vehicle included in the class of the license and any vehicle included in a lesser class of license, except a vehicle for which an endorsement is required. To drive a vehicle for which an endorsement is required, a person must obtain both a license and an endorsement for the vehicle. A regular drivers license is considered a lesser class of license than its commercial counterpart.

The classes of regular drivers licenses and the motor vehicles that can be driven with each class of license are:

- (1) Class A. A Class A license authorizes the holder to drive any of the following:
 - a. A Class A motor vehicle that is exempt under G.S. 20-37.16 from the commercial drivers license requirements.
 - b. A Class A motor vehicle that has a combined GVWR of less than 26,001 pounds and includes as part of the combination a towed unit that has a GVWR of at least 10,001 pounds.
- (2) Class B. A Class B license authorizes the holder to drive any Class B motor vehicle that is exempt under G.S. 20-37.16 from the commercial drivers license requirements.
- (3) Class C. A Class C license authorizes the holder to drive any of the following:
 - a. A Class C motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle.
 - b. When operated by a volunteer member of a fire department, a rescue squad, or an emergency medical service (EMS) in the performance of duty, a Class A or Class B fire-fighting, rescue, or EMS motor vehicle or a combination of these vehicles.

The Commissioner may assign a unique motor vehicle to a class that is different from the class in which it would otherwise belong.

A person holding a commercial drivers license issued by another jurisdiction must apply for a transfer and obtain a North Carolina issued commercial drivers license within 30 days of becoming a resident. Any other A-new resident of North Carolina who has a drivers license issued by another jurisdiction must obtain a license from the Division within 60 days after becoming a resident."

SECTION 5. G.S. 20-15 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-15. Authority of Division to cancel license.license or endorsement.

- (a) The Division shall have authority to cancel any driver's license upon determining that the licensee was not entitled to the issuance thereof hereunder, or that said licensee failed to give the required or correct information in his application, or committed fraud in making such application.
- (b) Upon such cancellation, the licensee must surrender the license so cancelled to the Division.
- (c) Any person whose license is canceled under this section for failure to give the required or correct information, or for committing fraud, in an application for a

commercial drivers license shall be prohibited from reapplying for a commercial drivers license for a period of 60 days from the date of cancellation.

(d) The Division shall have authority to revoke an H endorsement of a commercial drivers license holder if the person with the endorsement is determined by the federal Transportation Security Administration to constitute a security threat, as specified in 49 C.F.R. 1572.5(d)(4)."

SECTION 6. G.S. 20-17.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-17.4. Disqualification to drive a commercial motor vehicle.

- (a) One Year. Any of the following disqualifies a person from driving a commercial motor vehicle for one year if committed by a person holding a commercial drivers license, or, when applicable, committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle by a person who does not hold a commercial drivers license:
 - (1) A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.1, driving while impaired, for a holder of a commercial drivers license that occurred while the person was driving a motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (2) A first conviction of G.S. 20-138.2, driving a commercial motor vehicle while impaired.
 - (3) A first conviction of G.S. 20-166, hit and <u>run.</u> run, involving a commercial motor vehicle driven by the person.
 - (4) A first conviction of a felony in the commission of which a commercial motor vehicle was used or the first conviction of a felony in which any motor vehicle is used by a holder of a commercial drivers license.
 - (5) Refusal to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in <u>G.S. 20-16.2</u>. G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (6) A second or subsequent conviction, as defined in G.S. 20-138.2A(d), of driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under G.S. 20-138.2A.
 - (7) A civil license revocation under G.S. 20-16.5, or a substantially similar revocation obtained in another jurisdiction, arising out of a charge that occurred while the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (8) A first conviction of vehicular homicide under G.S. 20-141.4 or vehicular manslaughter under G.S. 14-18 occurring while the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (9) Driving a commercial motor vehicle during a period when the person's commercial drivers license is revoked, suspended, cancelled, or the driver is otherwise disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- (a1) Ten-Day Disqualification. A person who is convicted for a first offense of driving a commercial motor vehicle after consuming alcohol under G.S. 20-138.2A is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for 10 days.
- (b) Modified Life. A person who has been disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a conviction or refusal described in subsection (a) who, as

the result of a separate incident, is subsequently convicted of an offense or commits an act requiring disqualification under subsection (a) is disqualified for life. The Division may adopt guidelines, including conditions, under which a disqualification for life under this subsection may be reduced to 10 years.

- (b1) Life Without Reduction. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life, without the possibility of reinstatement after 10 years, if that person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2, a fourth or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2A, or if the person refuses to submit to a chemical test a third time when charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle.
- (c) Life. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if that person uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance.
- (d) Less Than a Year. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for 60 days if that person is convicted of two serious traffic violations, or 120 days if convicted of three or more serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period. This disqualification shall be in addition to, and shall be served at the end of, any other prior disqualification. For purposes of this subsection, a "serious violation" includes violations of G.S. 20-140(f) and G.S. 20-141(j3).
- (e) Three Years. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for three years if that person is convicted of an offense or commits an act requiring disqualification under subsection (a) and the offense or act occurred while the person was transporting a hazardous material that required the motor vehicle driven to be placarded.
- (f) Revocation Period. A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for the period during which the person's regular or commercial drivers license is revoked, revoked, suspended or cancelled.
- (g) Violation of Out-of-Service Order. Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service order, except as described in subsection (h) of this section, shall be disqualified as follows:
 - (1) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial vehicle for a period of 90 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.
 - (2) A person is disqualified for a period of one year if convicted of a second violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
 - (3) A person is disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a third or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
- (h) Violation of Out-of-Service Order; Special Rule for Hazardous Materials and Passenger Offenses. Any person convicted for violating an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials or while operating a commercial vehicle designed or

used to transport more than 15 passengers, including the driver, shall be disqualified as follows:

- (1) A person is disqualified for a period of 180 days if convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order.
- (2) A person is disqualified for a period of three years if convicted of a second or subsequent violation of an out-of-service order during any 10-year period, arising from separate incidents.
- (i) Disqualification for Out-of-State Violations. The Division shall withdraw the privilege to operate a commercial vehicle of any resident of this State or person transferring to this State upon receiving notice of the person's conviction or Administrative Per Se Notice in another state for an offense that, if committed in this State, would be grounds for disqualification.—disqualification, even if the offense occurred in another jurisdiction prior to being licensed in this State where no action had been taken at that time in the other jurisdiction. The period of disqualification shall be the same as if the offense occurred in this State.
- (j) Disqualification of Persons Without Commercial Drivers Licenses. Any person convicted of an offense that requires disqualification under this section, but who does not hold a commercial drivers license, shall be disqualified from operating a commercial vehicle in the same manner as if the person held a valid commercial drivers license.
- (k) Disqualification for Railroad Grade Crossing Offenses. Any person convicted of a violation of G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5, when the driver is operating a commercial motor vehicle, shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle as follows:
 - (1) A person is disqualified for a period of 60 days if convicted of a first violation of a railroad grade crossing offense listed in this subsection.
 - (2) A person is disqualified for a period of 120 days if convicted during any three-year period of a second violation of any combination of railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this subsection.
 - (3) A person is disqualified for a period of one year if convicted during any three-year period of a third or subsequent violation of any combination of railroad grade crossing offenses listed in this subsection.
- (1) Disqualifications of Drivers Who are Determined to Constitute an Imminent Hazard. The Division shall withdraw the privilege to operate a commercial motor vehicle for any resident of this State for a period of 30 days in accordance with 49 C.F.R. § 383.52."

SECTION 7. G.S. 20-36 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-36. Ten-year-old convictions not considered.

Except for a second or subsequent conviction for violating G.S. 20-138.2, a third or subsequent violation of G.S. 20-138.2A, or a second failure to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, Except for offenses occurring in a commercial motor vehicle, or a second failure to submit to a chemical test when

charged with an implied-consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2, that occurred while the person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, no conviction of any other violation of the motor vehicle laws shall be considered by the Division in determining whether any person's driving privilege shall be suspended or revoked or in determining the appropriate period of suspension or revocation after 10 years has elapsed from the date of that conviction."

SECTION 8. G.S. 20-37.13 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-37.13. Commercial drivers license qualification standards.

- (a) No person shall be issued a commercial drivers license unless he:
 - (1) Is a resident of this State;
 - (2) Is 21 years of age;
 - (3) Has passed a knowledge test and a skills test for driving a commercial motor vehicle that comply with minimum federal standards established by federal regulation enumerated in 49 C.F.R., Part 383, Subparts F, G and H; and
 - (4) Has satisfied all other requirements of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act in addition to other requirements of this Chapter or federal regulation.
 - (5) For the purpose of skills testing and determining commercial drivers license classification only the manufacturer's GVWR shall be used.

The tests shall be prescribed and conducted by the Division. Provided, a person who is at least 18 years of age may be issued a commercial drivers license if he is exempt from, or not subject to, the age requirements of the federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations contained in 49 C.F.R., Part 391, as adopted by the Division.

- (b) The Division may permit a person, including an agency of this or another state, an employer, a private driver training facility, or an agency of local government, to administer the skills test specified by this section, provided:
 - (1) The test is the same as that administered by the Division; and
 - (2) The third party has entered into an agreement with the Division which complies with the requirements of 49 C.F.R. § 383.75. The Division may charge a fee to applicants for third-party testing authority in order to investigate the applicants' qualifications and to monitor their program as required by federal law.
- (c) Prior to October 1, 1992, the Division may waive the skills test for applicants licensed at the time they apply for a commercial drivers license if:
 - (1) For an application submitted by April 1, 1992, the applicant has not, and certifies that he has not, at any time during the two years immediately preceding the date of application done any of the following and for an application submitted after April 1, 1992, the applicant has not, and certifies that he has not, at any time during the two years preceding April 1, 1992:
 - a. Had more than one drivers license, except during the 10-day period beginning on the date he is issued a drivers license, or unless, prior to December 31, 1989, he was required to have

more than one license by a State law enacted prior to June 1, 1 2 1986: Had any drivers license or driving privilege suspended, 3 b. 4 revoked, or cancelled; Had any convictions involving any kind of motor vehicle for 5 C. the offenses listed in G.S. 20-17 or had any convictions for the 6 offenses listed in G.S. 20-17.4; 7 Been convicted of a violation of State or local laws relating to 8 d. motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, 9 which violation arose in connection with any reportable traffic 10 accident; or 11 Refused to take a chemical test when charged with an implied 12 e. consent offense, as defined in G.S. 20-16.2; and 13 The applicant certifies, and provides satisfactory evidence, that he is 14 (2) regularly employed in a job requiring the operation of a commercial 15 motor vehicle, and he either: 16 Has previously taken and successfully completed a skills test 17 a. that was administered by a state with a classified licensing and 18 testing system and the test was behind the wheel in a vehicle 19 representative of the class and, if applicable, the type of 20 commercial motor vehicle for which the applicant seeks to be 21 licensed: or 22 Has operated for the relevant two-year period under subpart 23 b. (1)a. of this subsection, a vehicle representative of the class and, 24 25 if applicable, the type of commercial motor vehicle for which the applicant seeks to be licensed. 26 A commercial drivers license or learner's permit shall not be issued to a 27 (d) person while he is subject to a disqualification from driving a commercial motor 28 vehicle, or while his drivers license is suspended, revoked, or cancelled in any state; nor 29 shall a commercial drivers license be issued unless the person who has applied for the 30 license first surrenders all other drivers licenses issued by the Division or by another 31 state. If a person surrenders a drivers license issued by another state, the Division must 32 return the license to the issuing state for cancellation. 33 A commercial driver learner's permit may be issued to an individual who 34 holds a regular Class C drivers license and has passed the knowledge test for the class 35 and type of commercial motor vehicle the individual will be driving. The permit is valid 36 for a period not to exceed six months and may be renewed or reissued only once within 37 a two-year period. The fee for a commercial driver learner's permit is the same as the 38 fee set by G.S. 20-7 for a regular learner's permit. G.S. 20-7(m) governs the issuance of 39 a restricted instruction permit for a prospective school bus driver." 40

SECTION 9. G.S. 20-37.16 reads as rewritten: "§ 20-37.16. Content of license; classifications and endorsements; fees.

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- (a) A commercial drivers license must be marked "Commercial Drivers License" or "CDL" and must contain the information required by G.S. 20-7 for a regular drivers license.
 - (b) The classes of commercial drivers licenses are:
 - (1) Class A CDL A Class A commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class A motor vehicle.
 - (2) Class B CDL A Class B commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class B motor vehicle.
 - (3) Class C CDL A Class C commercial drivers license authorizes the holder to drive any Class C motor vehicle.
- (c) Endorsements. The endorsements required to drive certain motor vehicles are as follows:

Endorsement	Vehicles That Can Be Driven
H	Vehicles, regardless of size or class, except tank vehicles,
	when transporting hazardous materials that require the
	vehicle to be placarded
M	Motorcycles
N	Tank vehicles not carrying hazardous materials
P	Vehicles carrying passengers
S	School bus
T	Double trailers
X	Tank vehicles carrying hazardous materials
	H M N P

To qualify for any of the above endorsements, an applicant shall pass a knowledge test. To obtain an H or an X endorsement, an applicant must take a test. This requirement applies when a person first obtains an H or an X endorsement and each time a person renews an H or an X endorsement. An applicant who has an H or an X endorsement issued by another state who applies for an H or an X endorsement must take a test unless the person has passed a test that covers the information set out in 49 C.F.R. § 383.121 within the preceding two years.

- (c1) The test for an S endorsement shall be waived by the Division for an applicant who is currently licensed, has experience driving a school bus, has a good driving record, and meets the requirements of this subsection. An applicant for a waiver under this subsection shall verify that, during the two-year period immediately prior to application for an S endorsement, the applicant met all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The applicant held a valid commercial drivers license with a passenger vehicle endorsement to operate a school bus representative of the group the applicant will be driving.
 - (2) The applicant did not have the applicant's drivers license or commercial drivers license suspended, revoked, or cancelled, or the applicant was not disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (3) The applicant was not convicted of a State law offense that corresponds to the list of disqualifying offenses in 49 C.F.R. § 383.51(b) while operating a commercial motor vehicle or of any

1 offense in a noncommercial motor vehicle that would be a disqualifying offense under 49 C.F.R. § 383.51(b) if committed in a 2 3 commercial motor vehicle. The applicant was not convicted of more than one of the serious traffic 4 (4) violations listed and defined in G.S. 20-4.01(41a) while operating any 5 6 type of motor vehicle. 7 (5) The applicant was not convicted of a violation of State or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, 8 arising in connection with any traffic accident. 9 The applicant was not convicted of any motor vehicle traffic violation 10 (6) that resulted in an accident. 11 The applicant was regularly employed as a school bus driver, operated 12 (7) a school bus representative of the group the applicant seeks to drive, 13 and provides evidence of that employment. 14 The fee for a Class A, B, or C commercial drivers license is ten dollars 15 (d) (\$10.00) for each year of the period for which the license is issued. The fee for each 16 endorsement is one dollar and twenty-five cents (\$1.25) for each year of the period for 17 which the endorsement is issued. The fees required under this section do not apply to 18 employees of the Driver License Section of the Division who are designated by the 19 20 Commissioner. The requirements for a commercial drivers license do not apply to vehicles 21 (e) used for personal use such as recreational vehicles. A commercial drivers license is also 22 waived for the following classes of vehicles as permitted by regulation of the United 23 States Department of Transportation: 24 25 (1) Vehicles owned or operated by the Department of Defense, including the National Guard, while they are driven by active duty military 26 personnel, or members of the National Guard when on active duty. in 27 the pursuit of military purposes. 28 Any vehicle when used as firefighting or emergency equipment for the 29 (2) purpose of preserving life or property or to execute emergency 30 governmental functions. 31 A farm vehicle that meets all of the following criteria: 32 (3) Is controlled and operated by the farmer or the farmer's 33 employee and used exclusively for farm use. 34 Is used to transport either agricultural products, farm 35 b. machinery, or farm supplies, both to or from a farm. 36 Is not used in the operations of a for-hire motor carrier. 37 c. Is used within 150 miles of the farmer's farm. 38 A farm vehicle includes a forestry vehicle that meets the listed criteria 39 when applied to the forestry operation. 40 For the purposes of this section, the term "school bus" has the same meaning 41 as in 49 C.F.R. § 383.5." 42

"§ 20-37.21. Penalties.

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SECTION 10. G.S. 20-37.21 reads as rewritten:

- (a) Any person who drives a commercial motor vehicle in violation of G.S. 20-37.12 shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for a first offense and not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for a second or subsequent offense. In addition, upon conviction, the person shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than one thousand one hundred dollars (\$1,100) for the first offense and not more than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$2,750) for a second or subsequent offense.
- (b) Any person who violates G.S. 20-37.18 shall have committed an infraction and, upon being found responsible, shall pay a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00).
- (c) Any employer who violates G.S. 20-37.19 shall have committed an infraction and, upon being found responsible, shall pay a penalty of not less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). In addition, upon conviction, the employer shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars (\$2,750) nor more than eleven thousand dollars (\$11,000).
- (d) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes an employee to violate any railroad grade requirements contained in G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5 shall pay a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)."

SECTION 11. G.S. 20-141(j3) reads as rewritten:

- "(j3) A person is guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor if the person drives a commercial motor vehicle carrying a load that is subject to the permit requirements of G.S. 20-119 upon a highway or any public vehicular area at a speed in excess of 15 miles per hour or more above either:
 - (1) The posted speed; or
 - (2) The restricted speed, if any, of the permit, or if no permit was obtained, the speed that would be applicable to the load if a permit had been obtained."

SECTION 12. G.S. 20-142.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.1. Obedience to railroad signal.

- (a) Whenever any person driving a vehicle approaches a railroad grade crossing under any of the circumstances stated in this section, the driver of the vehicle shall stop within 50 feet, but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad and shall not proceed until he can do so safely. These requirements apply when:
 - (1) A clearly visible electrical or mechanical signal device gives warning of the immediate approach of a railroad train;
 - (2) A crossing gate is lowered or when a human flagman gives or continues to give a signal of the approach or passage of a railroad train;
 - (3) A railroad train approaching within approximately 1500 feet of the highway crossing emits a signal audible from that distance, and the railroad train is an immediate hazard because of its speed or nearness to the crossing; or

(4) An approaching railroad train is plainly visible and is in hazardous proximity to the crossing.

- (b) No person shall drive any vehicle through, around, or under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed, nor shall any pedestrian pass through, around, over, or under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing while the gate or barrier is closed or is being opened or closed.
- (c) When stopping as required at a railroad crossing, the driver shall keep as far to the right of the highway as possible and shall not form two lanes of traffic unless the roadway is marked for four or more lanes of traffic.
- (d) Any person who violates any provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
- (e) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 13. G.S. 20-142.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.2. Vehicles stop at certain grade crossing.

The Department of Transportation may designate particularly dangerous highway crossings of railroads and erect stop signs at those crossings. When a stop sign is erected at a highway crossing of a railroad, the driver of any vehicle shall stop within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of such grade crossing and shall proceed only upon exercising due care. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se. An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 14. G.S. 20-142.3 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.3. Certain vehicles must stop at railroad grade crossing.

- (a) Before crossing at grade any track or tracks of a railroad, the driver of any school bus, any activity bus, any motor vehicle carrying passengers for compensation, any commercial motor vehicle listed in 49 C.F.R. § 392.10, and any motor vehicle with a capacity of 16 or more persons shall stop the vehicle within 50 feet but not less than 15 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad. While stopped, the driver shall listen and look in both directions along the track for any approaching train and shall not proceed until the driver can do so safely. Upon proceeding, the driver of the vehicle shall cross the track in a gear that allows the driver to cross the track without changing gears and the driver shall not change gears while crossing the track or tracks.
- (b) Except for school buses and activity buses, the provisions of this section shall not require the driver of a vehicle to stop:
 - (1) At railroad tracks used exclusively for industrial switching purposes within a business district.

- (2) At a railroad grade crossing which a police officer or crossing flagman directs traffic to proceed.
- (3) At a railroad grade crossing protected by a gate or flashing signal designed to stop traffic upon the approach of a train, when the gate or flashing signal does not indicate the approach of a train.
- (4) At an abandoned railroad grade crossing which is marked with a sign indicating that the rail line is abandoned.
- (5) At an industrial or spur line railroad grade crossing marked with a sign reading "Exempt" erected by or with the consent of the appropriate State or local authority.
- (c) A person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
 - (d), (e) Repealed by Session Laws 2001-487, s. 50(g).
- (e) An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 15. G.S. 20-142.4 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-142.4. Moving heavy equipment at railroad grade crossing.

- (a) No person shall operate or move any crawler-type tractor, crane, or roller or any equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of five or less miles per hour upon or across any tracks at a railroad crossing without first complying with this section.
- (b) Notice of any intended crossing described in subsection (a) of this section shall be given to a superintendent of the railroad and a reasonable time be given to the railroad to provide protection at the crossing.
- (c) Before making any crossing described in subsection (a) of this section, the person operating or moving the vehicle or equipment shall:
 - (1) Stop the vehicle or equipment not less than 15 feet nor more than 50 feet from the nearest rail of the railroad;
 - (2) While stopped, shall listen and look both directions along the track for any approaching train and for signals indicating the approach of a train; and
 - (3) Shall not proceed until the crossing can be made safely.
- (d) No crossing described in subsection (a) of this section shall be made when warning is given by automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagman or otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car.
- (e) Subsection (c) of this section shall not apply at any railroad crossing where State or local authorities have determined that trains are not operating during certain periods or seasons of the year and have erected an official sign carrying the legend "Exempt".

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- Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
- 4 authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate this section shall be guilty 5 of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under 6 7

G.S. 20-37.21." 8

(f)

SECTION 16. G.S. 20-142.5 reads as rewritten:

"\\$ 20-142.5. Stop when traffic obstructed.

No driver shall enter an intersection or a marked crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the intersection, crosswalk, or railroad grade crossing to accommodate the vehicle he is operating without obstructing the passage of other vehicles, pedestrians, or railroad trains, notwithstanding the indication of any traffic control signal to proceed. Any person who violates any provision of this section shall be guilty of an infraction and punished in accordance with G.S. 20-176. Violation of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.

An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise

An employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate this section shall be guilty of an infraction. Such employer will also be subject to a civil penalty under G.S. 20-37.21."

SECTION 17. This act becomes effective September 30, 2005, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.



HOUSE BILL 670: CDL/Federal Compliance-AB

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

May 4, 2005

Version:

H670-CSRW-11[v.5]

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Summary by:

Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 670 makes various changes to North Carolina law applicable to commercial drivers licenses in order to comply with federal law and regulations.

BACKGROUND:

The 1999 federal Motor Carrier Safety Improvement Act made numerous changes to the Commercial Drivers License program, and gave states 3 years to implement conforming changes to their laws. By September 30, 2005, all states are required to be in compliance with the Act and federal regulations promulgated pursuant to it, or be subject to losing 5% of their federal aid highway funds.

House Bill 670 makes changes to NC law to comply with this federal mandate.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the bill amends the definition of "Conviction" in State law to specify that, for purposes of disqualification of a commercial drivers license:

- -- any PJC (prayer for judgment continued) granted for an offense occurring in NC constitutes a conviction, if the offender holds a commercial drivers license, or if the offense occurs in a commercial motor vehicle: and
- --any final conviction, including a no contest plea, for an offense occurring out of state constitutes a conviction, if the offender holds a commercial drivers license, or if the offense occurs in a commercial motor vehicle.

Section 2 of the bill amends the definition of "Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR)" in State law to provide that for purposes of commercial drivers license and skills testing, the manufacturer's GVRW shall be used.

Section 3 of the bill amends the definition of "Serious Traffic Violation" in State law (used for CDL disqualification) to include the listed offenses when operating any motor vehicle.

Section 4 of the bill provides that a person holding a CDL in another jurisdiction must apply for a transfer and obtain a NC issued CDL within 30 days of becoming a resident.

HOUSE BILL 670

Page 2

Section 5 of the bill grants DMV the authority to:

- provide that any person whose license is canceled for failure to give correct information, or for committing fraud in a CDL application, shall be prohibited from reapplying for a CDL for 60 days; and
- --revoke an "H" (hazardous materials) CDL endorsement if the federal Transportation Security Administration determines that the holder is a security threat.

Section 6 of the bill adds a requirement of a one-year disqualification to drive a commercial motor vehicle for:

- --first conviction of impaired driving of a vehicle that is not a commercial vehicle by a CDL holder.
- --first conviction of hit and run while driving any vehicle.
- --first conviction of a felony in which any motor vehicle was used by a CDL holder
- --refusal to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied consent offense while driving any vehicle.
- --a civil revocation under G.S. 20-16.5, or a substantially similar revocation obtained in another jurisdiction, arising out of a charge that occurred while the person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- --a first conviction of vehicular homicide or vehicular manslaughter occurring while a person was operating a commercial motor vehicle.
- --driving a commercial motor vehicle during a period when a person's CDL is revoked, suspended or cancelled, or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Section 6 also provides:

- -- that a 60- or 120-day disqualification for serious traffic violations is in addition to, and shall be served at the end of, any other prior disqualifications.
- --for disqualification to operate a commercial motor vehicle for an offense occurring in another jurisdiction, even if the offense occurred prior to a person being licensed in NC, and even if no action was taken in the other jurisdiction.
- --for a 30-day disqualification of a driver determined to be an "imminent hazard" as defined in 49 CFR 383.5.

Section 7 of the bill provides that convictions more than 10 years old for offenses in a commercial motor vehicle, and a second failure to submit to a chemical test when charged with an implied consent offense that occurred while a person was driving a commercial motor vehicle, shall be considered by DMV in determining whether a driving privilege should be suspended or revoked.

Section 8 of the bill amends the commercial drivers license qualifications standards to:

--require knowledge and skills tests as provided in 49 CFR Part 383, Subpart F.

HOUSE BILL 670

Page 3

--specify that the GVWR (gross vehicle weight rating) of a vehicle (not license or other weight rating) shall be used for skills testing for a commercial drivers license.

Section 9 of the bill clarifies that a person applying for any commercial driver license endorsement must pass a knowledge test.

Section 10 of the bill increases the civil penalties for violation of G.S. 20-37.12 (CDL license requirements), G.S. 20-37.18 (CDL notification requirements), G.S. 20-37.19 (CDL employer requirements), and G.S. 20-142.1 through G.S. 20-142.5 (RR crossing statutes).

Section 11 of the bill amends the State speeding statute to provide that it is a Class 2 misdemeanor for a person to drive a commercial motor vehicle with a load subject to an oversize or overweight permit 15 mph or more over the posted speed limit.

Sections 12-16 of the bill extends application of five railroad crossing offenses to employers of commercial motor vehicle drivers, by providing that any employer who knowingly allows, requires, permits, or otherwise authorizes a driver of a commercial motor vehicle to violate one of these five statutes is guilty of an infraction (with a penalty of not more than \$100), and subject to a civil penalty (of not more than \$11,000).

Section 17 of the bill provides that it would become effective September 30, 2005, and apply to offenses occurring on or after that date.

H670-SMRW-001

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for HB 786 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS LICENSING ACT. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 786*

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Short Title: MV Dealer Technical Corrections.-AB

(Public)

Sponsors:

Representative Cole.

Referred to: Transportation.

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE DEALERS LICENSING ACT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-287(a) reads as rewritten:

License Required. - It shall be unlawful for any new motor vehicle dealer, "(a) used motor vehicle dealer, motor vehicle sales representative, manufacturer, factory branch, factory representative, distributor, distributor branch, distributor representative, or wholesaler to engage in business in this State without first obtaining a license as provided in this Article. If any motor vehicle dealer acts as a motor vehicle sales representative, the dealer shall obtain a motor vehicle sales representative's license in addition to a motor vehicle dealer's license. A sales representative may have only one license. The license shall show the name of each the dealer or wholesaler employing the sales representative. The following license holders may operate as a motor vehicle dealer without obtaining a motor vehicle dealer's license or paying an additional fee: a manufacturer, a factory branch, a distributor, and a distributor branch. Any of these license holders who operates as a motor vehicle dealer may sell motor vehicles at retail only at an established salesroom."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-288(c) reads as rewritten:

- (Effective until January 1, 2006) All licenses that are granted shall expire unless sooner revoked or suspended, on June 30 of the year following date of issue.
- (Effective January 1, 2006) All licenses that are granted shall expire on the last day of the month one year from the date issued unless sooner revoked or suspended. The Division shall vary the expiration dates of all licenses that are granted so that an equal number of licenses expire at the end of each month, quarter, or other period consisting of one or more months to coincide with G.S. 20-79(c)."

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-290 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-290. Licenses to specify places of business; display of license and list of salesmen; advertising.

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- (a) The license of a motor vehicle dealer shall list each of the dealer's established salesrooms in this State. A license of a manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, distributor branch, or wholesaler shall list each of the license holder's places of business in this State. A license shall be conspicuously displayed at each place of business. In the event the location of a business changes, the Division shall endorse the change of location on the license, without charge.
- (b) Each dealer shall keep a current list of his licensed salesmen, showing the names, addresses, and serial numbers of their licenses, name of each licensed salesman, posted in a conspicuous place in each place of business.
- (c) Whenever any licensee places an advertisement in any newspaper or publication, the type and serial number of license licensee's name shall appear therein.in the advertisement."

SECTION 4. G.S. 20-291 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-291. Representatives to carry license and display it on request; license to name employer.

