2015

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS — JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY

MINUTES

Membership

Senate Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety Subcommittee 2015-16 Biennium

Senator Stan Bingham, Co-Chair Room 625, LOB (919)-733-5665 Maria Kinnaird

Senator E. S. (Buck) Newton, Co-Chair Room 621, LOB (919) 715-3030 Carol Wilson

Senator Shirley B. Randleman, Co-Chair Room 628, LOB (919) 733-5743 Jeb Kelly

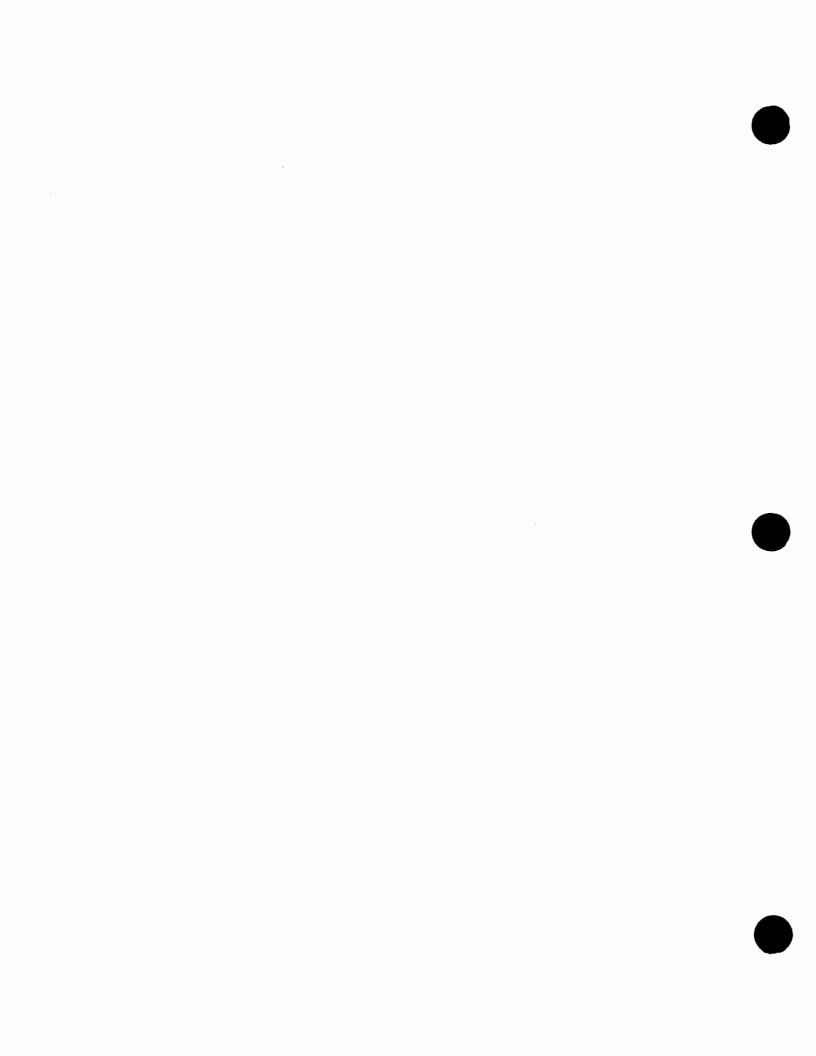
Senator Tom Apodaca, Vice-Chair Room 2010, LB (919) 733-5745 Laura Kilian

> Senator Valerie Foushee Room 517, LOB (919) 733-5804 James Spivey

> Senator Fletcher Hartsell Room 627, LOB (919) 733-7223 Gerry Johnson

Senator Jeff Jackson Room 1104, LB (919) 715-8331 Ted Harrison

Senator Michael V. Lee Room 2111, LB (919) 715-2525 Robert Andrews



JOINT APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

February 11, 2015 8:30 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs: Senator Stan Bingham, Presiding

Senator Buck Newton Senator Shirley Randleman Representative Jamie Boles Representative Leo Daughtry Representative John Faircloth Representative Pat Hurley

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

Overview of Structured Sentencing John Madler, Associate Director for Policy/Staff Attorney Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. OTHER BUSINESS:

Next meetings: Tuesday, February 11, 2015, 8:30 a.m. – AOC Overview

Wednesday, February 12, 2015, 8:30 a.m. - AOC Workload and Personnel

VI. ADJOURNMENT

House Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

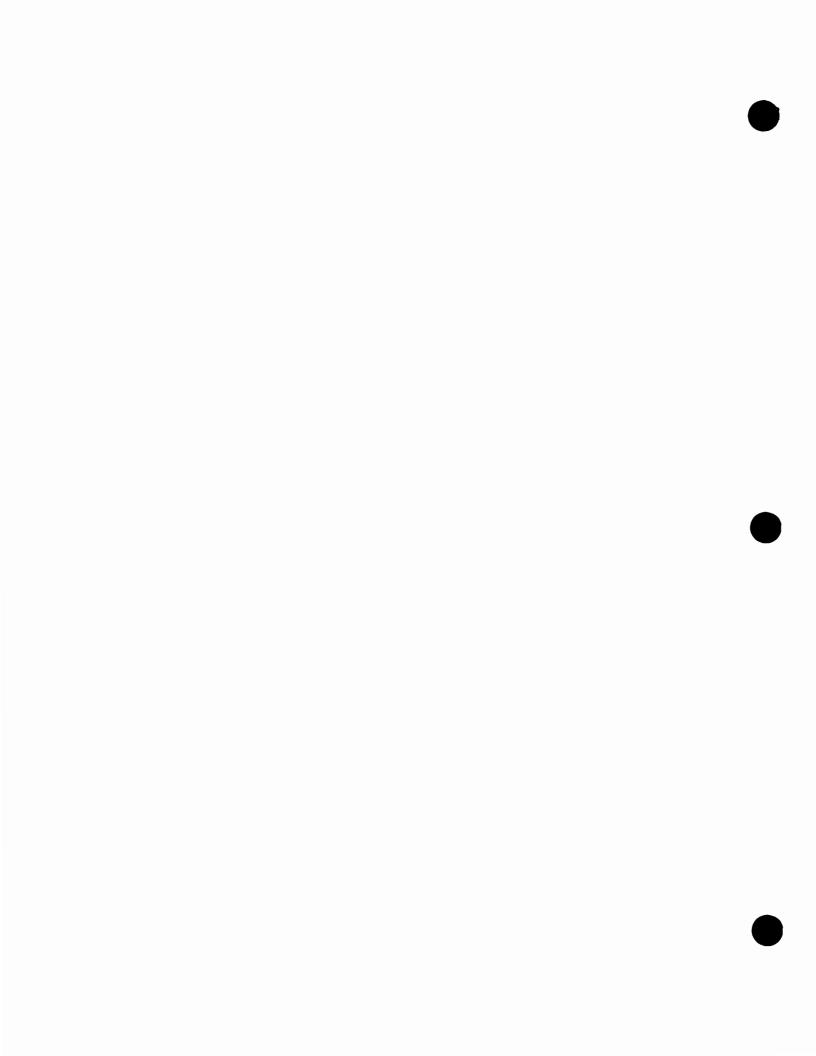
Rep. Boles (Chair)Sen. Bingham (Chair)Rep. Daughtry (Chair)Sen. Newton (Chair)Rep. Faircloth (Chair)Sen. Randleman (Chair)Rep. Hurley (Chair)Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Rep. Jackson (Vice Chair), Rep. McNeill (Vice Chair), Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson,

Rep. Stevens (Vice Chair) Sen. Lee

Rep. C. Graham, Rep. G. Graham, Rep. R. Johnson, Rep. Salmon,

Rep. Speciale, Rep. Turner



Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety Wednesday, February 11, 2015 at 8:30 AM Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building

MINUTES

The Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety met at 8:35 AM on February 11, 2015 in Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building. Nineteen members were present.

Senator Stan Bingham, Chair, presided. Senator Bingham recognized the Sergeant-at-Arms and the Pages. He then recognized John Madler, the Associate Director for Policy/Staff Attorney at the Sentencing and Policy Commission to explain his presentation of the Overview of Structured Sentencing (see attached). Mr. Madler gave a brief history of structured sentencing, including a description of the process, the principles behind it, an explanation of the schedule in the statutes and the effects on inmates' sentences since 1994.

Following the presentation, Senator Bingham asked for questions from the Committee. Rep. Ralph Johnson asked if structured sentencing has resulted in a lower prison population. Susan Katzenelson, Executive Director of the Sentencing Commission, replied that there was a lower prison rate and that prisoners were not released as soon as under the parole system.

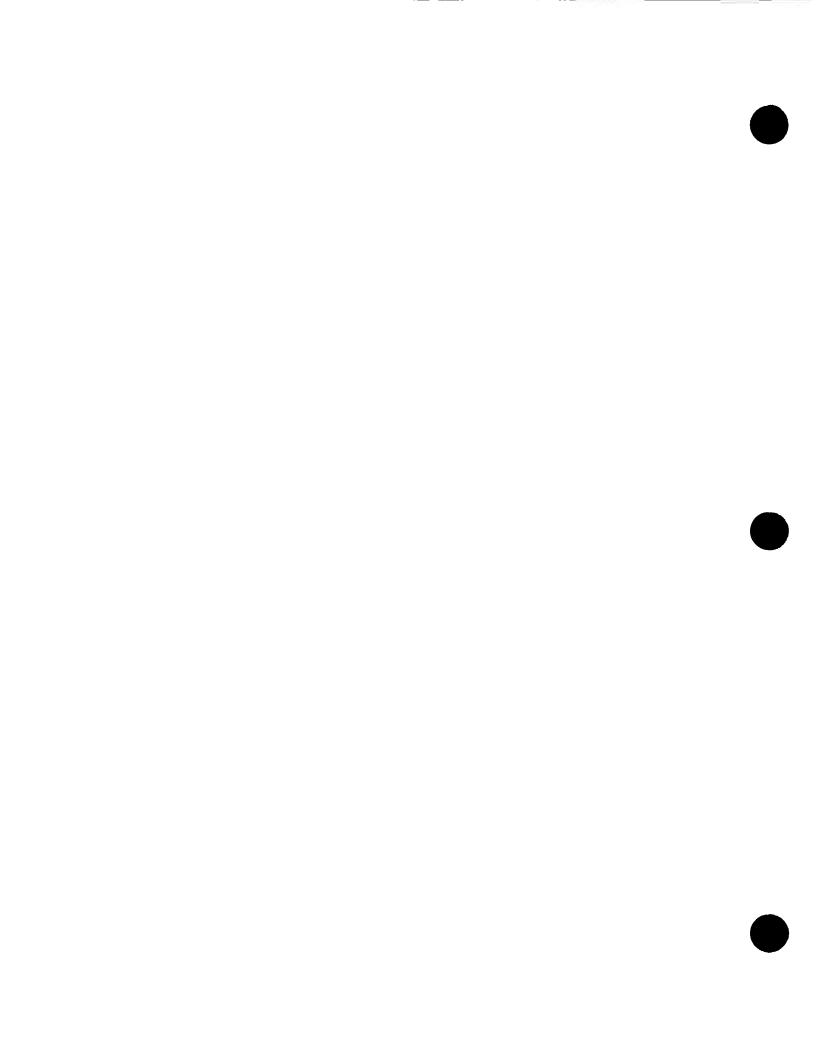
Senator Bingham asked about the success of the "quick dip". Mr. Madler responded that the two to three days in jail which comprises the "quick dip" is very successful.

The meeting adjourned at 9:35am.

Senator Stan Bingham, Chair

Presiding

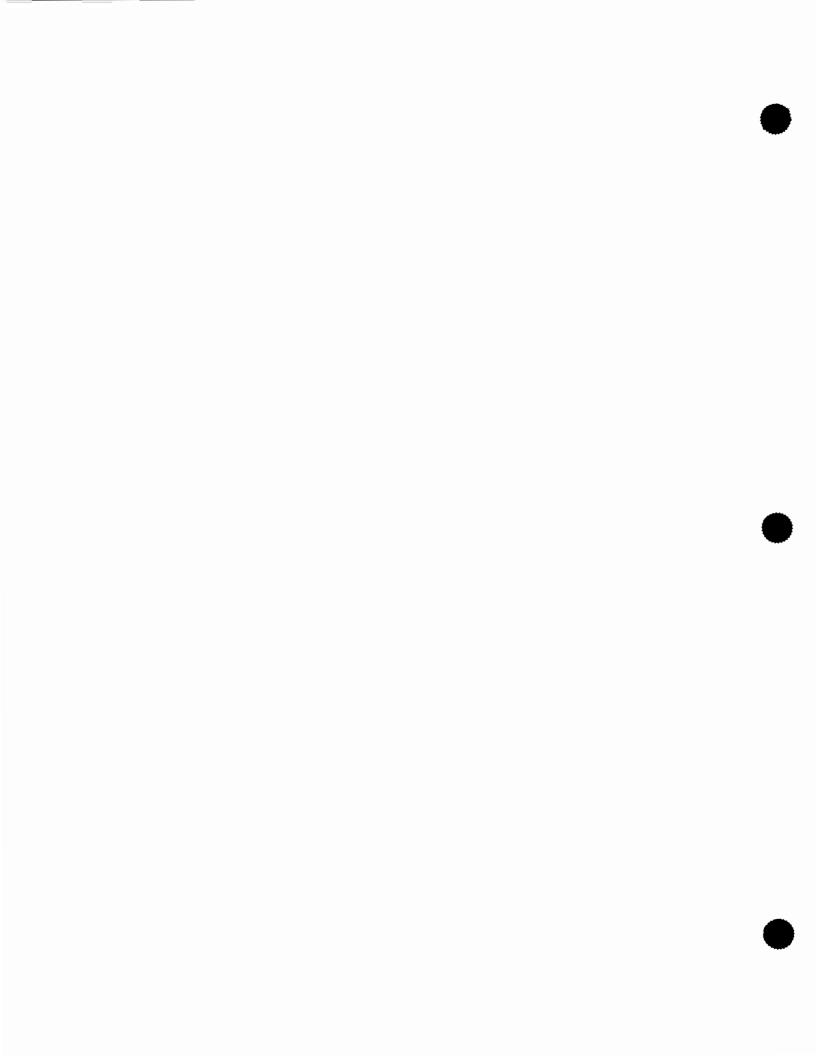
Maria Kinnaird Committee Clerk



ATTENDANCE

2015- 2016 Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

DATES								
NAMES	2/11							
Sen. Stan Bingham Co-Chair								
Sen. Buck Newton Co-Chair	/							
Sen. Shirley Randleman Co-Chair	1							
Sen, Tom Apodaca Vice-Chair								
Sen. Valerie Foushee								
Sen. Fletcher Hartsell, Jr.								
Sen. Jeff Jackson	1							
Sen. Michael Lee	1							
Rep. Jamie Boles Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Leo Daughtry Co-Chair	J							
Rep. John Faircloth Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Pat Hurley Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Darren Jackson Vice-Chair	1							
Rep. Allen McNeill Vice-Chair	1							
Rep. Sarah Stevens Vice-Chair								
Rep. Charles Graham	*							
Rep. George Graham	J							
Rep. Ralph Johnson	1							
Rep. Brad Salmon	1							
Rep. Michael Speciale	1							
Rep. Rena Turner	1							





Structured Sentencing

NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission February 11, 2015

http://www.nccourts.org/Courts/CRS/Councils/spac/



The Sentencing Commission

- Created by the General Assembly in 1990
- 28 members representing different aspects of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice System
- Nonpartisan members appointed by the leaders of all three branches of government
- Members perform policy analysis based on empirical information

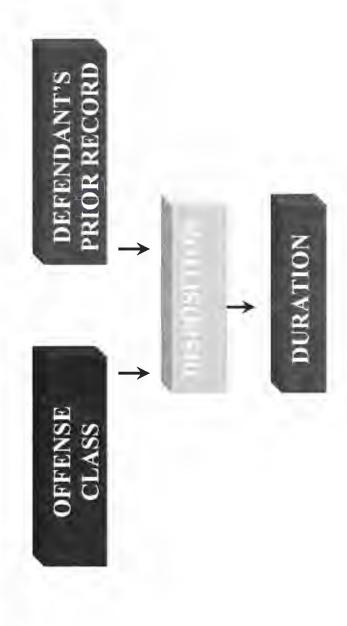
Structured Sentencing Timeline

- 1993 Enacted by the General Assembly
- 1994 Effective date
- 1995 Increased some sentence lengths and added active sentence options
- 2009 Made minimum sentences proportionate and evened out prior record level point ranges
- 2011 Justice Reinvestment Act



- Provide truth in sentencing
- Provide consistency and certainty in sentencing
- Provide a rational basis for sentencing
- Set priorities for the use of correctional resources
- Balance sentencing policies with correctional resources

Structured Sentencing Components



FELONY PUNISHEENT CHART

			PR	IOR REC	ORD LEV	/EL	
		I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts
TK.	A						
K	В1						
4	В2						
	С						
CLASS	D						
OFFENSE CLASS	E		DE .				
ō	F						
	G				/II		
	н				(See 2)		
	I						

FELONY CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA*

CLASS

CRITERIA

A

Reserved for First Degree Murder

[Reasonably tend to result or does result in]:

B

Serious debilitating long-term personal injury

 \mathbf{C}

Serious long-term personal injury

Serious long-term or widespread societal injury

D

 Serious infringements on property interest which also implicate physical safety concerns by use of a deadly weapon or an offense involving an occupied dwelling

E

Serious personal injury

[•] Personal injury includes both physical and mental injury.

Societal injury includes violations of public morality, judicial or government operations, and/or public order and welfare.

Note: The criteria were not used in the classification of the homicide offenses or drug offenses

FELONY CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA*

<u>CLASS</u>	CRITERIA
F	 Significant personal injury
	 Serious societal injury
G	Serious property loss:
	Loss from the person or from the person's dwelling
Н	Serious property loss:
	Loss from any structure designed to house or secure any activity or property
	Loss occasioned by the taking or removing of property Loss occasioned by breach of trust, formal or informal
	 Personal injury
	Significant societal injury
I	• Serious property loss:
	All other felonious property loss
	Societal injury
M	 All other misdemeanors

[•] Personal injury includes both physical and mental injury. Societal injury includes violations of public morality, judicial or government operations, and/or public order and welfare.

SCORING PRIOR RECORD/FELONY SENTENCING

(For offenses committed on or after December 1, 2009)

NUMBER	ТҮРЕ		POINTS
	Prior Felony Class A Conviction	x 10	
	Prior Felony Class B1 Conviction	х 9	
	Prior Felony Class B2 or C or D Conviction	х 6	
	Prior Felony Class E or F or G Conviction	x 4	
	Prior Felony Class H or I Conviction	x 2	
	Prior Misdemeanor Class A1 or 1 Conviction*,		
	or Prior Impaired Driving Conviction	x 1	
		SUBTOTAL	
prior offense	nents of the present offense are included in any , whether or not the prior offense was used in prior record level.	+]	
(a) while o	e was committed: n probation, parole, or post-release supervision; erving a sentence of imprisonment; or n escape.	+ 1	
. /		TOTAL	

^{*}Class 1 misdemeanor offenses under Chapter 20 are not assigned any points except for impaired driving in a commercial vehicle [G.S. 20-138.2] and misdemeanor death by vehicle [G.S. 20-141.4(a)(2)]

II. CLASSIFYING PRIOR RECORD LEVEL

POINTS	LEVEL
0 – 1	I
2-5	II
6 – 9	III
10 – 13	IV
14 – 17	V
18+	VI

PRIOR RECORD LEVEL ____

FELONY PUNISHMENT CHART

		PRIOR RECORD LEVEL										
	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III	IV 10-13 Pts	V	VI 18+ Pts						
A		De		Without Paro								
В1	A	A	A	A	A	A						
В2	A	A	A	A	A	A						
С	A	A	A	A	A	A						
D	A	A	A	A	A	A						
E	I/A	I/A	A	A	A	A						
F	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	A						
G	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A						
н	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A						
	С	C/I	I	I/A	I/A	I/A						
I												

OFFENSE CLASS



Active

Intermediate

Community

Imprisonment

- Prison/Jail
- Post-Release Supervision

Supervised Probation

- May include:
 - Special Probation (Split Sentence)
 - Drug Treatment Court
 - Other conditions set by court
 - Conditions added by probation officer after risk/needs assessment

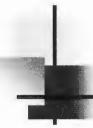
Non-Active Sentence

- May include:
- Fine
- Unsupervised Probation
- Supervised Probation
- Probation may include:
 - Conditions set by court
 - Conditions added by probation officer after risk/needs assessment
- Probation may not include:
 - Special Probation
 - Drug Treatment Court

FELONY PUNISICIENT CHART

	PRIOR RECORD LEVEL										
	I	II	III	IV	٧	VI					
100	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts		10-13 Pts		18+ Pts					
A		Death or Life Without Parole									
	A 240-300	A 276-345	A 317-397	A 365-456	A Life Without Parole	A Life Without Parole					
B1	192-240	221-276	254-317	292-365	336-420	386-483					
-	144-192	166-221	190-254	219-292	252-336	290-386					
D 2	A 157-196	A 180-225	A 207-258	A 238-297	A 273-342	A 314-393					
B2	125-157	144-180	165-207	190-238	219-273	251-314					
	94-125	108-144	124-165	143-190	164-219	189-251					
	A 73-92	A 83-104	A 96-120	A 110-138	A 127-159	A 146-182					
C	58-73	67-83	77-96	88-110	101-127	117-146					
	44-58	50-67	58-77	66-88	76-101	87-117					
= 1	A	A	Α	A	A	Α					
D	64-80	73-92	84-105	97-121	111-139	128-160					
	51-64	59-73	67-84	78-97	89-111	103-128					
	38-51	44-59	51-67	58-78	67-89	77-103					
	I/A	1/A	A	A	A	A					
E	25-31	29-36	33-41 26-33	38-48 30-38	44-55	50-63 40-50					
I - 1	20-25	23-29			35-44	2000000					
	15-20 I/A	17-23 I/A	20-26 I/A	23-30 A	26-35 A	30-40 A					
F	16-20	19-23	21-27	25-31	28-36	33-41					
	13-16	15-19	17-21	20-25	23-28	26-33					
	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20	17-23	20-26					
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A					
G	13-16	14-18	17-21	19-24	22-27	25-31					
9	10-13	12-14	13-17	15-19	17-22	20-25					
	8-10	9-12	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20					
	C/I/A	1/A	1/A	1/A	I/A	A 20.25					
н	6-8 5-6	8-10 6-8	10-12 8-10	9-11	15-19	20-25 16-20					
					12-15						
-	4-5 C	4-6	6-8 I	7-9 1/A	9-12 1/A	12-16 1/A					
	6-8	C/1 6-8	6-8	8-10	9-11	10-12					
I	4-6	4-6	5-6	6-8	7-9	8-10					
	3-4	3-4	4-5	4-6	5-7	6-8					
	J-7	J-7	1 75	1 70	5-7	0.0					

OFFENSE CLASS



Minimum Sentence Ranges

		IV
		10-13 Pts
	12.2	A
		97 - 121
Section 1		78 - 97
ož.	and and	58-78

- AGGRAVATED MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE
- PRESUMPTIVE MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE
- MITIGATED MINIMUM SENTENCE RANGE

The corresponding maximum sentence for each minimum sentence is shown in the tables below. In each column, the number to the left of the dash represents the minimum sentence (in months) and the number to the right of the dash represents the corresponding maximum sentence (in months).

			FOR OFF	ENSE CLASS	SES B1 THRO	OUGH E		
15-30	52-75	89-119	126-164	163-208	200-252	237-297	274-341	311-386
16-32	53-76	90-120	127-165	164-209	201-254	238-298	275-342	312-387
17-33	54-77	91-122	128-166	165-210	202-255	239-299	276-344	313-388
18-34	55~78	92-123	129-167	166-212	203-256	240-300	277-345	314-389
19-35	56-80	93-124	130-168	167-213	204-257	241-302	278-346	315-390
20-36	57-81	94-125	131-170	168-214	205-258	242-303	279-347	316-392
21-38	58-82	95-126	132-171	169-215	206-260	243-304	280-348	317-393
22-39	59-83	96-128	133-172	170-216	207-261	244-305	281-350	318-394
23-40	60-84	97-129	134-173	171-218	208-262	245-306	282-351	319-395
24-41	61-86	98-130	135-174	172-219	209-263	246-308	283-352	320-396
25-42	62-87	99-131	136-176	173-220	210-264	247-309	284-353	321-398
26-44	63-88	100-132	137-177	174-221	211-266	248-310	285-354	322-399
27-45	64-89	101-134	138-178	175-222	212-267	249-311	286-356	323-400
28-46	65-90	102-135	139-179	176-224	213-268	250-312	287-357	324-401
29-47	66-91	103-136	140-180	177-225	214-269	251-314	288-358	325-402
30-48	67-93	104-137	141-182	178-226	215-270	252-315	289-359	326-404
31-50	68-94	105-138	142-183	179-227	216-271	253-316	290-360	327-405
32-51	69-95	106-140	143-184	180-228	217-273	254-317	291-362	328-406
33-52	70-96	107-141	144-185	181-230	218-274	255-318	292-363	329-407
34-53	71-98	108-142	145-186	182-231	219-275	256-320	293-364	330-408
35-54	72-99	109-143	146-188	183-232	220-276	257-321	294-365	331-410
36-56	73-100	110-144	147-189	184-233	221-278	258-322	295-366	332-411
37-57	74-101	111-146	148-190	185-234	222-279	259-323	296-368	333-412
38-58	75-102	112-147	149-191	186-236	223-280	260-324	297-369	334-413
39-59	76-104	113-148	150-192	187-237	224-281	261-326	298-370	335-414
40-60	77-105	114-149	151-194	188-238	225-282	262-327	299-371	336-416
41-62	78-106	115-150	152-195	189-239	226-284	263-328	300-372	337-417
42-63	79-107	116-152	153-196	190-240	227-285	264-329	301-374	338-418
43-64	80-108	117-153	154-197	191-242	228-286	265-330	302-375	339-419
44-65	81-110	118-154	155-198	192-243	229-287	266-332	303-376	
45-66	82-111	119-155	156-200	193-244	230-288	267-333	304-377	
46-68	83-112	120-156	157-201	194-245	231-290	268-334	305-378	
47-69	84-113	121-158	158-202	195-246	232-291	269-335	306-380	
48-70	85-114	122-159	159-203	196-248	233-292	270-336	307-381	
49-71	86-115	123-160	160-204	197-249	234-293	271-338	308-382	
50-72	87-117	124-161	161-206	198-250	235-294	272-339	309-383	
51-74	88-118	125-162	162-207	199-251	236-296	273-340	310-384	

To calculate a maximum sentence when the minimum sentence is 340 months or more, multiply the minimum sentence by 1.20 (rounding to the next highest month) and add 12. See G.S. 15A-1340.17(e1).

Sex Offenses: To calculate a maximum sentence for a Class B1 through E felony that is subject to the registration requirements of G.S. Chapter 14, Article 27A, multiply the minimum sentence by 1.20 (rounding to the next highest month) and add 60. See G.S. 15A-1340.17(f).

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM SENTENCES

The corresponding maximum sentence for each minimum sentence is shown in the tables below. In each column, the number to the left of the dash represents the minimum sentence (in months) and the number to the right of the dash represents the corresponding maximum sentence (in months).

FOR OFFENSE CLASSES F THROUGH I									
3-13	8-19	13-25	18-31	23-37	28-43	33-49	38-55		
4-14	9-20	14-26	19-32	24-38	29-44	34-50	39-56		
5-15	10-21	15-27	20-33	25-39	30-45	35-51	40-57		
6-17	11-23	16-29	21-35	26-41	31-47	36-53	41-59		
7-18	12-24	17-30	22-36	27-42	32-48	37-54			

FELONY PUNISICIENT CHART

	PRIOR RECORD LEVEL									
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI				
	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts	6-9 Pts	10-13 Pts	14-17 Pts	18+ Pts				
Α										
	Α	A	A	A	A	Α				
		According to			Life Without	Life Without				
B1	240-300	276-345	317-397	365-456	Parole	Parole				
	192-240	221-276	254-317	292-365	336-420	385-483				
	144-192	166-221	190-254	219-292	252-336	290-386				
	A	A	A	A	A	Α				
B2	157-196	180-225	207-258	238-297	273-342	314-393				
	125-157	144-180	165-207	190-238	219-273	251-314				
	94-125	108-144	124-165	143-190	164-219	189-251				
	A 72.07	A	A	A	127.150	A				
C	73-92 58-73	83-104 67-83	96-120 77-96	110-138 88-110	127-159	146-182				
	44-58									
11	44-38 A	50-67 A	58-77 A	66-88 A	76-101 A	87-117 A				
	64-80	73-92	84-105	97-121	111-139	128-160				
D	51-64	59-73	67-84	78-97	89-111	103-128				
	38-51	44-59	51-67	58-78	67-89	77-103				
-	1/A	1/A	A	A .	A	A				
	25-31	29-36	33-41	38-48	44-55	50-63				
E	20-25	23-29	26-33	30-38	35-44	40-50				
	15-20	17-23	20-26	23-30	26-35	30-40				
	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	A				
1 _ 1	16-20	19-23	21-27	25-31	28-36	33-41				
F	13-16	15-19	17-21	20-25	23-28	26-33				
	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20	17-23	20-26				
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A				
	13-16	14-18	17-21	19-24	22-27	25-31				
G	10-13	12-14	13-17	15-19	17-22	20-25				
	8-10	9-12	10-13	11-15	13-17	15-20				
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α				
н	6-8	8-10	10-12	11-14	15-19	20-25				
ПП	5-6	6-8	8-10	9-11	12-15	16-20				
	4-5	4-6	6-8	7-9	9-12	12-16				
	С	C/1	1	I/A	I/A	1/A				
I	6-8	6-8	6-8	8-10	9-11	10-12				
1	4-6	0.6	5-6	6-8	7-5	8-10				
	3-4	3-4	4-5	4-6	5-7	6-8				

OFFENSE CLASS

MISDEMEANOR PUNISHMENT CHART

	PRIOR CONVICTION LEVEL			
CLASS	I No Prior Convictions	II One to Four Prior Convictions		III Five or More Prior Convictions
A1	C/I/A 1 - 60 days	C/I/A 1 - 75 days		С/I/A 1 - 150 days
1	C 1 - 45 days	C/I/A 1 - 45 days		C/I/A 1 - 120 days
2	C 1 - 30 days	C/I 1 - 45 days		C/I/A 1 - 60 days
3	C Fine Only* 1 - 10 days	One to Three Prior Convictions	Four Prior Convictions	C/I/A 1 - 20 days
		Fine Only* 1 - 15 days	1 - 15 days	

^{*}Unless otherwise provided for a specific offense, the judgment for a person convicted of a Class 3 misdemeanor who has no more than three prior convictions shall consist only of a fine.

A – Active Punishment I – Intermediate Punishment C – Community Punishment Cells with slash allow either disposition at the discretion of the judge



Effects of Structured Sentencing

- Sentences
- Prison beds
- Legislative changes

Contact Information

P.O. Box 2448

Raleigh, NC 27602

919-890-1470 (office)

919-890-1933 (fax)

http://www.nccourts.org/Courts/CRS/Councils/spac/

STRUCTURED SENTENCING IN NORTH CAROLINA

The Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety February 11, 2015

NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission
P.O. Box 2448
Raleigh, NC 27602
919/890-1470
www.nccourts.org/courts/crs/councils/spac

The Honorable W. Erwin Spainhour Chairman

Susan Katzenelson Executive Director

PRINCIPLES OF STRUCTURED SENTENCING

Truthful Sentencing Policies

Sentence length imposed by the judge should bear a close and consistent relationship to the sentence length actually served.

Consistent and Certain Sentencing Policies

Offenders convicted of similar offenses, who have similar prior records, should generally receive similar sentences.

Rational Sentencing Policies

Sentence should be proportional to the severity of the crime as measured by the harm to the victim and the offender's prior record.

Priorities Set for the Use of Correctional Resources

Prisons and jails should be reserved for violent and repeat offenders, and community-based programs should be used for nonviolent offenders with little or no prior record.

Balance Between Sentencing Policies and Correctional Resources

Sentencing Policies should be supported by adequate prison, jail, and community resources.

THE OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA

The Sentencing Commission was required by G.S. 164-41 to ".... classify criminal offenses into felony and misdemeanor categories on the basis of their severity." The Commission developed classification criteria to guide the classification process and to ensure that there was a systematic and rational basis for the classifications. The Commission decided that the severity of an offense should be directly related to the harm to the victim that normally results or tends to result from the criminal conduct.

The Commission defined three general types of harms: 1) harms to person (including both physical and mental injury); 2) harms to property; and 3) harms to society (violations of public order and welfare, violations of judicial or governmental operations, and/or violations of public morality). Through considerable discussion and debate, the Commission grouped these harms into a ten-level hierarchy which served as the basis for the Commission's classifications (refer to the classification criteria on the following page). Once the classification criteria were established, the Commission reviewed the individual elements of all felonies in North Carolina and assigned each felony to a specific offense class based on how closely the elements of the crime matched the classification criteria.

The purpose of establishing the classification criteria was to create a rational and consistent philosophical basis for classifying offenses; to assure proportionality in severity; and to provide a guidepost for classifying new crimes in the future.

Under the classification criteria, the most serious offense classes (A through F) primarily involve personal injury, the risk of personal injury, serious societal injury or widespread societal injury. The lower offense levels (G through I) primarily involve property loss or less serious societal injury. The degree of harm is divided into three levels; <u>injury</u> to person, property or society; <u>significant injury</u> to person, property or society; and <u>serious injury</u> to person, property or society.

The Commission also assigned misdemeanor offenses to three classes: class 1, class 2 or class 3. The Commission did not create classification criteria for misdemeanors but relied on the maximum sentences previously set by the General Assembly. Generally, crimes which had previously been punishable by over six months were made class 1 misdemeanors, those previously punishable by more than 30 days and up to six months were made class 2 misdemeanors, and those previously punishable by 30 days or less were made class 3 misdemeanors. Assaultive misdemeanors were made Class A1 misdemeanors.

FELONY OFFENSE CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA*

CRITERIA

CLASS

A	Reserved for First Degree Murder		
[Reasonably	tends to result or does result in]:		
В	 Serious debilitating long-term personal injury 		
C	 Serious long-term personal injury Serious long-term or widespread societal injury 		
D	• Serious infringements on property interest which also implicate physical safety concerns by use of a deadly weapon or an offense involving an occupied dwelling		
E	• Serious personal injury		
F	Significant personal injurySerious societal injury		
G	 Serious property loss: Loss from the person or from the person's dwelling 		
Н	 Serious property loss: Loss from any structure designed to house or secure any activity or property Loss occasioned by the taking or removing of property Loss occasioned by breach of trust, formal or informal Personal injury Significant societal injury 		
I	 Serious property loss: All other felonious property loss Societal injury 		
M	All other misdemeanors		

^{*} Personal injury includes both physical and mental injury.

Societal injury includes violations of public morality, judicial or government operations, and/or public order and welfare.

Note: The criteria were not used in the classification of the homicide offenses or drug offenses.

CLASSIFICATION OF A SAMPLE OF OFFENSES (Effective 12/1/14)

CLASS A FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Death or Life Without Parole	
First-Degree Murder. (14-17)		
CLASS B1 FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Life Without Parole	
Second-Degree Murder. (14-17(b))	First-Degree Sexual Offense. (14-27.4)	
First-Degree Rape. (14-27.2)		
CLASS B2 FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 484" Months	
Second-Degree Murder. (14-17(b)(1) and (2))		
CLASS C FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 231' Month	
Second-Degree Rape. (14-27.3)	First-Degree Kidnapping. (14-39)	
Second-Degree Sexual Offense. (14-27.5)	Embezzlement (amount involved \$100,000 or more). (14-90)	
Assault W/D/W/I/K/I/S/I. (14-32(a))		
CLASS D FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 204* Month	
Voluntary Manslaughter. (14-18)	Child Abuse Inflicting Serious Physical Injury. (14-318.4(a))	
First-Degree Burglary. (14-51)	Death by Vehicle. (20-141.4(a)(1))	
First-Degree Arson. (14-58)	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance to a Person Under 16 But More than 13 Years of Age. (90-95(e)(5))	
Armed Robbery. (14-87)		
CLASS E FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 88° Month	
Intercourse and Sexual Offenses with Certain Victims (Substitute Parent/Custodian). (14-27.7)	Assault with a Firearm on a Law Enforcement Officer. (14-34.5)	
Assault W/D/W/I/S/I. (14-32(b))	Second-Degree Kidnapping, (14-39)	
Assault W/D/W/I/K. (14-32(c))	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance Within 1,000 Feet of a	
Discharging Weapon Into Occupied Property. (14-34.1(a))	School. (90-95(e)(8))	
CLASS F FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 59 Month	
Involuntary Manslaughter. (14-18)	Burning of Certain Other Buildings. (14-62)	
Assault Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury. (14-32.4)	Taking Indecent Liberties with Children. (14-202.1)	
Assault W/D/W on Governmental Officer or Employee. (14-34.2)	Patronizing a Prostitute (minor). (14-205.2(a))	
Assault I/S/I on a Law Enforcement Officer. (14-34.7)	Possess Weapon of Mass Destruction. (14-288.8)	
Felonious Restraint. (14-43.3)	Habitual Impaired Driving. (20-138.5)	
CLASS G FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 47 Month	
Second-Degree Burglary. (14-51)	Identity Theft. (14-113.20)	
Second-Degree Arson. (14-58)	Possession of Firearms, etc., by Felon. (14-415.1)	
Common Law Robbery. (14-87.1)	Sale of a Schedule I or II Controlled Substance. (90-95(a)(1))	
CLASS H FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 39 Month	
Assault by Strangulation. (14-32.4(b))	Embezzlement (amount involved less than \$100,000). (14-90)	
Habitual Misdemeanor Assault. (14-33.2)	Obtaining Property by False Pretenses (amount involved less than \$100,000). (14-100)	
Breaking or Entering Buildings (w/felonious intent). (14-54(a))	Hit and Run (resulted in injury). (20-166(a1))	
Fraudulently Setting Fire to Dwelling Houses. (14-65)	Sale of a Schedule III, IV, V, or VI Controlled Substance. (90-95(a)(1))	
Possessing Stolen Goods. (14-71.1)	Possession W/I/M/S/D Cocaine. (90-95(a)(1))	
Larceny of Property (worth more than \$1,000). (14-72)	Escaping From State Prison System (felon). (148-45(b))	

^a For a Class B1 through E felony that is subject to the registration requirements of G.S. Chapter 14, Article 27A, add 48 months.

CLASS I FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 24 Months
Breaking or Entering Motor Vehicles. (14-56)	Possession W/I/M/S/D Marijuana. (90-95(a)(1))
Financial Transaction Card Theft. (14-113.9)	Possess Cocaine. (90-95(a)(3))
Forgery of Notes, Checks, Securities. (14-119(a))	Maintain Dwelling or Motor Vehicle for Keeping or Selling a Controlled Substance. (90-108(a)(7), (b))
Uttering Forged Paper or Instrument. (14-120)	Obtain a Controlled Substance by Fraud. (90-108(a)(10), (b))
CLASS AI MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 150 Day
Assault Inflicting Serious Injury or Using a Deadly Weapon. (14-33(c)(1))	Assault on a State Officer or Employee. (14-33(c)(4))
Assault on a Female. (14-33(c)(2))	Assault by Pointing a Gun. (14-34)
Assault on a Child Under 12 Years of Age. (14-33(c)(3))	Violation of a Valid Protective Order. (50B-4.1(a))
CLASS 1 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 120 Day
Breaking or Entering Buildings. (14-54(b))	Willful and Wanton Injury to Real Property. (14-127)
Larceny of Property (worth \$1,000 or less). (14-72)	Communicating Threats. (14-277.1)
Unauthorized Use of a Motor Vehicle. (14-72.2)	Possession of Drug Paraphernalia. (90-113.22)
Worthless Checks for \$2,000 or Less (closed account). (14-107(d)(4))	Misrepresentation to Obtain Employment Security Benefits (worth \$400 or less). (96-18(a))
CLASS 2 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 60 Day
Simple Assault/Assault and Battery. (14-33(a))	Using Profane, Indecent or Threatening Language to Any Person Over Telephone. (14-196)
Financial Transaction Card Fraud. (14-113.13)	Cyberstalking. (14-196.3)
First-Degree Trespass. (14-159.12)	Resisting Officers. (14-223)
Willful and Wanton Injury to Personal Property. (14-160(a))	Carrying Concealed Weapons. (14-269(a), (a1)/first offense)
Indecent Exposure. (14-190.9)	Disorderly Conduct. (14-288.4)
CLASS 3 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 20 Day
Concealment of merchandise in mercantile establishments (first conviction). (14-72.1)	Unsealed Wine/Liquor in Passenger Area. (18B-401)
Worthless Check for \$2,000 or Less. (14-107(d)(1))	Possess Marijuana (1/2 ounce or less). (90-95(a)(3))
Second-Degree Trespass. (14-159.13)	Possession of Marijuana Drug Paraphernalia (90-113.22A)
Failure to Return Rental Property. (14-167)	Hunting Without a License. (113-270.2)
Intoxicated and Disruptive in Public. (14-444)	Fishing Without a License. (I13-271)
CONSPIRACY to commit an offense is classified as one class lo	ower than the offense the person conspired to commit. (14-2.4)
ATTEMPT to commit an offense is classified as one class lower	than the offense the person attempted to commit. (14-2.5)
SOLICITATION to commit an offense is classified as two classic commit. (14-2.6)	es lower than the offense the person solicited the other person to
ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT punishable as the principal	al felon. (14-5.2)
ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT punishable as two classes le	ower than the felony the principal felon committed. (14-7)

I. SCORING PRIOR RECORD/FELONY SENTENCING

NUMBER	ТҮРЕ	FACTORS	POINTS
	Prior Felony Class A Conviction	x 10	
	Prior Felony Class B1 Conviction	x 9	
	Prior Felony Class B2 or C or D Conviction	x 6	
	Prior Felony Class E or F or G Conviction	x 4	
	Prior Felony Class H or I Conviction	x 2	
	Prior Misdemeanor Class A1 or 1 Conviction*, Prior Impaired Driving Conviction, or Prior Impaired Driving in a Commercial Vehicle Conviction	x 1	
		SUBTOTAL	
	ents of the present offense are included in any prior her or not the prior offense was used in determining evel.	+ 1	
(a) while on release so	was committed: supervised or unsupervised probation, parole, or post- upervision; or ving a sentence of imprisonment; or escape.	+ 1	
		TOTAL	

^{*} Class 1 misdemeanor offenses under Chapter 20 are not assigned any points except for misdemeanor death by vehicle [G.S. 20-141.4(a)(2)]

II. CLASSIFYING PRIOR RECORD LEVEL

POINTS	LEVEL
0 – 1	I
2-5	II
6-9	III
10 – 13	IV
14 – 17	V
18+	VI

PRIOR RECORD LEVEL ____

DISPOSITIONS

ACTIVE PUNISHMENT

An active punishment requires that the offender be sentenced to the custody of the Division of Adult Correction to serve the minimum and up to the maximum sentence imposed by the court (unless the offender is sentenced to advanced supervised release).

INTERMEDIATE PUNISHMENT

An intermediate punishment requires a sentence of supervised probation. The sentence may include one or more of the following conditions:

- 1. <u>Special probation</u>. Defined in G.S. 15A-1351(a), special probation includes a period of active confinement followed by a period of probation. (This is sometimes referred to as a split sentence.)
- 2. <u>Drug Treatment Court Program</u>. Assignment that requires the offender to comply with the rules adopted for the program pursuant to Article 62 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes and to report on a regular basis for a specified time to participate in court supervision, drug screening or testing, and drug or alcohol treatment programs.
- 3. <u>House arrest with electronic monitoring</u>. Assignment that requires the offender to remain at his or her residence unless the court or probation officer authorizes the offender to leave, and in which the offender shall wear a device which permits the supervising agency to monitor the offender's compliance with the condition.
- 4. <u>Community service</u>. Assignment that requires the offender to perform service to the local community in an effort to promote the offender's rehabilitation and to provide services that help restore or improve the community.
- 5. Period or periods of confinement in a local confinement facility. Submission to a period or periods of confinement in a local confinement facility for a total of no more than six days per month during any three separate months during the period of probation. The six days per month confinement may only be imposed as two-day or three-day consecutive periods.
- 6. <u>Substance abuse assessment, monitoring, or treatment</u>. (This condition is not defined in statute.)
- 7. Educational or vocational skills development program. (This condition is not defined in statute.)
- 8. <u>Satellite-based monitoring</u>. Submission to satellite-based monitoring, pursuant to Part 5 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes (Sex Offender Monitoring), if the defendant is described by G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2).

An intermediate punishment may also include a fine, restitution, or any other conditions of probation.

COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT

A community punishment is any authorized sentence that does not include an active punishment, assignment to a drug treatment court, or special probation. A community punishment may consist of a fine only or a term of supervised or unsupervised probation which may include, but is not limited to, one or more of the following:

- 1. House arrest with electronic monitoring. Assignment that requires the offender to remain at his or her residence unless the court or probation officer authorizes the offender to leave, and in which the offender shall wear a device which permits the supervising agency to monitor the offender's compliance with the condition.
- 2. <u>Community service</u>. Assignment that requires the offender to perform service to the local community in an effort to promote the offender's rehabilitation and to provide services that help restore or improve the community.
- 3. Period or periods of confinement in a local confinement facility. Submission to a period or periods of confinement in a local confinement facility for a total of no more than six days per month during any three separate months during the period of probation. The six days per month confinement may only be imposed as two-day or three-day consecutive periods.
- 4. <u>Substance abuse assessment, monitoring, or treatment</u>. (This condition is not defined in statute.)
- 5. <u>Educational or vocational skills development program</u>. (This condition is not defined in statute.)
- 6. <u>Satellite-based monitoring</u>. Submission to satellite-based monitoring, pursuant to Part 5 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes (Sex Offender Monitoring), if the defendant is described by G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2).

A community punishment may also include a fine, restitution, or any other condition of probation.

DISPOSITION

Aggravated Range

PRESUMPTIVE RANGE

Mitigated Range

FELONY PUNISHMENT CHART PRIOR RECORD LEVEL

			III	IV	VEL	VI
	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts	6-9 Pts	10-13 Pts	14-17 Pts	18+ Pts
	- U 1 1 U			fe Without Pa		
A	Defen	dant Under 1			With or Witho	ut Parole
	A	A	A	A	A	A
					Life Without	Life Without
B1	240 - 300	276 - 345	317 -397	365 - 456	Parole	Parole
	192 - 240	221 - 276	254 - 317	292 - 365	336 - 420	386 - 483
	144 - 192	166 - 221	190 - 254	219 - 292	252 - 336	290 - 386
	A	A	A	A	A	A
B2	157 - 196	180 - 225	207 - 258	238 - 297	273 - 342	314 - 393
	125 - 157	144 - 180	165 - 207	190 - 238	219 - 273	251 - 314
	94 - 125	108 - 144	124 - 165	143 - 190	164 - 219	189 - 251
	A	A	A	A	A	A
C	73 – 92	83 - 104	96 - 120	110 - 138	127 - 159	146 - 182
٠.	58 - 73	67 - 83	77 - 96	88 - 110	101 - 127	117 - 146
	44 - 58	50 - 67	58 - 77	66 - 88	76 - 101	87 - 117
	A	A	A	A	A	A
D	64 - 80	73 - 92	84 - 105	97 - 121	111 - 139	128 - 160
D	51 - 64	59 - 73	67 - 84	78 - 97	89 - 111	103 - 128
	38 - 51	44 - 59	51 - 67	58 - 78	67 - 89	77 - 103
7733444	I/A	I/A	A	A	A	A
10	25 - 31	29 - 36	33 - 41	38 - 48	44 - 55	50 - 63
E	20 - 25	23 - 29	26 - 33	30 - 38	35 - 44	40 - 50
	15 - 20	17 - 23	20 - 26	23 - 30	26 - 35	30 - 40
- 256-1-	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A	A
	16 - 20	19 - 23	21 - 27	25 - 31	28 - 36	33 - 41
F	13 - 16	15 - 19	17 - 21	20 - 25	23 - 28	26 - 33
	10 - 13	11 - 15	13 - 17	15 - 20	17 - 23	20 - 26
45	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A	A
	13 - 16	14 - 18	17 - 21	19 - 24	22 - 27	25 - 31
G	10 - 13	12 - 14	13 - 17	15 - 19	17 - 22	20 - 25
	8 - 10	9 - 12	10 - 13	11 - 15	13 - 17	15 - 20
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	A
H	6-8	8 - 10	10 - 12	11 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 25
	5-6	6-8	8 - 10	9-11	12 - 15	16 - 20
	4 - 5	4 - 6	6-8	7-9	9 - 12	12 - 16
	C C	C/I	I	I/A	I/A	I/A
	1		6-8			
I	6-8	6-8		8 - 10	9-11	10 - 12
	4-6	4-6	5-6	6-8	7 - 9	8 - 10
1000	3 - 4	3 - 4	4 - 5	4-6	5 - 7	6-8

A - Active Punishment

I - Intermediate Punishment

C - Community Punishment

Numbers shown are in months and represent the range of minimum sentences

Revised: 09-09-13

OFFENSE CLASS

*** Effective for Offenses Committed on or after 10/1/13 ***

MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM SENTENCES

The corresponding maximum sentence for each minimum sentence is shown in the tables below. In each column, the number to the left of the dash represents the minimum sentence (in months) and the number to the right of the dash represents the corresponding maximum sentence (in months).

_		F0	R OFFENS	SE CLASSI	ES B1 THR	OUGH E_		
15-30	52-75	89-119	126-164	163-208	200-252	237-297	274-341	311-386
16-32	53-76	90-120	127-165	164-209	201-254	238-298	275-342	312-387
17-33	54-77	91-122	128-166	165-210	202-255	239-299	276-344	313-388
18-34	55-78	92-123	129-167	166-212	203-256	240-300	277-345	314-389
19-35	56-80	93-124	130-168	167-213	204-257	241-302	278-346	315-390
20-36	57-81	94-125	131-170	168-214	205-258	242-303	279-347	316-392
21-38	58-82	95-126	132-171	169-215	206-260	243-304	280-348	317-393
22-39	59-83	96-128	133-172	170-216	207-261	244-305	281-350	318-394
23-40	60-84	97-129	134-173	171-218	208-262	245-306	282-351	319-395
24-41	61-86	98-130	135-174	172-219	209-263	246-308	283-352	320-396
25-42	62-87	99-131	136-176	173-220	210-264	247-309	284-353	321-398
26-44	63-88	100-132	137-177	174-221	211-266	248-310	285-354	322-399
27-45	64-89	101-134	138-178	175-222	212-267	249-311	286-356	323-400
28-46	65-90	102-135	139-179	176-224	213-268	250-312	287-357	324-401
29-47	66-92	103-136	140-180	177-225	214-269	251-314	288-358	325-402
30-48	67-93	104-137	141-182	178-226	215-270	252-315	289-359	326-404
31-50	68-94	105-138	142-183	179-227	216-272	253-316	290-360	327-405
32-51	69-95	106-140	143-184	180-228	217-273	254-317	291-362	328-406
33-52	70-96	107-141	144-185	181-230	218-274	255-318	292-363	329-407
34-53	71-98	108-142	145-186	182-231	219-275	256-320	293-364	330-408
35-54	72-99	109-143	146-188	183-232	220-276	257-321	294-365	331-410
36-56	73-100	110-144	147-189	184-233	221-278	258-322	295-366	332-411
37-57	74-101	111-146	148-190	185-234	222-279	259-323	296-368	333-412
38-58	75-102	112-147	149-191	186-236	223-280	260-324	297-369	334-413
39-59	76-104	113-148	150-192	187-237	224-281	261-326	298-370	335-414
40-60	77-105	114-149	151-194	188-238	225-282	262-327	299-371	336-416
41-62	78-106	115-150	152-195	189-239	226-284	263-328	300-372	337-417
42-63	79-107	116-152	153-196	190-240	227-285	264-329	301-374	338-418
43-64	80-108	117-153	154-197	191-242	228-286	265-330	302-375	339-419
44-65	81-110	118-154	155-198	192-243	229-287	266-332	303-376	
45-66	82-111	119-155	156-200	193-244	230-288	267-333	304-377	
46-68	83-112	120-156	157-201	194-245	231-290	268-334	305-378	
47-69	84-113	121-158	158-202	195-246	232-291	269-335	306-380	
48-70	85-114	122-159	159-203	196-248	233-292	270-336	307-381	
49-71	86-116	123-160	160-204	197-249	234-293	271-338	308-382	
50-72	87-117	124-161	161-206	198-250	235-294	272-339	309-383	
51-74	88-118	125-162	162-207	199-251	236-296	273-340	310-384	

To calculate a maximum sentence when the minimum sentence is 340 months or more, multiply the minimum sentence by 1.20 (rounding to the next highest month) and add 12. See G.S. 15A-1340.17(e1).

