

January 23, 2018

The Honorable Phil Berger, Senate President Pro Tempore The Honorable Tim Moore, House Speaker North Carolina General Assembly C/o Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations Legislative Office Building Raleigh, NC 27603 Filed via email

Re: Service Telephone Company d/b/a RiverStreet Networks Annual Report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations

Dear President Berger and Speaker Moore:

On behalf of Service Telephone Company d/b/a RiverStreet Networks, this filing is being made to comply with a requirement found in North Carolina General Statute § 62-133.5(k).

If there are any questions, I can be reached at 336.973.6164.

Sincerely,

/s/ Tim Tribble
Regulatory & Reporting Administrator
RiverStreet Networks

Attachment

cc: North Carolina Utilities Commission (Docket No. P-60 Sub 73E)

RiverStreet Networks

1400 River Street Wilkesboro, NC 28697 timtribble@wilkestmc.net 336.973.6164

Service Telephone Company d/b/a RiverStreet Networks

Annual Report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations

January 23, 2018

Service Telephone Company 2017 Annual Report to the General Assembly

Service Telephone Company d/b/a RiverStreet Networks (Service) is an incumbent local exchange carrier (ILEC) that provides telecommunications services in its franchised area within Columbus County and Robeson County, both of NC. Service is regulated by the North Carolina Utilities Commission (NCUC).

Service elected a form of deregulation as allowed by North Carolina General Statute § 62-133.5(h) effective on December 3rd, 2016. This filing is made in response to North Carolina General Statute § 62-133.5(k) which requires an annual report that includes the following:

- (1) An analysis of telecommunications competition by the local exchange company or competing local provider, including access line gain or loss and the impact on consumer choices from the date the local exchange company makes its election to be subject to alternative regulation under the terms of subsection (h) or (m) of this section.
- (2) An analysis of service quality based on customer satisfaction studies from the date the local exchange company makes its election to be subject to alternative regulation under the terms of subsection (h) or (m) of this section.
- (3) An analysis of the level of local exchange rates from the date the local exchange company makes its election to be subject to alternative regulation under the terms of subsection (h) or (m) of this section.

Telecommunications Competition Analysis

Competition in the telecommunications is strong across the state. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) publishes periodic reports on the status of voice telephone services. The most recent report was published in April 2017. "This report summarizes the information collected about telephone services as of June 30, 2016. It demonstrates continued growth in subscribership to interconnected VoIP and mobile telephone services and continued decline in subscribership to traditional wired telephone services." The FCC's report states that 49% of wired telephone service in North Carolina is provided by competitors to ILECs.² The FCC's report also states that there were 9,828,000 wireless connections in North Carolina compared to 3,628,000 wired connections (served by both ILECs and competitors).²

_

¹ "Voice Telephone Services: Status as of June 30, 2016" Federal Communications Commission Industry Analysis and Technology Division Wireline Competition Bureau April 2017, at page 1.

² Id., at Table 1.

Currently Service's area is not subject to voice service competition from wireline providers, however, competition exists in most part due to wireless providers. In 2017, Service experienced a decline in the number of customers. An ongoing factor in this loss is the residual impact of a natural disaster, Hurricane Matthew which took place in the latter part of 2016. Service started the year with 554 access lines and ended the year with 511 access lines. This was a loss of 7.8% of its access lines. This area served (Fair Bluff) has endured a major impact economically as a result of this natural disaster and a rebound doesn't appear to be on the near horizon.

Service Quality Analysis

Service monitors how it is serving customers relative to the service quality objectives set forth in NCUC Rule R9-8. These objectives deal mainly with measuring the company's effectiveness in responding to customers, timeliness in delivery of service as well as timeliness in resolution of service affecting issues. During 2017, with only minor exceptions, Service consistently met or exceeded the objectives established by Rule R9-98.

Based on company records there were no customer complaints filed with the NCUC during 2017.

Local Exchange Rate Analysis

Prior to Service's election to operate under North Carolina General Statute § 62- 133.5(h) effective on December 3rd, 2016, the company's local exchange rates were regulated under the NCUC's NC Price Regulation Plan. This plan allowed Service to adjust rates in accordance to a specific set of rules which governed percentage of increase, required Tariff filings, notification to the customer, etc. Allowable rate increases depended upon category of service, change in GDP-PI (Gross Domestic Product – Percent Increase), and overall resulting percentage change in revenue.

Since operating under Subsection (h) regulation, Service has not increased the rate for standalone basic residential local service which includes the entirety of 2017.