Every person to whom a sales representative, factory representative, or distributor representative license is issued shall carry the license when engaged in business, and shall display it upon request. The license shall state the name of the representative's employer. If the representative changes employers, the representative shall immediately apply to the Division for a license that states the name of the representative's new employer. The fee for issuing a license stating the name of a new employer is one-half the fee set in G.S. 20-289 for an annual license."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 786* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H786-CSSU-10 [v.1]

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Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 17, 2005	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
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number of licenses expire at the end of each month, quarter, or other period consist of one or more months to coincide with G.S. 20-79(c)."	ing

SECTION 3. G.S. 20-290 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-290. Licenses to specify places of business; display of license and list of salesmen; advertising.

- (a) The license of a motor vehicle dealer shall list each of the dealer's established salesrooms in this State. A license of a manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, distributor branch, or wholesaler shall list each of the license holder's places of business in this State. A license shall be conspicuously displayed at each place of business. In the event the location of a business changes, the Division shall endorse the change of location on the license, without charge.
- (b) Each dealer shall keep a current list of his licensed salesmen, showing the names, addresses, and serial numbers of their licenses, name of each licensed salesman, posted in a conspicuous place in each place of business.
- (c) Whenever any licensee places an advertisement in any newspaper or publication, the type and serial number of license licensee's name shall appear therein in the advertisement."

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Every person to whom a sales representative, factory representative, or distributor representative license is issued shall carry the license when engaged in business, and shall display it upon request. The license shall state the name of the representative's employer. If the representative changes employers, the representative shall immediately apply to the Division for a license that states the name of the representative's new employer. The fee for issuing a license stating the name of a new employer is one half the fee set in G.S. 20-289 for an annual license."

SECTION 5. This act becomes effective January 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 786: MV Dealer Technical Corrections.-AB

BILL ANALYSIS.

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Cole Version:

First Edition

H786-CSSU-10[v.1]

Date:

May 4, 2005

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 786 would make technical changes to the Motor Vehicle Dealers and Manufacturers Licensing Law.

CURRENT LAW AND BILL ANALYSIS:

Expiration of license. Under the current law, any new motor vehicle dealer, used motor vehicle dealer, motor vehicle sales representative, manufacturer, factory branch, factory representative, distributor, distributor branch, distributor representative, or wholesaler must obtain a license to engage in business in North Carolina. Until January 1, 2006, licenses expire on June 30th of the year after the license is issued. After January 1, 2006, licenses will expire one year from the date of issuance.

Under House Bill 786, licenses would be issued for a period of one year, but the Division would stagger the expiration dates in the same way it staggers expiration dates for dealer license plates.

Licensee information displayed. Under the current law, a motor vehicle dealer is required to keep a list of his licensed salesmen in a conspicuous place at his business. The list must include the names, addresses, and license serial numbers of the salesmen. In addition, when a licensee advertises, the type and serial number of his license must appear in the ad.

Under House Bill 786, only the licensee's name must be posted in a business or appear in an advertisement, without additional identifying information.

License fee when changing employers. Under the current law, a sales representative, factory representative, or distributor representative license must include the name of the representative's employer. When the representative changes employers, he or she must apply for a new license with the correct employer name. The fee for the new license is half of the annual licensing fee.

Under House Bill 786, the fee for the new license with the new employer name would be the same as the annual licensing fee (\$10).

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would be effective January 1, 2006.

H0786e1-SMSU

Displaced 5-4-05

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 943

Short Title: Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Almond, Goodwin, Kiser (Primary Sponsors); Culp and LaRoque.

Referred to: Transportation.

March 29, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PAY THE COSTS OF NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF SOME WATER AND SEWER LINES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-27.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-27.1. Relocation of water and sewer lines of municipalities and nonprofit water or sewer corporations or associations.

The Department of Transportation shall pay the nonbetterment cost for the relocation of water and sewer lines, located within the existing State highway right-of-way, that are necessary to be relocated for a State highway improvement project and that are owned by: (i) a municipality with a population of 5,50025,000 or less according to the latest decennial census; (ii) a nonprofit water or sewer association or corporation; (iii) any water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the General Statutes; (iv) a rural water system operated by county as an enterprise system; (v) any sanitary district organized pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes; or (vi) constructed by a water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the General Statutes and then sold or transferred to a municipality with a population of greater than 5,500 according to the latest decennial census."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

D

HOUSE BILL 943 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H943-CSSU-11 [v.1]

5/3/2005 1:21:46 PM

	Short Title: Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	March 29, 2005
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO DAY
3	THE COSTS OF NONBELLERMENT RELOCATION OF SOME WATER AND
4	SEWER LINES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	SECTION 1. G.S. 136-27.1 reads as rewritten.
7	"§ 136-27.1. Relocation of water and sewer lines of municipalities and nonprofit
8	water or sewer corporations or associations
9 10	The Department of Transportation shall pay the nonbetterment cost for the
11	relocation of water and sewer lines, located within the existing State highway
12	right-of-way, that are necessary to be relocated for a State highway improvement
13	project and that are owned by: are: (i) owned by a municipality with a population of
14	5,50025.000 or less according to the latest decennial census; (ii) owned by a nonprofit
15	water or sewer association or corporation; (iii) owned by any water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the General Statutes; (iv) owned by a rural water
16	system operated by county as an enterprise system; (v) owned by any sanitary district
17	organized pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes; or
18	(vi) constructed by a water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the
19	General Statutes and then sold or transferred to a municipality with a non-decision of
20	greater than 5,500 according to the latest decennial census."
21	SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 943: Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee: House Transportation

Date:

May 4, 2005

Version:

Proposed Committee Substitute

H943-CSSU-11[v.1]

Introduced by: Representatives Almond.

Goodwin, and Kiser

Summary by:

Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 943 would require DOT to pay the cost of relocating water and sewer lines when the lines have to be moved due to a DOT construction project and the lines are owned by a municipality with a population of 25,000 or less.

CURRENT LAW: Under the current law, the Department of Transportation is authorized to allow entities that provide water or sewer services to locate their utility lines on DOT-owned right of way. Nonbetterment relocation cost refers to the cost of moving those lines due to DOT construction. DOT rules provide that the cost must be paid by the entity that owns the water or sewer lines. However, G.S. 136-27.1 provides some exceptions to that rule. G.S. 136-27.1 requires DOT to pay the nonbetterment cost to move water and sewer lines due to a DOT construction project when the lines are:

- Owned by a municipality with a population of 5,500 or less:
- Owned by a nonprofit water or sewer association or corporation;
- Owned by a water or sewer system organized under Chapter 162A;
- Owned by a rural water system operated by county as an enterprise system;
- Owned by a sanitary district organized under Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 130A; or
- Constructed by a water or sewer system organized under Chapter 162A and then sold or transferred to a municipality with a population of greater than 5, 500.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 943 would amend G.S. 136-27.1 to require DOT to pay nonbetterment costs to move water and sewer lines when the lines are owned by a municipality with a population of 25,000 or less (instead of 5,500 or less).

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would be effective when it becomes law.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:

By Representative Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION.

Committee Substitute for

HB 1266

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WILL PAY AS RELOCATION ASSISTANCE FOR REASONABLE EXPENSES FOR SEARCHING FOR A REPLACEMENT BUSINESS OR FARM, AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL REGULATION.

With a favorable report.

(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)

Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on

Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 1266

Short Title: DO	OT Relocation Assistance Change.	(Public)
Sponsors: Re	presentatives Cole; and Faison.	
Referred to: Tra	ansportation.	
	April 18, 2005	
TRANSPOR	<u> </u>	DEPARTMENT OF ASSISTANCE FOR A REPLACEMENT
BUSINESS (OR FARM, AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL REG	
"(a) When by an agency w payment to any	PION 1. G.S. 133-8(a) reads as rewritten: ever the acquisition of real property for a program ill result in the displacement of any person, such displaced person, upon application as approved	agency shall make a
agency for: (1)	Actual reasonable expenses in moving himself,	, his family, business,
(2)	farm operation, or other-personal property; Actual direct losses of tangible personal property or discontinuing a business or farm operation, amount equal to the reasonable expenses th required to relocate such property, as determin officer; and	but not to exceed an at would have been
(3)	Actual reasonable expenses in searching for a refarm in accordance with criteria established by the to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000); two to dollars (\$2,500); and	ne lead agency, but not
(4) SECT	Actual reasonable expenses necessary to reestable nonprofit organization, or small business at its new with criteria to be established by the lead agency thousand dollars (\$10,000)." TION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law	ew site, in accordance, but not to exceed ten



HOUSE BILL 1266: DOT Relocation Assistance Change

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

First Edition

Date:

May 4, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1266 increases the amount DOT and other State agencies must pay as relocation assistance for reasonable expenses for searching for a replacement business or farm, as required by new federal regulations.

CURRENT LAW: Current State law, enacted in 1971, requires DOT and other State agencies to pay relocation assistance to person displaced by a State project. This law was enacted in response to federal Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, which requires States to pay relocation assistance to persons dislocated by federally funded projects. As a part of relocation assistance, the State is currently required to pay up to \$1000 in reasonable expenses for searching for a replacement business or farm. A recently adopted federal regulation (49 C.F.R. 24.301(g)(17)) requires States to pay up to \$2500 in reasonable expenses for searching for a replacement business or farm for any federally funded State project.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill conforms State law to the new federal regulation by increasing from \$1000 to \$2500 the maximum amount the State must pay for reasonable expenses for searching for a replacement business or farm.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act is effective when it becomes law.

H1266e1-SMRW

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:
By Representative Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 1280 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO DIRECT THE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON
STRATEGIES TO BEST UTILIZE FEDERAL FUNDS FOR RAIL IMPROVEMENTS SUCH
AS THE WALLACE TO CASTLE HAYNE RAIL CORRIDOR.
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill.
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No) is placed
on the Unfavorable Calendar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No) is re-referred to the
Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute
Bill/(Joint) resolution No) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 1280

Short Title: DOT Report/Federal Rail Assistance to NC. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Pate, Rapp, Justice, Wright (Primary Sponsors); Bell, Dollar, Frye, McComas, Tucker, and Wilson.

Referred to: Transportation.

April 19, 2005

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANS

AN ACT TO DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON STRATEGIES TO BEST UTILIZE FEDERAL FUNDS FOR RAIL IMPROVEMENTS SUCH AS THE WALLACE TO CASTLE HAYNE RAIL CORRIDOR.

Whereas, expanding and upgrading passenger, freight, commuter, and short line rail service is important to the economy of North Carolina; and

Whereas, the Citizens of this State have stated their support for expanded passenger rail service through resolutions from over 100 cities, towns, and organizations submitted to the House Interim Committee on Expanding Rail Service in the fall of 2004; and

Whereas, the Congress is debating reauthorization of the federal Surface Transportation Program; and

Whereas, the Congress is considering new and innovative means of financing construction of transportation infrastructure, including highways, transit, intermodal and rail projects; and

Whereas, the Congress is debating reform of the National Railroad Passenger Corporation, known as Amtrak, and the result may be more responsibilities for rail transferred to the states; and

Whereas, it is in the best interest of the State of North Carolina to respond in a timely way to these proposed changes as they impact our transportation programs and economic development opportunities; and

Whereas, many rail corridors in the State, such as the Wallace to Castle Hayne rail corridor, are in need of restoration and improvement; Now, therefore, The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. The Department of Transportation is directed, no more than 60 days following enactment of reauthorization of the federal Surface Transportation Program, to develop and report its recommendations on strategies, using funds available

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27 28 to the Department, to provide matching funds so the State can leverage the maximum federal and private participation in funding rail corridor improvements, such as the restoration of the rail corridor from Wallace to Castle Hayne.

4 5 **SECTION 2.** The Department shall submit its report to the Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, or if the General Assembly is not in session, to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee.

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SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 1280: DOT Report/Federal Rail Assistance

BILL ANALYSIS

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Pate

Version:

H1280-CSRW-20[v.1]

Date:

May 4, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1280 directs the Department of Transportation to report to the General Assembly on how to best utilize federal funds for rail improvements.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1280 directs the Department of Transportation to:

- develop and report its recommendations on strategies, using funds available to the Department, to provide matching funds so the State can leverage the maximum federal and private participation in funding needed rail initiatives, such as the restoration of the rail corridor from Wallace to Castle Hayne, and service to the western and southeastern parts of the State.
- submit its report to the Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, or if the General Assembly is not in session, to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee, no more than 60 days following enactment of reauthorization of the federal Surface Transportation Program.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act is effective when it becomes law.

H1280-SMRW-CSRW-20



HOUSE BILL 1280: DOT Report/Federal Rail Assistance

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Pate

Version:

H1280-CSRW-20[v.1]

Date:

May 4, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1280 directs the Department of Transportation to report to the General Assembly on how to best utilize federal funds for rail improvements.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1280 directs the Department of Transportation to:

- develop and report its recommendations on strategies, using funds available to the Department, to provide matching funds so the State can leverage the maximum federal and private participation in funding needed rail initiatives, such as the restoration of the rail corridor from Wallace to Castle Hayne, and service to the western and southeastern parts of the State.
- submit its report to the Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, or if the General Assembly is not in session, to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee, no more than 60 days following enactment of reauthorization of the federal Surface Transportation Program.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act is effective when it becomes law.

H1280-SMRW-CSRW-20

Comparison of Amtrak legislation and other passenger rail initiatives in the 109th Congress

necessary" contingent upon reforms being implemented. Amtrak split into 3 entities: an operating company, a capital management company, and an oversight company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year four oents per mile in year two, 20 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Poperating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	Major Issue Area	POTUS	House T&I	Amtrak
necessary" contingent upon reforms being implemented. Amtrak split into 3 entities: an operating company, a capital management company, a capital management company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year four an no subsidy in/after year for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year	Federal Funds	"Such sums as may be	Up to \$2B annually in 2006-	\$1.82B in FY 2006. No
Amtrak split into 3 entities: an operating company, a capital management company, and an oversight company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year four cents per mile in year two, 20 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		necessary" contingent upon	2008. Funds set aside for	subsequent amounts identified
Amtrak split into 3 entities: an operating company, a capital management company, and an oversight company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		reforms being implemented.	retirement and commuter	but hopes only \$800M in 2011.
Amtrak split into 3 entities: an operating company, a capital management company, and an oversight company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.			operations.	
operating company, a capital management company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	Amtrak Restructuring	Amtrak split into 3 entities: an	No provision.	Amtrak remains one company.
management company, and an oversight company. Northeast Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		operating company, a capital		
corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year three 40 percent in year four 50 percent in year four five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		management company, and an		
Corridor given to an interstate compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 50 percent in year four 60 perating losses over 40 60 cents per mile in year two, 20 60 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in 60 year four an no subsidy in/after 60 year five. Operating company must sign 60 contracts for all routes by end 61 of year one, and all routes open 61 to competition by end of year 61 five.		oversight company. Northeast		
compact. Zero in year two 20 percent in year four 40 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		Corridor given to an interstate		
20 percent in year three 40 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		compact.		
20 percent in year three 40 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	State Matching Contribution	Zero in year two	No provision.	20 percent state match
40 percent in year four 50 percent in year five/thereafter. In No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	for Certain Capital Projects	20 percent in year three		generally.
five/thereafter. five/thereafter. No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		40 percent in year four		
five/thereafter. No federal subsidies for trains with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		50 percent in year		
with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes open to competition by end of year five.		five/thereafter.		
with operating losses over 40 cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	Limit on Long-distance Train	No federal subsidies for trains	No provision.	Amtrak to develop performance
cents per mile in year two, 20 cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	Operating Subsidies	with operating losses over 40		thresholds for long-distance
cpm in year three, 10 cpm in year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		cents per mile in year two, 20		trains and give states
year four an no subsidy in/after year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		cpm in year three, 10 cpm in		opportunities to fund gap
year five. Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		year four an no subsidy in/after		between revenues and
Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five		year five.		thresholds to avoid shutdowns.
Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.				Full recovery of avoidable
Operating company must sign contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.				costs from states by FY 2011.
contracts for all routes by end of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.	Competition for Routes	Operating company must sign	No provision.	Pilot project for competition on
of year one, and all routes open to competition by end of year five.		contracts for all routes by end	•	one state-supported route by
to competition by end of year five.		of year one, and all routes open		FY 2007. Level playing field
five		to competition by end of year		(see below).
		five.		

Comparison of Amtrak legislation and other passenger rail initiatives in the 109th Congress

Major Issue Area	POTUS	House T&I	Amtrak
Labor Issues	Current employees going with	No provision.	Make all intercity passenger
	oversight company retain "only		rail operators subject to the
	such rights and benefits as the		same labor law, and take
	corporation may determine."		Amtrak out of the Railroad
	Authorizes buyouts of current		Retirement system and into
	employees at up to \$50,000		Social Security with 401(k)s.
	each.		Provides that Amtrak labor
			contracts expire at expiration
			date.

Other:

- Senator Lott announced he "intends to draft an Amtrak reauthorization bill and move it to the Senate floor by summer."
- General and Amtrak all attest to the importance of States in intercity passenger rail development and of the need for the federal In testimony before the Senate's Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee the Administration, the USDOT Inspector government to partner with States on capital investments.
- through September 30, 2005, but this funding is under pressure from the marketplace and from the added costs to address the Polarity among authorizers means the future of Amtrak becomes an appropriations issue by default. Funding is in place Acela brake issue.
- Senators Talent and Wyden introduced the Build America Bonds Act, which would provide \$50B in tax credit bonds to build highways, transit systems, railroads, airports, ports, and inland waterway.
- RIDE-21 introduced by Representative Don Young provides \$12B in tax credit bonds for high-speed rail infrastructure.
- The House adopted Surface Transportation Program reauthorization (Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users) includes \$100M annually for high-speed rail development.

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, May 4, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Debbie Jones	DOT/DMU
Robbie Quinn	DOT/DMV
David HINNANT	NCDOT
STEVE VARNETUE	- NCDOT
Steve Da With	NC00
Kathy Hawkins	Progress merzy
Jim Blackburn	NC Association of County Commission
M of Oslorac	Ąoc.
Lacy Low	NCDOT
Betsy Bailey	NCPTA
John Phelps	NCLM
Mac Boxley	MC. Aggregates
Gene Causky	NCMA

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, May 4, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

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FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

Wassen Monk	0513M
May Thomse	REBIC
PALSImmons	NCDOT
FAUL WORLEY	NCDOF
En Kinney	NX Conservedor Notwork
Chad Hinton	Civitas Institute
John Dillard	CSX Transportation
AngicHarris	Maupir Taylor
Portra Man Vey	NCDUT (DMU
Jacy GARDNER	NC DOT AM
Beth Hathcock	NC DOJ/OMV

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, May 4, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

A	Taje Gottis	we obte Porte Author of
	Kathleen Elwards	UNC-CH Legis Reporting Service
	Bean Mills	NC Metropolitan Coalition /NC LM
	Dover ALLISON	NC BOT
) -	Tanny C. Denning	NCDO T
	Tanny C. Denning Sheve Woodoo	NC' Farm Bureu
	Charlie DieW	Ne Trucking Aurociation
	Chris HARILEY	US DOT FMC5A
	Bryd Cauble	City of Charlotte
)	Levin G. Leonund	Wesr
	Paula A. Noef.	El Pueblo
)		

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, May 4, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Al Ripley	NC Jostice Etc
Andy Rominist	NCLM

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting

Wednesday, May 4, 2005

Page Name	<u>County</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>
Christiantemand	Tranklin	Jim Crawbrol
Cameron Harwick	Rowan	Jim Crawford Lorene coajes
		·

<u>Sergeant-at-Arms</u>	
Dusty Rhades	
James Worth	
Martha Parish	

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 11, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on May 11, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred and L. Allen, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, and Williams, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Joyce Langdon and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Bill Sullivan, and Jesse Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. Pages assisting were Jessica Whelthe, sponsored by Representative Langdon of Johnston County, and Jonathan Mestas, sponsored by Representative Eddins of Wake County.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeantsat-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

As Presiding Chair, Representative Carney announced that all bills on the agenda had been pulled by the bill sponsors and would not heard at this meeting.

The meeting adjourned at 11:05 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Becky Carney

Presiding Chair

Joyce Langdon

Committee Assistant

Attachments: Agenda

Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

May 11, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS STAFF

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 254 - GARVEE Bond Issuance - Rep. Crawford

HB 747 - Defining State Roads.-AB - - Reps. Cole and Coates

HB 1356 - Highway Trust Fund-Need Based Projects - Rep. McMahan

HB 1544 - Nonresident CDL/Training Changes - Rep. Lewis

ADJOURNMENT

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION May 11, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Charlie Diell	NC Trucking Arociation
PETER BINZ	town of OAK ISLAND
Ulassen Flonk	0573m
Mith Alfred	OSBM
Evragne Buckley	Garenors Office
BAZ; O	AAA Cavolinos
JAN Slable	JACKSON VILLE MAYOR
Shu SlAGLE	CITIZEN JACKSONVIlle
Craig Deal	NCDENR
BOYCH TROTT	MAYOR TOWAL OF HIGH PALLES
John Phelps	NCLM
Toe She aron	TOUR of houisburg ove

HOUSE	COMMITTEE	ON TRANSPORTATIO	N

May 11, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
KARL PERMELL	Town of louisaune
Lois B- WHELESS	11
Emmas Stewart	11 ((
Sandra Long	Martin Marie Ha
John Long	Martin Mariella
W//Mon	Town of Valduse
Jin Hoth	Town of Vallage

TRANSPORTATION	MAY 11, 2005
Name of Committee	Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE ASSISTANT

<u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY
Milian Grean Russ	Jour a Louisburn
Long Hola	Jan a Louisley
J. Alan Deoples	Towa of Tayon
Mae Boxley	NC Aggeloto
Wice Wice isonsod	pc only?
Swaller 6	Rep. CoatCS office
CARL B. MUNRO	FOX FIRE VILLAGE
Chad Histon	Civitas Institute
Hot Rod Fashy	Capital St.
Have JoH's	ic State Ports Author
Elizabeth Datton	NCCB1
Porter Marcy	NC DUT/DMU
CL. GOBBLE	LEAGUE of Municipal ities -
S. Couland	NCOOT'
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TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE – 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:

May 11, 2005

Page Name	<u>County</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>
Jessina Whelte	Johnston	Langdon
Jonathan Mestas	Wake	Rep. Eddins
		•

Sergeant-at	-Arms
Bill Sullivan	
Jessé Banggoot	
Dusty Rhodes	

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 18, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on May 18, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representatives Allred, L. Allen, and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rayfield, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Martha Parrish, and Brad Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. Pages assisting were Chelsea King and Jenna Halford, both sponsored by Representative Mitch Gillespie of Rowan County. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages. She announced that the Committee was down to one bill, as the bill sponsors had pulled the others on the agenda.

The remaining bill before the Committee was **HB 943 - NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF UTILITY LINES**. A motion was made and passed that the Committee adopt the proposed substitute for discussion. The primary sponsor, Representative David Almond, explained the bill. He said that the bill was designed to help small towns cope with the cost of relocating utilities on state right of ways. Currently, if a town has a population of 5,500 or more, they have to pay for the relocation of utility lines. The purpose of this committee substitute is to raise this limit to 10,500. According to the fiscal note, it is not very exacting—it only estimates what it would cost the state. It would add about 39 municipalities to be exempt from having to pay for the relocation costs, which would add an estimated \$400,000 up to \$3 million.

Representative Sutton asked Staff if the number "10,500" on Line 19 should be changed. Wendy Graf-Ray stated that that has to do with water and sever systems that are organized systems pursuant to Chapter 152-A instead of all municipalities.

Representative Saunders asked Staff if DOT pays for this, where do the funds come from? Steve DeWitt from the North Carolina Department of Transportation responded that funds would come from the highway fund for project improvement, which would generally be the Highway Trust Fund.

Much discussion ensued concerning the moving of water and sewer lines, expenses, and coverage of same.

Minutes House Committee on Transportation Page 2 May 18, 2005

Representative Almond had asked staff to do some checking. Various grant programs that the state gives back to smaller communities are through the Department of Economic and Natural Resources and through the Rural Economic Development Center. Over the past five fiscal years, there has been an average of \$313 million that the state has given back to some of these smaller communities to help them with various projects

Representative Starnes asked Mr. DeWitt who pays the expense for moving a water or sewer line in an unincorporated area? Steve DeWitt of DOT said that these are basically covered by non-profit organizations.

Representative Starnes asked if a highway project causes the county to have to move one of their water lines, does the county or DOT pay? Steve DeWitt of DOT said that if the relocation is necessary as part of construction work, DOT would pay.

Representative Starnes asked about natural gas lines. Mr. DeWitt stated that if the natural gas lines were on the DOT right-of-way encroachment, the Utility Company would be expected to move them.

Representative McComas asked how did we arrive at 5,500 or 10,500? What happens insofar as small towns not incorporated? Giles Perry (Staff) stated that he did not know how the 5,500 was arrived at. DOT only covers the cost of moving for listed types of water and sewer systems that are in the statute. It depends on what system it falls into.

Representative McComas asked who pays relocation for a small community of 5,600 not incorporated. Giles Perry (Staff) responded that if they have a water or sewer system that is listed as one of those in the statutes as an exception, DOT would pay. If unincorporated, it would depend on what kind of system.

Representative McComas asked the bill sponsor, Representative Almond, if he would entertain a motion to send this to Transportation Oversight in the interim to study this issue? Representative Almond said that he would entertain such a motion, but it was up to the Chair.

Representative McComas suggested that it be turned into a study bill for Transportation Oversight subcommittee.

Presiding Chair, Representative Carney, stated that this committee could not refer it to Transportation Oversight. The committee could turn it into a study bill and it could be reported to Transportation Oversight.

Minutes House Committee on Transportation Page 3 May 18, 2005

Representative Carney stated that we have a motion to refer this to a study committee. The motion passed.

Representative Carney, presiding chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:50 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Becky Carney

Presiding Chair

Joyce Langdon

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

House Bill 943

Proposed Committee Substitute 943 and Fiscal Analysis Memorandum

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

May 18, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS STAFF

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 254 - GARVEE Bond Issuance - Rep. Crawford

HB 747 - Defining State Roads.-AB - - Reps. Cole and Coates

HB 943 - Nonbetterment Relocations of Utility Lines

HB 1356 - Highway Trust Fund-Need Based Projects - Rep. McMahan

HB 1544 - Nonresident CDL/Training Changes - Rep. Lewis

ADJOURNMENT

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION May 18, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Holly Howington	intern, Rep Eddins
Charlie Diehl	NC Trucking Association
David Mudelly	NR state Grange
Karen Johnson	Smith Anderson
Steve DeWitt	NCDOT
DaviOHINNANT	NCDOT
Paula A. Wolf	El Pueblo
Fin Kimney	NC Conservation Network
Calvin Leggett	NOT
MALK FOSTEN	WLOOP
Gos Rellan	Public Staff-NECC

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 18, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	N.	Ā	M	E
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FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

Kuthleen Elwards	Unc-CH Legis Reporting Service
Steve Murstan	NCLM
Sandra Long	Marti Marcetta
John Long	Marti Mariter
Ryland Pond	Intern - Rep. Carney
Elizabeth Jallyn	NECBI
Clark Leonard	Intern - Clark Leonard
Wir Wheironson	NCDMV
John Phelps	NCLM
Beau Mills	eve Metopolitan Coalita
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HOUSE	COMMITTEE	ON TRANSP	ORTATION

May 18, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Warren Plonh	05BM
Marren Plonh	KRA-KWU
Men	AAA Cavolinas
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TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:

May 18, 2005

Page Name	<u>County</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>
Chelseaking	McDowell	Rep. Gillespie
Jenna Halford	McDowell	Rep. Gillespie
		'

Sergeant-at-Arms
DUSTY RHODES
MARTHA PARRISH
BRAD BARKGOOT

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 943

Short Title:	Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Almond, Goodwin, Kiser (Primary Sponsors); LaRoque.	Culp and
Referred to:	Transportation.	

March 29, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PAY THE COSTS OF NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF SOME WATER AND SEWER LINES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-27.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-27.1. Relocation of water and sewer lines of municipalities and nonprofit water or sewer corporations or associations.

The Department of Transportation shall pay the nonbetterment cost for the relocation of water and sewer lines, located within the existing State highway right-of-way, that are necessary to be relocated for a State highway improvement project and that are owned by: (i) a municipality with a population of 5,50025,000 or less according to the latest decennial census; (ii) a nonprofit water or sewer association or corporation; (iii) any water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the General Statutes; (iv) a rural water system operated by county as an enterprise system; (v) any sanitary district organized pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes; or (vi) constructed by a water or sewer system organized pursuant to Chapter 162A of the General Statutes and then sold or transferred to a municipality with a population of greater than 5,500 according to the latest decennial census."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 943 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H943-CSLK-19 [v.1]

5/10/2005 9:52:52 AM

Short Title:	(Public)	
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	March 29, 2005	

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PAY THE COSTS OF NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF SOME WATER AND SEWER LINES.

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SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA Session 2005

FISCAL ANALYSIS MEMORANDUM

[This confidential fiscal memorandum is a fiscal analysis of a draft bill, amendment, committee substitute, or conference committee report that has not been formally introduced or adopted on the chamber floor or in committee. This is not an official fiscal note. If upon introduction of the bill you determine that a formal fiscal note is needed, please make a fiscal note request to the Fiscal Research Division, and one will be provided under the rules of the House and the Senate.]

DATE: May 17, 2005

TO: Representative Almond

FROM: Evan Rodewald

Fiscal Research Division

RE: PCS for H0943, Nonbetterment Relocation of Utility Lines

FISC	ΔT	IMP.	Δ	CT
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Yes (x) No () No Estimate Available ()

(\$ millions)

<u>FY 2005-06</u> <u>FY 2006-07</u> <u>FY 2007-08</u> <u>FY 2008-09</u> <u>FY 2009-10</u>

REVENUES

EXPENDITURES \$0.4 to \$3.0 \$0.4 to \$3.0 \$0.4 to \$3.0 \$0.4 to \$3.0 \$0.4 to \$3.0

POSITIONS:

PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENT(S) &

PROGRAM(S) AFFECTED: North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT), Transportation

Improvement Program (TIP)

EFFECTIVE DATE: When the bill becomes law.