Sex Offenses: To calculate a maximum sentence for a Class B1 through E felony that is subject to the registration requirements of G.S. Chapter 14, Article 27A, multiply the minimum sentence by 1.20 (rounding to the next highest month) and add 60. *See* G.S. 15A-1340.17(f).

FOR OFFENSE CLASSES F THROUGH I								
3-13	8-19	13-25	18-31	23-37	28-43	33-49	38-55	
4-14	9-20	14-26	19-32	24-38	29-44	34-50	39-56	
5-15	10-21	15-27	20-33	25-39	30-45	35-51	40-57	
6-17	11-23	16-29	21-35	26-41	31-47	36-53	41-59	
7-18	12-24	17-30	22-36	27-42	32-48	37-54		

MISDEMEANOR PUNISHMENT CHART

I			
No Prior Convictions	One to Prior Con	Four	III Five or More Prior Convictions
C/I/A 1 - 60 days			C/I/A 1 - 150 days
C 1 - 45 days			C/I/A 1 - 120 days
C 1 - 30 days			C/I/A 1 - 60 days
C Fine Only* 1 - 10 days	One to Three Prior Convictions C	Four Prior Convictions	C/I/A 1 - 20 days
	Convictions C/I/A 1 - 60 days C 1 - 45 days C 1 - 30 days	Convictions C/I/A 1 - 60 days C/I 1 - 45 days C 1 - 45 days C 1 - 30 days C One to Three Prior Convictions C Fine Only* C	Convictions C/I/A 1 - 60 days C/I/A 1 - 75 days C/I/A 1 - 45 days C/I 1 - 30 days C/I Prior Convictions C/I Fine Only* C/I Fine Only* C/I Fine Only*

^{*}Unless otherwise provided for a specific offense, the judgment for a person convicted of a Class 3 misdemeanor who has no more than three prior convictions shall consist only of a fine.

A – Active Punishment I – Intermediate Punishment C – Community Punishment Cells with slash allow either disposition at the discretion of the judge

Revised: 9/30/13

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Joint Appro. on Justice and Public Safety (Committee Name)

2111	115
	Date

<u>VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE</u> <u>CLERK</u>

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Suzaria Carina	SETT
Pulleur	Conf of DAS
Markey	Fratorial Order of Police
John W Smith	NC ACC
Tom Murry	NC ADE
JAN Kennedy	Clerk of Sp CX.
Barbara Moore	Confor Clerks & SpC+
Tonya Hortin	tration Sandes
PHADER SLINNER	NCACC
Mildred Spearman	NCAOC
Chis Agren	pot
Cola Campbell	NHO
Thomas Maller	TIDS
Corye Dunn	BRNC
Rebecca Murdock	Sentencinco Comm SSEM
Ginny Herener	Sutury lammissin
5 Hotsewelson	
	09-21-201

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Joint Appro. on Justice and Public Safety (Committee Name)

•	2/11/15	
	Date	

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Margaret Schneicier	Intern

JOINT APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

March 3, 2015 8:30 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs:

Senator Stan Bingham

Senator Buck Newton, Presiding Senator Shirley Randleman Representative Jamie Boles Representative Leo Daughtry Representative John Faircloth Representative Pat Hurley

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

AOC Workload Formulas and Personnel William Childs, Fiscal Research Division

AOC Administration and Technology William Childs, Fiscal Research Division

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. OTHER BUSINESS:

Next meetings:

Wednesday, March 4, 2015

VI. ADJOURNMENT

House Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Rep. Boles (Chair)

Rep. Daughtry (Chair)

Rep. Faircloth (Chair)

Rep. Hurley (Chair)

Rep. Jackson (Vice Chair), Rep. McNeill (Vice Chair),

Rep. Stevens (Vice Chair)

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Sen. Bingham (Chair)

Sen. Newton (Chair)

Sen. Randleman (Chair)

Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson,

Sen. Lee

Rep. C. Graham, Rep. G. Graham, Rep. R. Johnson, Rep. Salmon,

Rep. Speciale, Rep. Turner





JOINT LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY March 3, 2015

Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building

The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety met on March 3, 2015 in Room 415. Seventeen members were present.

Senator Stan Bingham, Chair, presided for Senator Buck Newton. The meeting was called to order at 8:35 a.m. The Chair recognized the Pages and Sergeant-At-Arms.

AOC Workload Formulas and Personnel

Chairman Bingham introduced William Childs, from the NCGA Fiscal Research Division, to finish the report, beginning on page 19 from Exhibit A, on The Administrative Office of the Courts: Workload and Personnel. During the presentation, Senator Bingham opened the floor for questions and discussion. Senator Bingham recognized Judge John Smith, Director of Administrative Office of the Courts, and Peg Dorer, Director of the North Carolina Conference of District Attorneys.

AOC Administration and Technology

William Childs, with Fiscal Research Division, continued his presentation on The Administrative Office of the Courts: Administration and Technology, Exhibit B which is attached. Chairman Bingham opened the floor for questions and discussion. There was discussion on whether to replace ACIS or continue funding. Chairman Bingham recognized Judge Smith, Director of Administrative Office of the Courts, and Jeff Marecic, Chief Information Officer of North Carolina Administrative Office of the Courts. Senator Bingham recognized Jane Kennedy, Clerk of Superior Court of New Hanover County, for a comment. Jeff Marecic commented that ACIS was a good system for getting citation numbers and all information in order for DMV to do a check. Judge Smith was asked about eliminating four positions in the Department of AOC.

Senator Bingham adjourned the meeting at 9:50 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Carol Wilson, Committee Clerk

Sen. Stan Bingham, Committee Clerk

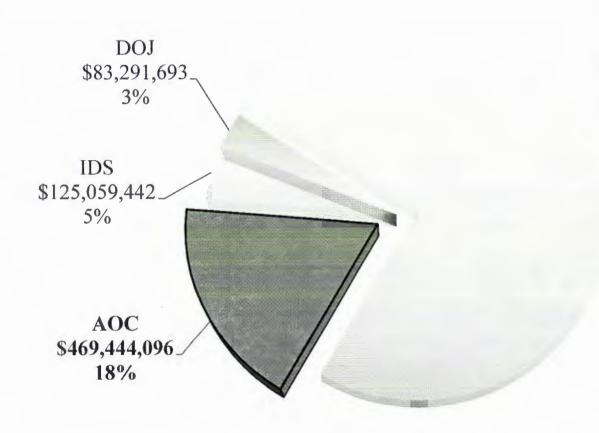
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The Administrative Office of the Courts: Workload and Personnel

William Childs
Fiscal Research Division
March 3, 2015



JPS General Fund Budget by Agency FY 2014-15



Appropriation:

\$2.4 billion

Receipts:

\$235 million

Total GF Budget: \$2.6 billion

DPS \$1,937,766,514 74%

Source: NCAS, December 31, 2014 Authorized Budget

AOC

Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC)

Administrative arm of the court system

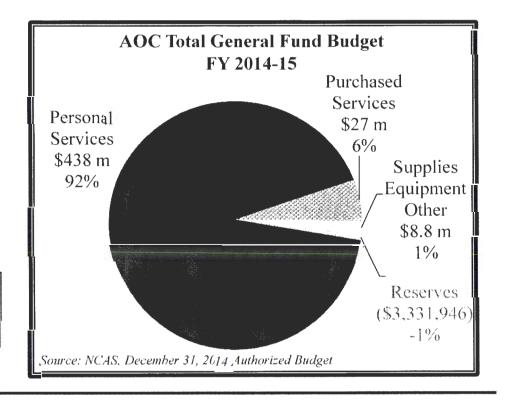
Mark Martin, Chief Justice John Smith, Director of AOC

Includes:

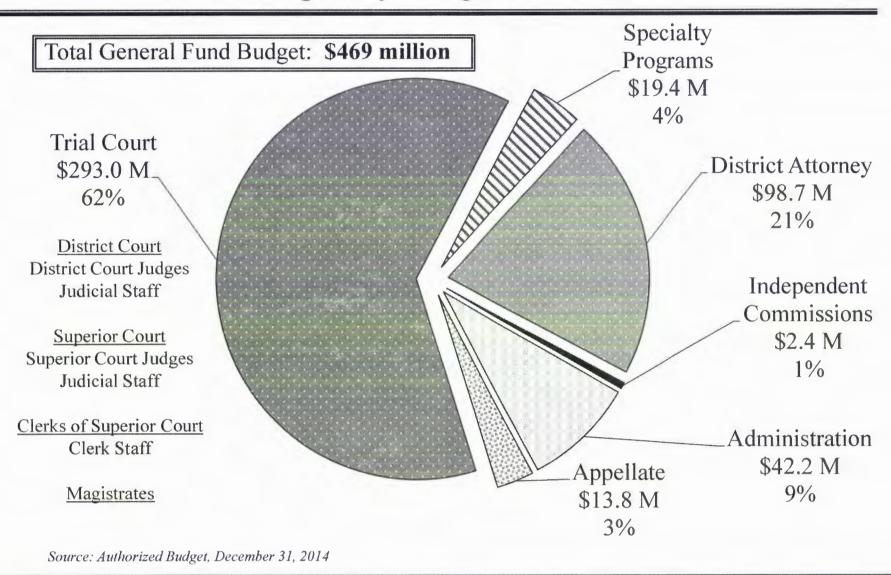
- Supreme Court and Court of Appeals
- Superior courts
- District courts
- District Attorneys
- Magistrates
- Clerks
- 533 Elected Officials

Total General Fund Budget: \$469 million

Total FTE Employees: 5,831.3

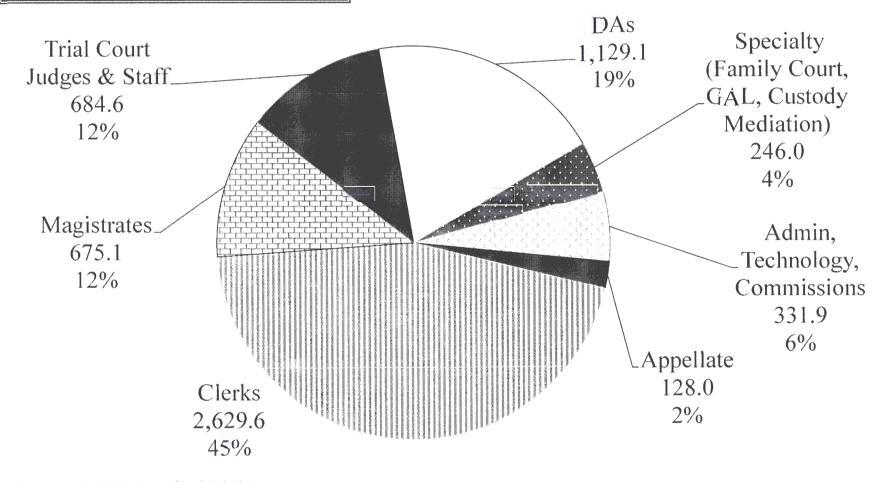


AOC Budget By Program FY 2014-15



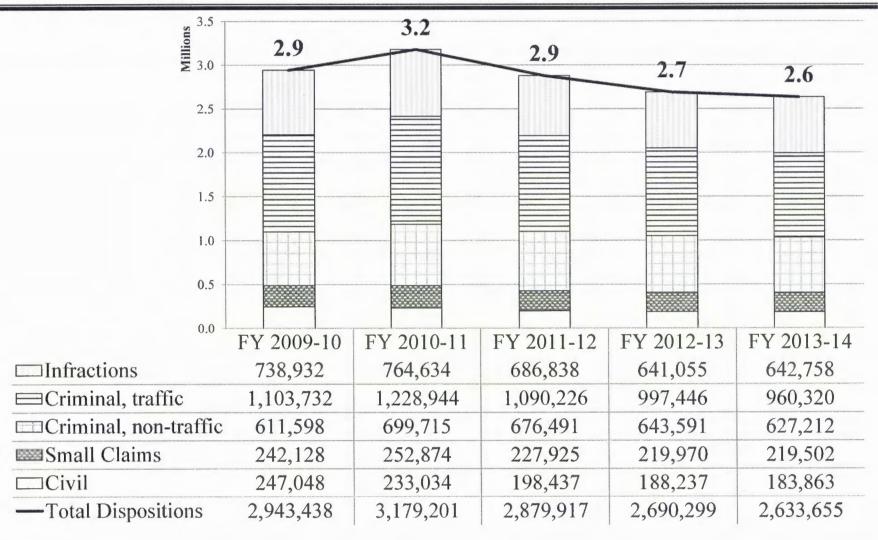
AOC Personnel FY 2014-15

Total General Fund FTE: 5,824.3



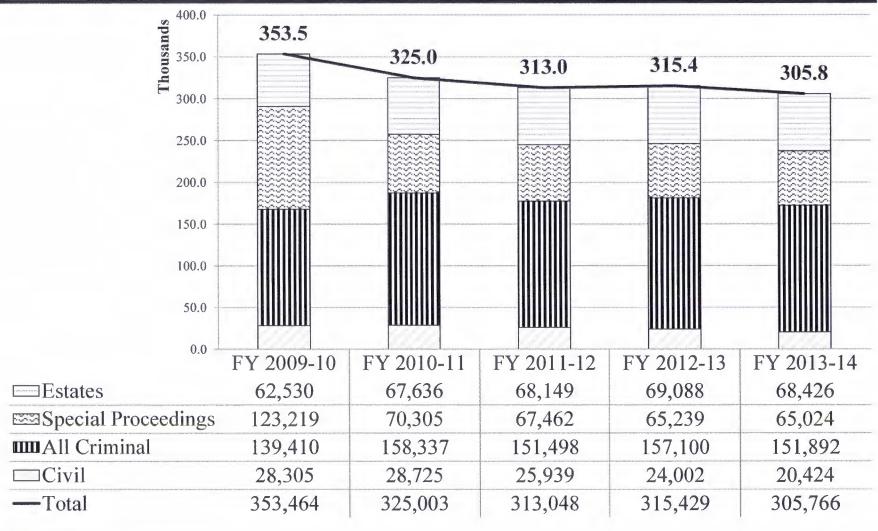
Source: BEACON, December 31, 2014

District Court Dispositions



Source: AOC

Superior Court Dispositions



Source: AOC

Traditional Allocation of Court Resources

- At the beginning of a legislative session, AOC would report on need in different offices
- No objective measures
- NCGA allocated resources as needed
- Statute reflects the minimum number of ADAs, magistrates, and District Court and Superior Court judges for all districts



Workload Formulas

- 2007: AOC and National Center for State Courts (NCSC) began work on objective workload formulas
- Currently considered a national standard for court workload formulas by NCSC
- Conducted time studies to determine appropriate number of courthouse personnel:
 - Clerks of Superior Court
 - Superior Court Judges
 - Superior Court Staff
 - Assistant District Attorneys and Victim-Witness Legal Assistants
 - District Court Judges
 - District Court Staff
 - Magistrates

Workload Formulas

- Time studies in different-sized courthouses around the State:
 - Estimates case-related work versus administrative work for each type of worker in the courthouse.
 - Used to determine case weights by type of offense
- For instance, average time spent by ADA:
 - 6.5 minutes on traffic case
 - 10,172 minutes on 1st degree murder
- Workload Need = Filings x Case Weight

 Case-Related Work Per Year

NCSC Workload Assessments

- "Workload Assessment: A Data-driven Management Tool for the Judicial Branch" (2013)
 - Outlines recommended workload assessment process, including advisory committee, time study, and quality adjustments
 - Does not include on-bench time as a measure
- NCSC workload formulas in use in 25 states
- Assessments in 38 states and 2 territories
- Results include:
 - Increase in number of judges in CA and WI
 - Reduction in number of judges in MI
 - Judicial boundaries to be redrawn in VA

Clerk of Court Workload

Authorized

Need (minimum of 6)

2,629.6

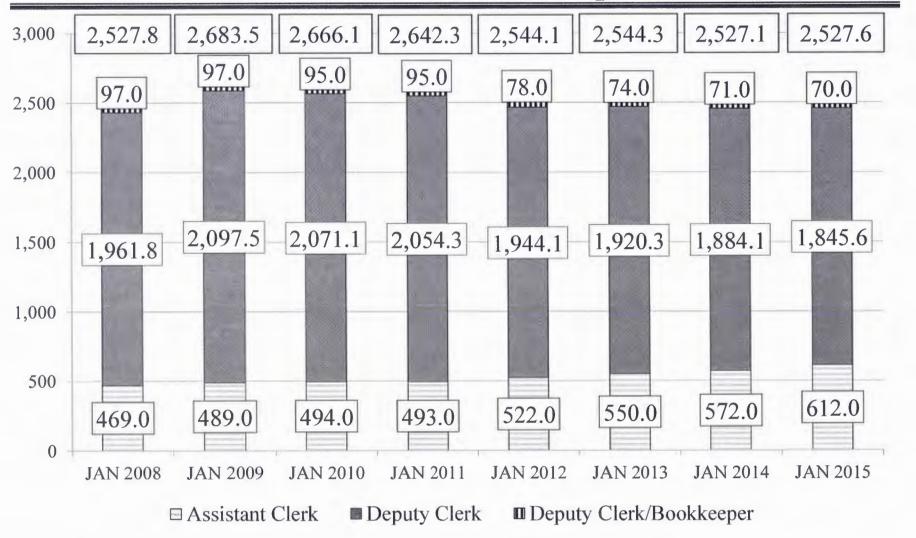
2,754.0

Greatest Need by Number	Clerks Needed	Greatest Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Clerks Needed
Wake	48.2	Wake	76.8%	48.2
Mecklenburg	40.0	Onslow	79.0%	11.2
Cumberland	18.9	Brunswick	81.0%	6.6

Least Need by Number	Over	Least Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Over
Hertford	2.3	Vance	125.9%	4.3
Gaston	2.6	Hertford	126.9%	2.3
Vance	4.3	Northampton	131.0%	1.9

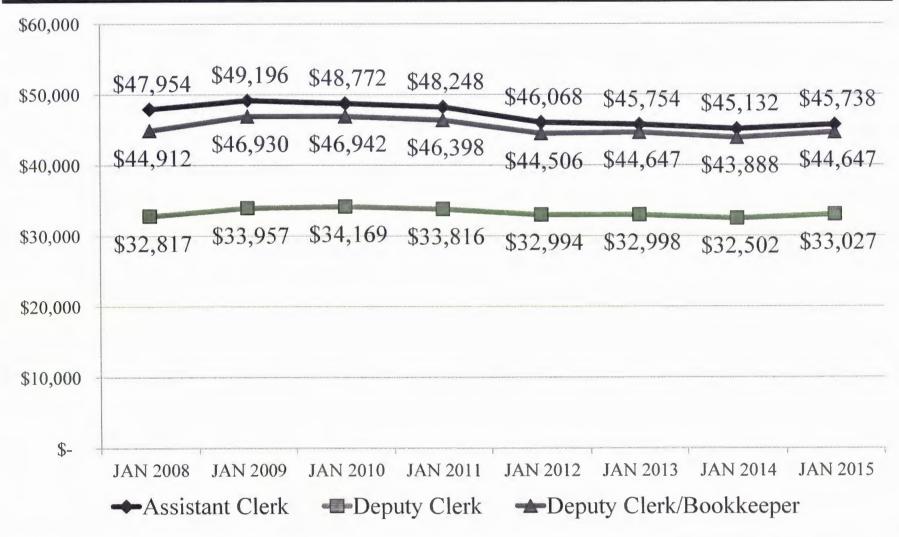
Source: AOC, January 1, 2015

Clerk Personnel, 2008 to present



Source: BEACON, February 1, 2015

Clerk Average Compensation, 2008 to present



Source: BEACON, February 1, 2015

Magistrate Workload

Authorized

Need (minimum of 3)

674.6

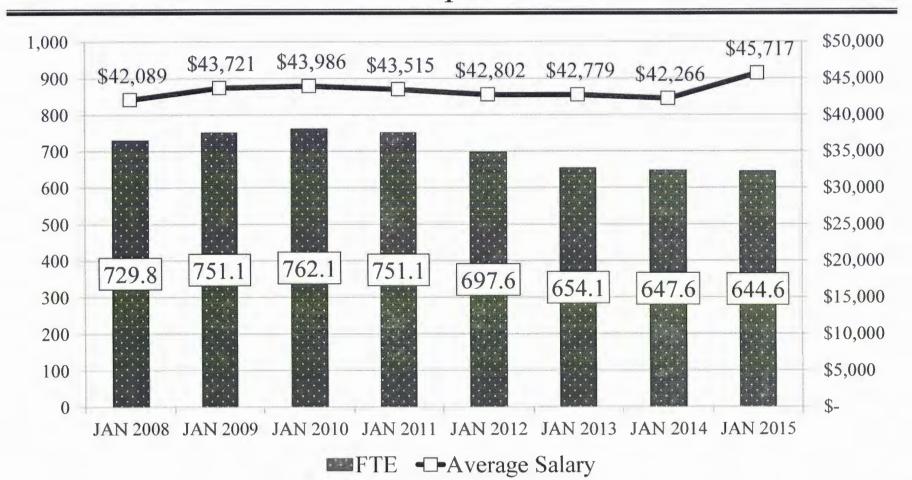
692.5

Greatest Need by Number	Magistrates Needed	Greatest Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Magistrates Needed
Mecklenburg	25.2	Mecklenburg	57.1%	25.2
Wake	17.9	Wake	60.2%	17.9
Guilford	10.2	New Hanover	71.7%	5.1

Least Need by Number	Over	Least Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Over
Craven	1.8	Stanly	139.4%	1.4
Wilkes	1.9	Granville	140.1%	1.4
Gaston	2.4	Wilkes	145.0%	1.9

Source: AOC, January 1, 2015

Magistrate Personnel and Average Compensation, 2008-present



Source: BEACON, February 1, 2015

Clerk and Magistrate Step Plans

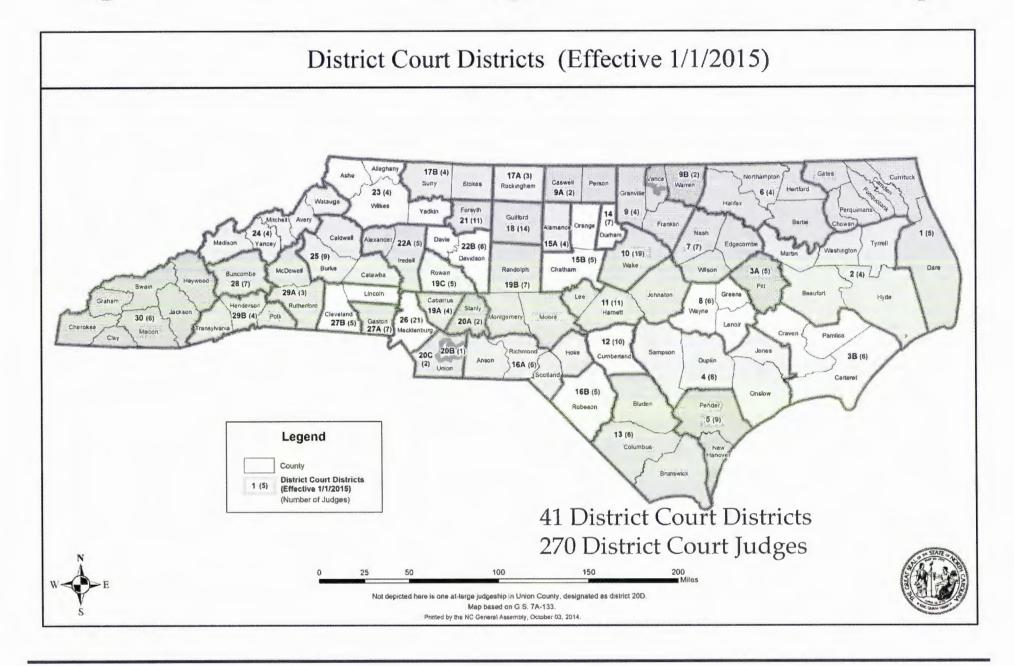
- Clerk increase provided annually on anniversary date based upon satisfactory job performance
- Assistant Clerk of Superior Court:
 - Min: \$32,609 / Max: \$56,424
 - Plan includes 15 steps
- Deputy Clerk of Superior Court:
 - Min: \$28,223 / Max: \$44,107
 - Plan includes 13 steps
- Magistrate increase provided on anniversary date
 - Entry rate: \$35,275 / Max: \$56,900
 - Contains 6 steps above entry rate
 - No steps after 18 years of experience

Legislative Actions on Clerk and Magistrate Step Plans

- No experience-based steps provided in budget from FY 2009-10 to FY 2013-14
- Provided 1.2% across-the-board increase to all State employees in FY 2012-13, including those on statutory plans
- 2013 Budget:
 - Provided funding for experience-based step for all step-eligible assistant and deputy clerks: \$3,621,172
 - Increased the entry rate of pay and all steps for magistrates and provided funding for one experience-based step for all stepeligible magistrates: \$3,733,327

Clerk and Magistrate Turnover, FY 2013-14

- Deputy Clerks:
 - 12.0% total
 - 10.2% voluntary, includes 3% retirement
- Assistant Clerks:
 - 8.7% total
 - 7.9% voluntary, includes 6.4% retirement
- Magistrates:
 - 5.4% total
 - 5.3% voluntary, includes 3.3% retirement



District Court Judge Workload

Authorized Need 270.0 283.5

Greatest Need by Number	Judge Need	Greatest Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Judge Need
District 18 (Guilford)	3.2	District 19A (Cabarrus)	73.1%	1.5
District 21 (Forsyth)	2.3	District 22A (Alexander, Iredell)	79.8%	1.3
District 4 (Sampson, Duplin, Jones, Onslow)	1.8	District 29A (McDowell, Rutherford)	79.8%	0.8

Least Need by Number	Over	Workload to Need Ratio
District 9/9B (Granville, Vance, Franklin, Warren)	1.1	122.6%

Source: AOC, January 1, 2015



District Court Staff Workload

Authorized	Need
90.0	112.0

Greatest Need by Number	Staff Need
District 21 (Forsyth)	2.5
District 10 (Wake)	2.25
District 4 (Sampson, Duplin, Jones, Onslow)	2.0

Superior Court Districts and Judicial Divisions (Effective 1/1/2015) 17B (2) 17A (2) Third Rothingram 9A (1) 23 (1) 18C(1) 21A 21D (1)(1) 15A (2) 218 (1) 18B 18D (1) (1) 18A (1) 1 (2) 22A (2) 22B (2) 15B (2) Day 19C (1) 28 (2) 19B (1) 11A (1) 19D (1) 29B (1) 8B (1) 20A (1) 8A (1) 27A (2) 28A (2) (3) 12B (1) 3B (3) 20B (2) 12C (2) 16A (2) 4A (1) 16B (2) 4B (1) Legend 5B (1) Superior Court Districts (Effective 1/1/2015) (Number of Judges) 13B (1) Pirat Not depicted here is one al-large judgeship in Union County, designated as district 20D. Map based on G.S. 7A-41 Printed by the NC General Assembly, October 98, 2014

8 Superior Court Divisions 50 Superior Court Districts 112 Superior Court Judges

Superior Court Judge Workload

- NCSC report: North Carolina Superior Court Judicial Workload Assessment (2011)
 - Found need for 111.8 Superior Court Judges
 - Key points from Quality Adjustment section:
 - Judges want more time to draft and review orders
 - Pretrial conferences lead to efficiency
 - Calendaring practices in NC affect judicial time:
 - > Rotation leads to last-minute motions and settlements
 - > DA control of criminal calendars
 - Court sessions organized around week
 - Time Study findings:
 - Superior Court Judge-Year is 217 days
 - > similar to other states with assessment

Superior Court Judge Workload

Judges	Resident Judges	Need	Special Judge Need
Division 1	10.0	11.4	1.4
Division 2	10.0	9.9	No Need
Division 3	17.0	15.8	No Need
Division 4	13.0	14.8	1.8
Division 5	15.0	13.2	No Need
Division 6	9.0	9.1	0.1
Division 7	15.0	18.0	3.0
Division 8	8.0	7.5	No Need
Business Court	0.0	3.0	3.0
Total	97.0	102.7	9.3

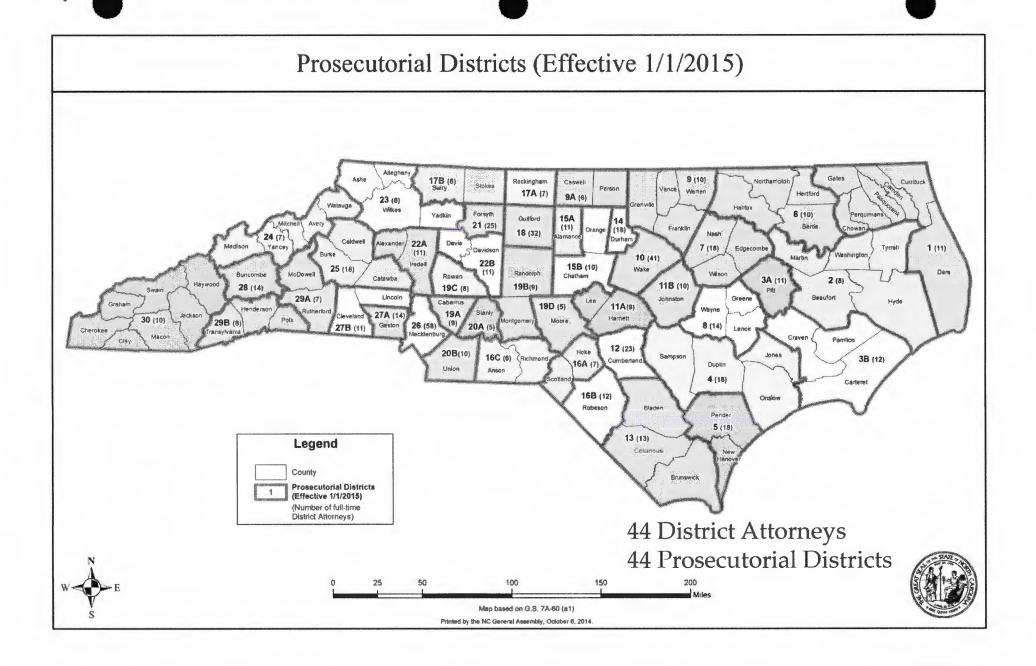
Superior Court Staff Workload

Authorized	Need
89.5	94.0

- 14 districts are short 1 FTE
- 10 districts have at least 0.5 FTE over workload formula



"Maybe next time we'll all listen to the gavel."



District Attorney Staff Workload

All Staff (State, local, and grant funded) All State-funded Staff Need 1,207.6 1,118.5 1,239.8

Greatest Need by Number	DA Staff Need	Greatest Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	DA Staff Need
District 18 (Guilford)	22.7	District 18 (Guilford)	72.2%	22.7
District 10 (Wake)	8.7	District 11A (Lee, Harnett)	73.6%	6.8
District 11A (Lee, Harnett)	6.8	District 3A (Pitt)	77.1%	6.5

Least Need by Number	Over	Least Need by Percentage	Workload to Need Ratio	Over
District 15A (Alamance)	3.9	District 20B (Union)	114.3%	2.5
District 21 (Forsyth)	4.0	District 15A (Alamance)	120.4%	3.9
District 26 (Mecklenburg)	34.7	District 26 (Mecklenburg)	133.2%	34.7



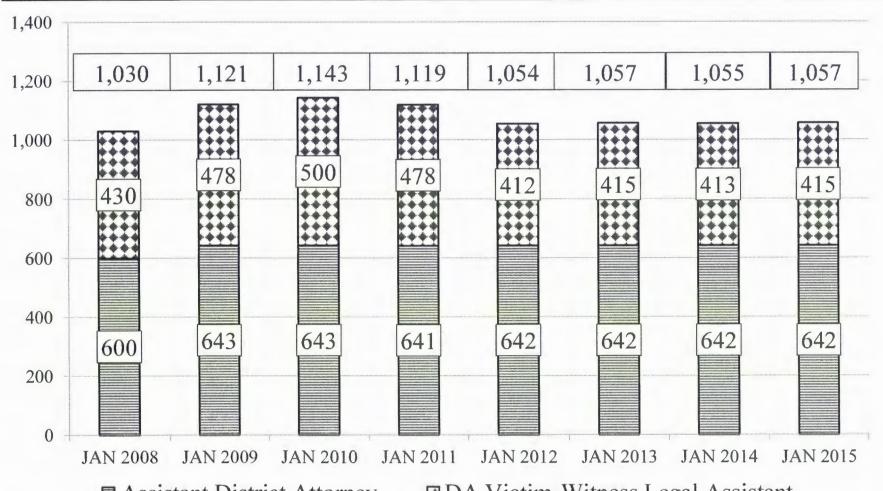
District Attorney Staff Workload

	State- Funded	Grant- Funded	Need
ADAs	638.0	47.0	707.5
VWLAs	381.8	-	430.2
Other DA Staff	98.8	45.1	102.0
Total	1,118.6	92.1	1,239.8



[&]quot;This judge is known as rough but fair, with a great sense of humar."

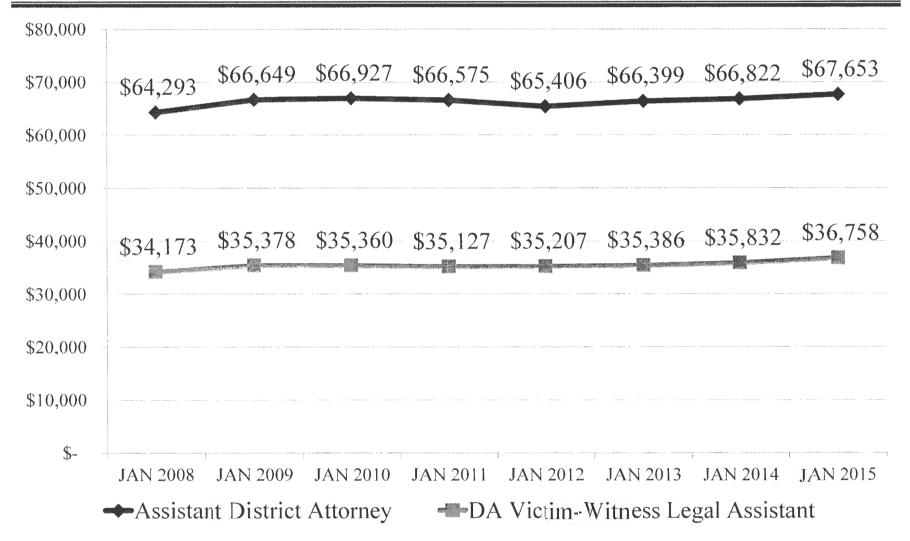
DA Personnel, 2008 to present



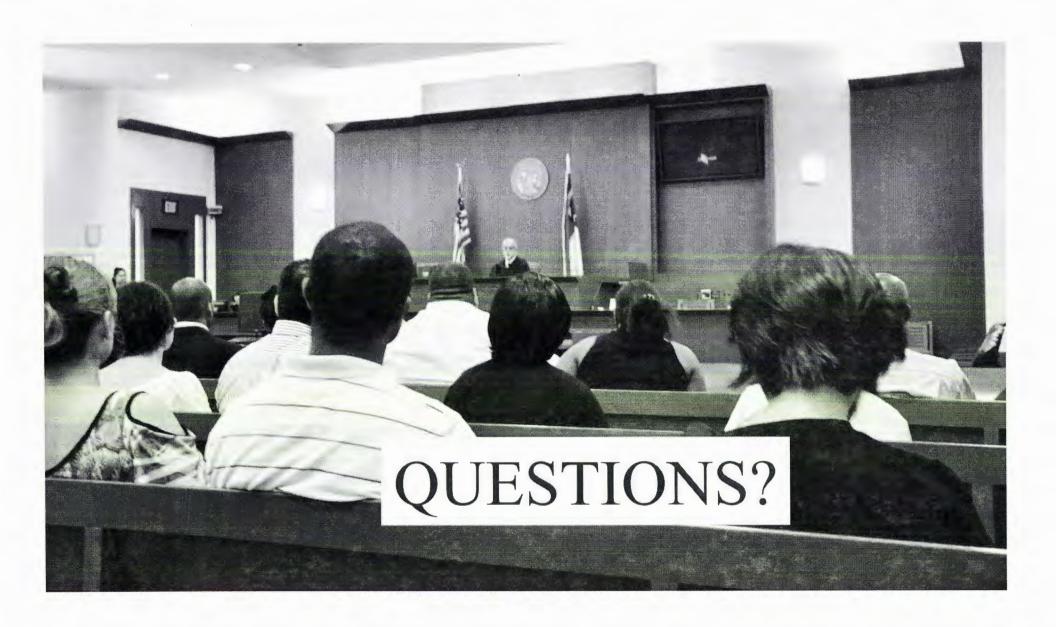
■ Assistant District Attorney ■ DA Victim-Witness Legal Assistant

Source: BEACON, February 1, 2015

DA Staff Average Compensation, 2008 to present



Source: BEACON, February 1, 2015



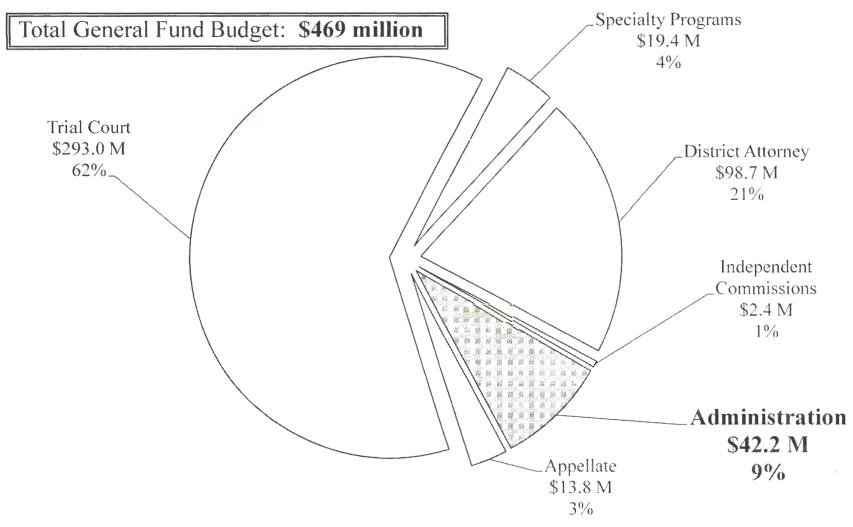
The Administrative Office of the Courts: Administration and Technology

William Childs
Fiscal Research Division
March 3, 2015



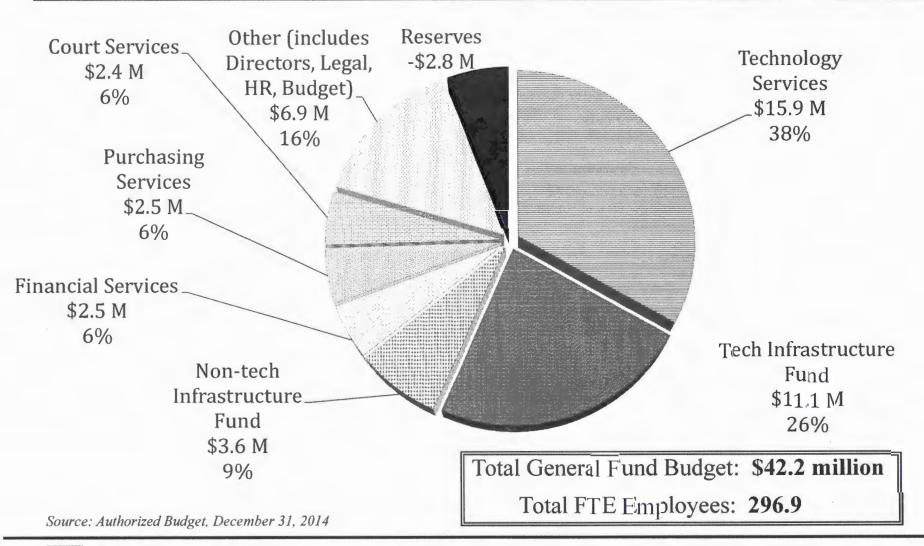


AOC Budget By Program FY 2014-15



Source: Authorized Budget, December 31, 2014

AOC Administration Authorized Budget by Section FY 2014-15

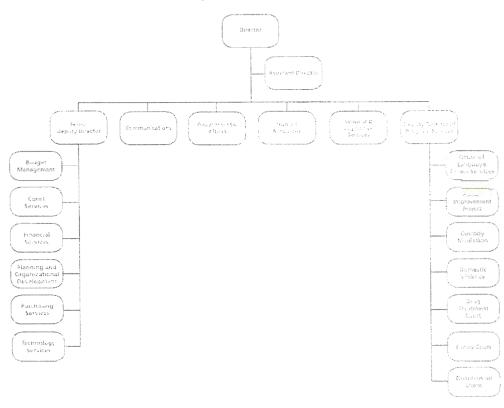


AOC Organizational Chart



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Organization Chart



AOC Administrative Functions

- AOC Director's Office
- Senior Deputy Director's Office
 - Includes Communications Office
- Budget Management
- Legal and Legislative Services
 - Legal advice and training for court officials
- Organizational Development
 - Research, planning, fiscal notes, workload studies, training
- Total FTE: 34
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$4,386,489

AOC Court Programs/Court Services

- Court Programs
 - Oversees child custody mediation, interpreting services, unified family courts, juvenile court improvement projects, alternative dispute resolution services, jury support and specialized grant, and contract-funded services
- Total FTE: 9.85
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$741,093
- Court Services
 - o recordkeeping guidelines and support for officials using judicial forms and electronic records applications
- Total FTE: 27
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$2,444,292

AOC Financial Services/Human Resources

- Financial Services
 - Judicial Branch collections, payroll, processing payments and invoices, financial audits, financial policies and procedures, and financial training for clerk fiscal staff
- Total FTE: 29
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$2,462,713
- Human Resources
 - o recruitment, personnel administration, organizational management, leave administration, benefits, policy development, wellness, employee recognition, and performance management
- Total FTE: 21.5
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$1,794,496

Purchasing Services

- Central purchaser of supplies, equipment, publications, and the procurement of professional services for the entire Judicial Branch
 - o Runs AOC Print Shop, Warehouse, and Online Supply Store
 - Administers the Technology Infrastructure Fund (TIF) and the Non-technology Infrastructure Fund (NTIF)
 - divided from single Purchasing Services Fund in January 2014
- Total FTE: 30
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget for Purchasing Services: \$2,502,382
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget for TIF: \$11,130,321
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget for NTIF: \$3,595,524

Technology Services

- Responsible for technology needs of entire court system
- 13 separate teams, each with unique responsibilities, grouped into three sections. These sections are:
 - Application Development
 - > Develops and manages software (83 FTE)
 - Infrastructure and Operations Support
 - ➤ manages and provides support for hardware and other infrastructure, including the Help Desk (61 FTE)
 - Project Management and Quality Assurance
 - > planning and management of technology (3 FTE)
- Total FTE: 147
- Total FY 2014-15 GF Budget: \$15,931,136

AOC Technology

- Two legacy systems are the backbone of AOC Technology:
 - ACIS (Automated Criminal/Infractions System): legacy database tracking criminal case data
 - FMS (Financial Management Software): legacy system designed to receipt, record, track, and disburse monies related to court proceedings

ACIS-Clerks Main Menu

```
999 END OF FILE
                            * CLERKS MAIN MENU
                                          (A = ADD, I = INQUIRY, U = UPDATE)
                                            = REQUEST ARCHIVE PF1, PF2
  FILE NUMBER:
                             MODE:
                                          A = ARREST, C = COMPLAINT,
 NAME/SID/CKN/LID/
ARR/COM/INCID:
                                          S=SID, K=CKN, L=LID, N=INCID
                                           * * * NAME INQUIRY
                                            = PENDING, U = UNSERVED,
                                          (D = DISPOSED, BLANK = ALL
    PF1 - ICA/FILE NUMBER INQUIRY
                                     PF7 - WITNESS A/U/I/P/D/BLANK
     PF2 - NAME/SID/LID/CKN/ARR/COM/INCID PF8 - DISPOSITION UPDATE/INQUIRY
     PF3 - DEFENDANT RECORD CHECK
                                              - MULTIPLE ENTRY SUB-MENU
     PF4 - PROCESS ADD/UPDATE/INQUIRY
                                          PF10 - REPORTING SUB-MENU
     PF5 - CITATION ADD/UPDATE/INQUIRY PF11 - INFRACTIONS MAIN MENU
   PF6 - SUPPLEMENTAL UPDATE/INQUIRY PF12 - CANCEL
```

Legacy System Facts

ACIS:

- 1.2 million transactions daily
- 2.2 million filings in FY 2013-14
- 2.4 million dispositions in FY 2013-14
- First implemented in 1982 to track infractions
- Used in 99 counties by 1990 (final county in 1996)
- CCIS-CC implemented first feature in 2006
- The cost of entirely replacing ACIS with CCIS may be prohibitive due to quality control concerns

• FMS:

- Statewide rollout 1991-95
- Disbursed more than \$740 million in FY 2013-14
- More than 3 million transactions in FY 2013-14

AOC Technology

- AOC moving towards more modern system:
 - CCIS (Criminal Court Information System):
 - Web-based system, autofill entry
 - Components for :
 - Clerks (CCIS-CC)
 - DAs (CCIS-DA)
 - Public Defenders (CCIS-PD)
 - e-Courts project:
 - Intended to expand e-filing and ultimately replace court paper

CCIS-CC Screenshot

OFFENSES 1 of 1	et Disposition Arraigned	CCIS-CC Events Monies For 5450 SPEEDING (T)		ured D-141(J1)	Speed/Zone:73/
01 (D) SPEEDING	▼ Convicted	5441 NO OPERATORS LICENSE (1) 20	D-7(A)	
*MOD: JU Plea: GL Convicted Offense: 5441	and a grandent man	*Disposition Date: 01/06/2015 Verdict: GU OPERATORS LICENSE	♦ Toda	Fi Cita Dl. Num	N DISPOSED le #: tion: nber: pate:10/30/2013
Offense Type: T	- Text.jivc	General Statute: 20-7(A)		Court D	d By:Court(00)
Offense Class: 2	Pr	for Record Points: 02			Defense(05) State(00)
BAC > .15		Domesti	C Violence Rights Act	Disp E	NR(00) Date:10/30/2013 Date:01/06/2015 HOD:JU Plea:GL
Speed:		Zone:		C&F C	
Correction Reason:				Bond Dei	tails:
Disposition Reason:				OOF	
Other Special Condition	5				omp:01/06/2015
		A		FTC Co	omp:
ACIS Special Conditions: 1.					VRA: Date:
2.				Lead Offe	Carsen
3.				Microfi	
4.				Transfer D RM/TD D Updated	Hate: Date: Date:
Court Official Details				wp. acces	
Sentence Details					
Probation Details >					
Monetary Conditions Details					

CCIS-CC Screenshot

Court Reporter:		
Sentence Details 🔻		
Conviction Range:		
Sentence Type:	ACTIVE	Advanced Supervised (ASR) Term: months
Sentence Minimum:	3 MONTHS	Sentence Maximum Disposition
In the Custody of:	SHERIFF	Location: LEE COUNTY JAIL
	No Pretrial Jail Cr	redit for this Sentence
Pretrial Jail Time:	Days Served	
	Apply Days of	f Credit Towards:
Consecutive (At the expiration of):		
	Miscelland	eous Details
	Child Abuse:	Firearm Enhanced Penalty:
Firearm (Used or Displayed:	Motor Vehicle Involved: Commercial:
	Gang Related:	1
	Provide DNA:	Psychiatric and/ or Psychological Counseling:
Register As A Sex Offender	No Contact Order:	Substance Abuse Treatment Recommended:
	Habitual Felon:	Habitual Breaking and Entering:
Work Release:		And Shall be Committed to:
Probation Details	manumining to par and the annual	
Monetary Conditions Details 💂		
Bill of Costs will be updated with the	selected fees as orde	ered by the court.
Imposed Fine Only Senter	ice:	
Civil Revocation Fee P	aid:	
Court Co	sts: 390.00 🛞	Not Waived/Not Remitted

CCIS-CC Screenshot

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

LEE COUNTY

CRIMINAL BILL OF COSTS

File Number:		In the General Court of Justice:	DISTRICT
Defendant Name:		Disposed/Court Date:	01/06/2015
Defense Attorney: ATKINS	ON,SEASON	Clerk Name:	

Total: \$	390.00	Full Payment	To Be Paid Date:	
Surrender License:		Probation:	Assessment:	

Category	Receiver	Amount	GL Number
GCJF DISTRICT		\$127.05	212
GCJF DISTRICT-LAA		\$2.45	212
LEOB-RF		\$7.50	217
LE CERT & TRAINING - DISTRICT		\$2.00	217
TELEPHONE FEE DISTRICT		\$4.00	246
MCF FEE		\$18.00	24-
CHAPTER 20 VIOLATION FEE DISTRICT		\$10.00	218
SERVICE FEE	STATE HIGHWAY PATROL	\$5.00	22
FACILITIES FEE DISTRICT	LEE COUNTY COURTHOUSE	\$12.00	22
STATE DNA FEE DISTRICT		\$2.00	24
FTA 20DF FEE DISTRICT		\$200.00	21:

NOTE: This bill of costs does not reflect amounts you may owe outside the criminal judgment, such as cull revocation fee or an administrative fee owed to another agency

ADC-CR-381-COIS-CC, New 5/12, © 2012 Administrative Office of the Courts Flage 1

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AOC Criminal Case Technology

- NCAWARE: Statewide warrant repository
 - · Real-time web-based system
 - 10.4 million processes tracked in system
 - Launched in 2008 and implemented statewide in 2014
- e-Citation: Statewide electronic citation system
 - Launched 1999 as joint venture with SHP
 - Automatically transmits citation information to ACIS
 - 9.2 million citations processed since launch
 - First of its type in the nation
- DAS: Discovery Automation System
 - Electronic discovery for DAs from local law enforcement
 - Piloted 2008

AOC Criminal Case Technology

- payNCticket: online citation payment
 - Statewide rollout in 2010
 - 28.4 percent of waived offenses paid using payNCticket
- Magistrate Video Project
 - Video communications between magistrate and local law enforcement for criminal matters
 - Piloted 2012
 - Implemented in 39 districts and counties by June 30, 2014

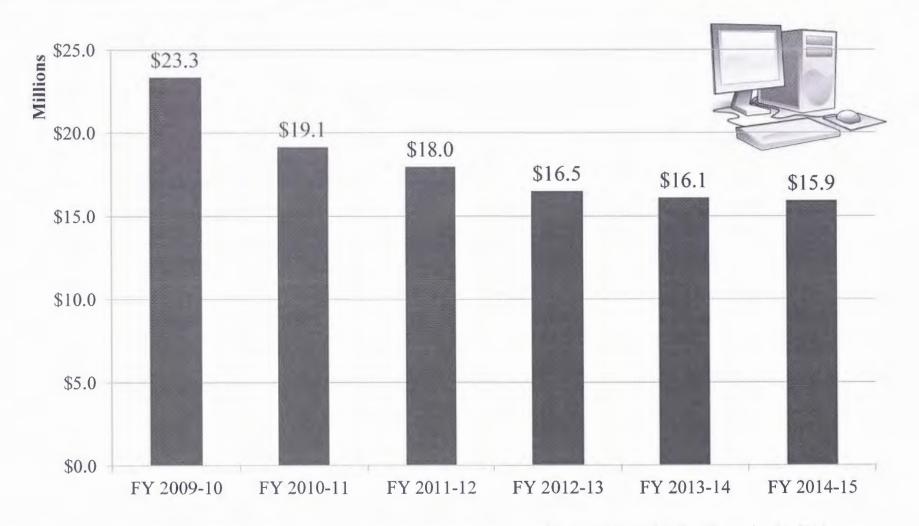
Magistrate Video Project, January 2015



AOC Technology

- Other technology systems supported by AOC:
 - VCAP (civil case processing system)
 - e-Filing:
 - Piloted 2009 in three counties without much success
 - Alamance County Domestic Violence Pilot in 2013
 - Provides better integration into system
 - CaseWise: civil case calendaring system
 - JWise: juvenile case management system

