North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners

Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

BOARD MEMBERS

Felissa Vazquez, REHS, Chair

Larry Michael, REHS, Vice Chair

Rebecca Rosso, REHS, Secretary – Treasurer

Lillian Koontz, REHS

Brenda Bass, REHS

Bibianna Contti, REHS

Wilson Mize, REHS

Victoria Hudson, REHS

Jason McMasters, REHS

Greg Caulder, REHS

Alicia Pickett, REHS

William Hill, REHS

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

Donna Coffey, Administrative Assistant to the Board

LEGAL COUNSEL

North Carolina Attorney General's Office

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS

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NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended December 31, 2023. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements which follows this section.

Financial Highlights

- The Board's net position was \$104,659 at December 31, 2023, a decrease of \$5,544 from the \$110,203 reported at December 31, 2022. The decrease was due to the Board's expenses exceeding its revenues for the year.
- During 2023, the operating revenues of the Board decreased \$210, or 0.2%, when compared to 2022
- During 2023, the operating expenses of the Board increased \$6,222, or 6.3%, when compared to 2022.
- The last fee increase was July 1, 2010, therefore overall revenues have remained relatively stagnant while costs associated with service demands, workload, and overall costs of doing business have increased.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of two sections:

- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements

The Board has no other supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The basic financial statements also include notes to the basic financial statements that provide detail of the information included in the basic financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements of the Board report information about the Board using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities of the Board.

The Statements of Net Position present the current and long-term portions of assets and liabilities separately.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present information on how the Board's assets changed as a result of its operations.

The Statements of Cash Flows present information on how the Board's cash changed as a result of its financial activities.

Basic Financial Statements - continued

The following presents condensed financial information on the operations of the Board:

	nd for the year December 31, 2023	As of and for the year ended December 31, 2022		
Current assets	\$ 157,187	\$	162,674	
Capital assets Total assets	 3,869 161,056		162,674	
Current liabilities	 56,397		52,471	
Total liabilities	56,397	52,471		
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted net position	3,869 100,790		- 110,203	
Total net position	\$ 104,659	\$	110,203	
Operating revenues	\$ 97,685	\$	97,895	
Operating expenses	 104,505		98,283	
Operating income (loss)	(6,820)		(388)	
Non-operating revenues	 1,276		442	
Change in net position	\$ (5,544)	\$	54	

Contacting the Board's Management

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the Board's finances and to demonstrate the Board's accountability for the money it receives and expends. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners
Post Office Box 238
Efland, NC 27243

S W ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners Efland, North Carolina

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners (the "Board"), an enterprise fund of the State of North Carolina, which comprise the statements of net position as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and its changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Board, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that

includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 and 2 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

June 4, 2024 Rockingham, North Carolina (910)-997-1418

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash in bank	\$ 142,573	\$ 148,274		
Cash in Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)	14,614	14,400		
Total current assets	157,187	162,674		
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, net	3,869			
Total assets	161,056	162,674		
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Unearned revenue	53,555	49,475		
Accrued wages and related expenses	2,842	2,996		
Total current liabilities	56,397_	52,471		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets	3,869	<u>-</u>		
Unrestricted	100,790	110,203		
Total net position	\$ 104,659	\$ 110,203		

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022		
OPERATING REVENUES						
Certificate renewal fees	\$	55,885	\$	55,880		
Late renewal fees	Ψ	4,400	Ψ	2,825		
Application fees		5,550		5,900		
Examination fees		31,850		33,290		
Total operating revenues		97,685		97,895		
				<u> </u>		
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administrative salary (including payroll taxes)		44,777		40,064		
Board members - travel and per diem		9,230		12,718		
Administrative travel		2,534		1,797		
Telephone		907		901		
Exam		31,640		30,800		
Office supplies		617		1,189		
Computer support and database development		2,637		2,273		
Deprecation		276		-		
Postage		911		473		
Insurance		500		500		
Professional fees		4,562		4,000		
Miscellaneous		5,914		3,568		
Total operating expenses		104,505		98,283		
Operating loss		(6,820)		(388)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Interest Income		1,276		442		
Change in net position		(5,544)		54		
Total net position - beginning		110,203		110,149		
Total net position - ending	\$	104,659	\$	110,203		

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from fees Cash payments for operating expenses Cash payments to employees for services Net cash used by operating activities	\$ 101,765 (59,452) (44,931) (2,618)	\$ 96,645 (58,219) (39,602) (1,176)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	(4,145)	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments	 1,276	442
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(5,487)	(734)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	162,674	163,408
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 157,187	\$ 162,674
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	\$ (6,820)	\$ (388)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and related expenses	276 4,080 (154)	(1,250) 462
Total adjustments	 4,202	 (788)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (2,618)	\$ (1,176)

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Purpose

The North Carolina State Board of Environmental Health Specialist Examiners (the "Board") is an independent State agency. It is an occupational licensing board and is authorized by Chapter 90A of the North Carolina General Statutes. The Board is composed of 12 members who are appointed by the Governor of the State of North Carolina.