BILL SUMMARY: The proposed committee substitute (PCS) for House Bill 943 would increase the number of municipalities exempted from paying costs of moving water and sewer lines due to State highway construction. Currently, State law requires that NCDOT pay the relocation costs for water and sewer utilities owned by municipalities with a population of 5,500 or less. The PCS would raise the population threshold to 10,500, which would increase the number of exempt municipalities from 456 to 495, or 39 additional municipalities.

ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODOLOGY: NCDOT estimates that it spends roughly \$4.0 million annually as a result of the current exemption. NCDOT has no way of accurately estimating the impact of changing the exemption threshold. Reviewing the details of each TIP project in each of the 39 municipalities affected by this legislation would take a great deal of time and effort, and would still not provide an accurate estimate; many projects in the TIP do not yet have complete designs or right-of-way plans.

However, I believe that the increase in relocation costs would probably be greater than the nine percent increase in the number of exempted municipalities; the 39 additional municipalities (population from 5501 to 10,500) are larger than those municipalities currently exempted, have more utility infrastructure, more potential for expensive complications in moving utility lines, more service taps along a given corridor, more conflicts with other utilities, more potential for interruption of service, and more traffic control issues. For these reasons, NCDOT utility and construction officials believe that exempting these larger municipalities would increase the \$4.0 million annual cost of moving water and sewer lines by 50%, and also believe the costs could be higher. This \$2.0 million figure is more of an educated guess than an estimate. I roughly estimate the costs at between \$0.4 million and \$3.0 million annually. These figures do not include inflation.

SOURCES OF DATA: NCDOT

TECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS: Please note that I haven't seen a copy of the proposed committee substitute. I am basing this rough analysis on my understanding of what the PCS includes.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 25, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on May 25, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 am. The following were present: Presiding Chair Bonner Stiller, Co-Chairs Allen and Carney, Vice Chair Wright, and Representatives Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daughtridge, Goodwin, Haire, Moore, Preston, Rayfield, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and committee assistants Carla Farmer, Melissa Riddle and Joyce Langdon. Pages were not present due to the session being held in Edenton, NC.

Chairman Stiller called the meeting to order and Rep. Gulley was asked to explain HB 1026 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT LEFT TURNS ON RED AT CERTAIN INTERSECTIONS IN RALEIGH. A PCS was adopted for discussion purposes. A representative from the National Organization of the Blind spoke in opposition of the bill due to the large number of sight-impaired individuals in the area. After some discussion, a motion was made that the PCS receive a favorable report, unfavorable as to the original bill and the motion carried.

Rep. Crawford explained HB 254 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TREASURER TO ISSUE "GARVEE" GRANT ANTICIPATION REVENUE VEHICLE BONDS ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND TO DIRECT THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE STATE TREASURER TO DEVELOP AN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. A PCS was adopted for discussion purposes. Mark Foster, Financial Officer for DOT answered several questions on this bill. A motion was made that the PCS receive a favorable report, unfavorable to the original bill and the motion carried with a re-refer to the committee on Finance.

Rep. Cole explained HB 747 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN AT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITIONS OF THE STATE ROAD SYSTEMS AND TO REQUIRE ANNUAL WORK PLANS FOR MAINTENANCE OF STATE STREETS AND HIGHWAYS WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES. A PCS was adopted for discussion purposes and an amendment was made on lines 12-14. Steve Andrews, Chief Engineer for the DOT answered several questions and after much discussion a motion was made to award the PCS as amended with a favorable report, unfavorable as to the original bill and the motion carried.

The meeting adjourned at 11:50.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Bonner Stiller

Presiding Chair

Carla Farmer

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration



NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE

AND

BILL SPONSOR NOTIFICATION

2005-2006 SESSION

DAY & DATE: Wednesday, May 25, 2005

TIME: 4:00 PM

LOCATION: Room 1228

The following bills will be considered (Bill # & Short Title & Bill Sponsor):

HB 254 - GARVEE Bond Issuance - Rep. Crawford

HB 1026 - Left Turn on Red - Raleigh - Rep. Gulley

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair

Representative Cary Allred, Chair

Representative Becky Carney, Chair

I hereby certify this notice was filed by the committee assistant at the following offices at 10:00 AM on May 20th, 2005.

Principal Clerk
Reading Clerk - House Chamber

Carla Farmer (Committee Assistant)

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

May 25, 2005 4:00 PM Room 1228 LB

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 254 - GARVEE Bond Insurance - Representative Crawford

HB 1026 - Left Turn On Red - Rep. Gulley

ADJOURNMENT

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 1026

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(Local) Short Title: Left Turn on Red – Raleigh. Representatives Gulley; Blackwood, Blust, Cleveland, Dollar, McMahan, Sponsors: Rhodes, Stam, Walend, and Womble. Referred to: Transportation.

March 31, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PERMIT LEFT TURNS ON RED AT CERTAIN INTERSECTIONS IN RALEIGH.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-158(b) reads as rewritten:

- Control of Vehicles at Intersections. -"(b)
 - When a stop sign has been erected or installed at an intersection, it (1) shall be unlawful for the driver of any vehicle to fail to stop in obedience thereto and yield the right-of-way to vehicles operating on the designated main-traveled or through highway. When stop signs have been erected at three or more entrances to an intersection, the driver, after stopping in obedience thereto, may proceed with caution.
 - Vehicles facing a red light controlling traffic passing straight through (2) an intersection from a steady or strobe beam stoplight shall not enter the intersection while the steady or strobe beam stoplight is emitting a red light controlling traffic passing straight through an intersection; provided that, where prohibited by an appropriate sign vehicular traffic facing a red light controlling traffic passing straight through an intersection, after coming to a complete stop at the intersection, may enter the intersection to make a right turn but such When a steady or strobe beam stoplight is emitting a red light controlling traffic passing through an intersection, an approaching vehicle facing the red light shall come to a stop and shall not enter the intersection. After coming to a complete stop and unless prohibited by an appropriate sign, that approaching vehicle may turn under one of the following conditions:
 - That vehicle may make a right turn. The turning vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and to other traffic using the intersection.

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- b. If that vehicle is in the leftmost lane of travel on a one-way street that intersects with another one-way street with traffic traveling from the turning driver's right to the turning driver's left, then that vehicle may enter the intersection and make a left turn into the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic. The turning vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to pedestrians and to other traffic using the intersection.
- (2a) When the a stoplight is emitting a steady yellow circular light on a traffic signal controlling traffic passing straight through an intersection or a steady yellow arrow light on a traffic signal controlling traffic turning at an intersection, vehicles facing the yellow light are warned that the related green light is being terminated or a red light will be immediately forthcoming. When the stoplight is emitting a steady green light, vehicles may proceed with due care through the intersection subject to the rights of pedestrians and other vehicles as may otherwise be provided by law.
- (3) When a flashing red light has been erected or installed at an intersection, approaching vehicles facing the red light shall stop and yield the right-of-way to vehicles in or approaching the intersection. The right to proceed shall be subject to the rules applicable to making a stop at a stop sign.
- (4) When a flashing yellow light has been erected or installed at an intersection, approaching vehicles facing the yellow flashing light may proceed through the intersection with caution, yielding the right-of-way to vehicles in or approaching the intersection.
- (5) When a stop sign, stoplight, flashing light, or other traffic-control device authorized by subsection (a) of this section requires a vehicle to stop at an intersection, the driver shall stop at (i) an appropriately marked stop line, or if none, (ii) before entering a marked crosswalk, or if none, (iii) before entering the intersection at the point nearest the intersecting street where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the intersecting street."

SECTION 2. The Department of Transportation shall collect data regarding pedestrians who are involved in accidents at intersections because of a driver's failure to yield the right-of-way while turning right at a red light. The data shall include information regarding the number of disabled pedestrians, including individuals with visual or mobility-related disabilities, who are involved in right turn on red accidents. The Department shall report the data to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee beginning January 1, 2006. The Transportation Oversight Committee shall make recommendations to the 2008 Regular Session of the 2007 General Assembly regarding the appropriate number of drivers license points that should be assessed against a driver who fails to yield to a pedestrian while turning right at a red light.

The Transportation Oversight Committee may study whether to allow vehicles to make a left turn on a red light. If the Committee studies the issue of left turn





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18 19 on red, it shall consult with representatives of disabled individuals and shall take into consideration any increased risk to pedestrians that allowing left turn on red may create.

SECTION 3. The Department of Transportation, as part of any regularly scheduled updates, shall revise the written portion of the drivers license examination and any publications related to obtaining a drivers license to reflect the changes in Sections 1 and 2 of this act.

SECTION 4. The Department of Transportation, counties, and municipalities are encouraged to provide public service announcements on television and radio informing the public of the provisions of this act. The public service announcements should be scheduled to occur during times most likely to reach a broad audience.

SECTION 5. This act shall apply only to the following intersections in the City of Raleigh:

Salisbury and Jones Streets
Salisbury and Lane Streets
Wilmington and Jones Streets
Wilmington and Lane Streets.

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and expires on July 1, 2008.





Fav. Rep.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1026 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1026-CSSU-17 [v.6]

5/25/2005 2:13:09 PM

Short Ti	tle: I	rn on Red – Raleigh.	(Public)	
Sponsor	s:			
Referred	l to:			
			March 31, 2005	
			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
			T LEFT TURNS ON RED AT CERTAIN INTERSECT	'IONS IN
	EIGH.		- CNI - 4h C line and 4h	
i ne Gen		-	y of North Carolina enacts:	
"(b)			1. G.S. 20-158(b)(2) reads as rewritten: Vehicles at Intersections. –	
(0)	Con	10101	venicies at intersections.	
	(2)	Appr	roaching with traffic signal traffic signal the approaching	
	(-)	a.	When a steady or strobe beam stoplight steady-bea	m traffic
			signal is emitting a red light controlling traffic passing	
			approaching an intersection, an approaching vehicle f	_
			red light shall come to a stop and shall not e	enter the
			intersection. After coming to a complete stop an	d unless
			prohibited by an appropriate sign, that approaching vel	hicle may
			make a right turn.	
		<u>a1.</u>	When a vehicle stops at a traffic signal as requir	
			sub-subdivision a of this subdivision, after comi	
			complete stop and unless prohibited by an appropriat	
•			that vehicle is in the leftmost lane of travel on a one-v	
			that intersects with another one-way street with traffic from the turning driver's right to the turning driver's	
			that vehicle may enter the intersection and make a left	
			the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to train	
			sub-subdivision shall apply only to the following inte	
			in the City of Raleigh:	
			1 C 1' 1 Canada	
	,	٠	 Salisbury and Jones Streets. Salisbury and Lane Streets. Wilmington and Jones Streets. 	
			3. Wilmington and Jones Streets.	

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4.	Wilmington	and Lane	Streets

- b. Any vehicle that turns right-under this subdivision shall yield the right-of-way to:
 - 1. Other traffic and pedestrians using the intersection; and
 - 2. Pedestrians who are moving towards the intersection, who are in reasonably close proximity to the intersection, and who are preparing to cross in front of the traffic that is required to stop at the red light.
- c. Failure to yield to a pedestrian under this subdivision shall be an infraction, and the court may assess a penalty of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) and not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00).
- The Department of Transportation shall collect data regarding d. the number of individuals who are found responsible for violations failing to yield the right-of-way while turning right at a red light in violation of sub-subdivision b. of this subdivision and the number of pedestrians who are involved in accidents at intersections because of a driver's failure to yield the right-of-way while turning right at a red light. The data shall include information regarding the number of disabled pedestrians. including individuals with visual mobility-related disabilities, who are involved in right turn on red accidents. The Department shall report the data annually to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee beginning January 1, 2006.

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and expires on July 1, 2008.







HOUSE BILL 1026: Left Turn on Red - Raleigh

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Gulley

Version:

PCS to First Edition

H1026-CSSU-17

Date:

May 25, 2005

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1026 would permit left turns on red at four intersections in Raleigh. The act would sunset on July 1, 2008.

CURRENT LAW: At present, a right turn on red is allowed in North Carolina, except where prohibited by a sign. A driver must first stop at the red light, and then must yield the right-of-way to other traffic and pedestrians. Left turns on red are prohibited.

A violation of the right turn on red statute is an infraction punishable by a penalty of not more than \$500 and not less than \$100. Three drivers license points would be assessed for failure to yield the right-ofway, and four points would be assessed for failure to yield to a pedestrian. Only one insurance point would be assessed.

BILL ANALYSIS: The bill would amend G.S. 20-158(b)(2) to allow drivers to make a left turn after stopping at a red light, unless prohibited by a sign at that intersection, at four intersections. Those intersections are the four surrounding the Legislative Building in downtown Raleigh. The driver of a vehicle in the leftmost lane of a one-way street would be allowed to turn left into the leftmost lane lawfully available to traffic. The street onto which the left turn is made would also have to be a one-way street with traffic traveling from the turning driver's right to the driver's left. The driver would be required to yield to traffic and pedestrians, and failure to do so would be an infraction with the same penalties as failure to yield when turning right on red.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective December 1, 2005, and would expire on July 1, 2008.

H1026e1-SMSU-CSSU-17







2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PERMIT LEFT TURNS ON HB 1026 RED AT CERTAIN INTERSECTIONS IN RALEIGH. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on . (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.



GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 254*

Short Title:	GARVEE Bond Issuance.		(Public)				
Sponsors:	Representatives C Sutton.	Crawford;	Coates,	Cole,	McAllister,	Saunders,	and
Referred to:	Transportation.						

February 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TREASURER TO ISSUE "GARVEE" GRANT ANTICIPATION REVENUE VEHICLE BONDS ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND TO DIRECT THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE STATE TREASURER TO DEVELOP AN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

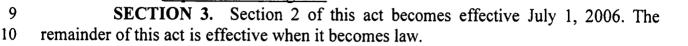
SECTION 1. The Secretary of the Department of Transportation and the State Treasurer shall jointly form a committee to develop a plan to implement the provisions of this act. The plan shall address all financial, legal, and practical issues involved in issuing "GARVEE" bonds. The two Departments shall jointly submit their implementation plan to the cochairs of the Transportation Appropriations Subcommittee and the cochairs of the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee by March 1, 2006.

SECTION 2. G.S. 136-18 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(12b) To issue "GARVEE" bonds (Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicles) or other eligible debt financing instruments to finance federal-aid highway projects using federal funds to pay a portion of principal, interest, and related bond issuance costs, as authorized by 23 U.S.C. § 122, as amended (the National Highway System Designation Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104-59). These bonds shall be issued by the State Treasurer on behalf of the Department. The State Treasurer shall develop and adopt appropriate debt instruments, consistent with the terms of the State and Local Government Revenue Bond Act, Article 5 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes, for use under this subdivision. Prior to issuance of any "GARVEE" or other eligible debt instrument



using federal funds to pay a portion of principal, interest, and related bond issuance costs, the State Treasurer shall determine (i) that the principal and interest of such debt does not exceed the total amount of federal transportation funds authorized to the State in the prior federal fiscal year; and (ii) that the principal and interest of such debt does not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the expected federal revenue shown



Improvement Program."

for the seven-year period in the most recently adopted Transportation







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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

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HOUSE BILL 254* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H254-CSRW-2 [v.2]

5/24/2005 2:14:31 PM

Short Title:	GARVEE Bond Issuance.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
		•

February 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TREASURER TO ISSUE "GARVEE" GRANT ANTICIPATION REVENUE VEHICLE BONDS ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND TO DIRECT THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE STATE TREASURER TO DEVELOP AN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. The Secretary of the Department of Transportation and the State Treasurer shall jointly form a committee to develop a plan to implement the provisions of this act. The plan shall address all financial, legal, and practical issues involved in issuing "GARVEE" bonds. The two Departments shall jointly submit their implementation plan to the cochairs of the Transportation Appropriations Subcommittee and the cochairs of the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee by December 1, 2005.

SECTION 2. G.S. 136-18 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(12b) To issue "GARVEE" bonds (Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicles) or other eligible debt financing instruments to finance federal-aid highway projects using federal funds to pay a portion of principal, interest, and related bond issuance costs, as authorized by 23 U.S.C. § 122, as amended (the National Highway System Designation Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104-59). These bonds shall be issued by the State Treasurer on behalf of the Department. The State Treasurer shall develop and adopt appropriate debt instruments, consistent with the terms of the State and Local Government Revenue Bond Act, Article 5 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes, for use under this subdivision. Prior to issuance of any "GARVEE" or other eligible debt instrument



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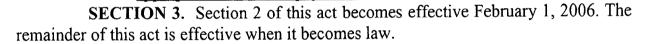
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using federal funds to pay a portion of principal, interest, and related bond issuance costs, the State Treasurer shall determine (i) that the total outstanding principal of such debt does not exceed the total amount of federal transportation funds authorized to the State in the prior federal fiscal year; or (ii) that the maximum annual principal and interest of such debt does not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the expected average annual federal revenue shown for the seven-year period in the most recently adopted Transportation Improvement Program. Notes issued under the provisions of this subdivision may not be deemed to constitute a debt or liability of the State or of any political subdivision thereof, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision thereof, but shall be payable solely from the funds and revenues pledged therefore. All the notes shall contain on their face a statement to the effect that the State of North Carolina shall not be obligated to pay the principal, or the interest on the notes, except from the federal transportation fund revenues as shall be provided by the documents governing the revenue note issuance, and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State of North Carolina or of any of its political subdivisions is pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the notes. The issuance of notes under this part shall not directly or indirectly or contingently obligate the State or any of its political subdivisions to levy or to pledge any form of taxation whatever or to make any appropriation for their payment."









HOUSE BILL 254: GARVEE Bond Issuance

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Crawford

Version:

H254-CSRW-2

Date:

May 11, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 254 directs DOT and the State Treasurer to develop an implementation plan for the issuance of GARVEE bonds, and authorizes the State Treasurer to issue GARVEE bonds on behalf of DOT.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the bill directs the Secretary of Transportation and the State Treasurer to form a committee to plan for implementation of the act and submit a report to the co-chairs of the Transportation Appropriations Subcommittee, and the co-chairs of the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee by December 1, 2005.

Section 2 of the bill authorizes the Department of Transportation to issue GARVEE bonds or other eligible debt financing instruments to finance Federal-aid highway projects.

The committee substitute added language to this section specifying that the GARVEE bonds shall not constitute a debt or liability of the State, or a pledge of the full faith and credit of the State, but shall be payable solely from the funds pledged.

BACKGROUND: GARVEE bonds are Grant Anticipation Revenue Vehicles, authorized by federal law, that use anticipated future federal highway funds to finance highway project construction.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The authority to issue GARVEE bonds would become effective February 1, 2006. The implementation plan would be due prior to that, on December 1, 2005.

H0254e1-SMRW-CSRW-2



2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE STATE TREASURER TO ISSUE "GARVEE" GRANT ANTICIPATION REVENUE VEHICLE BONDS ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND TO DIRECT THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND THE STATE TREASURER TO DEVELOP AN IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR ISSUANCE OF THE BONDS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill # be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on . (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.





GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

1

HOUSE BILL 747*

Short Title:Defining State Roads.-AB(Public)Sponsors:Representatives Cole and Coates (Primary Sponsors).Referred to:Transportation.

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITIONS OF THE STATE ROAD SYSTEMS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-44.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-44.2. Budget and appropriations.

The Director of the Budget shall include in the "Current Operations Appropriations Bill" an enumeration of the purposes or objects of the proposed expenditures for each of the construction and maintenance params for that budget period for the State primary, secondary, urban, and State parks road systems. The primary system shall include all portions of the State highway system located outside municipal corporate limits which that are designated by N.C., U.S. or Interstate numbers. The State secondary system shall include all of the State highway system located outside municipal corporate limits that is not a part of the State primary system. The State urban system shall include all portions of the State highway system located within municipal corporate limits. The State parks system shall include all State parks roads and parking lots which that are not also part of the State highway system.

All construction and maintenance programs for which appropriations are requested shall be enumerated separately in the budget. Programs that are entirely State funded shall be listed separately from those programs involving the use of federal-aid funds. Proposed appropriations of State matching funds for each of the federal-aid construction programs shall be enumerated separately as well as the federal-aid funds anticipated for each program in order that the total construction requirements for each program may be provided for in the budget. Also, proposed State matching funds for the highway planning and research program shall be included separately along with the anticipated federal-aid funds for that purpose.

Other program categories for which appropriations are requested, such as, but not limited to, maintenance, channelization and traffic control, bridge maintenance, public service and access road construction, and ferry operations shall be enumerated in the budget.

The Department of Transportation shall have all powers necessary to comply fully with provisions of present and future federal-aid acts. No federally eligible construction project may be funded entirely with State funds unless the Department of Transportation has first consulted with the Joint Legislative Commission op opvernmental Operations. For purposes of this section, "federally eligible construction project" means any control of the project except secondary road projects developed pursuant to G.S. 136-44.7 and 136-44.8 eligible federal funds under any federal-aid act, whether or not federal funds are actually available.

The "Current Operations Appropriations Bill" shall also contain the proposed appropriations of State funds for use in each county for maintenance and construction of secondary roads, to be allocated in accordance with S.S. 136-44.5 and 136-44.6. State funds appropriated for secondary roads shall not be transferred nor except for the construction and maintenance of secondary roads in the county for which they are cated pursuant to G.S. 136-44.5 and 136-44.6.

If the unreserved credit balance in the Highway Fund on the last day of a fiscal year is greater than the amount estimated for that date in the Current Operations Appropriations Act for the following fiscal year, the excess shall be used in accordance with this paragraph. The Director of the Budget may allocate part or all of the excess among reserves for access and public roads, for unforeseen events requiring prompt action, or for other urgent needs. The amount not allocated to any of these reserves by the Director of the Budget shall be credited to a reserve for maintenance. The Board of Transportation shall report monthly to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee and the Fiscal Research Division on the use of funds in the maintenance reserve.

The Department of Transportation may provide for costs incurred or accrued for traffic control measures to be taken by the Department at major events which involve a high degree of traffic concentration on State highways, and which cannot be funded from regular budgeted items. This authorization applies only to events which are expected to generate 30,000 vehicles or more per day. The Department of Transportation shall provide for this funding by allocating and reserving up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) before any other allocations from the appropriations for State maintenance for primary, secondary, and urban road systems are made, based upon the same proportion as is appropriated to each system."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.





GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 747* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H747-CSRW-19 [v.2]

5/25/2005 2:34:10 PM

Short Title: Defining State RoadsAB		(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 17, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITIONS OF THE STATE ROAD SYSTEMS AND TO REQUIRE ANNUAL WORK PLANS FOR MAINTENANCE OF STATE STREETS AND HIGHWAYS WITHIN MUNICIPALITIES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-44.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-44.2. Budget and appropriations.

The Director of the Budget shall include in the "Current Operations Appropriations Bill" an enumeration of the purposes or objects of the proposed expenditures for each of the construction and maintenance programs for that budget period for the State primary, secondary, urban, and State parks road systems. The State primary system shall include all portions of the State highway system located outside municipal corporate limits which that are designated by N.C., U.S. or Interstate numbers. The State secondary system shall include all of the State highway system located outside municipal corporate limits that is not a part of the State primary system. The State urban system shall include all portions of the State highway system located within municipal corporate limits. The State parks system shall include all State parks roads and parking lots which that are not also part of the State highway system.

All construction and maintenance programs for which appropriations are requested shall be enumerated separately in the budget. Programs that are entirely State funded shall be listed separately from those programs involving the use of federal-aid funds. Proposed appropriations of State matching funds for each of the federal-aid construction programs shall be enumerated separately as well as the federal-aid funds anticipated for each program in order that the total construction requirements for each program may be provided for in the budget. Also, proposed State matching funds for the highway planning and research program shall be included separately along with the anticipated federal-aid funds for that purpose.



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Other program categories for which appropriations are requested, such as, but not limited to, maintenance, channelization and traffic control, bridge maintenance, public service and access road construction, and ferry operations shall be enumerated in the budget.

The Department of Transportation shall have all powers necessary to comply fully with provisions of present and future federal-aid acts. No federally eligible construction project may be funded entirely with State funds unless the Department of Transportation has first consulted with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations. For purposes of this section, "federally eligible construction project" means any construction project except secondary road projects developed pursuant to G.S. 136-44.7 and 136-44.8 eligible for federal funds under any federal-aid act, whether or not federal funds are actually available.

The "Current Operations Appropriations Bill" shall also contain the proposed appropriations of State funds for use in each county for maintenance and construction of secondary roads, to be allocated in accordance with G.S. 136-44.5 and 136-44.6. State funds appropriated for secondary roads shall not be transferred nor used except for the construction and maintenance of secondary roads in the county for which they are allocated pursuant to G.S. 136-44.5 and 136-44.6.

If the unreserved credit balance in the Highway Fund on the last day of a fiscal year is greater than the amount estimated for that date in the Current Operations Appropriations Act for the following fiscal year, the excess shall be used in accordance with this paragraph. The Director of the Budget may allocate part or all of the excess among reserves for access and public roads, for unforeseen events requiring prompt action, or for other urgent needs. The amount not allocated to any of these reserves by the Director of the Budget shall be credited to a reserve for maintenance. The Board of Transportation shall report monthly to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee and the Fiscal Research Division on the use of funds in the maintenance reserve.

The Department of Transportation may provide for costs incurred or accrued for traffic control measures to be taken by the Department at major events which involve a high degree of traffic concentration on State highways, and which cannot be funded from regular budgeted items. This authorization applies only to events which are expected to generate 30,000 vehicles or more per day. The Department of Transportation shall provide for this funding by allocating and reserving up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) before any other allocations from the appropriations for State maintenance for primary, secondary, and urban primary and secondary road systems are made, based upon the same proportion as is appropriated to each system.

SECTION 2. G.S. 136-66.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 136-66.1. Responsibility for streets inside municipalities.

Responsibility for streets and highways inside the corporate limits of municipalities is hereby defined as follows:

(1) The State Highway System. – The State highway system inside the corporate limits of municipalities shall consist of a system of major





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streets and highways necessary to move volumes of traffic efficiently and effectively from points beyond the corporate limits of the municipalities through the municipalities and to major business, industrial, governmental and institutional destinations located inside the municipalities. The Department of Transportation shall be responsible for the maintenance, repair, improvement, widening, construction and reconstruction of this system. These streets and highways within corporate limits are of primary benefit to the State in developing a statewide coordinated system of primary and secondary streets and highways. Each Highway Division shall develop an annual work plan for maintenance and contract resurfacing, within their respective Division, consistent with the needs, in as much as possible, as identified in the report developed in accordance with G.S. 136-44.3. In developing the annual work plan, the Highway Division shall give consideration to any special needs or information provided by the municipalities within their respective division. The plan shall be made available to the municipalities within the respective division upon request.

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(2) The Municipal Street System. – In each municipality the municipal street system shall consist of those streets and highways accepted by the municipality which are not a part of the State highway system. The municipality shall be responsible for the maintenance, construction, reconstruction, and right-of-way acquisition for this system.

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Maintenance of State Highway System by Municipalities. - Any city or town, by written contract with the Department of Transportation, may undertake to maintain, repair, improve, construct, reconstruct or widen those streets within municipal limits which form a part of the State highway system, and may also, by written contract with the Department of Transportation, undertake to install, repair and maintain highway signs and markings, electric traffic signals and other traffic-control devices on such streets. All work to be performed by the city or town under such contract or contracts shall be in accordance with Department of Transportation standards, and the consideration to be paid by the Department of Transportation to the city or town for such work, whether in money or in services, shall be adequate to reimburse the city or town for all costs and expenses, direct or indirect, incurred by it in the performance of such work. The city or town under contract with the Department shall develop an annual work plan for maintenance of the State highway system consistent with the needs, in as much as possible, as identified in the report developed in accordance with G.S. 136-44.3. The annual work plan shall be submitted to the respective division engineer and shall be mutually agreeable to both parties.



(3)

The cost of any work financed by a municipality under this subdivision may be assessed against the properties abutting the street or highway upon which such work was performed in accordance with the procedures of either Article 10 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes or any charter provisions or local acts applicable to the particular municipality."

SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.



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HOUSE BILL 747: Defining State Roads.-AB

Committee: House Transportation

May 25, 2005 Date: Summary by: Giles S. Perry Introduced by: Reps. Cole, Coates

H747-CSRW-19 Committee Counsel Version:

SUMMARY: House Bill 747 amends the statutory requirements for DOT budgeting to eliminate the urban system budget designation.

CURRENT LAW: Under current law, the Director of the Budget is required to set out proposed expenditures for the DOT primary, secondary, urban, and State park roads.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 747 eliminates the budget designation for "urban" system roads.

The committee substitute adds language, in Section 2 of the bill, to require each highway division, and each municipality under contract with the Department, to prepare a work plan for maintenance of State streets and highways within municipalities that is constituent with the needs, as much as possible, reported in the biennial State road maintenance report.



EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

H0747e1-SMRW-CSRW-19



2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE DEFINITIONS OF HB 747 THE STATE ROAD SYSTEMS. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ___) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.



VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

TRANSPURTATION	 5-25-05
Name of Committee	Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Herman Struker	NFB
Dipe Struker	NFB
John Phelps	NCLM
Jim Trogdon	NCGA
STEVE VARNEDOUS	NCDOT
FREDJohnson	Alliance of Disability Advocates Center for Independent Living
Residumnins	
Mote	NCGA.
Bul gasarfford	CHUSSE AREA TRAKER SYSTEM
Elizabeth Daltin	NCCB/
Boyd Cauble	City of Charlotte
• '	

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 1, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, June 1, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representatives Allred, Carney, and Stiller, Co-Chairs; Representatives Crawford, Saunders, Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs; Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Cole, Daughtridge, Dockham, Eddins, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Brad Barefoot, Martha Parrish, and Dusty Rhodes, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Allen called the meeting to order and introduced the House pages: Mary Christoph (Alamance County – Rep. Bordsen), Kristin Kirk (Montgomery County – Rep. Goowin), and Molly Brewer (Person County – Rep. Faison), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms.

The first order of business was HB 749 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS TO MAKE NEEDED TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENTS. Representative Nelson Cole, primary sponsor, presented a proposed committee substitute. Upon motion made by Representative Becky Carney, the committee adopted the proposed committee substitute for discussion. This bill would amend the powers of the Board of Transportation to authorize the Board to approve partnership agreements with private entities and authorized political subdivisions to finance construction and maintenance of highways and bridges with tolls or other financing methods. Expenditures approved under authority of this Act would have to be included in the most recently adopted transportation improvement program (TIP). As this was a non-controversial bill, Representative Saunders moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill, and that it be re-referred to the Committee on FINANCE. The motion passed.

The next order of business was HB 1227, A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR ACT. Representative Linda Coleman, primary sponsor, was recognized to explain the bill. HB 1227 amends GS 20-354.2 to amend the definition of "motor vehicle repair" to include shop supply fees and hazardous material disposal fees. A primary aim of this bill is to reduce further litigation. It is supported by the NC Automobile Dealers Association and there has been no opposition to the bill. Representative Saunders moved for a favorable report, and the motion passed.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, June 1, 2005 - Page two

The third order of business was HB 1487, A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO DIRECT THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO CONDUCT A CONTEST FOR THE DESIGN OF A NEW STANDARD MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION PLATE. Representative Margaret Dickson, bill sponsor, was recognized to explain the bill. HB 1487 directs the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles to conduct a Statewide contest for the design of a new State license plate. The bill provides for a review panel to judge all submissions, and for the Council of State to decide on the new plate design. This would be an opportunity to rid the State of outdated license plates. After some discussion, Representative Hill moved for a favorable report to the bill and that it be re-referred to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS. The motion passed.

The final order of business was HB 1356, A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT FUNDS FROM THE HIGHWAY TRUST FUND SHALL BE USED FOR PROJECTS BASED ON CONGESTION REDUCTION NEEDS.

Representative Ed McMahan, primary sponsor, was recognized to explain the bill, and indicated he hoped the bill would be referred to a study committee. HB 1356 would require that funds from the Highway Trust Fund, be used for projects that will reduce highway congestion. The funds would be allocated based on either: 1) The ratio of the population of the county/counties where the project is located to the total State population; or 2) a formula for determining the need to reduce congestion that takes into consideration the daily volume of vehicles and the accident rate. Representative Allred asked that the bill be amended and rolled into a new committee substitute to refer the bill to a study committee. Representative McComas asked the committee to vote the bill up or down. Representative Allred moved to amend the bill with a committee substitute to refer it to a study committee with a favorable report to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill, and that it be re-referred to the Committee on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House. The motion failed. The original bill remains in the Transportation Committee.

Due to time constraints, no other bills were taken up in the Transportation Committee, and Representative Lucy Allen, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:50 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda, Visitors Registration, HB 749, 1227, 1487, and 1356, PCS for HB 749, & Bill Summaries

House Pages

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National role

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

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AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

June 1, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Presiding Chair Representatives Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY PRESIDING CHAIR

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

AGENDA ITEMS:

- HB 1372 City Transit Bench / Shelter Ads Representative Culpepper, Bill Sponsor
- HB 749 Agreement for Transportation Improvements AB Representatives Cole & Coates, Bill Sponsors
- HB 1487 License Plate Design Contest Representative Dickson, Bill Sponsor
- HB 1227 Clarification of Motor Vehicle Repair Act Representatives Coleman & Eddins, Bill Sponsors
- HB 1356 Highway Trust Fund Need Based Projects Representative McMahan, Bill Sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

Short Title: Agreement for Transportation Improvements.-AB

H

HOUSE BILL 749* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H749-PCS70508-RW-38

D

(Public)

	Sponsors:	
	Referred t	o:
		March 17, 2005
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2		TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE
3	PART	NERSHIP AGREEMENTS TO MAKE NEEDED TRANSPORTATION
4	IMPR	OVEMENTS.
5	The Gene	ral Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6		SECTION 1. G.S. 143B-350(f) reads as rewritten:
7	"(f)	Duties of the Board The Board of Transportation shall have duties and
8	powers:	
9	•	•••
10		(14) To approve partnership agreements to finance construction and
11		maintenance of highways, roads, streets, and bridges with private
12		entities and authorized political subdivisions to finance, by tolls and
13		other financing methods, the cost of acquiring, constructing,
14		equipping, maintaining, and operating highways, roads, streets, and
15		bridges in this State. Any expenditure approved under this subdivision
16		must be included in the most recently adopted Transportation
17		Improvement Program."
18		SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 749*

Short Title: Agreement for Transportation Improvements.-AB (Public) Sponsors: Representatives Cole, Coates (Primary Sponsors); and Brown. Referred to: Transportation. March 17, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS TO MAKE NEEDED TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENTS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 143B-350(f) reads as rewritten: Duties of the Board. - The Board of Transportation shall have duties and "(f) powers: To approve partnership agreements to finance construction and (14)maintenance of highways, roads, streets, and bridges with political subdivisions, including authorized transportation authorities and private entities, to finance, by tolls and other financing methods, the cost of acquiring, constructing, equipping, maintaining, and operating highways, roads, streets, and bridges in this State. Any expenditure approved under this subdivision must be included in the most recently adopted Transportation Improvement Program." **SECTION 2.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.



HOUSE BILL 749:

Agreement for Transportation Improvements.-AB

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Reps. Cole, Coates

Version:

PCS to First Edition

H749-CSRW-38[v.1]

Date:

June 1, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 749 amends the powers of the Board of Transportation to authorize the Board to approve partnership agreements to finance highway improvements.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 749 amends the powers of the Board of Transportation to authorize the Board to approve partnership agreements with private entities and authorized political subdivisions to finance construction and maintenance of highways and bridges with tolls or other financing methods. Expenditures approved under authority of this Act would have to be included in the most recently adopted transportation improvement program (TIP).

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

H0749e1-SMRW-CSRW-38

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF HB 749 TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS TO MAKE NEEDED TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENTS. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on FINANCE. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution

(No.____) is placed on the Calendar of ____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1227

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(Public) Short Title: Clarification of Motor Vehicle Repair Act. **Sponsors:** Representatives Coleman and Eddins (Primary Sponsors). Referred to: Transportation. April 14, 2005 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR ACT. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 20-354.2 reads as rewritten: "§ 20-354.2. Definitions. As used in this act: "Customer" means the person who signs the written repair estimate or (1) any other person whom that person designates as a person who may authorize repair work. "Employee" means an individual who is employed full time or part (2) time by a motor vehicle repair shop and performs motor vehicle repairs. "Motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, bus, recreational (3) vehicle, motorcycle, motor scooter, or other motor-powered vehicle, but does not include trailers, mobile homes, travel trailers, or trailer coaches without independent motive power, or watercraft or aircraft. "Motor vehicle repair" means all maintenance of and modification and (4) repairs to motor vehicles and the diagnostic work incident to those repairs, including, but not limited to, the rebuilding or restoring of rebuilt vehicles, body work, painting, warranty work, shop supply fees, hazardous material disposal fees, and other work customarily undertaken by motor vehicle repair shops. Motor vehicle repair does not include the sale or installation of tires when authorized by the customer. "Motor vehicle repair shop" means any person who, for compensation, (5) engages or attempts to engage in the repair of motor vehicles owned by other persons and includes, but is not limited to: Mobile motor vehicle repair shops. a.

Motor vehicle and recreational vehicle dealers.

Session 2005 **General Assembly of North Carolina** Garages. 1 c. 2 d. Service stations. Self-employed individuals. 3 e. f. Truck stops. 4 Paint and body shops. 5 g. Brake, muffler, or transmission shops. 6 h. Shops doing glasswork. i. 7 Any person who engages solely in the maintenance or repair of the coach portion of 8 a recreational vehicle is not a motor vehicle repair shop." 9 **SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law. 10



HOUSE BILL 1227: Clarification of Motor Vehicle Repair Act

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation Introduced by: Reps. Coleman, Eddins

Version:

First Edition

Date:

June 1, 2005

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1227 would clarify the definition of "motor vehicle repair" under the Motor Vehicle Repair Act to include shop supply fees and hazardous material disposal fees.

CURRENT LAW: Article 15B of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes (the Motor Vehicle Repair Act) regulates motor vehicle repair shops in North Carolina. Under the Act, shops are required to provide written estimates to customers before performing motor vehicle repairs that will exceed \$350

G.S. 20-354.2(4) defines "motor vehicle repair" as all maintenance, modification, and repair to motor vehicles and the diagnostic work incident to those repairs. The definition specifically includes, but is not limited to, the rebuilding or restoring of rebuilt vehicles, body work, painting, warranty work, and other work customarily undertaken by repair shops.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1227 would amend G.S. 20-354.2(4) to clarify that shop supply fees and hazardous material disposal fees are also included in the definition of "motor vehicle repair".

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would be effective when it becomes law.

H1227e1-SMSU

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1487

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Short Title: License Plate Design Contest.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Representative Dickson.

Referred to: Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

April 21, 2005

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO DIRECT THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO CONDUCT A CONTEST FOR THE DESIGN OF A NEW STANDARD MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION PLATE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

6 7 **SECTION 1.** The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles shall conduct a statewide contest for the design of a new registration plate to replace the "First in Flight" registration plate that has been in use in North Carolina since 1982.

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SECTION 2. The Commissioner shall chair a review board that shall review all submitted entries for the new registration plate. The review board shall consist of the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles, a staff member from the Division of Motor Vehicles familiar with the vehicle registration process and the issuance of special registration plates, the Secretary of Transportation or his designee, the Secretary of Commerce or his designee, and the Commander of the State Highway Patrol or his designee.

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SECTION 3. The Commissioner shall ensure that there is widespread advertising of the contest and the contest rules, and he shall ensure reasonable time for the preparation, submission, and judging of the entries.

18 19 20 SECTION 4. The review board shall judge all of the submissions and determine the three best designs and mottos to appear on the registration plates. The design and motto shall reflect the beauty, diversity, and the integrity of the State. The review board shall submit the three best submissions to the Council of State.

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SECTION 5. The Council of State shall make the final decision on the best design and motto to appear on the standard registration plate and to appear as the background for some of the special registration plates.

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SECTION 6. The Division shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on or before the first day of the 2006 Regular Session of the 2005 General Assembly about the results of the contest and shall submit any legislation required for the implementation of the Council of State's decision and the distribution of the registration plates bearing the new design and motto.

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General Assembly of North Carolina

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Session 2005

SECTION 7. The Division of Motor Vehicles may use up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) from the Special Registration Plate Account during the 2005-2006 2 fiscal year for the contest mandated by this act. 3



SECTION 8. This act is effective when it becomes law.



HOUSE BILL 1487: **License Plate Design Contest**

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Dickson

Version:

First Edition

Date:

May 31, 2005

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1487 directs the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles to conduct a contest for the design of a new State license plate.

CURRENT LAW: Current law specifies that the standard State license plate contain the first in flight design (G.S. 20-63).

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1487 directs the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles to conduct a Statewide contest for the design of a new State license plate. The bill provides for a review panel to judge all submissions, and for the Council of State to decide on the new plate design. The Division of Motor Vehicles is directed to report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on or before the first day of the 2006 Session of the General Assembly about the results of the contest, and to submit any legislation required for the implementation of the Council of State's decision on the design.

The act authorizes the Division of Motor Vehicles to use up to \$10,000 from the Special Registration Account during the 2005-2006 fiscal year for the license plate contest.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act is effective when it becomes law.

H1487e1-SMRW

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 1487 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO DIRECT THE
COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES TO CONDUCT A CONTEST FOR THE DESIGN
OF A NEW STANDARD MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION PLATE.
With a favorable report and recommendation that the bill be re-referred to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
The bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 1356

Short Title: Highway Trust Fund-Need Based Projects. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives McMahan; Blust, Capps, Culp, Current, Dockham,

Dollar, Gulley, Lewis, McGee, Rayfield, Rhodes, Vinson, and Wiley.

Referred to: Transportation.

April 21, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT FUNDS FROM THE HIGHWAY TRUST FUND SHALL BE USED FOR PROJECTS BASED ON CONGESTION REDUCTION NEEDS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-176(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) Funds in the Trust Fund are annually appropriated to the Department of Transportation to be allocated and used as provided in this subsection. A sum, not to exceed four percent (4%) of the amount of revenue deposited in the Trust Fund under subdivisions (a)(1), (2), and (3) of this section for the 2003-2004 fiscal year and three and eight-tenths percent (3.8%) thereafter, may be used each fiscal year by the Department for expenses to administer the Trust Fund.

Operation and project development costs of the North Carolina Turnpike Authority are eligible administrative expenses under this subsection. Any funds allocated to the Authority pursuant to this subsection shall be repaid by the Authority from its toll revenue as soon as possible, subject to any restrictions included in the agreements entered into by the Authority in connection with the issuance of the Authority's revenue bonds. Beginning one year after the Authority begins collecting tolls on a completed Turnpike Project, interest shall accrue on any unpaid balance owed to the Highway Trust Fund at a rate equal to the State Treasurer's average annual yield on its investment of Highway Trust Fund funds pursuant to G.S. 147-6.1. Interest earned on the unpaid balance shall be deposited in the Highway Trust Fund upon repayment. The sum up to the amount anticipated to be necessary to meet the State matching funds requirements to receive federal-aid highway trust funds for the next fiscal year may be set aside for that purpose.

Five percent (5%) of the amount of revenue deposited in the Trust Fund under subdivisions (a)(1), (2), and (3) of this section shall be used for projects to reduce

1	congestion on	existing highways or projects that will reduce congestion. These funds
2		ited, to provide the maximum funds, on the basis of either:
3	(1)	The ratio that the population the county or counties in which the
4		project is located bears to the total State population.
5	(2)	The need for reducing congestion on a roadway based on statewide
6		ranking of projects determined by taking the average daily volume of
7		vehicles divided by the design capacity and then multiplied by the
8		accident rate of the facility divided by the statewide average accident
9		rate for facilities of this type [(Volume/Capacity) x (Accident rate of
10		facility/statewide average accident rates for facilities of this type)].
11	Thes	e funds shall not be subject to the allocation formulas in G.S. 136-17.2A.
12		or G.S. 136-44.7.
13	The rest of t	the funds in the Trust Fund shall be allocated and used as follows:
14	(1)	Sixty-one and ninety-five hundredths percent (61.95%) to plan, design,
15		and construct projects on segments or corridors of the Intrastate
16		System as described in G.S. 136-178 and to pay debt service on
17		highway bonds and notes that are issued under the State Highway
18		Bond Act of 1996 and whose proceeds are applied to these projects.
19	- (2)	Twenty-five and five hundredths percent (25.05%) to plan, design, and
20		construct the urban loops described in G.S. 136-180 and to pay debt
21		service on highway bonds and notes that are issued under the State
22		Highway Bond Act of 1996 and whose proceeds are applied to these
23		urban loops.
24	(3)	Six and one-half percent (6.5%) to supplement the appropriation to
25		cities for city streets under G.S. 136-181.
26	(4)	Six and one-half percent (6.5%) for secondary road construction as
27		provided in G.S. 136-182 and to pay debt service on highway bonds
28		and notes that are issued under the State Highway Bond Act of 1996
29		and whose proceeds are applied to secondary road construction.
30	•	ment must administer funds allocated under subdivisions (1), (2), and (4)
31		on in a manner that ensures that sufficient funds are available to make
32		e payments on bonds issued under the State Highway Bond Act of 1996
33	as they become	due."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

House Bill 1356-First Edition

34



HOUSE BILL 1356: Highway Trust Fund-Need Based Projects

BILL ANALYSIS

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. McMahan

May 18, 2005 Date: Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Version: First Edition Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1356 would require that funds from the Highway Trust Fund be used for projects to reduce congestion on highways.

CURRENT LAW: Under G.S. 136-176, funds in the Highway Trust Fund, which consists of revenue from motor fuel taxes, highway use taxes, title and registration fees, and interest earned by the Fund, are allocated for Intrastate System projects, urban loop projects, city streets, and secondary road construction.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1356 would allocate 5% of funds deposited in the Highway Trust Fund from motor fuel taxes, highway use taxes, and title and registration fees, to be used for projects that will reduce highway congestion. The funds would not be subject to other statutory allocation formulas, but would be allocated based on either:

- The ratio of the population of the county/counties where the project is located to the total State population; or
- A formula for determining the need to reduce congestion that takes into consideration the daily volume of vehicles and the accident rate.

The remaining funds would continue to be allocated as they are under current law to Intrastate System projects, urban loop projects, city streets, and secondary road construction.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The act would be effective when it becomes law.

H1356e1-SMSU

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 22, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, June 22, 2005 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:04 A.M. The following were present: Representative Allred, presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen, and Carney, Chairs, Representatives Saunders, Steen, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, McComas, Moore, Rapp, Rhodes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf Ray, Staff Counsel, and Jean Allred, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Toussaint Avent and Brad Barefoot, House Sergeants-at-Arms. House Pages assisting were Meredith and David Matney from Buncombe County sponsored by Speaker Black, Brittany Wright from Randolph County sponsored by Representative Brubaker and Elizabeth Plmmons from Buncombe County sponsored by Representative Sherrill.

Representative Allred called the meeting to order and introduced the House Pages and the House Sergeants-at-Arms assisting with the meeting.

The first order of business was HB-10 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROTECT NORTH CAROLINIANS BY AMENDING THE SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION LAW TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION MEASURES DESIGNED TO NOTIFY NEW RESIDENTS OF THE STATE WHO ARE SEX OFFENDERS OF THE DUTY TO REGISTER IN THIS STATE AND TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO IMPLEMENT THIS ACT. – sponsored by Representative LaRoque. Representative LaRoque explained the intent of HB-10 would require DMV to notify every person who applies for a driver's license or any other identification card of the N.C. sex offender registration requirements. He told the committee that there was a constitutional question in a court case pending involving an out of state offender who failed to register because he claimed he was not notified of the requirement when he moved to North Carolina. Discussion followed.

Representative Rapp asked what the constitutional question was. Wendy Graf Ray, Staff Counsel, explained that the court of appeals held that our sex offender registry was unconstitutional as it applies to someone moving into North Carolina who had been convicted of an offense in another state because sometimes they don't get specific notice that they have to register in North Carolina. She said currently under statute we do not have any procedure for notifying people moving in from out of state about our requirement but, this bill would correct that by having DMV notify

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES JUNE 22, 2005 PAGE 2

everybody of the requirement to register and also DOJ would do public service announcements to get the message out.

Representative Coates wanted to know what would happen if a sex offender fails to register. Wendy Graf Ray, Committee Counsel, said it was a felony for failure to register. Representative Haire asked if there was a Federal Statue that required those people to register when they relocate or to give notice when they go from state to state. Wendy Graf Ray, Committee Counsel, said there is a federal law that the states give some sort of notice that offenders register when they move to a new state however, all states were not up to par with enforcing the law. When the court of appeals case was decided, the defendant came from a state, which did not require that he notify when he relocated.

Representative Hilton said it sounded like a good bill and moved for a favorable report and it be referred to Appropriations. Chairman Allred said we would keep that in mind and recognized Representative Sutton. Representative Sutton said he could understand why DOJ needed \$25,000 for public service announcements but asked why DOT needed \$50,000 to implement the program when they already had the people in the DMV offices sitting there ready to tell people when they come in that they have to register. Chairman Allred replied that they were trying to make the bill eligible. Representative LaRoque said the fee would be adjusted. Representative Saunders said he supports what is trying to be done but wonders how it will be funded and asked for a fiscal note to be made available in Appropriations.

Representative McComas asked how we will know if a person is a sex offender. Ms Ray said that when a person goes to apply for a Drivers License he or she would be notified that if they were an offender, they would have to go to the sheriffs office and register – failure to register is a Class F felony – 13 months min penalty, 37 months max penalty. Wendy Graf Ray, Committee Counsel, said that when a license check is run now, if the person is registered, the information shows up as a sex offender as well as other information. Representative McComas wanted to know why it would possibly be unconstitutional to have such information printed on a drivers license. Representative Haire said we can't brand people; we might as well put a big brand in the middle of someone's forehead – there are so many uses for a drivers license, what difference does it make if a person is a sex offender when he goes to cash a check at the A&P. Representative McComas asked the bill sponsor if he would support an amendment to his bill requiring something be put on an offender's drivers license. Representative LaRoque responded that he did not think it appropriate on this piece of legislation because it was dealing with a particular court case. Representative McComas disagreed with the bill sponsor and requested an amendment be drawn up so that something would be put on the drivers license to

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES JUNE 22, 2005 PAGE 3

identify sexual offenders. Chairman Allred asked staff to draw up the amendment to satisfy Representative McComas to be taken up under consideration.

Representative Cleveland agreed with the intent of the bill but asked if it required everyone to register even if it were a sixteen year old getting a first license. Representative LaRoque again responded that the bill deals with a court case of an out of state offender and he supports the bill the way it is written.

Representative Cole said that number one, we assume everyone gets a license and number two, a real ID is being required by Homeland Security. Giles Perry, Committee Counsel responded that the real ID would not be in effect for a few years and we need something now.

Representative Sutton commented that the bill merely tells people that if they are a convicted sex offender they have to go register with the sheriff of this county. That is all it says. If you pass the amendment - you lose the bill.

Wendy Graf Ray, Committee Counsel, explained that when an offender is getting released from prison, he/she is notified at least ten (10) days and no more than thirty (30) days that he/she is going to have to register where they intend to live and the sheriff is notified that an offender is expected to be moving in the area.

Representative Moore said that in this case, State vs. Bryant case held that the defendant was not guilty because he did not get notice of the requirement to register. The intent of this bill is solely to create another means to give notice of the requirement to register.

Representative McComas moved to amend page 2, lines 12-13 by adding the following between the lines "the division shall place a notation on the drivers license of any person required to maintain registration under article 27A of chapter 14 of the general statutes indicating that the person is a registered offender." Representative McComas said there was a public interest in knowing that a person was an offender and moved that the amendment be adopted.

Representative Hilton commented that the amendment would send a strong message to those moving in from out of state and maybe they wouldn't move here. He supports the amendment.

Representative Haire said equal protection under the law requires that after you serve your time, you get your citizenship restored. He further questioned what purpose does this serve when you go into a store or get stopped on the road? And stated the amendment goes too far, legally it won't hold water.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION MINUTES JUNE 22, 2005 PAGE 4

Representative Sutton expressed a problem with the amendment stating that 20% of the population would not admit to being a sex offender, the bill was good as it was intended and if the amendment is passed it will kill the bill. Representative Blackwood opposed the amendment.

Representative LaRoque asked that the members oppose the amendment and vote for the bill the way was written. Representative Allred, Chairman, called for a vote on the amendment. The amendment failed. Chairman Allred then called for a vote on Representative Hilton's previous motion giving the bill a favorable report. The motion carried.

Representative Carney announced the NC-Go Reception.

The meeting adjourned at 11:55 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Cary Allred

Presiding Chair

Jean Allred

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

June 22, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Cary Allred, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILL FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 10 - Register Out-of-State ex Offenders - Rep. LaRoque

ADJOURNMENT

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 10

1

Short Title: Register Out-of-State Sex Offenders. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives LaRoque; Brown, Daughtridge, Eddins, Johnson, McGee, Moore, Pate, Preston, Sauls, Setzer, Sherrill, Stiller, and Wiley.

Referred to: Transportation, if favorable, Appropriations.

January 31, 2005

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO PROTECT NORTH CAROLINIANS BY AMENDING THE SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION LAW TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL NOTIFICATION MEASURES DESIGNED TO NOTIFY NEW RESIDENTS OF THE STATE WHO ARE SEX OFFENDERS OF THE DUTY TO REGISTER IN THIS STATE AND TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS TO IMPLEMENT THIS ACT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 14-208.8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.8. Prerelease notification. Notice of obligation to register.

- (a) At least 10 days, but not earlier than 30 days, before a person who will be subject to registration under this Article is due to be released from a penal institution, an official of the penal institution shall:
 - (1) Inform the person of the person's duty to register under this Article and require the person to sign a written statement that the person was so informed or, if the person refuses to sign the statement, certify that the person was so informed;
 - (2) Obtain the registration information required under G.S. 14-208.7(b)(1), (2), (5), and (6), as well as the address where the person expects to reside upon the person's release; and
 - (3) Send the Division and the sheriff of the county in which the person expects to reside the information collected in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (b) If a person who is subject to registration under this Article does not receive an active term of imprisonment, the court pronouncing sentence shall conduct, at the time of sentencing, the notification procedures specified in subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) The Division of Motor Vehicles, Department of Transportation, shall provide notice of the requirement to register under this Article to each person who applies for the issuance of a drivers license, learner's permit, or instruction permit to operate a

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18 19 to Chapter 20 of the General Statutes.

(d) Through press releases, public service announcements, or through other appropriate public information activities the Department of Justice shall attempt to

motor vehicle and to each person who applies for an identification card issued pursuant

appropriate public information activities, the Department of Justice shall attempt to ensure that all sex offenders, including those who move into this State, are informed and periodically reminded of the registration, verification, and sanctions of this Article."

SECTION 2. Article 2 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-9.3. Notification of requirements for sex offender registration.

The Division of Motor Vehicles, Department of Transportation, shall provide notice of the requirement to register under Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes as required by G.S. 14-208.8."

SECTION 3. There is appropriated from the Highway Fund to the Department of Transportation, Division of Motor Vehicles, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year to implement this act. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Justice the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year to implement this act.

SECTION 4. Section 3 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2005, and the remainder of this act becomes effective September 1, 2005.

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

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HOUSE BILL 10: Register Out-of-State Sex Offenders

BILL ANALYSIS

Version:

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. LaRoque First Edition

Date:

June 15, 2005

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 10 would require DMV to notify every person who applies for a drivers license or identification card of the NC sex offender registration requirements. The bill would also require the Department of Justice to attempt to inform all sex offenders of registration requirements through public information activities.

CURRENT LAW: Under G.S. 14-208.8, sex offenders who are released from penal institutions in NC and sex offenders who are sentenced by NC courts are notified before release or at the time of sentencing of the duty to register under the NC Sex Offender and Public Protection Registration Programs. If the offender moves to NC from another state and has been convicted in another state of an offense that is substantially similar to an offense that would require registration in NC, then that person must also register under the NC registry, but there is no process set out in the statute by which that person is notified of registration requirements.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 10 would require DMV to notify every person who applies for a drivers license or identification card of the registration requirements under the NC Sex Offender and Public Protection Registration Programs. It would also require the Department of Justice to attempt to ensure that all sex offenders are informed and periodically reminded of registration requirements through press releases, public service announcements, and other appropriate public information activities.

The bill would also appropriate \$50,000 from the Highway Fund to the Department of Transportation. and \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Justice, for the 2005-2006 fiscal year to implement the provisions of the bill.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Section 3 of the bill (appropriating funds to implement the act) would become effective July 1, 2005, and the remainder of the bill would become effective September 1, 2005.

BACKGROUND: This issue is currently under consideration by the NC Supreme Court. In April of 2004, the NC Court of Appeals, in State v. Bryant, 163 N.C.App.478, 594 S.E.2d 202, held that our sex offender registration statute is unconstitutional as applied to a person convicted in another state who has moved to NC and lacks notice of his duty to register. That case was appealed to the NC Supreme Court and was argued at the end of last year, but it has not yet been decided.

H0010e1-SMSU

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, JUNE 22, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS		
Elsie Smaluk	Concerned Women for america -NC		
BUS CARSTANHEN	Copresson Harra Bares To Store		
Porta Monley	NCDUT / DMU		
Mike Salisbury	NCDOT / DAW		
Paul Idol	Dim Counfords Intern		
Clark Leonard	Office of Rep. Hill-Intern		
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k cadwallader	Rep Earle		
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Tom Murry	WCGA Intern		
Mary & Generaler	Conceend Wormfor America -NC		

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, JUNE 22, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Mat Whillough	NCNN
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House Pages

Name Of Committee: Da ::
1. Name: Mered ith Wathey
County: Sancomboe
Sponsor: Black
2. Name: Sittany Wight
County: Ranioph
Sponsor: Brubaker
3. Name: Ellabeth Plymwiais
County: Concombe
Sponsor: SNEVril
4. Name: David Matacy
Sponsor: Black
Sponsor: Black R.
5. Name:
County:
Sponsor:
Sgt-At-Arms
1. Name: Dusty Khodes 2. Name: Toussaint Avent & House Syt. @ am.
2. Name: Tous Aint Avent & Have Soft. @ am.
3: Name: BRAN BARE host
4. Name:
5. Name:

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

July 20, 2005

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on July 20, 2005, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:05 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen and Stiller, Chairs, Representatives Saunders, Steen, Williams, and Wright, Vice Chairs, Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Rapp, Rhodes, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes, Bill Freeman, Linda Fuller, and Martha Gadison, House Sergeants-at-Arms.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms, and the following House Pages who assisted with the meeting: Caitlin Hodges, sponsored by Representative Black of Mecklenburg County; Heather Parrish and Hannah Diggs, both sponsored by Representative Bordsen of Alamance County; Caitlin Compton, sponsored by Representative Faison of Orange County; Lauren Adams of Fairfax Station, Virginia, the granddaughter of and sponsored by Representative Michaux of Durham County; Christie Ray Harrison, sponsored by Representative Capps of Wake County; and Dustin Briggs, sponsored by Representative Culpepper of Gates County

Presiding Chair Representative Carney stated that the Committee would take up **House** Bill 666 – HOV LANE PENALTIES.-AB, and she asked Representative Cole, the bill sponsor, to explain the bill. He stated that this is an agency bill, and it is back before us because it was changed in the Senate, and it is back for concurrence. The Senate put back what the House had taken out in an amendment, that is, a penalty of \$100 and two driver's license points for violation of HOV (High Occupancy Vehicles). Representative Cole asked Susan Coward from the Department of Transportation to explain.