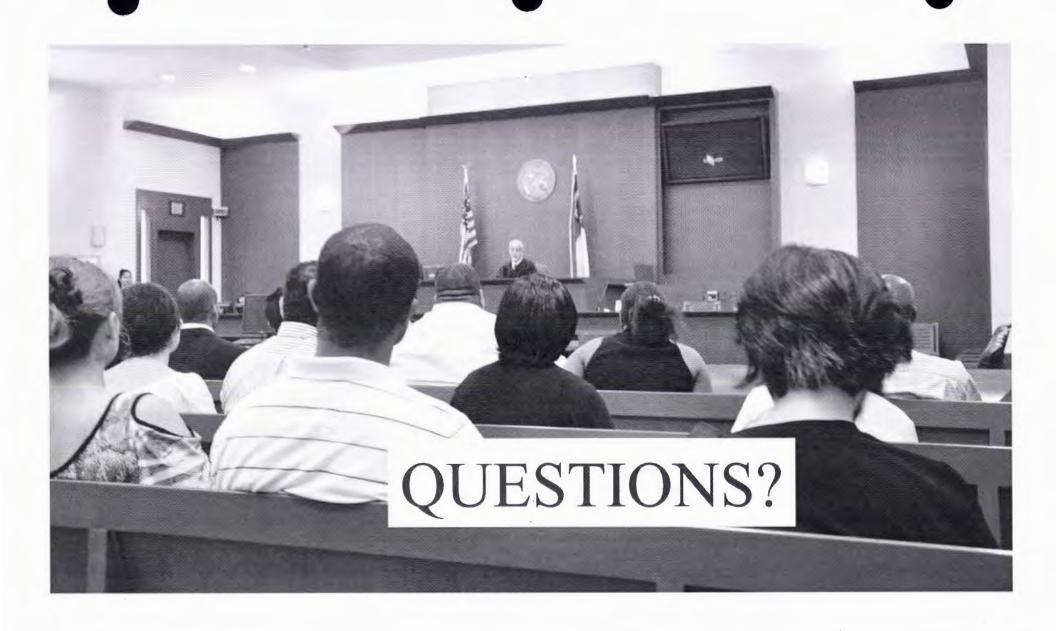
AOC Technology Services Budget History

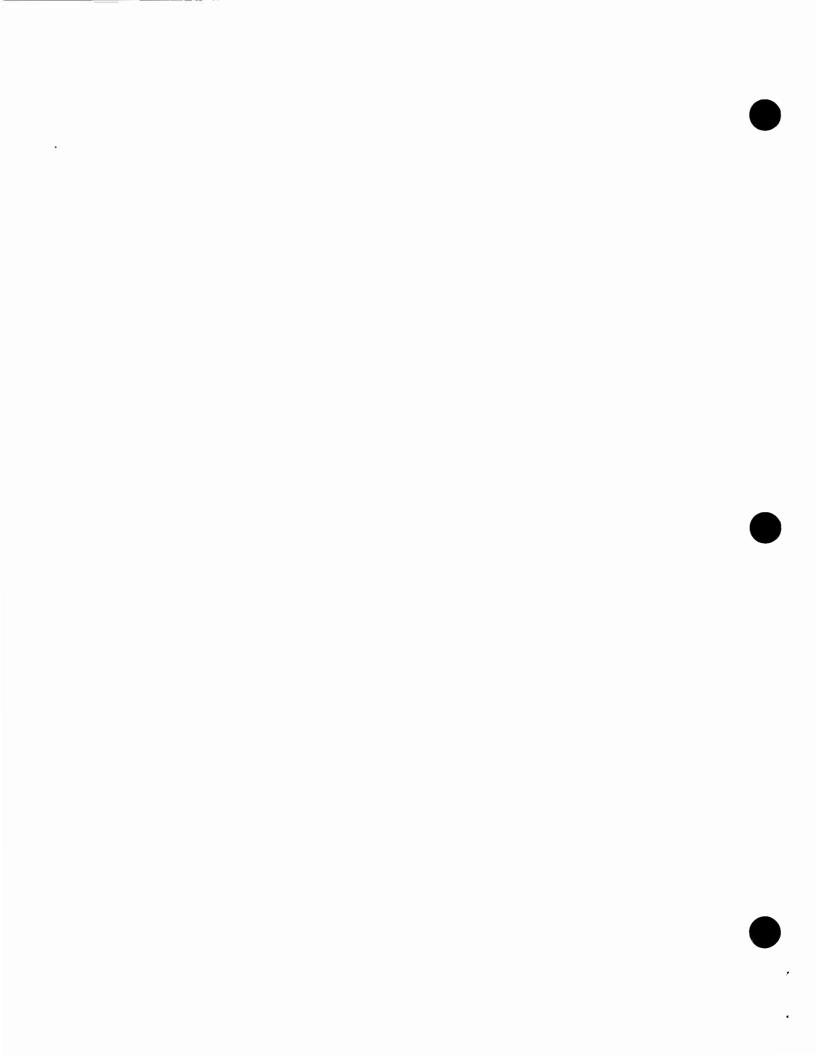


Source: Authorized Budget, December 31, 2014

Challenges with AOC Technology

- Lack of IT vision during 2000s
 - Many new systems built and integrated with existing systems
 - Legacy systems were not replaced
 - New systems cater to specific users, but no holistic approach
- AOC stagnations visible to the public (ACIS)
- AOC employees dealing with older technology
 - Fine for long-time employees, difficult for new hires
- Expensive to maintain
 - AOC has to find software engineers who can code in legacy mainframe languages





VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Joint Justice & Public Safety

3-3-15 Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

. <u>NAME</u>	FIRM OR AGENCY
Rocksey T. Becken	NC ACE
Danielle Seale	NC FLOC
Las Rubant	CHPC
JEFF MARECIL	AOC
Red Jeres	Conf. of D. As
Just Her D	NC FOR
Jan William	NCADO
1 John w Smith	ne toc
Ton Murry	NC AOC
Barbara Moore	Conf. of Clarks of SpC+
Tend Weller	CSC-Perquemans es
JAN Kennedy	CSC - New HANDURA CO.
Mary Irvine	NC Equal Fusice Alliance
Carye Down	Bisability Proplets NC
MARK SENTER	ALIOHOL LAW ENFORCEMENT
Fred Bane	Bone : 1550.
Mildred	NCKOU
,	09-22-2012

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Justine & Public 5s fsty

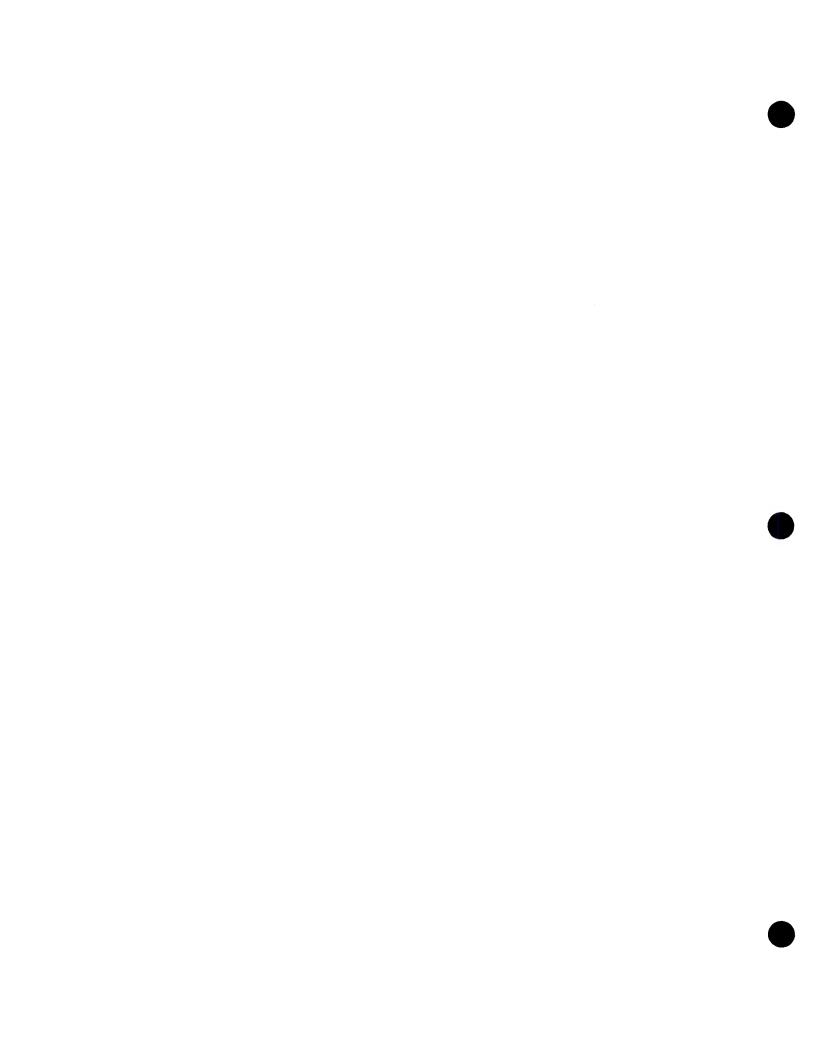
(Committee Name)

3-7-15

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Chery Reed.	Aoc
Brad Fowler	NEADL
Com Maha	5775
GEN BROWN	N &0
Laur-n Coffee	Govern
and Brandon	DPS
King Couch	NCBA.
the the	N'CGA.
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	00 22 2012



Committee Sergeants at Arms

	Soint
NAME (DE COMMITTEE Just + Prible
	3-3-12 Room: 415
	House Sgt-At Arms:
1. Name:	BARRY MCORE
2. Name:	BARRY MCORE BH POWELL
4. Name:	
5. Name:	
	<i>;</i>
	Senate Sgt-At Arms:
1. Name:	JIM PAMILYON
2. Name: _	Jim Hansilton Charles Marsilis
3. Name: _	
4. Name: _	
5. Name:	

		•
		_

SENATE PAGES ATTENDING

TEE: Tour Pensions Retilement Moras

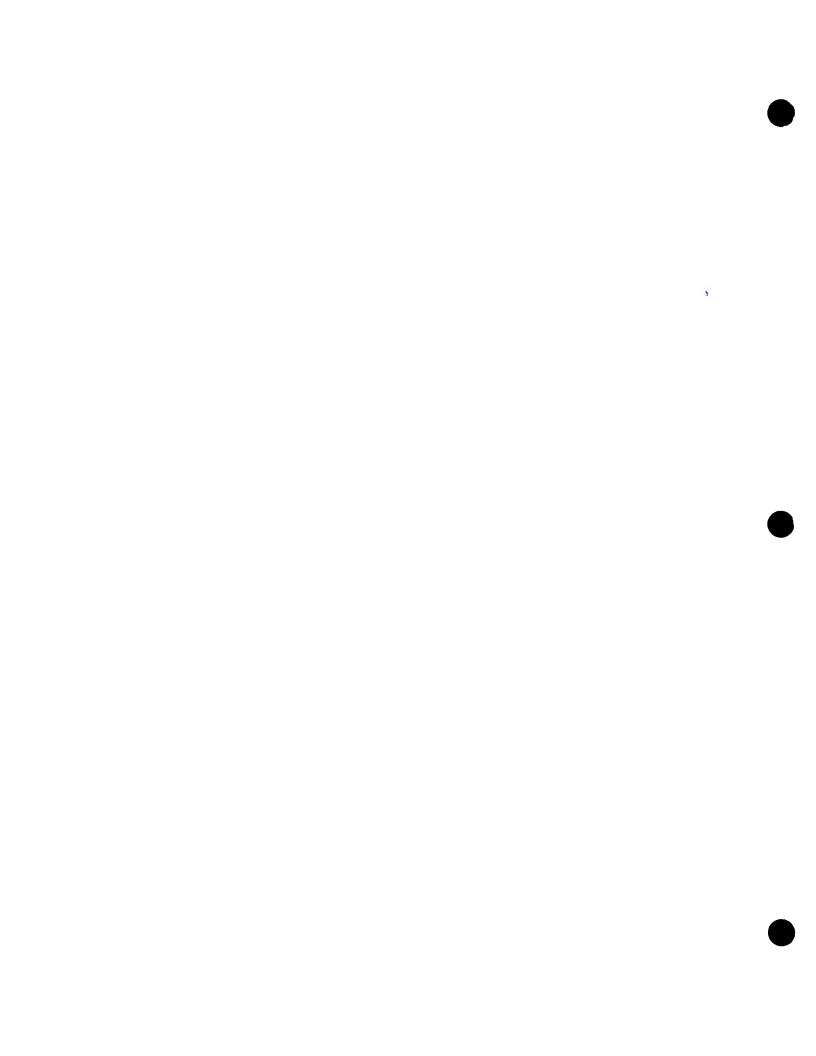
DATE: 3/3, TIME: AM ROOM: 500

Pages: Please print legibly.....or else!!!!!!!!!!!!

Page Name	Hometown	Sponsoring Senator
1 Mc Kayla Robin	nette Pinetops	B. Jackson
C Kei Shiona	Tones Enfield	Bryant
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		

Do not add additional names below the grid.

Pages: Please present this form to either the Committee Clerk at the meeting or a Sgt. at Arms.



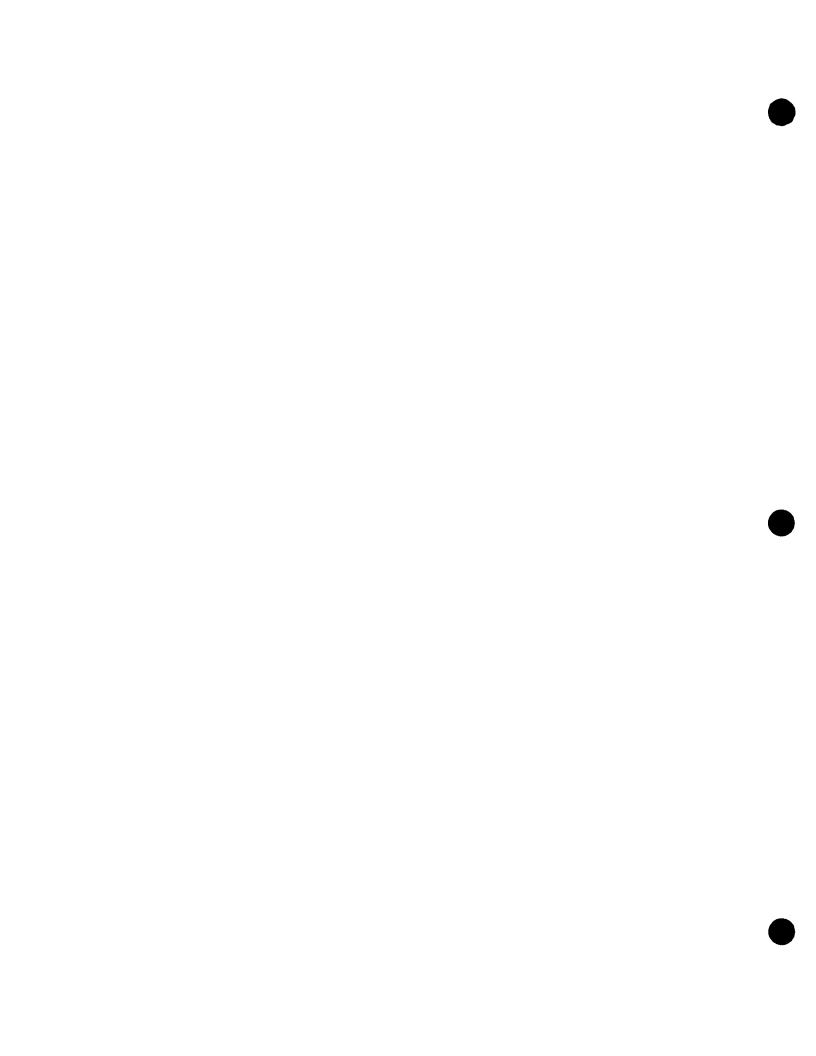
Tuesday, March 3

APPROPRIATIONS,
JUSTICE & PUBLIC
SAFETY (JOINT)

Room 415

Time 8:30 am

Name	County	Sponsor
Lauren Trivette	Bladen	William D. Brisson



JOINT APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

March 5, 2015 8:30 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs: Senator Stan Bingham

Senator Buck Newton

Senator Shirley Randleman, Presiding

Representative Jamie Boles Representative Leo Daughtry Representative John Faircloth

Representative Pat Hurley

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

Financing the Court System and Court Costs William Childs, Fiscal Research Division

Specialty Courts
William Childs, Fiscal Research Division

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. OTHER BUSINESS:

Next meetings: Wednesday, March 11, 2015

VI. ADJOURNMENT

House Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Rep. Boles (Chair)

Rep. Daughtry (Chair)

Rep. Faircloth (Chair)

Rep. Hurley (Chair)

Rep. Jackson (Vice Chair), Rep. McNeill (Vice Chair),

Rep. Stevens (Vice Chair)

Sen. Bingham (Chair)
Sen. Newton (Chair)
Son. Bandlaman (Chair)

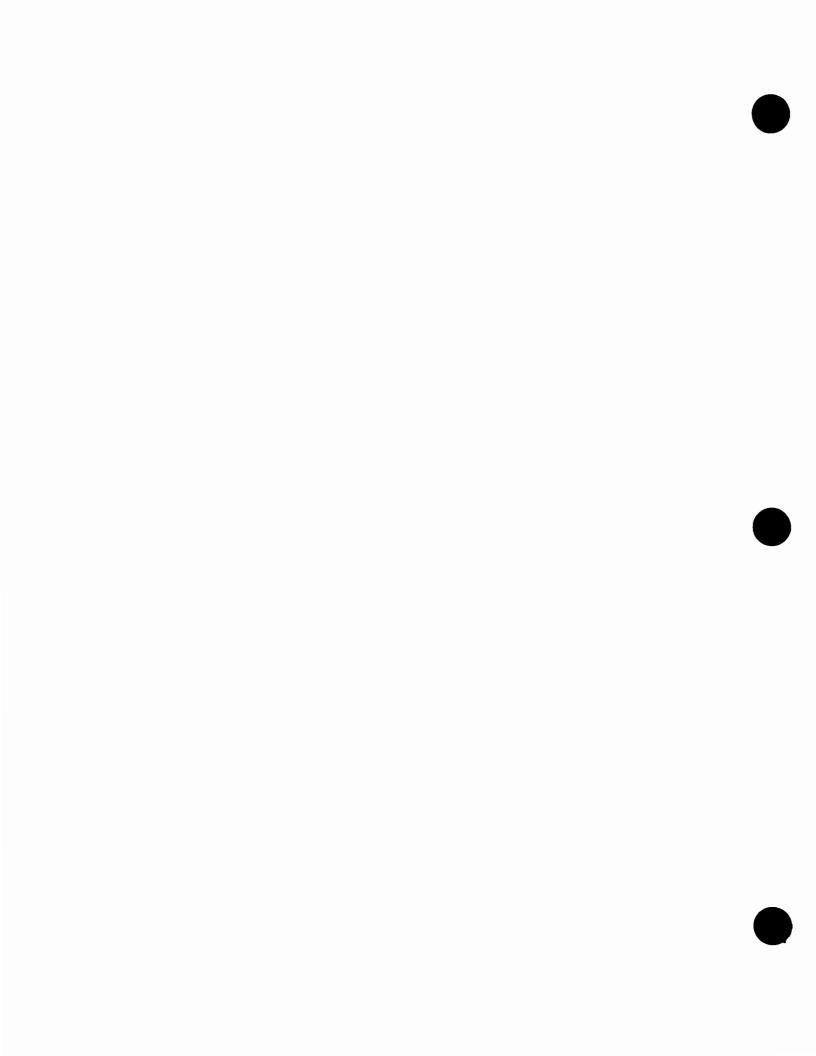
Sen. Randleman (Chair) Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson,

Sen. Lee

Rep. C. Graham, Rep. G. Graham, Rep. R. Johnson, Rep. Salmon,

Rep. Speciale, Rep. Turner



Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety

Thursday, March 5, 2015 at 8:30 AM

Room 415, Legislative Office Building

Minutes

The Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety met at 8:30 AM on March 5, 2015 in Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building. Eighteen members were present.

Senator Shirley Randleman, Chair, presided. Senator Randleman called the meeting to order at 8:34 AM. She recognized the pages and the Sergeants at Arms Barry Moore, BH Powell, Charles Morsalis, and Jim Hamilton.

Senator Randleman recognized William Childs, Fiscal Research Division, to come to the podium. She explained that Mr. Childs would give two presentations; Financing the Court System and Court Cost and then Specialty Courts (See Attached).

Mr. Childs gave an overview of court cost and court fees. He explained how court cost and fees are allocated to different functions of the court system. He provided the total cost of typical cases in various courts and showed how those cost broke down.

Sen. Randleman recognized Rep. Faircloth for a question. Rep. Faircloth inquired about Judges ability to waive court cost and fees. Mr. Childs responded that Judges do have discretion to partially or fully waive fees and that they do receive an annual waiver report by district. He added that last year's waiver figures will be featured later in the presentation.

Mr. Childs continued with the presentation by explaining how there are still court cost associated with online payments. He addressed the Court Cost Waivers from 2012-13 and showed the figures for some key counties.

Sen. Jackson asked if there was any known cause for the discrepancy in court cost waivers between counties other than judicial temperament. Sen. Randleman recognized Susan Frye, Clerk of Court Forsyth County, to answer the question. She explained that in her experience the temperament of the bench explains the discrepancy. The members continued to discuss possible explanations for waivers and methods to track the reason for waivers.

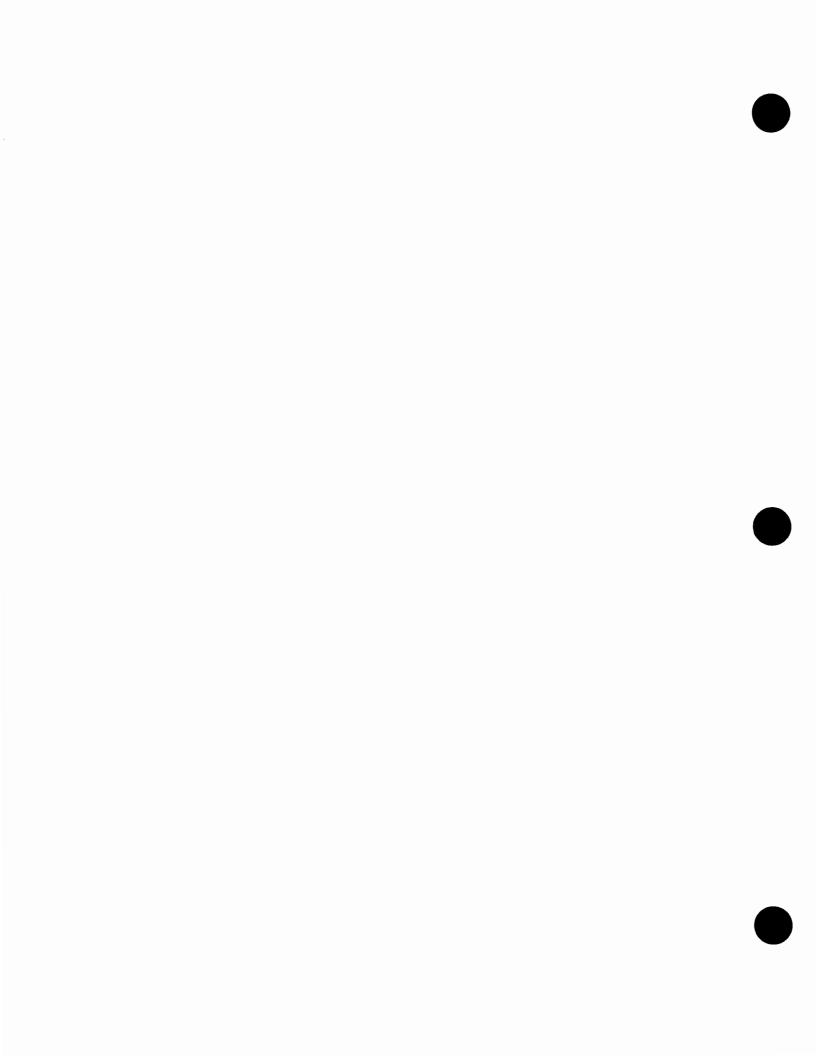
Mr. Childs concluded his first presentation, and began his presentation on Specialty Courts. He explained that family court provides a means of linking cases so that they can be heard together. He also briefly discussed Drug Court, Mental Health Court, and Veterans Treatment Court.

Senator Randleman adjourned the meeting at 9:31 AM.

Senator Shirley Randleman, Chair

Presiding

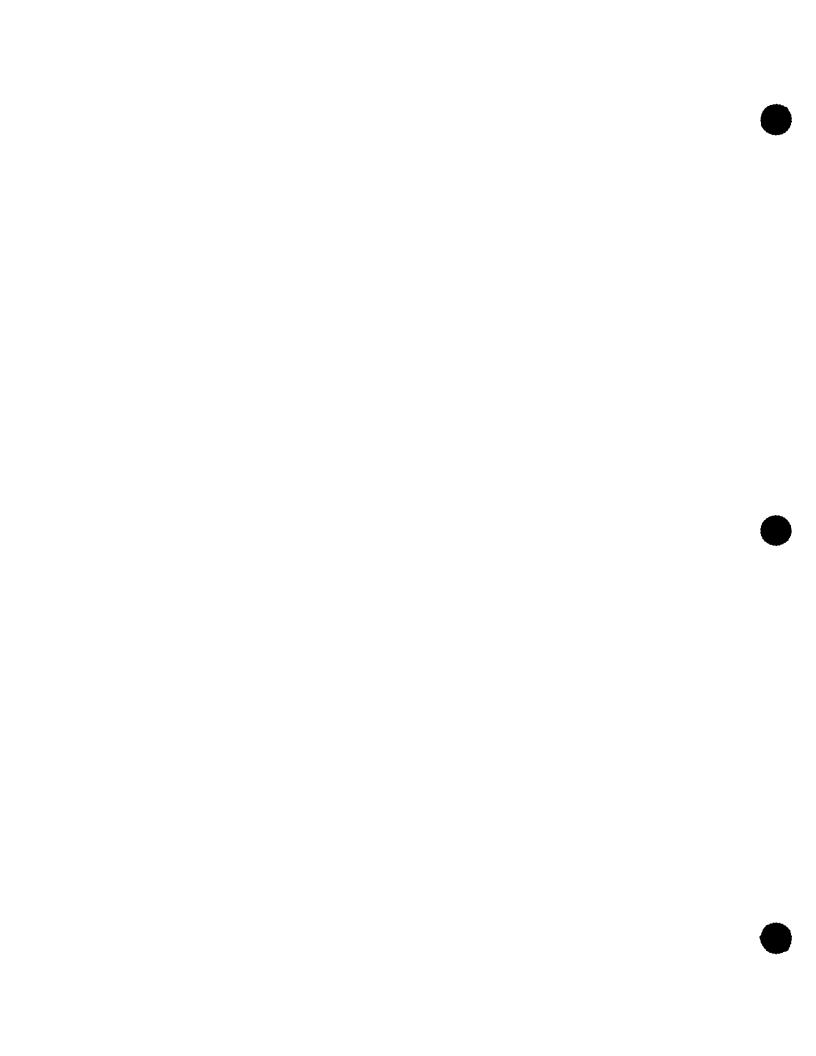
Jeb Kelly, Committee Clerk



ATTENDANCE

2015- 2016 Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

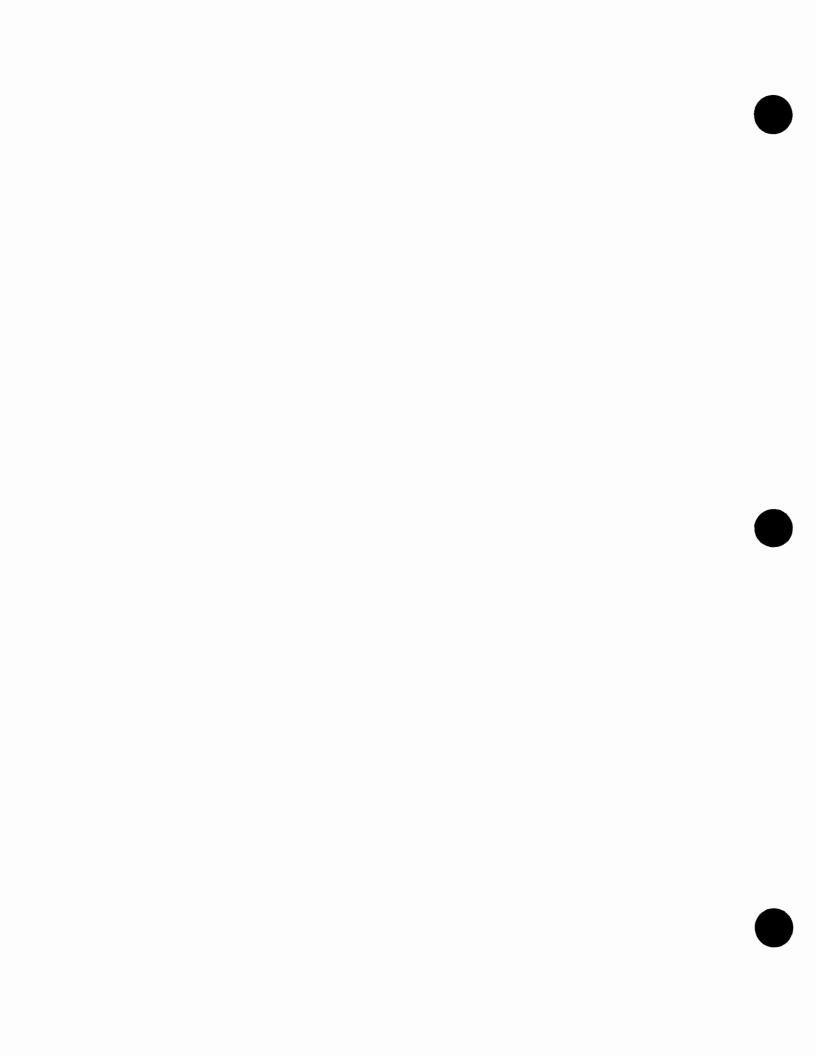
2013- 2010 Joint Appropriations Sur		1		1			-	
DATES NAMES	3/5/18							
Sen. Stan Bingham Co-Chair								
Sen. Buck Newton Co-Chair	1							
Sen. Shirley Randleman Co-Chair	/							
Sen, Tom Apodaca Vice-Chair								
Sen. Valerie Foushee	V							
Sen. Fletcher Hartsell, Jr.								
Sen. Jeff Jackson	/							
Sen. Michael Lee	1							
Rep. Jamie Boles Co-Chair	V							
Rep. Leo Daughtry Co-Chair	1							
Rep. John Faircloth Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Pat Hurley Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Darren Jackson Vice-Chair	V							
Rep. Allen McNeill Vice-Chair	V							
Rep. Sarah Stevens Vice-Chair	V							
Rep. Charles Graham	V							
Rep. George Graham	V							
Rep. Ralph Johnson	V							
Rep. Brad Salmon	V							
Rep. Michael Speciale	1							
Rep. Rena Turner	V							



The Administrative Office of the Courts: Financing The Court System and Court Costs

William Childs
Fiscal Research Division
March 5, 2015





JPS General Fund Budget by Agency FY 2014-15

DOJ \$83,291,693 3% IDS \$125,059,442 5% AOC \$469,444,096 18% Appropriation: \$2.4 billion

Receipts: \$235 million

Total GF Budget: \$2.6 billion

DPS \$1,937,766,514 74%

Source: NCAS, December 31, 2014 Authorized Budget



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General Court of Justice Fees

		Criminal			Civil			Special Proceedings and Estates			
		District Court	Superior Court	Magistrates' Court	District Court	Superior Court	Most Proceedings and Estates	Foreclosure	Probate Without Qual. of Personal Rep.	FY 13-14 Disbursement	
	General Fund	\$127.05	\$152.05	\$77.55	\$127.55	\$177.55	\$104.50	\$300	\$20	\$219,567,367	
stice Fee	State Bar Legal Aid Account: Access To Civil Justice			\$	1.50					Disbursed to Legal Aid of NC, Pisgah	
General Court of Justice Fee	State Bar Legal Aid Account: Domestic Violence Victim Assistance			\$.95						Legal Services, and Legal Services of Southern Piedmont via the NC State Bar:	
	Total	\$129.50	\$154.50	\$80	\$130	\$180	\$106	\$300	\$20	\$2,842,377	

Other Court Fees

	Crim	ninal Civil				Special Pr			
	District	Superior	Magistrates'	District	Superior Court	Most	Foreclosure	Probate	
	Court	Court	Court	Court		Proceedings		Without	FY 13-14
		:				and Estates		Qual. of	Disbursement
!					4			Personal	
								Rep.	
·									Counties:
									\$13,497,336
Facilities Fee	\$12	\$30	\$12	\$16	\$16	\$10	-	\$10	1.1
									Municipalities:
									\$288,008
									AOC Court
Phone Systems	Φ <i>A</i>								Information
Fee	\$4								Tech Fund:
									\$5,270,393
	\$5 for each	omesat on							Counties:
	service of								\$7,403,222
Service Fee	process, ir		\$30 for each i	tem of civil	process served				
Scrvice ree	citation	_]	by the sherif	f				Municipalities:
	subpo								\$1,643,877
	Subpo	ciias							

District Court Criminal Court Costs Summary

Type	Total Cost	Amounts	
District Court Infraction	\$178.00	129.50 GCJ 12.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service
District Court Infraction Chapter 20 Offense	\$188.00	129.50 GCJ 12.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 10.00 Chapter 20
District Court Misdemeanor	\$180.00	129.50 GCJ 12.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 2.00 DNA
District Court Misdemeanor Chapter 20 Offense	\$190.00	129.50 GCJ 12.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 2.00 DNA 10.00 Chapter 20

Superior Court Criminal Court Costs Summary

Туре	Total Cost	Amounts	
Superior Court without First Appearance in District Court	\$205.00	154.50 GCJ 30.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	5.00 Service 2.00 DNA
Superior Court without First Appearance in District Court Chapter 20 Offense	\$215.00	154.50 GCJ 30.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	5.00 Service 2.00 DNA 10.00 Chapter 20
Superior Court with First Appearance in District Court	\$334.50	154.50 GCJ (Superior) 129.50 GCJ (District) 30.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	5.00 Service 2.00 DNA
Superior Court with First Appearance in District Court Chapter 20 Offense	\$344.50	154.50 GCJ (Superior) 129.50 GCJ (District) 30.00 Facilities 4.00 Telephone 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training	5.00 Service 2.00 DNA 10.00 Chapter 20

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		_

Type	Total Cost	Amounts
Superior Court Infraction Appealed from District Court for Trial De Novo	\$368.50	129.50 GCJ (District) 154.50 GCJ (Superior) 12.00 Facilities (District) 30.00 Facilities (Superior) 4.00 Telephone (District) 4.00 Telephone (Superior) 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training (Superior) 2.00 LEO Training (District) 18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service
Superior Court Infraction Appealed from District Court for Trial De Novo Chapter 20 Offense	\$388.50	129.50 GCJ (District) 154.50 GCJ (Superior) 12.00 Facilities (District) 30.00 Facilities (Superior) 4.00 Telephone (District) 4.00 Telephone (Superior) 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training (Superior) 2.00 LEO Training (District) 10.00 Chapter 20 (Superior) 18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 10.00 Chapter 20 (District)
Superior Court Misdemeanor Appealed from District Court for Trial De Novo	\$372.50	129.50 GCJ (District) 154.50 GCJ (Superior) 12.00 Facilities (District) 30.00 Facilities (Superior) 4.00 Telephone (District) 4.00 Telephone (Superior) 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training (Superior) 2.00 LEO Training (District) 2.00 DNA (Superior) 18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 2.00 DNA (District)
Superior Court Misdemeanor Appealed from District Court for Trial De Novo Chapter 20 Offense	\$392.50	129.50 GCJ (District) 12.00 Facilities (District) 30.00 Facilities (Superior) 4.00 Telephone (District) 4.00 Telephone (District) 7.50 LEO Retirement 2.00 LEO Training (District) 2.00 DNA (Superior) 18.00 Misd. Confinement 5.00 Service 2.00 DNA (District) 10.00 Chapter 20 (Superior)

Why Do I Pay Court Costs When I Pay Online?

- All tickets require work on the part of law enforcement, the clerks, and other employees of the courts
- Except for certain specific offenses with unique costs or no costs (e.g., seat belt violations under G.S. 20-135.2A), the General Assembly requires the full payment of court costs when a person is found guilty of a crime or responsible for an infraction (G.S. 7A-304)
- The General Assembly has made no general exception for any offenses, even those disposed by mail or via payNCticket

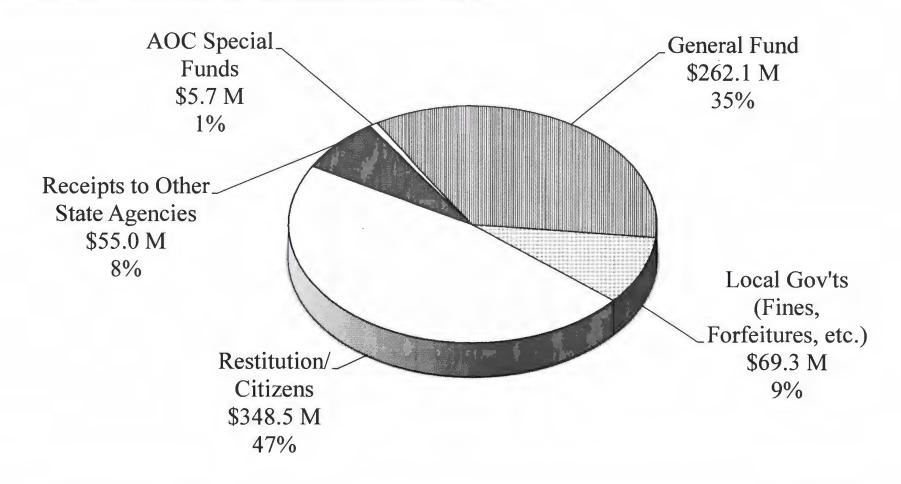
Financing the Court System with GF Appropriations

- At unification, NCGA funded the courts from the State's General Fund
- Prevents judicial officials from having a direct benefit from assessing court costs
- AOC continues to be primarily funded through the General Fund
- Appropriations unconnected to AOC court cost collections
- AOC collects three types of funds:
 - o Fees: State General Fund and other state agencies
 - o **Fines and forfeitures**: local governments for support of the school system
 - o **Restitution**: citizens who have been victims of crime or successful claimants in civil suits

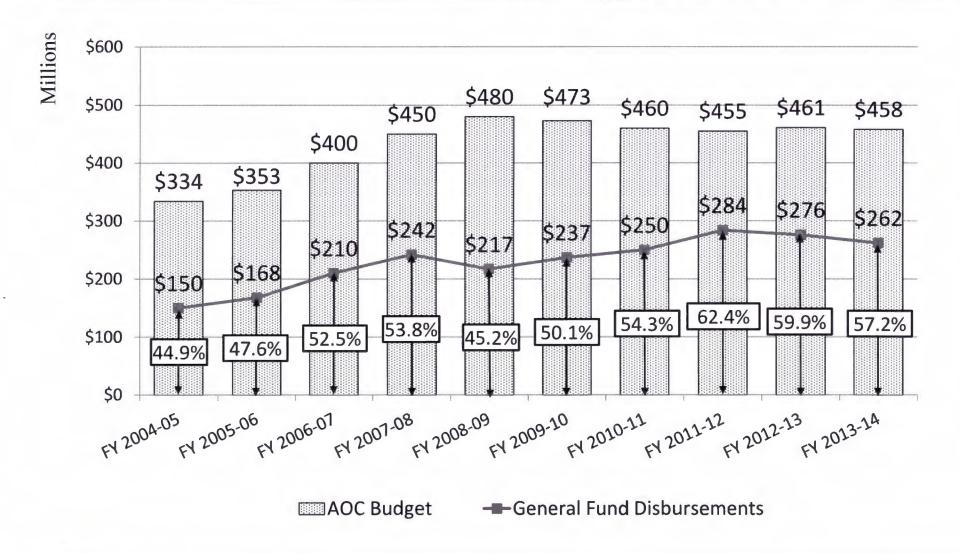
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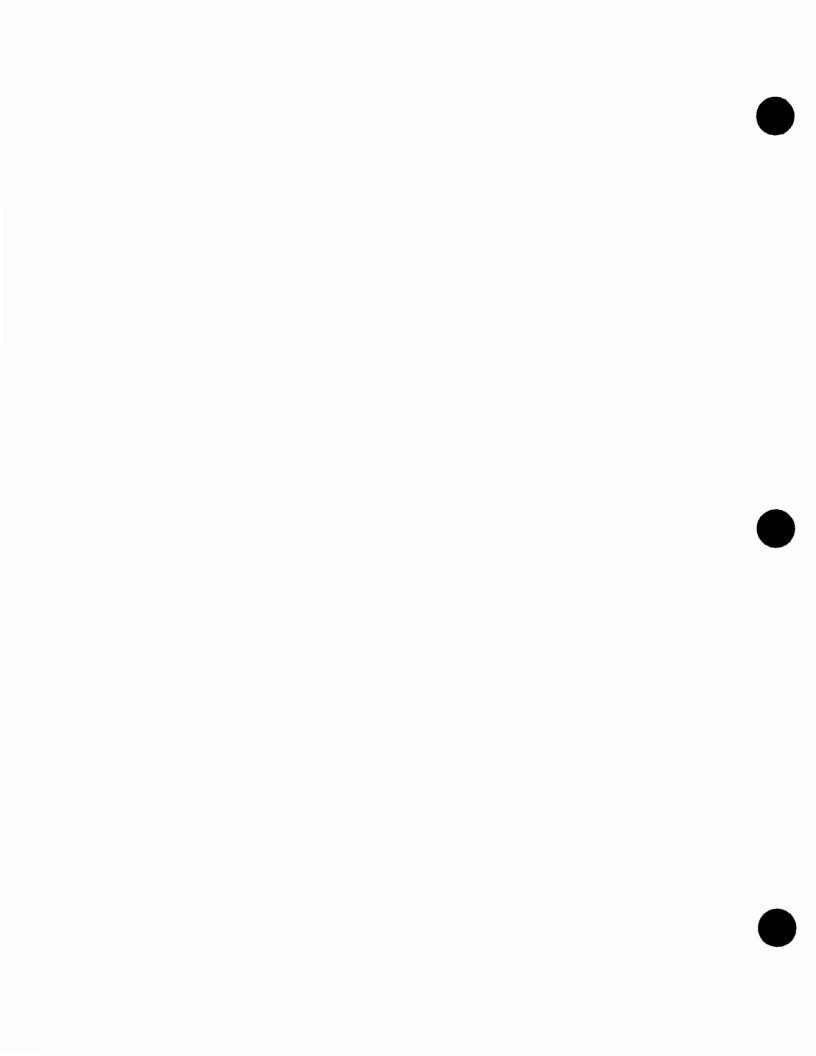
AOC Receipt Disbursements

Total Disbursements, FY 2013-14: \$741 million



AOC GF Collections Compared to Appropriations





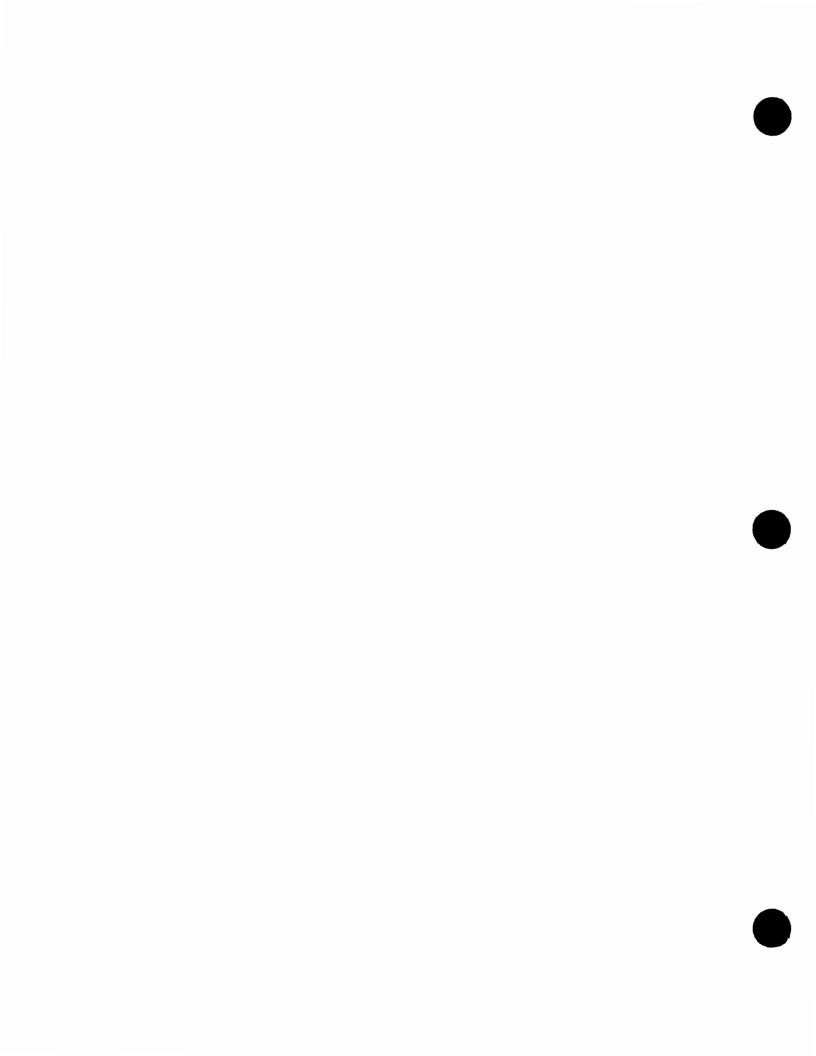
Court Cost Waivers, FY 2012-13

	Partially Waived	Fully Waived	Partial or Full Waive Local Rule	Total
Statewide	11,286	9,246	247	20,779
Cumberland	8,474	125	-	8,599
Mecklenburg	607	1,022	-	1,629
Robeson	497	3,787	-	4,284
Wake	26	224	24	274

Source: AOC

2011 Auditor Report on Court Collections

- Found that court collection rates for certain offenses were:
 - 85.1% for traffic cases
 - 84.3% for cases resulting in unsupervised probation
- AOC responded:
 - Compliance rate for infractions is 99%
 - Those collections included DWI and criminal defendants, some of whom are sent to prison for failure to comply
 - Some of this population among the poorest in the State
 - Due process may delay collections



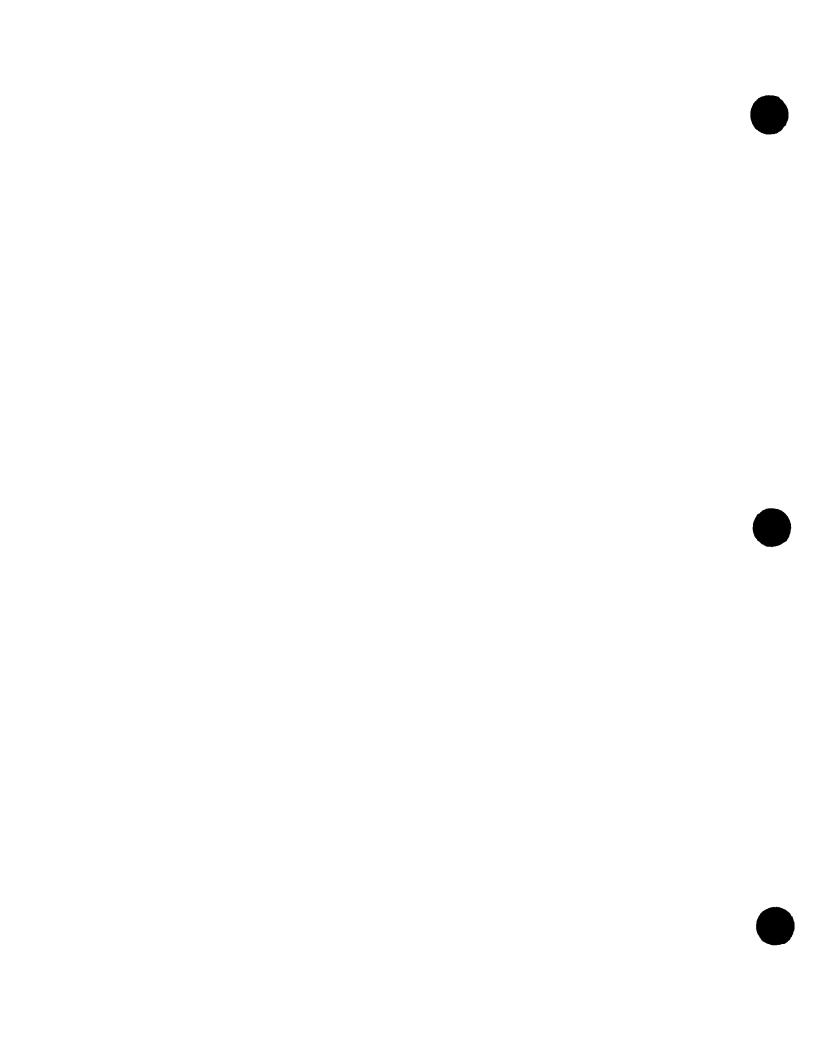
NCSC 2013 Survey: Percent of State Budget for Courts

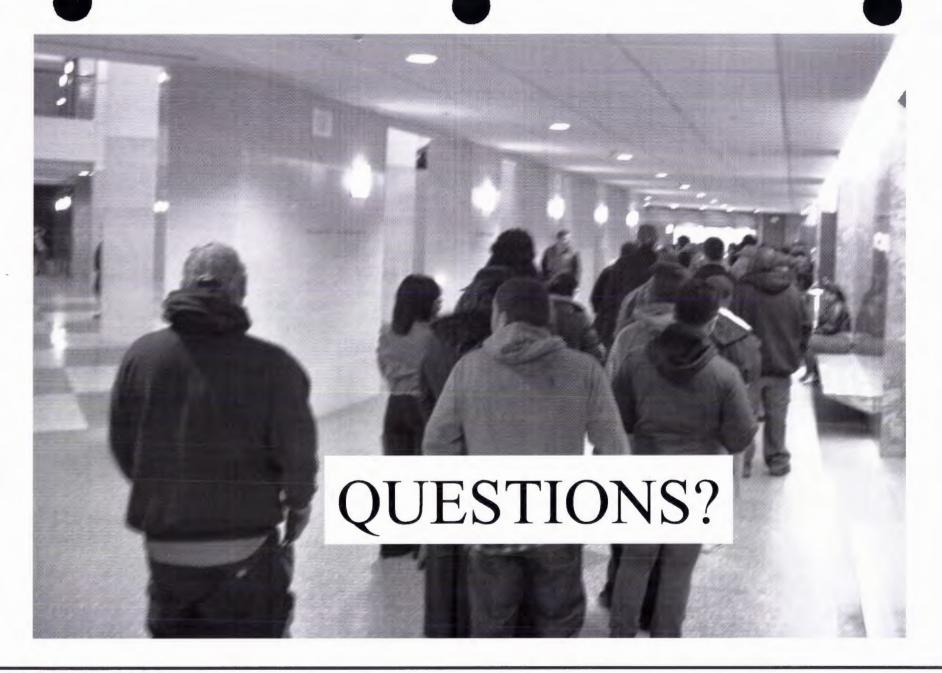
Unified Court S	System	Non-unified Cou	ırt System
California	0.8%	Tennessee	0.4%
Kansas	1.7%	Texas	0.4%
Minnesota	1.7%	Louisiana	0.5%
Massachusetts	1.8%	Washington	0.5%
Maine	1.9%	Florida	0.6%
Alabama	2.0%	South Carolina	0.7%
Nebraska	2.0%	Wisconsin	0.8%
New York	2.0%	Georgia	0.9%
Alaska	2.1%	Indiana	0.9%
Missouri	2.1%	Idaho	1.0%
New Jersey	2.1%	Nevada	1.0%
Utah	2.1%	Arizona	1.3%
North Carolina	2.2%	Michigan	1.9%
Virginia	2.2%		
Hawaii	2.3%		
Delaware	2.5%		
New Mexico	2.5%		
Maryland	2.6%		
Oregon	2.7%		
South Dakota	2.7%		
West Virginia	3.0%		
Kentucky	3.4%		
Puerto Rico	3.8%		Courses National Contact for State Country
New Hampshire	5.0%		Source: National Center for State Courts