The Board is established to maintain minimum standards for services provided by environmental health specialists. The Board's operations are financed with self-generated revenues from fees charged to licensees.

Financial Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the financial reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. An organization other than a primary government serves as a nucleus for a reporting entity when it issues separate financial statements. The accompanying financial statements present all funds and activities for which the Board is responsible.

For financial reporting purposes, the Board is a nonmajor enterprise fund of the primary government of the State of North Carolina and is reported as such in the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). These basic financial statements for the Board are separate and apart from those of the State of North Carolina and do not present the financial position of the State nor changes in the State's financial position and cash flows.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with current GASB statements, the Board presents Statements of Net Position; Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and Statements of Cash Flows. These statements reflect entity-wide operations of the Board. The Board has no fiduciary funds or component units.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position demonstrate the degree to which direct expenses of the Board are offset by license and examination fees.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position demonstrate the degree to which direct expenses of the Board are offset by license and examination fees.

The basic financial statements report all activities of the Board using the current financial resource measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Expenses are recognized when incurred, if measurable.

Operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that result from the ongoing principal operations of the Board. Operating revenues consist primarily of license and examination fees. Non-operating revenues and expenses consist of those revenues and expenses that are related to investing activities and are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

This classification includes undeposited receipts, petty cash, cash on deposit with private bank accounts and deposits held by the State Treasurer in the short-term investment fund. The short-term investment fund maintained by the State Treasurer has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that participants may deposit and withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books. Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in earnings for the period.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Equipment and furniture	3 - 5

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023, was as follows:

	•	Beginning Balances		Increases Re		irements	nding lances
Equipment and furniture	\$	5,147	\$	4,145	\$	(2,031)	\$ 7,261
Accumulated depreciation		5,147		276		(2,031)	3,392
Net capital assets	\$						\$ 3,869

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets (continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances Increases Retirements		•		ments	nding lances
Equipment and furniture	\$	5,147	\$	 \$		\$ 5,147	
Accumulated depreciation		5,147		 		 5,147	
Net capital assets	\$					\$ 	

Unearned Revenue

The Board's fees are assessed and collected on a calendar year basis, which corresponds with the Board's accounting period. Licenses are renewed for a period of one calendar year. License renewal fees received in the latter part of the year are deferred and recognized as revenue over the one year period in which they relate.

Net Position

Invested in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of net position which the Board is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties. The Board had no restricted net position as of December 31, 2023 or 2022.

Unrestricted – This represents assets with no external restriction as to use or purpose. Unrestricted net position can be used for any purpose designated by the governing board, as distinguished from funds restricted externally for specific purposes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles general accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS

Deposits in Banks

At December 31, 2023, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$142,573 (including undeposited funds) and a bank balance of \$139,099, which was insured by the National Credit Union Administration. At December 31, 2022, the Board's deposits had a carrying amount of \$148,274 (including undeposited funds) and a bank balance of \$144,724, which was insured by the National Credit Union Administration. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the depository (or counterparty), the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of the outside party. The Board does not have polices regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Deposits in State Treasurer Short Term Investment Fund (STIF)

Pursuant to North Carolina General Statute 147-69.3(b), the Board voluntarily holds deposits with the North Carolina Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with state law and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

Ownership interest in the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. All investments are measured using the market approach. The STIF is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy and is valued using prices that are either directly or indirectly observable for an asset or liability. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years at December 31, 2023. At December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Board had \$14,614 and \$14,400, respectively, invested with the State Treasurer in the STIF. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate risk or credit risk.

NOTE 3 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts, theft of assets, destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. These exposures to loss are handled by participation in certain state-administered risk programs and self-retention of certain risks. The Board has purchased limited commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year and no insurance claims were filed during the last three fiscal years.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SPECIALIST EXAMINERS NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

NOTE 4 - CONTINGENCIES

Disciplinary Hearings

The Board is involved in occasional disciplinary hearings throughout the year which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management of the Board, the results of such actions during the years under audit do not materially affect the Board's operations, changes in financial position or cash flows for the years then ended.

NOTE 5 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Board has evaluated subsequent events through June 4, 2024 (the issuance date of the financial statements) and has determined that there were no subsequent events to recognize or disclose in these financial statements.

The audit was conducted in approximately 40 hours at a cost of \$5,000.