Susan Coward of DOT asked that the Committee concur with the Senate's version of the bill. She stated that they worked closely with law enforcement when the committee first heard this bill. Law enforcement in Mecklenburg County felt strongly that the penalty needed to be spelled out in order to maintain the integrity of the HOV lanes.

Representative Carney asked if there was anyone else from public who would like to speak on the bill. There being none, she asked for comments from committee members.

Representative Blackwood directed a question to the State Traffic Engineer. At the last meeting it was said that these HOV lanes would be an impediment to traffic for about eight years before they would start showing positive results. Would he clarify that?

Minutes of House Committee on Transportation Page 2 July 20, 2005

Kevin Lacy, State Traffic Engineer, stated that what we would expect as traffic builds up on that facility, there would be a reduced number of vehicles. It may take eight years before the demand gets to that point where you start seeing benefits to reduce the number of cars. It takes a while for the public to get used to HOV lanes.

Representative Blackwood stated if it is going to be eight years before there is enough traffic to make a difference, it doesn't make sense to me to close a lane for seven years if we are not going to be accomplishing a purpose.

Kevin Lacy stated that the misunderstanding might be in not seeing the immediate benefit. You will receive immediate benefit, like a reduction in number of cars in a parking facility downtown or wherever, with more people using a single vehicle. An existing lane is not actually being closed. It is being opened for special use so there will be more people in a car, motorcycles, etc. We normally design further out in time – 20-25 years, and Charlotte is an example of where we see the most success in using HOV lanes

Kevin Lacy further stated that we have very similar examples where we have designed a road with four travel lanes in one direction. In some cases we may not open a travel lane and use it as a shoulder. It would be a full depth shoulder, and it is closed to use by the general public for through traffic. In a future year we would go out and build an asphault shoulder, which costs less, and then open that full depth shoulder for through traffic. What we are doing with HOV lanes is adding benefit to the public today

Representative Haire asked Staff if the two points would also affect the insurance. Giles Perry, Staff Counsel, answered that it would be a moving violation, so there would be one insurance point.

Representative Sutton asked Staff if the current law is that fines can be up to \$100. Giles Perry, Staff, stated that that is correct.

Representative Sutton then questioned "no points?" Giles Perry, Staff, stated no, that there are moving violations in the current law.

Representative Sutton stated that at the appropriate time he would make a motion that we not concur. He would like to see the fine be a firm \$100. If somebody violates, take the money for the fine, but don't keep taking it in the form of insurance. He stated that this would go against the wishes of the department, but put this bill in conference and try to work it out where they will take the insurance points off, and make the fine mandatory \$100.

Minutes of House Committee on Transportation Page 3 July 20, 2005

Representative Sutton moved that we not concur, and that the list of conferees be reported out, along with the bill.

The motion to not concur passed.

The meeting adjourned at 11:24 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Becky Carney

Presiding Chair,

Joyce Langdon

Committee Assistant

Agenda House Bill 666 with Bill Analysis Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

July 20, 2005 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS STAFF

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 666 - HOV Lane Penalties.-AB - - Reps. Cole

ADJOURNMENT

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

July 20, 2005

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Ju Mun	NC SA Inter
Blushy	AAA Carolinas
PAT Stith	The NXD
Russ Dubisky	CCPS
John Cyrus	NCSE
Steve Morston	NOUM
Keun Lacy	NCDOT
Beau Mills	NC Metriplitan Codition
ERIC LEAVER	ROWANI- SAUSBURY SCHOOLS
Les Haly	KCLH
Mary Thomse	RE31C

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2005 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting:

July 20, 2005

Page Name	<u>County</u>	<u>Sponsor</u>	
Caitlin Hodges	wake	Black	
Caitlin Hodges Heather Parrish	Alamance	Alice Bordsen	
111 -	Alamance	Alice Bordson	
Caitlin Compton	Orange	Bill Faison	
Lauren Adams	Fairfax Station, VA	Rep. Michuax gr	anddaughter
christie Ray Harrison	1 Nake	Rep. Capps	,
Oustin Briggs	Grates	Culpepper	

Sergeant-at-Arms	
Dusty RHODES	
Bill FREEMAN	
LINDA FullER	
MANTHA GADISON	

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SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 666*

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/13/05 Senate Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 6/15/05

Short Title: HOV Lane PenaltiesAB		(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 16, 2005

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION OF HIGH OCCUPANCY VEHICLE LANE RESTRICTIONS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-146.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-146.2. Rush hour traffic lanes authorized.

- HOV Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate one or more travel lanes as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate one or more travel lanes as high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes on streets on the Municipal Street System. HOV lanes shall be reserved for vehicles with a specified number of passengers as determined by the Department of Transportation or the city having jurisdiction over the street or highway. When HOV lanes have been designated, and have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers, they shall be reserved for privately or publicly operated buses, and automobiles or other vehicles containing the specified number of persons. Where access restrictions are applied on HOV lanes through designated signing and pavement markings, vehicles shall only cross into or out of an HOV lane at designated openings. A motor vehicle shall not travel in a designated HOV lane if the motor vehicle has more than three axles, regardless of the number of occupants. HOV lane restrictions shall not apply to motorcycles or vehicles designed to transport 15 or more passengers, regardless of the actual number of occupants. HOV lane restrictions shall not apply to emergency vehicles. As used in this subsection, the term "emergency vehicle" means any law enforcement, fire, police, or other government vehicle, and any public and privately owned ambulance or emergency service vehicle, when responding to an emergency.
- (a1) Transitway Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate one or more travel lanes as a transitway on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate one or more travel lanes as a transitway on streets on the

- Municipal Street System. Transitways shall be reserved for public transportation vehicles as determined by the Department of Transportation or the city having jurisdiction over the street or highway. When transitways have been designated, and they have been appropriately marked with signs or other markers, they shall be reserved for privately or publicly operated transportation vehicles as determined by the Department or the city having jurisdiction.
- (b) Temporary Peak Traffic Shoulder Lanes. The Department of Transportation may modify, upgrade, and designate shoulders of controlled access facilities and partially controlled access facilities as temporary travel lanes during peak traffic periods. When these shoulders have been appropriately marked, it shall be unlawful to use these shoulders for stopping or emergency parking. Emergency parking areas shall be designated at other appropriate areas, off these shoulders, when available.
- (c) Directional Flow Peak Traffic Lanes. The Department of Transportation may designate travel lanes for the directional flow of peak traffic on streets and highways on the State Highway System and cities may designate travel lanes for the directional flow of peak traffic on streets on the Municipal Street System. These travel lanes may be designated for time periods by the agency controlling the streets and highways.
- (d) Violation of designated HOV and transitway lane restrictions as provided in subsection (a) or (a1) of this section is an infraction punishable by a penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and two drivers license points."

SECTION 2. G.S. 20-16 reads as rewritten:



HOUSE BILL 666: HOV Lane Penalties.-AB

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Date:

July 20, 2005

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Version:

Third Edition

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 666 sets out a penalty of \$100 and two drivers license points for violation of HOV or transitway lane restrictions.

CURRENT LAW: Under current G.S. 20-146.2, DOT is authorized to designate high occupancy vehicle (HOV) and transitway lanes. Violation of the restriction on use of these lanes constitutes an infraction under G.S. 20-176, punishable by a penalty of up to \$100.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 666 amends the penalty for violation of HOV or transitway lane restrictions to provide that a violation is an infraction punishable by a penalty of \$100 and two drivers license points.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective December 1, 2005, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

BACKGROUND: HOV lanes are located on I-77 in Mecklenburg County.

H0666e3-SMRW

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005-2006 SESSION

Chairs

Representative Lucy T. Allen Representative Cary Allred Representative Becky Carney Representative Bonner Stiller

Vice Chairs

Representative Jim Crawford
Representative Drew Saunders
Representative Fred Steen
Representative Arthur Williams
Representative Thomas Wright

Committee Counsel:

Giles Perry & Wendy Graf-Ray Research Division

Committee Assistants:

Jean Allred, Carla Farmer, Joyce Langdon, & Melissa Riddle

Permanent Directory HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005/2006 SESSION

MEMBER	ASSISTANT	PHONE	OFFICE	SEAT
Rep. Lucy Allen, Co-Chair	Melissa Riddle Committee Assistant	733-5860	1307	41
Rep. Cary D. Allred, Co-Chair	Jean Allred Committee Assistant	733-5905	606	38
Rep. Becky Carney, Co-Chair	Joyce Langdon Committee Assistant	733-5827	1221 -	54
Rep. Bonner Stiller, Co-Chair	Carla Farmer Committee Assistant	733-5974	508	52
Rep. Jim Crawford, Vice-Chair	Linda Winstead	733-5824	2301	24
Rep. Drew Saunders, Vice-Chair	Ruth Fish	733-5606	2217	48
Rep. Fred Steen, Vice-Chair	Chris Floyd	733-5881	514	64
Rep. Arthur Williams, Vice-Chair	Linda Uzzle	733-5906	637	22
Rep. Tom Wright, Vice-Chair	Clarestene Stewart	733-5754	528	5
Rep. Curtis Blackwood	Mizie Finke	733-2406	1317	97
Rep. George Cleveland	Susan West	715-6707	504	110
Rep. Lorene Coates	Melissa Lennon	733-5784	633	19
Rep. Nelson Cole	Suzanne Smith	733-5779	1218	45
Rep. Bill Daughtridge	Rachel Dupree	733-5802	604	87
Rep. Jerry Dockham	Regina Irwin	715-2526	1424	106
Rep. Melanie Goodwin	Jane McMillan	733-5823	1305	91
Rep. Phillip Haire	Sara Jane Lennard	715-3005	419B	47

MEMBER	ASSISTANT	PHONE	OFFICE	SEAT
Rep. Dewey Hill	Gennie Thurlow	733-5830	1309	10
Rep. Mark Hilton	Carol Wilson	733-5988	1021	61
Rep. Danny McComas	Judy Lowe	733-5786	506	13
Rep. Timothy Moore	Nancy Garriss	733-4838	502	85
Rep. Jean Preston	Suzanne Castleberry	733-5706	603	90
Rep. Ray Rapp	Dot Barber	733-5732	2213	77
Rep. John Rayfield	Brenda Olls	733-5868	510	73
Rep. John Rhodes	Lucille Carter	733-5530	1017	112
Rep. Edgar V. Starnes	Pattie Fleming	733-5931	513	116
Rep. Ronnie Sutton	Juanita Coley	715-0875	1321	72
Rep. Winkie Wilkins	Nancy Brantley	715-0850	1301	71
Rep. Michael Wray	Mary Capps	733-5662	534	94
Rep. William Culpepper Ex-officio Member	Dot Crocker	715-3028	404	36
Rep. Pete Cunningham Ex-officio Member	Valerie Rustin	733-5778	541	7
Rep. Rick Eddins Ex-officio Member	Susan Phillips	733-5828	1002	26
Rep. Joe Hackney Ex-officio Member	Emily Reynolds	733-5752	2207	69

NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 – 2006 SESSION



Rep. Lucy Allen Chair



Rep. Cary Allred Chair



Rep. Becky Carney Chair



Rep. Bonner Stiller Chair



Rep. Jim Crawford Vice chair



Rep. Drew Saunders Vice chair



Rep. Fred Steen Vice chair



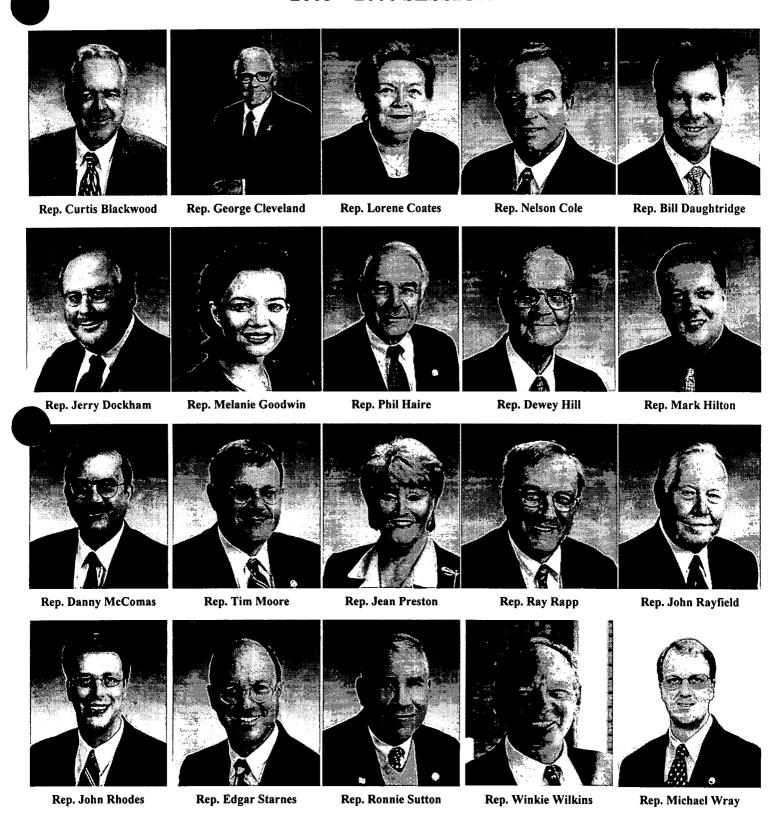
Rep. Arthur Williams
Vice chair



Rep. Thomas Wright Vice chair

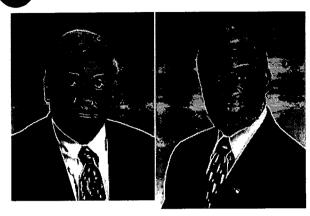
NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 – 2006 SESSION



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION 2005 – 2006 SESSION

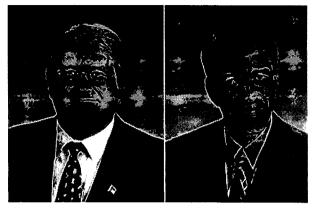


Rep. Bill Culpepper

Rep. Pete Cunningham

Ex-officio

Ex-officio



Rep. Rick Eddins

Rep. Joe Hackney

Ex-officio

Ex-officio

ATTENDANCE

TRANSPORTATION

2006 Session

DATES	5-24-06	90-2-9	6-21-06	6-28-06	7-12-06	7-13-06	7-20-06					
ALLEN, Lucy, Chair	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
ALLRED, Cary, Chair			X			X						
CARNEY, Becky, Chair		X		X	X	X	X					
STILLER, Bonner, Chair	X	X	X		X	X						
CRAWFORD, Jim, Vice-Chair	X				X	X				ļ		
SAUNDERS, Drew, Vice-Chair	X		X	X	X	X	X					
STEEN, Fred, Vice-Chair	X	X			X	X	X					
WILLIAMS, Arthur, Vice-Chair	X	X		X	X	X	X			,		
WRIGHT, Thomas, Vice-Chair	X		X		X	X						
BLACKWOOD, Curtis	X	X	X		X	X	X					
CLEVELAND, George	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
COATES, Lorene	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
COLE, Nelson	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
DAUGHTRIDGE, Bill	X	X	X		X	X			 			
DOCKHAM, Jerry	X	X	X		X	X						
GOODWIN, Melanie Wade	X	X	E	X	X	Е	X					
HAIRE, Phil	X	E		X	X	Е	X		 			
HILL, Dewey	X	X	X	X	X		X					
HILTON, Mark		X	X	X	X	X	X					
MCCOMAS, Danny		X			X							
MOORE, Tim	X	X	X			X						
PRESTON, Jean		X	X	X	Χ.	X	X					
RAPP, Ray	X	X		X	X	X	X					
RAYFIELD, John	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					
RHODES, John	X	X	X				X		<u> </u>			
STARNES, Edgar	X	X	X	·X	X	X	X					

ATTENDANCE

TRANSPORTATION

2006 Session

DATES	5-24-06	90-2-9	6-21-06	6-28-06	7-12-06	7-13-06	7-20-0					:	
SUTTON , Ronnie	X	X		X	X	X	X						
WILKINS, Winkie	X	X	X	X	X	X	X						
WRAY, Michael	Е	X	X		Е	Ε.	Е			-			
Ex-Officio Members								_	:				
CUNNINGHAM, Pete													
EDDINS, Rick													
HACKNEY, Joe													
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Time: 11:54
Page: 001 of 003
Leg. Day: H-174/S-176

Date:

08/17/2006

2005-2006 Biennium In Date Out Date 01-31-05 Bill Introducer Short Title Latest Action \$ H0010 LaRoque REGISTER OUT-OF-STATE H Re-ref Com On SEX OFFENDERS. Appropriations Cole MOTORCYCLES-NO Ref To Com On 02-03-05 PASSENGERS UNDER AGE Transportation AMEND WORKERS' COMP *HR Ch. SL 2005-448 02-07-05 03-10-05 н0099 Gibson ACT. FREE VETERAN'S H Ref To Com On 02-09-05 H0141 Moore DRIVERS LICENSES. Transportation *HR Ch. SL 2005-316 REVISE MORTGAGE 06-01-05 06-21-05 H0237 Coates LENDING ACT. DOT DRIVEWAY H Re-ref Com On 02-16-05 06-01-05 H0249= Cole CONNECTION CHANGES. Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House Ref To Com On H0250= Cole INTEREST ON HIGHWAY 02-16-05 CONDEMNATION AWARDS. Transportation *HR Ch. SL 2005-275 H0253 Crawford NC TURNPIKE AUTHORITY 02-16-05 03-10-05 CHANGES. *HR Ch. SL 2005-403 GARVEE BOND ISSUANCE. 02-16-05 05-26-05 H0254 Crawford H0267 Sutton 8-YEAR DRIVERS *H Pres. To Gov. 7/ 02-17-05 04-25-05 LICENSE/INTERNET DL 27/2006 RENEWAL. H0643 Miller INTERCHANGE DISTRICTS. *HR Ch. SL 2006-236 07-13-06 07-20-06 *HR Ch. SL 2005-96 03-16-05 03-31-05 H0664 = ColeCRIME TO FALSIFY HIGHWAY INSPECTION REPORTS.-AB *HR Ch. SL 2005-354 H0665= Cole AMEND HOUSE MOVER 03-16-05 04-13-05 LAWS.-AB H0666 Cole HOV LANE PENALTIES.-AB *H Conf Com Appointed 03-16-05 04-13-05 666 Cole HOV LANE PENALTIES.-AB *H Conf Com Appointed 06-28-05 07-20-05 PERMIT DOT BEST-VALUE Ref to the Com on 03-16-05 668= Cole PROCUREMENT.-AB Transportation and, if favorable, to the Com on Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House *HR Ch. SL 2005-361 H0669 Cole OVERSIZE/OVERWEIGHT 03-16-05 04-28-05 VEHICLE CHANGES.-AB Н0670 Cole CDL/FEDERAL COMPLIANCE *HR Ch. SL 2005-349 03-16-05 05-05-05 TRANSIT DRUG TESTING. HR Ch. SL 2005-156 03-17-05 04-07-05 H0740 Coates MITIGATION CREDIT-DOT/ H Ref To Com On 03-17-05 H0746= Cole CWMTF JOINT Transportation PURCHASES.-AB DEFINING STATE ROADS. - *HR Ch. SL 2005-382 03-17-05 05-26-05 H0747 Cole DEBARMENT OF DOT H Ref To Com On 03-17-05 H0748 = ColeCONTRACTORS.-AB Transportation DOT AGREEMENT/NO *HR Ch. SL 2006-230 03-17-05 06-01-05 H0749= Cole STICKER FEE. H0749 = ColeDOT AGREEMENT/NO *HR Ch. SL 2006-230 07-24-06 07-27-06 STICKER FEE. *HR Ch. SL 2005-404 H0750 Cole SECONDARY ROAD 03-17-05 04-28-05 CONSTRUCTION.-AB

^{&#}x27;\$' indicates the bill is an appropriation bill.

A bold line indicates the bill is an appropriation bill.

^{&#}x27;*' indicates that the text of the original bill was changed by some action.
'=' indicates that the original bill is identical to another bill.

North Carolina General Assembly Through House Committee on Transportation

08/17/2006

Date:

Time: 11:54

Page: 002 of 003 Leg. Day: H-174/S-176 2005-2006 Biennium Latest Action <u>In Date</u> <u>Out Date</u> <u>03-17-05</u> 04-13-05 Bill Introducer Short Title HR Ch. SL 2005-64 H0761 Williams MOTOR CARRIER AMENDMENTS.-AB 03-17-05 05-05-05 MV DEALER TECHNICAL *HR Ch. SL 2005-99 86 Cole CORRECTIONS.-AB *HR Ch. SL 2005-310 03-23-05 04-07-05 H0813 Allred PROHIBITING SOLICITATIONS ON STATE HIGHWAYS. *HR Ch. SL 2005-30 03-28-05 04-07-05 H0887 Allred BURLINGTON CHARTER AMENDMENT. H Ref To Com On 03-29-05 H0943 Almond NONBETTERMENT RELOCATION OF UTILITY Transportation LINES. *HF Failed 2nd Reading 03-31-05 05-26-05 LEFT TURN ON RED -H1026 Gulley RALEIGH. HR Ch. SL 2005-266 H1052 Stiller BRUNSWICK - TRASH 03-31-05 04-25-05 TRUCKS STOPPED ON HIGHWAYS. H Ref To Com On 04-06-05 H1125 Grady DRIVERS LICENSE-Transportation ANTILITTERING PLEDGE. *HR Ch. SL 2005-463 04-14-05 06-01-05 MOTOR VEHICLE REPAIR H1227 Coleman AND FRANCHISE CHANGES. HR Ch. SL 2005-331 04-18-05 05-05-05 DOT RELOCATION H1266 Cole ASSISTANCE CHANGE. *HR Ch. SL 2005-222 04-19-05 05-05-05 DOT REPORT/FEDERAL H1280 Pate RAIL ASSISTANCE TO NC. NEW MOTOR VEHICLES *HR Ch. SL 2005-436 04-19-05 05-09-05 H1295 Harrison WARRANTIES. HIGHWAY TRUST FUND-H Ref To Com On 04-21-05 H1356 McMahan NEED BASED PROJECTS. Transportation <u>H</u>1371 Culpepper EXEMPT ATVS FROM MV H Ref To Com On 04-21-05 Transportation REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS. H1372 Culpepper CITY TRANSIT BENCH/ H Re-ref Com On 05-17-05 Transportation SHELTER ADS. *HR Ch. SL 2006-135 06-26-06 06-28-06 H1399 L. Allen **VARIOUS** TRANSPORTATION/M.V. LAW CHANGES. H1410 Luebke MOTOR VEHICLE SALES H Ref To Com On 04-21-05 FINANCED BY DEALER. Transportation H Re-ref Com On 05-17-05 06-01-05 H1487 Dickson LICENSE PLATE DESIGN Appropriations CONTEST. NONRESIDENT CDL/ H Ref To Com On H1544 Lewis 04-21-05 TRAINING CHANGES. Transportation DOT SECONDARY ROAD *H Pres. To Gov. 7/ 05-10-06 05-30-06 H1825 Cole 28/2006 FORMULA CHANGE. *H Pres. To Gov. 7/ 05-10-06 05-30-06 GENERAL CONTRACTOR H1827= Cole 28/2006 LICENSE EXCEPTIONS/ DOT. *H Pres. To Gov. 7/ 06-01-06 06-21-06 GENERAL CONTRACTOR H1827= Cole LICENSE EXCEPTIONS/ 28/2006 *H Pres. To Gov. 7/ GENERAL CONTRACTOR 07-12-06 07-13-06 H1827= Cole LICENSE EXCEPTIONS/ 28/2006 DOT. DOT PERF.-BASED HR Ch. SL 2006-67 05-10-06 05-30-06 H1834= Cole MAINTENANCE CONTRACT

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Date: 08/17/2006 Time: 11:54 Page: 003 of 003

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20	005-2006	6 Biennium				Leg.	Day: H-	174/S-176
	Bill	Introducer	Short Title		Latest	Action	In Date	Out Date
			BONDS.					
4	835=	Cole	DOT CONTRACT	HR	Ch. SL	2006-68	05-10-06	05-30-06
			PROVISION CHANGES.					
•	112067	Johnson	REDUCE CDL LICENSE *1	Н	Re-ref	Com On	05-18-06	06-08-06
			FEE FOR SCHOOL BUS		Finance			
		•	DRIVERS.					
\$	H2145	Moore	SECRET COMPARTMENTS *1	H	Re-ref	Com On	05-18-06	06-08-06
			IN MOTOR VEHICLES.		Judicia	ry II		
	S0189	William R. Purce	ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE *1	HR	Ch. SL	2005-282	05-18-05	05-26-05
			REGULATION.					
	S0603	Clark Jenkins	LIGHT-DUTY ROAD	Н	Ref To	Com On	05-05-05	
			EXEMPTION-BUILDING		Transpo	rtation		
			SUPPLIES.					
	S1381=	Clark Jenkins	REPEAL TOLL BRIDGE *1	ΗR	Ch. SL	2006-228	06-30-06	07-13-06
			AUTHORITY.			•		

MINUTES HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION May 24, 2006

The **HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION** met on May 24, 2006 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 am. The following were present: Presiding Chair Bonner Stiller, Co-Chairs Allen and Carney, Vice Chairs Crawford, Saunders, Steen and Wright, and Representatives Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daughtridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Moore, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and committee assistants Carla Farmer, Melissa Riddle and Joyce Langdon.

Chairman Stiller called the meeting to order and Rep. Cole was asked to explain each of his bills.

HB 1825 – DOT SECONDARY ROAD FORMULA CHANGE. A Bill to be entitled an act to amend the Department of Transportation secondary road construction formula, as recommended by the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee. This bill passed with a favorable report.

HB 1827 – DOT GENERAL CONTRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS. A bill to be entitled an act to exempt certain Department of Transportation contractors from the requirement for a General Contractor's License, as recommended by the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee. This bill was replaced with a committee substitute and the committee substitute received a favorable report.

HB 1834 – DOT PERF. - BASED MAINTENANCE CONTRACT BONDS. A bill to be entitled an act to change the bonding requirements for up to two Department of Transportation performance-based contracts for routine maintenance and operations, as recommended by the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee. This bill passed with a favorable report.

HB 1835 – DOT CONTRACT PROVISION CHANGES. A bill to be entitled an act to authorize the Board of Transportation to approve standard Department of Transportation contract provisions on differing site conditions, suspensions of work, and changes in character of work, as recommended by the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee. This bill passed with a favorable report.

The meeting adjourned at 11:50.

All bills were reported out on May 30th.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Bonner Stiller

Presiding Chair

Carla Farmer

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments

Visitors Registration

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE AND BILL SPONSOR NOTIFICATION 2005-2006 SESSION

You are hereby notified that the Committee on TRANSPORTATION will meet as follows:

DAY & DATE:	Wednesday, M	Iay 24, 2006
TIME:	11:00 AM	
LOCATION:	1228 LB	
The following bills	s will be considere	ed (Bill # & Short Title & Bill Sponsor):
HB 1825 – DOT S	SECONDARY R	OAD FORMULA CHANGE – Rep. Cole
HB 1827 – DOT (GENERAL CON	TRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS – Rep. Cole
HB 1834 – DOT I	PERF BASED	MAINTENANCE CONTRACT BONDS – Rep. Cole
HB 1835 – DOT (CONTRACT PR	OVISION CHANGES - Rep. Cole
		Respectfully,
		Representative Stiller, Presiding Chair
	·. ·	Representatives L. Allen, Allred, and Carney, Chairs
I hereby certify thi PM on Thursday ,		by the committee assistant at the following offices at 3:00
	al Clerk g Clerk - House C	Chamber

Carla Farmer (Committee Assistant)

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

May 24th, 2006

11:00 A.M.

Room 1228 LB

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy Allen, Chair Representative Carey Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIR

BILLS TO BE HEARD:

HB 1825 – DOT SECONDARY ROAD FORMULA CHANGE – Rep. Cole

HB 1827 - DOT GENERAL CONTRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS - Rep. Cole

HB 1834 - DOT PERF. - BASED MAINTENANCE CONTRACT BONDS - Rep. Cole

HB 1835 – DOT CONTRACT PROVISION CHANGES - Rep. Cole

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1825*

1

Short Title: DOT Secondary Road Formula Change. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Cole; and Culp.

Referred to: Transportation.

May 10, 2006

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SECONDARY ROAD CONSTRUCTION FORMULA, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-44.5(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The first sixty-eight million six hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$68,670,000) shall be allocated as follows: Each county shall receive a percentage of these funds, the percentage to be determined as a factor of the number of miles of paved and unpaved State-maintained secondary roads in the county divided by the total number of miles of paved and unpaved State-maintained secondary roads in the State, excluding those unpaved secondary roads that have been determined to be eligible for paving as defined in subsection (a) of this section. Beginning in fiscal year 2010-2011, allocations pursuant to this subsection shall be based on the total number of secondary miles in a county in proportion to the total State-maintained secondary road mileage."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 1825: DOT Secondary Road Formula Change

BILL ANALYSIS

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

First Edition

Date:

May 22, 2006

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1825 amends the revised secondary road construction formula, enacted in 2005, and scheduled to become effective July 1, 2006.