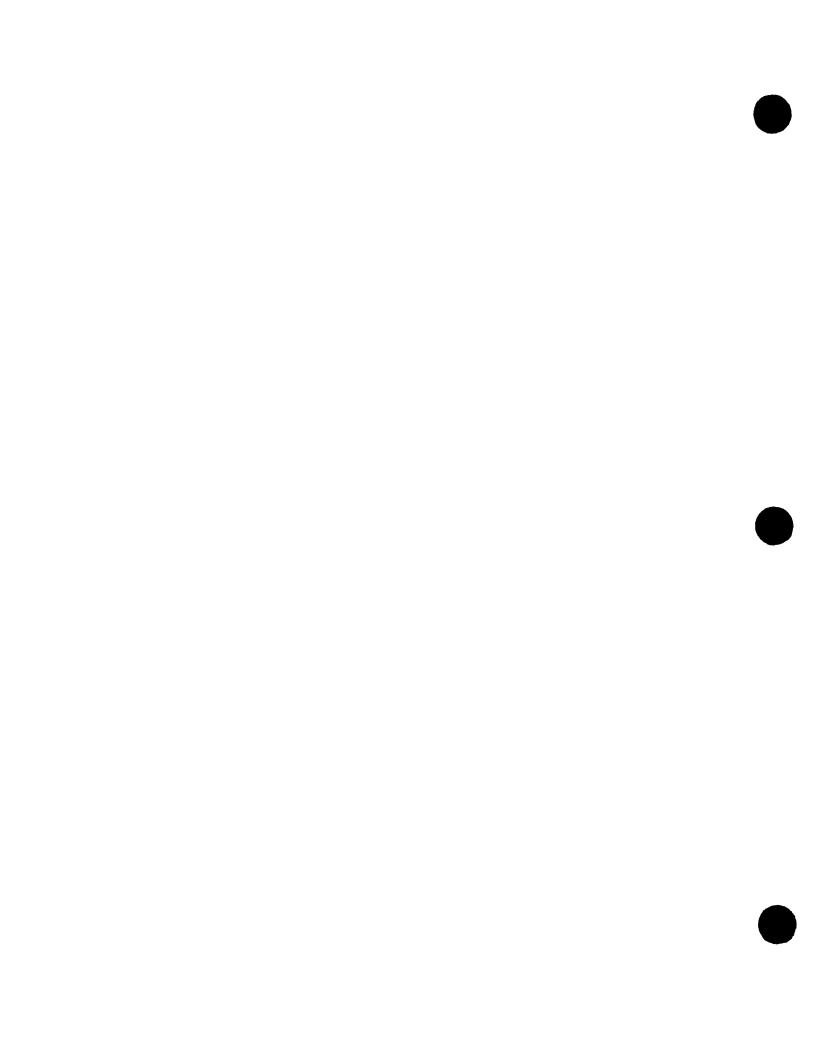
Comparison of Filing Fees in Other States

		Percent of	Ci	vil Filing Fees		Crimina	l Filing Fees
	Unified	Total Budget	Small Claims or Magistrate	District	Superior/ Circuit	District/ Municipal	Superior/ Circuit
Alabama	Yes	2.0%	\$35-109	\$198	\$197-297	\$111	\$131
New Jersey	Yes	2.1%	\$15-30	_	\$200	varies	varies
Utah	Yes	2.1%	\$60-185	\$75-360	-	-	-
Alaska	Yes	2.1%	-	\$90	\$150	-	-
Virginia	Yes	2.2%	varies	varies	\$82-342	\$76-91	varies
North Carolina	Yes	2.2%	\$96	\$150	\$200	\$180	\$205
Hawaii	Yes	2.3%	-	\$145	\$300	_	\$240
Delaware	Yes	2.5%	_	\$30-80	\$175	\$50-125	\$100
New Mexico	Yes	2.5%	-	\$62-132	-	varies	\$35
Maryland	Yes	2.6%	-	\$38	\$80	\$38	\$80
Florida	No	0.6%	\$50-295	-	\$397.50- \$1902.50	varies	varies (typically \$100-300)
South Carolina	No	0.7%	\$45	\$100	\$150	-	-
Georgia	No	0.9%	\$99	\$210	\$210	varies	\$210

Source: Fiscal Research and NCSC



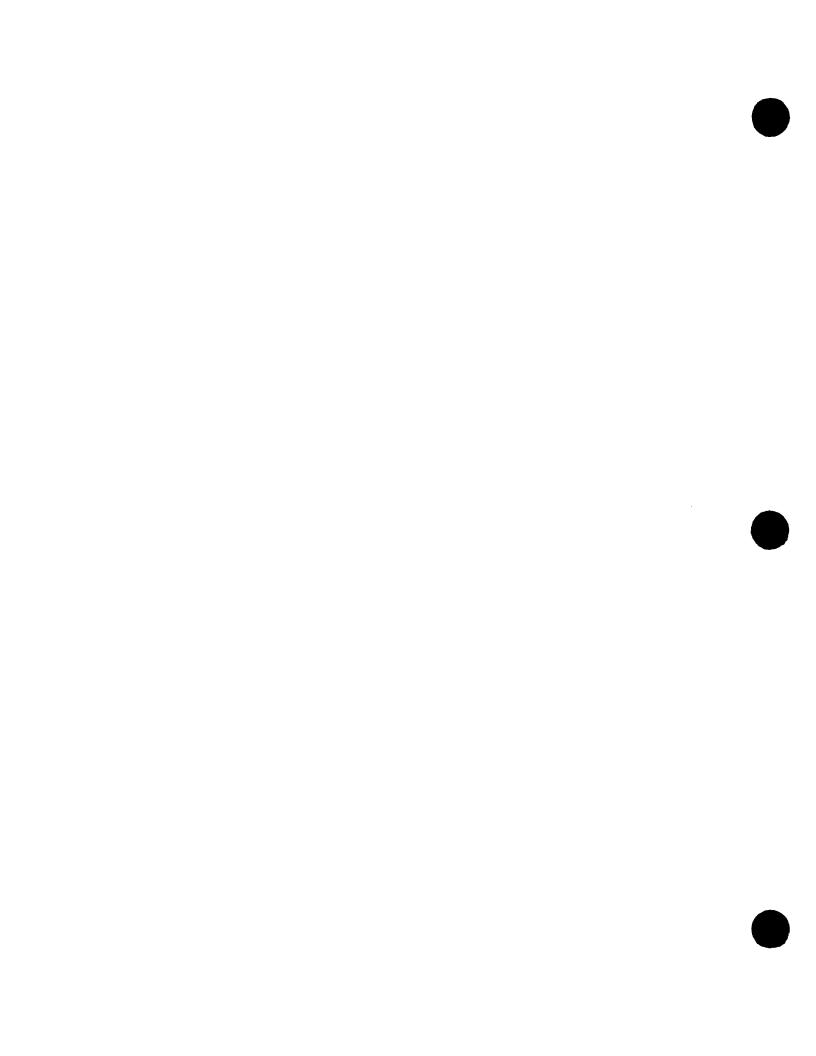




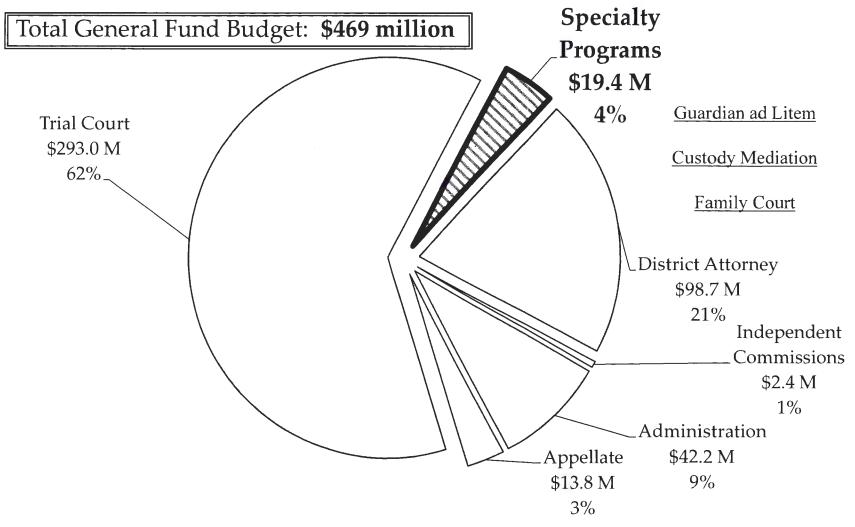
The Administrative Office of the Courts: Specialty Courts

William Childs
Fiscal Research Division
March 5, 2015

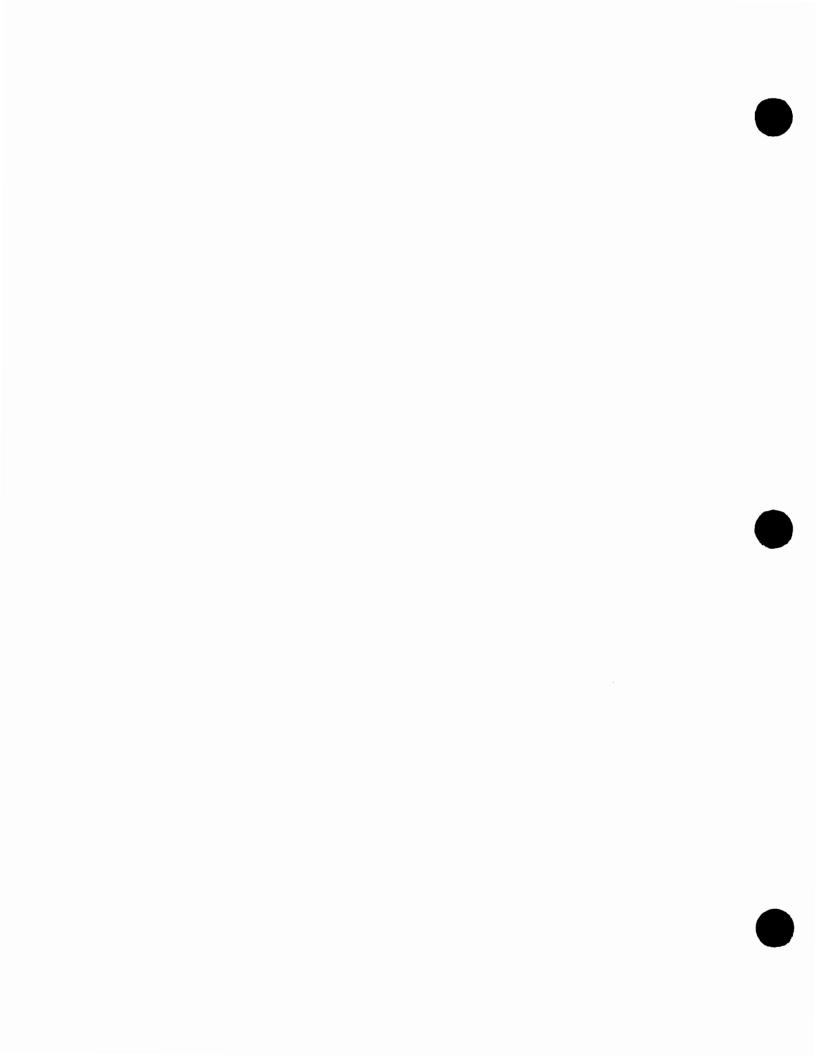




AOC Budget By Program FY 2014-15

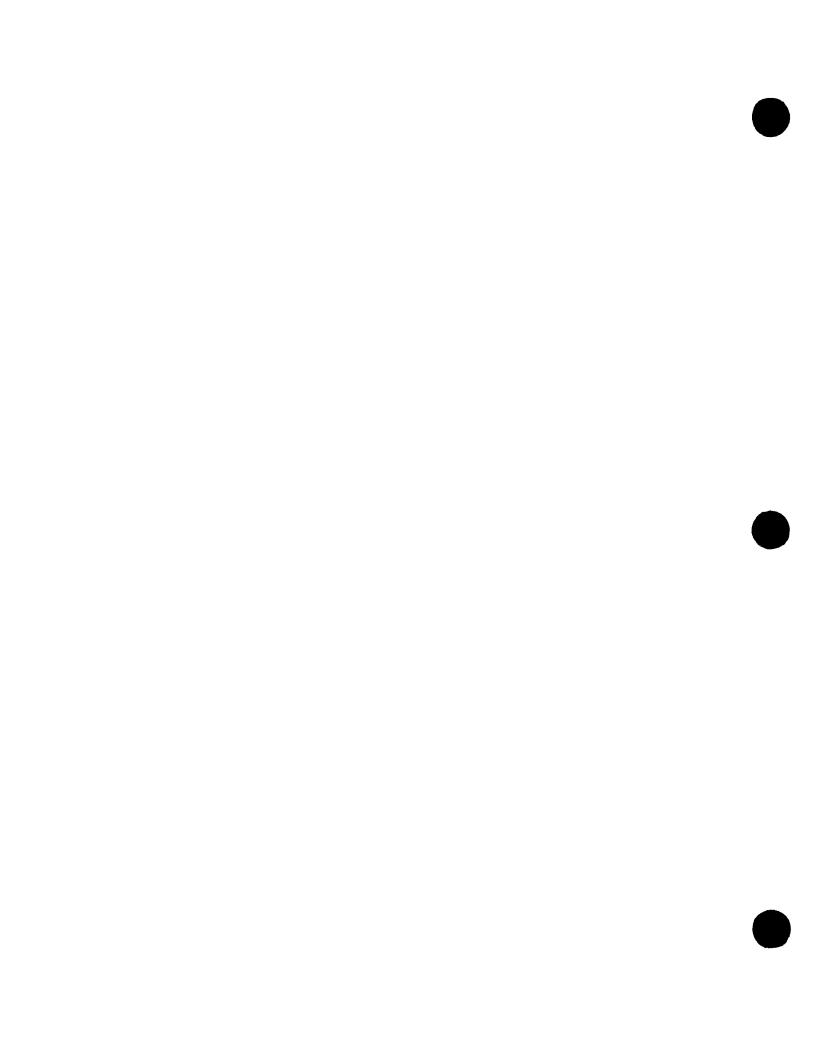


Source: Authorized Budget, December 31, 2014



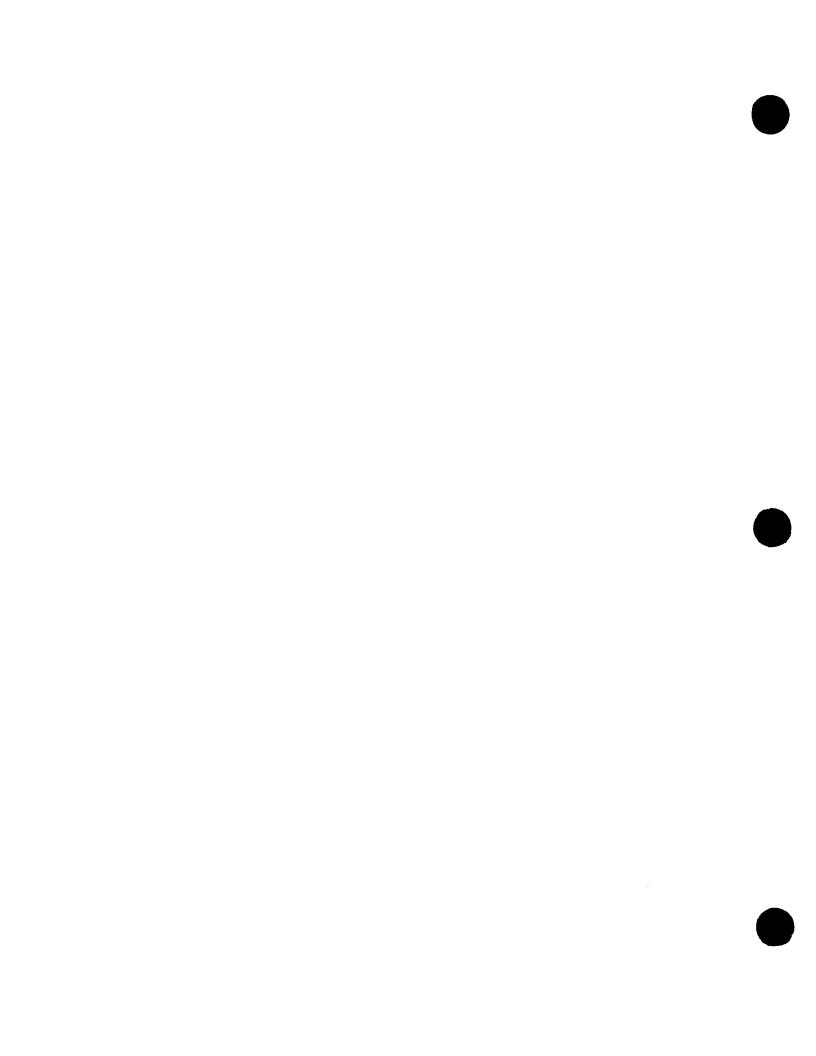
Guardian ad Litem and Custody Mediation

- Guardian ad Litem volunteers advocate for child in court:
 - supervised, supported, and trained by program staff (145.1 FTE):
 - 3 regional administrators
 - o 137 field staff positions
 - o 8 administrative staff positions
 - one is grant-funded
- <u>Custody Mediation</u> provides neutral, non-adversarial courtordered mediation services in cases involving custody and/or visitation of minor children parenting agreements.
 - 46.6 FTE:
 - o 38.6 FTE custody mediators
 - 8 FTE support staff



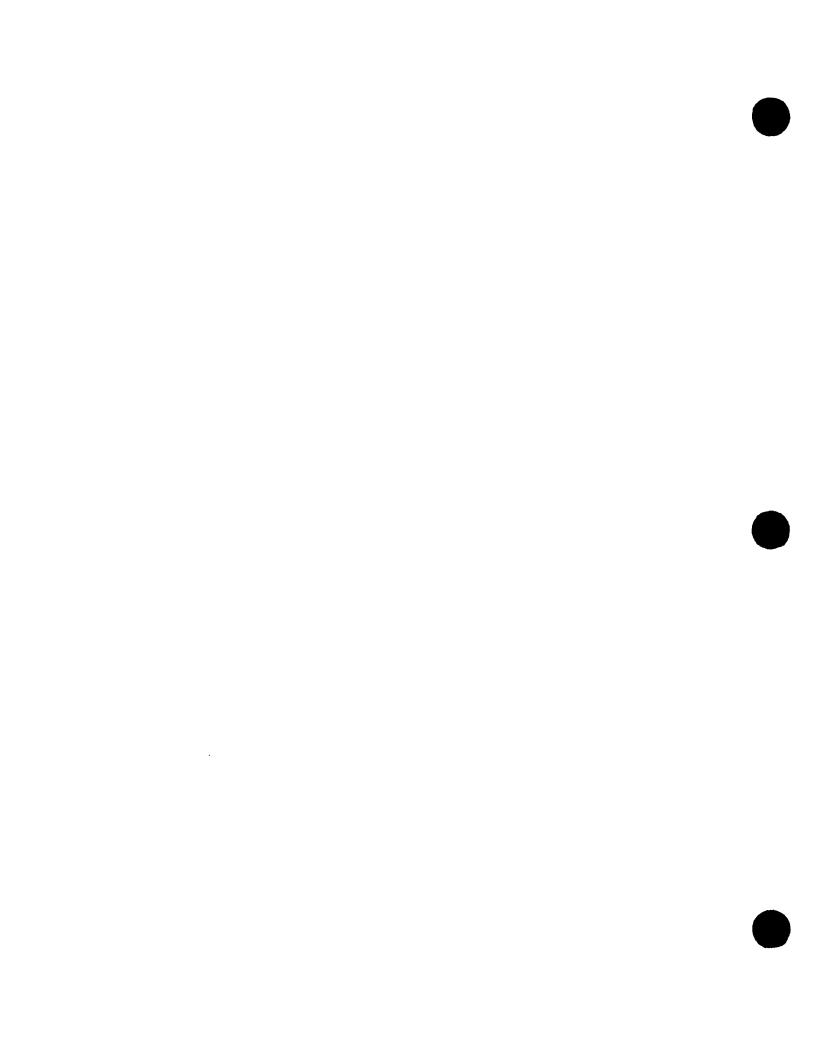
Family Court

- Consolidate all of a family's legal issues before a single District Court judge or team of judges
- Cases involving:
 - juvenile delinquency
 - abuse, neglect and dependency allegations
 - termination of parental rights
 - domestic violence
 - child custody and visitation rights
 - divorce and related financial issues
- Family court staff provide case management with the goal of efficient and timely resolution of cases.



Family Court Districts and Counties

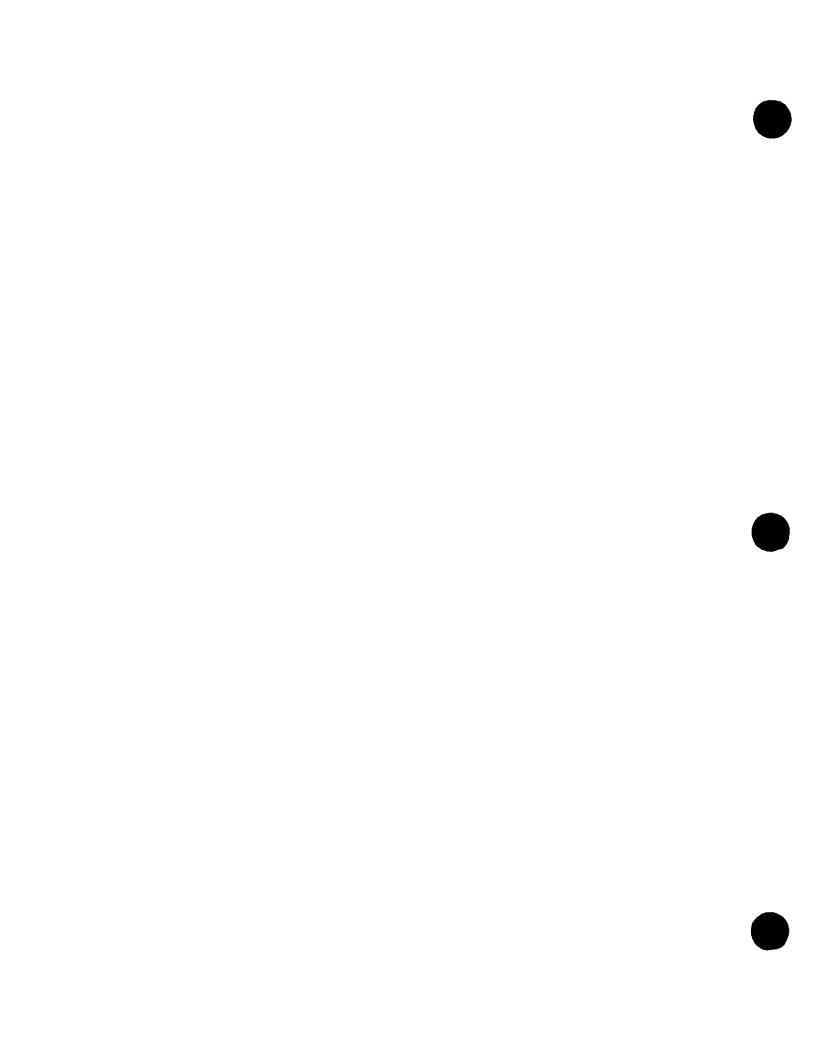
District	Counties	Percentage of State Population
3A	Pitt	1.8%
5	New Hanover, Pender	2.7%
6A	Halifax	0.6%
8	Greene, Lenoir, Wayne	2.1%
10	Wake	9.7%
12	Cumberland	3.4%
14	Durham	2.9%
19B	Randolph, Montgomery	1.7%
20A	Anson, Richmond, Stanly	1.4%
20B	Union	2.1%
25	Burke, Caldwell, Catawba	3.4%
26	Mecklenburg	9.9%
28	Buncombe	2.5%
13 Districts	21 Counties	44.2%



Family Court Districts and Counties

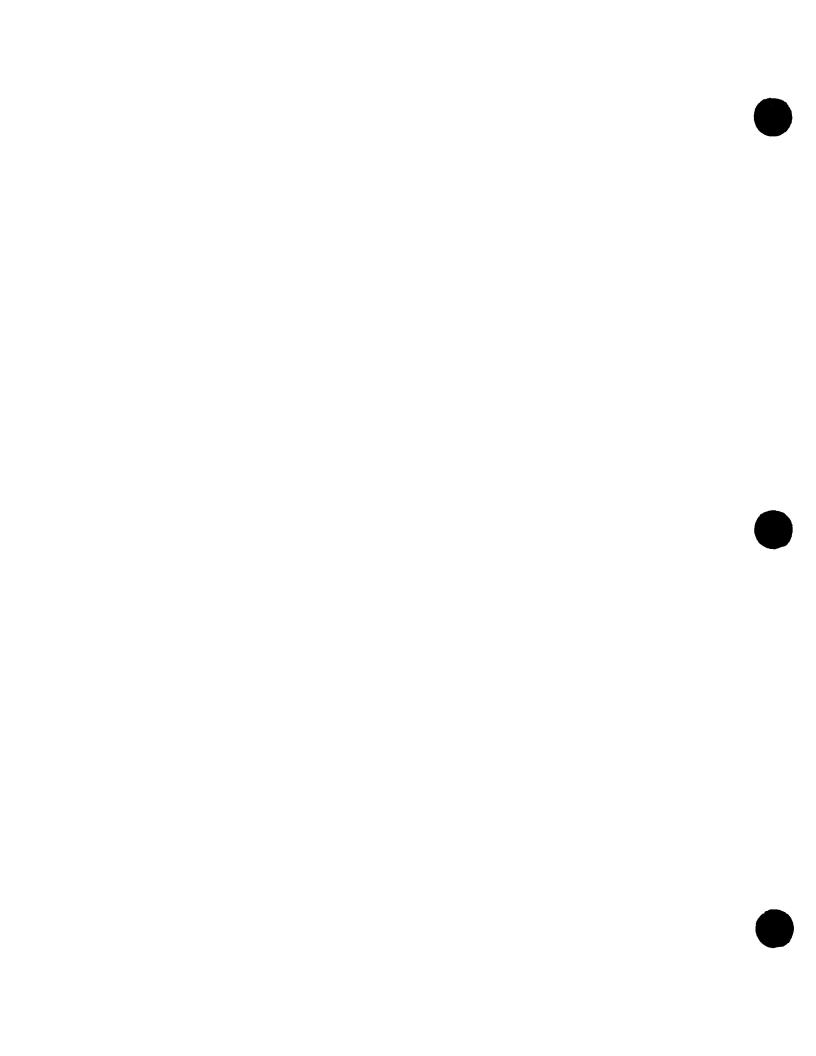
- Family Court districts handled 47.6 percent of all District Court civil domestic cases disposed in FY 2012-13.
- FC districts are less likely to have civil domestic cases pending for more than a year.

	Case	Number	Number of Cases
	Clearance	of Cases	Pending More Than
	Rate	Disposed	A Year
Family Court Districts	101.2%	45,448	18.8%
Non-Family Court Districts	96.3%	50,091	51.0%



2011 Family Court Continuation Review

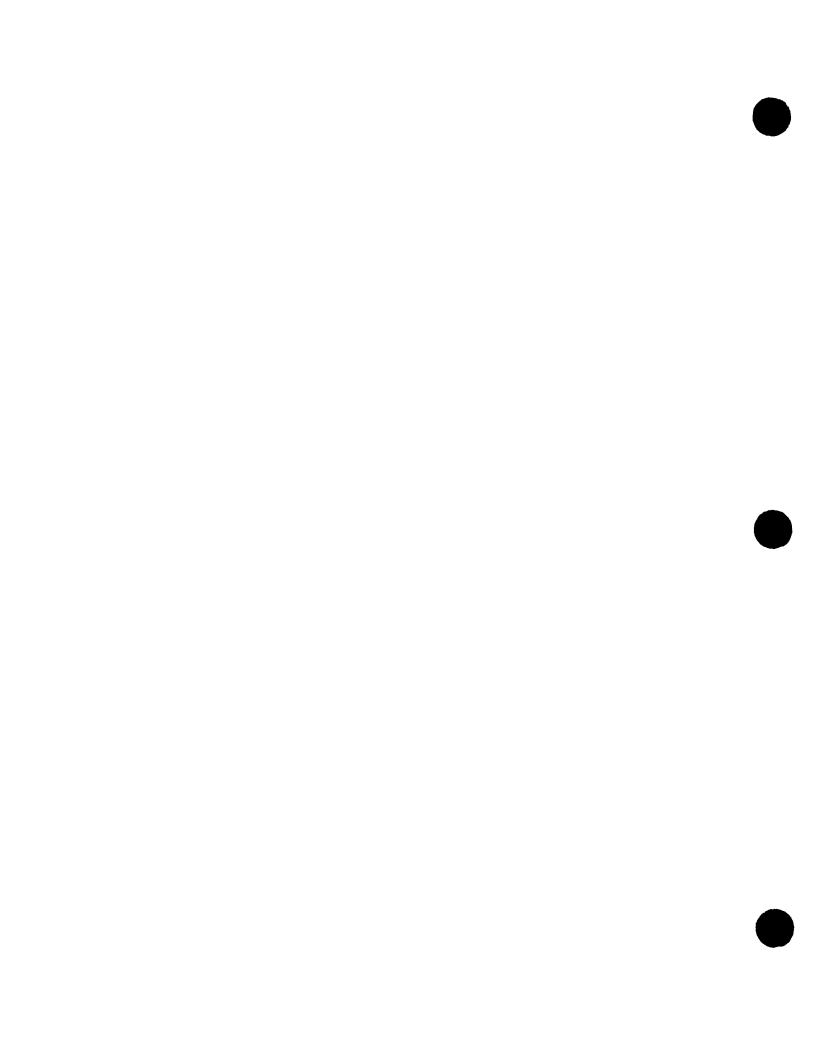
- NCGA directed AOC to conduct a Continuation Review of the Family Court in 2011
 - FC funding was made non-recurring
- AOC recommended:
 - restoring funding for Family Court
 - adding an additional 17 FTE positions to provide adequate staffing in existing Family Court districts
- AOC provided five court performance measures:
 - Case clearance rate
 - Cases disposed of in less than 181 days
 - Median age of a case at disposition
 - Cases pending for greater than 365 days
 - Pending median age of cases



2011 Family Court Continuation Review

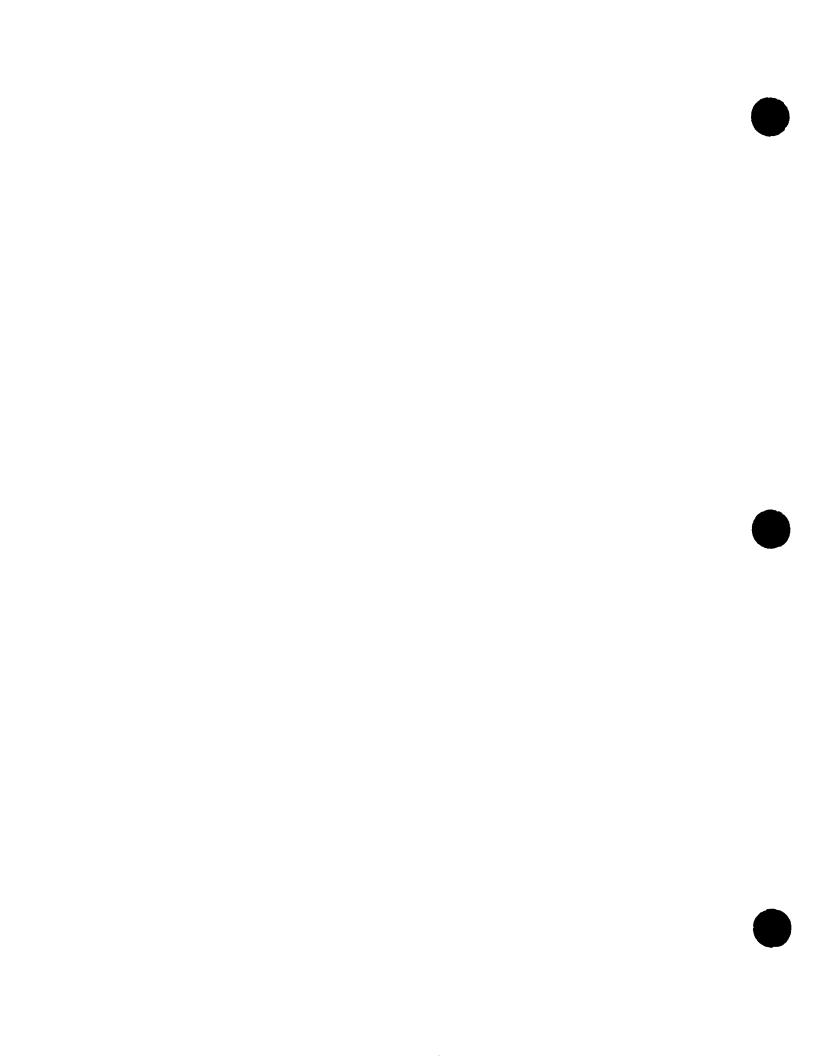
- Some Family Court districts perform better than non-family court districts, but some Family Court districts do not perform as well as some non-family court districts
 - For instance, one grouping compared statistics from District 21 (Forsyth, non-Family Court), District 18 (Guilford, non-Family Court), and District 26 (Mecklenburg, Family Court).

Sorted by District								
District Court District	Case Clearance Rate	Disposed <181 Days	Disposed Median Age	Pending >365 Days	Pending Median Age			
18	106.2%	80.3%	46	42.7%	258			
21	99.8%	85.2%	52	15.1%	101			
26	98.7%	86.4%	59	23.3%	119			
Non-Family	99.5%	85.9%	43	44.1%	272			



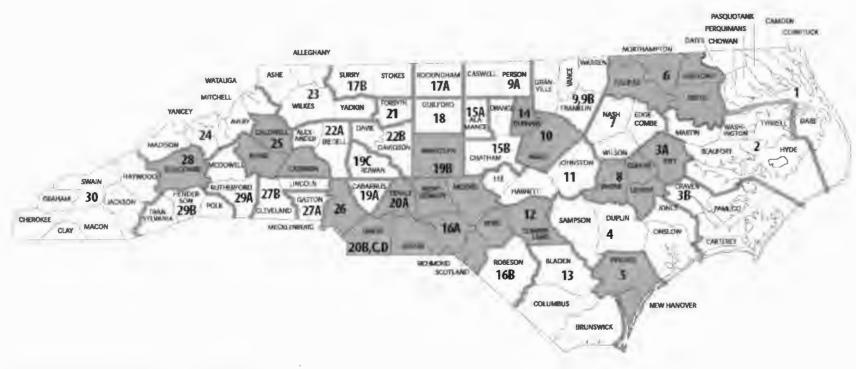
2011 Family Court Continuation Review

- Unclear whether there are practices being used in non-Family Court districts that can be utilized in other districts with no additional funding
- NCGA restored Family Court funding:
 - \$2.9 million for 44 FTE.
- Current Family Court funding:
 - \$2.9 million for 45.2 FTE
 - Statewide Expansion: \$9.6 M for 110 FTE



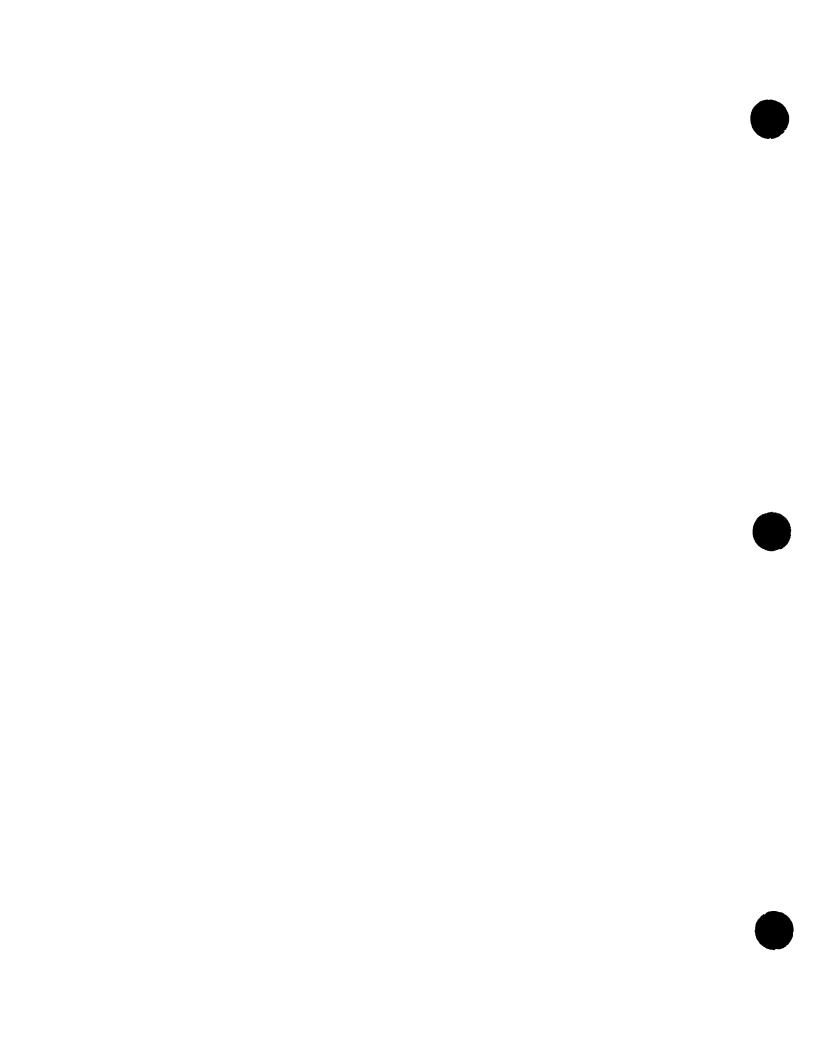
North Carolina Family Court Districts

Effective January 1, 2015



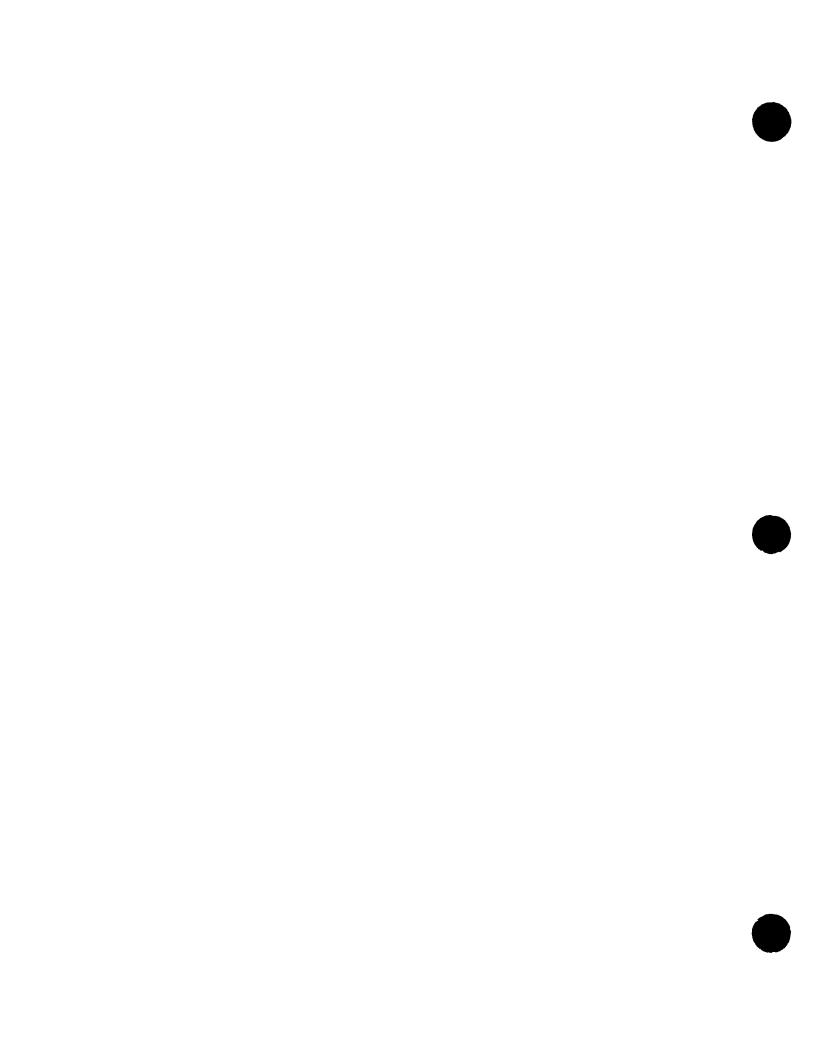
Note: Districts 9 and 9B, and districts 20B, 20C, and 20D are districts for electoral purposes only. They are combined for administrative purposes.

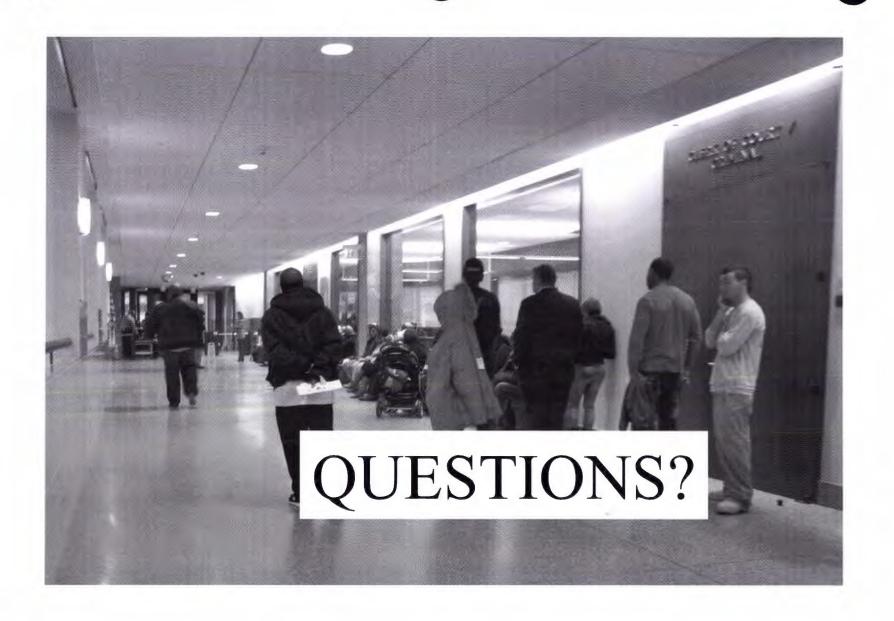
Copyright © 2014 School of Government The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

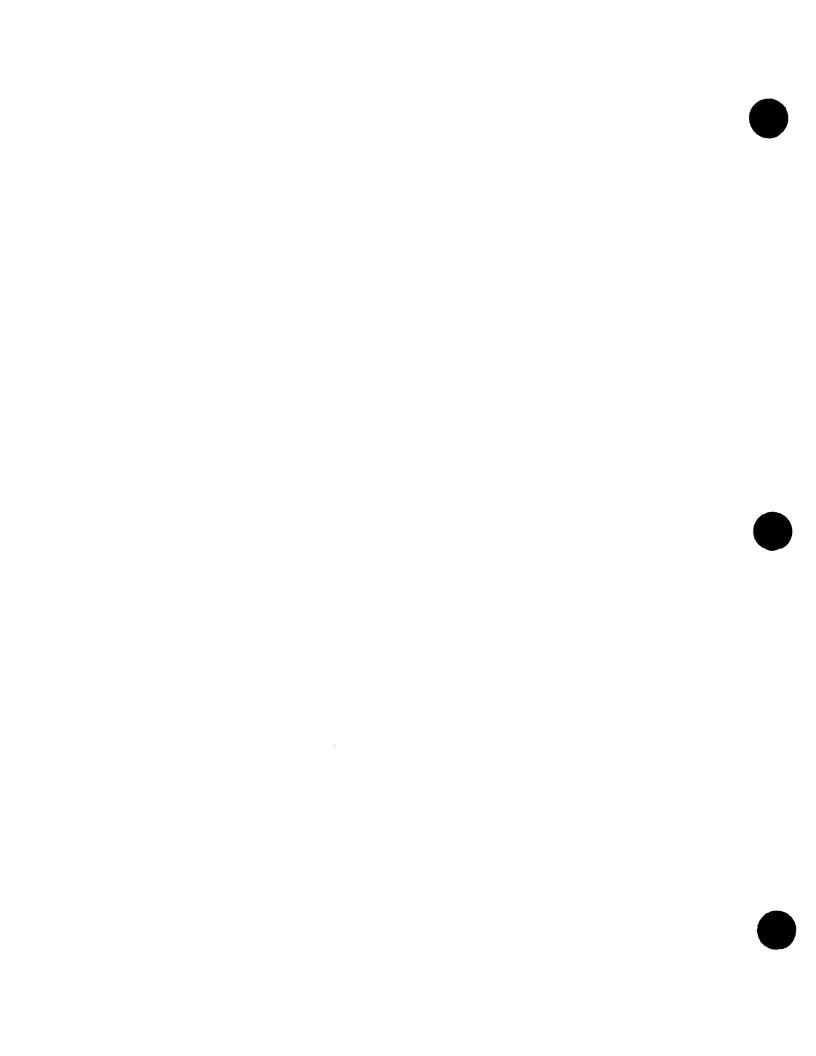


Other Specialty Courts

- All operating with local funds, grant funding, or without funding
- Drug Treatment Court:
 - NCGA discontinued State funding in 2011
 - \$2.0 million for 32 FTE
 - Currently 30 DTCs operating in 25 counties
- DWI Court:
 - 7 DWICs operating in 7 counties
- Mental Health Court:
 - 6 MHCs operating in 5 counties
- Veterans Treatment Court:
 - 2 VTCs operating in 2 counties







VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Scrate Appropriations on Justice and Published 3/5/15

Name of Committee

Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Mia Camotte	AOC
Yolonda Woodhuuse	Aoc
Elisa Wolpe	105
Chery Reed	Aoc
Brad Fowler	NCAOC
Danielle Seale	NCAOC
Mildred Spearman	NCAOC
JEFF MARECIC	NCAOC
NICHOLIE KARIN	NAMINO
McKirley Wooden, dr.	NCAOC
McKirley Woden, dr. Rudes Brandon	DPS

		4	

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Senate Appropriates on Justice and Pustice Ses of 3/5/15

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME

FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS

NC DOS
Blue Light
Conf of DAS
CJA
ALCOHOL LAW ENFORCEMENT
NC ALE
NC 40C
Frateral Order of Police
Conf of Clerks & SpCA
CSC-New Howard County

Joint Committe Justice : Public Safets

	NAME OF	COMMITTEE	DATE Mark 5, 2
	3-1		
	1. Name:	Josh Rogers	- Sevate
5			
6	Sponsor:	WASE	
20	2. Name:	Russhion Jones	- Senate
The			
	Sponsor:		
	3. Name:	Justus Hargett	- House
		U	
	Sponsor:		
	4. Name:		
	Sponsor:		
	5. Name:		
	Sponsor:		
		SGT-AT-ARM	
	1. Name:	BARRY MOORE	House
		BH POWELL	House
	3. Name:	CHORLES MORSALIS	Seaple_
	4. Name:	5m HAMILTON	Senate



JOINT APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

March 17, 2015 8:30 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs: Senator Stan Bingham, Presiding Rep

Senator Buck Newton Senator Shirley Randleman Representative Jamie Boles Representative Leo Daughtry Representative John Faircloth Representative Pat Hurley

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

NC State Crime Laboratory Budget Kristine Leggett, Fiscal Research Division

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. OTHER BUSINESS:

Next meetings: Wednesday, March 18, 2015

Thursday, March 19, 2015

VI. ADJOURNMENT

House Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Rep. Boles (Chair)Sen. Bingham (Chair)Rep. Daughtry (Chair)Sen. Newton (Chair)Rep. Faircloth (Chair)Sen. Randleman (Chair)

Rep. Hurley (Chair)

Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Rep. Jackson (Vice Chair), Rep. McNeill (Vice Chair), Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson,

Rep. Stevens (Vice Chair) Sen. Lee

Rep. C. Graham, Rep. G. Graham, Rep. R. Johnson, Rep. Salmon,

Rep. Speciale, Rep. Turner

Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety Tuesday, March 17, 2015 at 8:30 AM Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building

MINUTES

The Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety met at 8:36 AM on March 17, 2015 in Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building. Eighteen members were present.

Senator Stan Bingham, Chair, presided. Senator Bingham introduced the Pages and the Sergeant-at-Arms. Senator Bingham recognized Kristine Leggett of the Fiscal Research Division, to present information on the NC State Crime Lab (see attachment). Ms. Leggett gave a description of the Crime Lab, its budget, services and its procedures.

Crime Lab Director, John Byrd was present to answer questions from the Committee.

Sen. Bingham asked about the cost of a DNA testing kit, and Mr. Byrd replied that it was \$1,000.

Rep. Daughtry asked about the turnaround time for toxicology testing. Mr. Byrd stated that it takes a year, unless a rush is requested by the District Attorney; then it takes two weeks.

Sen. Randleman inquired about a test case for the Melendez-Diaz decision. Susan Sitze of the Research Division replied that if a defendant authorized remote testimony (video) from the Lab then that is legal, but if the defendant objected to remote testimony and it was still provided remotely, then that would constitute a test case. No test cases have been attempted in NC as yet.

Other comments and questions from the Committee were fielded by Mr. Byrd and NCGA staff.

The meeting adjourned at 9:55.

Senator Stan Bingham, Chair

Presiding

Maria Kinnaird, Committee Clerk

Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

NC State Crime Laboratory

March 17, 2015



JPS - DOJ

Department of Justice (DOJ)

Provides legal services for the State, assists local law enforcement agencies, and oversees law enforcement training and standards

Roy Cooper, Attorney General

Includes:

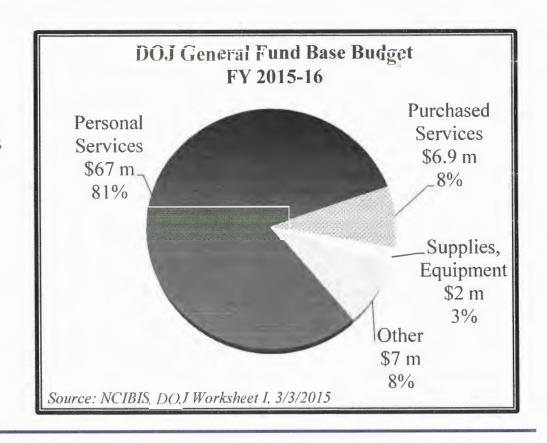
- Legal services
- Consumer Protection
- Criminal Justice Training and Standards
- NC State Crime Lab

Total General Fund Base Budget:

\$83.1 million

Total FTE Employees:

807.76



NC State Crime Laboratory

John Byrd, Director

Statutory authorization in G.S. 114-60:

- Establishes the lab
- Directs that a "sufficient number" of skilled people be employed to provide "a reasonable service to the public and the criminal justice system".

Total FY 2015-16 Base Budget: \$17.7 million

Total FTE: 207.00

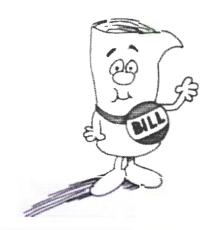
Total Lab Facilities: 3



Forensic Sciences Act of 2011

S.L. 2011-19, Forensic Sciences Act of 2011:

- Renamed the lab
- Replaced "reasonable service to prosecutors" with "reasonable service to the public and the criminal justice system."
- Created Forensic Science Advisory Board (G.S. 114-16.1)
- Requires labs to be ISO accredited (State and local)
- Requires certification of State forensic scientists
- Created Ombudsman



Forensic Science Advisory Board

G.S. 114-61

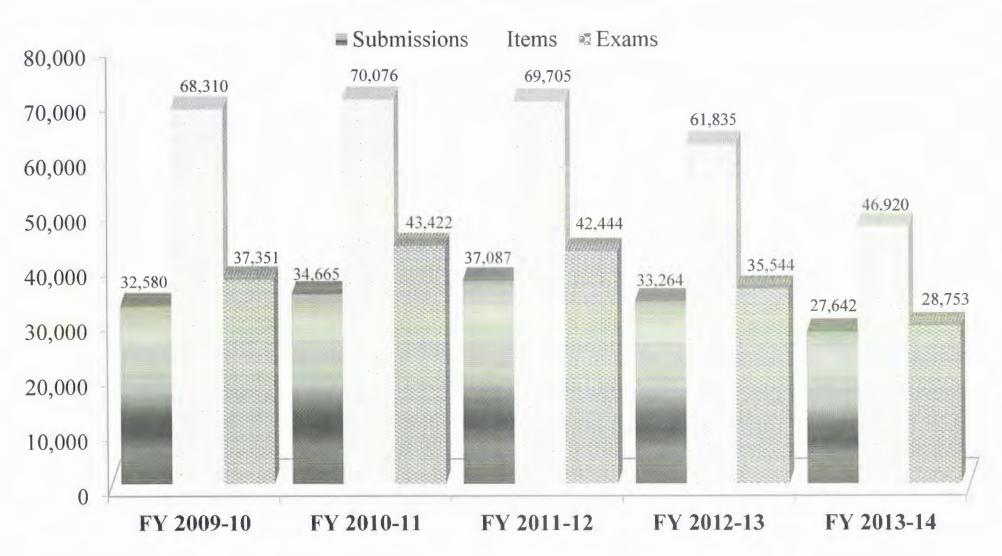
- 15 members
- Biannual meetings
- Provide advice to Crime Lab director



Makes recommendations concerning:

- New programs, protocols, and methods
- Sustaining and improving existing programs
- Eliminating unnecessary programs
- Guidelines for court presentations
- Qualification standards for scientists

Submissions



Source: NC State Crime Laboratory Annual Report



Process

Collection

- Certified law enforcement agency
- Official criminal investigation

Submission

- In-person or mailed
- Goes to the Evidence Control Unit (9 FTE)

Analysis

- Requesting officer specifies tests
- Some items may go to multiple sections

Reports

- Published on Forensic Advantage
- Evidence Control returns evidence

Services

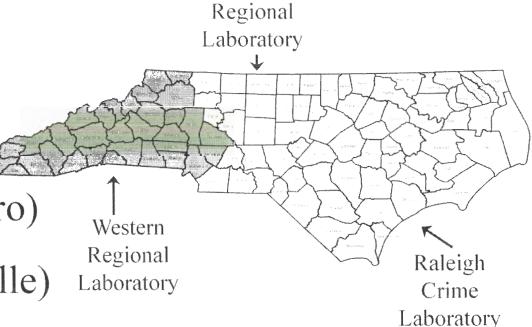
All law enforcement agencies in the State can submit evidence to the Lab for processing

Three regional labs:

• Raleigh (main lab)

• Triad Lab (Greensboro)

• Western Lab (Asheville)



Triad

Services: Digital and Latent Evidence

- Computers and digital media
- Audio/video evidence
- Latent prints and footwear and tire impressions

FY 2013-14 FTE: 24

FY 2013-14 Submissions: 1,164

Labs:

- · Raleigh
- Triad
- Western (Latent evidence only)



Source: FTE - BEACON B0149, 3/5/2015; Submission data: State Crime Laboratory Annual Report, FY 2013-2014

Services: Firearms and Tool Marks

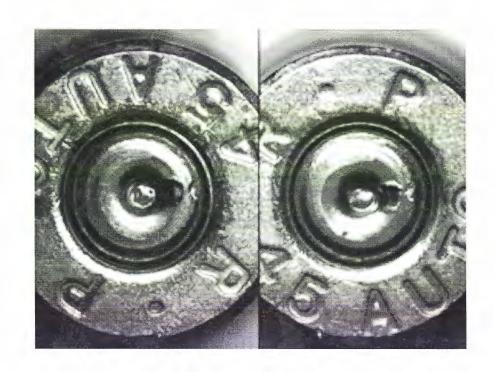
- Weapons and ammunition
- Matching tools to marks

FY 2014-15 FTE: 14

FY 2013-14 Submissions: 582

Labs:

- Raleigh
- Western



Services: Trace Evidence

- · Hair, fibers, glass, paint, headlight filaments
- Gunshot residue
- Explosives
- Fire debris

FY 2014-15 FTE: 10

FY 2013-14 Submissions: 938

Labs:

- Raleigh
- Western (Fire debris only)



Services: Forensic Biology

- Blood and body fluids
- DNA testing

FY 2014-15 FTE: 36

FY 2013-14 Submissions: 1,636

Labs:

Raleigh



Services: DNA Database

CODIS uploads for:

- DNA on arrest
- Convicted Offender DNA

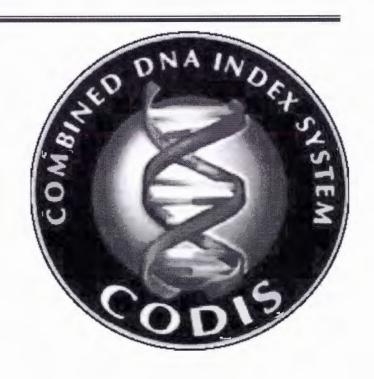
FY 2014-15 FTE: 21

FY 2013-14 CODIS Submissions: 26,549

- DNA on Arrest Submissions: 10,581
- Convicted Offender Submissions: 15,968

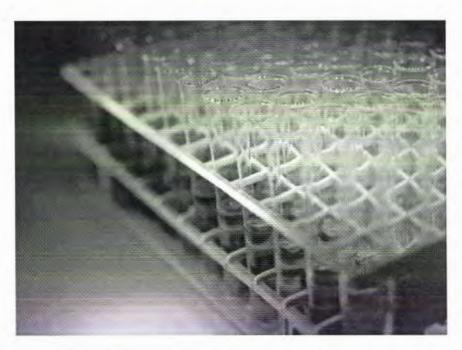
Labs:

Raleigh



Services: Drug Chemistry and Toxicology

- Identification of controlled substances
- Clandestine lab response
- Blood or urine screening for controlled substances, including drugs and alcohol.



FY 2014-15 FTE: 59 FTE

FY 2013-14 Submissions: 24,212

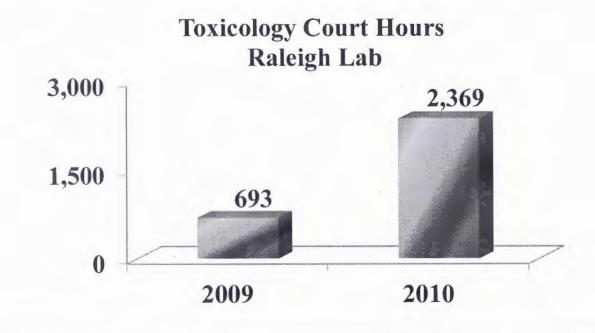
Labs:

- Raleigh
- Triad
- Western (drug chemistry only)

Source: FTE - BEACON B0149, 3/5/2015; Submission data: State Crime Laboratory Annual Report, FY 2013-2014

Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts

- Requires in-person testimony by lab analysts
- Resulted in large increase in court hours for analysts
- Toxicology is impacted most (DWI cases)



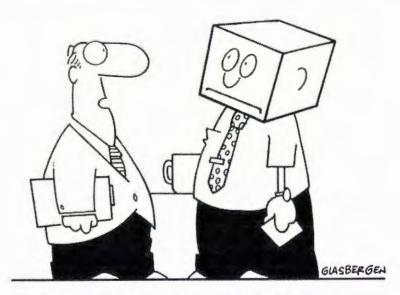
Source: NC State Crime Laboratory



Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts

What's the Lab doing?

- Mandatory overtime
- Designated geographic assignment of analysts
- Stopwork Project in conjunction with AOC and the DAs
- Outsourcing training
- Lean Six Sigma processes



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"Thinking outside of the box is difficult for some people. Keep trying."

Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts

What has the General Assembly done?

Appropriations

- 19 new toxicology positions for the Western Lab \$1.5 million
- Equipment for western toxicology \$1.1 million
- Capital funds for new Western Lab facility \$15.4 million
- \$250,000 (R) for toxicology outsourcing
- \$500,000 (NR) to the Conference of DAs for hospital toxicology

Policy Changes

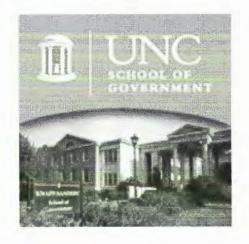
- Changed notice and demand statutes
- Authorized video testimony
- Required training of DAs and judges

Melendez-Diaz v. Massachusetts

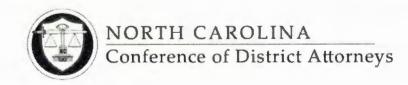
What are the stakeholders doing?

School of Government Working Group Recommendations

- Calendaring and motions hearings
- DA utilization of Forensic Advantage system
- Timely stopwork orders







Fees

No charge to local law enforcement



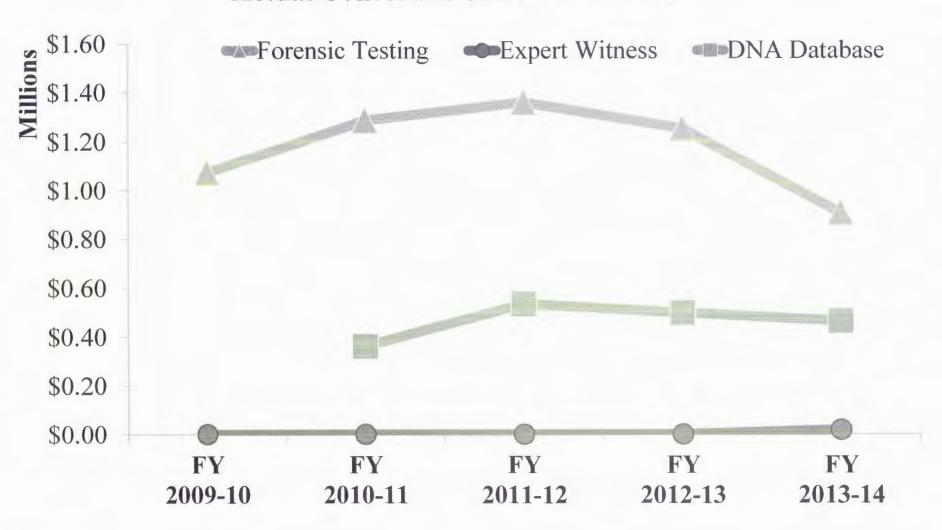
- \$600 court fee assessed on offenders (Lab Fee)
 - DNA, toxicology, drug chemistry cases
 - Paid to local or State lab
 - Court fees assessed at discretion of judge
- \$2 court fee assessed on all offenders (DNA Fee)
 - Statutory appropriation

\$1,388,273 distributed to the Crime Lab in FY 2013-14

Source: G.S. 7A-304(a)(7-9); NC AOC Disbursements FY 2013-2014

Fees

Actual Collections Since FY 2009-10



Source: AOC

Local Labs

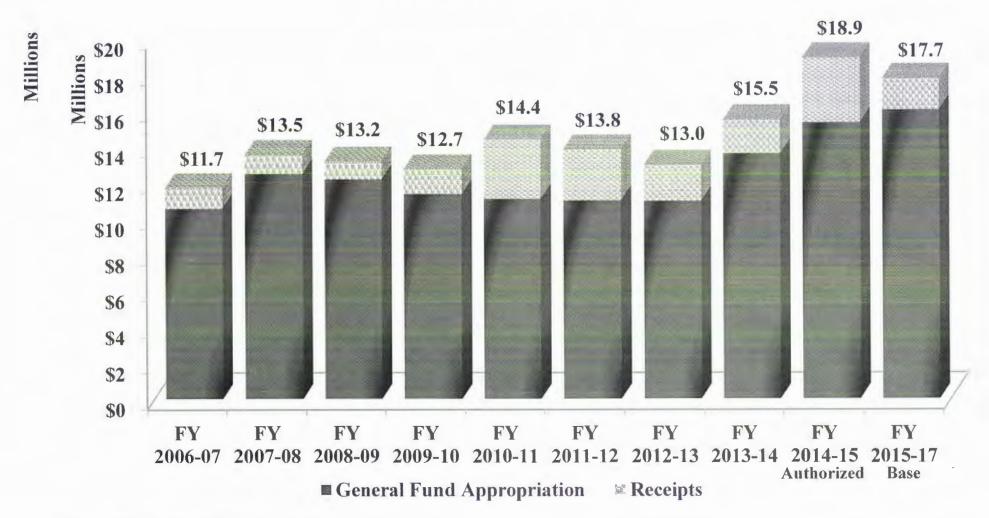
Five locally operated labs:

- Charlotte-Mecklenburg PD (Mecklenburg County)
 Firearms/tool marks, latent prints, drug chemistry, toxicology (alcohol only), fire debris, forensic biology
- City County Bureau of Identification (Wake County)
 Latent prints, drug chemistry and toxicology, digital evidence
- Wilmington PD (New Hanover County)
 Toxicology, solid dose narcotics
- Pitt County Sheriff's Office (Pitt County)
 Latent prints, drug chemistry
- Iredell County Sheriff's Office (Iredell County)
 Latent prints, drug chemistry

Locally funded by county or city, court costs, and receipts Must be accredited by July 1, 2016

Crime Lab Budget History

Actual Expenditures



Source: NCAS Budget History and Management Analysis



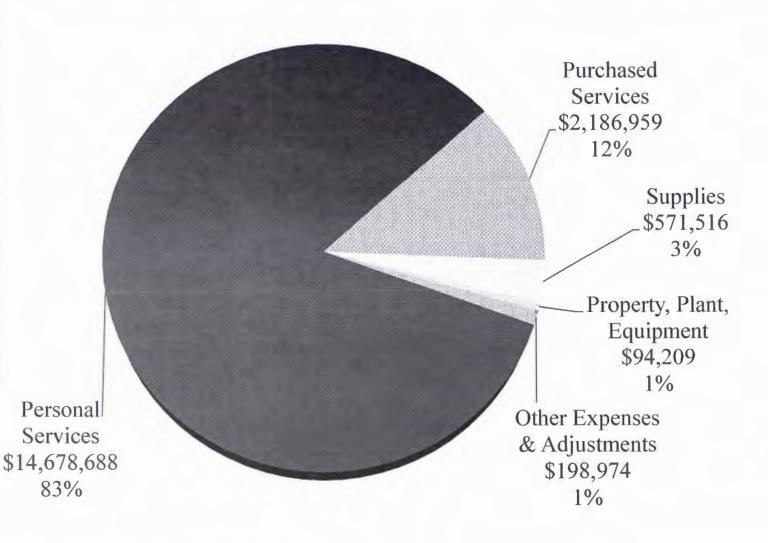
FY 2016-16 Base Budget

Total General Fund (GF) Budget:

\$17,730,346

Total GF Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees:

207.00

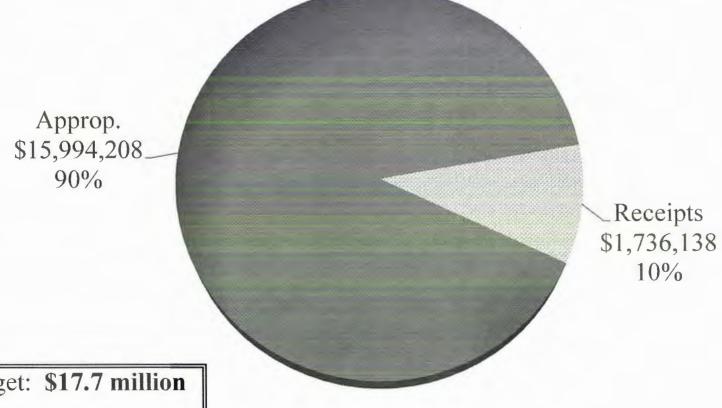


Source: NCIBIS, DOJ Worksheet I, 3/3/2015; FTE - BEACON B0149, 3/5/2015

FY 2015-16 Base Budget

Receipts come from:

- Federal grants
- Court fees

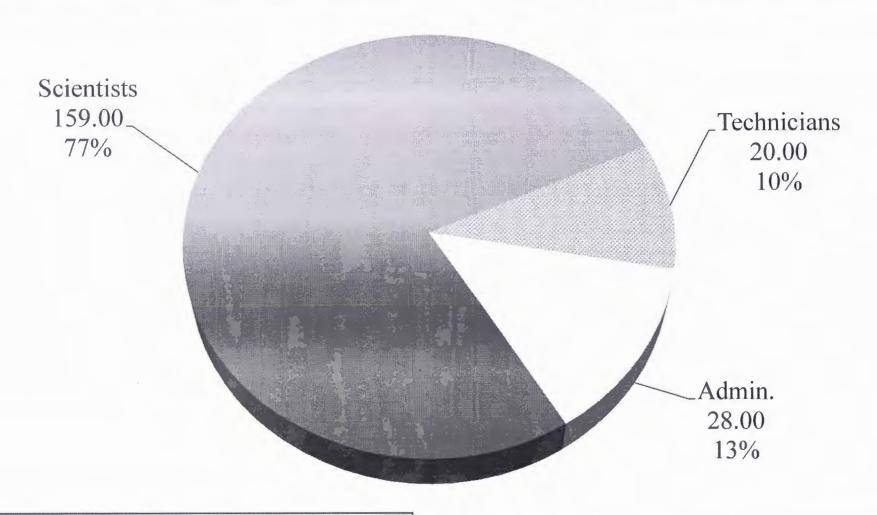


Total General Fund Budget: \$17.7 million

Total GF FTE Employees: 207.00

Source: NCIBIS, DOJ Worksheet I, 3/3/2015; FTE - BEACON B0149, 3/5/2015

Positions: Total by Category



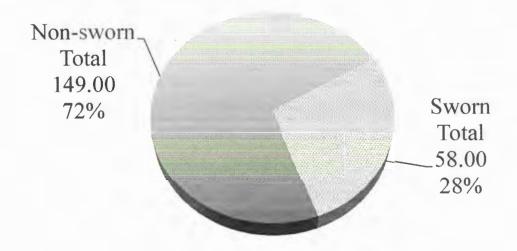
Total FTE Employees: 207.00

Source: FTE - BEACON BO149 3/5/2015



Positions: Sworn vs. Non-Sworn

Sworn vs. Non-Sworn FTE



Appropriations for Retirement

Non-sworn: 15.21% of salary

Sworn: 20.21% of salary

S.L. 2013-360, Sec. 17.5:

Prohibits the hiring of sworn personnel to fill vacant positions.

Source: FTE - BEACON BO149 3/5/2015

Positions: Hiring, Certification, and Training

Hiring process can take up to six months or longer

Failed background checks re-start the process

Training can take up to a year or more

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Certification:

- Required for all State forensic scientists
- Formal recognition by an outside body
- Apply within one year of eligibility
- Obtain certification within 18 months
- Time to prep is provided



"I pruned a tree once, so technically I'm allowed to put 'branch manager' on my resumé."

Recent Budget Actions

2013 Budget (S.L. 2013-360)

Funded 19 Toxicology Positions (Western Lab)	\$1,500,000	R
Western Lab Toxicology Equipment	\$1,055,773	NR
Toxicology Outsourcing Funds (2 nd Year)	\$750,000	R
DA Hospital Toxicology Funds	\$500,000	NR

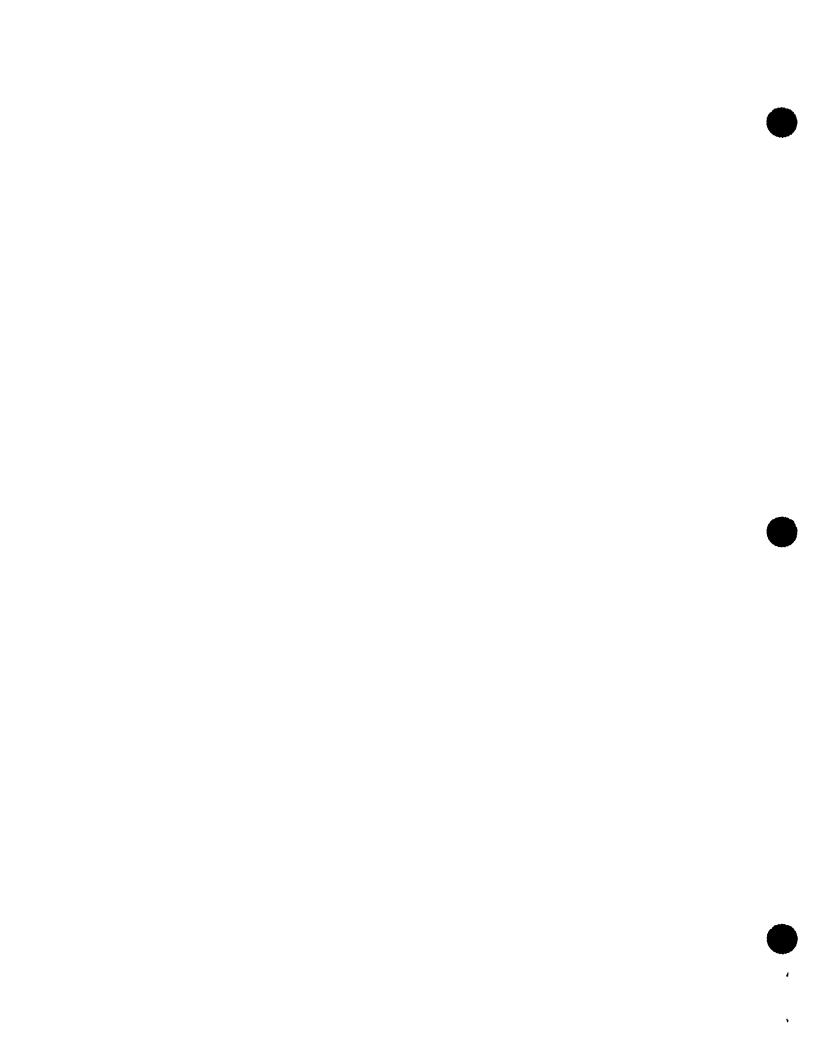
• Sec. 17.6 moved the Crime Lab out of the SBI

2014 Budget (S.L. 2014-100)

Transferred five admin positions from the SBI	\$267,661 R
Reduced Toxicology Outsourcing Funds	(\$500,000) R
Funded 10 Forensic Biology/DNA Positions (Western Lab)	\$267,390 R
Capital Funds for New Western Crime Lab	\$15,400,000 NR

Questions





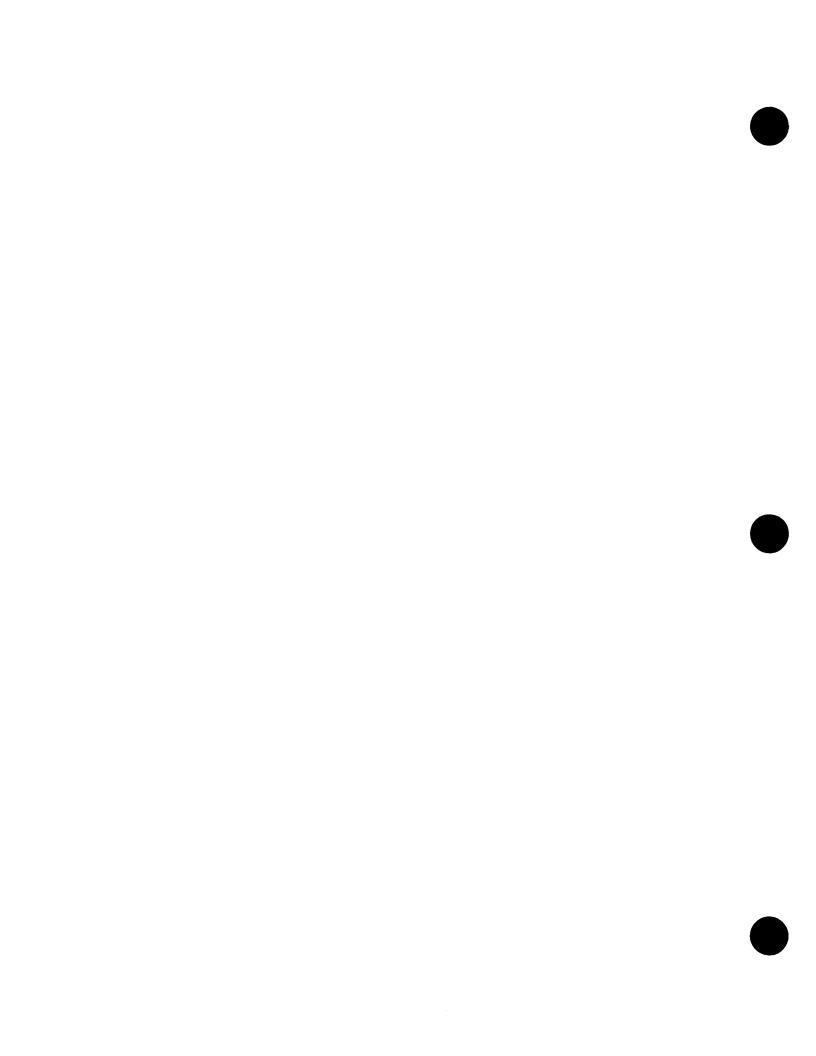
VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Joint Appro. on Justice and Public Safety (Committee Name)

3/17/18	
Date	

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS					
Thomas MAKER						
Suzanne Beisley	SEANC					
MARK SENTER	ALCOHOL LAW ENFORCEMENT					
Rodney Becken	NC Alcohol Law Entrement					
Mark [220]	APNC					
Ann C. Hamin	NESCL					
Karen W. Morrow	NCSCL					
Amanda Thompen	NESTL					
John Byrd	NCSCL					
NEES POSELAD	NCDOS					
Joy Strickland	NeDOJ					
Mildred Spearman	NCAOC					
Corye Dever	BRNR					
Dian Lill	DSBM					
JOE JOHN	STATE CRIME LAB					
Shimi Fial	NCOST					
Eddie Caldwell	NC Sheriffs' Assw.					



VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Joint Appro. on Justice and Public Safety (Committee Name)

3/17/15	
Date	

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Doug Miskew	PSG
· ·	
·	
	09-21-201

JOINT APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

March 19, 2015 8:30 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs: Senator Stan Bingham

Senator Buck Newton, Presiding Senator Shirley Randleman Representative Leo Daughtry Representative John Faircloth Representative Pat Hurley

Representative Jamie Boles

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

DPS – State Highway Patrol and State Bureau of Investigation *Kristine Leggett, Fiscal Research Division*

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. OTHER BUSINESS:

Next meetings:

Tuesday, March 24, 2015

VI. ADJOURNMENT

House Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on JPS

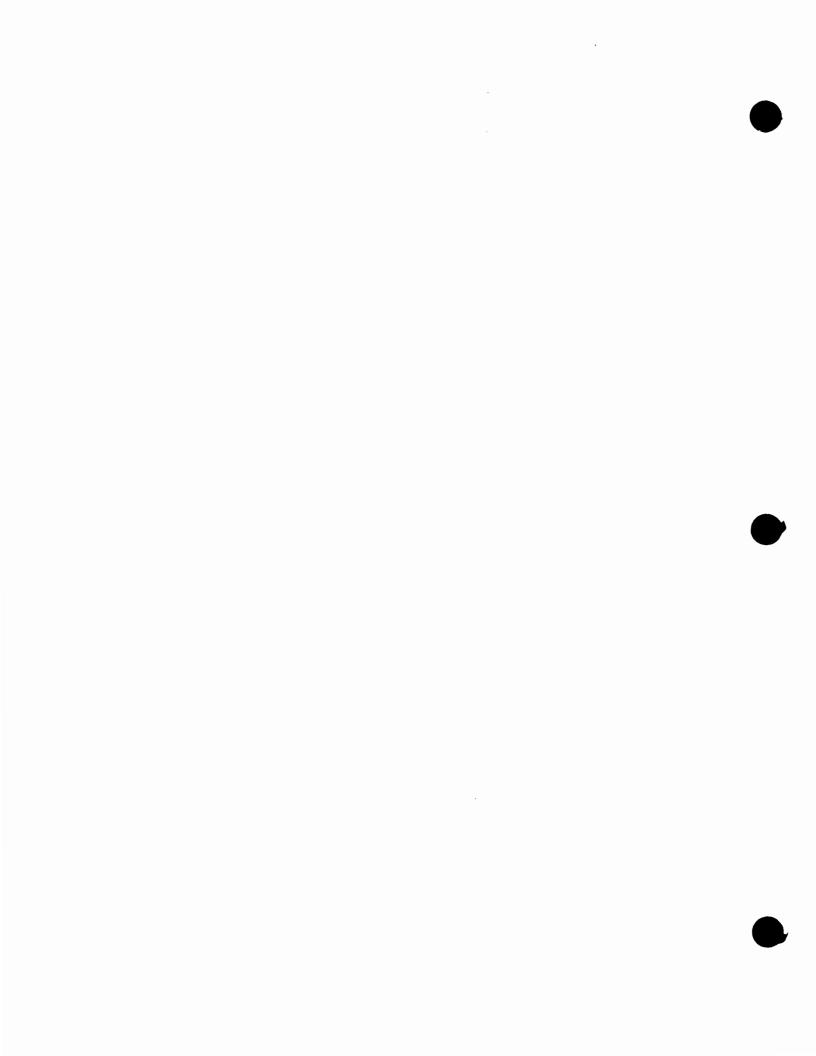
Rep. Boles (Chair)Sen. Bingham (Chair)Rep. Daughtry (Chair)Sen. Newton (Chair)Rep. Faircloth (Chair)Sen. Randleman (Chair)Rep. Hurley (Chair)Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Rep. Jackson (Vice Chair), Rep. McNeill (Vice Chair), Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson,

Rep. Stevens (Vice Chair) Sen. Lee

Rep. C. Graham, Rep. G. Graham, Rep. R. Johnson, Rep. Salmon,

Rep. Speciale, Rep. Turner





JOINT LEGISLATIVE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY March 19, 2015

Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building

The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety was called to order by Chairman Buck Newton at 8:30 a.m.

Chairman Newton then recognized the pages: Sierra Cox and Regina Wiechert. Chairman Newton recognized and thanked the Sergeant-At-Arms: Barry Moore, B.H. Powell, David Linthicom, Giles Jeffreys and Dale Huff.

DPS - State Highway Patrol and State Bureau of Investigation

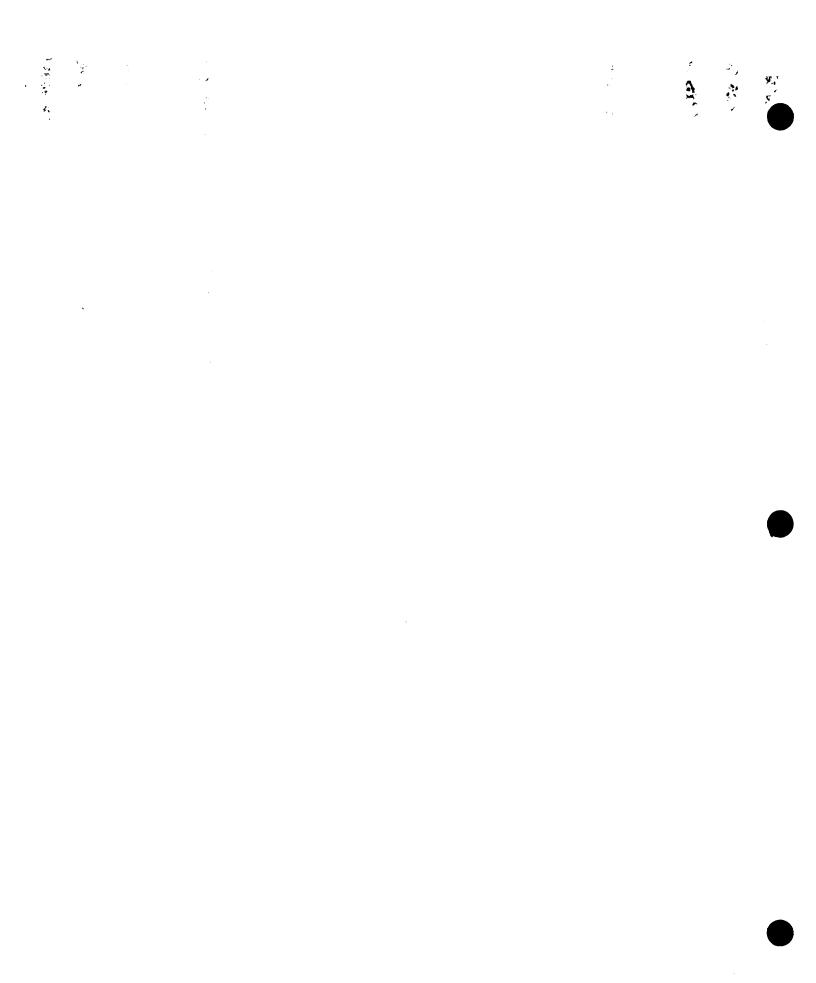
Chairman Newton introduced Kristine Leggett from the NCGA Research Division to give a report on the Department of Public Safety, State Highway Patrol and State Bureau of Investigation. Ms. Leggett gave a brief overview of the contents of exhibit A, which is attached. Chairman Newton opened the floor for questions and discussion after each presentation. Chairman Newton recognized Bill Grey, with the North Carolina State Highway Patrol, to answer questions asked by members. Chairman Newton recognized BW Collier, director of the SBI, and Colonel Greg Baker, Commissioner of Law Enforcement with Department of Public Safety, to answer questions asked by members regarding perspective areas of expertise.

Senator Bingham adjourned the meeting at 9:45 a.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Carol Wilson, Committee Clerk

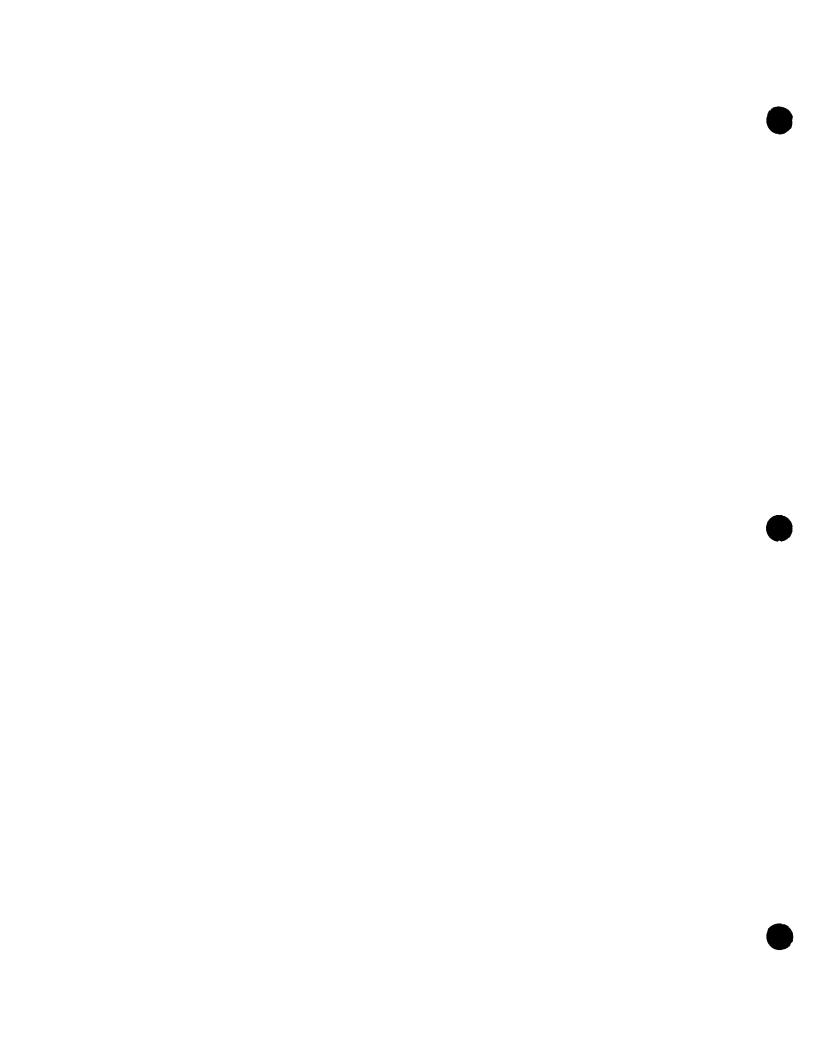
Sen. Buck Newton, Committee Clerk



ATTENDANCE

Committee: 2015-16 Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

DATES	1/2							
	91-							
NAMES	n							
Sen. Stan Bingham Co-Chair	1							
Sen. Buck Newton Co-Chair	1							
Sen. Shirley Randleman Co-Chair	/							
Sen. Tom Apodaca Vice-Chair								
Sen. Valerie Foushee	V							
Sen. Fletcher Hartsell, Jr.								
Sen. Jeff Jackson	/							
Sen. Michael Lee	X							
Rep. Jamie Boles Co-Chair	1							
Rep. Leo Daughtry Co-Chair								
Rep. John Faircloth Co-Chair								
Rep. Pat Hurley Co-Chair	/							
Rep. Darren Jackson Vice-Chair	/							
Rep. Allen McNeill Vice-Chair	1							
Rep. Sarah Stevens Vice-Chair	/							
Rep. Charles Graham								
Rep. George Graham	/							
Rep. Ralph Johnson	/							
Rep. Brad Salmon	1							
Rep. Michael Speciale	/							
Rep. Rena Turner	/							
	16							



Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

Department of Public Safety

State Highway Patrol State Bureau of Investigation

Exhibit A

March 18, 2013



JPS - DPS

Department of Public Safety (DPS)

Houses the former Departments of Crime Control and Public Safety, Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, and Correction

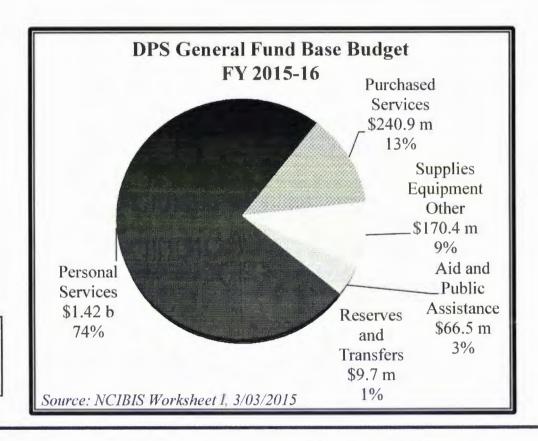
Frank Perry, Secretary

Includes:

- Prisons
- Community Corrections
- Juvenile Justice
- Highway Patrol
- State Capitol Police
- State Bureau of Investigation
- Alcohol Law Enforcement
- Emergency Management
- National Guard
- Victims Services

Total General Fund Budget: \$1.9 billion

Total FTE Employees: 24,676.45



FY 2015-16 Base Budget

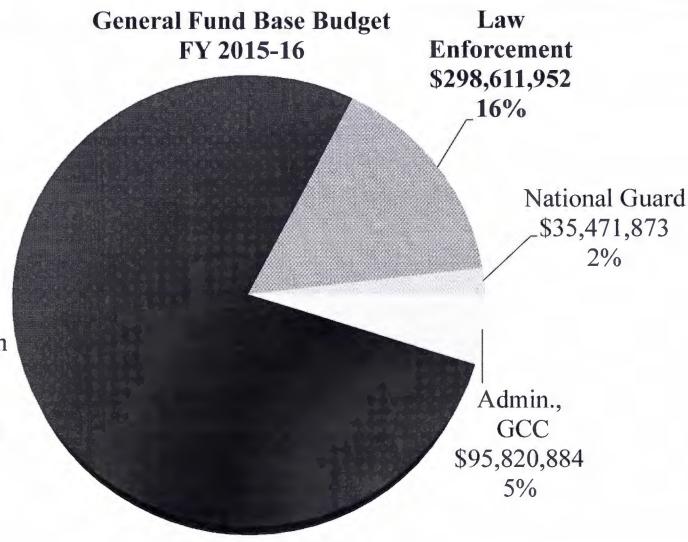
Total Budget:

\$1.9 billion

Total Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees:

24,676.45

Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice \$1,479,268,808



Source: NCIBIS, Worksheet I, 03/03/2015

FY 2015-16 Base Budget

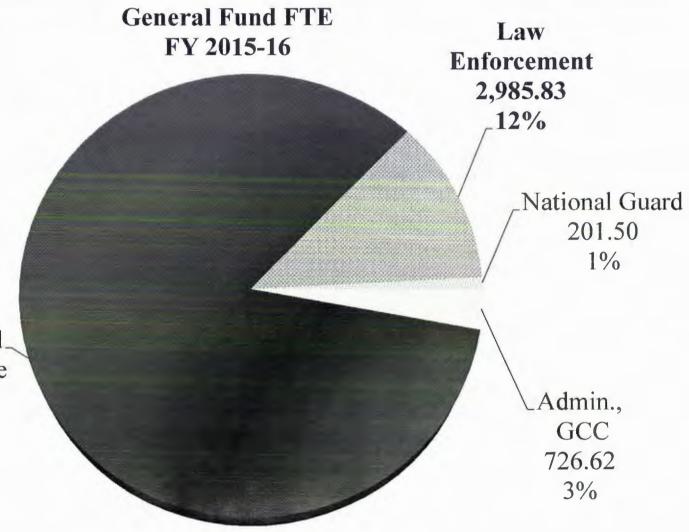
Total Budget:

\$1.9 billion

Total Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees:

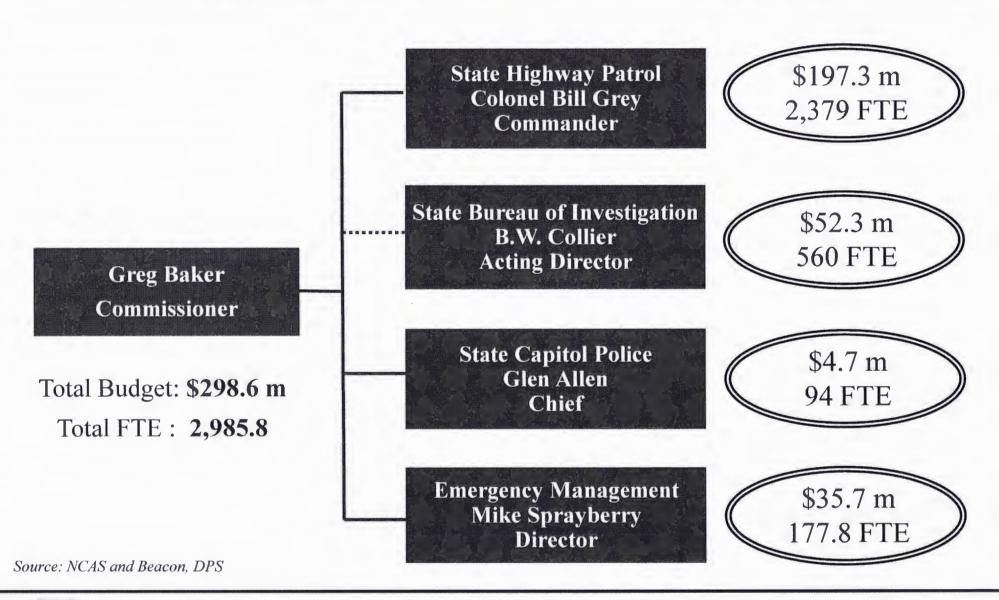
24,676.45

Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice 20,762.50 84%



Source: NCIBIS, Worksheet I, 03/03/2015

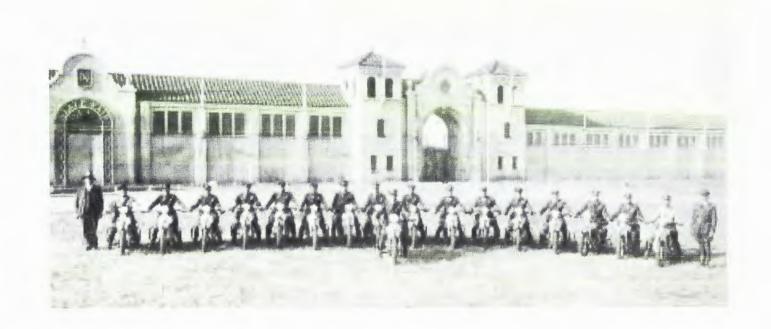
Division of Law Enforcement

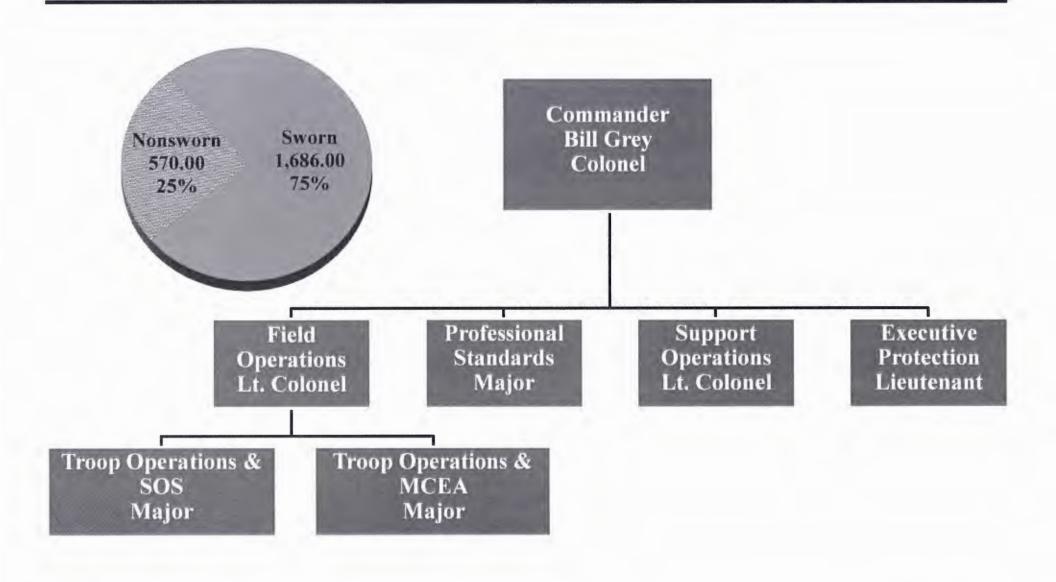


Established in 1929

G.S. 20, Article 4

Mission: To ensure safe, efficient transportation on our streets and highways, reduce crime, protect against terrorism, and respond to natural and manmade disasters.





Field Operations

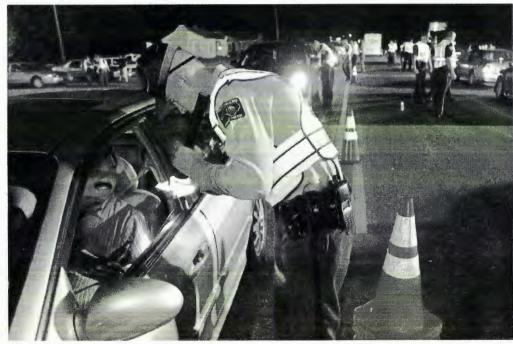
Eight Troops divided into six to eight districts each

- Enforce traffic laws
- Investigate accidents and assist motorists
- Provide traffic safety information
- Commercial Vehicle Enforcement

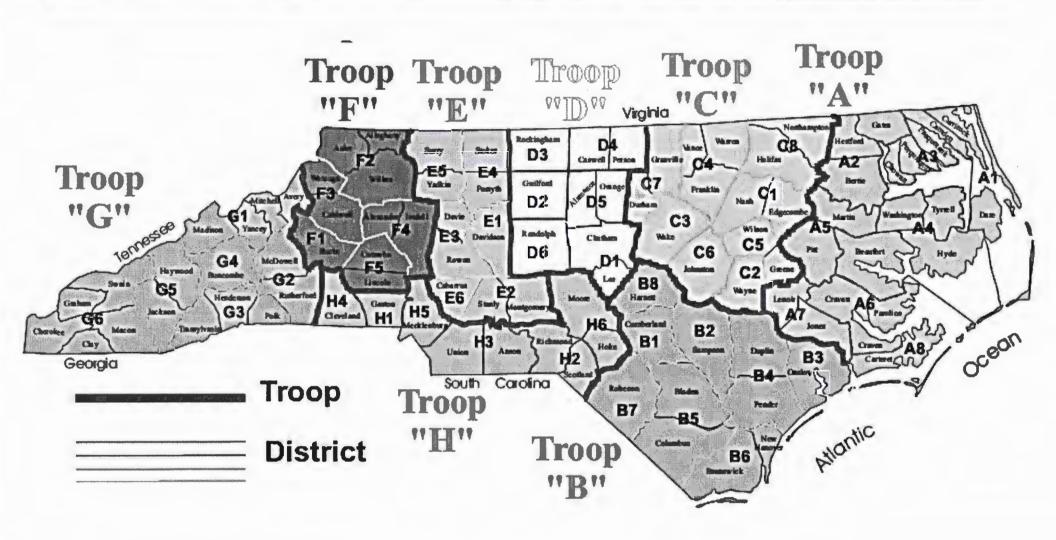
In 2014, Troopers:

- Issued 345,173 speeding tickets
- Arrested 20,190 DWI offenders
- Investigated 105,630 accidents





Source: NC DPS



Professional Standards

- Internal Affairs
- Inspections
- Medical Services
- Personnel, Benefits
- Recruitment, Performance, Promotion
- Research and Planning



Source: NC DPS

Highway Patrol Training Academy

Located at the Governor Morehead School for the Blind since 1976

- 9 buildings
- 317 acres
- Driving track
- Heliport

Basic School

- 66 cadets, plus alternates
- 29 weeks, 1,305 hours
- \$2 million per class
- New trooper equip. \$48,3826

In-service Training

Certification and Specialized Training

35 Leho



Source: NC DPS

Support Services - Logistics

- Mechanics and Auto Body Shop
- Radio Engineers
- Motor Fleet
- Equipment, supplies, uniforms

Support Services – Technical Services Unit

- All SHP computer systems
- Laptop and desktop support
- VIPER





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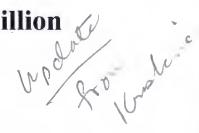
VIPER

Voice Interoperability Plan for Emergency Responders

- Allows inter-agency communication during emergencies
- State/local Partnership
 - State pays for towers
 - Locals pay for their radios
- 240 Tower sites (213 constructed)
- 65,388 users from 260 agencies
- Cost to date \$174.5 million (\$110.1 federal; \$64.5 State)

Additional Funding to Complete - \$49 million

- \$26 m for tower completion
- \$23 m for P-25 technology upgrade





Vehicles

Enforcement vehicles: 1,622

Enforcement spares: 126

Training vehicles: 87

192 support vehicles: 192

Total Fleet: 2,027

Charger Cost: \$26,199

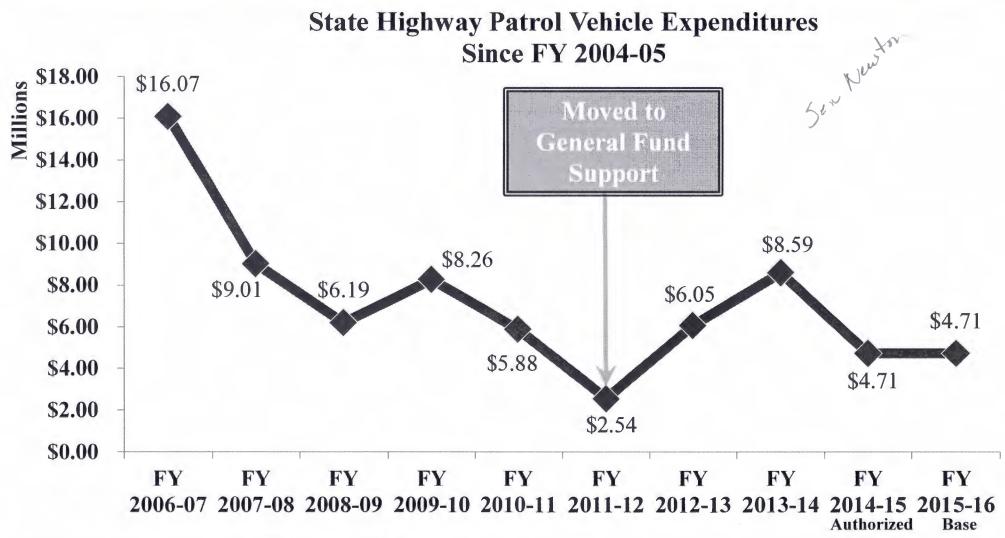
Taxes and Tags: \$786

Upfit* Costs: \$1,301

Total Cost: \$28,286



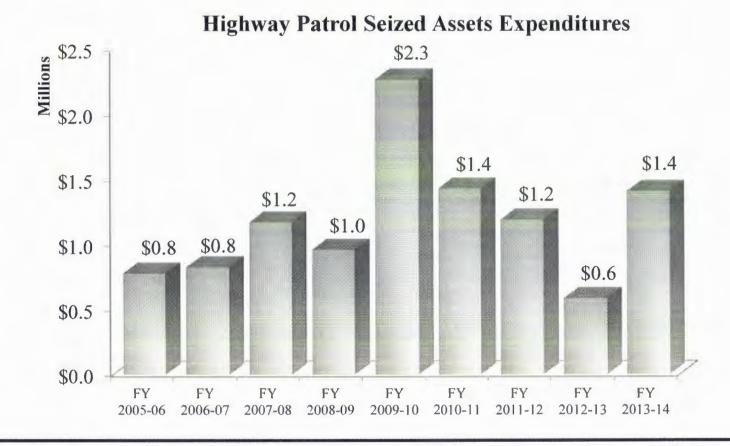
^{*}Upfit costs do not include mobile computers or in-car cameras



Source: DPS SHP, February 2014; NCIBIS Worksheet I, 03/03/2015

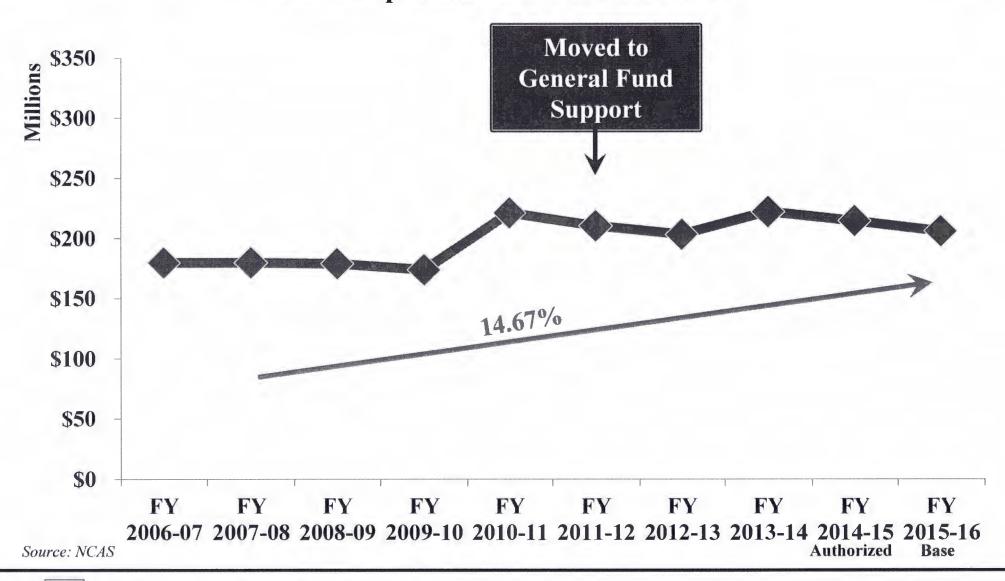
Seized Assets

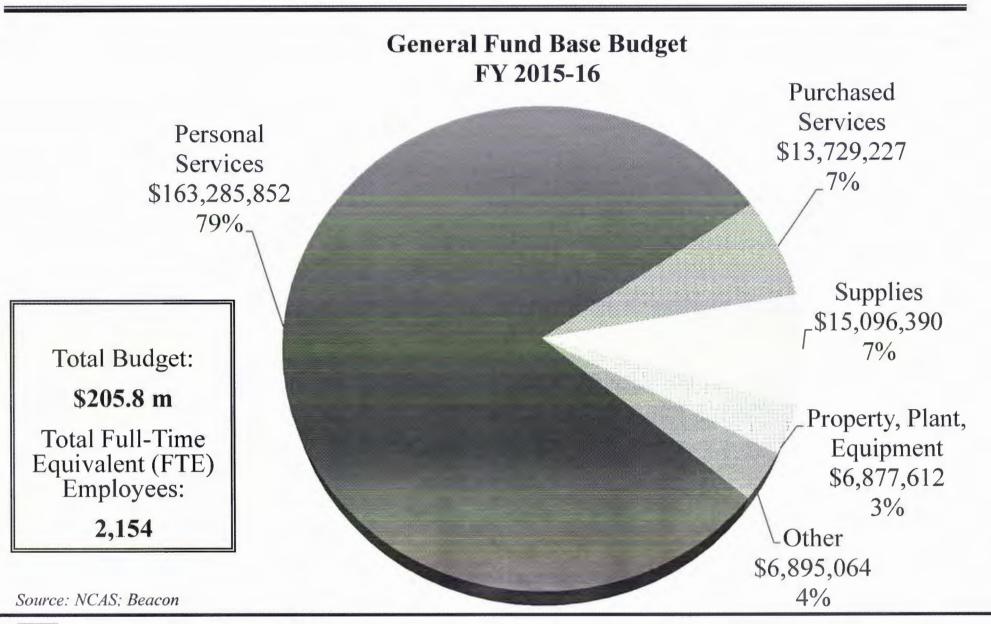
- Weapons and armor
- Phones and radios
- Training
- Video Cameras



Source: NCAS

Actual Expenditures Since FY 2006-07





SHP: Recent Budget Actions

2013 Budget (S.L. 2013-360)

Department-wide Consolidation Efficiencies	(\$5,000,000) R
Budget Vacant Trooper Positions	\$2,505,713 R
SHP Fuel	\$3,677,292 R
SHP Aircards	\$626,000 R
SHP Mobile Computers	\$1,050,640 NR
SHP Communication Center Consolidation	(\$1,662,707) R
SHP Aviation	(\$901,900) R
SHP Consolidation of Technology Services Functions	(\$506,517) R
SHP Administration Reduction	(\$700,000) R
SHP Accreditation Unit Elimination	(\$402,978) R
SHP Support Positions	(\$772,853) R
SHP Traffic Safety Information Officers	(\$527,288) R
VIPER Operations and Maintenance	\$2,825,471 R

SHP: Recent Budget Actions

2013 Budget (S.L. 2013-360) (continued)

SHP VIPER Technology Upgrade

\$25,000,000 NR

VIPER Tower Construction (2nd Year)

\$7,000,000 R

Continued the Step Increase Freeze

Total net FTE eliminated: 54.0

2014 Budget (S.L. 2014-100)

DPS Department-wide Management Flexibility Reserve (\$6,319,863) NR

\$1,000 salary increase for all permanent FTE \$30,219,820 R

Experience-based Step-Increase \$1,834,633 R

SHP Vacant Trooper Positions (\$1,781,325) R

SHP Uniforms \$863,384 R

Troopers' Association Caisson Unit \$100,000 NR

Total net FTE eliminated: 35.0

Section 16B.5 required DPS to use \$2.9 million of funds available to purchase VIPER radios for the Highway Patrol.