CURRENT LAW: Current law (G.S. 136-44.5) provides for DOT to distribute secondary road construction funds by formula. This formula was rewritten in the 2005 session by House Bill 750, enacted as S.L. 2005-404. The revised formula is scheduled to take effect July 1, 2006.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1825 amends the revised secondary road construction formula to add "paved" road mileage in the denominator of the formula. DOT believes that the word "paved" was inadvertently left out of the amendments enacted in 2005.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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(Public)

HOUSE BILL 1827* PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1827-CSRW-51 [v.1]

5/22/2006 2:45:35 PM

Short Title: DOT General Contractor License Exceptions.

Referred to: May 10, 2006
1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERA
CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS' RECOMMENDED BY THE JOIN
LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
new section to read:
"§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements.
The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects sha
not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the Gener
Statutes:
(1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of: pavements, bridge
roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concre
sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas.
(2) <u>Installation and maintenance of: pavement markings and marker</u>
ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation ar
plantings."
SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding
new section to read:
"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.
The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall n be subject to the licensing requirement of this Article."
SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.
SECTION 3. This act occomes circulate July 1, 2000.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1827*

	Short Title: DOT General Contractor License Exceptions. (Public)
	Sponsors: Representative Cole.
	Referred to: Transportation.
	May 10, 2006
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
3	CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL
4	CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT
5	LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
· 8	new section to read:
9	"§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements.
10	The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects shall
11	not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General
12	Statutes:
13	(1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of: pavements, bridges,
14	roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete
15	sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas.
16	(2) <u>Installation and maintenance of: pavement markings and markers,</u>
17	ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and
18	plantings."
19	SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
20	new section to read:
21	"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.
22	The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall not
23	be subject to the licensing requirement of G.S. 87-1.
24	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 1827: DOT General Contractor License Exceptions

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

PCS to First Edition

H1827-CSRW-51[v.1]

Date:

May 22, 2006

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1827 exempts specified DOT maintenance and repair contracts from the general contractor licensing requirements of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.

CURRENT LAW: DOT contractors are subject to the general contractors licensing requirement of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.

BILL ANALYSIS: Section 1 of House Bill 1827 exempts DOT contracts for: (1) routine maintenance and minor repair of: pavements, bridges, roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas; and (2) installation and maintenance of: pavement markings and markers, ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and plantings from the general contractor licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87.

Section 2 of the proposal is a cross reference to the exception in Article 1 of Chapter 87.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

BACKGROUND: The PCS makes a technical change in Section 2 of the bill.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1834*

1

Short Title: DOT Perf.-Based Maintenance Contract Bonds. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Cole.

Referred to: Transportation.

May 10, 2006

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CHANGE THE BONDING REQUIREMENTS FOR UP TO TWO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE-BASED CONTRACTS FOR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Section 28.10 of S.L. 2005-276 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 28.10.(a) The Department of Transportation may implement up to two performance-based contracts for routine maintenance and operations, exclusive of resurfacing. Selection of firms to perform this work shall be made using a best-value procurement process.

Prior to any advertisement for a proposed project, the Department shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee on the contractor selection criteria to be used.

"SECTION 28.10.(b) For contracts authorized under this section, notwithstanding G.S. 44A-26(a)(1) and (a)(2), the Department of Transportation may require the bonds issued pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 44A of the General Statutes for public construction to be provided on a periodic basis and in the amount to cover that specific period rather than for the entire project duration."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 1834: DOT Perf.-Based Maintenance Contract Bonds

BILL ANALYSIS

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

First Edition

Date:

May 24, 2006

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1834 changes the bonding requirements for up to two DOT performancebased contracts authorized by the 2005 Appropriations Act.

[As introduced, this bill is identical to S1384, introduced by Sen. Jenkins, which is currently in Senate Commerce.

Section 28.10 of S.L. 2005-276 (2005 Appropriations Act) authorized the CURRENT LAW: Department of Transportation to implement up to two performance-based contracts for routine maintenance and operations.

Article 3 of Chapter 44A of the General Statutes requires performance and payment bonds in the amount of 100% of the construction contract amount from contractors entering into construction contracts with the State when the total amount of construction contracts awarded for a project exceeds \$300,000 and the contract with the contractor exceeds \$50,000.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1834 would change the bonding requirements for the two performancebased contracts for maintenance that were authorized by the 2005 Appropriations Act. For those contracts, the Department would be authorized to require bonds to be provided on a periodic basis and only in the amount to cover that specific period, rather than the entire project duration.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective July 1, 2006.

BACKGROUND: House Bill 1834 is a recommendation of the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1835*

Short Title: DOT Contract Provision Changes. (Public)

Sponsors: Representative Cole.

Referred to: Transportation.

May 10, 2006

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE STANDARD DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACT PROVISIONS ON DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS, SUSPENSIONS OF WORK, AND CHANGES IN CHARACTER OF WORK, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 136-28.1(a) reads as rewritten:

All contracts over one million two hundred thousand dollars (\$1,200,000) that the Department of Transportation may let for construction or repair necessary to carry out the provisions of this Chapter shall be let to a responsible bidder after public advertising under rules and regulations to be made and published by the Department of Transportation. The right to reject any and all bids shall be reserved to the Board of Transportation. Contracts for construction or repair for federal aid projects entered into pursuant to this section shall not contain the standardized contract clauses prescribed by 23 U.S.C. § 112(e) and 23 C.F.R. § 635.131(a) 23 C.F.R. § 635.109 for differing site conditions, suspensions of work ordered by the engineer or significant changes in the character of the work. For those federal aid projects, the Department of Transportation shall use only the contract provisions provided in for differing site conditions, suspensions of work ordered by the engineer, or significant changes in the character of the work developed by the North Carolina Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures, January 1, 1984, except as each may be changed or provided for by rule adopted Transportation and approved by the Board of Transportation in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. Transportation."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.



HOUSE BILL 1835: DOT Contract Provision Changes

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

First Edition

Date:

May 22, 2006

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 1835 changes the source of the alternative contract provisions used by DOT to provisions developed by NC DOT and approved by the Board of Transportation.

CURRENT LAW: Under current federal law (23 C.F.R. § 635.109), DOT is authorized to use alternative contract provisions for differing site conditions, suspensions of work ordered by the engineer, or significant changes in the character of the work, if the alternative contract provisions are required by State law. Current State law specifies that DOT use alternate contracting provisions found in the North Carolina Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures dated January 1, 1984, unless the alternative contracting provisions are changed by rule.

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 1835 amends current law governing use of alternate contract provisions in DOT contracts. Section 1 of this proposal modifies the State law requirement to use alternate contract provisions in two ways:

- by correcting a federal Code reference, and
- by changing the source of the alternative contract provisions to provisions developed by NC DOT and approved by the Board of Transportation.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

H1835e1-SMRW

House Pages

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Name Of Committee:	_ Dar්ව		
1. Name: Anna Sauls			
County: Pasquetante	·		
Sponsor: Black		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
2. Name: Claire Brown			
County: gohnston			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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5. Name:			
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\rightarrow	t-At-Arms		
1. Name: DUSTUS TODES			
2. Name: MANTHA PARRISH			
3. Name: <u>LARL</u> CORER	<u> </u>		
4. Name:		•	
5. Name:			

Name of Committee	Date
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Name of Committee

Date

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· John Maker	Gou o Hies
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Chal Hiver	Caritae Institute
Damien Grehem	TTA
S. Noward	NCOOT
5 Varnedoe	NCDOT
Victor Beibaur	NCOOT
Johanna Reese	Dot
John Phelips	NCIM
Cameron Contizano	Daily Bulletin
Joff Wolf	Daily Bulletin
Les Holan May Thomse	KCCIZ
Thay thomse	REBIC
VL MeBride	41CH
Charle Dieki	NCTA
Alastair Macaulan	MCHBA
LISA MARTIN	NCHB4
Dan + Caulon Smill	CAPT

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is are presented.					
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on					
TRANSPORTATION.					
Committee Substitute for					
HB 1825 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE					
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION SECONDARY ROAD CONSTRUCTION					
FORMULA, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION					
OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.					
With a favorable report.					
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(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)					
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Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of .					
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The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 1827 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT
FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT
LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill.
<u> </u>
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No.) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No)
is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is re-referred to the
Committee on . (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute
Bill/(Joint) resolution No) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:				
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on				
TRANSPORTATION.				
Committee Substitute for				
HB 1834 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO CHANGE THE BONDING				
REQUIREMENTS FOR UP TO TWO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION				
PERFORMANCE-BASED CONTRACTS FOR ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND				
OPERATIONS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION				
OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.				
With a favorable report.				
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)				
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on				
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Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of				

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented.					
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on					
TRANSPORTATION.					
Committee Substitute for					
HB 1835 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD					
OF TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVE STANDARD DEPARTMENT OF					
TRANSPORTATION CONTRACT PROVISIONS ON DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS,					
SUSPENSIONS OF WORK, AND CHANGES IN CHARACTER OF WORK, AS					
RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT					
COMMITTEE.					
⊠ With a favorable report.					
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)					
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on					
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of					

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 7, 2006

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, June 7, 2006, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representatives Carney, and Stiller, Co-Chairs; Representatives Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs; Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daughtridge, Dockham, Goodwin, Hill, Hilton, McComas, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, Wilkins, and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistant. Also assisting were Martha Parrish, and Dusty Rhodes, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Allen called the meeting to order and introduced the House pages: Morgan Jones (Johnston County – Rep. Capps), and John Taylor (Wake County – Speaker Black), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms.

The first order of business was a presentation / budget update by Mr. Mark Foster, Department of Transportation (see handout entitled "NCDOT Funding Situation"). Mr. Foster indicated DOT is at a cross roads – the funding source for the Highway Trust Fund is flattening and in some respects declining while costs grow by approximately fifteen percent (15%) per year. Some projects are being pushed back by five months. One of the reasons for the declining funding source is the lack of new car sales.

HB 2145 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE FALSE, HIDDEN, OR SECRET COMPARTMENTS IN A VEHICLE UNLAWFUL AND TO APPROPRIATE ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME CONTROL AND PUBLIC SAFETY FOR GRANTS TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO HELP OFFSET THE COST OF ENFORCING THIS ACT. Representative Tim Moore, primary sponsor, presented a proposed committee substitute. Upon motion made by Representative Starnes, the committee adopted the proposed committee substitute for discussion. This proposed committee substitute for HB 2145 would make it unlawful to own or operate a vehicle with a false, hidden, or secret compartment; to install such a compartment in a vehicle; or to sell, trade, or otherwise dispose of a vehicle that contains such a compartment. It would also require law enforcement to seize the license plate and registration for a vehicle when the owner or operator is arrested for a violation of the provisions of the act. It would also appropriate \$100,000 to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to be used for grants to local law enforcement agencies to offset the costs of enforcement.

An informative video presentation regarding hidden compartments on vehicles was made to the committee by Captain Rankin and Sergeant Fitch with the Cleveland County Sherriff's office.

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Wednesday, June 7, 2006 - Page two

After much discussion Representative Cole moved for a report without prejudice to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill, and that it be re-referred to the Committee on JUDICIARY II. The motion passed. It was further requested the bill be re-referred back to the Committee on Transportation if it receives a favorable report in the Judiciary II Committee.

The next order of business was HB 2067, A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REDUCE THE FEES FOR INDIVIDUALS THAT ARE CERTIFIED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES AS SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS AND WHO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR THE SCHOOL BUS ENDORSEMENT ON A COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE. Representative Linda Johnson, primary sponsor, presented a proposed committee substitute. Upon motion made by Representative Rapp, the committee adopted the proposed committee substitute for discussion. HB 2067 would eliminate the commercial driver's license \$30 nonrefundable application fee and a \$3.00/year endorsement fee for persons trained and certified by the Division of Motor Vehicles as a school bus driver. This act would become effective on July 1, 2006. Representative Hilton moved for a favorable report to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable to the original bill, and that it be re-referred to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS. The motion passed.

There being no further bills under consideration Representative Lucy Allen, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:50 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

Visitors Registration

NC DOT Funding Situation

American Civil Liberties Union of North Carolina Statement

House Bills 2145 and 2067

PCS for HB 2145 and 2067

Bill Summaries

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

June 7, 2006 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Lucy T. Allen, Presiding Chair Representatives Cary Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY PRESIDING CHAIR

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

AGENDA ITEMS:

Presentation by Mark Foster - Budget Update Department of Transportation

HB 2145 - Secret Compartments in Motor Vehicles Representative Moore, Bill Sponsor

HB 2067 - Reduce CDL License Fee for School Bus Drivers Representative Johnson, Bill Sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

June 7, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS		
AmySahilder	Hobber is Co		
Julian H. Gouncil	School Bus & Traffic Enfoly		
JU Williamson)	NCDmV		
Colleen Kochanek	Smith moore		
Tony adams	NCOAA		
Dale Hall	Drompou Orande of Conve		
MIKE Charpers	Greenon Chamber		
Wily Cyote	Roadrupner		
Sound Sound	WCSR		
arioto Marine	CHIP		
Frank Sutherland	Lincoln Finance Grong		

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

June 7, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

ful Shotzburger	ACLU-NC
Rebetah Gancaron	NCUM-NC
Chad Hinton	Civitas Institute
JOHCO PODE	civitas Institute
Stephen R. Barrington	Town of Wake Forest
Upiran Jones	Tour of Weller Forest
Jehn I Penn	Sheldy, N.C.
John Me GAR	boudhie
Danin Graham	TTA
Harl Kulle	NCATL
Ratherine Jayce	NCASA
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TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

June 7, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS		
Wards alchalla	NC AFC-CIO		
Stivestones	Termsters Local 391		
Rachel Brish	Teamster local 351		
Lacy Love	100007		
Mark Foster	NCOST		
Hought H. Ships	City of King's mountain		
Kich Howle	City of Shelly		
Dicky Amaga	city of shelby		
Nany Danis	Repmoore		
	Rep. Moone		
Rachel Hughes Derek Graham	DPI		

House Pages

Name Of Committee: Date: 6-7-	06
1. Name: Morgan Jones	
County: Jahnston	
Sponsor: Russel Capps	
2. Name: John Taylor	•
County: Wake	
Sponsor: Speaker Black	
3. Name:	
County:	
Sponsor:	
4. Name:	
County:	
Sponsor:	
5. Name:	
County:	
Sponsor:	
Sgt-At-Arms	
	
1. Name: DUSTY PLANTES 2. Name: MANTHA PANKISH	
2. Name: ///AnTHA YMMISH	
3. Name:	
4. Name:	•
5 Name:	



- The federal government is cutting back funding to North Carolina and other states due to a lack of available funding. This will have a \$720 million affect on the department's budget over the next three years.
- Although population and vehicle miles traveled have increased, anticipated revenue collections are down from motor vehicle sales and fuel consumption, principally hurting the state Highway Trust Fund which is funded mostly from these two sources of revenue. From July 2005 to April 2006:
 - Highway Use Tax revenue is down 7 percent (\$33 million)
 - Total Highway Trust Fund revenue is down 4 percent (\$40 million)
- Overall highway construction costs are rising about 14 percent per year 45 percent over the past three years.
- Soaring gasoline prices, higher construction costs and declining revenue sources are putting tremendous strain on the N.C. Department of Transportation's budget and the state's transportation system.
- The department is having to respond to economic forces beyond its control, and to keep from running out of money and having to stop construction all together, NCDOT will have to reduce spending by about \$920 million over the next three years.
- Meanwhile, North Carolina is already facing a nearly \$30 billion gap between transportation needs and funding over the next 25 years as identified in the Statewide Long-Range Transportation Plan in 2004. This is a conservative number and is likely to be considerably larger when updated figures are available later this year.
- State statistics show that North Carolina continues to rank near the bottom (47th) in revenue and expenditures per lane mile. The "average" state collects and invests 2.5 to 3 times more in its roads than North Carolina.
- North Carolina's gas tax is often compared to other states, but this is not an accurate comparison. While other states have a lower gas tax, they rely more on other sources (property taxes, higher vehicle use taxes and fees, tolling and debt) to supplement transportation funding.
- The bottom line is that there is not enough money to go around, and NCDOT needs additional funding options to meet the state's mobility needs.
- As a result, Gov. Easley's budget provides much needed relief with \$200.7 million going to the Highway Trust Fund for road construction and \$18 million to the Highway Fund for maintenance and contract surfacing.



- NCDOT plans to also delay Transportation Improvement Projects to offset the lower revenue projections and double-digit inflation. In February 2005, the department reduced letting from about \$1.2 billion per year to about \$650 million per year through 2008. TIP projects had to be delayed to adjust for this reduction. As construction costs continued to rise, the department had to make additional adjustments in September and delayed letting TIP projects by another four months until December 2006. To address the current situation, DOT will further delay letting until May 2007.
- NCDOT must honor its commitments for projects that are already under way, and one way to do this is the delay in letting new projects.

Statistics

North Carolina growth trends since 1970:

- Population increased 30 percent, the number of vehicles on our highways doubled and freight tonnage hauled increased 600 percent.
- But, interstate mileage only grew 4 percent and overall highway capacity grew less than 7 percent.

Cost increases:

- 34 percent increases since last year alone in both fuel and liquid asphalt
- 40 percent increase in steel in 2004 (has remained at this level)
- 6 percent increase per cubic yard in concrete since last year

Cost comparisons (from 2003-2006):

- Resurfacing one mile of secondary road increased from \$155,000 to \$209,000
- Bridge replacement on a secondary road increased from \$565,000 to \$848,000
- Building a new interstate bridge increased from \$3.2 million to \$4.8 million
- Paving a foul-lane interstate with asphalt increased from \$3.4 million to \$4.4 million
- Paving a six-lane interstate with concrete increased from \$8 million to \$10.4 million

Overall system:

• North Carolina has the second largest system of state-maintained highways in the United States, with approximately 78,000 miles. Surrounding states have the following: Virginia 57,500 miles, South Carolina 47,500, Georgia 18,000 and Tennessee 13,800.



The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE FALSE, HIDDEN, OR SECRET COMPARTMENTS IN A VEHICLE UNLAWFUL AND TO APPROPRIATE ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME CONTROL AND PUBLIC SAFETY FOR GRANTS TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO HELP OFFSET THE COST OF ENFORCING THIS ACT. Without prejudice as to the committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to the original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-referred to the Committee on JUDICIARY II. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is placed on the Calendar of . (The original bill resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 2145 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H2145-CSSU-36 [v.6]

6/7/2006 8:12:15 AM

	Short Title: Se	ecret Compartments in Motor Vehicles.	(Public)
	Sponsors:		
	Referred to:		
		May 18, 2006	
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO	MAKE FALSE, HIDDEN, OR SECRET COMPAI	RTMENTS IN A
3		UNLAWFUL AND TO APPROPRIATE O	
4	THOUSAN	D DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME	CONTROL AND
5		AFETY FOR GRANTS TO LOCAL LAW	
6		TO HELP OFFSET THE COST OF ENFORCING TH	
7	The General As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:	
8	SEC	FION 1. Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is ame	nded by adding a
9	new section to r	ead:	
10	" <u>§ 90-108.1. V</u>	ehicles with false, hidden, or secret compartments.	
11	(a) Defin	<u>iitions. –</u>	
12	<u>(1)</u>	False, hidden, or secret compartment means any	enclosure that is
13		intended or designed to be used to conceal, hide, or	
14		by law enforcement officers of the false, h	
15		compartment, or its contents, and which is integrate	
16		to a vehicle. The term "false, hidden, or secret comp	
17		include a compartment or enclosure that is designed	
18		the manufacturer of the vehicle prior to the sale of	
19		term "false, hidden, or secret compartment" includes.	but is not limited
20		to:	
21		a. False, altered, or modified fuel tank.	1 .1 . 1 . 1
22		b. Any original factory equipment on a vehic	
23		modified to conceal, hide, or prevent discover	
24		c. Any compartment, space, or box that is add	
25		existing compartments, spaces, or boxes i	ntegrated into or
26	(2)	attached to a vehicle.	
24 25 26 27 28	<u>(2)</u>	Vehicle includes, but is not limited to, cars, trucks, b	
48		mopeds, bicycles, aircraft, helicopters, boats, ships	s, yacins, failcars,

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rail engines, and any other property that may be attached to, pulled, towed, or drawn by a vehicle.

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- (b) For the purposes of this section, a person's intention to use a false, hidden, or secret compartment to conceal the contents of the compartment from a law enforcement officer may be inferred from factors including, but not limited to, the discovery of any of the following, or evidence of the previous placement of any of the following, within the false, hidden, or secret compartment:
- 7
- (1) A person concealed for an unlawful purpose.

9 10 (2) A controlled substance, if possession of the controlled substance would be classified as a Class 1 misdemeanor or higher.

11 12 Other contraband, if possession of the contraband would be classified as a Class 1 misdemeanor or higher.

Upon the arrest of a person who owns or operates a vehicle in violation of

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(c) It is unlawful for any person to own or operate any vehicle he or she knows to contain a false, hidden, or secret compartment.

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(d) It is unlawful for any person to install, create, build, or fabricate a false, hidden, or secret compartment in any vehicle.

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(e) It is unlawful for any person to sell, trade, or otherwise dispose of a vehicle he or she knows to contain a false, hidden, or secret compartment.

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this section, if the vehicle is not otherwise subject to forfeiture under other provisions of law or determined to be needed to be held as evidence, the law enforcement officer shall seize the license plate and registration card for the vehicle. Any law enforcement officer who seizes a license plate and registration card under this section shall report the seizure to the Division of Motor Vehicles within 48 hours of the seizure. Upon application to the Division, the owner of the vehicle may be issued a temporary license plate for the vehicle which shall be valid for 30 days or until the owner of the vehicle provides verification that the vehicle has been repaired to eliminate any violation of this section,

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whichever occurs first. The vehicle shall be subject to inspection by law enforcement, and if it is determined that the vehicle has been repaired, the license plate and registration card shall be returned to the owner.

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(g) A violation of this section is punishable as a Class I felony."

32 33 SECTION 2. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to be used for grants to local law enforcement agencies to offset the costs of enforcing Section 1 of this act.

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SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2006, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 2145

(Public) Short Title: Secret Compartments in Motor Vehicles. Sponsors: Representative Moore. Transportation, if favorable, Appropriations. Referred to: May 18, 2006 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE FALSE, HIDDEN, OR SECRET COMPARTMENTS IN A VEHICLE UNLAWFUL AND TO APPROPRIATE ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME CONTROL AND PUBLIC SAFETY FOR GRANTS TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES TO HELP OFFSET THE COST OF ENFORCING THIS ACT. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "§ 90-108.1. Vehicles with false, hidden, or secret compartments. Definitions. -(a) False or secret compartment means any enclosure that is intended and (1) designed to be used to conceal, hide, or prevent discovery by law enforcement officers of the false, hidden, or secret compartment, or its contents, and which is integrated into or attached to a vehicle. The term "false, hidden, or secret compartment" includes, but is not limited to: False, altered, or modified fuel tank. <u>a.</u> Any original factory equipment on a vehicle that has been b. modified to conceal, hide, or prevent discovery of its contents. Any compartment, space, or box that is added or attached to <u>c.</u> existing compartments, spaces, or boxes integrated into or attached to a vehicle. Vehicle includes, but is not limited to, cars, trucks, buses, motorcycles, (2) mopeds, bicycles, aircraft, helicopters, boats, ships, yachts, railcars, rail engines, and any other property that may be attached to, pulled,

towed, or drawn by a vehicle.

- For the purposes of this section, a person's intention to use a false, hidden, or 1 (b) secret compartment to conceal the contents of the compartment from a law enforcement 2 officer may be inferred from factors including, but not limited to, the discovery of: 3 A person, firearm, controlled substance, alcoholic beverages, or other 4 (1) contraband within the false, hidden, or secret compartment; or 5 Evidence of the previous placement of a person, firearm, controlled **(2)** 6 substance, alcoholic beverage, or other contraband within the false, 7 hidden, or secret compartment. 8 It is unlawful for any person to own or operate any vehicle he or she knows to 9 (c) 10
 - contain a false or secret compartment. It is unlawful for any person to install, create, build, or fabricate a false, hidden, or secret compartment in any vehicle.
 - Any vehicle containing a false, hidden, or secret compartment, as well as any (d) items within that compartment, shall be subject to seizure by any law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer within whose jurisdiction that property is found.
 - Any property seized under this section shall be subject to the forfeiture procedures contained in G.S. 90-112 regardless of the items or contraband found in the false, hidden, or secret compartment. The remission and mitigation provisions of G.S. 90-112.1 shall not apply to seizures made pursuant to this section.
 - A violation of this section is punishable as a Class I felony."
 - There is appropriated from the General Fund to the SECTION 2. Department of Crime Control and Public Safety the sum of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to be used for grants to local law enforcement agencies to offset the costs of enforcing Section 1 of this act.
 - **SECTION 3.** This act becomes effective October 1, 2006.

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HOUSE BILL 2145: Secret Compartments in Motor Vehicles

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Moore

Version:

PCS to First Edition

H2145-CSSU-36

Date:

June 7, 2006

Summary by: Wendy Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: The Proposed Committee Substitute for House Bill 2145 would make it unlawful to own or operate a vehicle with a false, hidden, or secret compartment; to install such a compartment in a vehicle; or to sell, trade, or otherwise dispose of a vehicle that contains such a compartment. It would also require law enforcement to seize the license plate and registration for a vehicle when the owner or operator is arrested for a violation of the provisions of the act. The PCS would also appropriate \$100,000 to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to be used for grants to local law enforcement agencies to offset the costs of enforcement.

BILL ANALYSIS: The PCS for House Bill 2145 would do the following:

Definition of false, hidden, or secret compartment. The PCS would define false, hidden, or secret compartment as an enclosure that is intended or designed to be used to conceal the compartment or contents from law enforcement. The compartment would have to be integrated into or attached to the vehicle, but the definition would not include any enclosure designed and installed by the manufacturer of the vehicle prior to sale.

The PCS also lists specific factors from which intent to use a false, hidden, or secret compartment to conceal the contents from law enforcement may be inferred. They include the discovery of, or evidence of previous placement of, any of the following items within the compartment:

- A person concealed for an unlawful purpose.
- A controlled substance if possession would be a Class 1 misdemeanor or higher.
- Other contraband if possession would be a Class 1 misdemeanor or higher.

Prohibited acts. The PCS would make it unlawful to do any of the following:

- Own or operate a vehicle knowing it to contain a false, hidden, or secret compartment.
- Install, create, build, or fabricate a false, hidden, or secret compartment in a vehicle.
- Sell, trade, or otherwise dispose of a vehicle knowing it to contain a false, hidden, or secret compartment.

Violation of these provisions would be a Class I felony, punishable by a minimum of 3 months of community punishment and a maximum of 15 months of intermediate or active punishment.

Seizure of license plate and registration. When a person who owns or operates a vehicle in violation of the provisions of the act is arrested, the PCS would require law enforcement to seize the license plate and registration for the vehicle. The owner would be able to reclaim the plate and registration upon providing verification that the vehicle has been repaired to eliminate any violation.

House Bill 2145

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<u>Funds for enforcement.</u> The PCS would also appropriate \$100,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety to be used for grants to local law enforcement agencies to offset the cost of enforcing the provisions of the act.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The bill would become effective December 1, 2006, and would apply to offenses committed on or after that date.

H2145c1-SMSU-CSSU-36

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on
TRANSPORTATION.
Committee Substitute for
HB 2067 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REDUCE THE FEES FOR
INDIVIDUALS THAT ARE CERTIFIED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES AS
SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS AND WHO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR THE SCHOOL BUS
ENDORSEMENT ON A COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE.
ENDORSEMENT ON A COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE.
With a formal a man and as to the assumption and attitude hill such a homeon the title
With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title,
unfavorable as to the original bill, and recommendation that the committee substitute bill be re-
referred to the Committee on APPROPRIATIONS.
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(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on
•
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution
(No) is placed on the Calendar of (The original bill resolution No)
is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.
is placed on the Ontavolable Calcidar.
The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No) is re-referred to the
Committee on (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 2067 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H2067-CSRW-57 [v.1]

6/6/2006 11:26:38 AM

Short Title:	Reduce CDL License Fee for School Bus Drivers.	(Public)
Sponsors:		,
Referred to:		
	May 18, 2006	
•		

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REDUCE THE FEES FOR PERSONS WHO ARE CERTIFIED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES AS SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS AND WHO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR THE SCHOOL BUS ENDORSEMENT ON A COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-37.16 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(g) A person applying for a commercial drivers license who has been trained by the Division of Motor Vehicles and certified as a school bus driver is exempt from paying the nonrefundable application fee required pursuant to G.S. 20-37.15(a1) and is also exempt, for the period the license is issued and valid, from any endorsement fee for the school bus endorsement. The purpose of this subsection is to encourage the retention of school bus drivers and ensure the perpetual safety of the children traveling on school buses. This subsection shall not apply to a person who has a school bus endorsement on a commercial drivers license but has not been trained by the Division of Motor Vehicles and certified as a school bus driver."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 2067

Short Title: Reduce CDL License Fee for School Bus Drivers. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Johnson; Glazier, Barnhart, Coleman, Moore, and Faison.

Referred to: Transportation, if favorable, Appropriations.