Questions



State Bureau of Investigation







SBI Transfer

Consolidate major State law enforcement divisions under one agency:

- Shared resources
- Purchasing efficiencies
- Coordination and cooperation









SBI Transfer

Changes to SBI Director

Previous Law

- Appointed by the Attorney General (AG)
- Served at pleasure of the AG
- No set terms
- Conducted most investigations "upon the request of" or "under the direction of" the Governor

S.L. 2014-100, Sec. 17.1

- Nominated by the Governor and confirmed by the NCGA
- Can only be removed for cause by the Governor
- Eight-year terms
- Conducts most investigations "at the request of" or "under the direction of" the Governor

Savings and Efficiencies

Information Technology

 Separated Division of Criminal Information from SBI and put it directly under Commissioner of Law Enforcement

District Offices

 Required consolidation of Alcohol Law Enforcement and SBI district offices by October 1 (except Asheville, which is required by July 1, 2015)

Bulk and Coordinated Purchasing

• Type II transfer of SBI left the budget under the control of the Secretary of Public Safety, allowing for better oversight and coordination of expenditures for supplies and equipment

Total FY 2014-15 Savings: \$1.2 million

Jurisdictional Boundaries



G.S. 20-49 and 20-49.1

- · Motor Vehicle Laws
- Crimes in their presence
- When called in by other law enforcement agencies



G.S. 143B-900

 Same as a Raleigh police officer or Wake County deputy sheriff on property owned, leased, or maintained by the State in the city of Raleigh or Wake County



G.S. 143B-919

- Hazardous waste dumping
- Communicating threats
- Arson (G.S. 58-79-5)
- Gambling and Lottery
- Drugs (G.S. 90-113.5)
- Lynchings
- Computer crimes
- Child sex abuse in daycares
- Riots
- Explosives
- Local investigations



G.S. 18B-500

ALE

- Statewide jurisdiction over any criminal offense
- Primary responsibility is ABC and Lottery

Other Changes

Moved ALE under the SBI

• G.S. 143B-928: ...the Alcohol Law Enforcement branch is a separate and discrete branch of the State Bureau of Investigation.

Clarified the ALE mission

• G.S. 18B-500: the primary responsibility of an agent shall be enforcement of the ABC and lottery laws.

SBI personnel are the sole responsibility of the SBI Director

• G.S. 143B-927: The Director shall be responsible for making all hiring and personnel decisions of the Bureau.

Progress Reports

- Interim January 1, 2015
- Interim April 1, 2015
- Final October 1, 2015



B.W. Collier, Acting Director

Original Jurisdiction (G.S. 143B-919):

- Election fraud
- Lynchings
- Computer crimes against children
- Child sex abuse in daycares
- Explosives
- Riots

- Hazardous waste dumping
- Communicating threats
- Arson (G.S. 58-79-5)
- Gambling and Lottery
- Drugs (G.S. 90-113.5)

Assistance to law enforcement at their request

SBI Divisions:

- Administrative Services
- Field Operations
- Special Operations
- Alcohol Law Enforcement

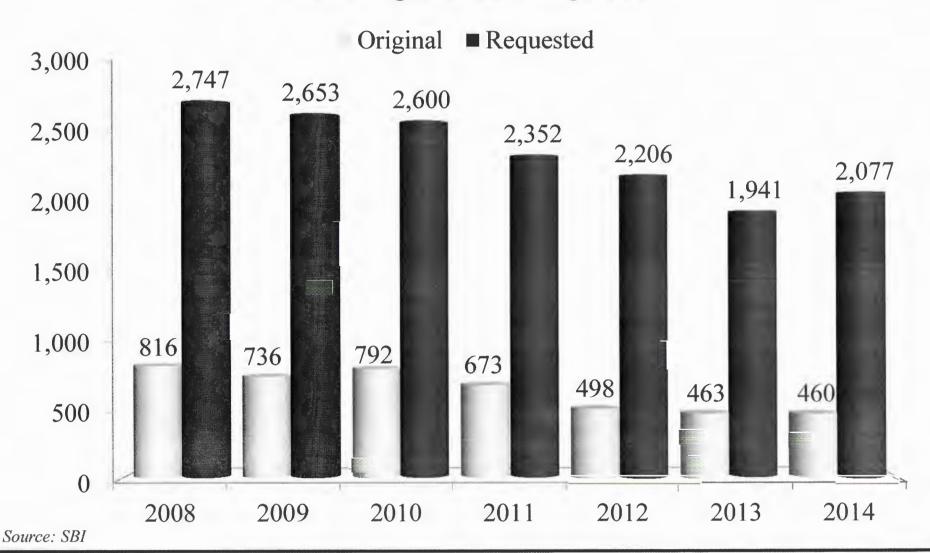
Total Budget:

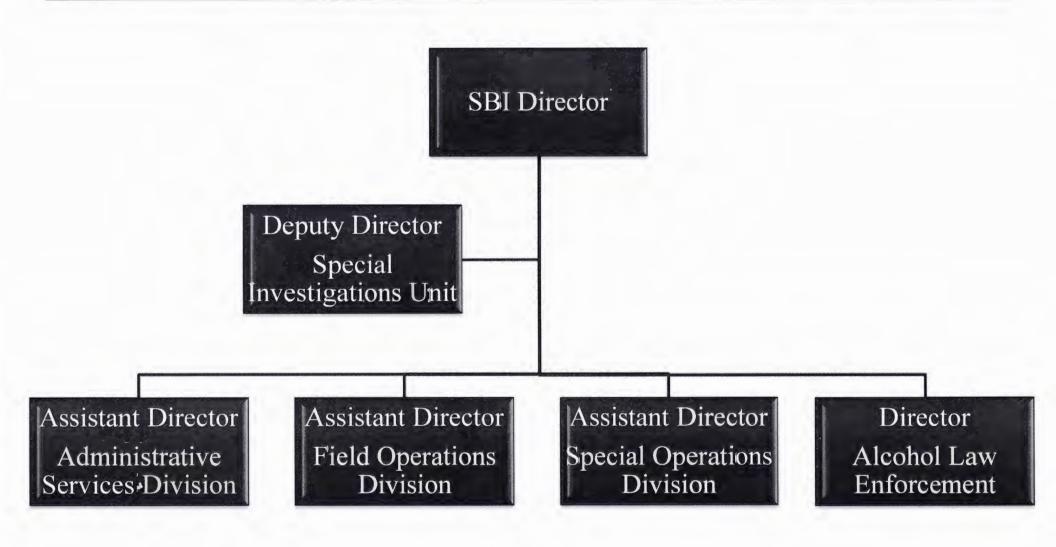
\$52.9 m

Total FTE:

566.0

SBI Origin of Investigation





Administrative Services Division

- Training and investigative support
- Accreditation and career development
- Business and logistics
- Case Records Management





Recruitment and Training (11 FTE)

- Minimum Bachelor's degree
- Agents must have or obtain law enforcement certification
- 75% of new agent hires already have Basic Law Enforcement Training (BLET)
- All new agents go to SBI Academy
 - 18 weeks/ 720 hours
 - Salemburg Training Academy
- One year as agent trainee
- In-service training as required by CJTS and SBI



Alcohol Law Enforcement

118 FTE

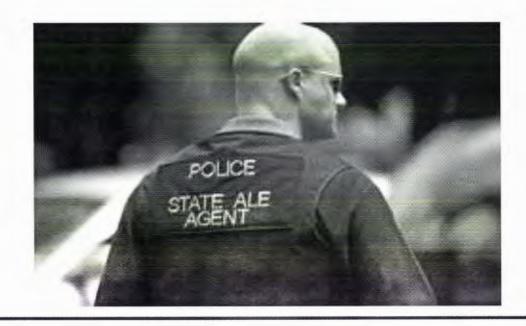
Created 1977

G.S. 18B-500

(c)...The primary responsibility of an agent shall be enforcement of the ABC laws and lottery laws.

Statewide jurisdiction:

- ABC laws
- Lottery laws
- Bingo
- Gambling
- Boxing



Field Operations Division

179 FTE

Eight District Offices:

- Each has Special Agent in Charge (SAC), Assistant SAC, special agents, an administrative secretary and an office assistant
- Investigate original jurisdiction cases in their district
- Provide assistance to local law enforcement

Special Investigation Units:

- Fire/Arson
- Crime Scene Search
- Polygraph

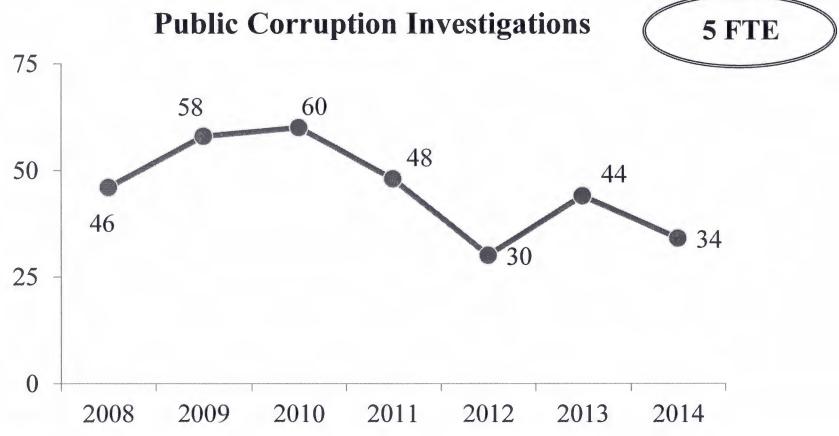


MEDICAID CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS SAC Mark A. Islay 5505 Creedmoor Rd. Suite #300 TRAINING & INVESTIGATIVE SUPPORT Raleigh, NC 27612 SAC Cart West 919-881-2395 3320 Old Garner Road FAX 919-571-4837 Raleigh, NC 27626 919-662-4500 NORTHERN PIEDMONT DISTRICT NORTHEASTERN DISTRICT GAC Scott Williams SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS 501 Industrial Avenue SAC Anthony Jernigen CAPITAL DISTRICT BACK Pretty 1013 W. H. Gmith Divis. Greensboro, NC 27406 NORTHWESTERN DISTRICT 3320 Old Gamer Road SAC Mike Denning 336-256-1362 Greenville, NC 27834 1705 Tryon Park Drive SAC Paula Carson Rainigh, Nr. 27626 252-750-4755 FAX: 336-256-1360 1060 Zion Church Road 919-662-4500 Haleigh, NC 27610 FAX: 252-756-4779 Hickory, NC 28602 919.779-8188 828-294-2226 FAX: 919-779-8139 FAX. 828-294-3932 **Flockingham** Claren Warehilds Marketine ! Cabarrysi WESTERN DISTRICT SAC Rent Cultinetton COASTAL DISTRICT 103 Underwood Rd SOUTHERN PIEDMONT DISTRICT SAC Mac Warner Suite H SAC Tony Underwood Fletcher, NC 28732 470 Dolphin Drive 5994 Caldwell Park Drive SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT Jacksonville, NC 28546 828-854-8901 Harrisburg, NC 28075 SAC Trent Bullard FAX: 828-654-7332 910-346-2121 704-454-5264 414 Chacago Drive PAX: 910-346-3661 FAX: 704-454-5376 Feyetteville, NC 28306 910-486-1262 COMPUTER CRIMES UNIT FAX. 910-486-1960 FINANCIAL CRIMES SAC Mike East SAC Eric Hicks SPECIAL SERVICES UNIT 1705 Tryon Park Drive 1705 Tryon Park Drive Raimoghs, NC 27610 SAC Todd Duke Releigh, NC 27610 919-779-8130 5994 Caldwell Park Drive 919-662-4545 FAX: 919-779-8135 Harrisburg, NC 28075 FAX. 919-662-4540 704-454-5324 FAX: 704-454-5386 DECU ISAAC SALI LIOPVINE VARDAII SAU BHAN Nett 1705 Tryon Park Drive 310 New Bern Avenue KA BOX 2/422 Posteright, NRJ 2701U 919-779-8186 Raleigh, NG 27611 W19-/16-1111 FAX 918-778-8132 PAX 919-716-1120

Revised Jamesey 12, 2016

Special Investigations Unit

Investigates public corruption and government misconduct and internal affairs for the SBI.



Special Operations Division

Air Wing Unit (4 FTE)

Aerial surveillance, marijuana eradication, investigative photography

and reconnaissance, prisoner transport

Computer Crimes Investigations (16 FTE)

Statewide coordination and investigation of computer and internet crimes primarily involving children

Diversion and Environmental Crimes Unit (16 FTE)

Diversion of controlled drugs by health care professionals and environmental crimes



Special Operations Division (continued)

Financial Crimes Unit (14 FTE)

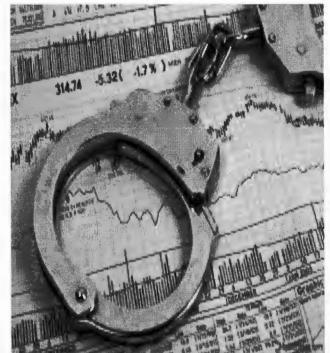
Complex white collar crimes including embezzlement and corporate malfeasance.

Intelligence and Information (22 FTE)

Includes ISAAC and the Criminal Intelligence Unit.

Threat Assessment and State Property Theft (2 FTE)

Assesses threats against government officials and investigates reports of theft of State property.



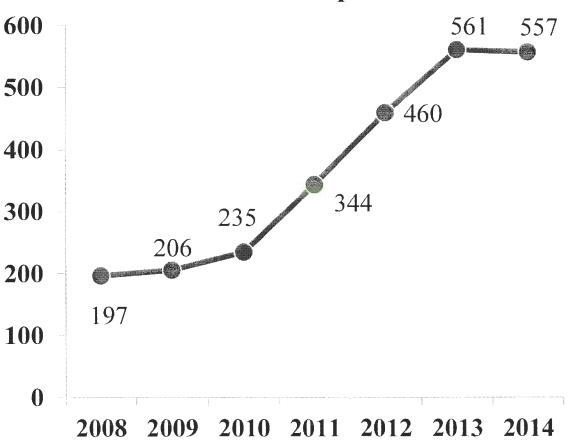
Special Operations Division (continued)

Special Services and Intelligence Units (20 FTE)



- Crises negotiation
- Fugitive arrest and apprehension
- Special Response Team
- Weapons of mass
 destruction/hazardous devices

Meth Lab Responses



Source: DOJ; FTE from Beacon BO149

Special Operations Division (continued)

Criminal Information and Identification (72 FTE)

- Background checks
- Statewide Automated Fingerprint Identification System (SAFIS)
- Criminal Information Network (DCIN)
- Sex Offender Registry
- Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR)



Background Checks

SBI conducts background checks for:

- Employment
- Licensure
- Adoption
- Concealed weapons
- Law enforcement



Fees charged to everyone except law enforcement (G.S. 143B-930)

- 104,032 background checks for 5,117 entities in FY 2013-14
- 117,853 background checks for concealed carry permits in FY 2013-14
- Total receipts: \$8.7 million

Criminal Information Network

G.S. 143B-902 Powers and duties of DPS with respect to criminal information Requires DPS to collect information and share it with law enforcement

Criminal Information Network (CIN) (G.S. 143B-905)

- Central law enforcement hub for 20,000 sworn law enforcement officers statewide
- Access to State and federal crime information
- Operates 24 hours a day, 365 days a year

Fees authorized (G.S. 143B-905(d))

- 905 agencies with 27,689 end users in FY 2013-14
- Monthly fee \$12 (mobile) or \$25 (desktop) per device
- Generated \$3.1 million in FY 2013-14



Serves over 20,000 sworn law enforcement officers using the following systems:

- Law Enforcement Message Switch (LEMS)
- Omnixx Force, Trainer, Charts, Alerts, and DMXLive
- Statewide Automatic Fingerprint Identification System (SAFIS)
- Computerized Criminal History (CCH)
- Sex Offender Registry
- Concealed Handgun Permits (CHP)
- EVOLVE
- Expungement
- Recovered Vehicles
- Crime Analysis Management System (CAMS)
- Crime Reporting
- Traffic Stops
- NC-DEx

Seized and Forfeited Assets

Federal program subject to federal regulations.

Funds can be used for:

Investigations

• Equipment

• Training

• Travel

• Facilities

Other

Funds can NOT be used for:

• Salaries

- Hospitality suites
- Scholarships
- Illegal activities
- Food and beverages



SBI Seized Assets

- Vehicles
- Phones
- Computers and software
- Undercover operations

SBI Seized Asset Expenditures

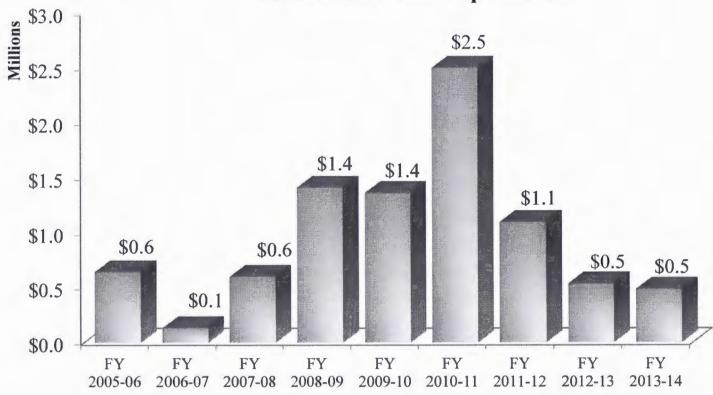


Source: NCAS Budget History

ALE Seized Assets

- Weapons and armor
- Ammunition
- Gas
- Vehicles





Source: NCAS Budget History

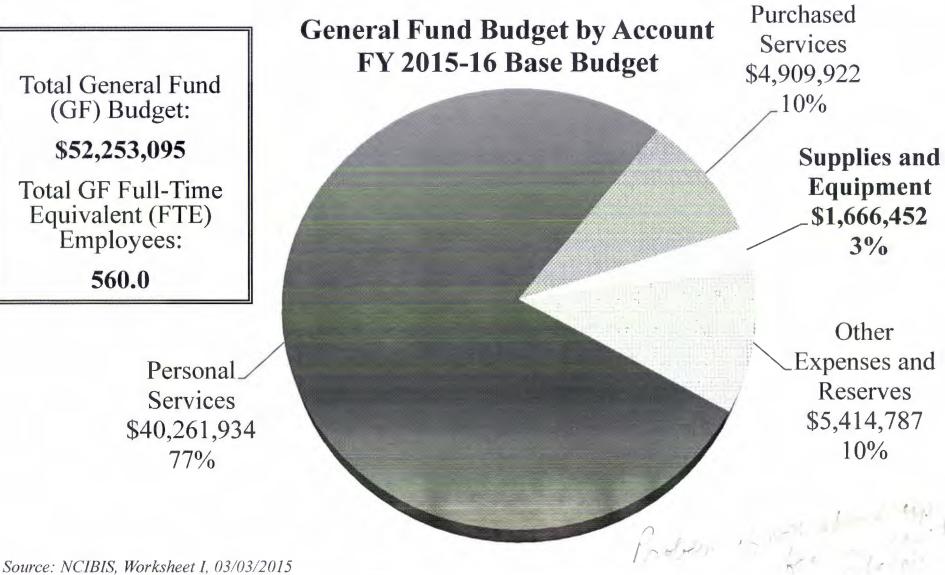
Total General Fund (GF) Budget:

\$52,253,095

Total GF Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees:

560.0

Personal. Services \$40,261,934 77%



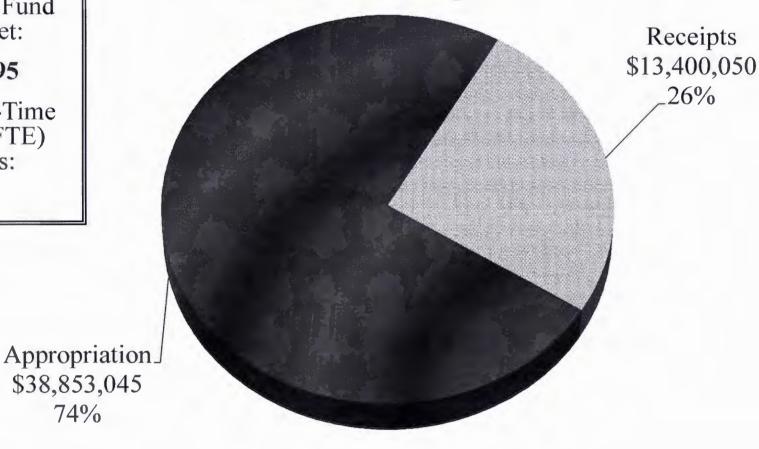
Total General Fund (GF) Budget:

\$52,253,095

Total GF Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees:

560.0

General Fund Budget by Source 2015-16 Base Budget



Source: NCIBIS, Worksheet I, 03/03/2015

74%

SBI: Recent Budget Actions

2013 Budget (S.L. 2013-360)

DOJ Department-wide Management Flexibility Reserve (\$1,700,000) R ALE Operating Reduction (\$1,750,000) R

• Sec. 17.6 moved the State Crime Lab out of the SBI

2014 Budget (S.L. 2014-100)

DPS Department-wide Management Flexibility Reserve	(\$6,319,863) NR
\$1,000 salary increase for all permanent FTE	\$30,219,820 R
Consolidation Savings Reduction	(\$1,000,000) R
ALE/SBI District Office Consolidation	(\$231,439) R
Restoration of 13 ALE Positions	\$724,454 R

• Sec. 17.1 moved the SBI to DPS and placed ALE under the Director of the SBI.

Questions



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HOUSE PAGES

NAME OF COMMITTEE DATE DATE
1. Name: SIErra COX (H)
County: GASTON
Sponsor: Speaker MOORE
Sponsor: Speaker MOORE 2. Name: REGINA WIECHERT (5)
County: HARNET
Sponsor: Sen. RABIN
3. Name:
County:
Sponsor:
4. Name:
County:
Sponsor:
5. Name:
County:
Sponsor:
COT AT ADM
1. Name: BARRY MOORE (H)
2. Name: BH Powell (H)
3. Name: DAVID LINTHICHM (LYNN-THA-COME)
4. Name: GILES & JEFFREYS (5)
DALE HUFF (5)
DALE AU

BARRY MODRE (A)
BH FOWELL
CH)
DAVID LINTH!COM (LYNDE-THA-COME)
GILES & JEFFELS (S)
DALE HOFF
DALE HOFF

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety

March 19, 2015

<u>VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE</u> <u>CLERK</u>

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS		
Jeff Gray	Fraternal Order of Volice		
Chris Agren	DOJ		
Trang Little	DSBM		
Jarret Burr	NLPPS		
BW. Collie	NCSB(
Mildred Spearmen	NXAOC		
Gregory K. Baker	NCDPS		
Rudwat	NESHP		
Marsha Overby	NESTER		
Bill Gray	· NCSHP		
Janie P. Sutta	NCSBI		
B. Renee Robinson	NCSBI		
Mark Blewinston	NCSET		
Rodry T Becken	ALE		
Jason Lockland	NC ACE		
Ken Pike	NCALE		
MARK SENTER	ALCOHOL LAW ENFORCEMENT 09-21-201		

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

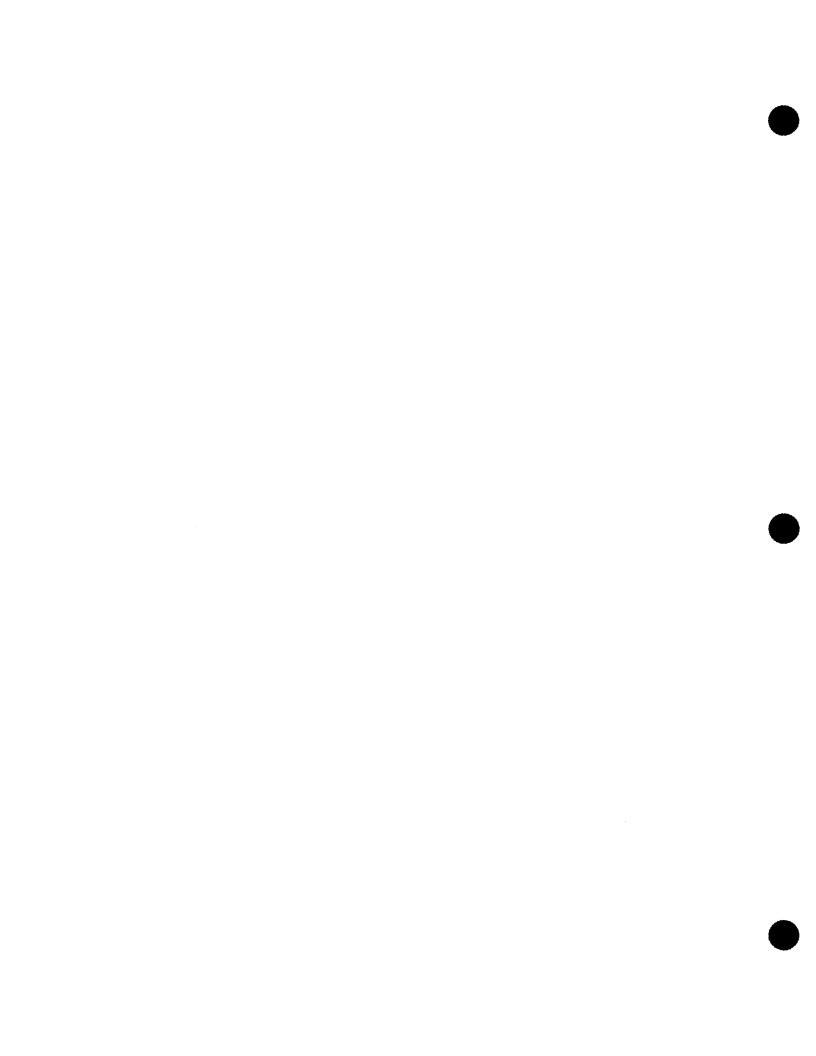
Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety

March 19, 2015

<u>VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE</u> <u>CLERK</u>

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY AND ADDRESS
Mills	MW
Lao Russia	espe
Caratonnerd	Gov. office
	,

09-21-201



SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

May 27, 2015 8:00 A.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs:

Senator Stan Bingham

Senator Buck Newton

Senator Shirley Randleman, Presiding

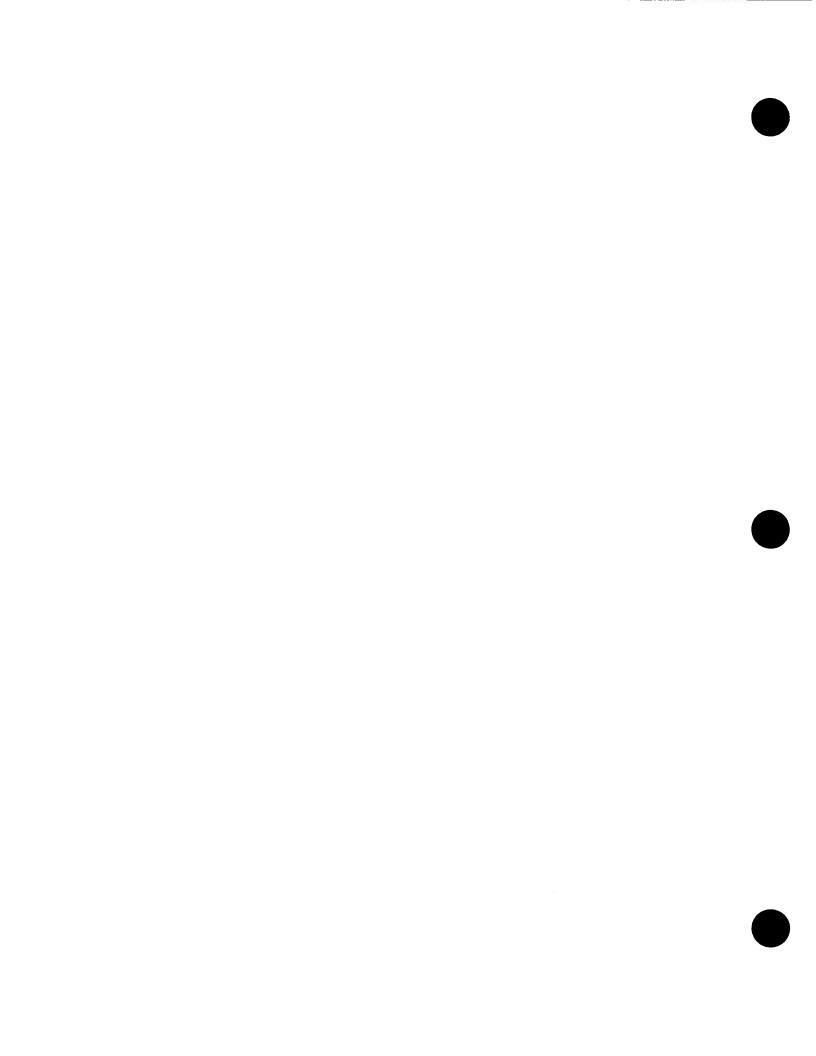
II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

Senate Target and Guidelines Kristine Leggett, Fiscal Research Division

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. ADJOURNMENT



Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety

Wednesday, May 27, 2015 at 8:00 AM

Room 415, Legislative Office Building

Minutes

The Joint Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety met at 8:00 AM on March 5, 2015 in Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building. Four members were present.

Senator Shirley Randleman, Chair, presided. Senator Randleman called the meeting to order at 8:00 AM. She recognized the pages and Sergeants at Arms Steve McCay and Canton Lewis.

Senator Randleman recognized Kristine Leggett, Fiscal Research Divisions, to speak on the Senate Budget Targets and Guidelines. Kristine called the members attention to the handout on spending targets (See Attached). She read through the spending targets document and Sen. Randleman asked if there were any questions; there were none.

Kristine asked the members to turn to the provided budget calendar (See Attached). She called attention to the important dates on the calendar and Senator Randleman asked if there were any questions; there were none. Senator Randleman thanked the staff, and noted that they would be available for questions after the meeting.

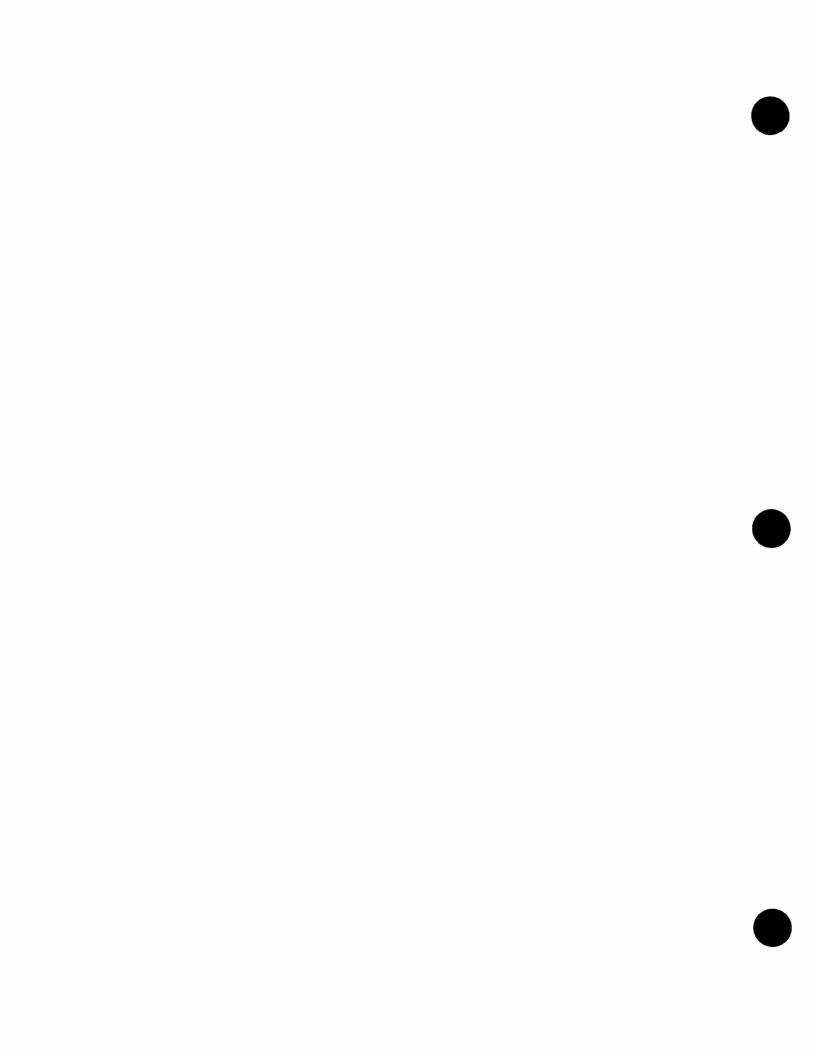
Senator Randleman adjourned the meeting at 8:06 AM.

Senator Shirley Randleman, Chair

nista Landon

Presiding

Jeb Kelly, Committee Clerk



ATTENDANCE

2015-2016 Joint Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety

DATES	3/2				Т	-			
NAMES	5/27								
Sen. Stan Bingham Co-Chair									
Sen. Buck Newton Co-Chair									
Sen. Shirley Randleman Co-Chair	V								
Sen, Tom Apodaca Vice-Chair									
Sen. Valerie Foushee	V								
Sen. Fletcher Hartsell, Jr.									
Sen. Jeff Jackson	/								
Sen. Michael Lee	V								
Rep. Jamie Boles Co-Chair									
Rep. Leo Daughtry Co-Chair									
Rep. John Faircloth Co-Chair									
Rep. Pat Hurley Co-Chair									
Rep. Darren Jackson Vice-Chair									
Rep. Allen McNeill Vice-Chair									
Rep. Sarah Stevens Vice-Chair									
Rep. Charles Graham				T					
Rep. George Graham									
Rep. Ralph Johnson									
Rep. Brad Salmon									
Rep. Michael Speciale									
Rep. Rena Turner									

		_

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

Spending Targets:

FY 2015-16: \$2,409,302,179

FY 2016-17: \$2,409,352,994

Guidance for All Subject Area Committees:

Committee Report and Special Provisions

- Evaluate budget programmatically, eliminating programs that aren't needed and providing adequate funding to those that still serve vital functions.
- Recurring money expansion items (funded outside of the Committee spending target) must be funded with recurring reductions.
- Address budget needs for both years of the biennium, minimizing the need for a revised budget in the short session.
- No spending reversions or "shall not revert" language in special provisions or money items.
- Vacant positions are being handled by the Full Chairs. Subcommittees should not eliminate the funding for vacant positions.
- If eliminating filled positions, list each position number.
- Consult other subject area committees as necessary.
- Refer certain items to the Full Chairs:
 - Salary-related items, debt service, or other statewide issues
 - Fee increases/decreases
- Worker's Compensation line items should be increased/decreased to reflect an average of FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actuals.
 - Subcommittees must achieve this within their target amounts and should not decrease other accounts that would simply shift a structural budget problem in worker's compensation to another line item.
- All programs receiving funding via a transfer from the Highway Fund will be subject to Continuation Review. Additional information will be provided regarding this process.

Reporting

- Note unresolved or pending items.
- List furding priorities not included in package.

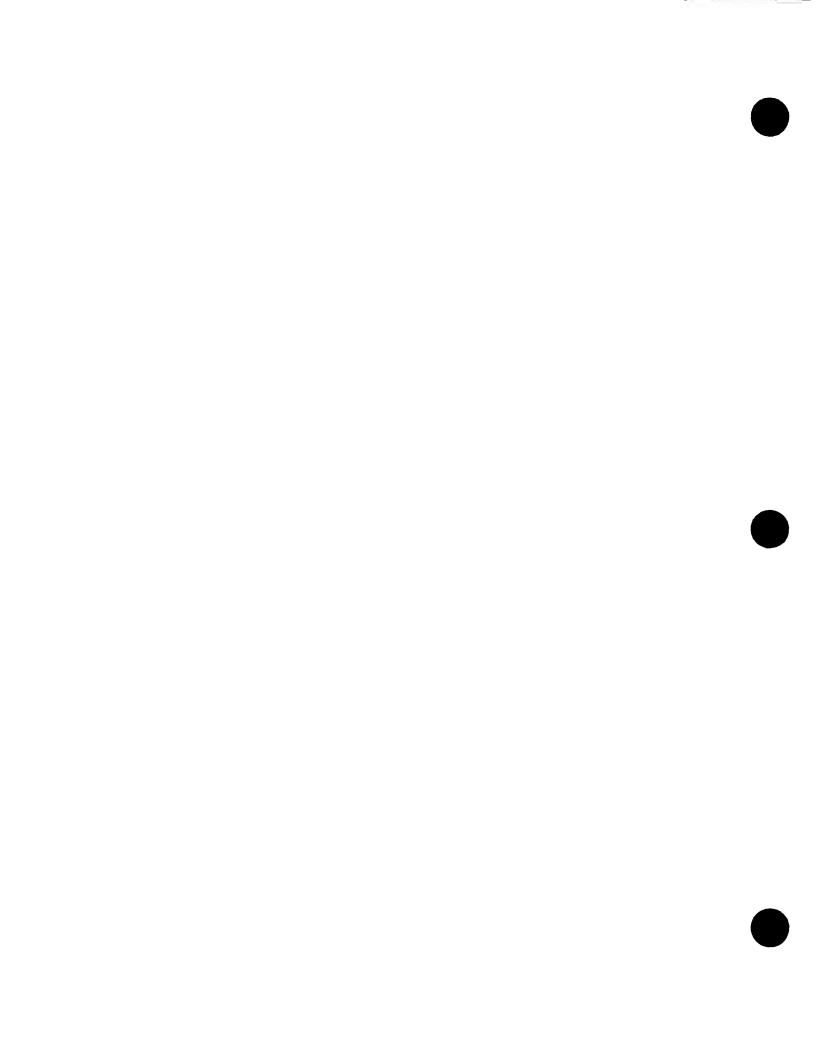
May 26, 2015

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

Specific Committee Guidance:

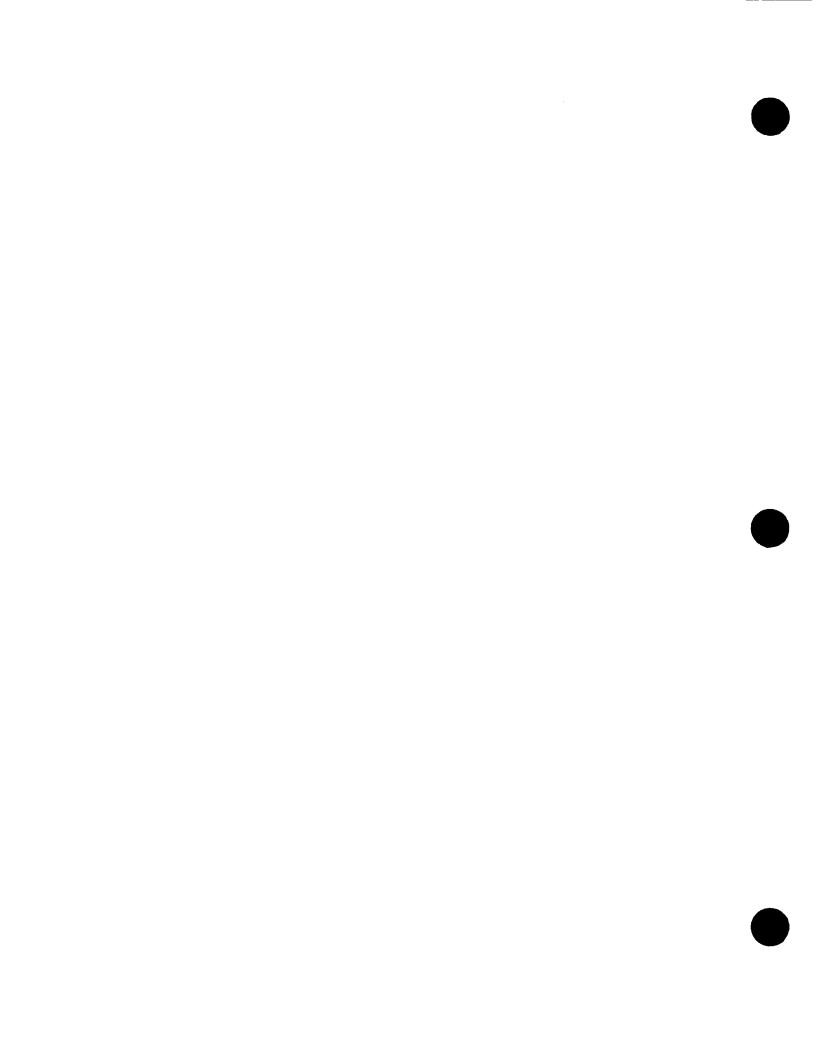
- Evaluate practice of waiving court fees.
- Statutory salary increases (highway patrol, magistrates and court clerks) are the purview of the full Chairs.

May 26, 2015



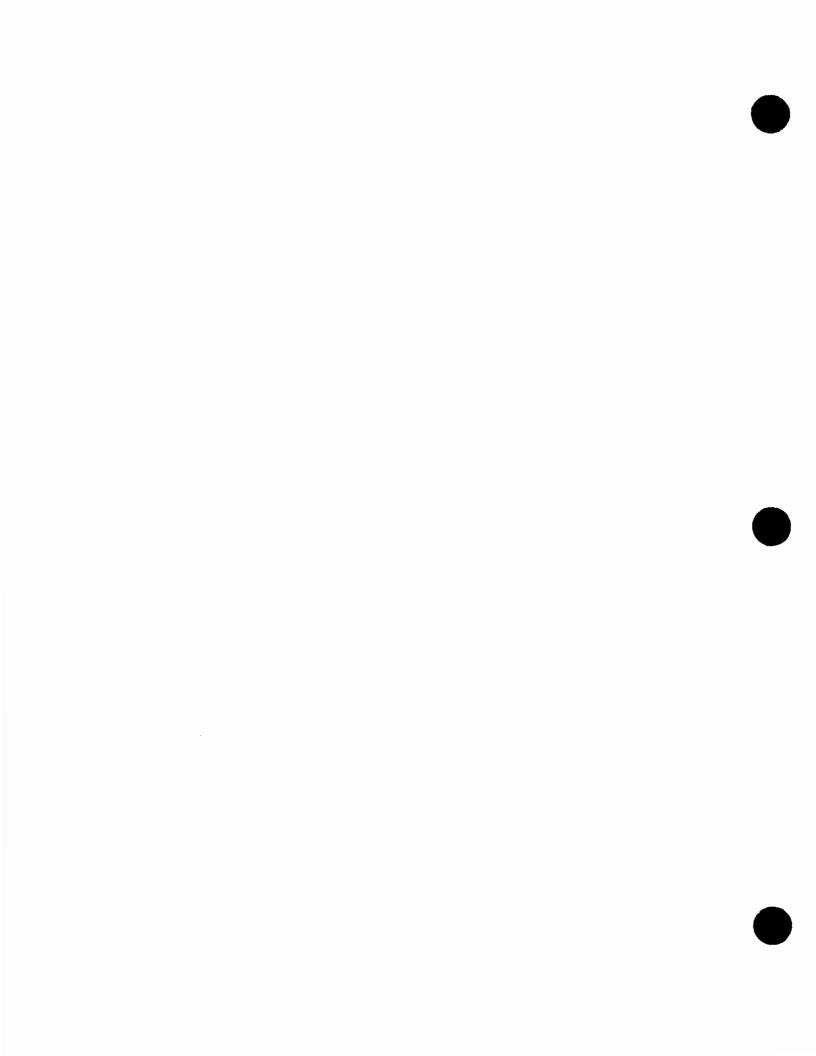


			May 201	5		
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday		Friday	Saturday
					1	2
3	4	5 House Budget Process	6	7	8	9
10 Mother's Day	11	12 House Budget	13	14	15	16
17	18	19 House Approps	20	21 House 2nd Reading	22 House 3rd Reading	23
24	25 Memorial Day	26 Senate Budget Process —	27	28	29	30
31						





			June 201	5		
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
	Senate Budget Process	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9 Senate Approps & Finance	10 Senate 2 nd Reading	11 Senate 3rd Reading	12	13
14	15 Conference Process	16	17	18	19	20
21 Father's Day	22 Conference Process	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30 Pass Conference Report				



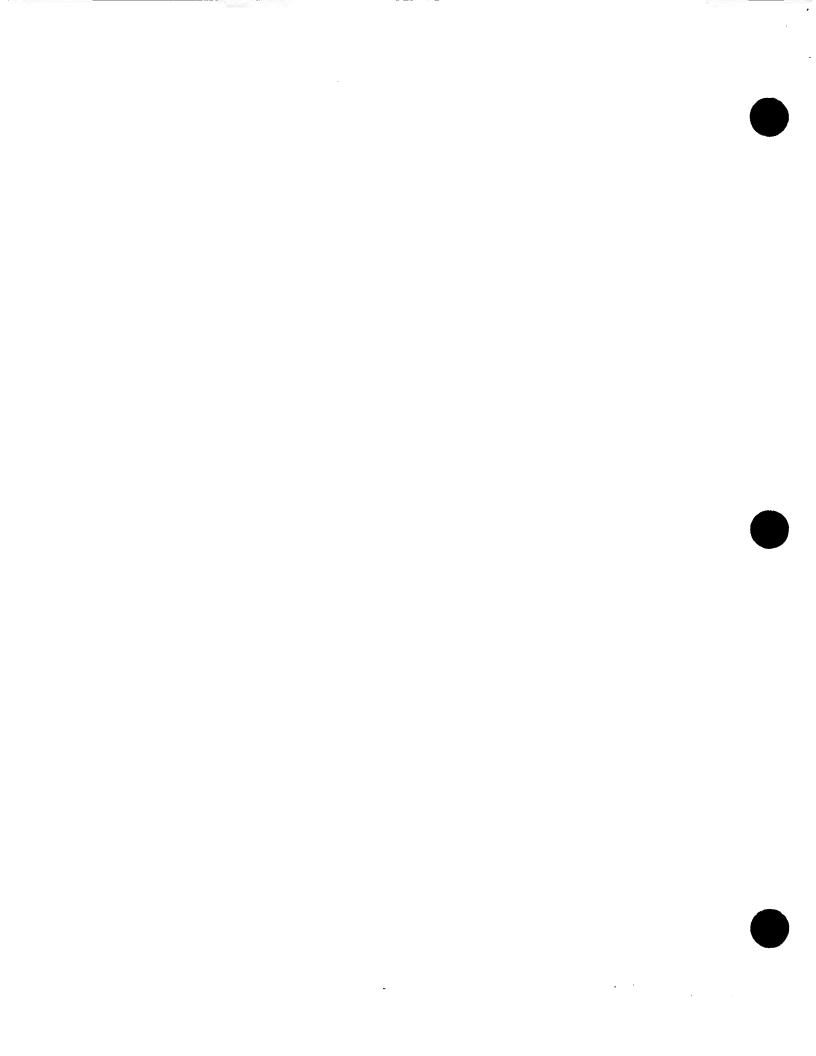
VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Senate Appropriations on Tustice and Public Safety

5/27/15 Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

	(Committee Name)	
	Date	

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Robert West Harden Bauguess	NCSHP
Hayden Bauguess	FSP
Skek David	KLG.
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	09-22-2012

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Senate Appropriations on Justice and Rublic Safety

5/27/15 Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Lexi Morgan	MRMA
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	09-22-2012

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY Room 415 Legislative Office Building

June 15, 2015 4:00 P.M.

I. CALL TO ORDER

Chairs:

Senator Stan Bingham

Senator Buck Newton, Presiding Senator Shirley Randleman

II. OPENING REMARKS BY CHAIRS

III. PRESENTATIONS

Recommended Senate JPS Budget Fiscal Research Division Staff

IV. COMMITTEE DISCUSSION

V. ADJOURNMENT

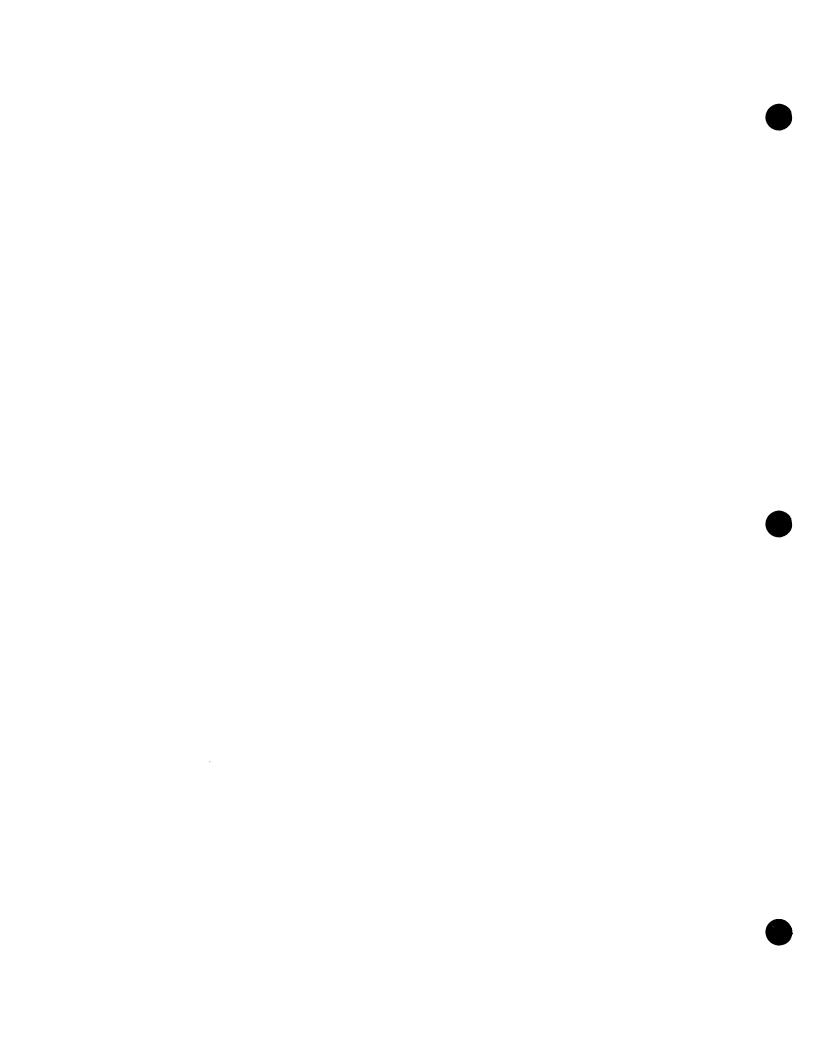
Sen. Bingham (Chair)

Sen. Newton (Chair)

Sen. Randleman (Chair)

Sen. Apodaca (Vice Chair),

Sen. Foushee, Sen. Hartsell, Sen. Jackson, Sen. Lee





SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE ON JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY June 15, 2015

Room 415 of the Legislative Office Building

The Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety met on June 15, 2015 in Room 415. Three members were present.

Senator Buck Newton, Chair, presided. The meeting was called to order at 4:04 p.m. The Chair recognized the Pages and Sergeant-At-Arms.

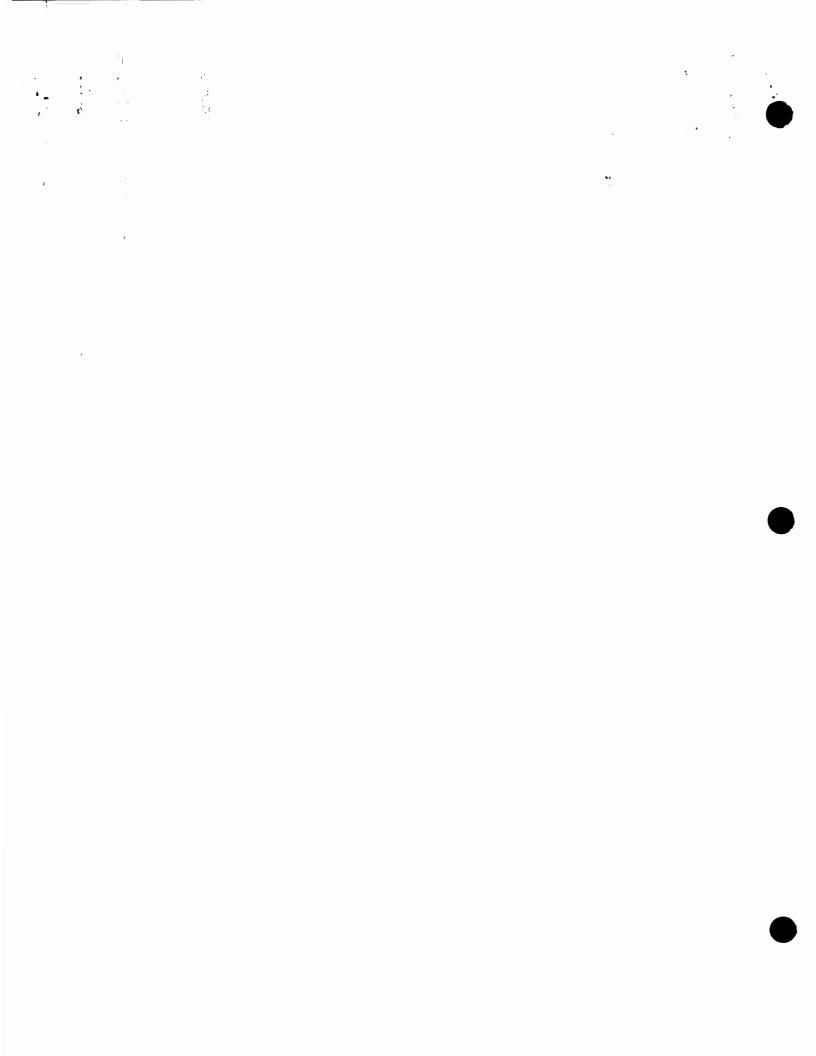
Presentations

The Chair recognized Fiscal Research Division staff to present the committee report on exhibit A, Report on Continuation and Expansion Budgets. Kristine Leggett began the presentation on the committee report for the Department of Justice. John Poteat presented on Adult Corrections. Lisa Fox presented ABC Commission Report and William Childs reported on Indigent Defense. The Chair opened the floor for questions and discussion. Having none, Fiscal Research went to exhibit B, Proposed Special Provisions for the Budget. Kristine Leggett presented a modified version of Law Enforcement. John Poteat presented on Adult Corrections. Lisa Fox presented on Parole Eligibly report. William Childs presented on the AOC report. Chairman Newton opened the floor for questions and discussion. Having none, Chairman Newton recognized Kristine Leggett to cover Senate Appropriations/Base Budget Committee Rules for Considering Amendments, Exhibit C. Chairman Newton opened the floor for questions and discussion, having none, the meeting adjourned at 4:36 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Carol Wilson, Committee Clerk

Sen. Buck Newton, Committee Clerk



Carol Wilson (Sen. Buck Newton)

From:	Maria Kinnaird (Sen. Stan Bingham)
Sent:	Thursday, June 11, 2015 03:30 PM
To:	Maria Kinnaird (Sen. Stan Bingham)
Subject:	<ncga> Senate Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety Committee Meeting</ncga>
_	Notice for Monday, June 15, 2015 at 4:00 PM
Attachments:	Add Meeting to Calendar_LINCics
Follow Up Flag:	Follow up
Flag Status:	Completed
	Principal Clerk
	Reading Clerk

SENATE NOTICE OF COMMITTEE MEETING AND BILL SPONSOR NOTICE

The Senate Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety will meet at the following time:

DAY	DATE	TIME	ROOM
Monday	June 15, 2015	4:00 PM	415 LOB

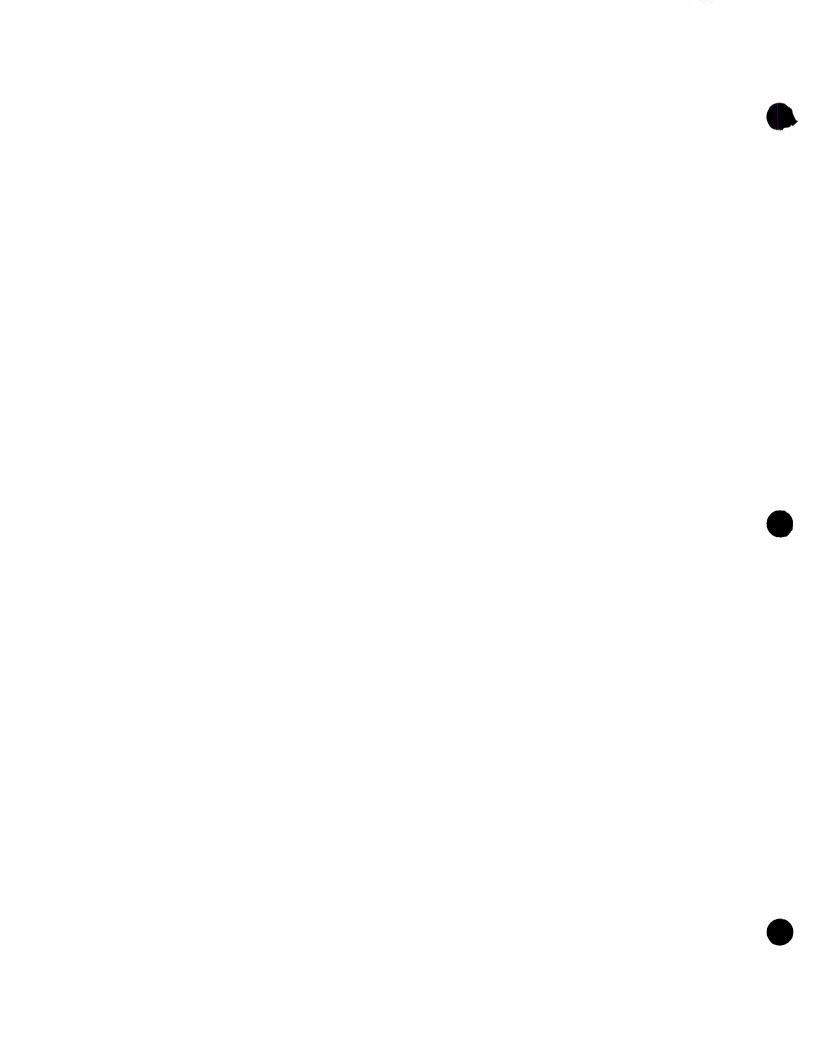
The following will be considered: The Senate Committee on Appropriations on Justice and Public Safety will prits portion of the Senate Proposed Committee Substitute to HB 97, "2015 Appropriations Act."

Senator Stan Bingham, Co-Chair Senator E. S. (Buck) Newton, Co-Chair Senator Shirley B. Randleman, Co-Chair

Senate Appropriations/Base Budget Committee Rules for Considering Amendments

If amendments are offered, then the following rules must be met in order to make the amendment eligible for consideration:

- 1. Money can only be transferred among items within the same subcommittee section.
- 2. Amendments where money is being transferred among items within a subcommittee must clearly identify the items/programs that are being increased and decreased.
- 3. Nonrecurring reductions cannot be made to fund recurring additions.
- 4. Amendments that spend reversions are not allowed.
- 5. Amendments that increase or create new management flexibility reserves are not allowed.
- 6. Amendments that increase spending in the subcommittee budgets are not allowed.
- 7. Amendments are not allowed where funding for an item comes from statewide reserves.
- 8. Amendments that adjust funds from compensation increase reserves or other reserves related to salaries and benefits are not allowed.
- 9. Amendments that adjust funds for workers' compensation are not allowed.
- 10. Amendments that adjust funds related to vacant positions are not allowed.
- 11. Since this is a meeting of Full Appropriations, amendments that address finance portions of the bill will not be heard.
- 12. Amendments must be in writing, the original signed, with 100 copies available for distribution.
- 13. To be considered, a proposed amendment <u>must have been logged in by the committee clerk in room 643 by 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, June 16, 2015.</u>



SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

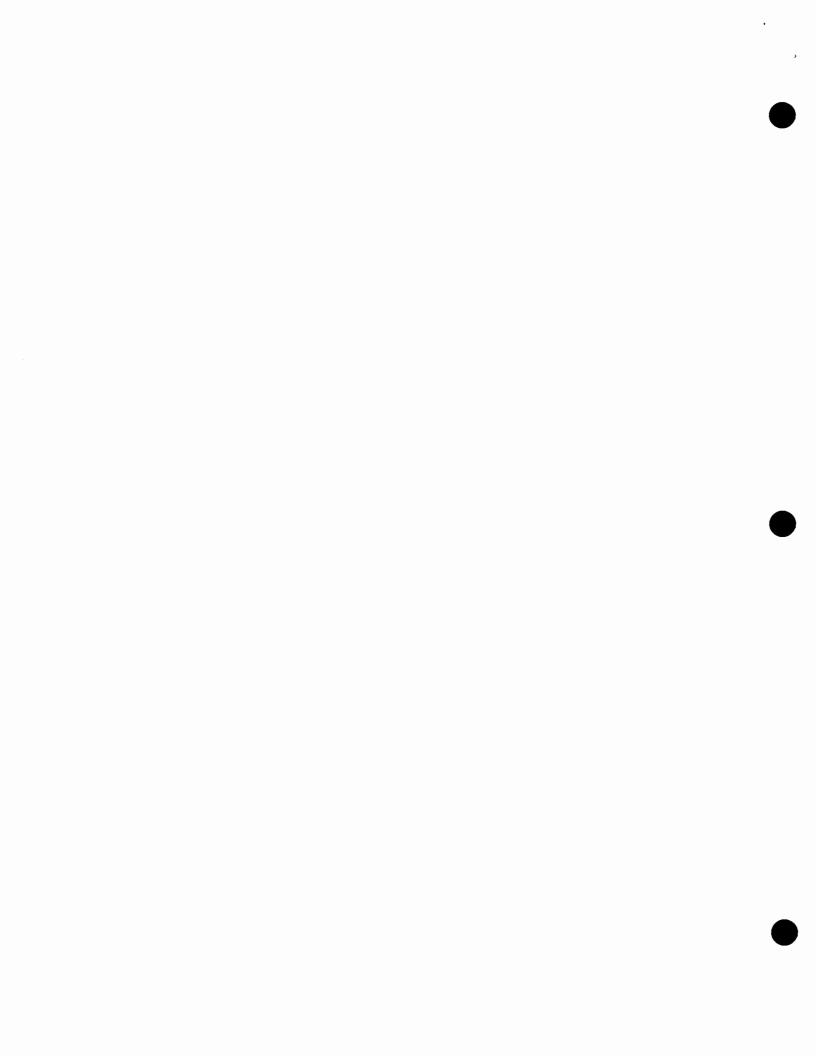
$\underline{\mathbf{ON}}$

JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY

REPORT ON THE CONTINUATION AND EXPANSION BUDGETS

House Bill 97

June 15, 2015



Public Safety

GENERAL FUND

Recommended Base Budget	FY 15-16 \$1,758,733,006		FY 16-17 \$1,758,773,164	
Legislative Changes				
A. Reserve for Salaries and Benefits				
1 Trooper Step Increase Provides funds for an experience-based step increase for State Highway Patrol Troopers pursuant to G.S. 20-187.3.	\$1,753,959	R	\$1,753,959	R
2 Correctional Officer Custody-level Based Pay Adjustment Provides funds to implement the mandatory increases associated with position reclassifications necessary to differentiate Correctional Officer pay by custody level as recommended in an Office of State Human Resources study of pay in correctional facilities. The State Human Resources Commission approved the recommendations of this study in the February 2015 meeting, indicating that the recommendations should be implemented as funds become available.	\$12,771,297	R	\$25,542,594	R
3 Compensation Increase Reserve - State Agency Teachers Provides funds to increase starting teacher pay from \$33,000 to \$35,000 per year, to adjust the tiers of the salary schedule, to grant an experience-based step increase for eligible educators earning a year of creditable experience, and to ensure that all educators, assuming no change in credentials, are paid at least their FY 2014- 15 compensation.		R	\$170,912	R
4 Compensation Increase Reserve - DPS School-based Administrators (SBAs) Provides funds for an experience-based step increase for SBAs earning a year of creditable experience and funds an \$809 top of the salary schedule bonus. Any funds remaining may be used to implement Section 9.5.	\$6,000	R	\$6,000	R
B. Department-wide				
5 Workers' Compensation Adjustment Reserve Provides funding to adjust workers' compensation line items to the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures estimated to be from net General Fund appropriations. Agencies are directed to further adjust these line items using receipts to reflect the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures from all fund sources.	\$17,890,209	R	\$17,890,209	R

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	note:	FY 16-17	
6 Samarcand Operating Costs Funds start-up costs for the Samarcand Training Academy in Moore County. The training facility will allow the Department to provide overnight training for correctional officers and juvenile justice officers, as well as other employees of the Department of Public Safety (DPS). Positions are phased in throughout the biennium.	\$1,096,687 \$466,121 18.00	R NR	\$1,936,248 21.00	R
7 Appropriate Use-of-Force Training Provides nonrecurring funds to purchase a use-of-force training simulator for the Samarcand Training Academy.	\$109,656	NR		
C. Administration				
8 Operating Budget Reductions Reduces various line items in the operating budget for the Division of Administration. Reductions include:	(\$199,189)	R	(\$199,189)	R
PC/Printer Equipment (\$110,000) Server Equipment (\$ 56,000) Data Processing Supplies (\$ 15,000) Laboratory Service Agreement (\$ 6,000) Library and Learning Resources (\$ 7,000) Other line items (\$ 5,189)				
This reduction is 0.33% of the \$59.9 million budget for the Division of Administration.				
9 Governor's Crime Commission Budget Alignment Modifies the budgeted amount for PC software by \$10,879 and eliminates State matching funds of \$1,610 for grant funds that are no longer necessary. This is a 0.04% reduction to the Governor's Crime Commission budget of \$25.9 million.	(\$12,489)	R	(\$12,489)	R
D. Law Enforcement				
Provides funds to the State Highway Patrol (SHP) to develop and coordinate appropriate use-of-force training for State law enforcement officers, including the State Bureau of Investigation (SBI), Alcohol Law Enforcement (ALE), and State Capitol Police. Recurring funds are provided for supplies and equipment replacement and training costs; nonrecurring funds are provided for a use-of-force training simulator and associated equipment in the first year.	\$150,000 \$109,656	R NR	\$150,000	R
11 SHP Vehicles Increases the recurring budget for replacement of the Highway Patrol's enforcement and support fleet by 60% to \$7,992,752. An additional 34% increase is provided on a nonrecurring basis in FY 2015-16.	\$3,000,000 \$1,710,750	R NR	\$3,000,000	R

Public Safety Page I 2

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	×	FY 16-17	
12 SBI Vehicles Establishes a recurring budget to replace 75 vehicles per year for the State Bureau of Investigation, including ALE.	\$1,943,373	R	\$1,943,373	R
13 SAFIS Replacement Provides nonrecurring funds in the first year for replacement of the Statewide Automated Fingerprint Identification System. These funds are leftover from the 2007 SAFIS replacement. An additional \$399,602 is budgeted in receipts on a recurring basis for this purpose.	\$333,557	NR		
14 Operation Medicine Drop Provides funds to the SBI for Operation Medicine Drop, a program that conducts events for citizens to bring unused or expired medications to a central location for safe disposal.	\$120,000	NR		
E. Emergency Management and National Guard				
15 Emergency Management Operating Efficiencies	(\$73,360)	R	(\$73,360)	R
Shifts partial funding of 4 positions (60084453, 60032393, 60084598, 60032400) to receipt support (\$48,657), and reduces funds for supplies and equipment by \$24,703. This is a 0.20% reduction to the total budget for Emergency Management of \$35.7 million.	-1.17		-1.17	
16 National Guard Operating Efficiencies	(\$103,680)	R	(\$103,680)	R
Reduces the National Guard operating budget as follows: Waste Mgt Services (\$67,679) Travel (\$26,001) Motor Vehicle Insurance (\$10,000)				
This is a 0.29% reduction to the total National Guard budget of \$35.5 million.				
17 National Guard Joint Forces Headquarters (JFHQ) Operating Expenses Provides funds for building utilities and maintenance for the National Guard's portion of JFHQ. Federal funds were used for this purpose until last year, when the federal portion of the funding was reduced to 55% and a 45% State match was required.	\$350,000	R	\$375,000	R
F. Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice - Prisons				
18 Harnett CI Electronic Intrusion System	(\$53,788)	R	(\$511,219)	R
Enhances prison security through the installation of an Electronic Intrusion System (EIS) at Harnett Correctional Institution. EIS improves efficiency by eliminating staff in watchtowers and replacing them with a roving perimeter patrol. The total amount reduced in FY 2015-16 is \$127,838. However, the Department is authorized to spend \$74,050 nonrecurring funds for vehicles and telecommunications equipment for the perimeter patrols.	-14.00		-14.00	

Public Safety Page I 3

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	nor	FY 16-17	
19 Inmate Education Reduces the Inmate Education budget by 5.6%, leaving \$8,451,087 to provide education services.	(\$500,000)	R	(\$500,000)	R
20 Continuation Review - Inmate Road Squads and Litter Crews Funds the Inmate Road Squads and Litter Crews for FY 2015-16 only. The Highway Fund provides \$9,040,000 to support 184 positions for this program. Restoration of FY 2016-17 funds is subject to the findings of the Continuation Review.				
21 Central Prison Mental Health Beds	\$1,074,669	R	\$3,161,763	R
Funds 66 positions at the Central Prison Mental Health Facility to open 72 additional beds to enable the unit to operate at full capacity of 216 beds. Thirty-five positions are effective January 1, 2016 and 31 additional positions are effective January 1, 2017.	35.00		66.00	
22 Behavior Treatment Unit and Diagnostic Positions	\$723,805	R	\$1,447,609	R
Establishes a mental health behavior treatment unit at Maury Correctional Institution and provides mental health positions for the Diagnostic Centers to improve the assessment of inmates' mental health status during processing. The positions are effective January 1, 2016.	\$65,625 29.00	NR	29.00	
23 Electronic Health Records Provides funding for vendor fees for access and data for the electronic inmate healthcare records system. The Department is currently using nonrecurring funds for the development and implementation of the system. Funding is provided effective January 1, 2016 and will be annualized in FY 2017-18.			\$681,679	R
24 Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Fund Provides funds for the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Fund (SMCF). This fund was previously supported by court costs that were transferred directly to the fund. SMCF provides payments to county jails for housing, transportation, and medical care for misdemeanants sentenced to confinement for longer than 90 days.	\$22,500,000	R	\$22,500,000	R
G. Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice - Community Corrections				
Increases funding for electronic monitoring equipment for offenders under supervision. Use of electronic monitoring has more than doubled following the Justice Reinvestment Act; this funding supports the increased demand. With these additional funds, the budget for electronic monitoring will be \$4.9 million in FY 2015-17, a 17% increase.	\$700,000	R	\$707,971	R

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	nue.	FY 16-17	
Provides funds to the Broaden Access to Community Treatment program. These funds shall be restricted to substance abuse treatment services for offenders assessed as moderate to high-risk for recidivism and high need for substance abuse services. Funds distributed under this provision shall be given to evidence-based programs to enhance, increase, or expand existing substance abuse treatment programs for offenders being supervised by the Department.	\$1,359,744	NR		
H. Adult Correction and Juvenile Justice - Juvenile Justice				
27 Residential Beds for Adjudicated Juveniles Provides funding for expanded bed capacity for adjudicated juveniles in contracted and State-run facilities throughout the State. The new total budget for juvenile community programs will be \$20.1 million, an increase of 11%.	\$2,000,000	R	\$2,000,000	R
Tatal Lawis lating Changes	\$65,188,405	R	\$81,867,380	R
Total Legislative Changes	\$4,275,109	NR		
Total Position Changes	66.83		100.83	
Revised Budget	\$1,828,196,52	0	\$1,840,640,544	

Justice

GENERAL	FUND
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Recommended Base Budget	FY 15-16 \$50,584,602	us.	FY 16-17 \$50,584,602	
Legislative Changes				
B. State Crime Laboratory				
28 Crime Lab Technicians Creates 6 new technician positions at the State Crime Lab to handle non-scientific duties. These positions will allow forensic scientists to concentrate on more complex tasks, increasing efficiency and turn-around time for lab analysis.	\$251,117 6.00	R	\$330,504 6.00	R
29 Outsourcing Funds for Forensic Analysis Provides funds in the first year to allow the State Crime Lab to outsource forensic analysis services, including toxicology and DNA.	\$750,000	NR		
C. Training and Standards				
Provides funds to the NC Justice Academy to develop curricula and provide appropriate use-of-force training to local law enforcement agencies. Funding is provided to create new criminal justice training coordinator positions for community relations and use-of-force training, and to offer multiple train-the-trainer programs in Fair and Impartial Policing throughout the year. Nonrecurring funding is provided to purchase use-of-force training simulators for the Edneyville and Salemburg campuses.	\$236,129 \$219,312 2.00	R NR	\$236,129 2.00	R
31 Sexual Assault Investigator Training Provides funds for a criminal justice coordinator to conduct basic and advanced training for the identification and investigation of sexual assault and violence against women crimes.	\$80,000 1.00	R	\$80,000	R
D. Department-wide				
Provides funding to adjust workers' compensation line items to the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures estimated to be from net General Fund appropriations. Agencies are directed to further adjust these line items using receipts to reflect the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures from all fund sources.	\$174,524	R	\$174,524	R

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	FY 16-17
Total Legislative Changes	\$741,770 R	\$821,157 R
Total Legislative onlinges	\$969,312 NR	
Total Position Changes	9.00	9.00
Revised Budget	\$52,295,684	\$51,405,759

Judicial - Indigent Defense

GENERAL FUND

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Recommended Base Budget	FY 15-16 \$112,087,174		FY 16-17 \$112,097,118	
Legislative Changes				
B. Private Appointed Counsel Fund				
33 Additional Private Appointed Counsel Funds Provides funding to pay private counsel assigned to represent indigent defendants, reducing a budget shortfall that has accumulated over several years. This budget shortfall creates a hardship for small business legal firms whose payments are delayed when State funding is exhausted before the end of the fiscal year. This is a funding increase of 7.1% over current appropriations of \$61,579,725.	\$4,400,000	R	\$4,400,000	R
C. Public Defenders				
34 Capital Defender's Office	(\$750,000)	R	(\$750,000)	R
Reduces funding for the Office of the Capital Defender by \$750,000, leaving \$3,222,230. This is a reduction of 18.9%.	-7.00		-7.00	
This reduction includes the following positions: Position Number Title 60002194 Asst. Capital Defender 60002193 Asst. Capital Defender 65021927 Asst. Capital Defender 65021928 Asst. Capital Defender 60002203 Capital Case Investigator 65021929 Capital Case Investigator 65021755 Legal Assistant III				
D. Department-wide				
35 Workers' Compensation Adjustment Reserve Provides funding to adjust workers' compensation line items to the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures estimated to be from net General Fund appropriations. Agencies are directed to further adjust these line items using receipts to reflect the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures from all fund sources.	\$895	R	\$895	R

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	
Total Legislative Changes	\$3,650,895 R	\$3,650,895 R	
Total Position Changes	-7.00	-7.00	
Revised Budget	\$115,738,069	\$115,748,013	

Judicial

GENERAL FUND

Recommended Base Budget	FY 15-16 \$467,897,397		FY 16-17 \$467,898,110	
Legislative Changes				
A. Reserve for Salaries and Benefits				
36 Assistant and Deputy Clerk Step Increase Provides funds for an experience-based step increase for Assistant and Deputy Clerks pursuant to G.S. 7A-102.	\$3,771,968	R	\$3,771,968	R
37 Magistrate Step Increase Provides funds for an experience-based step increase for Magistrates pursuant to G.S. 7A-171.1.	\$1,669,939	R	\$1,669,939	R
B. Administration and Services				
38 Funds for Interpreters, Expert Witnesses, and Juries Increases the budget for interpreters, expert witnesses, and juries as necessary to operate the State court system. Funds for jury fees will increase by \$704,818 over the current budget of \$3,618,520. Funds for expert witnesses will increase by \$73,519 over the current budget of \$255,986. Funds for interpreters will increase by \$798,946 over the current budget of \$1,157,862. This represents a 31.3% increase over current funding levels.	\$1,577,283	R	\$1,577,283	R
39 Funds For Operating Budget Increases the budget for constitutionally and legally mandated legal and contracting services, equipment, travel, supplies, and maintenance as necessary to operate the State court system. This is an increase of 11.4% over the current budget levels.	\$3,309,203	R	\$3,309,203	R
40 Electronic Compliance Provides funding to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) for an electronic compliance dismissal project.	\$567,236	NR		
C. Trial Court				
41 Special Superior Court Judges Eliminates 3 special superior court judgeships at the end of the terms of the judges currently serving in office. These terms will end on October 20, 2015 and January 26, 2016.	(\$306,541)	R	(\$613,083)	R
42 Business Court Staff Provides staff and facilities for special superior court judges who will be designated as Business Court judges in FY 2015-16.	\$428,529 \$538,524 6.00	R NR	\$571,372 6.00	R

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety	FY 15-16	opens.	FY 16-17	
43 Special Assistant United States Attorneys Creates 6 Assistant District Attorney positions to act as Special Assistant United States Attorneys (SAUSAs) in offices covering all federal districts around the State. The Conference of District Attorneys will consult with all of the elected District Attorneys to determine the best home offices for these positions. The SAUSAs shall follow best practices as established by the Conference of District Attorneys. The costs assume that positions will be effective as of July 1, 2016.			\$713,514 6.00	R
D. Department-wide 44 Workers' Compensation Adjustment Reserve Provides funding to adjust workers' compensation line items to the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures estimated to be from net General Fund appropriations. Agencies are directed to further adjust these line items using receipts to reflect the average FY 2012-13 and FY 2013-14 actual expenditures from all fund sources.	\$575,744	R	\$575,744	R
Total Legislative Changes Total Position Changes	\$11,026,125 \$1,105,760 3.00	R NR	\$11,575,940 9.00	R
Revised Budget	\$480,029,282	2	\$479,474,050	

Public Safety - Other Special Grants			Budget Code:	24550	
	FY 2015-16		FY 2016-17		
Beginning Unreserved Fund Balance	\$29,719,634		\$26,911,790		
Recommended Budget					
Requirements	\$46,285,923		\$46,285,923		
Receipts	\$43,478,079		\$43,478,079		
Positions	100.00		100.00		
Legislative Changes					
Requirements:					
Continuation Review - Motor Carrier Safety Assistance	(\$9,313,362)	R	(\$9,313,362)	R	
Provides funds for the State Highway Patrol's Motor Carrier Safety Assistance program for FY 2015-16	\$9,313,362	NR	\$0	NR	
only. Restoration of FY 2016-17 funds is subject to the findings of the Continuation Review.	0.00		-94.00		
Subtotal Legislative Changes	(\$9,313,362)	R	(\$9,313,362)	R	
	\$9,313,362 0.00	NR	\$0 -94.00	NR	
Receipts:				·	
Continuation Review - Motor Carrier Safety Assistance	(\$9,313,362)	R	(\$9,313,362)	R	
Provides funds for the State Highway Patrol's Motor Carrier Safety Assistance program for FY 2015-16 only. Restoration of FY 2016-17 funds is subject to the findings of the Continuation Review.	\$9,313,362	NR	\$0	NR	
Subtotal Legislative Changes	(\$9,313,362)	R	(\$9,313,362)	R	
	\$9,313,362	NR	\$0	NR	

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17
Revised Total Requirements	\$46,285,923	\$36,972,561
Revised Total Receipts	\$43,478,079	\$34,164,717
Change in Fund Balance	(\$2,807,844)	(\$2,807,844)
Total Positions	100.00	6.00
Unappropriated Balance Remaining	\$26,911,790	\$24,103,946

Public Safety – Special – Interest Bearing

	FY 2015-16		FY 2016-17	
Beginning Unreserved Fund Balance	\$19,924,292		\$13,923,877	
Recommended Budget				
Requirements	\$8,466,432		\$8,466,432	
Receipts	\$2,666,017		\$2,666,017	
Positions	5.00		5.00	
Legislative Changes				
Requirements:				
Community Correction Funds	\$0	R	\$0	R
Provides funds for the Community Corrections section of the Department of Public Safety to support training,	\$200,000	NR	\$200,000	NR
purchase of safety equipment, and electronic monitoring.	0.00		0.00	
Subtotal Legislative Changes	\$0	R	\$0	R
	\$200,000	NR	\$200,000	NR
	0.00		0.00	
Receipts:			- pro-	
Community Corrections Funds	\$0	R	\$0	R
No budget action necessary.	\$0	NR	\$0	NR
Subtotal Legislative Changes	\$0	R	\$0	R
	\$0	NR	\$0	NR

Budget Code:

24555

Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	
Revised Total Requirements	\$8,666,432	\$8,666,432	MARINE S
Revised Total Receipts	\$2,666,017	\$2,666,017	
Change in Fund Balance	(\$6,000,415)	(\$6,000,415)	
Total Positions	5.00	5.00	
Unappropriated Balance Remaining	\$13,923,877	\$7,923,462	

ABC Commission			Budget Code:	54551
	FY 2015-16		FY 2016-17	
Beginning Unreserved Fund Balance	\$4,491,738		\$4,826,323	
Recommended Budget				
Requirements	\$13,004,818		\$13,004,818	
Receipts	\$13,339,403		\$13,339,403	
Positions	44.00		44.00	
Legislative Changes				
Requirements:				
Initiative to Reduce Underage Drinking	\$3,100,000	R	\$3,100,000	R
Provides funds for the Initiative to Reduce Underage Drinking to provide public relations assistance; strategic marketing and branding; multi-media planning, negotiation, and buying; and creative design and development for the NC ABC Commission's Talk It Out Campaign.	\$0	NR	\$0	NR
	0.00		0.00	
Subtotal Legislative Changes	\$3,100,000	R	\$3,100,000	R
	\$0	NR	\$0	NR
	0.00		0.00	
Receipts:				
Bailment Surcharge Receipts	\$3,100,000	R	\$3,100,000	R
Increases the budgeted receipts from the bailment surcharge. The ABC Commission increased the bailment surcharge from \$0.80 per case to \$1.40 per case in FY 2014-15.	\$0	NR	\$0	NR
Subtotal Legislative Changes	\$3,100,000	R	\$3,100,000	R

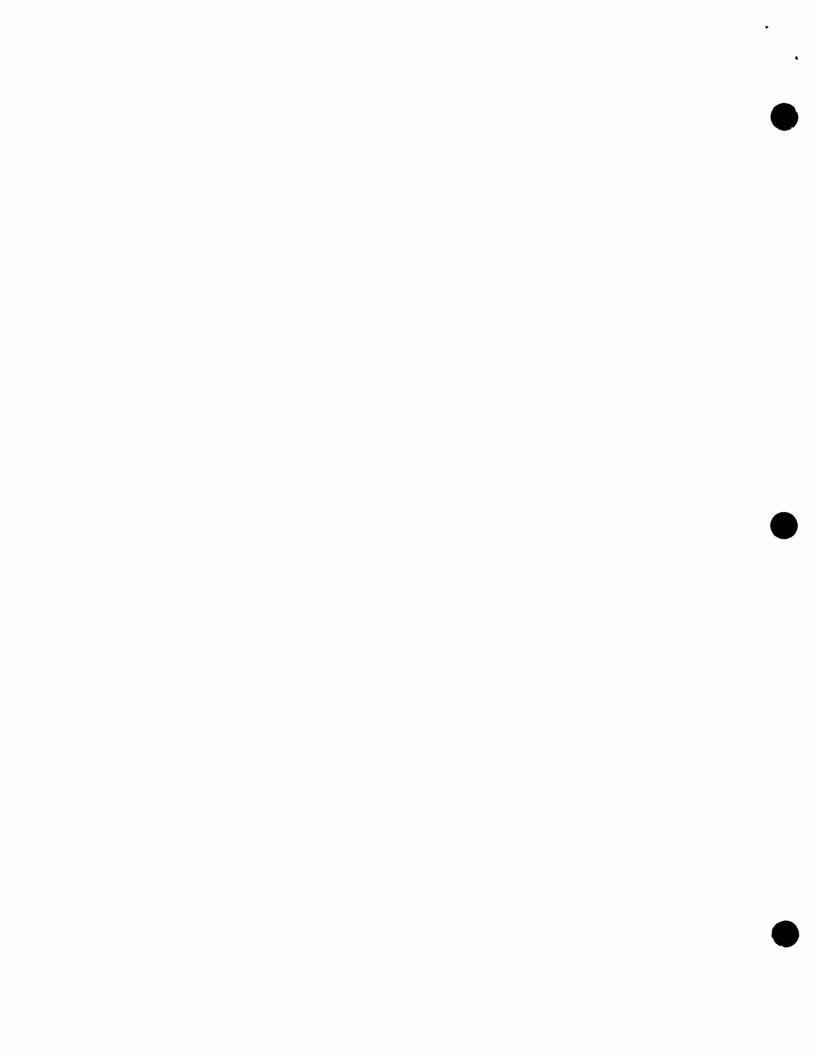
Public Safety Page I 16

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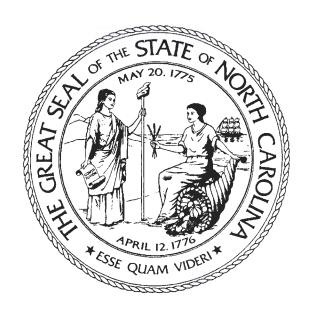
Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

	FY 2015-16	FY 2016-17	
Revised Total Requirements	\$16,104,818	\$16,104,818	_
Revised Total Receipts	\$16,439,403	\$16,439,403	
Change in Fund Balance	\$334,585	\$334,585	
Total Positions	44.00	44.00	
Unappropriated Balance Remaining	\$4,826,323	\$5,160,908	



Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety

Proposed Special Provisions for H.B. 97, 2015 Appropriations Act



June 15, 2015

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Assembly may contain legislation needed to implement a recommendation of the Committee.

"§ 120-312. Organization of Committee.

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- The President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate a cochair of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Natural and Economic Resources. The Committee shall meet upon the joint call of the cochairs.
- A quorum of the Committee is five members. No action may be taken except by a majority vote at a meeting at which a quorum is present. While in the discharge of its official duties, the Committee has the powers of a joint committee under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4.
- Members of the Committee shall receive subsistence and travel expenses as (c) provided in G.S. 120-3.1. The Committee may contract for consultants or hire employees in accordance with G.S. 120-32.02. The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Committee in its work. Upon the direction of the Legislative Services Commission, the Directors of Legislative Assistants of the Senate and of the House of Representatives shall assign clerical staff to the Committee. The expenses for clerical employees shall be borne by the Committee.
- The Committee cochairs may establish subcommittees for the purpose of examining issues relating to services provided by particular divisions within the State's cultural, natural, and economic resources departments.

"§ 120-313. Reports to Committee.

Whenever a department, office, or agency set out in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of G.S. 120-296 is required by law to report to the General Assembly or to any of its permanent committees or subcommittees on matters affecting the services the department or agency provides, the department or agency shall transmit a copy of the report to the cochairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Natural and Economic Resources."

SECTION 15.24.(b) This section is effective August 1, 2015.

PART XVI. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

SUBPART XVI-A. GENERAL PROVISIONS

GRANT REPORTING AND MATCHING FUNDS

SECTION 16A.1.(a) The Department of Public Safety, the Department of Justice, and the Judicial Department shall report by May 1 of each year to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on grant .

funds received or preapproved for receipt by those departments. The report shall include information on the amount of grant funds received or preapproved for receipt by each department, the use of the funds, the State match expended to receive the funds, and the period to be covered by each grant. If the department intends to continue the program beyond the end of the grant period, the department shall report on the proposed method for continuing the funding of the program at the end of the grant period. Each department shall also report on any information it may have indicating that the State will be requested to provide future funding for a program presently supported by a local grant.

SECTION 16A.1.(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 143C-6-9, the Department of Public Safety may use up to the sum of one million two hundred thousand dollars (\$1,200,000) during the 2015-2016 fiscal year from funds available to the Department to provide the State match needed in order to receive grant funds. Prior to using funds for this purpose, the Department shall report to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the grants to be matched using these funds.

CHANGE RECIPIENTS OF VICTIMS' COMPENSATION REPORT

SECTION 16A.2. G.S. 15B-21 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15B-21. Annual report.

The Commission shall, by March 15 each year, prepare and transmit to the Governor and the General Assemblychairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and to the chairs of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety a report of its activities in the prior fiscal year and the current fiscal year to date. The report shall include:

- (1) The number of claims filed;
- (2) The number of awards made;
- (2a) The number of pending cases by year received;
- (3) The amount of each award;
- (4) A statistical summary of claims denied and awards made:
- (5) The administrative costs of the Commission, including the compensation of commissioners;
- (6) The current unencumbered balance of the North Carolina Crime Victims Compensation Fund;
- (7) The amount of funds carried over from the prior fiscal year;
- (8) The amount of funds received in the prior fiscal year from the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety and from the compensation fund established pursuant to the Victims Crime Act of 1984, 42 U.S.C. § 10601, et seq.; and
- (9) The amount of funds expected to be received in the current fiscal year, as well as the amount actually received in the current fiscal year on the date of the report, from the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety and from the compensation fund established pursuant to the Victims Crime Act of 1984, 42 U.S.C. § 10601, et seq.

The Attorney General and State Auditor shall assist the Commission in the preparation of the report required by this section."

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LIMITED AUTHORITY TO ELIMINATE AND RECLASSIFY CERTAIN POSITIONS

SECTION 16A.3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety may reclassify or eliminate existing positions in the Division of Administration that are not specifically addressed in this act as needed for the efficient operation of the Department. No

 position shall be reclassified pursuant to this section solely for the purpose of providing a person in that position with a salary increase. The Secretary of the Department of Public Safety shall report any position reclassification undertaken pursuant to this section to the chairs of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Fiscal Research Division within 30 days of the reclassification. The report shall include the position number, original title, original fund code, original budgeted salary, new title, new fund code, and new budgeted salary for each reclassified position.

SAMARCAND TRAINING ACADEMY

SECTION 16A.4. The former juvenile detention facility known as Samarkand Manor, located in Moore County, is redesignated a law enforcement and corrections training facility and assigned to the Office of the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety. The facility shall be renamed Samarcand Training Academy and shall be administered by a Director. The operating budget for Samarcand Training Academy shall be funded by the Department of Public Safety but shall be independent of the operating budget of any Division within the Department and shall be managed and administered by the Director of the Academy with oversight by the Office of the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety.

SENSITIVE PUBLIC SECURITY INFORMATION IS NOT A PUBLIC RECORD

SECTION 16A.5. G.S. 132-1.7 reads as rewritten:

"§ 132-1.7. Sensitive public security information.

- (a) Public records, as defined in G.S. 132-1, shall not include information containing specific details of public security plans and arrangements or the detailed plans and drawings of public buildings and infrastructure facilities facilities or plans, schedules, or other documents that include information regarding patterns or practices associated with executive protection and security.
- (a1) Public records, as defined in G.S. 132-1, shall not include specific security information or detailed plans, patterns, or practices associated with prison operations.
- (a2) Public records, as defined in G.S. 132-1, shall not include specific security information or detailed plans, patterns, or practices to prevent or respond to criminal, gang, or organized illegal activity.
- (b) Public records as defined in G.S. 132-1 do not include plans to prevent or respond to terrorist activity, to the extent such records set forth vulnerability and risk assessments. potential targets, specific tactics, or specific security or emergency procedures, the disclosure of which would jeopardize the safety of governmental personnel or the general public or the security of any governmental facility, building, structure, or information storage system.
- (c) Information relating to the general adoption of public security plans and arrangements, and budgetary information concerning the authorization or expenditure of public funds to implement public security plans and arrangements, or for the construction, renovation, or repair of public buildings and infrastructure facilities shall be public records."

LAPSED SALARY SAVINGS

SECTION 16A.6. Notwithstanding G.S. 143C-6-9, the Department of Public Safety shall revert to the General Fund a minimum of seventeen million eight hundred ninety thousand two hundred nine dollars (\$17,890,209) from lapsed salary savings by June 30, 2016.

SUBPART XVI-B. DIVISION OF LAW ENFORCEMENT

USE OF SEIZED AND FORFEITED PROPERTY TRANSFERRED TO STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

SECTION 16B.1.(a) Seized and forfeited assets transferred to the Department of Public Safety during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium pursuant to applicable federal law shall be credited to the budget of the department and shall result in an increase of law enforcement resources for the department. The Department of Public Safety shall make the following reports to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety:

- (1) A report upon receipt of any assets.
- (2) A report that shall be made prior to use of the assets on their intended use and the departmental priorities on which the assets may be expended.
- (3) A report on receipts, expenditures, encumbrances, and availability of these assets for the previous fiscal year, which shall be made no later than September 1 of each year.

SECTION 16B.1.(b) The General Assembly finds that the use of seized and forfeited assets transferred pursuant to federal law for new personnel positions, new projects, acquisition of real property, repair of buildings where the repair includes structural change, and construction of or additions to buildings may result in additional expenses for the State in future fiscal periods. Therefore, the Department of Public Safety is prohibited from using these assets for such purposes without the prior approval of the General Assembly.

SECTION 16B.1.(c) Nothing in this section prohibits North Carolina law enforcement agencies from receiving funds from the United States Department of Justice, the United States Department of the Treasury, and the United States Department of Health and Human Services.

VOICE INTEROPERABILITY PLAN FOR EMERGENCY RESPONSE (VIPER) SYSTEM

SECTION 16B.2. The Department of Public Safety shall report annually no later than March 1 to the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on the progress of the State's VIPER system.

GANGNET REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SECTION 16B.3.(a) Article 4 of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 20-196.5. Report on gang prevention recommendations.

The State Highway Patrol, in conjunction with the State Bureau of Investigation and the Governor's Crime Commission, shall develop recommendations concerning the establishment of priorities and needed improvements with respect to gang prevention and shall report those recommendations to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and to the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on or before March 1 of each year."

SECTION 16B.3.(b) G.S. 143B-1101(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Governor's Crime Commission shall review the level of gang activity throughout the State and assess the progress and accomplishments of the State, and of local governments, in preventing the proliferation of gangs and addressing the needs of juveniles who have been identified as being associated with gang activity.

The Governor's Crime Commission shall develop recommendations concerning the establishment of priorities and needed improvements with respect to gang prevention and shall report those recommendations to the Chairs of the Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety, the Chairs of the House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Justice and Public Safety, and to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on or before March 1 of each year."

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STATE CAPITOL POLICE/RECEIPT-SUPPORTED POSITIONS

SECTION 16B.4.(a) The State Capitol Police may contract with State agencies for the creation of receipt-supported positions to provide security services to the buildings occupied by those agencies.

SECTION 16B.4.(b) The State Capitol Police shall report the creation of any position pursuant to this section to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and to the Fiscal Research Division within 30 days of the position's creation.

CHANGES TO EXPUNCTION AND METHAMPHETAMINE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 16B.5.(a) G.S. 15A-160 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-160. Reporting requirement.

The <u>Department of Public Safety</u>, in <u>conjunction with the Department of Justice</u> and the Administrative Office of the <u>Courts-Courts</u>, shall report jointly to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety Oversight by September 1 of each year regarding expunctions. The report shall include all of the following information:

(1) The number and types of expunctions granted during the fiscal year in which the report is made.

(2) The number and type of expunctions granted each fiscal year for the five fiscal years preceding the date of the report.

(3) A full accounting of how the agencies have spent the receipts generated by the expunction fees received during the fiscal year in which the report is made and for the five preceding fiscal years."

SECTION 16B.5.(b) G.S. 90-113.64 reads as rewritten:

"§ 90-113.64. SBI annual report.

Beginning with the 2011 calendar year, the State Bureau of Investigation shall determine the number of methamphetamine laboratories discovered in the State each calendar year and report its findings to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and to the Legislative Commission on Methamphetamine Abuse by March 1, 2012, for the 2011 calendar year and each March 1 thereafter for the preceding calendar year. The State Bureau of Investigation shall participate in the High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA) program, assist in coordinating the drug control efforts between local and State law enforcement agencies, and monitor the implementation and effectiveness of the electronic record-keeping requirements included in G.S. 90-113.52A and G.S. 90-113.56. The SBI shall include its findings in the report to the Commission required by this section."

CLARIFY BOXING COMMISSION FEE

SECTION 16B.6.(a) G.S. 143-655(b1) reads as rewritten:

"(b1) Admission Fees. – The Branch shall collect a fee in the amount of two dollars (\$2.00) per each ticket sold spectator to attend events regulated in this Article."

SECTION 16B.6.(b) This section is effective on July 1, 2015, and applies to fees collected or assessed on or after that date.

SBI/ALE ASHEVILLE REGIONAL OFFICE

SECTION 16B.7. Section 17.1(aaaa) of S.L. 2014-100 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 17.1.(aaaa) The Department of Public Safety shall consolidate ALE and SBI Regions and Regional Offices. The Asheville Regional Office shall be operational by July 1, 2015.upon completion of a new facility. All other Regional Offices shall be operational by October 1, 2014."

CLARIFY HAZARDOUS MATERIALS FEE

SECTION 16B.8.(a) G.S. 166A-29.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 166A-29.1. Hazardous materials facility fee.

- (a) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) EPCRA. The federal Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act, P.L. No. 99-499 et. seq.
 - (2) Extremely hazardous substance. Any substance, regardless of its state, set forth in 40 C.F.R. Part 355, Appendix A or B.
 - (3) Hazardous chemical. As defined in 29 C.F.R. 1910.1200(c), except that the term does not include any of the following:
 - a. Any food, food additive, color additive, drug, or cosmetic regulated by the Food and Drug Administration.
 - b. Any substance present as a solid in any manufactured item to the extent exposure to the substance does not occur under normal conditions of use.
 - c. Any substance to the extent that it is used for personal, family, or household purposes or is present in the same form and concentration as a product packaged for distribution and use by the public.
 - d. Any substance to the extent that it is used in a research laboratory or a hospital or other medical facility under the direct supervision of a technically qualified individual.
 - e. Any substance to the extent that it is used in routine agricultural operations or is a fertilizer held for sale by a retailer to the ultimate consumer.
- (b) Annual Fee Shall Be Charged. A person <u>or business</u> required under Section 302 or 312 of EPCRA to submit a notification or an annual inventory form to the Division shall be required to pay to the Department an annual fee in the amount set forth in subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) Amount of Fee. The amount of the annual fee charged pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be calculated in accordance with the following, up to a maximum annual amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000): five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per reporting site:
 - (1) A fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) shall be assessed for each substance <u>at each site</u> reported by a <u>facility person or business</u> that is classified as a hazardous chemical.
 - (2) A fee of ninety dollars (\$90.00) shall be assessed for each substance at each site reported by a facility person or business that is classified as an extremely hazardous substance.
- (d) Late Fees. The Division may impose a late fee <u>against a person or business</u> for failure to submit a report or filing that substantially complies with the requirements of EPCRA by the federal filing deadline or for failure to pay any fee, including a late fee. This fee shall be in addition to the fee imposed pursuant to subsection (c) of this section. Prior to imposing a late fee, the Division shall provide the person <u>or business</u> who will be assessed the late fee with written notice that identifies the specific requirements that have not been met and informs the person <u>or business</u> of its intent to assess a late fee. The assessment of a late fee shall be subject to the following limitations:
 - (1) If the report filing or fee is submitted within 30 days after receipt of the Division's notice that it intends to assess a late fee, no late fee shall be assessed.
 - (2) If the report filing or fee has not been submitted by the end of the period set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the Division may impose a late fee

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in an amount equal to the amount of the fee charged pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.

- (e) Exemptions. No fee shall be charged under this section to any of the following:
 - (1) An owner or operator of a family farm enterprise, a facility owned by a State or local government, or a nonprofit corporation.
 - (2) An owner or operator of a facility where motor vehicle fuels are stored and from which such fuels are offered for retail sale. However, hazardous chemicals or extremely hazardous substances at such a facility, other than motor vehicle fuels for retail sale, shall not be subject to this exemption.
 - (3) A motor vehicle dealer, as that term is defined in G.S. 20-286(11).
- (f) Use of Fee Proceeds. The proceeds of fees assessed pursuant to this section shall be used for the following:
 - (1) To <u>pay offset</u> costs associated with the <u>establishment and</u> maintenance of a hazardous materials <u>database.database and a hazardous materials response application.</u>
 - (2) To support the offset costs associated with the operations of the regional response program for hazardous materials emergencies and terrorist incidents.
 - (3) To provide grants to counties for hazardous materials emergency response planning, training, and related exercises.
 - (4) To offset Division costs that directly support hazardous materials emergency preparedness and response."

SECTION 16B.8.(b) This section becomes effective on July 1, 2015, and applies to fees assessed or collected on or after that date.