May 18, 2006

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO REDUCE THE FEES FOR INDIVIDUALS THAT ARE CERTIFIED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES AS SCHOOL BUS DRIVERS AND WHO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR THE SCHOOL BUS ENDORSEMENT ON A COMMERCIAL DRIVERS LICENSE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 20-37.16 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(g) An individual applying for a commercial drivers license who has been trained by the Division of Motor Vehicles and certified as a school bus driver is exempt from paying the nonrefundable application fee required pursuant to G.S. 20-37.15(a1) and shall also be exempt, for the period the license is issued and valid, from any endorsement fee for the school bus endorsement. The purpose of this section is to encourage the retention of school bus drivers and ensure the perpetual safety of the children traveling on school buses.

This section shall not apply to an individual who has a school bus endorsement on a commercial drivers license but has not been trained by the Division of Motor Vehicles and certified as a school bus driver."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

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HOUSE BILL 2067: Reduce CDL License Fee for School Bus Drivers

House Transportation Committee:

Introduced by: Rep. Johnson

Version:

PCS to First Edition

H2067-CSRW-57

Date:

June 6, 2006

Summary by: Giles S. Perry

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: House Bill 2067 (proposed committee substitute) reduces the CDL license fees for school bus drivers trained and certified by the Division of Motor Vehicles.

CURRENT LAW: Current law [G.S. 20-37.15(a1) and G.S. 20-37.16(d)] specifies that persons applying for a commercial drivers license with a school bus endorsement pay a \$30 nonrefundable application fee and a \$3.00/year endorsement fee

BILL ANALYSIS: House Bill 2067 (proposed committee substitute) eliminates the commercial drivers license \$30 nonrefundable application fee and a \$3.00/year endorsement fee for persons trained and certified by the Division of Motor Vehicles as a school bus driver.

The proposed committee substitute makes technical corrections to the language of the original bill.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

H2067e1-SMRW-CSRW-57

American Civil Liberties Union of North Carolina

P.O. Box 28004, Raleigh, NC 27611-8004 Phone: (919) 834-3466 Fax: (919) 828-3265 Email: aclunc@nc.rr.com

Statement in Opposition to House Bill 2145; Secret Compartments in Motor Vehicles

To: Rep. Moore; Rep. L. Allen; Rep. Allred; Rep. Carney; Rep. Stiller

CC: Rep. Crawford; Rep. Saunders; Rep. Steen; Rep. Williams; Rep. Wright; Rep.

Blackwood; Rep. Cleveland; Rep. Coates; Rep. Cole; Rep. Daughtridge; Rep. Dockham; Rep. Goodwin; Rep. Haire; Rep. Hill; Rep. Hilton; Rep. McComas; Rep. Preston; Rep. Rapp; Rep. Rayfield; Rep. Rhodes; Rep. Starnes; Rep. Sutton; Rep. Wilkins; Rep. Wray

From: Jennifer Rudinger, Executive Director

Jill Shotzberger, Legislative Clerk

Date: June 6, 2006

The American Civil Liberties Union of North Carolina (ACLU-NC) appreciates the opportunity to submit initial comments on H. 2145. The ACLU-NC is a nonprofit, nonpartisan organization with approximately 9,000 members in North Carolina, dedicated to preserving the guarantees of individual liberty found in the Bill of Rights, the Post-Civil War (Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth) Amendments, and the Nineteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution and corresponding provisions of the North Carolina Constitution. We appreciate the legislature's important interest in keeping North Carolina free from crime, but the proposed legislation, HB 2145, violates the Fourth Amendment protection against illegal search and seizure and would not be good public policy.

Proposed HB 2145 eliminates probable cause for the search of a vehicle, thereby violating the Fourth Amendment. The Fourth Amendment protects against illegal search and seizure. A traffic stop is considered a seizure; therefore the Supreme Court has required probable cause for a legal search. *Terry v. Ohio*, 392 U.S. 1 (1968). This probable cause is extended to all compartments of a motor vehicle. *Michigan v. Long*, 463 U.S. 1039, 1049 (1983). In testing the legitimacy of a search, a balancing test is applied which determines if there is an expectation of privacy and whether this expectation is considered reasonable. *U.S. v. Langston*, 970 F.2d 692 (10th Cir. 1991). Reasonableness is evaluated based on the totality of the circumstances. The Supreme Court has determined there is a reasonable expectation of privacy in a motor vehicle. This expectation of privacy cannot be limited to only certain compartments in a vehicle. *U.S. v. Soto*, 988 F.2d 1548 (10th Cir. 2003). Secret compartments should be accorded the same privacy as a glove compartment or trunk.

Courts agree a party should be able to challenge a search of a secret cavity if there is not probable cause. Unlike ships which the Coast Guard can board and inspect, there is a reasonable expectation of privacy in a car. *U.S. v. Lopez*, 761 F.2d 632 (11th Cir. 1985); *U.S. v. Sarda-Villa*, 760 F.2d 1232 (11th Cir. 1985). The courts have thus determined that a party has standing to

challenge the search of secret compartment when it has been determined that the accused has demonstrated custody and control of the vehicle where the compartment is found.

HB 2145 makes secret compartments illegal even if the contents of that compartment do not violate the law. This proposed legislation criminalizes the mere presence of a secret compartment, regardless of its contents. If a citizen has spare keys or emergency cash in such a location, they would become guilty of a felony despite the acceptable nature of the compartment's contents. Individuals have a right to maintain and modify their own personal property as they see fit, as long as the modifications themselves do not pose any threat to public safety. There is no legitimate government interest that is protected by criminalizing the presence of a hidden compartment in and of itself. If a government agent has probable cause to suspect criminal activity, such as the scent of drugs being detected by sniffer dog, then they have will have probable cause to search a vehicle, including any and all compartments. This legislation would eradicate the burden on law enforcement to act with just cause while infringing on the rights of motorists.

The ACLU-NC urges legislators to vote against the proposed HB 2145. Eliminating the requirement of probable cause from searching compartments of a vehicle would violate the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution. There is an expectation of privacy in a motor vehicle, and there is no compelling government interest that outweighs a motorist's right to maintain their privacy in how they legally utilize their property. The current law is sufficient to safeguard the rights of the citizens of North Carolina while maintaining law enforcement's ability to discover and search secret compartments with probable cause.

Please feel free to contact us at (919) 834-3466 if you have any questions or concerns. Thank you for your consideration of this matter.

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 21, 2006

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Wednesday, June 21, 2006 in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Allred, Presiding Chair, Representatives L. Allen, and Stiller, Chairs and Representatives Saunders and Wright, Vice Chairs. Members present were Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Daugthridge, Dockham, Hill, Hilton, Moore, Preston, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Wilkins and Wray. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel. Jean Allred and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants were present and assisted the presiding Chair. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes and Fred Hines, House Sergeants-at-Arms. House Pages sponsored by Speaker Black were Alyssa Jaklitsch and Molly Herlong from Mecklenburg County and Chad Walker from Harnett County assisted with the meeting, also assisting were Anna Carr Ivey and Grant Morhe from New Hanover County sponsored by Representative McComas and Parker Ray Brown sponsored by Representative Wray from Northampton County.

Representative Allred, Presiding Chair, called the meeting to order welcoming committee members, agency members, and visitors. Chairman Allred then introduced the House Sergeants-at-Arms and the House Pages assisting with the meeting.

Chairman Allred told the committee that we had one bill; a Proposed Committee Substitute Bill for HB-1827 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO **EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION** CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. sponsored by Representative Cole. A motion was made by Representative Coates to adopt Committee Substitute #2 for House Bill 1827 for discussion and consideration. Representative Cole said that HB 1827 was DOT requested and started out as one bill. He explained that in sections 1 and 2 of the Committee Substitute, DOT contractors have to do small jobs and if they amounted to over \$30,000, they have to have a general contractor's license to do them. The bill would exempt them from having to have the license when they do certain things such as pipe installation, sidewalk repairs, small sign installations, pavement markings, rest area maintenance, and guardrail and fence repairs. It would open up the door for many small business minorities to bid directly on public building projects and create an exception from licensing requirements for other types of contractors. Section 4 Vegetation removal

just asks for less than what DOT is allowed to do to see their signs; DOT is allowed 800 feet and outdoor advertisers would be allowed 500 feet — what it is, is keeping the small business enterprise going. This section would provide procedures for outdoor advertisers to apply to DOT for removal of vegetation from highway rights-of-way with a \$200 application fee. Section 5 Uniform appraisal standards would reduce the property tax value for motor vehicles from market value to wholesale value.

Representative Cole said that Representative Saunders added section 5 to the bill and asked Chairman Allred to allow Representative Saunders to explain that section. Section 5. Uniform appraisal standards. was added by Representatives Saunders to add some uniformity to how the property tax value on cars is valued by the state. He said that if you are like him driving old clunkers valued at about \$10,000 and then you get a tax bill for hundreds more it is a shock. Chairman Allred stated that "you don't know what driving a clunker is; in the basement is my 1984 Maxima with over 300,000 miles on it and they try to value it at a couple thousand dollars and I probably couldn't even give it away." Representative Cole, bill sponsor, added that there are only two organizations within the state that develop these values and they don't take into consideration many aspects when you go to purchase or sell a vehicle. Representative Blackwood asked how the values would be generated. Mr. Perry, Committee Counsel responded that the values would not exceed the wholesale value of the vehicles; this is the same value used for determining highway use tax.

Most of the discussion centered on Section 4. Vegetation removal for outdoor advertising. Steve Varnedoe, Chief Engineer, Operations, NCDOT, was recognized by Chairman Allred to address the committee. Representative Cleveland asked if the two hundred dollars application fee for vegetation removal is a new fee; Representative Cole said that the fee is already in place. Representative Starnes asked if contracts up to \$1.2 million dollars were truly maintenance and repairs. Mr. Varnedoe replied yes and most contractors are not licensed and that most of the work was done by small business contractors. Chairman Allred added that the work still had to be put out to bid. Mr. Varnedoe agreed.

Representative L. Allen commented on the vegetation issue and rationale for helping small business, stated 3.5 seconds is maximum time eyes should be diverted from highway to look at signs at any one time. Current rules now allow a 3.5 second view. She said this PCS would increase that time to 5 seconds. Representative L. Allen asked DOT if there were added rationale for not changing from 3.5 to 5 seconds. Mr. Varnedoe responded that there had been several efforts to address the issue.

Chairman Allred questioned the fairness of allowing DOT to remove vegetation up to 800 feet and only allow outdoor advertisers to remove up to 500 feet. He said that it seems that signs of any kind can be a distraction and it seems that the big blue signs advertising for Hardees, Texaco and hotels are no better than outdoor advertising signs or that they should not receive special treatment.

Representative Cole commented the advertisers will tell you that billboard advertisements that exceed seven (7) words are not as effective as those which are less than seven (7) words. However logos are effective and are easy to recognize. He said our own state signs might have ten (10) to twelve (12) logos on each sign. He asked how much time is diverted from the road by looking at that. Representative Cole said Section 4 would provide procedures for owners of legally erected outdoor advertising, Billboard owners, to apply to DOT for the removal of vegetation from the highway rights-of-way. He stated that the response time to signs along the highway is 3.5 seconds and that logo which are DOT signs are easier to read than outdoor advertising.

Lacy Love, Director, Asset Management, DOT, said that there needs to be balance between environment, the community, DOT and outdoor advertising and not to change any rules on removal of vegetation. DOT simply has not been maintaining vegetation cutbacks as it had in years past and was going to get back to cut back areas.

Representative Daughtridge commented that DOT sets regulations on outdoor advertising. The advertising is absolutely necessary for travel and tourism and that a bigger cut back is necessary for travel and tourism in the state.

Representative Saunders was recognized for a motion and he moved to give the Committee Substitute Bill #2 a favorable report, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the Committee Substitute Bill #1, and that the Committee Substitute Bill #2 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance.

Representative L. Allen commented further about the comments that were heard; that there was a real need to allow time for the DOT Board, the committee and tourism meet to and work on that part of the bill further when they had all the facts.

Representative Coates spoke on the vegetation removal section of the bill. She said those on the Transportation Oversight Committee had a video presentation showing exit 94 and how it was cut back for DOT signs and not cut back for outdoor advertising and the legislative oversight committee was in support of having the same requirements for cutbacks for travel and tourism as they did for DOT. She commented that she also drives a clunker and supports that part of the bill.

Representative Moore supports the bill but commented on a situation in Cleveland County where a retired gentleman received some income off a billboard on his property and because he cut so close to the billboard when he was bush hogging a field they made him take it down. The man didn't know he wasn't supposed to do it himself and he lost that income. Maybe something could be put in the statute to protect these landowners who do not know that they are not supposed to cut around them. Representative Cole said he had no problem with that suggestion and Chairman Allred suggested that they could add it in Finance.

Representative Blackwood asked Mr. Love, DOT, if there was not a double standard between government and business signs and why was that. Mr. Love responded that the DOT, official signs or signs of the state can be on the right of way and that the business signs were on private property. Representative Blackwood said that since the government signs were closer that they would seem to be more dangerous and cause more accidents. Chairman Allred said that his point was well taken and the answer to his question was yes.

Tony Adams, NC Outdoor Advertising Association, NCOAA, was recognized by Chairman Allred to explain his association's position on the bill. Mr. Adams said that section 4 would simply bring North Carolina into more uniformity with other states such as Tennessee and the southeast.

Molly Diggins, State Director of the NC Sierra Club, addressed the committee. She stated that she was surprised to be addressing the committee so soon after having just addressed the Board of Transportation which had spent weeks examining these issues. She suggested that the committee members view that presentation and that under these proposed changes of this bill, that the highways as we know them will be drastically altered by the removal of vegetation for outdoor advertising. Ms. Diggins stated that current policy was a result of a compromise after months of negotiation and has served us well and asked that it not be changed.

Representative Stiller asked if the bill would allow more signage but Tony Adams, NCOAA, told the committee that the same process of going through DOT for a permit and then through the local ordinances for outdoor signs applied and would not result in more outdoor signs.

Representative L. Allen asked if the Billboard Industry would be willing to take their section off to allow more time when we are not in short session to have a DOT and the committee work in the interest of Billboard Industry and the motoring public and the environmental public. She said she did not want to vote against the contractor bill stating she thought it was a good bill and had no problems with the last section

but had problems with doing this kind of bill in Short Session when it affects the whole landscape of North Carolina.

Chairman Allred, as Presiding Chair, observed that there were twenty members of the committee present, which is a substantial number, and concluded that it appears to at this point that they want to let the bill move forward.

Representative Saunders previously made the motion to moved to give the Committee Substitute Bill #2 a favorable report, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the Committee Substitute Bill #1, and that the Committee Substitute Bill #2 be re-referred to the Committee on Finance., commented that the bill was not being pushed through. He said that the interim was spent studying the bill and that the Transportation Oversight Committee had spent a great number of hours on it and it was not a last minute thing being pushed through. He reminded the committee that it still had to go to Finance and then before the House.

Chairman Allred called for a vote on the motion by Representative Saunders. The motion passed.

Chairman Allred adjourned the meeting at 11:45 AM.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Cary Allred

Presiding Chair

Jean Allred

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Bill Digest for HB 1827 Attachments Visitors Registration

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

June 21, 2006 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Cary Allred, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

OPENING REMARKS

BILL FOR CONSIDERATION

HB 1827 - DOT General Contractor License Exceptions.
Representative Cole, Bill Sponsor

ADJOURNMENT

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative Allred, L. Allen, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN HB 1827 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. With a favorable report as to Committee Substitute Bill #2, which changes the title, unfavorable as to Committee Substitute Bill #1, and recommendation that Committee Substitute Bill #2 be re-referred to the Committee on FINANCE. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of ______. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 1827* Committee Substitute Favorable 5/30/06

	Short Title: DOT General Contractor License Exceptions. (Public)
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	May 10, 2006
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
3	CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL
4	CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT
5	LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
8	new section to read:
9	"§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements.
0	The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects shall
1	not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General
2	Statutes:
3	(1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of pavements, bridges, roadside
4	vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs,
5	gutters, and rest areas.
6	(2) <u>Installation and maintenance of pavement markings and markers</u> ,
7	ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and
8	plantings."
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
20	new section to read:
21	"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.
22	The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall not
23	be subject to the licensing requirement of this Article."
24	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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new section to read:

HOUSE BILL 1827*

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/30/06 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1827-PCS70783-MA-28

Short Title: Gen. Con. Lic. Except./Clearing/Veh. Values. (Public)
Sponsors:
Referred to:
May 10, 2006
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; TO CLARIFY THE GENERAL CONTRACTING EXCEPTIONS; TO DEFINE THE LIMITS OF VEGETATION REMOVAL FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING; AND TO REQUIRE LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS TO GENERATE TAX VALUES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES PURSUANT TO THE VALUATION ASSIGNED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read: "§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements.
The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects shall
not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General
Statutes: (1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of pavements, bridges, roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs.
gutters, and rest areas. (2) Installation and maintenance of pavement markings and markers ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and plantings."
SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a

"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.

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The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall not be subject to the licensing requirement of this Article."

SECTION 3. G.S. 87-1.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 87-1.1. Exception for licensees under Article 2 or 4.

G.S. 87-1 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 or 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, G.S. 87-43 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, and G.S. 87-21(a)(5) shall not apply to a licensee under Article 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes when the licensee is bidding and contracting directly with the owner of a public building project if: (i) a licensed general contractor performs all work that falls within the classifications in G.S. 87-10(b) and the State Licensing Board of General Contractor's rules; and (ii) the total amount of the general contracting work so classified does not exceed a percentage of the total bid price pursuant to rules established by the Board.Board; and (iii) a licensee with the appropriate license under Article 2 or Article 4 of this Chapter performs all work that falls within the classifications in Article 2 and Article 4 of this Chapter."

SECTION 4. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 136-140.2. Vegetation removal for outdoor advertising.

- (a) Removal of vegetation within highway rights-of-way shall be permitted for opening views to legally erected forms of outdoor advertising which are located directly adjacent to State highway rights-of-way.
- (b) An application for the removal of vegetation shall be made by the owner of the legally erected outdoor advertising to the Department of Transportation, Division of Highways. The application shall be developed by the Department of Transportation. The fee for an application to remove vegetation from outdoor advertising areas shall be two hundred dollars (\$200.00).
- (c) For outdoor advertising erected as of the effective date of this act, the maximum removal area for vegetation for each sign face shall be an area not greater than 500 feet on either side of the sign location from the center of the sign, as measured along the edge of pavement of the public street or highway along which the outdoor advertisement is placed.
- (d) The cost of vegetation removal shall be borne solely by the owner of the outdoor advertising. No compensatory planting shall be required to replace any vegetation removed in the vegetation removal zone.
- (e) Vegetation shall be defined as any tree, shrub, vine, undergrowth, or plant growing within the area designated as removal zone by subsection (c) of this section.
- endangered species list by a United States governmental agency or the State of North Carolina shall not be removed. It shall be the sole responsibility of the lawful owner of the outdoor advertising to ensure compliance with this subsection. Any violation of this subsection shall carry the same penalty as the penalty for violation of the State or federal law protecting the endangered species."

SECTION 5. G.S. 105-283 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-283. Uniform appraisal standards.

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All property, real and personal, shall as far as practicable be appraised or valued at its true value in money. When used in this Subchapter, the words "true value" shall be interpreted as meaning market value, that is, the price estimated in terms of money at which the property would change hands between a willing and financially able buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of all the uses to which the property is adapted and for which it is capable of being used. For the purposes of this section, the acquisition of an interest in land by an entity having the power of eminent domain with respect to the interest acquired shall not be considered competent evidence of the true value in money of comparable land. For the purposes of Article 22A of this Chapter, "true value" means the value assigned by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to the schedule

established under G.S. 105-187.3(c)." 12

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

May 9, 2006

H 1827. DOT GENERAL CONTRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS. Filed 5/9/06. TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE. Enacts new GS 136-28.14 to exempt from the licensing requirements of Article 1 of GS Chapter 87 contracts for the following types of projects: (1) routine maintenance and minor repair of pavements, bridges, roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas, and (2) installation and maintenance of pavement markings and markers, ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and plantings. Enacts new GS 87-1.2 to make conforming change. Effective July 1, 2006.

Intro. by Cole.

GS 136

May 30, 2006

H 1827. DOT GENERAL CONTRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS. Filed 5/9/06. House committee substitute makes the following changes to 1st edition. In first edition, the exception in new GS 87-1.2 for certain Department of Transportation contractors provided that the letting of contracts for specified projects is not subject to the licensing requirements of GS 87-1. The committee substitute corrects the statutory reference.

June 21, 2006

H 1827. GEN. CON. LIC. EXCEPT./CLEARING/VEH. VALUES (NEW). Filed 5/9/06. House committee substitute makes the following changes to 2nd edition. Amends GS 87-1.1 to allow certain licensed contractors bidding directly on public building projects an exception from licensing requirements for other types of contractors as long as the contractors perform only work within the scope of the license they hold. Enacts a new GS 136-140.2 to provide procedures for owners of outdoor advertising to apply to the Department of Transportation for removal of vegetation from highway rights-of-way with a \$200 application fee. Amends GS 105-283 to reduce the property tax value for motor vehicles from market value to wholesale value.



HOUSE BILL 1827: Gen. Con. Lic. Except./Clearing/Veh. Values

BILL ANALYSIS

Committee:

House Transportation

Introduced by: Rep. Cole

Version:

PCS to Second Edition

H1827-CSMA-28

Date:

June 21, 2006

Summary by: Giles Perry and Wendy

Graf Ray

Committee Counsel

SUMMARY: The PCS for House Bill 1827 would exempt specified DOT maintenance and repair contracts from general contractor licensing requirements; would clarify an exception for heating and plumbing contractors and electrical contractors from certain licensing requirements when bidding directly on public building projects; would provide procedures for removal of vegetation around outdoor advertising; and would amend the meaning of "true value" with regard to valuation of motor vehicles for tax collection purposes.

BILL ANALYSIS:

Section 1 of the PCS for House Bill 1827 would exempt DOT contracts for: (1) routine maintenance and minor repair of: pavements, bridges, roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas; and (2) installation and maintenance of: pavement markings and markers, ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and plantings from the general contractor licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87.

Section 2 is a cross reference to the exception set out in Section 1 in Article 1 of Chapter 87.

Section 3 would clarify an existing exception for heating and plumbing contractors and electrical contractors who bid directly on public building projects. G.S. 87-1.1 currently exempts them from general contractor licensing requirements as long as a licensed general contractor performs all work classified as general contracting work and the total amount of that work does not exceed a certain percentage of the total bid price. The PCS would make clear that plumbing and heating contractors are exempt from electrical contractor licensing requirements, and vice versa, under the same circumstances as long as a licensee with the appropriate license performs all work that falls within the statutory classifications.

Section 4 would provide procedures for owners of legally erected outdoor advertising to apply to DOT for the removal of vegetation from highway rights-of-way.

Section 5 would define the value of a motor vehicle for tax collection purposes as the value assigned by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles under G.S. 105-187.3(c), which is not to exceed wholesale value (this is the same value used for determining highway use tax.)

EFFECTIVE DATE: The act would become effective July 1, 2006.

H1827c2-SMSU-CSMA-28

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE - 2006 SESSION

Date of Committee Meeting

Wednesday, JUNE 21, 2006

Page Name	<u>County</u>	Sponsor
Alysso Jaklitsch	Mecklenburg	Speaker Black
Anna Carr I vey	. 7	Danny Mc Comas
Molly Henong	Meckenburg	Opeaker Black
Grant Morne	New Hanover	Dany Mc Conas
Parter Ray Brown		Prep Wran
Chad Walker	Hornett	Brick

Sergeant-at-Arms	
DOSTY RHODES	
FRED HINES	

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, JUNE 21, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Steve Wall	DENR
DON Was	Napot
· Brian Winght	Consecutive Course
Jenny Jones	Aftorny Raligh
Mich Forenles	young Misso Henders MI
BILL CARSTANTHEA,	CATS/MCGO
Donn	NCMVRC - RANC
mely Drzgi	Si eua club
Rila Harra	Ports
Sim PRIDGEN	FRINING OUTDOOR ADV

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, JUNE 21, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
John McHzc	Gov OHile
Tony Adams	NCOAA
Cym Mr	Apri, in
Ellitabell Saf	NL Siemus Club
Heather Randell	NC Sierra Club
Jeff Wolfe	Daily Bulletin
Rosdenna	Wiley inte
Mish Barle	CAPRI
STEVE VALLEDOE	NCDOT
Johanna Reese	DOT
Lacy Love	DOT -

HOUSE TRANSPORTATION

Wednesday, JUNE 21, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Chul Hinta	Caritas
Jak Mison	Civitas
Sandia Long	Marker Main Ha
Beule	LBA.
Rich Geall	NCGA
Mul Ser	Salane

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON TRANSPORTATION

June 28, 2006 11:00 A.M. Room 1228 LB

Representative Becky Carney, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy T. Allen, Chair Representative Cary Allred, Chair Representative Bonner Stiller, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS

INTRODUCTION OF PAGES AND SERGEANT-AT-ARMS STAFF

BILLS FOR CONSIDERATION

- HB 141 FREE VETERAN'S DRIVERS LICENSES Bill Sponsor, Rep. Moore
- HB 1399 HERITAGE TOURISM FUNDS Bill Sponsor, Rep. Crawford
- HB 1544 NONRESIDENT CDL/TRAINING CHANGES Bill Sponsor, Rep. Lewis

ADJOURNMENT

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 28, 2006

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on June 28, 2006, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 11:00 A.M. The following were present: Representative Carney, presiding Chair, Representative L. Allen, Chair, Representatives Saunders and Williams, Vice Chairs, Representatives Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Goodwin, Hill, Hilton, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Joyce Langdon and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistants. Also assisting were Dusty Rhodes and Martha Parrish, House Sergeants-at-Arms.

Representative Carney called the meeting to order and introduced the House Sergeantsat-Arms, and the following House Pages who assisted with the meeting: Sarah Barnwell, sponsored by Representative Jeffus; Katie Bowman, sponsored by Representative Hollo; Eric Schneider, sponsored by Speaker Black; and Trent Ball, sponsored by Representative Underhill.

Representative Carney, presiding chair, stated that the Committee would take up House Bill 1399 – HERITAGE TOURISM FUNDS, sponsored by Representatives Allen and Crawford. Upon motion made by Representative Wilkins, the committee adopted the proposed committee substitute, AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS FOR A HERITAGE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT OFFICER TO SERVE HALIFAX, WARREN, FRANKLIN, AND VANCE COUNTIES, for consideration. After a brief discussion, a motion was made and seconded that the proposed committee substitute receive a favorable report, which changes the title; unfavorable as to the original bill. The motion passed.

Representative Carney reported that the other two bills on the agenda—House Bill 141, Free Veteran's Drivers Licenses, and House Bill 1544, Nonresident CDL/Training Changes—would not be taken up.

The meeting adjourned at 11:16 A.M.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Becky Carne

Presiding Chair

Joyce Langdon
Committee Assistant

Attachments: Agenda House Bill 1399 and PCS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

HOUSE BILL 1399

1

Short Title:	Heritage Tourism Funds.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives L. Allen, Jones, Crawford, Wray (F Warren.	Primary Sponsors); and
Referred to:	Appropriations.	

April 21, 2005

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS FOR A HERITAGE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT OFFICER TO SERVE HALIFAX, WARREN, FRANKLIN, AND VANCE COUNTIES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Commerce the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year and the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2006-2007 fiscal year for a Heritage Tourism Development Officer position to serve Halifax, Warren, Franklin, and Vance Counties.

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H

D

(Public)

HOUSE BILL 1399 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1399-CSMA-39 [v.3]

6/27/2006 4:51:02 PM

Short Title: Various Transportation/M.V. Law Changes.

	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	April 21, 2005
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT MAKE CHANGES TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS CONCERNING
3	WEIGHING OF WOOD RESIDUALS AND EXEMPTION FROM REGISTRATION FOR CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL VEHICLES, AND TO
4 5	REGISTRATION FOR CERTAIN AGRICULTURAL VEHICLES, AND TO AUTHORIZE AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE DEPARTMENT OF
6	TRANSPORTATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS TO EXPEDITE
7	TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS
8	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
9	SECTION 1. G.S. 20-118(c)(15) reads as rewritten:
10	"(c) Exceptions The following exceptions apply to G.S. 20-118(b) and
11	20-118(e).
12	•••
13	(15) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle or
14	vehicle combination that meets all of the conditions below, but all
15	other enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:
16	a. Is hauling wood residuals, including wood chips, sawdust,
17	mulch, or tree bark, bark from any site; or is transporting bulk
18	soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock, or asphalt millings from a site
19	that does not have a certified scale for weighing the vehicle.
20	b. Does not operate on an interstate highway, a posted light-traffic
21	road, or a posted bridge.
22 23	c. Does not exceed a maximum gross weight 4,000 pounds in excess of what is allowed in subsection (b) of this section.
23 24	d. Does not exceed a single-axle weight of more than 22,000
25	pounds and a tandem-axle weight of more than 42,000 pounds.
26	pounds and a unidem-axic weight of more than 42,000 pounds.
27	SECTION 2. G.S. 20-51(6) reads as rewritten:

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Any trailer or semitrailer attached to and drawn by a properly licensed motor vehicle when used by a farmer, his tenant, agent, or employee in transporting unginned cotton, peanuts, soybeans, corn, hay, tobacco, silage, cucumbers, potatoes, potatoes, all vegetables, fruits, greenhouse and nursery plants and flowers, Christmas trees, fertilizers or chemicals purchased or owned by the farmer or tenant for personal use in implementing husbandry, irrigation pipes, loaders, or equipment owned by the farmer or tenant from place to place on the same farm, from one farm to another, from farm to gin, from farm to dryer, or from farm to market, and when not operated on a for-hire basis. The term "transporting" as used herein shall include the actual hauling of said products and all unloaded travel in connection therewith."