AMEND NATIONAL GUARD FAMILY ASSISTANCE CENTERS ANNUAL REPORT REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 16B.9. G.S. 127A-64(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Department of Public Safety shall report annually <u>no later than September 1</u> to the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations <u>Subcommittees Committees</u> on Justice and Public Safety and to the House of Representatives Committee on Homeland Security, Military, and Veterans Affairs on the activities of the National Guard Family Assistance <u>Centers Centers during the previous fiscal year.</u> This report shall include information on services provided as well as on the number and type of members of the active or reserve components of the Armed Forces of the United States, veterans, and family members served."

SUBPART XVI-C. DIVISION OF ADULT CORRECTION

REIMBURSE COUNTIES FOR HOUSING AND EXTRAORDINARY MEDICAL COSTS FOR INMATES, PAROLEES, AND POST-RELEASE SUPERVISEES AWAITING TRANSFER TO STATE PRISON SYSTEM

SECTION 16C.1. Notwithstanding G.S. 143C-6-9, the Department of Public Safety may use funds available to the Department for the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium to pay the sum of forty dollars (\$40.00) per day as reimbursement to counties for the cost of housing convicted inmates, parolees, and post-release supervisees awaiting transfer to the State prison system, as provided in G.S. 148-29. The Department shall report annually by February 1 of each year to the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the expenditure of funds to reimburse counties for prisoners awaiting transfer.

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CENTER FOR COMMUNITY TRANSITIONS/CONTRACT AND REPORT

SECTION 16C.2. The Department of Public Safety may continue to contract with The Center for Community Transitions, Inc., a nonprofit corporation, for the purchase of prison beds for minimum security female inmates during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium. The Center for Community Transitions, Inc., shall report by February 1 of each year to the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the annual cost per inmate and the average daily inmate population compared to bed capacity using the same methodology as that used by the Department of Public Safety.

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USE OF CLOSED FACILITIES

SECTION 16C.3. In conjunction with the closing of prison facilities, youth detention centers, and youth development centers, the Department of Public Safety shall consult with the county or municipality in which the facility is located, with the elected State and local officials, and with State and federal agencies about the possibility of converting that facility to other use. The Department may also consult with any private for-profit or nonprofit firm about the possibility of converting the facility to other use. In developing a proposal for future use of each facility, the Department shall give priority to converting the facility to other criminal justice use. Consistent with existing law and the future needs of the Department of Public Safety, the State may provide for the transfer or the lease of any of these facilities to counties, municipalities, State agencies, federal agencies, or private firms wishing to convert them to other use. G.S. 146-29.1(f) through (g) shall not apply to a transfer made pursuant to this section. The Department of Public Safety may also consider converting some of the facilities recommended for closing from one security custody level to another, where that conversion would be cost-effective. A prison unit under lease to a county pursuant to the provisions of this section for use as a jail is exempt for the period of the lease from any of the minimum standards adopted by the Secretary of Health and Human Services pursuant to G.S. 153A-221 for the housing of adult prisoners that would subject the unit to greater standards than those required of a unit of the State prison system.

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MEDICAL COSTS FOR INMATES AND JUVENILE OFFENDERS

SECTION 16C.4. Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143B-707.3. Medical costs for inmates and juvenile offenders.

(a) The Department of Public Safety shall reimburse those providers and facilities providing approved medical services to inmates and juvenile offenders outside the correctional or juvenile facility the lesser amount of either a rate of seventy percent (70%) of the provider's then-current prevailing charge or two times the then-current Medicaid rate for any given service. The Department shall have the right to audit any given provider to determine the actual prevailing charge to ensure compliance with this provision.

This section does apply to vendors providing services that are not billed on a fee-for-service basis; such as temporary staffing. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Department from contracting with a provider for services at rates that provide greater documentable cost avoidance for the State than do the rates contained in this section or at rates that are less favorable to the State but that will ensure the continued access to care.

(b) The Department of Public Safety shall make every effort to contain medical costs for inmates and juvenile offenders by making use of its own hospital and health care facilities to provide health care services to inmates and juvenile offenders. To the extent that the Department of Public Safety must utilize other facilities and services to provide health care services to inmates and juvenile offenders, the Department shall make reasonable efforts to make use of hospitals or other providers with which it has a contract or, if none is reasonably

available, hospitals with available capacity or other health care facilities in a region to accomplish that goal. The Department shall make reasonable efforts to equitably distribute inmates and juvenile offenders among all hospitals or other appropriate health care facilities.

- (c) The Department of Public Safety shall report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of the House of Representative and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on:
 - (1) The percentage of the total inmates and juvenile offenders requiring hospitalization or hospital services who receive that treatment at each hospital.
 - (2) The volume of services provided by community medical providers that can be scheduled in advance and, of that volume, the percentage of those services that are provided by contracted providers.
 - (3) The volume of services provided by community medical providers that cannot be scheduled in advance and, of that volume, the percentage of those services that are provided by contracted providers.
 - (4) The volume of services provided by community medical providers that are emergent cases requiring hospital admissions and emergent cases not requiring hospital admissions.
 - (5) The volume of inpatient medical services provided to Medicaid-eligible inmates and juvenile offenders, the cost of treatment, and the estimated savings of paying the nonfederal portion of Medicaid for the services.
 - (6) The hospital utilization, including the amount paid to individual hospitals, the number of inmates and juvenile offenders served, and the number of claims."

STATEWIDE MISDEMEANANT CONFINEMENT FUND/MONTHLY AND ANNUAL REPORTS

SECTION 16C.6.(a) The North Carolina Sheriffs' Association shall report monthly by the 15th day of each month to the Office of State Budget and Management and the Fiscal Research Division on the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Program. Each monthly report shall include the following:

- (1) The daily population, delineated by misdemeanant or DWI monthly housing.
- (2) The cost of housing prisoners under the Program.
- (3) The cost of transporting prisoners under the Program.
- (4) Personnel costs.
- (5) Inmate medical care costs.
- (6) The number of counties that volunteer to house inmates under the Program.
- (7) The administrative costs paid to the Sheriffs' Association and to the Department of Public Safety.

SECTION 16C.6.(b) The North Carolina Sheriffs' Association shall report by October 1 of each year to the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Program. The annual report shall include the following with respect to the prior fiscal year:

- (1) Revenue collected by the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Program.
- (2) The cost of housing prisoners by county under the Program.
- (3) The cost of transporting prisoners by county under the Program.
- (4) Personnel costs by county.
- (5) Inmate medical care costs by county.
- (6) The number of counties that volunteer to house inmates under the Program.

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(7)The administrative costs paid to the Sheriffs' Association and to the Department of Public Safety.

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INMATE CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

SECTION 16C.7. Notwithstanding G.S. 66-58 or any other provision of law, during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, the State Construction Office may, wherever feasible, utilize inmates in the custody of the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety through the Inmate Construction Program for repair and renovation projects on State-owned facilities, with priority given to Department of Public Safety construction projects.

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MAINTENANCE OF PRISONS

SECTION 16C.8. The Department of Public Safety shall not expand private maintenance contracts to additional prison facilities or continue existing private contracts for prison maintenance unless authorized by the General Assembly. If the Department determines that expanding private maintenance contracts to additional prison facilities or continuing existing contracts is necessary, then it shall submit its request to the General Assembly by May 1, 2016, stating (i) the ways in which the State can realize savings by doing so and (ii) that safety can be maintained at the facilities where those contracts are expanded or continued.

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REPORT ON CONTRACTS FOR HOUSING STATE PRISONERS/REPEAL AUTHORIZATION FOR LEASE-PURCHASE OF PRISON FACILITIES FROM PRIVATE FIRMS

SECTION 16C.10.(a) G.S. 148-37(i) reads as rewritten:

The Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety shall make a written report no later than March 1 of every odd-numbered-year, beginning in 1997, on the substance of all outstanding contracts for the housing of State prisoners entered into under the authority of this section. The report shall be submitted to the Council of State, the Department of Administration, the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety. In addition to the report, the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety shall provide information on contracts for the housing of State prisoners as requested by these groups."

32 33 34 **SECTION 16C.10.(b)** G.S. 148-37.2 is repealed.

ANNUAL REPORT ON SAFEKEEPERS

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SECTION 16C.11. Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143B-707.4. Annual report on safekeepers.

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The Department of Public Safety shall report by October 1 of each year to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety on county prisoners housed in the State prison system pursuant to safekeeping orders under G.S. 162-39. The report shall include:

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The number of safekeepers currently housed by the Department. (1)

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A list of the facilities where safekeepers are housed and the population of (2)safekeepers by facility. The average length of stay by a safekeeper in one of those facilities.

46 47 (3)The amount paid by counties for housing and extraordinary medical care of (4) safekeepers.

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A list of the counties in arrears for safekeeper payments owed to the (5)Department at the end of the fiscal year."

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COLLECTION OF DELINQUENT SAFEKEEPER REIMBURSEMENTS

SECTION 16C.12. G.S. 148-10.4 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(f) Upon notification from the Division of Adult Correction that an amount owed by a county for safekeeper reimbursements authorized under G.S. 162-39 is more than 120 days overdue, the Sheriffs' Association shall withhold funds from any reimbursements due to a county under this section and transmit those funds to the Division until that overdue safekeeper reimbursement is satisfied."

PRISON BEHAVIORAL HEALTH POSITIONS

SECTION 16C.13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Section of Prisons of the Division of Adult Correction may post, advertise, accept applications for, and interview for positions established or authorized by this act related to behavioral health treatment prior to the effective date of the establishment of those positions.

EVALUATION REQUIREMENT FOR ELECTRICAL DEVICES

SECTION 16C.13A. G.S. 66-25 reads as rewritten:

"§ 66-25. Acceptable listings as to safety of goods.

(a) All electrical materials, devices, appliances, and equipment shall be evaluated for safety and suitability for intended use. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, this evaluation shall be conducted in accordance with nationally recognized standards and shall be conducted by a qualified testing laboratory. The Commissioner of Insurance, through the Engineering Division of the Department of Insurance, shall implement the procedures necessary to approve suitable national standards and to approve suitable qualified testing laboratories. The Commissioner may assign his authority to implement the procedures for specific materials, devices, appliances, or equipment to other agencies or bodies when they would be uniquely qualified to implement those procedures.

In the event that the Commissioner determines that electrical materials, devices, appliances, or equipment in question cannot be adequately evaluated through the use of approved national standards or by approved qualified testing laboratories, the Engineering Division of the Department of Insurance shall specify any alternative evaluations which safety requires.

The Engineering Division of the Department of Insurance shall keep in file, where practical, copies of all approved national standards and resumes of approved qualified testing laboratories.

(b) Electrical devices, appliances, or equipment used by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety may be evaluated for safety and suitability by the Central Engineering Section of the Department of Public Safety. The evaluation shall be conducted in accordance with nationally recognized standards. Electrical devices, appliances, and equipment used by the Division that are not evaluated by the Central Engineering Section as provided by this subsection are subject to in institutional kitchens and manufacturing equipment used by Correction Enterprises are exempt from the evaluation requirement of subsection (a) of this section."

PAROLE ELIGIBILITY REPORT

SECTION 16C.14. Article 13 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143B-721.1. Parole eligibility reports.

(a) Each fiscal year the Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission shall, with the assistance of the North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission and the Department of Public Safety, analyze the amount of time each inmate who is eligible for parole on or before July 1 of the previous fiscal year has served compared to the time served by offenders under Structured Sentencing for comparable crimes. The Commission shall

determine if the person has served more time in custody than the person would have served if sentenced to the maximum sentence under the provisions of Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes. The "maximum sentence", for the purposes of this section, shall be calculated as set forth in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the following rules apply for the calculation of the maximum sentence:

 (1) The offense upon which the person was convicted shall be classified as the same felony class as the offense would have been classified if committed after the effective date of Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes.

The minimum sentence shall be the maximum number of months in the presumptive range of minimum durations in Prior Record Level VI of G.S. 15A-1340.17(c) for the felony class determined under subdivision (1) of this subsection. The maximum sentence shall be calculated using G.S. 15A-1340.17(d), (e), or (e1).

(3) If a person is serving sentences for two or more offenses that are concurrent in any respect, then the offense with the greater classification shall be used to determine a single maximum sentence for the concurrent offenses. The fact that the person has been convicted of multiple offenses may be considered by the Commission in making its determinations under subsection (a) of this section.

(c) The Commission shall reinitiate the parole review process for each offender who has served more time than that person would have under Structured Sentencing as provided by subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

(d) The Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission shall report to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety by April 1 of each year. The report shall include the following: the class of the offense for which each parole-eligible inmate was convicted and whether an inmate had multiple criminal convictions. The Commission shall also report on the number of parole-eligible inmates reconsidered in compliance with this section and the number who were actually paroled."

INTERSTATE COMPACT FEES TO SUPPORT TRAINING PROGRAMS AND EQUIPMENT PURCHASES

SECTION 16C.16. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 148-65.7, fees collected for the Interstate Compact Fund during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium may be used by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium to provide training programs and equipment purchases for the Section of Community Corrections, but only as long as sufficient funds remain available in the Fund to support the mission of the Interstate Compact Program.

SUBPART XVI-D. DIVISION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE

LIMIT USE OF COMMUNITY PROGRAM FUNDS

 SECTION 16D.1.(a) Funds appropriated in this act to the Department of Public Safety for the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium for community program contracts that are not required for or used for community program contracts shall only be used for the following:

- (1) Other statewide residential programs that provide Level 2 intermediate dispositional alternatives for juveniles.
- (2) Statewide community programs that provide Level 2 intermediate dispositional alternatives for juveniles.

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- Regional programs that are collaboratives of two or more Juvenile Crime (3) Prevention Councils which provide Level 2 intermediate dispositional alternatives for juveniles.
- The Juvenile Crime Prevention Council funds to be used for the Level 2 (4) dispositional alternatives for juveniles listed intermediate G.S. 7B-2506(13) through (23).

SECTION 16D.1.(b) Under no circumstances shall funds appropriated by this act to the Department of Public Safety for the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium for community programs be used for staffing, operations, maintenance, or any other expenses of youth development centers or detention facilities.

SECTION 16D.1.(c) The Department of Public Safety shall submit an electronic report by October 1, 2015, and a second electronic report by October 1, 2016, on all expenditures made from the miscellaneous contract line in Fund Code 1230 to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Fiscal Research Division. The report shall include all of the following: an itemized list of the contracts that have been executed, the amount of each contract, the date the contract was executed, the purpose of the contract, the number of juveniles that will be served and the manner in which they will be served, the amount of money transferred to the Juvenile Crime Prevention Council fund, and an itemized list of grants allocated from the funds transferred to the Juvenile Crime Prevention Council fund.

STATE FUNDS MAY BE USED AS FEDERAL MATCHING FUNDS

SECTION 16D.2. Funds appropriated in this act to the Department of Public Safety for the 2015-2016 fiscal year may be used as matching funds for the Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants. If North Carolina receives Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants or a notice of funds to be awarded, the Office of State Budget and Management and the Governor's Crime Commission shall consult with the Department of Public Safety regarding the criteria for awarding federal funds. The Office of State Budget and Management, the Governor's Crime Commission, and the Department of Public Safety shall report to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety prior to allocation of the federal funds. The report shall identify the amount of funds to be received for the 2015-2016 fiscal year and the allocation of funds by program and purpose.

PART XVII. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NO HIRING OF SWORN STAFF POSITIONS FOR THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE CRIME LABORATORY

SECTION 17.1. The Department of Justice shall not hire sworn personnel to fill vacant positions in the North Carolina State Crime Laboratory. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the termination of sworn personnel, but as vacant positions in the State Crime Laboratory are filled, they shall be filled only with nonsworn personnel. Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect North Carolina State Crime Laboratory personnel who are sworn and employed by the Laboratory as of the effective date of this section and who continue to meet the sworn status retention standards mandated by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Standards Commission.

AMEND DNA DATABASE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SECTION 17.2. G.S. 15A-266.5(c) reads as rewritten:

The Crime Laboratory shall report annually to the Joint Legislative Commission on "(c) Governmental Operations and to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety, on or before February 1, September 1, with information for the previous calendar fiscal year, which shall include: a summary of the operations and expenditures relating to the DNA Database and DNA Databank; the number of DNA records from arrestees entered; the number of DNA records from arrestees that have been expunged; and the number of DNA arrestee matches or hits that occurred with an unknown sample, and how many of those have led to an arrest and conviction; and how many letters notifying defendants that a record and sample have been expunged, along with the number of days it took to complete the expunction and notification process, from the date of the receipt of the verification form from the State."

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STUDY COLLECTION OF DNA/ALL FELONY ARRESTS

SECTION 17.3. The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety shall study extending the collection of DNA samples to persons arrested for any felony and shall report its findings and recommendations to the 2016 Regular Session of the 2015 General Assembly. The report shall include all of the following:

- (1) A recommended time line for implementing a requirement that DNA samples be collected for persons arrested for committing any felony.
- (2) An estimate of initial nonrecurring costs and recurring operating costs required of implementing such a requirement.
- (3) Other costs and benefits of implementing such a requirement.
- (4) An estimate of capital costs to the State of implementing such a requirement.
- (5) Any other information that the Committee deems relevant.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE POSITIONS

SECTION 17.4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Department of Justice may post, advertise, accept applications for, and interview for positions established or authorized by this act in the Department of Justice prior to the effective date of the establishment of those positions.

PRIVATE LABS MUST COMPLY WITH CODIS

SECTION 17.6.(a) Article 13 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 15A-270.2. Obtaining DNA analyses from entities other than the State Crime Laboratory; use of local DNA databases prohibited.

- (a) Private Laboratories Shall Comply With CODIS Requirements. A local law enforcement agency shall not obtain DNA analysis from an entity other than the State Crime Laboratory unless that entity meets the standards applicable to vendor laboratories as set forth in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Quality Assurance Standards for Forensic DNA Testing and Databasing Laboratories. The State Crime Laboratory shall maintain a list of laboratories that meet those standards and shall make the list available on its Web site.
- (b) Private DNA Databases Prohibited. A local law enforcement agency shall not access or create any DNA database other than those that participate in the CODIS system."
 - **SECTION 17.6.(b)** This section becomes effective October 1. 2015.

PART XVIII. JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

SUBPART XVIII-A. ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

AOC ANNUAL REPORT

SECTION 18A.1. G.S. 7A-343 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-343. Duties of Director.

The Director is the Administrative Officer of the Courts, and the Director's duties include all of the following:

Prepare and submit an annual report on the work of the Judicial Department (8) to the Chief Justice, and transmit a copy by March 15 of each year to the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Subcommittee Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety and to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety.

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ANNUAL REPORT ON CRIMINAL COURT COST WAIVERS

SECTION 18A.3.(a) Article 29 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 7A-350. Annual report on criminal court cost waivers.

The Administrative Office of the Courts shall maintain records of all cases in which a judge makes a finding of just cause to grant a waiver of criminal court costs under G.S. 7A-304(a) and shall report on those waivers to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by February 1 of each year. The report shall aggregate the waivers by the district in which the waiver or waivers were granted and by the name of each judge granting a waiver or waivers."

SECTION 18A.3.(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall make the necessary modifications to its information systems to maintain the records required under G.S. 7A-350, as enacted by subsection (a) of this section.

GRANT FUNDS

SECTION 18A.4. Notwithstanding G.S. 143C-6-9, the Administrative Office of the Courts may use up to the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000) during the 2015-2016 fiscal year from funds available to the Department to provide the State match needed in order to receive grant funds. Prior to using funds for this purpose, the Department shall report to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the grants to be matched using these funds.

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COLLECTION OF WORTHLESS CHECK FUNDS

SECTION 18A.5.(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 7A-308(c), the Judicial Department may use any balance remaining in the Collection of Worthless Checks Fund on June 30, 2015, for the purchase or repair of office or information technology equipment during the 2015-2016 fiscal year. Prior to using any funds under this section, the Judicial Department shall report to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Office of State Budget and Management on the equipment to be purchased or repaired and the reasons for the purchases.

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SECTION 18A.5.(b) This section becomes effective June 30, 2015.

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REIMBURSEMENT FOR USE OF PERSONAL VEHICLES

SECTION 18A.6. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 138-6(a)(1), the Judicial Department, during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium, may elect to establish a per-mile reimbursement rate for transportation by privately owned vehicles at a rate less than the business standard mileage rate set by the Internal Revenue Service.

50 51 CONFERENCE OF DISTRICT ATTORNEYS GRANT FUNDS/AUTHORIZE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS TO USE CERTAIN GRANT FUNDS TO OBTAIN TOXICOLOGY ANALYSIS FROM PROVIDERS OF TOXICOLOGY ANALYSES OTHER THAN HOSPITALS

SECTION 18A.7. Section 18B.4 of S.L. 2013-360 reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 18B.4. Of the funds appropriated in this act to the Judicial Department, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) in the 2013-2014 fiscal year shall be allocated to the Conference of District Attorneys and shall be used to establish a grant fund to provide district attorneys across the State with the resources to obtain toxicology analysis from local hospitalshospitals, or from other providers of toxicology analyses, on persons charged with driving while impaired whose conduct did not result in serious injury or death to others. The Conference of District Attorneys shall report to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by October 1, 2014, on the expenditure of these funds. funds by October 1 of each year until all of the grant funds have been expended."

DISTRICT ATTORNEY LEGAL ASSISTANTS

SECTION 18A.8.(a) G.S. 7A-347 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-347. Assistants for administrative and victim and witness services. District attorney legal assistants.

Assistant for administrative and victim and witness services—District attorney legal assistant positions are established under the district attorneys' offices. Each prosecutorial district is allocated at least one assistant for administrative and victim and witness services—district attorney legal assistant to be employed by the district attorney. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall allocate additional assistants to prosecutorial districts on the basis of need and within available appropriations. Each district attorney may also use any volunteer or other personnel to assist the assistant. The assistant is responsible for coordinating efforts of the law-enforcement and judicial systems to assure that each victim and witness is provided fair treatment under Article 45 of Chapter 15A, Fair Treatment for Victims and Witnesses and shall also provide administrative and legal support to the district attorney's office."

SECTION 18A.8.(b) G.S. 7A-348 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-348. Training and supervision of assistants for administrative and victim and witness services. district attorney legal assistants.

Pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 7A-413, the Conference of District Attorneys shall:

- (1) Assist in establishing uniform statewide training for assistants for administrative and victim and witness services; district attorney legal assistants; and
- (2) Assist in the implementation and supervision of this program."

SECTION 18A.8.(c) G.S. 15A-826 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-826. Assistants for administrative and vietim and witness services. District attorney legal assistants.

In addition to providing administrative and legal support to the district attorney's office, assistants for administrative and victim and witness services district attorney legal assistants are responsible for coordinating efforts within the law-enforcement and judicial systems to assure that each victim and witness is treated in accordance with this Article."

REPORT ON DISMISSALS DUE TO DELAY IN ANALYSIS OF EVIDENCE

SECTION 18A.9. Whenever a criminal case is dismissed as a direct result of a delay in the analysis of evidence by the State Crime Laboratory, the district attorney for the district in which the case was dismissed shall report that dismissal and the facts surrounding it to the Conference of District Attorneys. The Conference of District Attorneys shall compile any such reports of dismissals and shall report them quarterly starting October 30, 2015, to the

chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and to the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety.

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ALLOCATION OF ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEYS

SECTION 18A.10.(a) G.S. 7A-60 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-60. District attorneys and prosecutorial districts.

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(a1) The counties of the State are organized into prosecutorial districts, and each district has the counties and the number of full time assistant district attorneys—set forth in the following table:

1.0		nd the number of fun time assistant district t	attorneys set forth in the
11 12	following table:		No. of Full-Time
13	Prosecutorial		Asst. District
14	District	Counties	Attorneys
15	1	Camden, Chowan, Currituck,	11
16	1	Dare, Gates, Pasquotank,	1.1
17		Perquimans	
18	2	Beaufort, Hyde, Martin,	8
19	2	Tyrrell, Washington	0
20	3A	Pitt	11
21	3B	Carteret, Craven, Pamlico	12
22	4	Duplin, Jones, Onslow,	18
23	4	Sampson	10
24	5	New Hanover, Pender	18
25	6	Bertie, Halifax, Hertford,	10
26	U	Northampton	10
27	7	Edgecombe, Nash, Wilson	18
28	8	Greene, Lenoir, Wayne	14
29	9	Franklin, Granville,	10
30	7	Vance, Warren	10
31	9A	Person, Caswell	6
32	10	Wake	41
33	11A	Harnett, Lee	9
34	11B	Johnston	10
35	12	Cumberland	23
36	13	Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus	13
37	14	Durham	18
38	15A	Alamance	11
39	15B	Orange, Chatham	10
40	16A	Scotland, Hoke	7
41	16B	Robeson	12
42	16C	Anson, Richmond	6
43	17A	Rockingham	7
44	17B	Stokes, Surry	8
45	18	Guilford	32
46	19A	Cabarrus	9
47	19B	Montgomery, Randolph	9
48	19C	Rowan	
49	19D	Moore	8 -5 -5
50	20A		5
51		Stanly	
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Ge	eneral Assembly O	Session 2015	
	20B	Union	10
	21	Forsyth	25
	22A	Alexander, Iredell	11
	22B	Davidson, Davie	11
	23	Alleghany, Ashe, Wilkes,	8
		Yadkin	
	24	Avery, Madison, Mitchell,	7
		Watauga, Yancey	
	25	Burke, Caldwell, Catawba	18
	26	Mecklenburg	58
	27A	Gaston	14
	27B	Cleveland,	11
		Lincoln	
	28	Buncombe	14
	29A	McDowell, Rutherford	7
	29B	Henderson, Polk, Transylvania	8
	30	Cherokee, Clay, Graham,	10
		Haywood, Jackson, Macon,	
		Swain.	

(a2) Upon the convening of each regular session of the General Assembly and its reconvening in the even numbered year, the The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report by March 15 of each year on its recommendations regarding the allocation of assistant district attorneys for the upcoming fiscal biennium and fiscal year to the General Assembly, including any request for additional assistant district attorneys. The report shall include the number of assistant district attorneys that the Administrative Office of the Courts recommends to behas allocated to each prosecutorial district and the workload formula established through the National Center for State Courts on which each recommended allocation is based. Any reports required under this subsection shall be made to the Joint Legislative Commission of Governmental Operations, the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Subcommittees Committees on Justice and Public, and the Fiscal Research Division.

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SECTION 18A.10.(b) G.S. 7A-63 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-63. Assistant district attorneys.

Each district attorney shall be entitled to the number of full-time assistant district attorneys set out in this Subchapter, such number to be developed by the General Assembly allocated to that prosecutorial district by the Administrative Office of the Courts after consulting the workload formula established through the National Center for State Courts, to be appointed by the district attorney, to serve at the district attorney's pleasure. A vacancy in the office of assistant district attorney shall be filled in the same manner as the initial appointment. An assistant district attorney shall take the same oath of office as the district attorney, and shall perform such duties as may be assigned by the district attorney. The district attorney shall devote full time to the duties of the office and shall not engage in the private practice of law during his or her term."

SECTION 18A.10(c) Article 9 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 7A-69.2. Transfer of vacant positions.

Any assistant district attorney positions within a prosecutorial district that become vacant shall be transferred by the Administrative Office of the Courts to prosecutorial districts that are determined to be understaffed under the workload formula established through the National Center for State Courts if the Administrative Office of the Courts makes a determination that the district in which the vacancy occurred is overstaffed under that workload formula."

AMEND COURT COSTS

FAMILY COURT PROGRAMS

SECTION 18A.13. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide direction and oversight to the existing family court programs in order to ensure that each district with a family court program is utilizing best practices and is working effectively and efficiently in the disposition of domestic and juvenile cases. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report

SECTION 18A.10.(d) The Administrative Office of the Courts, in conjunction with the National Center for State Courts and the Conference of District Attorneys, shall revisit the workload formula used to determine the allocation of assistant district attorneys under G.S. 7A-60 and determine whether any adjustments should be made to the formula. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report by May 1, 2016, to the chairs of the Joint Legislative Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the conclusions reached about the workload formula and any recommendations for adjustments.

SECTION 18A.11. G.S. 7A-304(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) In every criminal case in the superior or district court, wherein the defendant is convicted, or enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, or when costs are assessed against the prosecuting witness, the following costs shall be assessed and collected. No costs may be assessed when a case is dismissed. Only upon entry of a written order, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, determining that there is just cause, the court may (i) waive costs assessed under this section or (ii) waive or reduce costs assessed under subdivision (7), (8). (8a), (11), (12), or (13) of this section.
 - (2b) For the maintenance of misdemeanors in county jails, the sum of eighteen dollars (\$18.00) in the district court to be remitted to the Statewide Misdemeanor Confinement Fund in the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety.
 - (4) For support of the General Court of Justice, the sum of one hundred twenty nine dollars and fifty cents (\$129.50) one hundred forty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$147.50) in the district court, including cases before a magistrate, and the sum of one hundred fifty-four dollars and fifty cents (\$154.50) in the superior court, to be remitted to the State Treasurer. For a person convicted of a felony in superior court who has made a first appearance in district court, both the district court and superior court fees shall be assessed. The State Treasurer shall remit the sum of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) of each fee collected under this subdivision to the North Carolina State Bar for the provision of services described in G.S. 7A-474.4, and ninety-five cents (\$.95) of each fee collected under this subdivision to the North Carolina State Bar for the provision of services described in G.S. 7A-474.19.
 - (4b) To provide for contractual services to reduce county jail populations, For additional support of the General Court of Justice, the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.00) for all offenses arising under Chapter 20 of the General Statutes and resulting in a conviction of an improper equipment offense, to be remitted to the Statewide Misdemeanor Confinement Fund in the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety. State Treasurer.

on its efforts in this regard and the results of those efforts to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by March 1 of each year.

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SPECIALTY COURTS/USE CLERK OF COURT PERSONNEL AND RESOURCES

SECTION 18A.14. Article 14 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 7A-146.1. Specialty sessions of court; use of clerk of court personnel and resources.

Upon the request of a clerk of court or district attorney, or upon the judge's own initiative, a chief district court judge may, pursuant to the judge's authority under G.S. 7A-146(7) to arrange sessions for the trial of specialized cases, authorize the establishment in the district court district of the holding of sessions of court in which related specialized cases or matters are adjudicated, including the holding of family court, drug treatment court, veterans' court, DWI court, mental health court, or any other innovative use of a session of court. With the consent of the clerk of superior court, the court may make use of the personnel and resources of the clerk's office to administer these specialty sessions. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide direction and oversight to any such specialty session of district court in order to ensure that each district is utilizing best practices and is working effectively and efficiently in the disposition of such specialized cases and consistent with the provisions of G.S. 7A-272."

INNOCENCE INQUIRY COMMISSION

SECTION 18A.16. G.S. 15A-1462 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-1462. Commission established.

- (a) There is established the North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission. The North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission shall be an independent commission under the Judicial Department Administrative Office of the Courts for administrative purposes.
- (b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide administrative support to the Commission as needed. The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts shall not reduce or modify the budget of the Commission or use funds appropriated to the Commission without the approval of the Commission. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall conduct an annual audit of the Commission."

TRANSFER OFFICE OF INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES TO THE ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

SECTION 18A.17. G.S. 7A-498.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-498.2. Establishment of Office of Indigent Defense Services.

- (a) The Office of Indigent Defense Services, which is administered by the Director of Indigent Defense Services and includes the Commission on Indigent Defense Services and the Sentencing Services Program established in Article 61 of this Chapter, is created within the Judicial Department. Administrative Office of the Courts. As used in this Article, "Office" means the Office of Indigent Defense Services, "Director" means the Director of Indigent Defense Services.
- (b) The Office of Indigent Defense Services shall exercise its prescribed powers independently of the head of the Administrative Office of the Courts. The Office may enter into contracts, own property, and accept funds, grants, and gifts from any public or private source to pay expenses incident to implementing its purposes.
- (c) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts shall provide general administrative support to the Office of Indigent Defense Services. The term "general administrative support" includes purchasing, payroll, and similar administrative services.
- (d) The budget of the Office of Indigent Defense Services shall be a part of the Judicial Department's budget. budget of the Administrative Office of the Courts. The Commission on

Indigent Defense Services shall consult with the Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, who shall assist the Commission in preparing and presenting to the General Assembly the Office's budget, but the Commission shall have the final authority with respect to preparation of the Office's budget and with respect to representation of matters pertaining to the Office before the General Assembly. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall conduct an annual audit of the budget of the Office of Indigent Defense Services.

(e) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts shall not reduce or modify the budget of the Office of Indigent Defense Services or use funds appropriated to the Office without the approval of the Commission."

STUDY FUTURE OF INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES COMMISSION AND INNOCENCE INQUIRY COMMISSION

SECTION 18A.18. The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety shall study:

- (1) The Office of Indigent Defense Services and determine whether changes should be made to the ways in which appropriated funds are used to provide legal assistance and representation to indigent persons.
- (2) The North Carolina Innocence Inquiry Commission and determine whether changes should be made to the way in which the Commission investigates and determines credible claims of factual innocence made by criminal defendants.

The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety shall report its findings and recommendations, including any proposed legislation, to the 2015 General Assembly when it reconvenes in 2016.

ABOLISH THREE SPECIAL SUPERIOR COURT JUDGESHIPS

SECTION 18A.19. G.S. 7A-45.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-45.1. Special judges.

- (a8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the four special superior court judgeships held as of April 1, 2014, by judges whose terms expire on April 29, 2015, October 20, 2015, and December 31, 2017, and the two special superior court judgeships held as of April 1, 2015, by judges whose terms expire January 26, 2016, are abolished when any of the following first occurs:
 - (1) Retirement of the incumbent judge.
 - (2) Resignation of the incumbent judge.
 - (3) Removal from office of the incumbent judge.
 - (4) Death of the incumbent judge.
 - (5) Expiration of the term of the incumbent judge.
- (a9) Effective upon the retirement, resignation, removal from office, death, or expiration of the term of the special superior court judge held as of April 1, 2014, by the judge whose term expires on April 29, 2015, a new special superior court judgeship shall be created and filled through the procedure for nomination and confirmation provided for in subsection (a10) of this section. Effective upon the retirement, resignation, removal from office, death, or expiration of the term of the special superior court judge held as of April 1, 2014, by the judge whose term expires on October 20, 2015, a new special superior court judgeship shall be created and filled through the procedure for nomination and confirmation provided for in subsection (a10) of this section.

Prior to submitting a nominee for the <u>judgeships judgeship</u> created under this subsection to the General Assembly for confirmation, the Governor shall consult with the Chief Justice to ensure that the <u>persons person</u> nominated to fill these two <u>judgeships have this judgeship has</u>

the requisite expertise and experience to be designated by the Chief Justice as a business court iudges judge under G.S. 7A-45.3, and the Chief Justice is requested to designate those two judges as business court judges. this judge as a business court judge.

(a11) The Chief Justice is requested, pursuant to the authority under G.S. 7A-45.3 to designate business court judges, to maintain at least five business court judgeships from among the special superior court judgeships authorized under this section.

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COMPENSATION OF COURT REPORTERS

SECTION 18A.20. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall set the limits on compensation and allowances of court reporters provided for in G.S. 7A-95(e) and G.S. 7A-198(f) during the 2015-2017 fiscal biennium so that (i) the Administrative Office of the Courts pays no more than fifty percent (50%) of the per-transcript-page rate paid by the Administrative Office of the Courts during the 2011-2013 fiscal biennium and (ii) the Office of Indigent Defense Services pays no more than fifty percent (50%) of the per-transcript-page rate paid by the Office of Indigent Defense Services during the 2011-2013 fiscal biennium.

INITIATIVE/STRATEGIC INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY E-COURTS PLAN/ADVISORY COMMITTEE

SECTION 18A.21.(a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall establish a strategic plan for the design and implementation of its e-Courts information technology initiative by February 1, 2016. The plan shall:

- Clearly articulate the requirements for the e-Courts system, including (1)well-defined milestones, costs parameters, and performance measures.
- Prioritize the funding needs for implementation of the various elements of (2) the system, after consultation with the e-Courts advisory committee established by subsection (c) of this section.
- Identify any potential issues that may arise in the development of the system (3) and plans for mitigating those issues.
- Address the potential for incorporating any currently existing resources into (4)the e-Courts system.

SECTION 18A.21.(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report quarterly beginning November 1, 2015, to the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Information Technology on the development, implementation, and specific costs of the strategic plan required by subsection (a) of this section and on any changes in the projected costs for implementing the e-Courts system or the schedule for implementation.

SECTION 18A.21.(c) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall establish an e-Courts advisory committee consisting of clerks of superior court, judges, district attorneys, public defenders, and representatives of the State Bar in order to ensure that, in the development and implementation of the strategic plan required by subsection (a) of this section. it has the input and advice of those stakeholders in the e-Courts system and the benefit of the various stakeholders' expertise on the information technology needs of the courts. The advisory committee shall be guided by an executive steering committee.

SECTION 18A.21.(d) Upon completion of the strategic plan required by subsection (a) of this section, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall issue a Request For Information (RFI) for a contractor to provide the e-Courts system as outlined in the strategic plan. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall evaluate the responses to the RFI before issuing a Request for Proposals (RFP) for the e-Courts system.

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AMEND CHILD CUSTODY LAWS

SECTION 18A.22.(a) Article 1 of Chapter 50 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 50-13.01. Purposes.

It is the policy of the State of North Carolina to do the following:

- (1) Encourage focused, good-faith, best interest, and child-centered joint parenting agreement development to reduce needless litigation over child custody matters and to promote the best interest of the child.
- (2) Encourage parents to take responsibility for their child by setting the expectation that parenthood will be a significant and ongoing responsibility.
- Encourage programs and court practices that maximize participation of both parents in the child's life and contact with both parents when such is in the child's best interest, regardless of the parents' present marital status, subject to laws regarding abuse, neglect, and dependency.
- (4) Encourage both parents to share equitably in the rights and responsibilities of raising their child, even after dissolution of marriage or unwed relationship.
- (5) Encourage each parent to establish and maintain a healthy relationship with the other parent to promote the best interest and welfare of the child."

SECTION 18A.22.(b) G.S. 50-13.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 50-13.2. Who entitled to custody; terms of custody; visitation rights of grandparents; taking child out of State; consideration of parent's military service.

- (a) An order for custody of a minor child entered pursuant to this section shall award the custody of such child to such person, agency, organization or institution as will best promote the interest and welfare of the child. In making the determination, the court shall consider all relevant factors factors, including all of the following:
 - (1) acts Acts of domestic violence between the parties, parties.
 - (2) the The safety of the child, child.
 - (3) and the The safety of either party from domestic violence by the other party and shall make findings accordingly, party.

An order for custody must include findings of fact which that reflect the consideration of each of these factors and that support the determination of what is in the best interest of the child.

- (a1) Between the mother and father, whether natural or adoptive, no presumption shall apply as to who will better promote the interest and welfare of the child. Joint custody to the parents shall be considered upon the request of either parent.
- (b) An order for custody of a minor child may grant joint custody to the parents, exclusive custody to one person, agency, organization, or institution, or grant custody to two or more persons, agencies, organizations, or institutions. Any order for custody shall include such terms, including visitation, as will best promote the interest and welfare of the child. If the court finds that domestic violence has occurred, the court shall enter such orders that best protect the children and party who were the victims of domestic violence, in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 50B-3(a1)(1), (2), and (3). If a party is absent or relocates with or without the children because of an act of domestic violence, the absence or relocation shall not be a factor that weighs against the party in determining custody or visitation. Absent an order of the court to the contrary, each parent shall have equal access to the records of the minor child involving the health, education, and welfare of the child.

SUBPART XVIII-B. OFFICE OF INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES

INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES ANNUAL REPORT DATE CHANGE

SECTION 18B.1. G.S. 7A-498.9 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7A-498.9. Annual report on Office of Indigent Defense Services.

The Office of Indigent Defense Services shall report to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and to the Chairs of the House of Representatives Subcommittee and Senate Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety by February 1 March 15 of each year on the following:

- (1) The volume and cost of cases handled in each district by assigned counsel or public defenders;
- (2) Actions taken by the Office to improve the cost-effectiveness and quality of indigent defense services, including the capital case program:
- (3) Plans for changes in rules, standards, or regulations in the upcoming year; and
- (4) Any recommended changes in law or funding procedures that would assist the Office in improving the management of funds expended for indigent defense services, including any recommendations concerning the feasibility and desirability of establishing regional public defender offices."

OFFICE OF INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES/STATE MATCH FOR GRANTS

SECTION 18B.2. Notwithstanding G.S. 143C-6-9, the Office of Indigent Defense Services may use the sum of up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) during the 2015-2016 fiscal year from funds available to provide the State matching funds needed to receive grant funds. Prior to using funds for this purpose, the Office shall report to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety on the grants to be matched using these funds.

REPORTS ON CRIMINAL CASE INFORMATION SYSTEM

SECTION 18B.3.(a) Section 18B.10 of S.L. 2013-360, as amended by Section 18A.2 of S.L. 2014-100, reads as rewritten:

"SECTION 18B.10. The Administrative Office of the Courts, in consultation with the Office of Indigent Defense Services, shall use the sum of three hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$350,000) in funds available to the Administrative Office of the Courts for the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium and the sum of three hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$350,000) in funds available to the Office of Indigent Defense Services for the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium to develop or acquire and to implement a component of the Department's criminal case information system for use by public defenders no later than February 1, 2015. February 1, 2016. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall make an interim reportquarterly reports on the development and implementation of this system by February 1, 2014, system, including costs, milestones, and performance measures, and a final report on the completed implementation of the system by July 1, 2015, July 1, 2016, to the Chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety and to the Chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Subcommittee Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the Senate Appropriations Committee on Justice and Public Safety."

SECTION 18B.3.(b) This section becomes effective June 30, 2015.

STUDY EFFICIENCY OF ESTABLISHING A SYSTEM OF AUTOMATED KIOSKS IN LOCAL CONFINEMENT FACILITIES TO ALLOW ATTORNEYS

IN LOCAL CONFINEMENT FACILITIES TO ALLOW ATTORNEYS REPRESENTING INDIGENT DEFENDANTS TO CONSULT WITH THEIR CLIENTS REMOTELY

SECTION 18B.4.(a) The Administrative Office of the Courts, in conjunction with the Office of Indigent Defense Services and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Association, shall

 study and determine whether savings can be realized through the establishment of a system of fully automated kiosks in local confinement facilities to allow attorneys representing indigent defendants to consult with their clients remotely. The system would incorporate technology through which meetings between attorneys and their clients cannot be monitored or recorded, would provide for end-to-end message encryption, and would have scheduling software integrated into the system.

SECTION 18B.4.(b) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall report its findings and recommendations, including recommendations of at least two potential pilot sites for the proposed system, to the chairs of the House of Representatives and Senate Appropriations Committees on Justice and Public Safety and the chairs of the Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety by February 1, 2016.

STUDY FEE SCHEDULES USED BY OFFICE OF INDIGENT DEFENSE SERVICES

SECTION 18B.5. The Joint Legislative Oversight Committee on Justice and Public Safety shall study the creation and implementation of fee schedules to be used by the Office of Indigent Defense Services to compensate private assigned counsel representing indigent defendants. The Committee shall include its findings and recommendations in its report to the 2015 General Assembly when it reconvenes in 2016.

PART XIX. DEPARTMENT OF CULTURAL RESOURCES - RESERVED

PART XX. DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

INSURANCE REGULATORY CHARGE

SECTION 20.1. The percentage rate to be used in calculating the insurance regulatory charge under G.S. 58-6-25 is six and one-half percent (6.5%) for the 2016 calendar year.

PART XXI. DEPARTMENT OF THE STATE TREASURER

UPDATE ORBIT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

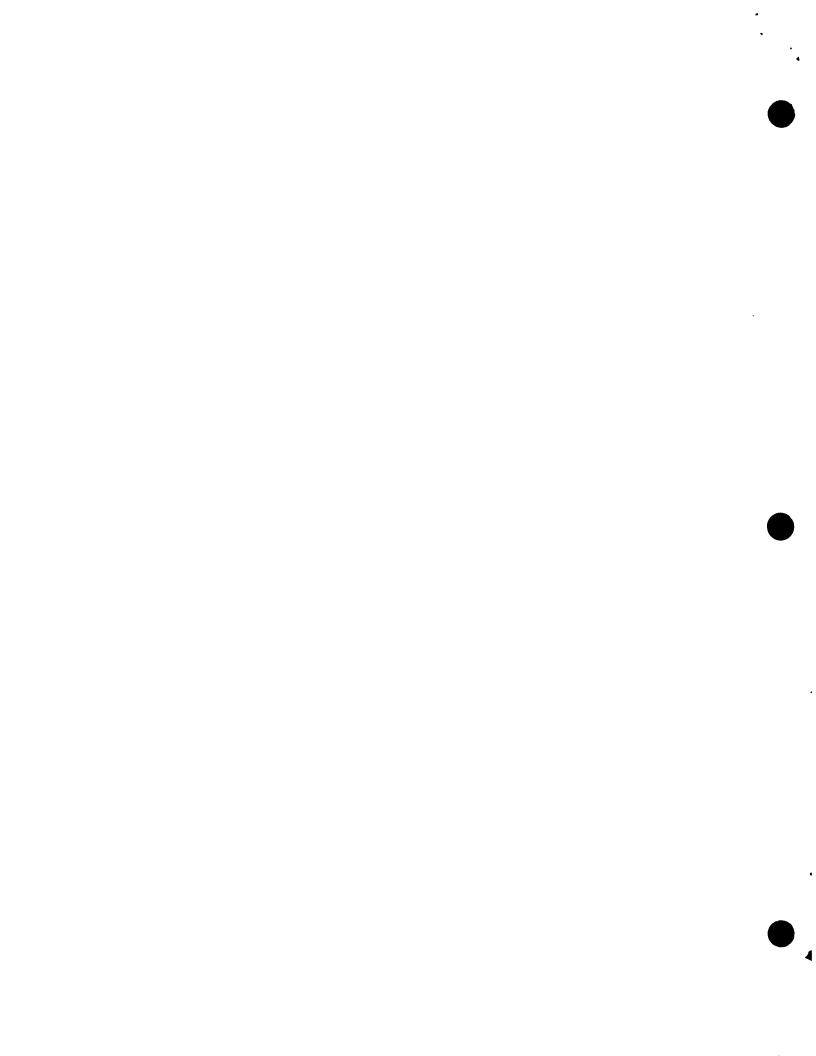
SECTION 21.1. The Department of State Treasurer, Retirement Systems Division, may use funds from receipts up to eight hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$850,000) for the purpose of upgrading the Online Retirement Benefits through Integrated Technology self-service retirement system and those funds are hereby appropriated for that purpose.

ACHIEVING A BETTER LIFE EXPERIENCE (ABLE) ACT

SECTION 21.2.(a) Article 6 of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 147-86.5. Achieving a Better Life Experience Trust Fund.

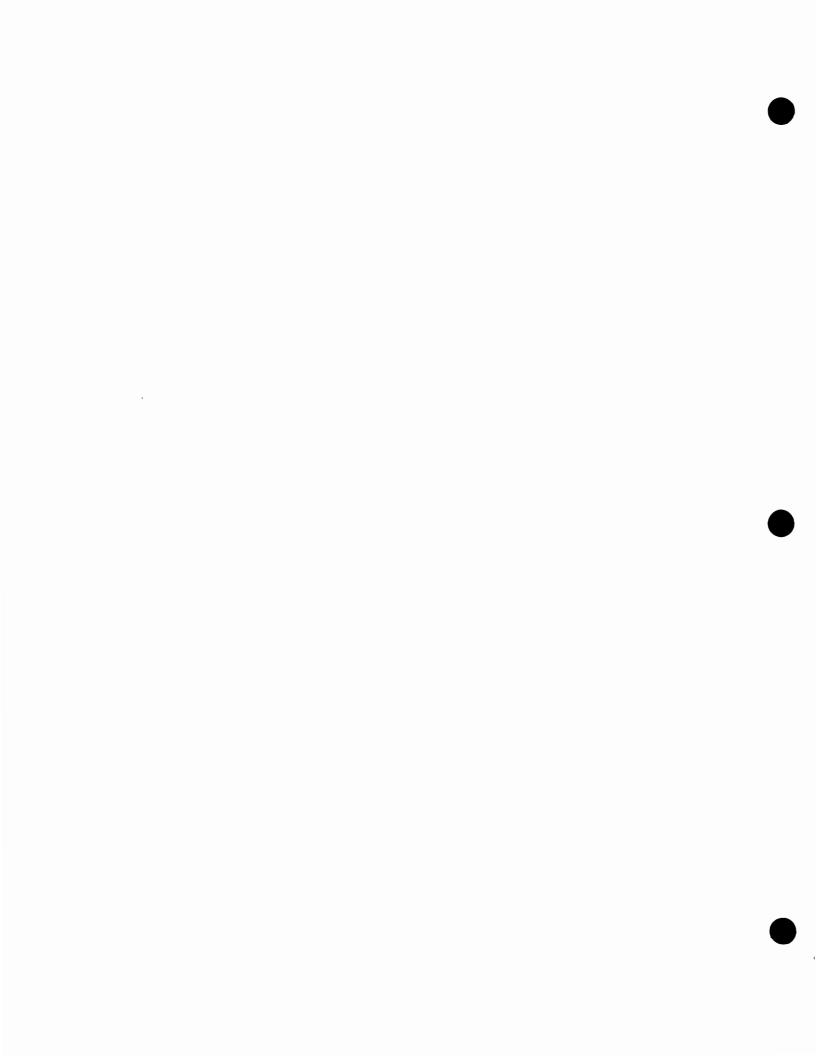
- (a) Policy. The General Assembly of North Carolina hereby finds and declares that encouraging and assisting individuals and families in saving private funds for the purpose of supporting individuals with disabilities to maintain health, independence, and a better quality of life is fully consistent with and furthers the long-established policy of the State to provide tools that strengthen opportunities for personal economic development and long-term financial planning.
 - (b) <u>Definitions.</u> The following definitions apply in this section:
 - (1) ABLE account. An account established and owned by an eligible individual and maintained pursuant to this section.
 - (2) Account owner. The person who enters into an ABLE savings agreement pursuant to the provisions of this section. The account owner must be the

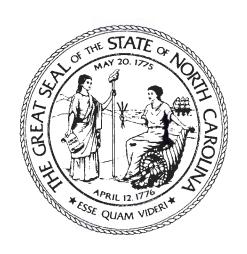


Senate Appropriations/Base Budget Committee Rules for Considering Amendments

If amendments are offered, then the following rules must be met in order to make the amendment eligible for consideration:

- 1. Money can only be transferred among items within the same subcommittee section.
- 2. Amendments where money is being transferred among items within a subcommittee must clearly identify the items/programs that are being increased and decreased.
- 3. Nonrecurring reductions cannot be made to fund recurring additions.
- 4. Amendments that spend reversions are not allowed.
- 5. Amendments that increase or create new management flexibility reserves are not allowed.
- 6. Amendments that increase spending in the subcommittee budgets are not allowed.
- 7. Amendments are not allowed where funding for an item comes from statewide reserves.
- 8. Amendments that adjust funds from compensation increase reserves or other reserves related to salaries and benefits are not allowed.
- 9. Amendments that adjust funds for workers' compensation are not allowed.
- 10. Amendments that adjust funds related to vacant positions are not allowed.
- 11. Since this is a meeting of Full Appropriations, amendments that address finance portions of the bill will not be heard.
- 12. Amendments must be in writing, the original signed, with 100 copies available for distribution.
- 13. To be considered, a proposed amendment <u>must have been logged in by the committee clerk in room 643 by 10:00 a.m. on Tuesday, June 16, 2015.</u>





SENATE APPROPRIATIONS JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY JUNE 15, 2015

SENATE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS

CANTON LEWIS

ED KESLER

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VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

Senate Appropriations on Justice and Rublic Safety

6/15/15 Date

VISITORS: PLEASE SIGN IN BELOW AND RETURN TO COMMITTEE CLERK

NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
LASANTRA SLINNER	NOACC
Mildred Spearman	NCAOC
Shomas Mahez	700
Flint BENSON	SEANC
Bu Grey	NICEMP / DRS
Rockey Breckon	No ALF
MARK SENTER	ALCOHOL LAW ENFORCEMENT
and Brandon	DPS
Cray Sone	DXO
Torrain ween	CSC-Perguman
Per Down	Conf. of. DAS
Chris Agrea	005
Bre Hogen	NCEL
Haydyn Bauguess	FSP
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Jenniter Cechner	ML EATJC.
TOM BOWLIN	NG NATIONAL GUARS

Senate Appropriations and Justice and liablic Safety

VISITOR REGISTRATION SHEET

SENATE APPROPRIATIONS ON SUSTICE ; PUBLIC SATERY

6-15-15 Date

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NAME	FIRM OR AGENCY
Ful Bone	Bon.: A550.
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Lexi Morgan Armur	NCRMA
Elisa Wolper	PCIPS
Sarah McQuillan	SSGNC
Gay Robertsan	AP
Dicay Little	05Bm
Lauren Cof Ry	DOX
(ara tansal	Cov. Office.
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