SECTION 3. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"\$ 136-66.8 Agreements with units of local government to expedite projects.

- (a) Agreements authorized.-- The Department of Transportation may enter into agreements with units of local government for the purpose of expediting transportation projects currently programmed in the Transportation Improvement Plan.
- (b) Form of agreements.--The agreements affected by this section shall be between the Department of Transportation and units of local government. The agreements may authorize units of local government to construct projects scheduled in the Transportation Improvement Plan more than two years from the date of the agreement. The units of local government shall fund one hundred percent (100%) of the project at current prices. In a future year, when the project is funded from State and federal sources, the units of local government shall be reimbursed an appropriate share of the funds, at the future programmed project funding amount, as identified and scheduled in the Transportation Improvement Plan.
- (c) Report. -- The Department of Transportation shall report to the Joint Legislative Transportation Oversight Committee by December 1, 2006, on any agreements executed with units of local government pursuant to this section.

SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for HB 1399 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE FUNDS FOR A HERITAGE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT OFFICER TO SERVE HALIFAX. WARREN, FRANKLIN, AND VANCE COUNTIES. With a favorable report as to the committee substitute bill, which changes the title, unfavorable as to the original bill. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. _ The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on . (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ___) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

House Pages

6

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 28, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Kara Millonzi	School of Gov't
John Phelps	NCLM
Will Williamson	resmv
Robbie Quinn	NCOMV
Jany (pearce	007/00vil
STEVE VARNEDUE	NODOF
CHRIEBIUSE	CAPA
Lacy Love	NCDOT
Amy Sinks	NCDENR
Johanna Reese	D07
Gene Causby	NCMA

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

June 28, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS	
Rich While	NCGA	
BarrySmith	Fradom Alow page	
Spares Merrag	FREEDOM COMMUNICATIONS	

MINUTES HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION July 12 & 13, 2006

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on July 12th and continued the meeting on July 13th. The meeting was attended by Co-Chair Bonner Stiller, Co-Chairs Allen, Allred and Carney, Vice Chairs Crawford, Saunders and Wright, and Representatives Coates, Cole, Daughtridge, Dockham, Hilton, Moore, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and committee assistants Carla Farmer, Melissa Riddle and Joyce Langdon.

Chairman Stiller called the meeting to order and Rep. Cole was asked to explain his bill.

HB 1827 – DOT GENERAL CONTRACTOR LICENSE EXCEPTIONS. A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACT OR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; TO CLARIFY THE GENERAL CONTRACTING EXCEPTIONS; TO DEFINE THE LIMITS OF VEGATION REMOVAL FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING; AND TO REQUIRE LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS TO GENERATE TAX VALUES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES PURSUANT TO THE VALUATION ASSIGNED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES. This bill was replaced with a committee substitute and after much discussion and debate was reported out favorable as to the House committee substitute bill number 3, unfavorable to committee substitute bill number 2.

Rep. Cole explained SB 1381- A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REPEAL THE NORTH CAROLINA BRIDGE AUTHORITY AND THE AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO ISSUE A PRIVATE PILOT TOLL PROJECT **LEGISLATIVE** TRANSPORTATION RECOMMENDED **BYT** THE OINT **OVERSIGHT** COMMITTEE, TO AUTHORIZE THE NC TURNPIKE AUTHORITY TO CONVERT CERTAIN FREE HIGHWAYS CONTIGUOUS TO EXISTING OR PLANNED TOLL FACILITES, AND TOGRANT THE TURNPIKE AUTHORITY RIGHT OF ENTRY FOR SURVEYS. discussion and debate and a continuation of the meeting until the next day, the bill passed with a favorable report as to the House committee substitute number three and unfavorable to committee substitute bill number two.

The meeting adjourned at 11:55.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Bonner Stiller

Presiding Chair

Carla Farmer

Committee Assistant

Agenda Committee Reports Bills Considered Attachments Visitors Registration

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE AND BILL SPONSOR NOTIFICATION 2005-2006 SESSION

You are hereby notified that the Committee on TRANSPORTATION will meet as follows:

DAY & DATE:	Wednesday, July 12, 2006	
TIME:	11:00 AM	
LOCATION:	1228 LB	
The following bills	will be considered (Bill # & Shor	rt Title & Bill Sponsor):
S 1381 Repo	eal Toll Bridge Authority	Senator Jenkins
		Stiller, Presiding Chair s L. Allen, Allred, and Carney, Chairs
I hereby certify this on Tuesday, July 11	•	ee assistant at the following offices at 10:00
Principal Reading	l Clerk Clerk - House Chamber	
Carla Farmer (Com	mittee Assistant)	

AGENDA

HOUSE COMMITTEE MEETING ON **TRANSPORTATION**

July 12, 2006

11:00 A.M.

Room 1228 LB

Representative Bonner Stiller, Presiding Chair Representative Lucy Allen, Chair Representative Carey Allred, Chair Representative Becky Carney, Chair

WELCOME AND OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIR

BILLS TO BE HEARD:

Repeal Toll Bridge Authority S 1381

Senator Jenkins

Gen. Con. Lic. Except./Clearing/Veh. Values. Representative Cole H 1827

ADJOURN

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 2005

H

HOUSE BILL 1827*

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/30/06 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/21/06

Sponsors:
Referred to:
May 10, 2006
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; TO CLARIFY THE GENERAL CONTRACTING EXCEPTIONS; TO DEFINE THE LIMITS OF VEGETATION REMOVAL FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING; AND TO REQUIRE LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS TO GENERATE TAX VALUES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES PURSUANT TO THE VALUATION ASSIGNED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a
new section to read:
"§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements. The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects shall
not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General
Statutes: (1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of pavements, bridges, roadside vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curbs, gutters, and rest areas. (2) Installation and maintenance of pavement markings and markers,
ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation and plantings." SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.

be subject to the licensing requirement of this Article."

The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall not

SECTION 3. G.S. 87-1.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 87-1.1. Exception for licensees under Article 2 or 4.

G.S. 87-1 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 or 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, G.S. 87-43 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, and G.S. 87-21(a)(5) shall not apply to a licensee under Article 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes when the licensee is bidding and contracting directly with the owner of a public building project if: (i) a licensed general contractor performs all work that falls within the classifications in G.S. 87-10(b) and the State Licensing Board of General Contractor's rules; and (ii) the total amount of the general contracting work so classified does not exceed a percentage of the total bid price pursuant to rules established by the Board.Board; and (iii) a licensee with the appropriate license under Article 2 or Article 4 of this Chapter performs all work that falls within the classifications in Article 2 and Article 4 of this Chapter."

SECTION 4. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 136-140.2. Vegetation removal for outdoor advertising.

- (a) Removal of vegetation within highway rights-of-way shall be permitted for opening views to legally erected forms of outdoor advertising which are located directly adjacent to State highway rights-of-way.
- (b) An application for the removal of vegetation shall be made by the owner of the legally erected outdoor advertising to the Department of Transportation, Division of Highways. The application shall be developed by the Department of Transportation. The fee for an application to remove vegetation from outdoor advertising areas shall be two hundred dollars (\$200.00).
- (c) For outdoor advertising erected as of the effective date of this act, the maximum removal area for vegetation for each sign face shall be an area not greater than 500 feet on either side of the sign location from the center of the sign, as measured along the edge of pavement of the public street or highway along which the outdoor advertisement is placed.
- (d) The cost of vegetation removal shall be borne solely by the owner of the outdoor advertising. No compensatory planting shall be required to replace any vegetation removed in the vegetation removal zone.
- (e) Vegetation shall be defined as any tree, shrub, vine, undergrowth, or plant growing within the area designated as removal zone by subsection (c) of this section.
- (f) Any vegetation as defined in subsection (e) of this section that is listed on any endangered species list by a United States governmental agency or the State of North Carolina shall not be removed. It shall be the sole responsibility of the lawful owner of the outdoor advertising to ensure compliance with this subsection. Any violation of this subsection shall carry the same penalty as the penalty for violation of the State or federal law protecting the endangered species."

SECTION 5. G.S. 105-283 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-283. Uniform appraisal standards.

All property, real and personal, shall as far as practicable be appraised or valued at its true value in money. When used in this Subchapter, the words "true value" shall be





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interpreted as meaning market value, that is, the price estimated in terms of money at which the property would change hands between a willing and financially able buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or to sell and both having reasonable knowledge of all the uses to which the property is adapted and for which it is capable of being used. For the purposes of this section, the acquisition of an interest in land by an entity having the power of eminent domain with respect to the interest acquired shall not be considered competent evidence of the true value in money of comparable land. For the purposes of Article 22A of this Chapter, "true value" means the value assigned by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles pursuant to the schedule established under G.S. 105-187.3(c)."

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective July 1, 2006.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2005**

H

D

HOUSE BILL 1827*

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/30/06 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 6/21/06 PROPOSED COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE H1827-CSSU-41 [v.3]

7/12/2006 12:02:50 PM

	Short Title: Gen. Con. Lic. Except./Turnpike Proj. Approv. (Publi	ic)
	Sponsors:	
	Referred to:	
	May 10, 2006	
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
3	CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERA	
4	CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOIN	
5	,	O
6	CLARIFY A GENERAL CONTRACTING EXCEPTION; AND TO REQUIF	₹E
7	GENERAL ASSEMBLY APPROVAL OF CERTAIN TURNPIKE PROJECTS.	
8	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
9	SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding	; a
10	new section to read:	
11	"§ 136-28.14. Project contractor licensing requirements. The letting of contracts under this Chapter for the following types of projects shades a second contract of the contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of projects shades a second contract of the following types of the following typ	~11
12 13	not be subject to the licensing requirements of Article 1 of Chapter 87 of the General	
13	Statutes:	<u>.aı</u>
15	(1) Routine maintenance and minor repair of pavements, bridges, roadsi	de
16	vegetation and plantings, drainage systems, concrete sidewalks, curb	_
17	gutters, and rest areas.	<i>70</i> ,
18	(2) Installation and maintenance of pavement markings and market	rs.
19	ground mounted signs, guardrail, fencing, and roadside vegetation as	
20	plantings."	
21	SECTION 2. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding	; a
22	new section to read:	
23	"§ 87-1.2. Exception for specified Department of Transportation contractors.	
24	The letting of contracts for the types of projects specified in G.S. 136-28.14 shall n	<u>10t</u>
25	be subject to the licensing requirement of this Article."	
26	SECTION 3. G.S. 87-1.1 reads as rewritten:	

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"§ 87-1.1. Exception for licensees under Article 2 or 4.

G.S. 87-1 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 or 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, G.S. 87-43 shall not apply to a licensee under Article 2 of this Chapter of the General Statutes, and G.S. 87-21(a)(5) shall not apply to a licensee under Article 4 of this Chapter of the General Statutes when the licensee is bidding and contracting directly with the owner of a public building project if: (i) a licensed general contractor performs all work that falls within the classifications in G.S. 87-10(b) and the State Licensing Board of General Contractor's rules; and (ii) the total amount of the general contracting work so classified does not exceed a percentage of the total bid price pursuant to rules established by the Board and (iii) a licensee with the appropriate license under Article 2 or Article 4 of this Chapter performs all work that falls within the classifications in Article 2 and Article 4 of this Chapter."

SECTION 4. G.S. 136-89.183(a)(2) reads as rewritten:

To study, plan, develop, and undertake preliminary design work on up to nine Turnpike Projects. At the conclusion of these activities, the Tumpike Authority is authorized to design, establish, purchase, construct, operate, and maintain up to nine Turnpike Projects. One of the Turnpike Projects shall be located in whole or in part in a county with a population equal to or greater than 650,000 persons, according to the latest decennial census, and one Turnpike Project shall be located in a county or counties that each have a population of fewer that 650,000 persons, according to the latest decennial census. One of the Turnpike Projects shall be a bridge of more than two miles in length going from the mainland to a peninsula bordering the State of Virginia. A Turnpike Project selected for construction by the Turnpike Authority shall be included in any applicable locally adopted comprehensive transportation plans and shall be shown in the current State Transportation Improvement Plan prior to the letting of a contract for the Turnpike Project. The General Assembly must approve Turnpike Projects which have not been approved by the applicable Rural Transportation Planning Organization established under G.S. 136-211 or Metropolitan Planning Organization recognized under G.S. 136-200.1."

SECTION 5. This act is effective when it becomes law.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 2005

S

SENATE BILL 1381* Transportation Committee Substitute Adopted 6/20/06

Short Title: Repeal Toll Bridge Authority.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
May 16, 2006	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REPEAL THE NORTH CAROLINA BRIDGE AUT AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRAN ISSUE A PRIVATE PILOT TOLL PROJECT LICENSE, AS BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATI COMMITTEE, TO AUTHORIZE THE NC TURNPIKE CONVERT CERTAIN FREE HIGHWAYS CONTIGUOUS PLANNED TOLL FACILITIES, AND TO GRANT AUTHORITY RIGHT OF ENTRY FOR SURVEYS. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. Article 6F of Chapter 136 of the General SECTION 2. Article 6G of Chapter 136 of the General SECTION 3. G.S. 136-89.187 reads as rewritten:	NSPORTATION TO S RECOMMENDED ION OVERSIGHT AUTHORITY TO TO EXISTING OR THE TURNPIKE Statutes is repealed.
"§ 136-89.187. Conversion of free highways prohibited. The Authority Board is prohibited from converting any segments."	nent of the nontolled
State highway system to a toll facility. facility, unless the segment existing or planned toll facility and the Authority Board determin	nt is contiguous to an
segment to a toll facility is needed to help establish the financial vi	iability of the existing
or planned toll facility. If the Authority Board determines that conv	verting the segment to
a toll facility is needed to help establish the financial viability of the	he existing or planned
toll facility, the Department is authorized to dedicate or otherwise	e convey the segment
of the State highway system to the Authority for use as a toll facility	<u>ly."</u>
SECTION 4. G.S. 136-89.194 is amended by adding	; a new subsection to
read: "(d) Entry for Surveys. – The Turnpike Authority and	l its employees and
contractors shall have the same right of entry for surveys, be examinations as granted the Department of Transportation in G.S.	136-120 "
examinations as granted the Department of Transportation in O.S.	100 120.

SECTION 5. This act is effective when it becomes law.



NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

Senate Bill 1381*

	AN	MENDMENT NO
	•	o be filled in by
S1381-ARW-33 [v.4]	F	Principal Clerk)
		Page 1 of 1
	Date	,2006
Comm. Sub. [NO] Amends Title [YES] Second Edition		
Representative Sutton		
moves to amend the bill on page 1,	lines 15-22 by rewriting	those lines to read:
"The Authority Board is prohibited Highway System to a toll facility. construction as of July 1, 2006, lo from I-40 southwest to N.C. 55."	facility, except for a seg	ment of Interstate 540 under
and on page 1, lines 6-8, by rewriting "COMMITTEE, TO AUTHOR AUTHORITY TO CONVERT CONSTRUCTION IN WAKE AN AND TO GRANT THE TURNPIKE	RIZE THE NORTH A PORTION OF IN ID DURHAM COUNTII	TERSTATE 540 UNDER
SIGNED		
Amendment Sponsor		
SIGNED		
SIGNED Committee Chair if Senate Commi	ttee Amendment	
ADOPTED FA	ILED	TABLED

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2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. ⊠Committee Substitute #**3** for A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO EXEMPT CERTAIN **HB 1827** DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CONTRACTORS FROM THE REQUIREMENT FOR A GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE; TO CLARIFY THE GENERAL CONTRACTING EXCEPTIONS; TO DEFINE THE LIMITS OF VEGETATION REMOVAL FOR OUTDOOR ADVERTISING; AND TO REQUIRE LOCAL GOVERNMENT TAX ASSESSORS AND COLLECTORS TO GENERATE TAX VALUES FOR MOTOR VEHICLES PURSUANT TO THE VALUATION ASSIGNED BY THE DIVISION OF MOTOR VEHICLES. With a favorable report as to Committee Substitute Bill 3, unfavorable as to Committee Substitute Bill 2. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No. ____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented: By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on TRANSPORTATION. Committee Substitute for SB 1381 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REPEAL THE NORTH CAROLINA BRIDGE AUTHORITY AND THE AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO ISSUE A PRIVATE PILOT TOLL PROJECT LICENSE, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE, TO AUTHORIZE THE NC TURNPIKE AUTHORITY TO CONVERT CERTAIN FREE HIGHWAYS CONTIGUOUS TO EXISTING OR PLANNED TOLL FACILITIES, AND TO GRANT THE TURNPIKE AUTHORITY RIGHT OF ENTRY FOR SURVEYS. With a favorable report as to House committee substitute bill, unfavorable as to Senate committee substitute bill -1. (FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY) Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.____) is placed on the Calendar of _____. (The original bill resolution No.____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is re-referred to the Committee on _____. (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No.) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the (House/Senate) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No. ____) is placed on the Calendar of ______. (The original bill resolution No. _____) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar. The (House) committee substitute bill/(joint) resolution (No.) is re-referred to the Committee on . (The original bill/resolution) (House/Senate Committee Substitute Bill/(Joint) resolution No. ___) is placed on the Unfavorable Calendar.

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7-12-06

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Repecca Barringer	ger of sice
Susan Coward	NCDOT
BERRY Jenkins	Carolina AGC
JUHN LONG	Martin Maruella Muferials
Johanna Roese	Dot
John Phelps	NCLM
ELLIS HANKING	2 Cm
Tony adams	NCOAA
Chris Hares	Civilis Jackhalo
Enry knog	Ne Convervation Letwonle.
Lathlean Edwards	unc-cH Daily Bulletin

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

	NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
	Rid Webb	NCGA
	·ZAM	NCA MVR C
	Sanche Long	Martin Maruta Materials
	Angic Harn's	Marepin Taylor
	John Dillard	CSK
	Chadre Diehl	NETA
Bu	e Carsoquetary	CATS/WEGO
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VISITOR REGISTE



VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

/RANSPORTATION

Name of Committee

7-13-06

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE ASSISTANT

. NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Tens Inea	Spider Paux.
And Kamant	NCLM)
Rich Webl	NCGA
Meghan Morris	Gov's Office
JOHN LONG	martin Marcella-
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House Pages

Name Of Committee Sarapa tatoris 7-13-06	
1. Name: Zane Tallant	
County: Tender 500	
Sponsor: Oustus	
2. Name: Logan Riddle	
County: Vitacolo	
Sponsor: Ray	
3. Name: Win Joynes	
County:	
Sponsor:	
4. Name: William Dun Occo	
County: Halitax	
Sponsor: Land College	
5. Name: Michael Sleve Cappening	
County: Hander &	
Sponsor:	
Sgt-At-Arms	
1. Name: <u>Jera/d Perry</u> 2. Name: <u>Nell Casper</u>	
2. Name: Mell CASPER	
3. Name:	
4. Name:	
5. Name:	

MINUTES

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

July 20, 2006

The HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION met on Thursday, July 20, 2006, in Room 1228 of the Legislative Building at 10:00 A.M. Representative Lucy Allen presided. Members present were: Representative Carney, Co-Chair; Representatives Saunders, Steen, and Williams, Vice Chairs; Representatives Blackwood, Cleveland, Coates, Cole, Goodwin, Haire, Hill, Hilton, Preston, Rapp, Rayfield, Rhodes, Starnes, Sutton, and Wilkins. Assisting with the meeting were Giles Perry and Wendy Graf-Ray, Staff Counsel, and Melissa Riddle, Committee Assistant. Also assisting were Neil Casper, Martha Parrish, and Dusty Rhodes, House Sergeants-at-Arms. A list of visitors is attached.

Representative Allen called the meeting to order and introduced the House pages: Grant Peaden (Cumberland County – Rep. Glazier), Dante Rossi (Wake County – Speaker Black), Molly Donahue (Orange County – Representative Insko), and Tony Tyson, II (Greene County – Representative Warren), along with the above mentioned House Sergeants-At-Arms.

The first order of business HB 643 – A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR PRIVATE FUNDING OF CERTAIN PUBLIC INTERCHANGES AND TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PERMIT ENROACHMENT OF AIRSPACE ABOVE STATE ROAD 1250, SPRINGFIELD ROAD, NEAR ROCKY MOUNT FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A MATERIAL CONVEYANCE SYSTEM. Representative Linda Coleman explained the bill which would authorize the establishment of a privately funded interchange district in which private developers and property owners can pay for the construction of highway interchanges. It further provides that a private entity may establish an interchange district upon certification to the Secretary of State that the district meets the criteria set forth in proposed GS 136-227(b). Proposed GS 136-228 authorizes the Department of Environment and Natural Resources to permit a private developer or landowner to be the sole applicant for necessary permits or certifications relating to the construction of a bridge and interchange within an interchange district. This section also provides that with respect to the construction of the bridge and interchange, the developer or landowner will retain all rights and responsibilities, will be entitled to credit for any environmental mitigation, and will be responsible for the construction of the roadways connecting the interchange ramps to existing State-owned roadways. Upon completion of the project, it will become part of the State highway system for maintenance. This bill requires that the Department of Transportation review and approve the design and construction of the project, which must be constructed to state standards.

Section 2 authorizes the Department of Transportation to permit private use and encroachment upon the airspace above State Road 1250, Springfield Road, near Rocky Mount, for construction of a material conveyance system, if the Department concludes

House TRANSPORTATION Committee Minutes Thursday, July 20, 2006 - Page two

that the system will not unreasonably interfere with the property rights of abutting owners or the public use of State Road 1250.

Mr. Lynn Sanderson, State Highway Administration Instructor, responded to questions posed by various committee members. After much discussion, Representative Saunders moved that the House concur with the Senate Committee Substitute for HB 643. The motion passed.

There being no further bills under consideration Representative Lucy Allen, Presiding Chair, adjourned the meeting at 11:35 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Lucy T. Allen

Presiding Chair

Melissa Riddle

Committee Assistant

Attachments:

Agenda

Visitors Registration

Senate Committee Substitute for HB 643

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

July 20, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

ALLEY ASSOCITES INC.
Daily Bullerin
NCACC
NCGA
Conservation Council
Environment North Covalinas
NCDENAL
Martin Maru Ha
NCDOT
WC6A
NCTA

TRANSPORTATION (HOUSE)

July 20, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Rix Zechini	NCAR
BH Westhoute	UTU
Rebenalbarringer	gov. office
Myshal	CAPA
Tel Turlingte	Ffulle
Tom Coley	CNA
This Anders	PAR
Lephon Suns	ncar
Lisa Martin	NC HBA
Rul OBrien	PFFPNC
James Andrews	NCState WFL- MD

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July 20, 2006

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
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Tracy Kimbrell	Pancer Poes
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Houşe Pages

Name Of Committee:	Dai්්්	7/20/0
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1. Name: Gravit Pender		
County: Combanance		
Sponsor: Rok Glazier		
2. Name: Topke Resso		
County: <u>Simile</u>		
Sponsor: Sponsor Blank	· ·	111111 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -
3. Name: Molly DOMALILA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
County: OVAITOR		
Sponsor: Reg. JINSKO		
4. Name: Tony & Tyson I	L	
County: <u>Greene</u>		
Sponsor: Edith Warren		· ·
5. Name:		
County:		
Sponsor:		
	Sgt-At-Arms	
1. Name: MANTHA PARSIST	<u> </u>	
2. Name: NELL CASPER		
2. Name: NELL CASPER 3. Name: Dusty Rhodes		
4. Name:		
5. Name:		

NORTH CAROLINA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE MEETING NOTICE 2005-2006 SESSION

You are hereby notified that the Committee on TRANSPORTATION will meet as follows: DAY & DATE: Thursday, July 20, 2006 10:00 a.m. TIME: **LOCATION:** 1228 The following bills will be considered (Bill # & Short Title & Bill Sponsor): HB 643 – Interchange Districts Representative Miller Respectfully, Representatives L. Allen, Allred, Carney & Stiller Co-chairs I hereby certify this notice was filed by the committee clerk at the following offices at 9:25 a.m. on July 20, 2006. Principal Clerk Reading Clerk - House Chamber

Melissa Riddle (Committee Assistant)

2005 COMMITTEE REPORT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The following report(s) from standing committee(s) is/are presented:				
By Representative L. Allen, Allred, Carney, Stiller (Chairs) for the Committee on				
TRANSPORTATION.				
Senate Committee Substitute for				
HB 643 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR PRIVATE				
FUNDING OF CERTAIN PUBLIC INTERCHANGES AND TO AUTHORIZE THE				
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO PERMIT ENCROACHMENT OF AIRSPACE				
ABOVE STATE ROAD 1250, SPRINGFIELD ROAD, NEAR ROCKY MOUNT FOR THE				
CONSTRUCTION OF A MATERIAL CONVEYANCE SYSTEM.				
With recommendation that the House concur.				
(FOR JOURNAL USE ONLY)				
Pursuant to Rule 32(a), the bill/resolution is re-referred to the Committee on				
Pursuant to Rule 36(b), the bill/resolution is placed on the Calendar of				

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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HOUSE BILL 643

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Corrected Copy 3/18/05

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/12/05 Senate Transportation Committee Substitute Adopted 7/12/06

	Short Title: Interd	(Public)				
	Sponsors:					
	Referred to:		,			
	March 15, 2005					
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2	AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR PRIVATE FUNDING OF CERTAIN PUBLIC					
3	INTERCHANGES AND TO AUTHORIZE THE DEPARTMENT OF					
4						
5	STATE ROAD 1250, SPRINGFIELD ROAD, NEAR ROCKY MOUNT FOR THE					
6	CONSTRUCTION OF A MATERIAL CONVEYANCE SYSTEM.					
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:					
8	SECTION 1. Chapter 136 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a					
9	new Article to read:					
10		"Article 19.	•			
11	"Privately Funded Interchanges.					
12	"§ 136-225. Privately funded interchange districts; legislative findings.					
13		Assembly makes the following finding	igs regarding the need for			
14						
15	<u>(1)</u>	Economic development in the State w				
16		opportunity for private developers and				
17		construction of interchanges, thereby				
18		problems and providing employment of	opportunities for the residents			
19	(2)	of North Carolina.	as he madified with private			
20	<u>(2)</u>	When an existing public thoroughfare funds to meet the needs of a growing				
21		interest to provide a mechanism for su				
22	(2)	The health and safety of the citizens				
23	(3)	through the provision of privately f				
24 25		traffic problems.	unded solutions to growing			
25 26	(4)	The public interest of the State wil	l be served by encouraging			
20 27	(4)	private investment in public roadways				
<i>4 1</i>		private investment in puone roudways	<u>.</u>			

"§ 136-226. Privately funded interchange districts; purpose.

A privately funded interchange district shall exist to provide a means for private developers and property owners to pay for the construction of highway interchanges that serve the public and meet standards set by the North Carolina Department of Transportation.

"§ 136-227. Privately funded interchange districts; establishment, criteria.

- (a) A privately funded interchange district may be established on any parcel or tract of land or on any combination of contiguous parcels or tracts of land as provided in this section. To establish a privately funded interchange district, the private entity that intends to construct an interchange located within the boundaries of the district shall certify to the Secretary of State that the district meets all of the criteria set out in this section. This certification shall constitute prima facie evidence that these criteria have been met. The district shall be considered to be established as a privately funded interchange district on the date the certification is filed. Once established, a privately funded interchange district shall continue to exist until the interchange is completed and accepted by the Department of Transportation.
- (b) Any parcel or tract of land, or any combination of contiguous parcels or tracts of land, that meets all of the following criteria is eligible for establishment as a privately funded interchange district:
 - (1) The property is located in a county that is at least 500,000 acres in size with a population of at least 600,000 persons.
 - (2) All of the real property comprising the district is in a publicly owned highway right-of-way of 50 acres or more.
 - (3) The proposed interchange will provide access to a planned unit development consisting of 1,000 acres or more.
 - (4) Failure to allow private funding will cause construction of the proposed interchange to be indefinitely delayed.
 - (5) The proposed interchange will be funded solely through private funds and upon completion will be taken onto the State highway system for maintenance.
 - (6) The proposed interchange is the subject of an agreement previously entered into by the private developer or landowner and the Department of Transportation.

"§ 136-228. Privately funded interchange districts; permitting and construction.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the Department of Environment and Natural Resources shall allow a private developer or landowner to be the sole applicant for any necessary permits or certifications relating to the construction of a bridge and interchange within a privately funded interchange district.
- (b) The private developer or landowner shall possess any and all rights and responsibilities, pertaining solely to the construction of the proposed bridge and interchange within the privately funded interchange district, that have been previously granted by permit or certification to the Department of Transportation.
- (c) The private developer or landowner shall be entitled to credit for any environmental mitigation, related solely to the construction of the proposed bridge and

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maintenance. The Department of Transportation shall review and approve the design and construction of the project. The project shall be constructed to State standards for highway construction."

(d)

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SECTION 2. The Department of Transportation is hereby authorized to permit private use and encroachment upon the airspace above State Road 1250, Springfield Road, near the City of Rocky Mount, for the purpose of construction of a material conveyance system, provided, in the opinion of the Department of Transportation, such material conveyance system will not unreasonably interfere with or impair the property rights or easements of abutting owners nor unreasonably interfere with or obstruct the public use of State Road 1250, Springfield Road. This encroachment shall be subject to all other rules, regulations, and conditions of the Department of Transportation for encroachments. The location, plans, and specifications for the material conveyance system shall be approved by the Department.

interchange, that has been or will be performed by the Department of Transportation

of the roadways connecting the interchange ramps to existing State-owned roadways.

Upon completion, the project will be taken onto the State highway system for

The private developer or landowner shall be responsible for the construction

with respect to impacts located within the privately funded interchange district.

SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.